IP Telephony Call Detail Report Pack

For the Windows®, HP-UX, Solaris, and Linux operating systems

Software Version: 3.10

HP Performance Insight 5.41

User Guide



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This guide's title page contains the following identifying information:

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1 Overview

Performance Insight and Cisco CallManager

Performance Insight is a performance management application that collects data from many sources, performs in-depth trend analysis, maintains performance baselines, and provides users with convenient, web-based reporting. Following is a partial list of product features:

- Distributed architecture
- Easy to scale (supports data collection from thousands of agents)
- CODA/PA agent support
- Multi-company security model
- Data warehousing
- Near Real Time reporting
- Forecasting
- Multiple aggregations (by day, week, month; by location, by customer)
- Thresholding and alerting
- Bottlenecks easy to spot; capacity trends easy to assess
- Accurate and timely documentation for management

The reporting solution for Cisco CallManager call details consists of a report pack and a datapipe. Version 3.10 of the IP Telephony Call Detail Report Pack contains 51 reports. The datapipe, Cisco CDR Datapipe 3.21, has two data sources, Cisco CallManager and the NNM SPI for Cisco IP Telephony. Although Cisco CallManager has its own ad hoc reporting capability, the resulting reports are limited and difficult to produce. The reporting solution offers these advantages:

- Spans multiple CallManager clusters (inter-site reporting)
- Generates statistics for call quality, call availability, and call usage
- Generates the following statistics for CCM:
 - Gateway usage
 - Channel usage
 - Resource utilization
 - Performance Monitor
 - Voice application process
- Produces rolling baseline statistics
- Produces forecasts derived from rolling baseline statistics
- Monitors thresholds for usage and availability and reports threshold breaches

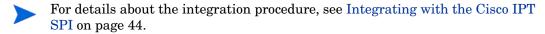
Integrates with the NNM SPI for Cisco IP Telephony

This report pack will not operate correctly until you assign a dial plan to each gateway. The procedure for this step is in Chapter 4, Post-Install Configuration. Chapter 4 also includes procedures for defining a data source. You can define the data source before installing the report pack or after installing the report pack.

Data Collection and Aggregation

The Cisco CDR Datapipe performs the following tasks:

- Creates rate data tables
- Collects data from two sources:
 - Cisco CallManager 4.x, 5.x, and 6.x
 - NNM SPI for Cisco IP Telephony



Maps data into hourly tables created by the IP Telephony Call Detail Report Pack.

Cisco CallManager as Data Source

Cisco CallManager produces two call information records:

- Call Detail Records (CDRs)
- Call Management Records (CMRs)

A CDR stores information about call endpoints and other call control/routing details. CDR data is used to generate bills, track call activity, to diagnose certain types of problems, and evaluate the quality of service of calls through the system. Beginning with Cisco Call Manager 5.0, CDR data includes MOS values. MOS values measure call quality.

A CMR contains information about the quality of streamed audio. In Cisco literature, both CDRs and CMRs together are referred to as CDR data.

The Cisco CDR Datapipe includes a preprocessor. If the raw data is not local, the preprocessor uses FTP to get the raw data. Next, the preprocessor parses CDR data, creating a format that Performance Insight can read and import.

Cisco IPT SPI as Data Source

The Cisco CDR Datapipe collects the following CCM details from the Cisco IPT SPI:

- Gateway availability and usage
- Gateway Endpoint availability and usage
- Channel availability and usage
- Performance Monitor statistics
- System resource usage
- Voice applications

The Cisco CDR Datapipe uses an XML parser to extract data from the SPI. If the SPI is not local, the XML parser uses FTP to get data from the SPI.

Mapping Rate Data to Hourly Tables

The Cisco CDR Datapipe runs a collection against each CallManager and the Cisco IPT SPI. Using data collected from these sources, the Cisco CDR Datapipe populates rate tables and maps data for the following statistics into hourly tables maintained by the report pack:

- Lost packets
- Jitter
- Latency
- QoS values derived from lost packets, jitter, and latency
- Call volume
- Call duration
- Call Success Ratio (CSR)
- Disconnect Cause Distribution
- Call Type Distribution

Data Summarization and Aggregation

In response to processing directives in the report pack, PI produces daily summaries from the hourly statistics, and monthly summaries from the daily statistics. In addition, PI aggregates data by:

- Phone Number
- Gateway (by CallManager and also by location)
- CallManager
- CallManager Cluster
- Location
- Process
- System Resource
- Performance Monitor

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Folders and Reports

IP Telephony Call Detail contains the following report folders:

- CallManager
- CallManager Cluster
- Gateway
- Performance Monitor
- Phone Number
- Process
- System Resource
- Voice Application
- Location

Folder contents are as follows:

Call Manager Folder

- CallManager History Summary
- CallManager QoS Summary
- CallManager History Top Ten
- CallManager QoS Top Ten
- CallManager Forecast

CallManager Cluster Folder

- Cluster History Summary
- Cluster QoS Summary
- Cluster History Top Ten
- Cluster QoS Top Ten
- Cluster Forecast

Gateway Folder

- Gateway History Summary by CallManager
- Gateway QoS Summary by CallManager
- Gateway History Top Ten by CallManager
- Gateway QoS Top Ten by CallManager
- Gateway Forecast by CallManager
- Gateway EndPoint Channel History Summary by CallManager
- Gateway EndPoint Channel Top Ten by CallManager
- Gateway EndPoint History Summary by CallManager
- Gateway EndPoint Top Ten by CallManager

Performance Monitor Folder

Performance Monitor Forecast by CallManager

Phone Number Folder

- Phone Number History Summary
- Phone Number QoS Summary
- Phone Number History Top Ten
- Phone Number QoS Top Ten
- Phone Number Forecast
- Phone Number MOS Forecast
- Phone Number MOS Summary
- Phone Number MOS Top 100 Offenders

Process Folder

- Process CallManager Forecast
- Process CallManager Summary

System Resource Folder

- System Resource Metrics Forecast by Call Manager
- System Resource Metrics Summary by Call Manager

Voice Application Folder

Voice Service History Summary by Call Manager

Location Folder

- Gateway History Summary by Location
- Gateway QoS Summary by Location
- Gateway History Top Ten by Location
- Gateway QoS Top Ten by Location
- Gateway Forecast by Location
- Location History Summary
- Location QoS Summary
- Location History Top Ten
- Location QoS Top Ten
- Location Forecast
- Gateway EndPoint Channel History Summary by Location
- Gateway EndPoint History Summary by Location

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- Process Forecast by Location
- Process Summary by Location
- System Resource Metrics Forecast by Location
- System Resource Metrics Summary by Location
- Voice Service History Summary by Location

Admin Folder

The Admin folder contains one inventory report. This report provides a list of clusters, CallManagers, gateways, and IP phones. The inventory report reads property tables that are created by the Admin module and populated by the Cisco CDR Datapipe.



IP Telephony Call Detail and IP Telephony Statistics use the same Admin module. They share the same inventory report and they share property tables.

Generic Report Types

The IP Telephony Report Pack contains multiple instances of these reports:

- **History Summary**. Provides summary data about call history from multiple perspectives. This report focuses on the Call Success Rate (CSR) percentage, while also providing statistics for Total Call Minutes and Total Normal Disconnections. Selection tables rank items by CSR, highest to lowest. You can investigate the CSR more closely by looking at the following graphs:
 - Total Call Volume
 - Total Call Minutes
 - Call Type Distribution
 - Maximum and Average Call Duration per success call
 - Abnormal Disconnect Cause
 - Call Duration Distribution
- **History Summary Top Ten.** Performs a ranking function, using results from yesterday. Provides the following tables:
 - Highest Call Volume
 - Highest Call Volume Increase
 - Most Call Minutes
 - Highest Call Minutes Increase
 - Worst Call Success Rate
 - Highest CSR Decrease
- **QoS Summary.** Provides summary data about call QoS metrics for multiple perspectives. Focuses on the packets lost, jitter, latency, and average QoS. You can investigate call QoS more closely by looking at the following graphs:
 - Calls by QoS value stacked by:
 - Good
 - Acceptable

- Fair
- Poor
- Packet Lost
- Jitter
- Latency
- **QoS Top Ten.** Performs a ranking function, using results from yesterday. Provides the following tables:
 - Highest Packet Lost
 - Highest Packet Lost Increase
 - Highest Jitter
 - Highest Jitter Increase
 - Highest Latency
 - Highest Latency Decrease
- **Forecast reports.** Focus on Total Calls 30, 60, and 90 days from today. You can investigate forecasts in more detail by using the following tabbed graphs:
 - Call Volume Forecast
 - Call Minutes Forecast
 - Call Success Rate Forecast
 - Average QoS Forecast

Use the Standard tab to compare the baseline average to future performance; use the Day of Week tab to correlate future performance by day of week; use the History tab to track the data used in the forecast. The rolling baseline average is based on 91 days of data.

