HP Test Data Management

Software version: 1.0

Troubleshooting guide

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Contents

	About this document	5
	Intended audience	5
	Prerequisites	5
	Related documentation	6
	Document conventions and symbols	7
	Command syntax conventions	8
	Documentation updates	8
	Subscription service	8
	Support	8
1	Diagnosing problems	11
	Diagnosing problems	11
	Diagnosing installation and deployment problems	12
	Diagnosing Web Console problems	12
	Diagnosing model and cartridge problems	13
	Diagnosing business flow deployment problems	16
	Diagnosing business flow runtime problems	17
	Diagnosing data masking problems	17
	Diagnosing data through the query server	18
	Diagnosing redeployment, uninstall, and reinstall problems	19
	Starting Designer in debug mode	20
2	Log files	21
	Using log files	21
	Combined log file (obt.log)	23
	Groovy log	24
	Log files for individual cartridges	25
	Advanced selection	26
	Viewing job history	28
	Viewing the job log	28
	Query server logs	29
3	Common errors and solutions	31
	What to check first	31
	Designer errors	35
	Installation errors	36

	Deployment errors
	Cartridge log errors
	Installation errors
	Data Masking errors
	Runtime errors
	Advanced selection errors
	Query server errors
	SQL Server errors
	Uninstalling and redeploying errors
	Database to File
	Other errors
4	Gathering information for support
	Glossary
	Index

4 Contents

About this document

HP Test Data Management provides powerful tools to design a test data management solution that copies data out of your production database for upload into a test database.

Intended audience

This guide is intended for:

- Test data developers building custom projects
- Database administrators debugging failed extract jobs at runtime
- Users configuring the Web Console
- Users running business flows and jobs

Prerequisites

Prerequisites for using this product include:

- Knowledge of the operating system
- Database knowledge
- Application knowledge

Related documentation

In addition to this guide, please refer to other documents for this product:

- HP Test Data Management Installation guide
 Explains how to use the Installer to install the product.
- HP Test Data Management Concepts guide

 Explains the major concepts of Test Data Management.
- HP Test Data Management Tutorial
 Provides step-by-step instructions to build a sample test data module, deploy it, run it, and troubleshoot errors.
- HP Test Data Management Runtime guide
 Explains how to use the Web Console component to run, monitor, and administer business flows that move data to and from the database.
- HP Test Data Management Developer's guide
 Explains how to use the Designer component to design, build, test, and deploy your test data projects.
- HP Test Data Management Release notes
 Lists any items of importance that were not captured in the regular documentation.

The latest documentation for the most recent HP Test Data Management release can be found on:

http://support.openview.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

Document conventions and symbols

Convention	Element	
Medium blue text: Figure 1	Cross-reference links and e-mail addresses	
Medium blue, underlined text (http://www.hp.com)	Web site addresses	
Bold	Key names	
	Text typed into a GUI element, such as into a box	
	GUI elements that are clicked or selected, such as menu and list items, buttons, and check boxes	
Italics	Text emphasis	
Monospace	File and directory names	
	System output	
	• Code	
	Text typed at the command-line	
Monospace, italic	You must supply a value.	
	Code variables	
	Command-line variables	
Monospace, bold	Emphasis of file and directory names, system output, code, and text typed at the command line	

Δ

CAUTION Indicates that failure to follow directions could result in damage to equipment or data.

NOTE Provides additional information.

TIP Provides helpful hints and shortcuts.

RECOMMENDATION Provides guidance from HP for best practice or optimum performance.

Command syntax conventions

literal	Specifies text to be typed exactly as shown, such as commands, path names, file names, and directory names.
variable	Indicates that you must supply a value.
output	Denotes text displayed on the screen.
[]	Indicates that the enclosed element is optional and may be left out.
{}	Indicates that you must specify one of the listed options.
	Separates alternatives.
	Indicates a repetition of the preceding parameter.

Documentation updates

For documentation for all versions of HP Test Data Management, you can go to:

http://support.openview.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

NOTE This documentation is written to the latest patch version. If you have not installed the latest patch, there may be items in this documentation that do not apply to your environment.

Subscription service

HP strongly recommends that customers sign up online using the Subscriber's choice web site:

http://www.hp.com/go/e-updates

- Subscribing to this service provides you with e-mail updates on the latest product enhancements, newest versions of drivers, and firmware documentation updates as well as instant access to numerous other product resources.
- After signing up, you can quickly locate your products under Product Category.

Support

You can visit the HP Software Support web site at:

http://www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport

HP Software Support Online provides an efficient way to access interactive technical support tools. As a valued support customer, you can benefit by using the support site to:

- Search for knowledge documents of interest
- Submit and track support cases and enhancement requests
- Download software patches
- Manage support contracts
- Look up HP support contacts
- Review information about available services
- Enter into discussions with other software customers
- Research and register for software training

Most of the support areas require that you register as an HP Passport user and sign in. Many also require a support contract.

To find more information about access levels and register for HP Passport, go to:

http://support.openview.hp.com/new access levels.jsp

Diagnosing problems

This chapter describes how to diagnose problems in the HP Test Data Management.

This chapter includes

- Diagnosing problems (page 11)
- Diagnosing installation and deployment problems (page 12)
- Diagnosing Web Console problems (page 12)
- Startup, shutdown, and remote connectivity errors (page 13)
- Diagnosing model and cartridge problems (page 13)
- Diagnosing business flow deployment problems (page 16)
- Diagnosing data masking problems (page 17)
- Diagnosing business flow runtime problems (page 17)
- Diagnosing data through the query server (page 18)
- Diagnosing redeployment, uninstall, and reinstall problems (page 19)
- Starting Designer in debug mode (page 20)

Diagnosing problems

How you diagnose problems with HP Test Data Management varies depending upon the task you are performing. For example, the available diagnostic tools and techniques are different for product installation than they are for running jobs.

The most commonly used tools for diagnosing and fixing problems with HP Test Data Management are log files. The log files provide a great deal of useful information that can usually help you narrow down the problem and resolve it.

See also

Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

Diagnosing installation and deployment problems

The first tasks you perform with HP Test Data Management are installing the product and configuring Web Console. If you receive errors while installing, you can use the error logs to discover the cause and fix the problem.

NOTE If you are installing on MS Windows, ensure that the installation directory is less than 38 characters. For example, C:\Program Files\HPTDM, where **C:** counts as three characters.

The Installer, Deployment Assistant, and Web Console include the following facilities to help you find and fix problems:

- Error messages in the Install Anywhere, Deployment Assistant, and Web Console panels
- Log file entries

See also

Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

Your first steps in diagnosing errors during installation and deployment include:

- If you receive an error about one of your inputs, ensure that you did not misspell a user name or password.
- 2 If you receive an error that the installation or deployment failed, refer to the appropriate log file for more information.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Diagnosing Web Console problems

This section provides solutions to known Web Console problems.

Repository install

The repository installation occurs once at first run. When you first install the Web Console, you may encounter the following issues:

Installation fails—If the default port number 8080 is in use when installing the Web Console, the installation will fail.

Solution—Change the port number to one that is not currently in use.

• **Delay in launching**—After installing the Web Console, when attempting to refresh, it does not launch properly.

Solution—Make sure you are using the proper port number.

Startup, shutdown, and remote connectivity errors

Connectivity issues—Repository and embedded repository issues will affect connectivity.

Solution—For the repository, ensure the repository database is running. For the embedded repository; ensure that you started the embedded repository on the server.

Eligibility analytics—You are not receiving eligibility analytics.

Solution—If you want eligibility analytics, you have to enable them in Designer or in the Web Console *before* you deploy. In Designer, the rule in the model must have the eligibility analytics checkbox set. In Web Console, the Eligibility Analytics Configuration parameter must be set to Enable the eligibility analytics.

Business flow problems

 Character limit—For MS Windows only, if you do not limit the length of your installation directory to 38 characters, your maximum business flow name capability will be reduced.

Solution— Ensure that the installation directory is less than 38 characters.

• **Missing business flow**—Business flow does not appear in the Web Console.

Solution—If your business flow does not appear in the Web Console, examine the directory <install dir>/obt/businessflow and <install dir>/obt/businessflow/<env name>, where <install dir> is the installation directory on the machine where the Web Console is running, and <env name> is the name of the active environment. This is especially important if you are running multiple Web Consoles.

Diagnosing model and cartridge problems

If you receive errors while creating models, cartridges, or business flows, you can use the diagnostic features of Designer to discover the cause and fix the problem.

See also Chapte

Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

To learn more about models and cartridges, refer to the *HP Test Data Management Tutorial*.

Models

Your first steps in diagnosing model errors when using Designer include:

Run preview frequently as you develop your model. You should, at a minimum, run preview when you:

- Complete the data modeling
- Add or remove tables
- Add or remove rules
- Modify rules
- 2 Click **Validate** wherever it appears to confirm your syntax is correct.
- Examine the model editor for red lines or red table uses, as these indicate problem conditions in a model.

Issues may arise due to the following:

— **Schema mapping**—The mapping has been done but the table, view, or queryable synonym backing a table use is not found.

Solution—Open the **Table Use Properties** dialog by double-clicking the problematic table use and note the schema name for the backing table. Open the Schema Mapping dialog by clicking **Connections** and select **Map Schema** and ensure that the schema for the table is properly mapped.

 Working offline—You are working offline and the table backing the table use is not found.

Solution—Open the **Table Use Properties** dialog by double-clicking the problematic table use and note the schema name for the backing table. Click **Connections** and select **Local Cache Settings** dialog for the offline connection and ensure that the table has been captured.

 Database changed—The database has changed since you created your model and the table backing a table use has been deleted.

Solution: From the Project view, go to the lower navigation pane and ensure that the table is present.

Connection changed—You have a different connection associated with the Project than the one it was set up to work against. To check your current connection, open the Project Connection dialog by clicking Connection and selecting Project Connection.

Solution—If you have the wrong connection associated with your Project, open the Project Connection dialog and select the proper connection or create a new one. Or, if you have intentionally specified a different connection, using Schema Mapping might allow you to match entities in your model with those of the database for the new connection.

 Missing data movement key—A data movement key was specified but is missing or (for non-Oracle databases) a data movement key has not been specified.

Solution—Open the **Table Use Properties** dialog by double-clicking the problematic table use. Select an appropriate unique key as the data movement key. If no appropriate unique key is present, you will need to create a new unique key and designate it in the Table Use Properties dialog as the data movement key.

 Online connection fails—You notice that Designer is not working properly and/or some elements in the model are red.

Solution—Ensure that you have an online connection.

Missing foreign or unique key—A foreign key or unique key associated with a link between two table uses is not found. This could mean that the foreign key or its referencing unique key is missing. For example, a database unique or foreign key could have been dropped from the database or you might have deleted a virtual foreign or unique key in Designer. Or the problem could be that the expected columns in a key are missing. For example, the database has changed or you might have deleted some columns from the virtual referenced unique key for a virtual foreign key.