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Integration with Network Node Manager

If you integrate PI and NNM, you can diagnose and isolate problems faster. Integrating NNM and PI involves running and configuring an integration script on NNM and running the Integration Wizard on PI.

If NNM and PI are already integrated, make sure to install the optional thresholds sub-package that comes with IP Telephony Call Detail. Installing the thresholds sub-package configures the Thresholds Module to detect threshold breaches related to Call Success, Network Fail, and QoS. If the Thresholds Module detects a breach, it responds by taking an action. The default action is to send a threshold trap to NNM. The trap received by NNM becomes an alarm in the NNM alarm browser. The NNM operator can respond to the alarm by opening the following reports:

- CallManager History Summary
- CallManager QoS Summary
- Gateway History Summary by Location
- Gateway QoS Summary by Location

Configuring the Thresholds Module is necessary. You need to configure the trap destination if you want to receive traps in NNM.

You can modify category, severity, and destination parameters at any time. For details about these options, see the *Thresholds Module User Guide*.

Options for Customizing Reports

The contents of a report can be customized. Here are your options:

- Apply group filters
- · Edit parameters, tables, and graphs
- Add and modify property information, including thresholds

Service providers use group filters to produce customer-specific reports. Edits to parameters, tables, and graphs are temporary change that anyone can make. For more information about view options for tables and graphs see Editing Tables and Graphs.

Group Filters

If you want to share reports with your customers, you must configure PI to produce customer-specific reports. Here is an overview of the steps involved:

- Use Common Property Tables to import customer names and device locations
- Create a group account for all the users affiliated with each customer
- Create a group filter for each group account

For more information about group filters, see the *HP Performance Insight Administration Guide*.

Importing Property Information

The reports in this package include the following types of property information:

- The ID assigned to a cluster, CallManager, or gateway
- The customer and location associated with a cluster, CallManager, or gateway
- Threshold values assigned to a CallManager, gateway, or QoS parameter
- Users and locations assigned to IP phones

Property information comes from the following sources:

- Cisco CDR Datapipe
- Common Property Tables
- Change forms bundled with IP Telephony Call Detail

If the Cisco CDR Datapipe identifies a new CallManager or gateway, it will add that CallManager or gateway to Common Property Tables. When that CallManager or gateway appears in reports, the following defaults will appear as associated properties:

- Customer Unassigned
- Location Unassigned

To associate a customer or a location with a CallManager or a gateway, use the Update Node Information form. This form is bundled with Common Property Tables. When you navigate the object tree, you will see the form listed under **Object Specific Tasks**.

The following properties are imported using forms bundled with IP Telephony Call Detail:

CallManager thresholds

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- Call Success threshold
- Network Fail threshold
- QoS threshold
- Gateway thresholds
 - Call Success threshold
 - Network Fail threshold
 - QoS threshold
- Gateway dial plans
 - International call prefix
 - Local area codes
 - Toll free codes



Assigning a dial plan to each of your gateways is mandatory. If this step is not taken, the report pack will not function properly.

- IP phone properties
 - User
 - Location
- QoS thresholds
 - Packet loss
 - Jitter
 - Latency

For more details about forms, see Chapter 4, Post-Install Configuration.

Editing Parameters

Editing a parameter applies a constraint. The constraint filters out the data you are not interested in seeing. If you edit the Customer Name parameter, data for every customer except the customer you typed in the Customer Name field drops from the report. Similarly, if you edit the Location parameter, data for all locations except the location you typed in the Location field drops from the report.

You can apply multiple constraints at once. Which constraints are available depends on which report you are viewing. Each report supports one or more of the following constraints:

- Customer
- Location
- Cluster
- CallManager
- Gateway
- Phone number

If you are using the Web Access Server to view reports remotely, edit parameters by clicking the Edit Parameters icon at the bottom right-hand corner of the report. When the Edit Parameters window opens, enter the constraint in the field and click **Submit**.

If you are using Report Viewer, select $Edit \rightarrow Parameter \ Values$ from the menu bar. When the Modify Parameter Values window opens, click the Current Value field. Type a new value and click OK.

Sources for Additional Information

This guide contains samples of some of the reports in the package. The demo package that comes with IP Telephony Call Detail contains a sample of every report in the package. If you have access to the demo package and you want to know what fully-populated reports look like, install the demo package. Like real reports, demo reports are interactive. Unlike real reports, demo reports are static.

For information regarding the latest enhancements to this package and any known issues, refer to the *IP Telephony Call Detail Report Pack Release Notes*. You may also be interested in the following documents:

- Call Manager 4.0(1) Call Detail Record Definition (Cisco)
- Call Manager 5.0 Call Detail Record Definition (Cisco)
- Call Manager 6.0 Call Detail Record Definition (Cisco)
- Cisco IP Telephony Statistics User Guide
- PI Report Packs, CD-ROM Release Notes, November 2009

You can download manuals for PI and manuals for the reporting solutions that run on PI from this site:

http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

The user guides for PI are listed under **Performance Insight**. The user guides for report packs and datapipes are listed under **Performance Insight Report Packs**. Every guide indicates a date. If a guide is revised and reposted, the date will change. Since we post revised manuals on a regular basis, you should check this site for updates.

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2 Upgrade Install

This chapter provides guidelines for a smooth upgrad, steps that you can follow to upgrade the IP Telephony Call Detail report pack to the latest version, and steps on how to remove packages.

Guidelines for Upgrade

The report pack CD contains report packs, datapipes, and several shared packages. When you insert the CD and launch the extraction program, the install script extracts every package from the CD and copies the results to the Packages directory on your system. When the extract finishes, the install script prompts you to launch PI and start Package Manager. Before using Package Manager, review the following guidelines.

Prerequisites for Cisco CallManager

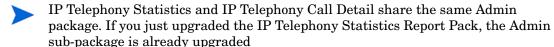
Each system running CallManager must be running the following software:

- CallManager version 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x
- FTP server (if running CallManager 4.x)

Prerequisites for Installing the Upgrade Package

The following software must be in place before upgrading:

- PI 5.41
- Any and all service packs available for PI 5.41
- Common Property Tables 3.91
- Cisco IP Telephony Admin 2.10
- Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails 3.10
- Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails Location 2.20 (optional)
- Cisco CDR Datapipe



• FTP server configured with the trendadm user (allows the trendadm user to FTP)

Distributed Environments

If you are running IP Telephony Call Detail in a distributed environment, the upgrade is more complicated. These are the steps to follow:

- 1 Disable trendcopy on the central server.
- 2 Install the following package on the central server:
 - Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Upgrade_to_31; deploy reports
 - Cisco_IP_Telephony_Admin_Upgrade_to_21; deploy reports
 - Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Loc_Upgrade_to_22
- 3 For each satellite server:
 - Install the following packages:
 - Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Upgrade_to_31
 - Cisco_IP_Telephony_Admin_Upgrade_to_21
 - Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Loc_Upgrade_to_22
 - Install Cisco CDR Datapipe 3.21
 - Until recently, you needed to delete the older version of the Cisco CDR Datapipe, in order to install the newer version. This step is no longer necessary. The existing configurations of your CDR datapipe are retained while you install the CiscoCDR_Datapipe_Upgrade_to_321 package.
- 4 Re-enable trendcopy on the central server.
- 5 Configure the central server and each satellite server. For details, see Chapter 5, Setting up a Distributed System.

Upgrading Common Property Tables

If you are running an earlier version of Common Property Tables, upgrade to version 3.91 by installing the upgrade package CommonPropertyTables_Upgrade_to_391. Installing this upgrade is no different from installing any other upgrade. However, do not install this upgrade package and other packages at the same time. Install only the upgrade package for Common Property Tables.

Upgrading IP Telephony Call Detail to 3.10

Perform the following tasks to upgrade IP Telephony Call Detail to version 3.10:

- Task 1: Extract packages from the report pack CD
- Task 2: If necessary, upgrade to Common Property Tables 3.91 by installing CommonPropertyTables Upgrade to 391 package
- Task 3: Pre-install configuration for UPGRADE CiscoCDR Datapipe to 321.ap
- Task 4: Install the upgrade packages

- Task 6: Install Cisco CDR Datapipe 3.21

Until recently, you needed to delete the older version of the Cisco CDR Datapipe, in order to install the newer version. This step is no longer necessary. The existing configurations of your CDR datapipe would be retained while you install the CiscoCDR_Datapipe_Upgrade_to_321 package.

• Task 7: Post-install configuration for UPGRADE_CiscoCDR_Datapipe_to_321.ap



If your system is distributed, do not install the datapipe on the central server.

Task 1: Extract Packages from the report pack CD to the Packages directory on your system

- l Log on to the system. On UNIX systems, log on as root.
- 2 Stop OVPI Timer and wait for processes to terminate.

 $Windows: Select Settings \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Services.$

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer stop Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi timer stop

- Insert the report pack CD in the CD-ROM drive. On Windows, a Main Menu is displayed automatically. On UNIX, mount the CD if it does not mount automatically, then navigate to the top-level directory on the CD and run the ./setup command.
- 4 Type 1 in the choice field and press **Enter**. The install script displays a percentage complete bar. When the copy is complete, the install script starts Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.

When the copy to the Packages directory is complete, you can see the results by navigating to the Packages directory. If you open the IP_Telephony folder, you can see the following sub-directories:

- Docs
- Gateway_Statistics.ap
- Gateway_Statistics_Demo.ap
- Gateway Statistics Location.ap
- Gateway_Statistics_Thresholds.ap
- IPT Admin.ap
- IPT_CallDetails.ap
- IPT_CallDetails_Demo.ap
- IPT_CallDetails_Location.ap
- IPT_CallDetails_Thresholds.ap
- NNM_Utils
- UPGRADE Gateway Statistics to 32.ap
- UPGRADE_Gateway_Statistics_Location_to_31.ap
- UPGRADE IPT Admin to 21.ap
- UPGRADE_IPT_CallDetails_to_31.ap
- UPGRADE_IPT_CallDetails_Location_to_22.ap

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Under the Cisco CDR Datapipe folder, you will see the following folder:

- CiscoCDR_Datapipe.ap
- Docs

Task 2: If necessary, upgrade to Common Property Tables 3.91

IP Telephony Call Detail requires Common Property Tables. If you have not already upgraded to version 3.91, upgrade now by installing CommonPropertyTables_Upgrade_to_391 package. Do not install other packages when you upgrade Common Property Tables. If you need help with the upgrade, refer to the *Common Property Tables User Guide*. When you finish the upgrade, click **Done** to return to the Management Console.

Task 3: Pre-install configuration for CiscoCDR_Datapipe_Upgrade_to_321.ap

Before you proceed with the upgrade install, perform the following steps for UPGRADE CiscoCDR Datapipe to 321.ap:

- Locate the file { DPIPE_HOME} / packages/CiscoCDR_Datapipe/
 UPGRADE_CiscoCDR_Datapipe_to_321.ap/CCM6_datapipe.ini, then locate line 5:
 args=-username=abc -password=abc -ccmHost=xx.xxx.xxx.xxx -servicePort=8443
 -ftpHost=xx.xxx.xxx.xxx -ftpUser=xyz -ftpPassword=xyz -ftpDir=/xyz/
 -timeZone=PST -nday=1
- 2 Replace values of the parameters with real ones. Among them, default service port number is **8443**, default nday value is **1**, which means fetch data of yesterday.

```
username=<CCM UserName>
password=<CCM passwd>
ccmHost=<CCM IPAddress>
servicePort=<CCM PortNo> default : 8443
ftpHost=<PI FTP IPAddress>
ftpUser=<PI FTPUSer>
ftpPassword=<PI FTPHost>
ftpDir=/xyz/
timeZone=PST
nday=1
```

3 Copy the updated file from

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/packages/CiscoCDR_Datapipe/
UPGRADE_CiscoCDR_Datapipe_to_321.ap/CCM6_datapipe.ini
to the following folder
{DPIPE_HOME}/packages/CiscoCDR_Datapipe/CiscoCDR_Datapipe.ap.
```

Task 4: Install the upgrade package(s)

- 1 Start Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.
- 2 Click **Next**. The Package Location window opens.
- 3 Click Install.
- 4 Approve the default installation directory or select a different directory if necessary.
- 5 Click **Next**. The Report Deployment window opens. Accept the default for Deploy Reports; accept the defaults for application server name and port; type your user name and password for the PI Application Server.
- 6 Click **Next**. The Package Selection window opens.
- 7 Click the check box next to the following packages:

- Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Upgrade_to_31
- Cisco_IP_Telephony_Admin_Upgrade_to_21
- Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails Loc Upgrade to 22
- 8 Click **Next**. The Type Discovery window opens.
- 9 Disable the default and click **Next**. The Selection Summary window opens.
- 10 Click **Install**. The Installation Progress window opens and the install process begins. When the install finishes, an installation complete message appears.
- 11 Click **Done** to return to the Management Console.

Task 5: Remove Cisco CDR Datapipe 2.10

- 1 Start Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.
- 2 Click **Next.** The Package Location window opens.
- 3 Click Uninstall.
- 4 Click Next. The Report Undeployment window opens.
- 5 Accept the defaults for Undeploy Reports, Application Server Name, and Port; type the username and password for *trendadm*.
- 6 Click Next. The Package Selection window opens.
- 7 Click the check box next to the following package:
 - CiscoCDR_Datapipe 2.1
- 8 Click Next. The Selection Summary window opens.
- 9 Click **Uninstall**. The Progress window opens and the removal process begins. When removal finishes, a removal complete message appears.
- 10 Click **Done** to return to the Management Console.

Task 6: Install Cisco CDR Datapipe 3.21; restart OVPI Timer

- 1 Start Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.
- 2 Click Next. The Package Location window opens.
- 3 Click Install.
- 4 Click **Next**. The Report Deployment window opens. Disable the default for Deploy Reports. Accept the defaults for application server name and port. Type your user name and password for the PI Application Server.
- 5 Click **Next**. The Package Selection window opens.
- 6 Click the check box next to the following package:
 - Cisco CDR Datapipe 3.21
- 7 Click Next. The Type Discovery window opens. Disable the default.
- 8 Click **Next**. The Selection Summary window opens.
- 9 Click **Install** to begin the installation process. The Installation Progress window opens and the install process begins. When the install finishes, an installation complete message appears.
- 10 Click **Done** to return to the Management Console.

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11 Restart OVPI Timer.

 $Windows: Select \ \$ Settings $\rightarrow \ \$ Control Panel $\rightarrow \ \$ Administrative Tools $\rightarrow \ \$ Services.

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

```
HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer start Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi timer start
```

Task 7: Post-install configuration for UPGRADE CiscoCDR Datapipe to 321.ap

- Update the {DPIPE_HOME}/lib/trendtimer.sched as follows, then restart the OVPI timer service after you finish the modification.
 - **q** Comment line:

```
1:00+30 - - {DPIPE_HOME}/bin/trend_proc -f {DPIPE_HOME}/scripts/CiscoCDR.pro
```

b Add line:

```
24:00+1:00 - - {DPIPE_HOME}/bin/trend_proc -f {DPIPE_HOME}/
scripts/CiscoCDR.pro
```

- 2 Perform the following steps:
 - Run the following command on the server where the NNM SPI for IPT is installed ovstop -d OVPI_IPT_Datapipe
 - Take a backup of the iptdatapipe.jar file and copy the updated version to replace the existing jar file.
 - The location of this jar file would be \$OV MAIN PATH/java folder.
 - c Run the following command on the server where the NNM SPI for IPT is installed: ovstart -d OVPI IPT Datapipe
- 3 To collect data from CCM 5.x/6.x repository box, the CDRonDemand Service needs to be started on CCM 5.x/6.x repository box.

Package Removal

Follow these steps to uninstall IP Telephony Call Detail and associated packages.

- 1 Log on to the system. On UNIX systems, log on as root.
- 2 Stop OVPI Timer and wait for processes to terminate.