Solution—Fix any problems with missing table uses as explained in the solutions located above. If the tables are present, the issue involves the foreign or unique keys or both associated with the table.

- For a unique key—Create a new virtual unique key to replace the
 missing unique key. Select the problematic table use and open the
 Virtual Constraints dialog. Add a virtual unique key with the same
 name and columns as the missing unique key.
- For a foreign key—Create a new virtual foreign key to replace a
 missing foreign key. Select the problematic table use and open the
 Virtual Constraints dialog. Add a virtual foreign key with the same
 referenced unique key and the same name as the missing foreign key.
- If the referenced unique key does not exist or you want to use a
 different referencing unique key, do the following: Right-click the red
 link and select Replace Foreign Key Connection and use the wizard
 to replace the link with one based on the new information you
 provide.
- If the virtual key is present, edit and add or remove columns. Select the problematic table use and open the **Virtual Constraints** dialog. Edit the unique or foreign key.

NOTE To edit the foreign key associated with the link between two table uses, double-click the foreign key to open the Virtual Foreign Key dialog.

Other deployment issues

If a transactional or chaining table use in the model is backed by a view that is based on more than one table, deployment will fail but no error dialog is displayed. The log file (for Oracle) will contain the following exception:

ORA-01445: cannot select ROWID from, or sample, a join view without a key-preserved table

To verify, open the Connection Object viewer to see whether the objects backing a transactional or chaining table use is a table or an acceptable view. To determine whether or not a particular view is backed by more than one table, you will need to use a native database query tool, or a third-party tool.

Cartridges

Your first steps in diagnosing cartridge errors when using Designer include:

- For model-based cartridges, run preview frequently as you develop your cartridge. You should, at a minimum, run preview when you:
 - Complete the data modeling
 - Add or remove tables
 - Add or remove rules
 - Modify rules
- 2 Click Validate wherever it appears to confirm your syntax is correct.
- 3 Examine the cartridge editor for red items, as these indicate problem conditions in a cartridge.

Issues may arise due to the following:

 Information not updated—Content in the cartridge editor should respond to changes made in the model editor for the associated model, but did not in this case.

Solution—Close the cartridge editor and reopen it to refresh the content.

Diagnosing business flow deployment problems

After a business flow has been created in Designer it can be deployed via Designer, the Web Console, or the command line.

NOTE You can deploy cartridges outside of a business flow, but by default they are automatically wrapped in a business flow. Therefore you are always running business flows, even if you deployed a cartridge. Business flows are associated not only with cartridges but also source files in Designer and deployed/generated files.

See also

Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

If you receive an error while in Deployment Assistant about one of your inputs, ensure that you did not misspell a user name or password.

You can use the **Back** button to return to the previous screens of Deployment Assistant to change values.

- If you receive an error in the Deployment Finished screen, refer to the appropriate log file by clicking **Show Log**.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Diagnosing business flow runtime problems

If you receive errors in the Web Console while running business flows, you can use Monitoring and the logs to discover the error and fix them.

NOTE You can deploy cartridges outside of a business flow, but by default they are automatically wrapped in a business flow. Therefore you are always running business flows, even if you deployed a cartridge.

See also

Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

To learn more about the Web Console, refer to the *HP Test Data Management Tutorial* and the *HP Test Data Management Runtime guide*.

To fix errors using the Web Console, do the following:

- If you receive an error while in the Web Console about the runtime parameters, ensure the parameter is in the correct format as a string or date.
- 2 If you receive an error in the Web Console that the business flow did not start, was suspended or is otherwise incomplete, refer to the appropriate log file for more information.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Diagnosing data masking problems

If you receive errors while attempting to mask or unmask data in the Web Console or Designer, you can use the error logs to discover the cause and fix the problem.

The standard data masking functions provided with HP-DBA are applicable to the standard data types, such as int, float, varchar, and so on.

WARNING! Masking primary keys is currently unsupported.

See also

Chapter 2, Log files

Your first steps in diagnosing data masking errors when using Designer include:

Custom data masking

- If you see error messages, for example, "Custom data mask not found during extract job," make sure that your custom mask exists in the source database and OBT-IF users can access it. To do this, log in to the source database as an OBT_IF user and execute the custom data mask from sql-prompt on test input.
- If unmasking, ensure that the corresponding unmasking function exists and is accessible for an OBT REP user.
- Ensure you have entered in a fully qualified name of the masking function when you created a cartridge.
- String map function—the string map function is for masking columns of type varchar, with a maximum length of 256 characters. If you encounter a problem while using the string map or number map functions, ensure the following:
 - If you encounter an error stating the mapped value is not found or multiple values found, ensure that the mapping specified in the map table is one-to-one and complete. Remember that the map functions are reversible.
 - A map table exists on the source database server/
 - Columns in a map table are of type varchar (n) with n less than or equal to 256.
 - You have specified a fully qualified name for the map table while creating a cartridge.
 - The OBT_IF user (interface user created by HP TDM) can be read from the map table.
- Masking functions—For detailed information about the various types of credit cards and their formats that HP TDM currently supports, refer to the HP Test Data Management Developer's guide.
 - If the credit card number that you are masking belongs to the credit card type that is not supported, or is in a format that is not supported, or is invalid, then this function will write back the same original number in the extract table.
 - For social security numbers, HP Test Data Management supports only two formats: xxxxxxxxx and xxx-xx-xxxx, where x is a digit [0-9]. All other formats are not supported.

Diagnosing data through the query server

If you receive errors while extracting data with the query server, refer to the *HP Test Data Management Runtime guide*, Chapter 9: Accessing XML data files with SQL. For errors in viewing with MS Excel or other programs, refer to the appropriate product manuals.

See also Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

- If you receive an error while using the query server about one of your SQL statements, ensure that all statements end with a semi-colin (;).
- If you receive an error, refer to the appropriate log file for more information.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Diagnosing redeployment, uninstall, and reinstall problems

If you receive errors while redeploying, or reinstalling HP Test Data Management, you can use the error logs to discover the cause and fix the problem.

See also

Chapter 2, Log files

Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions

For detailed information about redeploying and installing, refer to the *HP Test Data Management Installation guide*.

Redeployment

If you receive errors while redeploying, do the following:

- In Deployment Assistant, ensure that the user name and/or password are correct.
- 2 If deployment failed, check the appropriate log file for more information.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Uninstalling

Uninstalling HP Test Data Management completely removes the application from your computer.

NOTE Contact support *prior* to uninstalling HP Test Data Management.

If you receive errors while uninstalling, do the following:

- In Installer, ensure that the user name or password or both are correct.
- 2 If uninstalling failed, check the appropriate log file for more information.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Reinstalling

After uninstalling HP Test Data Management you will need to reinstall it. If you receive errors while reinstalling, do the following:

In Installer, ensure that the user name or password or both are correct.

- 2 If installation failed, check the appropriate log file for more information.
- 3 Check the list of common errors to find the error you are receiving.

Starting Designer in debug mode

To view the SQL statements used in Designer, you need to run it in debug mode: For Windows

- Navigate to the directory where you installed the HP TDM.
- Open the <install_dir>/obt/bin directory and double-click designer_debug.bat.

The debug mode of Designer is now running.

For UNIX

Launch ./designer debug.sh

2 Log files

HP Test Data Management automatically generates several different log files for diagnostic purposes.

This chapter includes

- Using log files (page 21)
- Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23)
- Groovy log (page 24)
- Log files for individual cartridges (page 25)
- Advanced selection (page 26)
- Viewing job history (page 28)
- Viewing the job log (page 28)
- Query server logs (page 29)

Using log files

Use the procedures in this section to view the installation log files and determine what information you want captured.

Viewing log files

By default, the log files are saved to the <install_directory>/obt/log/ directory and the logging level is set to INFO.

1 Navigate to the directory containing the log file.

Example

```
cd <install_directory>/obt/log/
```

where <install directory> is the location where you installed the software.

2 Open one of the following log files using a text editor:

File name	Description
*_InstallLog.log	The *_InstallLog.log file is generated by the installation software, and includes information on the overall installation.
obt.log	The obt.log file captures all logging information for HP Test Data Management.
	To change the types of information captured in the log, see "Editing the logging properties" (page 22).
	Multiple log files are numbered in sequence. For example, obt.log1.

Editing the logging properties

After you have installed the product, you can edit the log4j.properties file to change the logging properties. For example, you can change:

- where the log files are kept.
- what information is logged.
- the maximum size of the log file.
- how much logging information is kept.

By default, the obt.log file is limited to 10 MB. When it exceeds the default limit, the obt.log file is renamed to a backup file, and a new obt.log file is created. By default, a total of nine backup files are kept, limiting the log files to a 100 MB maximum size.

See also

Installation errors (page 36) and Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23) for more details.

Navigate to the directory that contains the log4j.properties file.

Example

cd <install_directory>/obt/config/
where install directory is the location where you installed the software.

- 2 Open the log4j.properties file by using a text editor and edit appropriately.
- 3 Search (Ctrl+F) for "log4j.rootLogger."
- 4 Change the value from INFO to DEBUG.

Example

log4j.rootLogger=DEBUG, A1

5 Save the log4j.properties file.

The changes are applied automatically.

After your installation is complete this log remains in the log directory, but no more information is added to it. Any uninstall information is logged in the obt.log.

Combined log file (obt.log)

The obt.log is a consolidation of the contents of all the other log files The obt.log file contains information on all Designer and non-Designer aspects of HP Test Data Management including deployment, Web Console error messages, applied patches, and uninstallation of business flows.

Review the obt.log for all logging information. It is located in the <install_dir>/ obt/log/obt.log subdirectory where the HP Test Data Management is installed. If you want only specific logging information, refer to the log for that particular aspect.

Viewing obt.log

By default, the log files are saved to <install_directory>/obt/log/ and the logging level is set to INFO.

- Open the log file by doing the following:
 - a Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

```
<install_directory>/obt/log/
```

- where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software.
- b Open the obt.log using a text editor.
- c Search (Ctrl+F) for "error" or "exception."

Some example errors are listed in "Common errors and solutions" (page 31).

TIP The most recent information is appended to the end of the file. When looking for the most recent log entries, start at the end of the file.

- 2 Optionally, after you have installed the product, you can edit the log4j.properties file to change the logging properties. For example, you can change:
 - where the log files are kept.
 - what information is logged.
 - the maximum size of the log file.
 - how much logging information is kept.

By default, the obt.log file is limited to 10 MB. When it exceeds the default limit, the obt.log file is renamed to a backup file, and a new obt.log file is created. By default, a total of nine backup files are kept, limiting the log files to a 100 MB maximum size.

a Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

- <install_directory>/obt/log/ where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software.
- b Open the log4j.properties file by using a text editor and edit appropriately.

c Save the log4j.properties file.