```
Windows: Select Settings \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Services.
```

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

```
HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer stop
Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi timer stop
```

- 3 Start Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.
- 4 Click **Next.** The Package Location window opens.
- 5 Click Uninstall.
- 6 Click **Next.** The Report Undeployment window opens. Accept the defaults for Undeploy Reports, Application Server Name, and Port. Type the username and password for *trendadm*.
- 7 Click **Next**. The Package Selection window opens.
- 8 Click the check box next to the following packages:

```
Cisco_IP_Telephony_Admin
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Location (if installed)
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Thresholds (if installed)
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Demo (if installed)
CiscoCDR_Datapipe
```

- 9 Click **Next.** The Selection Summary window opens.
- 10 Click **Uninstall**. The Progress window opens and the removal process begins. When removal finishes, a removal complete message appears.
- 11 Click **Done** to return to the Management Console.
- 12 Restart OVPI Timer.

```
Windows: Select \  \, \mathbf{Settings} \to \mathbf{Control} \  \, \mathbf{Panel} \to \mathbf{Administrative} \  \, \mathbf{Tools} \to \mathbf{Services}
```

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

```
HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer start
Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi_timer start
```

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3 New Install

Guidelines for Install

An PI reporting solution has two ingredients, a report pack and a datapipe. Some reporting solutions offer multiple datapipes. Installing a datapipe configures PI to collect a specific type of performance data at a specific interval. Installing a report pack configures PI to summarize and aggregate the data collected by the datapipe.

When you insert the report pack CD-ROM and launch the package extraction program, the install script extracts every package from the CD and copies the results to the Packages directory on your system. After the extract finishes, the install script prompts you to launch PI and start Package Manager.

This chapter contains the package extract procedure. If the extraction step has already taken place, then IP Telephony Call Detail is ready to install. Before starting Package Manager, review the following guidelines.

Prerequisites for a New Install

The following software must be in place before installing the IPT Call Detail package on the system running PI:

- PI 5.41
- All service packs available for 5.41
- FTP server configured with the trendadm user (allows the trendadm user to FTP)

Details about each service pack, including installation instructions, can be found in the release notes created for each service pack.

The following software must be in place on the CallManager system:

- CallManager version 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x
- FTP server (if running CallManager version 4.x)

Distributed Environments

If you intend to run this package in a distributed environment, installation is more complicated. The rules are as follows:

- Make sure that every server is running the same version of PI.
- Make sure that every server is running the same service packs.
- Disable trendcopy on the central server.
- Install the following packages on the central server:
 - Cisco IP Telephony Admin; deploy reports

- Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails; deploy reports
- Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails Location; deploy reports
- Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails Thresholds
- Thresholds Module (Threshold and Event Generation)
- Common Property Tables
- Install the following packages on each satellite server:
 - Cisco IP Telephony Admin
 - Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails
 - Cisco IP Telephony CallDetails Location
 - Common Property Tables
 - Cisco CDR Datapipe
- Re-enable trendcopy on the central server.
- Configure the central server and each satellite server. For details, see Chapter 5, Setting up a Distributed System.

Upgrading Common Property Tables to Version 3.91

IP Telephony Call Detail requires Common Property Tables. If you are installing everything for the first time, the install wizard will install Common Property Tables for you. If you are running an earlier version of Common Property Tables, upgrade to the latest version by installing the upgrade package CommonPropertyTables_Upgrade_to_391. Do not install other packages when you upgrade Common Property Tables. Install *only* the upgrade package for Common Property Tables.

Integration with the NNM Alarm Browser

If NNM and PI are integrated, PI can notify NNM when threshold breaches are detected. To take advantage of this feature, install the optional thresholds sub-package. The default settings enabled by the optional thresholds sub-package can be modified by using the forms described in Chapter 4, Post-Install Configuration.

The thresholds sub-package has a prerequisite, the Threshold and Event Generation Module, commonly known as the Thresholds Module. For more information about configuration options, recent changes, and installation, see the *Thresholds Module User Guide*.

Installable Packages and Sub-Packages

Once PI packages are extracted from the CD to the Packages directory on your system, the following packages are available for installation.

IPT_Admin.ap

Allows the Cisco IP Telephony Statistics Report Pack and the IP Telephony Call Detail Report Pack to share property data for the objects they have in common. Sharing property data eliminates duplication, allows the database to operate more efficiently, and simplifies administration. The Admin module creates the following tables:

K_IPT_Cluster — for IP Telephony CallManager clusters

- K_IPT_CManager for IP Telephony CallManagers
- K_IPT_gateway for the gateways associated with CallManagers
- K_IPT_gateway_loc for the gateways associated with locations
- K_IPT_phoneNum for the IP phones associated with CallManagers
- K_IPT_loc for the IP phones associated with locations
- K_IPT_Qos for QoS parameters

The data in these tables can be modified using the property update forms described in Chapter 4, Post-Install Configuration.

Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails.ap

The main package. Contains directives for PI related to summarizing and aggregating data.

Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Location.ap

An optional sub-package that makes it possible to see usage patterns and trends aggregated by location.

Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Thresholds.ap

This optional sub-package contains a thresholds policy. The policy is read by the Thresholds Module. The Thresholds Module monitors the database for threshold conditions and responds to a breach condition by taking an action. The Thresholds Module is a prerequisite for the optional thresholds sub-package.

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Installing IP Telephony Call Detail

Perform the following tasks to install IP Telephony Call Detail:

Task 1: Stop OVPI Timer and extract packages from the report pack CD

- 1 Log on to the system. On UNIX systems, log on as root.
- 2 Stop OVPI Timer and wait for processes to terminate.

```
Windows: Select \  \, Settings \rightarrow Control \  \, Panel \rightarrow Administrative \  \, Tools \rightarrow Services.
```

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

```
HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer stop
Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi timer stop
```

- Insert the report pack CD in the CD-ROM drive. On Windows, a Main Menu is displayed automatically. On UNIX, mount the CD if it does not mount automatically, then navigate to the top level directory on the CD and run the ./setup command.
- 4 Type **1** in the choice field and press **Enter**. The install script displays a percentage complete bar. When the copy is complete, the install script starts Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.

When the copy to the Packages directory is complete, you have the option of seeing the results by navigating to the Packages directory. If you open the IP_Telephony folder, you can see the following contents:

- Docs
- Gateway_Statistics.ap
- Gateway_Statistics_Demo.ap
- Gateway_Statistics_Location.ap
- Gateway_Statistics_Thresholds.ap
- IPT_Admin.ap
- IPT_CallDetails.ap
- IPT_CallDetails_Demo.ap
- IPT_CallDetails_Location.ap
- IPT_CallDetails_Thresholds.ap
- NNM_Utils
- UPGRADE_Gateway_Statistics_to_32.ap
- UPGRADE_IPT_Admin_to_21.ap
- UPGRADE_IPT_CallDetails_to_30.ap
- UPGRADE_IPT_CallDetails_Location_to_21.ap

Under the Cisco CDR Datapipe folder, you can see the following folder:

- CiscoCDR_Datapipe.ap
- Docs

You can ignore the upgrade packages. Installing the demo package is optional. You can install the demo package by itself, with no other packages, or you can install the demo package along with everything else.

Task 2: Upgrade to Common Property Tables 3.91

If you have not already upgraded to Common Property Tables 3.91, upgrade now by installing CommonPropertyTables_Upgrade_to_391 package. If you need help with the upgrade, see the *Common Property Tables User Guide*. When Package Manager indicates that the upgrade is complete, click **Done** to return to the Management Console.

Task 3: Install IP Telephony Call Detail, the Datapipe, and Optional Sub-Packages

- 1 Start Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.
- 2 Click **Next.** The Package Location window opens.
- 3 Click **Install**. Approve the default installation directory or select a different directory if necessary.
- 4 Click **Next**. The Report Deployment window opens. Accept the default for Deploy Reports; accept the defaults for application server name and port; type your user name and password for the PI Application Server.
- 5 Click **Next.** The Package Selection window opens.
- 6 Click the check box next to the following packages:

 $Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails$

Cisco_IP_Telephony_Admin

 $Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Location$

 $Cisco-IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Thresholds$

 $CiscoCDR_Datapipe$



If your system is distributed, the thresholds sub-package belongs on the central server, not on satellite servers. Installing the thresholds sub-package on satellite servers is necessary only if you want to set thresholds against hourly data.

The Cisco CDR Datapipe must be installed on any server that polls.

- 7 Click **Next.** The Type Discovery window opens. Disable the default.
- 8 Click **Next**. The Selection Summary window opens.
- 9 Click **Install** to begin the installation process. The Installation Progress window opens and the install process begins. When the install finishes, an installation complete message appears.
- 10 Click **Done** to return to the Management Console.
- 11 Restart OVPI Timer.

Windows: Select Settings \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Services.

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer start Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi timer start

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Accessing Deployed Reports

When you installed the Call Detail package, you enabled the Deploy Reports option. As a result, the reports in this package (as well as any forms that come with this package) were deployed to the PI Application Server. Once reports reside on the PI Application Server, you have two ways to view them:

- PI client applications
- Web browser

If the client applications are installed on your system, you have access to Report Viewer, Report Builder, and the Management Console. If you do not have the client applications, you must use a web browser to view reports.

For more information about the clients, see the respective *HP Performance Insight Installation and Upgrade Guide*. For details about the Management Console, including how to use the Object/Property Management view to launch reports specific to a selected object, see the *HP Performance Insight Administration Guide*.

New Objects for the Object Model

An object is any item that has performance data or property information associated with it. Devices, customers, and locations are objects, and all three of these object categories belong to PI's default object model. When you select an object in the object model, the right side of the Object/Property Management window refreshes, showing a list of forms under **General Tasks**, a list of forms under **Object Specific Tasks**, and a list of reports under **Object Specific Reports**.

The object tree changes each time you install a new report pack. Some report packs add a new class of objects or services that do not fit within the default model. When this happens, installing the report pack adds a new view. To open the new view, select $View \rightarrow Change View$.

IP Telephony Call Detail adds the following object categories to the object model:

- Cluster
- CallManager
- Gateway
- GW Endpoint
- Channel
- IP_Phone

Package Removal

Follow these steps to uninstall IPT Call Detail and the associated packages.

- 1 Log on to the system. On UNIX systems, log on as root.
- 2 Stop OVPI Timer and wait for processes to terminate.

```
Windows: Select Settings \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Services.
```

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

```
HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer stop
Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi timer stop
```

- 3 Select Start → HP Software → Performance Insight → Package Manager. The Package Manager welcome window opens.
- 4 Click Next. The Package Location window opens.
- 5 Click Uninstall.
- 6 Click **Next.** The Report Undeployment window opens. Accept the defaults for Undeploy Reports, Application Server Name, and Port. Type your username and password.
- 7 Click **Next**. The Package Selection window opens.
- 8 Click the check box next to the following packages:

```
Cisco_IP_Telephony_Admin
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Location (if installed)
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Thresholds (if installed)
Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Demo (if installed)
CiscoCDR_Datapipe
```

- 9 Click **Next.** The Selection Summary window opens.
- 10 Click **Uninstall**. The Progress window opens and the removal process begins. When removal finishes, a removal complete message appears.
- 11 Click **Done** to return to the Management Console.
- 12 Restart OVPI Timer.

```
Windows: Select Settings \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Services.
```

UNIX: As root, do one of the following:

```
HP-UX: sh /sbin/init.d/ovpi_timer start
Solaris: sh /etc/init.d/ovpi_timer start
```

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4 Post-Install Configuration

This chapters covers the following post-install configuration topics:

- Configuring a data source
- Assigning dial plans to gateways
- Integrating the reporting solution with the Cisco IPT SPI
- Modifying default thresholds for CallManagers and gateways
- Modifying users and locations for IP phones
- Modifying QoS parameters

Assigning dial plans to gateways is mandatory. The report pack will not operate correctly until every gateway has a dial plan assigned to it.

Configuring a Data Source

This section explains how to:

- Schedule an export of data from a CCM 4.x database
- Schedule an export from the CDR Diagnostic table
- Configure the preprocessor to FTP CallManager raw data files to your PI server
- Use an FTP session to transfer raw data files
- Collect data from a CCM 5.x database
- Start the CDR onDemand Service
- Apply a workaround for supporting multiple versions of CCM

Exporting Data from CCM 4.x

Follow these steps to schedule an export of data from the *CallDetailRecord* table in a CCM 4.x database:

- Select Start \rightarrow Programs \rightarrow Microsoft SQL Server \rightarrow Enterprise Manager. The SQL Server Enterprise Manager window opens.
- Select Console Root \rightarrow Microsoft SQL Servers \rightarrow SQL Server Group and select the SQL server name in the Tree window.
- 3 Select $Tool \rightarrow Data$ Transformation Services \rightarrow Export Data. The DTS Import/Export Wizard opens.
- 4 Click **Next.** The Choose a Data Source window opens.
- 5 Select **CDR** in the **Database** drop-down list.

- 6 Click **Next.** The Choose a Destination window opens.
- 7 Select **Text File** in the **Destination** drop-down list.
- 8 Type the path\filename in the **File name** field. For example:

```
C:\IPT_CDR\cdr-Jan200730.csv
```



cdr word must be there in file.

- 9 Click Next. The Specify Table Copy or Query window opens.
- 10 Click Use a query to specify the data to transfer.
- 11 Click Next. The Type SQL Statement window opens.
- 12 Type the following SQL statement in the Query statement window:

```
"select cdrRecordType,
globalCallID callManagerID,
globalCallID callID,
dateTimeOrigination,
origSpan,
origIpAddr,
CallingPartyNumber,
origCause value,
origMediaTransportAddress IP,
origMediaCap payloadCapability,
destSpan,
destIpAddr,
finalCalledPartyNumber,
destCause value,
destMediaTransportAddress IP,
destMediaCap payloadCapability,
dateTimeConnect,
dateTimeDisconnect,
duration,
origDeviceName,
destDeviceName,
globalCallID ClusterID
from CallDetailRecord
where datediff(day,dateadd(second,dateTimeDisconnect,'1/1/
1970'),getdate())=1"
```

- 13 Click Next. The Select Destination File Format window opens.
- 14 Accepts the default settings by clicking **Next**. The Save, Schedule, and Replicate Package window opens.
- 15 Mark the Schedule DTS package for later execution check box.
- 16 Click Next. The Save DTS Package window opens.
- 17 Type the name of your DTS package in the **Name** field. For example:

```
Export CDRs
```

- 18 Click Next. The Summary window of the DTS Import/Export Wizard opens.
- 19 Click **Finish** if there is no error in the Summary window.
- 20 Click **OK** if a pop-up window opens with this message:

Successfully copied a table from the Microsoft SQL Server to flat file.

If you see an error message, fix the problem, then repeat these steps.

21 Click **Done** in the Executing Package window.

Scheduling an Export from CallDetailRecordDiagnostic

Follow these steps to schedule an export of data from the CallDetailRecordDiagnostic table:

- 1 Repeat steps 1 through 11 above.
- 2 Type the following SQL statement in the Query statement window:

```
"select cdrRecordType,
globalCallID_callManagerID,
globalCallID_callID,
dateTimeStamp,
numberPacketsSent,
numberOctetsSent,
numberPacketsReceived,
numberOctetsReceived,
numberPacketsLost,
jitter,
latency,
deviceName,
globalCallID_ClusterID
from CallDetailRecordDiagnostic
```

- 3 Repeat steps 13 through 16 above.
- 4 Type the name of your DTS package in the **Name** field. For example:

```
Export CMRs
```

5 Repeat steps 18 through 21 above.

Using an FTP Session to Transfer Raw Data Files

If CallManager is storing raw data on a remote machine, configure the preprocessor to FTP those files from the remote machine to your PI server. Follow these steps:

1 Open this file:

```
{DPIPE HOME}/scripts/CiscoCDR Collection.pro
```

2 Locate this line:

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/perl {DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CiscoCDR_PP.pl
```