The changes are applied automatically.

Groovy log

Review the log for your Groovy script, <GroovyScript>.log, for any errors or issues. It is located in the <install_dir>/obt/log/BF-<env_name>@<busflow name>/<groovy_script_name>.log subdirectory where HP Test Data Management is installed. If you have conditions within your business flow, you will then have a Groovy script inside a condition; log file <install_dir>/obt/log/BFInternal@<buselength>busflow name>/<groovy script name>.log.

The <groovy_script_name>.log is useful for verifying the script was used in the business flow. The Groovy script log may provide information about errors in the Groovy scripts.

Viewing the Groovy script as a diagnostic tool

By default, the log files are saved to the

BF-<environ name>@<busflow_name>/<groovy_script_name>.log and the logging level is set to INFO.

Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

- <install_directory>/obt/log/BF-<env_name>@<busflow_name>
 where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software and
 <busflow_name> is the name of your business flow_and conv_name> is the
-

 <br
- Open the GroovyScript.log file using a text editor.
- 3 Search (Ctrl+F) for "error" or "exception."

TIP The most recent information is appended to the end of the file. When looking for the most recent log entries, start at the end of the file.

Debugging with println

You can also debug Groovy scripts with the println statement by inserting a println statement, deploying and running the business flow, and then checking the logs for the println outputs. The println output goes to the Groovy script log: <groovy_script_name>.log. By checking the log for these println outputs, you can determine whether the script execution actually reached those statements (for example, whether the script errored out before or after the println statements).

To use the println function, you must add it to the Groovy script where it validates your script one line at a time.

For example, for a business flow called "OrderData" and a Groovy activity named "split", any println statement within that split activity is written to the obt/log/BusinessFlow@OrderData/split.log.

The log is updated at every run and contains the results from previous runs.

You can delete the log to remove the results of previous runs.

By default, the log files are saved to the <install_dir>/obt/log/ BusinessFlow@<businessFlow_name>/<groovy_script_name>.log subdirectory, where HP Test Data Management is installed. If you have conditions within your business flow, you will then have a Groovy script inside a condition: log file <install dir>/obt/log/BFInternal@<businessflow name>/<groovy script name>.log.

NOTE If you have println in your Groovy script, the files will go to the log regardless of the logging level.

Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

- <install_directory>obt/log/BusinessFlow@<BusinessFlowName>/<groovy
 activity name>.log
- where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software and <groovy activity name> is the name of the Groovy activity.
- 2 Open the log files using a text editor
- 3 Search (Ctrl+F) for "error" or "exception."

TIP The most recent information is appended to the end of the file. When looking for the most recent log entries, start at the end of the file.

Log files for individual cartridges

Each cartridge creates its own log file named after the name of the cartridge. For example, the obt_poflex.log file.

As every cartridge is wrapped in a business flow at deployment, the cartridge logs are found under the business flow directory.

Example

```
<install_dir>/obt/artifacts/businessflow/<busflow_name>/
```

As the business flow has a date and version appended to it, a real-world example might appear more like the following example

Example

```
$$ < install\_directory>obt\artifacts\businessflow\Orders\_Bus\_Flow.2009-08-18\_10.11.57\cartridge\oa\Orders\_DB\_to\_File
```

where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software, Orders_Bus_Flow.2009-08-18_10.11.57 is the name of the business flow, and Orders_DB_to_File is the name of the cartridge.

Viewing cartridge logs as a diagnostic tool

By default, the log files are saved to the artifacts/businessflow/<busflow_name> directory and the logging level is set to INFO.

Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

install_directory>/artifacts/<env_name>/businessflow/
<BusinessFlowName>/cartridge/oa/<CartridgeName>

where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software, <BusinessFlowName> is the name of the business flow, and <CartridgeName> is the name of the cartridge.

- 2 Open the cartridge log files using a text editor.
- 3 Search (Ctrl+F) for "error" or "exception."

TIP The most recent information is appended to the end of the file. When looking for the most recent log entries, start at the end of the file.

Advanced selection

For issues involving advanced selection, check the following HP Test Data Management logs for information:

- pdm_server_<RUNID>.log is the advanced selection server side log containing detailed server-side information including all executed SQL statements and exec plans. The log files are saved to the <install_directory>/ obt/log/ directory, where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software.
- For advanced selection you can view the server-side log table, PDM_LOG located on both IF and RL to find details about all SQL statements executed.

NOTE Information about advanced selection is also consolidated into obt.log.

All the advanced selection logs can be adjusted to contain different levels of information. The log setting is set in the Job Launcher console associated with the PDM runtime parameter "RUN OPTION".

Log Setting	Information	
Run	Runs the business flow with minimal (almost no) logging from the server side.	
Run and Log the SQL	Runs the business flow and lists every important SQL statement run by the server in the server-side log file.	
Run and Log the SQL and the PLAN	Runs the business flow and lists every important SQL statement run by the server in the server-side logfile together with its execution plan.	
Log the SQL without Running	Lists all the potential SQL statements in the server-side logfile but does not actually execute them.	
Log the SQL and the PLAN without Running	Lists all the potential SQL statements in the server-side logfile together with their execution plans, but do not actually execute them.	

You can also check the trace files in udump logs for all Oracle-based data movement methods. Udump contains trace files that relate to specific user Oracle processes.

Viewing the Advanced selection logs as a diagnostic tool

By default, the log files are saved to the <install_directory>/obt/log/ directory and the logging level is set to INFO.

See also Example errors are listed in Chapter 3, Common errors and solutions.

1 Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

<install_directory>/obt/log/

where <install directory> is the location you installed the software.

2 Open the advanced selection log file using a text editor. The following is the format and an example of the file name:

Format = pdm server <RUNID>.log

Example = pdm server 242.log

3 Search (Ctrl+F) for "error" or "exception."

TIP The most recent information is appended to the end of the file. When looking for the most recent log entries, start at the end of the file.

Viewing job history

In the Web Console, the History page displays all business flows and jobs that were run in the environment you are currently viewing.

- 1 Click **Monitoring** from the menu at the top of the page.
- 2 Click **History**.

You can filter the data by:

- group run id
- run id
- the date the job started
- the date the job finished
- the name of the job
- the batch name of the job status
- 3 Click the red X to clear individual filters.
- 4 Click **CSV** or **XML** to export the filtered data to a CSV or XML file.

Viewing the job log

To view the output that the job produced:

Navigate to the directory containing the log files.

Example

```
<install_directory>/obt/log/users/<username>
```

where <install_directory> is the location you installed the software and <username> is the name of the file.

- 2 Open the log file using a text editor.
- 3 Search (Ctrl+F) for "error" or "exception."

TIP The most recent information is appended to the end of the file. When looking for the most recent log entries, start at the end of the file.

Query server logs

The log files for the query server are saved in the following directory:

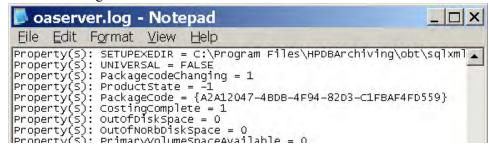
```
<install_directory>/obt/log/
```

where <install directory> is the location you installed the software.

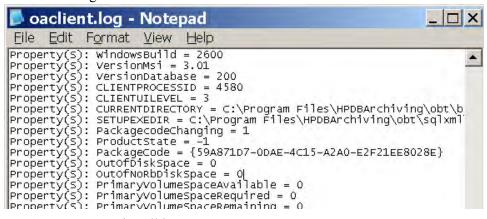
See also The HP Test Data Management Runtime guide.

• Query server installation logs

oaserver.log



oaclient.log



- Query server uninstall logs
 - oaserveruninstall.log
 - oaclientuninstall.log
- Query server config/runtime error log
 - oaerror.log

NOTE All of the above logs appear under obt/log directory. Any interaction with the query server will be logged in obt.log. Installation / uninstallation logs will be created only on windows

<install dir>/obt/sqlxml/server/loggin/*.log

<install_directory>/obt/sqlxml/server/loggin/*.log. These are hidden
logs. Their purpose is to look for the latest agent and java service log.

Common errors and solutions

This chapter contains error messages along with solutions.

What to check first

When having problems using HP Test Data Management that results in errors, check these items first:

- All user names and encryptions keys are case-sensitive.
- Ensure you are connected to the correct database or databases, and they are running.
- Ensure the embedded repository is started before invoking the Web Console or the Designer.
- Check the number of open cursors in Oracle by using the select count(*) from v\$open cursor command.

If you are working in	Problem	Errors
Designer	Building or modifying models, cartridges, parameters, or business flows	Designer errors (page 35) • Multiple table uses - row sets overlap (page 35) • Non-Unique Keys should be unique (page 35) • Internal Errors (page 35) • Maximum open cursors exceeded (page 36)
Installer	Installing the product	 Installation errors (page 36) Could not setup database connection (page 36) ORA-01450 maximum key length (3218) exceeded (page 37) Error launching the embedded repository (page 37) Linux install fails with connection error (page 37) Unable to retrieve "" database character set (page 37) Uninstalling and redeploying errors (page 56) Cartridge expects the following 4 parameters to be passed (page 57)
Deployment Assistant	Deploying cartridges or business flows	 Deployment errors (page 38) Deploy Time Failure-SQL Validation Error (page 38) Not available because product has not been fully installed (page 39) Table or schema not found in source database (page 39) ORA-01450 maximum key length (3218) exceeded (page 39) Did not find column type (page 41) Cartridge deployment error (page 40)

If you are working in	Problem	Errors
Web Console	Installation and configuration	 Installation errors (page 41) HTTP error 503 on AIX cannot access Web Console (page 42) Turkish character set is unsupported (page 42) Auto launch does not work (page 42) Unable to log in to Web Console (page 42) Data Masking errors (page 43) Deployment fails (page 43) Unexpected results from skew by multiplication or percent mask (page 44) Names containing ? and ' must be aliased (page 44)
		Custom mask deployment fails (page 44)Data is not masked (page 44)
Swing Console	Running business flows	 Runtime errors (page 44) Connectivity issues (page 45) Not responding (page 46) Failed to get business flow based on Job ID (page 46) Exception in Task (page 46) Rollback segment error (page 46) ORA-02049 timeout errors (page 47) Could not recover GroupID 10 because it is a child job (page 47) Cannot fetch data from the RepositoryUnexpectedDbException: Failed to get Cycle Steps for the Cycle (page 47) Job run failed, there may be more information available in the Job Monitor (page 47) java.lang.IllegalStateException: Exception while executing a Groovy script (page 48) Could not find any column information for table (page 48) Requested conversion is not supported (page 48)

If you are working in	Problem	Errors
Query server	Extracting data to XML	 Query server errors (page 53) Multi-byte character set issue (page 54) Coredumps after running same query multiple times (page 54) Unquoted question mark characters in create collection causes error (page 54) Unable to find table <table_name> in table list (page 55)</table_name>
Advanced selection	Deploying or running business flows	 Advanced selection errors (page 50) OR condition error (page 51) ORA-00060 deadlock detected while waiting for resource (page 51) Missing expression when rule parameter is left NULL (page 53) Purge hangs at PDM propagate selections from table (page 53) Low disk space (page 53)
Database to File	Source database	 Database to File (page 58) ORA-1460 error Unimplemented or unreasonable conversion requested (page 58) D2F fails when remapping key column names (page 59) Arithmetic overflow error occurs when converting numeric to data type numeric (page 59) Mapping and timestamp issues when uploading from Oracle to SQL server (page 59) Upload fails (page 60) Error with D2F upload (page 60) MBCS unsupported environment names (page 60) XML upload may run out of memory (page 60) Cartridge deployment fails if the repository is embedded (page 60)
Other issues	Various	Other errors (page 61) IJ ERROR: Unable to establish prepared statement PRIVILEGE (page 61) Remote view fails for extract job (page 61)

Designer errors

Errors in Designer and preview are typically resolvable in the panel or editor in which they are seen.