3 Change that line to:

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/perl {DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CiscoCDR_PP.pl -f 1
-m <Remote_Host_Name> -u <username> -p password> -r <remote_directory>
-v <CDR/CMR_version>
```

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where options for this command include:

Option	Description		
-a	The name of the CallManager to be monitored. The default is all devices are monitored.		
-b	The backup option for the Cisco CDR raw data files: delete, keep, or move. The default is to move the CDR data files to the following directory:		
-d	<pre>{DPIPE_HOME}/data/ImportData/CiscoCDR_Datapipe/backup</pre> The date of the CDR data file (in yyyymmdd format) to retrieve. The default is to retrieve all CDR data files (all dates).		
-f	The location from which to retrieve the CDR data files: 0 or 1 where 0 retrieves the CDR files from a local directory (defined by the -l option) and 1 retrieves the CDR files using ftp. The default is 0.		
-h	Lists the description of the command options.		
-l	The local directory where Cisco CDR data files are located. The default is {DPIPE_HOME}/data/ImportData/CiscoCDR_Datapipe		
-m	The ftp target machine name.		
-p	The password to use for the ftp session		
-r	The remote directory on the ftp target machine from which to retrieve the CDR data files.		
-u	The username to use for ftp session.		
-v	The version of the CCM data definition: 4.x, 5.x, or 6.x. The default is 5.x.		

Collecting Data from a CCM 5.x Database

Follow these steps to collect data from a CallManager 5.x repository server:

1 Open this file:

```
{DPIPE HOME}/scripts/CiscoCDR Collection.pro
```

2 Locate this line:

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CCM5_datapipe -username=abc -password=abc -ccmHost=xx.xxx.xxx -servicePort=8080 -ftpHost=xyz -ftpDir=/xyz/ -timeZone=PST
```

3 Change that line to:

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CCM5_datapipe -username=<repository_user>
-password=<repository_password> -ccmHost=<repository_IP_address>
-servicePort=<repository_service_port_number>
-ftpHost=<name_of_OVPI_server_running_FTP> -ftpUser=<FTP_user>
-ftpPassword=<FTP_password>
-ftpDir=<full_pathname_of_location_of_collected_data>
-timeZone=<repository_time_zone>
```

CDR on Demand Service

CallManaager 5.x includes a web service called CDR onDemand Service. CDR onDemand Service is a SOAP/HTTPS-based service that runs on the CDR Repository node. However, you must start the service from the CallManager 5.x repository server.

CDR onDemand Service receives SOAP requests for CDR file name lists. The lists are based on a time interval specified by the user. The maximum time interval is one hour. The CDR onDemand Service returns all the lists that fit the specified time duration.

CDR onDemand Service uses FTP to deliver a specific CDR file to a destination. The program that fetches data from the CallManager 5.x repository server, and puts the data in a folder defined by the user, is CCM5_datapipe. If you are running CCM5_datapipe, supplying the FTP parameter is mandatory.

How to Support Multiple Versions of CCM

Using the following workaround, you can use multiple versions of CCM (5.x/4.x/6.x) and reporting will be done:

1 Make a backup of CiscoCDR Collection.pro file.

This .pro file resides in two places:

- {DPIPE HOME}/scripts
- {DPIPE HOME}/packages/CiscoCDR Datapipe/CiscoCDR Datapipe.ap
- 2 Navigate to the scripts directory and open CiscoCDR Collection.pro.
- 3 Make sure that the data folder that stores CCM 5.x data is not the same folder that is being used by the IPT SPI or for other versions of CCM. To define a unique data folder for CCM 5.x, modify the command parameter in line 27:

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CCM5_datapipe -username=abc -password=abc -ccmHost=xx.xxx.xxx -servicePort=8080 -ftpHost=xyz -ftpDir=/xyz/ -timeZone=PST)
```

When processing reaches line 20, data has been collected from CCM 5.x, but the NNM parser has not run. Add the following lines after line 20:

```
begin: wait
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/perl {DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CiscoCDR_PP.pl -1 < local directory
where CCM 5.x data files are located> -v 5.x
end:
begin: wait
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/ee_collect -s < source file name with full path> -a
CiscoCDR_CDRs -mw "-X"
end:
begin: wait
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/ee_collect -s < source file name with full path> -a
CiscoCDR_Hist_phoneNum -mw "-X"
end:
begin: wait
```

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```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/ee_collect -s < source file name with full path> -a CiscoCDR_CMRs -mw "-X" end:
```

Assigning Dial Plans to Gateways

Assigning dial plans to gateways is mandatory. The IP Telephony Call Detail Report Pack will not operate correctly until you have assigned a dial plan to every gateway. *Do this as soon as possible.* As soon as possible means one day after the datapipe's first data collection. Follow these steps:

- 1 Start the Management Console.
- 2 Click **Objects**. The Object/Property Management window opens.
- 3 Select View \rightarrow Change View \rightarrow Cluster.
- 4 Select a cluster.
- 5 Open a CallManager folder and select a gateway. You will see the Configure Gateway Dial Plan form under **Object Specific Tasks**.
- 6 Double-click Configure Gateway Dial Plan. The form opens.
- 7 Modify the following fields:
 - International call prefix
 - Local area codes
 - Toll free codes
- 8 Click **Apply** to save changes, **OK** to save changes and close the form, or **Cancel** to close the form without saving changes.
- 9 Repeat this procedure for every gateway.

Cisco IP Telephony



Configure Gateway Dial Plan

This form allows you to configure the dial plan for a given gateway associated with a CallManager. Enter/modify the values. Click the OK button to save the values and close the window. Click the Apply button to update the values in the database and leave the window open for further modifications. Click the Cancel button to cancel.

CallManager Gateway s1ccm1 s1c1c4k-3 s1ccm1 s1c1c4k-4 s1ccm1 s1c1cat4k-1

Gateway Selection

Gateway Phone Number	
International Call Prefix	011
Local Area Codes	703 301 202
Toll Free Codes	1800 1855 1866 1877 1888

ОК	Apply	Cancel

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Integrating with the Cisco IPT SPI

To integrate the reporting solution with the Cisco IPT SPI, you must install and configure files on the NNM server. Complete the following steps after installing the Cisco CDR Datapipe:

- Run the following script to set the appropriate environment variables on the NNM server:
 Windows: C:\Program Files\HP Software\bin\ov.envvars.bat
 UNIX: . /opt/OV/bin/ov.envvars.sh
- 2 Copy the following files from the /CiscoCDR_Datapipe/CiscoCDR_Datapipe.ap/ directory on the PI server to the specified location on the NNM server:

Copy this file on PI	To this location on NNM
commons-net-1.4.1.jar	<i>\$OV_MAIN_PATH/</i> java
iptdatapipe.jar	\$OV_MAIN_PATH/java
ovpi_ipt_datapipe_config.txt	\$OV_MAIN_PATH/java
ovpi_ipt_datapipe.lrf	\$OV_LRF
ovpi_ipt_datapipe.ovpl	\$OV_MAIN_PATH/bin

- 3 On a UNIX NNM server, change ownership of the files copied in step 1 to bin:bin.
- 4 On a UNIX NNM server, change mode of the files copied in step 1 to 744.
- On the NNM server, edit \$OV_MAIN_PATH/java/ovpi_ipt_datapipe_config.txt. Set the following values (replace the environment variables \$OV_DB, \$OV_MAIN_PATH, and {DPIPE HOME} with their actual values):

Variable	Value	
ipt_spi_data_folder	<\$OV_DB>/nnmet	
ftp_server	OVPI_SERVER_NAME	
ftp_user	OVPI_FTP_USER_NAME	
ftp_password	OVPI_FTP_PASSWORD	
remote_directory_path	<{DPIPE_HOME}>>/data/ImportData/ CiscoCDR_Datapipe	
sleep_interval_in_minutes	60	



If editing the file on a Windows system, backward slashes must be escaped with a standard backward slash "\" character.

6 On the NNM server, edit \$OV_LRF/ovpi_ipt_datapipe.lrf. In the first line set the full path to (replace the environment variable \$OV MAIN PATH with its actual value):

<\$OV_MAIN_PATH>/bin/ovpi_ipt_datapipe.ovpl



If editing the file on a Windows system, backward slashes (\) and colons (:) must be escaped with a standard backward slash "\" character.

On the NNM server, run the following commands to register, start, and check the status of the datapipe process (replace the environment variable SOV LRF with its actual value):

Windows:

```
ovaddobj "%OV_LRF%/ovpi_ipt_datapipe.lrf" ovstart -d OVPI_IPT_Datapipe ovstatus OVPI_IPT_Datapipe

UNIX:

ovaddobj <$OV_LRF>/ovpi_ipt_datapipe.lrf
ovstart -d OVPI_IPT_Datapipe
ovstatus OVPI IPT_Datapipe
```

Modifying Default Thresholds

The thresholds sub-package contains a thresholds policy. The thresholds policy imposes six defaults. Three pertain to CallManagers and three pertain to gateways. When performance reaches a default, PI sends a trap to the network management system. The following table provides details about the default values and severity levels.

Threshold	Value	Breach Condition	Severity
Call Success	50%	Call success ratio is below the threshold.	Warning
Network Fail	50%	The ratio of failed calls caused by network problems exceeds the threshold.	Warning
QoS	3.0	Average QoS value for all calls exceeds the threshold.	Warning

To modify the thresholds, use one or both of these forms:

- Modify CallManager Call Detail Thresholds
- Modify Gateway Call Detail Thresholds

Modifying Default Thresholds for CallManagers

Follow these steps to modify default thresholds for CallManagers:

- 1 Start the Management Console.
- 2 Click **Objects**. The Object/Property Management window opens.
- 3 Select View \rightarrow Change View \rightarrow Cluster.
- 4 Select a cluster.
- 5 Open a CallManager folder and select a CallManager. You can see the Modify CallManager Call Detail Thresholds form under **Object Specific Tasks**.
- 6 Double-click Modify CallManager Call Detail Thresholds. The form opens.

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Cisco IP Telephony



Configure CallManager Thresholds

This form allows to configure the threshold values for the CallManager. Enter/modify the threshold values. Click the OK button to save the values and close the window. Click the Apply button to update the values in the database and leave the window open for further modifications. Click the Cancel button to cancel.

PRI Channel Max. Util	95.00	
PRI Channel Min. Util	5.00	
CAS Channel Max. Util	95.00	
CAS Channel Min. Util	5.00	
FXO Port Max. Util	95.00	
FXO Port Min. Util	5.00	
FXS Port Max. Util	95.00	
FXS Port Min. Util	5.00	
		OK Apply Cancel

- 7 Modify one or more defaults.
- 8 Click **Apply** to save changes, **OK** to save changes and close the form, or **Cancel** to close the form without saving changes.

Modifying Default Gateway Thresholds

Follow these steps to modify default thresholds for gateways:

- 1 Start the Management Console.
- 2 Click **Objects**. The Object/Property Management window opens.
- 3 Select View \rightarrow Change View \rightarrow Location.
- 4 Select a location.
- Open the Gateway folder and select a gateway. You can see the Modify Gateway Call Detail Thresholds form under **Tasks Specific to the Selected Objects**.

6 Double-click Modify Gateway Call Detail Thresholds. The form opens.

/admin/Cisco_IPT_Admin_Forms/Gateway_CallDetailsThresh_Config.frep



Cisco IP Telephony



Modify Gateway CallDetails Thresholds

This form allows you to modify CallDetails thresholds for the Gateway. Enter/modify the threshold values. Click the OK button to save the values and close the window. Click the Apply button to update the values in the database and leave the window open for further modifications. Click the Cancel button to cancel.

Gateway Selection Hold the Ctrl or Shift key to select multiple rows

Gateway	CallSuccessThreshold	NetworkFailThreshold	QoSThreshold
gateway1	50.0	50.0	3.0

CallSuccessThreshold	50.0	If CallSuccessRate is less than this threshold, send a trap to NNM.
NetworkFailThreshold	50.0	If NetworkFailRate is greater than this threshold, send a trap to NNM
AverageQoSThreshold	3.0	If AverageQoS is greater than this threshold, send a trap to NNM.



- 7 Modify one or more defaults.
- Click **Apply** to save changes, **OK** to save changes and close the form, or **Cancel** to close the form without saving changes.

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Modifying IP Phone User and Location

Follow these steps to configure IP phone username and location:

- 1 Start the Management Console.
- 2 Click **Objects**. The Object/Property Management window opens.
- 3 Select View \rightarrow Change View \rightarrow Cluster.
- 4 Select a location, then open the CallManager folder.
- Open the IP phone folder and select an IP phone. You can see the Configure IP Phone User and Location form under **Tasks Specific to the Selected Objects**.
- 6 Double-click Configure IP Phone User and Location. The form opens.
- 7 Add the user and location for one or multiple IP phones.
- 8 Click **Apply** to save changes, **OK** to save changes and close the form, or **Cancel** to close the form without saving changes.

/admin/Cisco_IPT_Admin_Forms/IP_Phone_Config.frep



Cisco IP Telephony



Configure IP Phone UserName and Location

This form allows you to configure the user name and location for a given IP Phone associated with a CallManager. Enter/modify the values. Click the OK button to save the values and close the window. Click the Apply button to update the values in the database and leave the window open for further modifications. Click the Cancel button to cancel.

IP Phone Selection

		ir Phone Selection		
CallManager	phoneNumber	DeviceName	UserName	Location
Cluster1_CCM1	7793538	Patphone		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793502	Softphone		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793520	k00075674		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793522	k00136033		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793535	m00443406		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793599	m00568807		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793501	SEP000A412B7954		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793502	SEP0009E881263B		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793503	SEP000A41426997		Location Unassigned
Cluster1_CCM1	7793535	SEP0009E8812431		Location Unassigned
User Name				
Location	Location Unassigned	▼		
			Ok	C Apply Cap

Modify IP QoS Parameters

Follow these steps to modify default QoS definition ranges:

- 1 Start the Management Console.
- 2 Click **Objects**. The Object/Property Management window opens.
- 3 You can see the Modify QoS Parameters form under **General Tasks**.
- 4 Double-click Modify QoS Parameters. The form opens.
- 5 Modify defaults for Good, Acceptable, Fair.
- 6 Click **Apply** to save changes, **OK** to save changes and close the form, or **Cancel** to close the form without saving changes.

/admin/Cisco_IPT_Admin_Forms/Define_QoS_Paramaters.frep



Cisco IP Telephony



Modify QoS Parameters

This form allows you to configure the QoS parameters which define the ranges of selected statistic values. Enter/modify the parameter values. QoS weight is the wieght used to compute QoS for the selected metric (i.e., LostPackets, Jitter, and Latency). Click the OK button to save the values and close the window. Click the Apply button to update the values in the database and leave the window open for further modifications. Click the Cancel button to cancel.

Quality of Service	LostPackets (%)	Jitter (ms)	Latency (ms)
	<=	<=	<=
Good	15.00	20.00	150.00
Acceptable	30.00	100.00	250.00
Fair	45.00	150.00	500.00
Poor	Otherwise	Otherwise	Otherwise
QoS Weight	1.00	1.00	1.00

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5 Setting up a Distributed System

These are the steps to follow when setting up a distributed system:

- Decide whether or not you want local reporting.
- Install the right set of packages on each server. (A central server that is not polling will not need datapipes. The satellite servers will need datapipes.)
- Verify that the system clocks in your environment are synchronized.
- Register your satellite servers.
- If you are not copying rate data to the central server, enable LIR on the central server.
- If you enable LIR, add LIR mapping with the time type set to rate.
- Verify that you have all the copy policies you need.
- Configure the central server (manual edits to trendtimer.sched and .pro files).
- Configure each satellite server (manual edits to trendtimer.sched and .pro files).

If you want local reporting, you need to deploy reports when you install the report pack on each satellite server, and you also need to allow summarizations to run on each satellite server. If you do not want local reporting, you do not need to deploy reports when you install a report pack on a satellite server, and you can disable the scripts that run summarizations on each satellite server.

Before Location Independent Reporting (LIR) was available, the recommendation for setting up a distributed system was to deploy reports on satellite servers, keep rate data on satellite servers, copy hourly data to the central server, and disable summarizations above the hourly level on satellite servers. This approach had two benefits. It kept a lot of rate data off the network, and it decreased the processing load on the central server. The drawback with this approach is that the central server could not display a Near Real Time (NRT) report. The only NRT report was a local NRT report, on a satellite server.

LIR fixes this problem. If you enable LIR, you can open an NRT report on the central server and drill down on table selections. The selections you make cause the central server to query a satellite server for locally aggregated data. Of course, if you would rather copy rate data to the central server, you can. If you do, then enabling LIR is not necessary.

IP Telephony Call Detail includes a copy policy import file. When you install the report pack, PI uses this file to generate copy policies. Creating these policies yourself, using the Management Console, is no longer necessary. Your only task is to verify that you have the copy policies you need.

Because you are likely to have multiple satellite servers, we designed the hourly process files to be satellite-server friendly. This means that most of the time, most of the defaults are correct. But some defaults will be incorrect, or less than optimal, and to improve performance, you should change them. The manual edits, as well as the other steps listed above, are spelled out in detail in this chapter.

Proper Package Installation

Verify that you installed these packages on the central server:

- IP Telephony Call Detail
- Location Sub-Package (optional)
- Thresholds Sub-Package (optional)
- Common Property Tables

Verify that you installed these packages on the satellite server:

- IP Telephony Call Detail
- Location Sub-Package (optional)
- Common Property Tables
- Cisco CDR Datapipe

Your next step is to configure the central server to pull data from each satellite server. This is done by setting up connections from the central server to each satellite server database and by configuring trendcopy pull command. In addition, you must disable daily aggregations on each satellite server.

Configuring the Central Server

To configure the central server, perform the following tasks:

Task 1: Register the satellite server by setting the database role

- 1 Start the Management Console (log on with Administrator privileges).
- 2 Click the **Systems** icon in the navigation pane.
- 3 Navigate to the PI Databases folder and select the database system.
- 4 Click Database Properties.
- 5 From the Database Role list, select the Satellite Server role.
- 6 Enter any information necessary to configure the Satellite Server role.



To add a new database reference, use the Add Database Reference Wizard in the System and Network Administration application.

Task 2: If you are not copying rate data to the central server, enable LIR

- 1 Start the Management Console (log on with Administrator privileges).
- 2 Click the **Systems** icon in the navigation pane.
- 3 Navigate to the PI Databases folder and select the central server.
- 4 Click LIR Configuration.
- 5 Select the LIR enabled check box.

Task 3: If you enable LIR, add LIR mappings

Configure LIR mappings for the following categories (for the CallDetails and sub-package you installed): Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails and Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails_Location.

- 1 Start the Management Console (log on with Administrator privileges).
- 2 Click the **Systems** icon in the navigation pane.
- 3 Navigate to the PI Databases folder and select the central server.
- 4 Click LIR Configuration.
- 5 Click Add Mapping.
- 6 From the Select Satellite Server list, select a satellite server to which to add a mapping.
- 7 Select the Category data table option.
- 8 Select Cisco_IP_Telephony_CallDetails from the drop down list.
- 9 Select the rate data type.
- 10 Click Add to List.
- 11 To add an additional LIR mapping for the location sub-package, click **Add to list** and repeat step 6 through step 10.
- 12 Click OK.
- 13 Click Apply.

A copy policy is automatically generated for the hourly data and for each LIR mapping that you add. The data type selected when adding an LIR mapping (in step 9 above) determines the type of data copied (defined in the generated copy policy). The type of data copied (defined in the generated copy policy) is one summarization level greater than the data type selected in the LIR mapping. For example, if you select an hourly data type, a daily data copy policy is generated.

Task 4: Verify that copy policies were generated automatically

Verify that a copy policy has been generated for the following tables and that the copy type is set correctly (to Property and Data):

- 1 Start the Management Console (log on with Administrator privileges).
- 2 Click the **Copy Policy** icon in the navigation pane to start the Copy Policy Manager.
- Verify that the copy type is set to **Property and Data** for each of the following tables in the main package:

SHIPT_QoS_phoneNum

SHIPT QoS gateway

SHIPT_QoS_CManager

SHIPT_QoS_Cluster

SHIPT_Hist_phoneNum

SHIPT Hist gateway

SHIPT Hist CManager

SHIPT Hist Cluster

SHIPT_Hist_PerfMon