For error messages that are displayed at the top of title area dialogs, sometimes the entire message is not visible. To be able to view the entire message, either resize the dialog box horizontally, or click in the error message text and drag vertically to view the entire text.

This section includes:

- Multiple table uses row sets overlap (page 35)
- Non-Unique Keys should be unique (page 35)
- Internal Errors (page 35)
- Maximum open cursors exceeded (page 36)

Multiple table uses - row sets overlap

HP Test Data Management supports updatable views related to a single table. Updatable views related to more than one table can not be extracted. Single tables cannot be used multiple times.

Non-Unique Keys should be unique

Symptom You received the following error when generating a cartridge in Designer.

ERROR: Update rowcount summary for the run thread 0: root: Rowcounts for ARCHIVE_SELECTION@ELIGANANULL (= 200) and Rowcounts for ARCHIVE_TRANSACTIONAL@ELIGANANULL (= 0) do not match. To disable rowcount-check, set VERIFY_ROW_COUNTS configuration to false.

Cause

The table accidentally has a non-unique key. When the row checks were performed, an apparent mismatch was found.

Resolution

Check the Data Movement Key specified when you added the table to the model. To view the Data Movement Key, right-click the table in your model and choose Properties to open the Table Use Properties dialog. Verify each unique key is unique.

Internal Errors

Symptom When adding a table to your model, you may see an Internal Error.

Cause The database connection for your current project is no longer working. For

example, you have chosen the wrong connection for your project.

Resolution Select the correct connection or fix your connectivity issue.

Maximum open cursors exceeded

Errors in preview are typically resolvable in the panel or editor in which they are seen.

Symptom

You received the following SQL exception when previewing a cartridge or business flow in Designer.

SQLExceptions of type: ORA-01000 "maximum open cursors exceeded

Resolution

To monitor the number of open cursors in Oracle using a database tool, you can use the following select:

```
select count(*) from v$open_cursor
```

If you have two preview editors open, closing one reduces the number of open cursors.

Installation errors

Installation of HP Test Data Management is divided into two steps:

- Copying files into your file system
- Deploying database to file in your database

Errors can occur during either of these two steps. This section describes some of the common errors you may encounter during installation and their resolution.

This section includes

- Could not setup database connection (page 36)
- ORA-01450 maximum key length (3218) exceeded (page 37)
- Error launching the embedded repository (page 37)
- Linux install fails with connection error (page 37)
- Unable to retrieve "" database character set (page 37)
- Error installing query server –already installed on the server. (page 38)

Could not setup database connection

Symptom You receive the following error:

Cannot connect to database

Cause When setting up the repository database, you entered an administrative user that

did not have the correct privileges.

Resolution Ensure the administrator user that you specify has the capability or privilege to

"create user" and "grant permission to non-owned tables."

ORA-01450 maximum key length (3218) exceeded

Symptom You receive a ORA-01450 maximum key length error.

ORA-02049 maximum key length (3218) exceeded

java.sql.SQLException: ORA-01450: maximum key length

(3218) exceeded

Cause This a an Oracle limitation.

Resolution Increase the database block size of the tablespace associated with the Repository

Database User.

Error launching the embedded repository

Symptom You receive the following error when launching the embedded repository:

Could not listen on port 1527 on host 0.0.0.0: -

java.net.BindException: Address already in use: JVM_Bind

Cause Port issue. You either already have the repository running or are using the port for

some other program (the default port is 1527). If it is the latter, you will need to

change the port number.

Resolution To change the port number: from the command line enter bin/

launch_repository.bat 1528 (or alternate port number). Ensure that this is the port being used; you will receive the message, "Ready for transactions." If you entered

incorrect information, the port will revert to the default port number.

Linux install fails with connection error

Symptom You received the following error when attempting to install:

java.sql.SQLException: Listener refused the connection

with the following error:

ORA-12519, TNS:no appropriate service handler found The Connection descriptor used by the client was:

demo-linux-cust-mob-01:1521:LOTUS

Cause An Oracle error occurred.

Resolution Refer to the Oracle Database Error Messages manual for information on how to

address this error.

Unable to retrieve "" database character set

Symptom While in the installer panels, you received the following error while trying to

install or database to file:

Unable to retrieve "" database character set

Resolution You can ignore this error. It will not interfere with the operation of the software.

Error installing guery server –already installed on the server.

Symptom

When you try to install the query server on the same server more than once, you might see the following error:

This product is already installed on your machine. If you wish to uninstall please use the silent uninstall command or user the Add/Remove program option.

Resolution

You can find detailed error at <install_directory>/obt/log/oa*.log, but you will not be seeing any errors on the Console.

Deployment errors

You can deploy cartridges and business flows through the Web Console or the command line. Errors resulting from either method can be found in the Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23).

This section includes:

- Deploy Time Failure-SQL Validation Error (page 38)
- Not available because product has not been fully installed (page 39)
- Table or schema not found in source database (page 39)
- ORA-01450 maximum key length (3218) exceeded (page 39)
- Port busy when trying to start Deployment Assistant (page 39)
- Error starting the agent and/or java service Port is already in use (page 40)
- Cartridge deployment error (page 40)
- Did not find column type (page 41)
- Cartridge already deployed (page 41)

Deploy Time Failure-SQL Validation Error

Symptom

You receive the following error:

C:\apps\HPTDM\obt\artifacts\MG1010A\businessflow\Requests_BF\cartridge\oa \Requests\build.xml:684: The following error occurred while executing this line:

 $\label{lem:condition} $$C:\apps\HPTDM\o \artifacts\MG1010A\business flow\Requests_BF\cartridge\o \artifacts\BF\cartridge\o \artifacts\BF\cartridge\o$

OLTP_SELECTION.Requests.KCRT_REQUESTS.INSERT_SELECTION_AN ALYTICS with error:

942 - ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

Failure validating SQL Statement

OLTP_SELECTION.Requests.KCRT_REQUESTS.INSERT_SELECTION_NO_ANALYTICS with error: 942 - ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

Cause

A rule containing a subquery did not prefix table names with the appropriate schema reference.

Resolution Ensure all database objects referenced in rules are appropriately referenced. To

avoid hard-coding schema names in rules use "symbolic schema names" as

described in the HP Test Data Management Developer's guide.

Not available because product has not been fully installed

Symptom You receive the error, "Not available because product has not been fully

installed."

Cause In Designer direct deployment, the Deploy Locally radio button is disabled and

you receive this error even though the product is installed.

Resolution Check the connection-sources.xml file is present in <obt top>config\.

Table or schema not found in source database

Symptom You receive the error, "Table or schema not found in source database."

Cause You used one database as the source database when installing the product and then

used another database connection in Designer when creating the business flow.

Resolution Ensure the project connection in Designer is pointing to the source database of the

installed product.

ORA-01450 maximum key length (3218) exceeded

Symptom You received a ORA-01456 maximum key length error.

ORA-02049 maximum key length (3218) exceeded

java.sql.SQLException: ORA-01450: maximum key length

(3218) exceeded

Cause This a an Oracle limitation.

Resolution Increase the database block size of the tablespace associated with the Interface

User.

Port busy when trying to start Deployment Assistant

Symptom You may receive an error that the port is in use when trying to open the

Deployment Assistant.

ORA-12154: TNS:could not resolve the connect identifier

specified

Cause This may be the result of more than one listeners running on your machine. It can

also result from another java program using the port you want to use.

Resolution Refer to the Oracle Database Error Messages manual for information on how to

address this error.

If there are multiple java programs running, open and check the Task Manager and carefully stop any java programs that are currently running. This should free up a port for your use.

• If more information is needed, try this command to see if xmlData is listed as a java program using a port:

lsnrctl services

Error starting the agent and/or java service - Port is already in use

Symptom

You might see is error in <install_dir>/obt/sqlxml/server/loggin/*.log. These are hidden logs. Looks for the latest agent and java service log.

Network problem, listener could not be started because port is already in use

Resolution

Although you can install the query server in different directories, you can run only one process at one port, so start or stop the services at the desired port to resolve this issue. Alternately, you can install different query servers on different ports.

Cartridge deployment error

Symptom

You received the following error in the obt.log while trying to deploy a cartridge or business flow.

ERROR: main: root: Cartridge deployment error java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException at com.hp.ilm.db.installer.ui.cartridge.BaseInstallCartridge Wizard\$LongRunningOperation.run(BaseInstallCartridgeWizar d.java:372) at org.eclipse.jface.operation.ModalContext\$ModalContextThre ad.run(ModalContext.java:113) Caused by: java.lang.Exception: All cartridges and business flows failed to deploy

Cause

The Cartridge deployment error can result from multiple causes:

- Names are too long. Check the length of names used in the model.
- Table has been dropped
- InvocationTargetException is a general error reported by ant for any deployment errors. Examine the log file to find the exact error.

Resolution

Resolve this error by performing the following procedure:

- If you redeploy a business flow or cartridge, but there's an unfinished job or failed job that corresponds to that business flow or cartridge, redeployment will fail. To resolve this, either recover the job until it succeeds or cancel the job before redeploying.
- Length of table name, column name, index name, constraint name is limited to 200 characters. Reduce the length of names used by your cartridge.
- Return to the model in Designer and look for red outlines indicating a missing table or view. Fix, regenerate, and redeploy.

Did not find column type

Symptom You received the following error when attempting to deploy a business flow with

a user-defined column:

ERROR : main : root : Did not find column type
<NAME_OF_UDT_COLUMN_OR_TABLE> in

Cause You have used a table that has column of an unknown datatype. Typically this

means you have used a User Defined Type (UDT) unknown to HP Test Data

Management.

Resolution There is no resolution for this error. To continue without extracting the User

Defined Type (UDT) column, the UDT column must be excluded from the model, for example, by using a view that excludes the UDT column instead of the table

itself.

Cartridge already deployed

Symptom When attempting to deploy a previously deployed advanced selection for

application partitioning and partitioned data movement cartridge, the following

error appeared in the Deployment Assistant:

This cartridge has already been deployed

Cause The previous version of the cartridge has not been uninstalled.

Resolution Install the new version of the cartridge.

Cartridge log errors

Refer to Log files for individual cartridges (page 25) for details on the cartridge logs.

Installation errors

This section describes some of the common errors you may encounter during installation, configuring, and their resolution.

This section includes:

- HTTP error 503 on AIX cannot access Web Console (page 42)
- Turkish character set is unsupported (page 42)
- Auto launch does not work (page 42)
- Unable to log in to Web Console (page 42)
- Redirect loop error (page 43)

HTTP error 503 on AIX cannot access Web Console

Symptom You receive HTTP ERROR 503 on AIX, with a stacktrace.log reporting

java.lang.NoClassDefFoundError errors.

Cause This error indicates a problem with the temporary directory that the Web Console

creates within the \${java.io.tmpdir} directory.

Resolution Implement the following workaround which will create a obt/webconsole/work

folder for the Web Console to use instead of the temporary directory:

Create a \${jetty.home}/work directory or YOUR INSTALL DIR/obt/

webconsole/work folder.

Turkish character set is unsupported

Symptom The Web Console and Designer does not support Turkish character set

Cause Sun Java bug 6208680.

Resolution For the character set to work in the Turkish or Azeri environment you will have to

make following changes in the code tree:

Add -Duser.language=en in following three files

obt/ui/designer.ini

obt/bin/webconsole.bat and webconsole.sh

obt/bin/obt-launcher.bat and obt-launcher.sh

Auto launch does not work

Symptom When installing on Windows Server 2008, the auto launch option does not work.

Cause This is caused by a permission issue. The auto launch process is launched with the

wrong permissions and is unable to write log files, etc.

Resolution Start the Web Console from the command line and do not select auto launch. If

you have inadvertently selected auto launch, do the following: right-click and manually change the permission from the File Security tab and grant access to all

users.

Unable to log in to Web Console

Symptom The Web Console installation will fail on Oracle if there is an existing table

named as one of the Web Console tables (they all start with OBTWC), owned by

a different schema and visible by PUBLIC.

Cause This is caused by an Hibernate bug.

Resolution Ensure there are no duplicate names.

Redirect loop error

Symptom

When connecting to the Web Console using Firefox, you receive the following error:

Redirect Loop

Firefox has detected that the server is redirecting the request for this address in a way that will never complete.

The browser has stopped trying to retrieve the requested item. The site is redirecting the request in a way that will never complete.

- * Have you disabled or blocked cookies required by this site?
- * NOTE: If accepting the site's cookies does not resolve the problem, it is likely a server configuration issue and not your computer.

Cause

The Web Console is attempting to connect to an idle database.

Resolution

Stop the Web Console and restart it before reloading the page so it can create a new connection.

Data Masking errors

This section describes some of the common errors you may encounter and their resolution.

This section includes:

- Deployment fails (page 43)
- Unexpected results from skew by multiplication or percent mask (page 44)
- Names containing? and 'must be aliased (page 44)
- Custom mask deployment fails (page 44)
- Data is not masked (page 44)

Deployment fails

Symptom

Deployment fails with errors such as the following:

Failure validating SQL Statement

NATIVE_MOVE_02H.Datamaskingcart1.DataMasking.COPY_TRX_RANGE with error: 206 -

Operand type clash: int is incompatible with

uniqueidentifier

Cause

You chose a data mask for a column that does not match the data type of the column.

Resolution

In the cartridge, choose a mask of the appropriate type for the column and deploy your business flow again. Refer to *HP Test Data Management Developer's guide* for more information about applying data masks.

Unexpected results from skew by multiplication or percent mask

Symptom Using SQL Server, the masked values for columns employing the skew by

multiplication or percent mask seem to be incorrect.

Resolution Only whole numbers are supported by SQL Server for the multiply and percent

masks.

Names containing? and 'must be aliased

Symptom Oracle JDBC cannot properly process names that contain? or '.

Resolution If a table, view, or synonym name contains the characters? or ', the table, views,

or synonym will need to be aliased with an object that does not contain these

characters.

Custom mask deployment fails

Symptom Oracle JDBC cannot deploy custom masks if the function name contains the /

character.

Cause If your custom mask function name contains a / deployment will fail.

Resolution Do not use the / character in your function name.

Data is not masked

Symptom Some data not masked even though column is masked by the cartridge.

Cause If your column contains any invalid data, such as invalid characters, the pre-built

masks will not mask the value at all. For example, if you have a Social Security Number value that contains an invalid special character like #, none of that value

will be masked in the extract data store.

Resolution If invalid data is an issue in your data, you may wish to create a custom mask that

includes logic for handling invalid data as you desire.

Runtime errors

Error messages when running business flows can appear in the Job Monitor or the obt.log.

For runtime errors involving advanced selection, refer to Advanced selection errors (page 50).

This section includes:

- Database to File issues (page 45)
- Connectivity issues (page 45)
- Not responding (page 46)
- Failed to get business flow based on Job ID (page 46)

- Exception in Task (page 46)
- Rollback segment error (page 46)
- ORA-02049 timeout errors (page 47)
- Could not recover GroupID 10 because it is a child job (page 47)
- Cannot fetch data from the Repository...UnexpectedDbException: Failed to get Cycle Steps for the Cycle (page 47)
- java.lang.IllegalStateException: Exception while executing a Groovy script (page 48)
- Job run failed, there may be more information available in the Job Monitor (page 47)
- Could not find any column information for table (page 48)
- Requested conversion is not supported (page 48)
- Out of memory error (page 48)
- Cannot CREATE UNIQUE INDEX; duplicate keys found (page 49)
- Snapshot qualifying OLTP-Table rows into Archive Selection Tables thread 0 (page 49)
- Cannot retrieve driving table records: Login failed for user 'obt' rep' (page 50)

Database to File issues

Symptom Runtime errors.

Cause You will receive runtime errors if you:

- Validate a column that is excluded
- Index a column that is excluded
- Index a LOB column

Resolution

Do not validate a column that is excluded, index a column that is excluded, and index a LOB column.

Connectivity issues

Symptom You receive the following error when attempting to connect to the Web Console:

Error connecting to server <Server name> on port <Port> with message Connection refused: connect

Cause The repository is not running due to an authentication failure. This occurs when

an invalid userid or password was entered or you have not installed the base

product.

Resolution You need to check your connection properties and verify that you have a user

configured. From the obt tree, check if you have the file

<install dir>\obt\config\connection-sources.xml This file is required to be able to

log in to your repository. If you do not have this file, you need to setup your database and establish your password. From the Web Console, setup your database and establish your password.

Not responding

Symptom In the Job Monitor, you see "Not Responding" in the status column.

Cause Typically this happens when the database session (or the database instance itself)

failed before the business flow was able to update its own status. The resolution is

to recover the failed job.

Resolution Recover the failed job.

Failed to get business flow based on Job ID

Symptom The following message may be seen in the Job Monitor when trying to find details

on any particular business flow job or step.

Exception trying to display JobMonitor WorkBench....

Failed to get Job based on Job ID

Cause An invalid job ID was entered.

Resolution Check the Job Monitor for the correct Job ID and reenter.

Exception in Task

Symptom You received the following error in the job monitor or obt.log when attempting to

run a business flow:

 ${\tt WARN}$: Call archive data from database to filesystem thread 0

: root : Exception in Task

Cause Various causes. For example, the problem may be due to a lack of space available,

and you would need to allocate more space.

Resolution If you are unable to resolve this issue, contact support. After resolving this issue,

recover the failed job.

Rollback segment error

Symptom You received the following error in the job monitor or obt.log when attempting to

run a business flow:

rollback segment error

Cause If you receive a rollback segment error when running business flows in Oracle, it

could be that the BATCH SIZE is set too high. When the BATCH SIZE

parameter is set too high, it can cause an internal buffer in Oracle to overflow, and

the business flow fails.

Resolution If you have increased the BATCH SIZE and receive an error, reduce the

BATCH SIZE.

ORA-02049 timeout errors

Symptom You received a ORA-02049 timeout error while running business flows.

ORA-02049 timeout error

Resolution Reduce the Number of Parallel Workers parameter. Options are from 4 to 32.

Using too many workers can cause ORA-02049 timeout errors.

Could not recover GroupID 10 because it is a child job

Symptom After a business flow failed, the obt.log error is:

Could not recover GroupID 10 because it is a child job. Recover its parent group instead; GroupID 8

Resolution Run the recover job by specifying the correct GroupId at the parent level.

Cannot fetch data from the Repository...UnexpectedDbException: Failed to get Cycle Steps for the Cycle

Symptom After a business flow failed, the obt.log error is:

Cannot fetch data from the Repository. com.outerbay.foundation.businessobj.UnexpectedDbException : Failed to get Cycle Steps for the Cycle. ""

Resolution

Take appropriate steps to reconnect to the database. Database connects are discussed in detail in the *HP Test Data Management Installation guide*.

Job run failed, there may be more information available in the Job Monitor

Symptom You received the following error in the obt.log after a business flow failed.

Job run failed, there may be more information available in the Job Monitor

Resolution

Using Job Monitor, you can drill down to the Job Actions screen and the Tasks screen for further status detail.

- 1 Open the Web Console.
- 2 Click **Monitoring** to open the Job Monitoring page.
- 3 On the Job Monitor page, look for the Status column. If any row in the Status column says Failed or Cancelled, double click the row for details.

The Job Runs > Actions page appears.

4 Look in the table for numbers in the failed column. Double click any row with a number 1 in the failed column or more details.

The Job Runs > Actions > Tasks page appears.

5 Click the Message tab to see the error message.

java.lang.lllegalStateException: Exception while executing a Groovy script

Symptom After a business flow failed, the obt.log error is something like:

java.lang.IllegalStateException: Exception while
executing a Groovy script
Caused by: groovy.lang.MissingMethodException: No
signature of method: Script1.p_cutoff() is applicable for
argument types: (null) values: {null}

Resolution

This specific error was caused by a missing underscore in the groovy code. The parameter **p_cutoff** should have been written as **p_cutoff_date**. It can be prevented by always using the validate function of the groovy screen. To view the error message, go to the Groovy log files.

Could not find any column information for table

Symptom You received the following error in the obt.log after a business flow failed.

[DataDirect][OpenAccess ODBC]Could not find any column

information for table:<#Table Name#>

Cause Associated tables can be seen in a collection, but cannot be queried.

Resolution Change your query so it does not run against an associated table.

Requested conversion is not supported

Resolution

Symptom For SQL Server, if you query on the ntext datatype through the query server, you

may receive the following error:

OLE DB provider "MSDASQL" for linked server "XML_ARCHIVE" returned message "Requested conversion is not supported.".

Msg 7341, Level 16, State 2, Line 1

Change your query so it does not use the ntext datatype.

Out of memory error

Symptom You received one of the following error messages in the obt.log after a failed

business flow.

One of the following error messages are displayed:

WARN: Call archive data from database to filesystem thread 0: root: Exception in Task

java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: Java heap space

Cause java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: Java heap space js:

exception from uncaught JavaScript throw:
java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: Java heap space

Resolution

If any business flow stops with an out of memory error, then set the OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS environment variable to increase the JVM heap size. The increased heap size setting is also useful when extracting CLOBs over 5 megabytes in size.

Setting the environment variable for business flows run from the concurrent manager:

1 Set the OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS environment variable in the database environment file. For example, add the following entry to the .profile file:

```
OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS="-Xms64M -Xmx512M" export OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS
```

2 Stop and restart the concurrent manager.

Setting the environment variable for business flows run from the command line:

1 Set the OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS environment variable for the UNIX session.

For example:

```
setenv OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS "-Xms64M -Xmx512M"
```

Or, you can increase the memory available to java up to 1Gb.

setenv OBT_JAVA_VM_OPTIONS -Xmx1024m

Cannot CREATE UNIQUE INDEX; duplicate keys found

Symptom You received one of the following errors in the obt.log after a business flow failed:

cannot CREATE UNIQUE INDEX; duplicate keys found

or

Failure in action: UPD_ROWCOUNT_SUMMARY

Cause An invalid transactional model was created, possibly by multiple usage tables

having overlapping rows. This results in duplicates rows and a unique constraint

exception.

Resolution Use advanced selection when you have a chaining table or table that has multiple

uses with overlapping rows.

Refer to the *HP Test Data Management Developer's guide* for details.

Snapshot qualifying OLTP-Table rows into Archive Selection Tables thread 0

Symptom You received one of the following errors in the obt.log after a business flow failed:

Snapshot qualifying OLTP-Table rows into Archive Selection Tables thread 0
Error executing sql statement:

Cause You have used a column that not exist in the table.

Resolution Make sure that any conditional relationship in the model refers to valid tables and columns. As an alternative, try replacing the conditional relationship with a rule.

HP Test Data Management Troubleshooting guide

Cannot retrieve driving table records: Login failed for user 'obt rep'

Symptom Data movement failed with the following error:

Cannot retrieve driving table records com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException: Login failed for user 'obt_rep'.

Cause

You created a view of a remote table as the user obt_rep. You then created a cartridge using the view of the remote table as the driving table. However, the user obt_rep does not have the permissions needed to access the REMOTE_INV database on the remote server. The error in data movement is caused by this lack of permissions into the remote server.

Resolution

To allow the obt rep user to have access to the view of the remote table:

- 1 Log in to the history server and the REMOTE_INV database.
 From here you can add obt rep as either:
- aliased to dbo

or

 a user, then grant the obt_rep user select, insert, update, delete privileges on REMOTE ORD.

No more lock classes available from transaction

Symptom

You received the following error in the obt.log after a Database to File business flow failed:

ERROR: Validate data unchanged since archival thread 0 : root : Cannot execute main query com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException: No more lock classes available from transaction.

Cause

The configuration parameter Combined Statement Count is set to permit too many database statements to be combined in a single query.

Resolution

- 1 Open the Administrator.
- 2 Go to the Performance tab.
- 3 Reduce the number for Combined Statement Count.**
- 4 Change the default value of 50 to 20.
- 5 Save and close.
- 6 Rerun the business flow.

Advanced selection errors

Error messages resulting from advanced selection can appear in the advanced selection logs or the obt.log. Refer to Advanced selection (page 26) and Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23) as necessary.

This section includes:

- OR condition error (page 51)
- ORA-00060 deadlock detected while waiting for resource (page 51)
- Missing expression when rule parameter is left NULL (page 53)
- Purge hangs at PDM propagate selections from table (page 53)
- Low disk space (page 53)

OR condition error

Symptom

OR conditions defined in relationship filters which are not wrapped in parenthesis result in the following error:

ERROR: PDM propagates selections from driving table thread 0: root java.sql.SQLException: ORA-00001: unique constraint violated $^{\circ}$

Cause

OR conditions defined in relationship filters which are not wrapped in parenthesis.

Resolution

Wrap parenthesis around OR conditions defined in relationship filters.

ORA-00060 deadlock detected while waiting for resource

Symptom You received the following error:

ORA-00060: deadlock detected while waiting for resource

Cause

The distributed update operation failed; rollback required.

Resolution

Create missing indexes on all foreign keys for tables in the model and disable foreign keys that do not have indexes.

TIP You can use the following script to identify missing indexes.

column columns format a20 word_wrapped column table_name format a30 word_wrapped

select decode(b.table_name, NULL, '****', 'ok') Status, a.table_name, a.columns, b.columns

from

(select substr(a.table_name,1,30) table_name,

substr(a.constraint_name,1,30) constraint_name,

 $max(decode(position, 1, \quad substr(column_name, 1, 30), NULL)) \parallel$

 $max(decode(position, 2, ', ' || substr(column_name, 1, 30), NULL)) \, \|$

max(decode(position, 3,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||

max(decode(position, 4,', '||substr(column_name, 1, 30), NULL)) ||

```
max(decode(position, 5,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
                max(decode(position, 6,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
                max(decode(position, 7,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
                max(decode(position, 8,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
                max(decode(position, 9,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
               max(decode(position, 10,', '||substr(column name, 1, 30), NULL)) ||
                max(decode(position,11,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
               max(decode(position,12,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
               max(decode(position,13,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
               max(decode(position,14,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
               max(decode(position,15,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
        max(decode(position,16,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) columns
from user cons columns a, user constraints b
where a constraint name = b constraint name
and b.constraint type = 'R'
group by substr(a.table name, 1,30), substr(a.constraint name, 1,30)) a,
(select substr(table name, 1,30) table name, substr(index name, 1,30)
index name,
       max(decode(column position, 1,
                                          substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 2,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 3,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 4,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 5,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 6,', '||substr(column name, 1, 30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 7,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 8,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 9,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 10,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position,11,', '||substr(column name,1,30),NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 12,', '||substr(column name, 1, 30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 13,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 14,', '||substr(column name, 1, 30), NULL)) ||
       max(decode(column position, 15,', '||substr(column name, 1,30), NULL)) ||
        max(decode(column position, 16,', '||substr(column name, 1, 30), NULL))
columns
from user ind columns
```

```
group by substr(table_name,1,30), substr(index_name,1,30) ) b where a.table_name = b.table_name (+) and b.columns (+) like a.columns || '%'
```

Missing expression when rule parameter is left NULL

Symptom You received the following error when trying to run an advanced selection for

application partitioning and partitioned data movement business flow.

Symptom: ORA-00936: missing expression when policy

parameter is left NULL

Cause The parameter was left empty when using PDM_DTAB_SELECTION.

Resolution Rerun the business flow with values for all three parameters.

Purge hangs at PDM propagate selections from table

Symptom Purge hangs at PDM propagate selections from the driving table because it is

waiting on "PX Deq: Join ACK"

Cause This is due to Oracle bug 5023410.

Resolution This is fixed in Oracle 10.2.0.4.

Low disk space

Symptom Low disk space: ORA-00600 occurred whilst PDM merges the newly extracted

rows into history tables.

Cause This is due to Oracle bug 2747978.

Resolution This is fixed in Oracle 9.2.0.4 and 10.1.0.2.

Query server errors

Error messages when running the query server appear in the QS logs and the obt.log. Refer to Query server logs (page 29) and Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23) as necessary.

This section includes:

- Multi-byte character set issue (page 54)
- Coredumps after running same query multiple times (page 54)
- Unquoted question mark characters in create collection causes error (page 54)
- Unable to find table <table_name> in table list (page 55)
- Column[corrupted tablename] not found.[0] (page 55)
- Column: <first char> not found (page 55)

Multi-byte character set issue

Symptom When multi-byte unicode data is stored in a single byte data type, you will receive

an error when selecting the data.

Cause For example, a Japanese platform generates an extract data files with multi-byte

Japanese characters stored in a varchar2 type field.

Resolution You need to set the following:

SET OPTION TYPE varchar2=wvarchar

Coredumps after running same query multiple times

Symptom Query server will core-dump if you run queries using the same information

multiple times in a row.

Cause This occurs on HP Itaniam if you run the same query multiple times.

Resolution To workaround this issue:

1 Start the query server (<installed-location>/obt/bin/oaserver.sh -start).

2 Start the oacla (<installed-location>/obt/bin/oacla.sh).

3 In the oacla program type the following commands.

oacla>aoc

Configuration file:<installed-location>/obt/sqlxml/server/cfg/oadm.ini

oacla>saa

Service Name: QueryServer

Attribute name: ServiceJVMOptions

Newvalue:-XX:+PreferInterpreterNativeStubs

oacla>exit

4 Stop the query server (<installed-location>/obt/bin/oaserver.sh -stop).

5 Restart the query server and connect to this server using any client (oaisql) and run the queries.

Unquoted question mark characters in create collection causes error

Symptom If you do not use single quotes for syntax that contain question marks, you will

receive an error. The example below represents incorrect syntax:

 $\verb|!create collection < collection_name> using pattern\\$

C:\downloads\abc*group_?.xm*;

Cause You will receive this error if the syntax contains a question mark (?) AND either

use no quotes OR use double quotes (").

Solution Use single quotes in the syntax, for example:

!create collection <collection_name> using pattern

'C:\downloads\abc*group_?.xm*';

Unable to find table in table list

Symptom The following error appears when using the create range index query.

Error Message = [DataDirect][ODBC OpenAccess SDK
driver][OpenAccess SDK SQL
Engine]Unable to find table<table_name> in table list.

Resolution Use the following syntax for creating a range index:

```
create range index <idx_name> on
<table_name>(<column_list>);
```

Column[corrupted tablename] not found.[0]

Symptom A dialog box with the following error appeared when attempting to use the Query Wizard.

```
"Column[corrupted tablename] not found.[0]"
```

Cause With object names that contain punctuation character(s), Excel is not putting the

object name within quotes. This is causing the SQL statement to be misinterpreted

and query fails.

Resolution When writing the query:

- Place the object name containing the punctuation character in quotes.
- Ensure a semicolon (;) is the last character in the query.

Column: <first char> not found

Symptom A dialog box with the following error appeared when attempting to query with Excel.

```
Column: <first char> not found.
```

Cause Excel errors with special characters in the xmlData if an object name contains special characters or punctuation marks.

Resolution When writing the query:

- Place the object name containing the punctuation character in quotes.
- Ensure a semicolon (;) is the last character in the query.

Example The following example query illustrates how you must quote table and column names:

```
SELECT "ORDER_HEADER"."ORDER&ID",
"ORDER_HEADER"."DEPTNO+1"
FROM "XMLDATA"."ORDER_OA"."ORDER_HEADER" "ORDER_HEADER";
```

SQL Server errors

Error messages from the SQL Server appear in the obt.log. Refer to the Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23) as necessary.

This section includes:

Update rowcount summary for the run thread 0 (page 56)

Update rowcount summary for the run thread 0

Symptom

After creating and running a cartridge, you received an error that your rowcounts do not match:

ERROR: Update rowcount summary for the run thread 0 or you may see an error similar to this:

ERROR: Update rowcount summary for the run thread 0: root: Rowcounts for ARCHIVE_SELECTION@ELIGANANULL (= 200) and Rowcounts for ARCHIVE_TRANSACTIONAL@ELIGANANULL (= 0) do not match. To disable rowcount-check, set VERIFY_ROW_COUNTS configuration to false.

Cause

The table has an accidentally non-unique key. When the row checks were performed, an apparent mis-match is found.

Resolution

You must return to Designer and verify each unique key is unique. Open the model and right click on each table to view or change the Data Movement Key.

You can also open the Console Administrator and set VERIFY_ROW_COUNTS to false as a short-term solution.

Uninstalling and redeploying errors

Error messages when redeploying or uninstalling can appear in the installation log or the obt.log. Refer to Combined log file (obt.log) (page 23) as necessary.

This section includes:

- Cannot re-deploy business flow (page 56)
- Cannot uninstall cartridge while business flows are in Incomplete stage (page 57)
- Cartridge expects the following 4 parameters to be passed (page 57)
- Windows error 193 occurred while loading the Java VM (page 58)

Cannot re-deploy business flow

Symptom You received the following error message, "Cannot re-deploy business flow:

missing artifacts."

Cause You have attempted to deploy a business flow that has been previously deployed,

however, the artifacts of the deployed business flow are missing.

Resolution Ensure that the business flow folder is present in the path

<obt_top>\artifacts\<environment_name>\businessflow\. If artifacts
is not present and you have no way of retrieving the artifacts, then uninstall the
business flow and deploy again.

Cannot uninstall cartridge while business flows are in Incomplete stage

Symptom You received the following error when attempting to remove a cartridge.

C:\Program

Files\HPDBArchiving_ORCL\obt\artifacts\businessflow\Orders_Bus_F low\cartridge\oa\Orders_DB_to_File\build.xml:591: Can not uninstall cartridge while jobs are in Incomplete

stage.('Running','Not Repsponding','Failed') Please check the console and try to Run these jobs with -r(Recovery) option or cancel the jobs.

Cause You have atte

You have attempted to deploy a new version of a cartridge, but the old version cannot be uninstalled because it has one or more business flows in an incomplete status.

Resolution Use the Cancel Job or Recover Job functions in the Job Monitor.

After all business flows using the cartridge are in a non-running state (Completed, Cancelled, Recovered, or Suspended), you can redeploy from Designer or the Web Console.

Cartridge expects the following 4 parameters to be passed

Symptom You received the following error attempting to reinstall a modified cartridge or business flow.

```
C:\Program Files\HPTDM\obt\bin\ui job launcher.bat"
executing: "launch_ea_job.bat" -e "DefaultEnvironment" -j
"ARCHIVE DB TO FS@OrderEntryOLTPtoXML" -r
"sourceLocation=3DOBTINTF_DB"
"destLocation=3DLOCAL ARCHIVE FS"
"XML Archive Date=3D1995.01.01" Job
ARCHIVE DB TO FS@OrderEntryOLTPtoXML expects the following
4 parameters to be passed:
"sourceLocation" "destLocation" "XML_Archive_Date"
"DB Archive Date"
but found the following parameters:
"sourceLocation=3DOBTINTF DB"
"destLocation=3DLOCAL ARCHIVE FS"
"XML Archive Date=3D1995.01.01"
Usage: launch_ea_job.bat [ -e ] environmentID -j jobName [
-r ] "sourceLocation"
"destLocation" "XML Archive Date" "DB Archive Date"
-e, --environmentID The Environment identifier, found in
the console (optional)
-j,--jobName Name of the job in the form
batch_name@job_name
```

-r,--recoverFailed Recover a failed run of this job, if one exists (optional)

Resolution

You must uninstall the cartridge before redeployment of a modified cartridge. The uninstall script is in the directory where the cartridge was deployed. Modifying or adding parameters to a cartridge counts as modifying it.

The Web Console is not able to refresh itself when cartridges are uninstalled and redeployed. You must close and restart the Console after redeployment of a previously deployed cartridge.

Windows error 193 occurred while loading the Java VM

Symptom While attempting to reinstall the HP Test Data Management

Cause This occurs when you use the wrong installer for your platform. For example, the

software comes with a 32-bit and a 64-bit Windows installer. If you run the 64-bit

installer on a 32-bit Windows, you will receive this error.

Resolution Make sure that you have installed the correct installer for your Windows system.

Database to File

Error messages encountered with database to file (D2F).

This section includes:

- ORA-1460 error Unimplemented or unreasonable conversion requested (page 58)
- D2F fails when remapping key column names (page 59)
- Arithmetic overflow error occurs when converting numeric to data type numeric (page 59)
- Mapping and timestamp issues when uploading from Oracle to SQL server (page 59)
- Upload fails (page 60)
- Error with D2F upload (page 60)
- MBCS unsupported environment names (page 60)
- XML upload may run out of memory (page 60)
- Cartridge deployment fails if the repository is embedded (page 60)

ORA-1460 error Unimplemented or unreasonable conversion requested

Symptom You receive the following error:

 ${\tt ORA-1460}$ error "unimplemented or unreasonable conversion requested"

Cause When running with Oracle Database 9.2.x under AL32UF8 characterset on Linux,

Database to File upload jobs may fail if a target column is CHAR and there is a large amount of data (more than 1000 characters) to load. Oracle bug 4619165

refers to this issue.

Resolution It is fixed in Oracle version 10.1.0.4 or later.

D2F fails when remapping key column names

Symptom The D2F upload mapping file can map column names that differ from source to

target table. This works for all columns except the unique index columns names.

Resolution The schema for Oracle is just the user name, for example: DEMARC, INV, GL,

and so on.

The schema for SQL Server is just the DB.schema name, for example:

DEMARC.dbo, AdvWorks.Sales, and so on.

Mapping files:

extract schema=upload schema

extract schema.object name=upload schema.object name

extract_schema.object_name.col_name=upload_schema.object_name.col_name

extract_schema.object_name.col_type=upload_schema.object_name.c
 ol name.col type

Arithmetic overflow error occurs when converting numeric to data type numeric

Symptom You receive the error "overflow error converting numeric to data type numeric."

Cause This error occurs when uploading from Oracle to SQL server if the data from

Oracle has a higher precision then what the SQL server can support.

Resolution Do the following:

1 Cancel the upload.

2 Run the Copy relocation job to new temporary location.

3 Edit the data files to reduce the precision.

4 Perform upload on edited files.

Mapping and timestamp issues when uploading from Oracle to SQL server

Symptom When uploading from Oracle to SQL server, incorrect mapping and timestamp

occurs in Oracle and effects binary in SQL server.

Cause The create table process uses the wrong mapping or timestamp in Oracle to binary

in SQL server or other datatypes.

Solution To resolve this issue, cut and paste the create table statement from the log file and

fix the datatype, then recover the upload.

Upload fails

Symptom When uploading to a SQL Server database from an Oracle-based extraction file

(XML or CSV), the upload fails.

Cause If a numeric column has default precision and scale settings, then there is the risk

that during upload into a heterogeneous database, the default settings for precision

and scale will be more restrictive and this will cause the upload to fail.

Solution To avoid potential problems with precision errors with numeric data during

upload, the recommended solution is to explicitly set precision and scale settings

where appropriate.

Error with D2F upload

Symptom When running upload on Oracle 9i getting error; ORA-01461: can bind a LONG

value only for insert into a LONG column.

Cause You have a column with a very large varchar field defined, and you are uploading

data to that column close to its capacity. This is a known bug in the Oracle JDBC

driver.

Resolution Turn on the Oracle connection property

"oracle.jdbc.RetainV9LongBindBehavior" by following the instructions in the

outerbay.properties file.

MBCS unsupported environment names

Symptom Version 6.2 does not support MBCS environment names.

XML upload may run out of memory

Symptom XML upload has the potential of running out of memory.

Resolution First convert the XML files into CSV and then upload the CSV file.

Cartridge deployment fails if the repository is embedded

Symptom You receive the following error:

com.outerbay.foundation.services.dbms.SQLDBException:

Could not successfully

connect to the database with the following connection

properties: Driver:

com.hp.t4jdbc.HPT4Driver@6abfe5

Host: bsb0101.caclab.cac.cpqcorp.net

DB Name: obt_if_174

Port: 18650

URL: jdbc:hpt4jdbc://
User ID: obt_rep_174

Cause The repository user was not precreated with all the necessary permissions.

Resolution Add the following permissions on all schemas to your source database:

- SELECT
- UPDATE
- DELETE
- INSERT

After adding these permissions, you can deploy the cartridges.

You must use the same name for the repository user. In the example above, obt_rep_174 was used to install D2F, so you would add the permissions to obt_rep_174.

Other errors

Miscellaneous errors.

This section includes:

- IJ ERROR: Unable to establish prepared statement PRIVILEGE (page 61)
- Remote view fails for extract job (page 61)

IJ ERROR: Unable to establish prepared statement PRIVILEGE

Symptom While attempting to use the remove privilege command, for example, remove

 $\verb"privilege READ_SYSTEM" from TEST_ROLE; the following error appeared:$

IJ ERROR: Unable to establish prepared statement PRIVILEGE

Cause

The REMOVE Identifier command is not being parsed correctly.

Resolution

Rerun the query enclosing the main body of the query in single quotes. For example:

```
'remove privilege READ_SYSTEM from TEST_ROLE';
```

By including the query inside quotes, you are telling if not to parse the query.

NOTE This only applies to the IJ client.

Remote view fails for extract job

Symptom

While attempting to perform a job movement using a cartridge model that contains an update-able remote view, you receive the following error:

```
com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException: SCHEMA
LOCK permission denied on object 'S1', database
'DEMARC60', schema 'dbo'
```

Cause

You do not have enough permissions on the remote table

Resolution Add obt_rep as a user for the remote table (S1 in this example) and grant select on remote table permissions to obt_rep.

4 Gathering information for support

If you are a customer with a current maintenance contract for HP Test Data Management, you can reach technical support by opening an issue using SSO at http://www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport. Include the following information in your email or fax to speed up the process:

Name	
Company name	
Phone number	
HP Test Data Management version	
Operating system and version	
Database version	
A description of the problem	
Any relevant attachments:	
 Logs, refer to Chapter 2, Log files for the locations of the log files. Error messages received 	
Generated files:	
 On deployment—obt/ generate Post-deployment—obt/ artifacts 	

Glossary

active database The database from which you plan to extract data. Typically, this database is your

online transaction processing (OLTP) or production database. In a two-tiered configuration, the active database resides on tier one and is the source for data

movement operations.

active environment The Web Console views and acts upon only one environment at a time, the active

environment. To switch the active environment, you use the Change Active option

in the Web Console.

activity In Designer, a component of a business flow, which is added by using the toolbar.

Note, activities in a business flow are different from what you see at runtime and

therefore do not necessarily map directly to what you see in Console.

advanced selection A method of data selection that discovers all of the interrelated rows from

multiple tables and conceptually places them in the same application partition for

extraction.

annotation In Designer, a comment associated with the project, or one of its objects or

components. These comments are collected and published in a PDF file when you

right click a project or business flow and select Generate Documentation.

application partitioning The concept of partitioning related rows together during data selection, regardless

of whether they are in one or more tables. Application partitioning is unique to HP Test Data Management and contrasts with the more common table partitioning offered by the database management software, which only groups related rows

from one table.

business flow A series of activities, such as extraction operations and scripts, that run in

sequence. You build business flows in Designer.

business flow statusThe Web Console shows the last run of each business flow. The states are

Complete/Error/Running.

cartridge An instance of model- or schema-based eligibility criteria used to copy data from

one location to another. Cartridges capture the application and business rules to ensure referential integrity of the data. For any one model in your project, you

may have many cartridges that use it.

chaining table The lower level table in a many-to-one or a many-to-many relationship between

higher level and lower level tables in the model hierarchy.

collection The configuration of a directory location and file pattern to match a set of

extracted XML files, thus allowing SQL access to the extracted data.

HP Test Data Management 65

comma separated values (CSV)

A database to file output format that stores the data as values separated by commas and a metadata file. Each line in the CSV file corresponds to a row in a table. Within a line, fields are separated by commas, each field belonging to one table column. CSV files provide a simple format that many applications can import.

command

Command files or JavaScript files launched by the Web Console on your behalf with status displays.

condition

In Designer, the way you branch your business flow to run or skip an activity based on some criteria.

configuration parameter

A type of parameter that has its values set by an administrator (someone who has repository privileges from Console) through the administrator interface. Typically, this type of parameter represents values that should be changed very infrequently, perhaps only at deployment time.

console user

The Web Console identifies individual users, who are distinct from database users. The properties for a Console user are User Name, Full Name, Password, Enabled, Description, Email, Phone, and Privileges.

console user name

The login name associated with a Console user.

constraint

A column or a list of columns that enables you to identify rows in the database and relate them to one another.

customization

A change that an administrator or DBA makes to a project provided by a third party, typically for a packaged application like Oracle PeopleSoft or Oracle E-Business Suite. As long as the customization is allowable by the project, the user can merge the customization into newer revisions of the third party project.

customization mode

A Designer mode that provides visual cues to indicate customizations in the model. In a project with locked files, customization mode is on by default, but you can toggle it on and off from the toolbar in the model editor.

data masking

The process of replacing private or confidential data during movement with a specified mask. You can choose from pre-defined masks that are part of HP Test Data Management or create your own mask.

data movement

The method used by HP Test Data Management to actually copy data.

database constraint

A constraint that exists in the database and can be discovered and referenced from Designer.

database to file

A movement in which data goes from an active database to a file (XML or CSV format).

Deployment Assistant

The user interface component used to deploy or generate business flows. You invoke Deployment Assistant from within Designer.

description A technical description created by the developer for her own reference. These

descriptions do not appear in the generated PDF file for the cartridge or business

flow.

Designer The user interface component used to develop, test, and deploy your extraction

solution. Designer is a powerful graphical development environment for

extraction solutions.

driving table A driving object is a root of a model hierarchy. Its relationship to the child tables

drives the selection of transactions.

dynamic list of values A list of values for a parameter that obtains its members from a SELECT

statement that returns identifiers and labels.

dynamic parameter A type of parameter that has its value set by a Groovy script that runs at

deployment time to obtain a value. For example, this type of parameter can supply

the type or version of a database or application, which can be obtained

programmatically at deployment time.

embedded repository A Java database, installed with HP Test Data Management, that can act as your

repository database, where you store your HP Test Data Management metadata. Alternatively, your source database or another database can act as the repository

database.

environment The source and (optional) target credentials against which you plan to run

commands. You can define multiple environments within your installation to

identify various source databases.

error One of the ways in which you can interrupt a business flow. Error indicates that

the business flow failed for some reason.

exclusive rulesOne of the ways in which HP Test Data Management determines whether to

include or exclude rows from the extract operation. Exclusive rules require all rows in the constraint table to match for inclusion. Exclusive rules exclude the

instance if the condition on any child is false, like STATUS='CLOSED'.

exit One of the ways in which you can interrupt a business flow. You can exit

successfully or with a warning.

export The way that you save an HP Test Data Management project to an exchange

format (.hdp) from the File menu. See also *import*.

export dataThe way that a user can send data to CSV format from Preview using the toolbar

item.

extract data store The location where the data is to be copied. Can be an XML or CVS file.

generate documentation The process of collecting and grouping all annotations into a PDF file that also

describes the business flow or cartridge structure.

HP Test Data Management 67

import The way that you transfer projects from exchange format (.hdp) into the Project

Navigator.

inclusive rules One of the ways in which HP Test Data Management determines whether to

include or exclude rows from the extract operation. Inclusive rules require only one row in the constraint table to match the rule and be included. Inclusive rules

include the instance if the condition on any child is true, like

PRODUCT_RECALLED='Y'.

interrupt The way to stop or pause a business flow (pause, error, exit with warning, exit

successfully).

local cache A capture of the metadata for your databases, schemas, and tables used when

working offline in Designer.

local deploymentThe generation and deployment of your cartridge or business flow to an

environment on your local, Designer client. Deployment files are generated

locally and then deployed to the designated, local environment.

lookup table A table that contains helpful non-transactional information. For example,

non-transactional information could be status definitions, or the name of the sales

representative.

model A model identifies the tables and table relationships representing a business entity

or related business entities. A project can have multiple models. Each model

contains a driving table and all of its child and descendent tables.

model compatibility Each model in your project can have one or more dynamic parameters associated

with it to verify the compatibility with the target environment. If the compatibility parameter returns false, then the cartridge referencing the model will not deploy or run and throw an error. For example, the script could return false for Oracle 10.2 and true for Oracle 11.1 to indicate that a cartridge referencing the model can

only deploy and run against Oracle 11.1.

model-based cartridge A cartridge that moves data based upon a defined data model with relationships.

This type of cartridge is typically used for ongoing extract operations.

OLTP database The online transaction processing database that typically is your active or source

database.

One of the ways in which you can interrupt a business flow. Pausing suspends the

business flow while awaiting operator intervention.

query server The component that provides SQL access to XML or CSV files.

remote deployment The generation and deployment of your cartridge or business flow to an

environment on a system that is remote from your Designer client. Deployment

files are generated locally and then deployed to the designated, remote

environment.

repository The location that holds business flow metadata, product configuration data, and

data collected during runtime. The repository can be located on your active

database, another logical database, or can be embedded database.

rule Qualifications added to the model in order to include or exclude data based on

certain criteria. For example, you might add a rule to exclude from extracting any

orders that are not yet closed.

runtime parameter A type of parameter that has its values set by the operator executing the job in

Console or on the command line. Typically, this type of parameter represents operational values that tend to change frequently and therefore need to be set each

time the job is run.

schema-based cartridge A cartridge that moves data based upon the database schema rather than a defined

data model with relationships. This type of cartridge is typically used for database

retirement or the cleanup of orphan tables.

selection The form of data selection to use (standard or advanced) for choosing data. When

creating a cartridge or adding it to a business flow, you must specify the selection

method.

source The location (database) from which you are copying or moving data.

standard selection A method of data selection that restricts itself to the rows identified by the model.

Unlike advanced selection, it does not attempt to traverse related rows across

multiple tables.

A database table, view, or synonym that is referenced in Designer, for example, in

the model. The same table can be used multiple times in a model. For example, a table could be appear as a transactional table and a lookup table in the same

model.

The location (XML) to which you are copying data.

transactional data

movement of movement.

transactional table A table that contains information about the business transaction. For example, a

transactional table might contain detailed tax or payment information related to

Transactional movement uses set-based data movement and is the default method

each business transaction.

unique identifiers (UIDs) A 16 hexadecimal identifier calculated based on the content of a Designer file.

This value is used to determine if the user has customized key pieces of a project.

virtual constraint

A constraint that you define in Designer that only exists within HP Test Data

Management as opposed to a database constraint, which exists within the

database.

Web Console A browser-based interface where you can create and manage your deployment

environments, and deploy, run, administer, and monitor your business flows.

HP Test Data Management 69

Index

A	G		
audience, 5	Groovy script, 24 exception, 48		
В	- -		
business flow, 16, 23, 28, 32, 46 creation, 39 deploy, 40, 41, 56 fail, 47, 48, 49, 50 missing, 13 partitioned data movement, 53 preview, 36 runtime, 17, 44 timeout error, 47	H HP Subscriber's choice web site, 8 I ij error, 61 Install, 12 installation directory, 12		
С	L		
cartridges, 32, 61 deploy, 32, 38, 60 conventions document, 7 D data masking, 17, 43 diagnosing errors, 12	log4j.properties, 22 log files, 21 advanced selection, 26, 27 cartridges, 25 Groovy script, 24 obt.log, 22 query server, 53 viewing, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28		
log files, 21	0		
document conventions, 7	obt.log, 22, 23		
prerequisites, 5 related documentation, 6 documentation HP web site, 6, 7 related, 6	P prerequisites, 5		
E	query server, 48 core dump, 54		
eligibility analytics, 13	install, 38		
extract job, 61	R		
F	remote view, 61		
foreign key, 15, 51			

```
S
Subscriber's choice, HP, 8
U
unique key, 14, 35, 56
W
Web Console, 33
    auto launch, 42
    business flow, 13, 16, 17
    cartridges, 38
    character set, 42
    connectivity, 13, 45
    data masking, 17
    redirect loop, 43
    repository, 12
web sites
    HP documentation, 6, 7
```

HP Subscriber's choice, 8

72 Index