```
SHIPT_Hist_SysRes_CManager
SHIPT_Hist_ProcessRes_CManager
SHIPT_Hist_GWEndPoint
SHIPT_Hist_GWEndPointChannel
```

4 Verify that the copy type is set to Propert and Data for each of the following tables in the Location sub-packag:

```
SHIPT_QoS_gateway_loc
SHIPT_QoS_loc
SHIPT_Hist_gateway_loc
SHIPT_Hist_loc
```

Copy Policy Not Generated

If a copy policy was not generated for a table, follow these steps:

- 1 Click the New Copy Policy icon or select File → New Copy Policy from the Copy Policy Manager. The Copy Policy Wizard opens.
- 2 Click Next. The Satellite Server and Copy Policy Selection Page opens.
- 3 Select a satellite server from the pull down list. This is the satellite server from which data is copied to the central server.
- 4 Select **Single Table** and select the table from the pull down list.
- 5 Click **Next**. The Copy Type Selection Page opens.
- 6 Select Property and Data.
- 7 Click **Next**. The Summary page opens.
- 8 Verify the information in the summary window. If the information is not correct, you can modify it by clicking **Back**.
- 9 Click Finish.
- 10 Repeat step 4 step 9 for all missing tables.

Copy Type Not Set to Property and Data

If only the copy type is not set to **Property and Data**, do the following:

- 1 Double-click the copy policy.
- 2 Select the **Property and Data** copy type.
- Click **OK**.

Configuring a Satellite Server

Follow these steps to disable daily aggregations on each satellite server:

- 1 Modify the {DPIPE_HOME}/scripts/IPT_CallDetails_trendcopy.pro file (where {DPIPE_HOME} is the directory in which PI is installed):
 - Uncomment all of block0, including the begin and end lines.
- 2 Modify the {DPIPE_HOME}/scripts/IPT_CallDetails_Location_Daily.pro file: If you installed the Location sub-package, comment out the begin and end lines of blocks 2 5.
- 3 Modify the {DPIPE_HOME}/scripts/IPT_CallDetails_Loc_trendcopy.pro file): If you installed the Location sub-package, uncomment all of block0, including the begin and end lines.
- 4 Verify that the system clock is synchronized with the system clock on the central server.

6 Call History Summary

The History Summary reports look at call history from the following perspectives:

- Cluster
- CallManager
- Gateway by CallManager and by Location
- Location
- Phone number
- Gateway Endpoint by CallManager and by Location
- Gateway Endpoint Channel by CallManager and by Location
- Voice Service by CallManager and by Location

The focus of this report, regardless of the perspective you are using, is yesterday's Call Success Rate (CSR). CSR is a percentage calculated by dividing successful calls by total calls and multiplying the result by 100. All selection tables sort by CSR, highest to lowest. All History Summary reports provide the following graphs:

- Total Call Volume stacked by Success Call and Failed Call
- Total Call Minutes
- Call Type Distribution stacked by:
 - Internal
 - Incoming PSTN
 - Outgoing Local; Long Distance; International
 - Tandem
- Maximum and Average Call Duration per success call
- Abnormal Disconnect Cause stacked by:
 - Called Party Cause
 - Wrong Number
 - No Response
 - Network Fail
 - Others
- Call Duration Distribution stacked by:
 - Less than 1 minute
 - 1 to 5 minutes
 - 5 to 30 minutes
 - 30 minutes to 2 hours

- 2 hours to 12 hours
- More than 12 hours

An hourly graph shows 24 hours for yesterday, a daily graph looks at data for the previous 30 days, and a monthly graph looks at data for the previous 12 months.

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details

invent

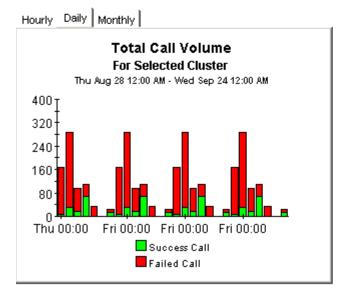
Cluster History Summary

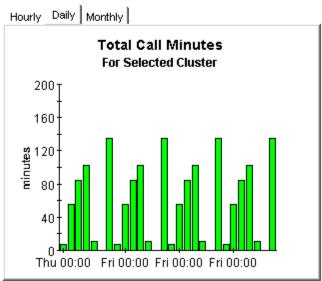
The Cluster History Summary Report presents call history metrics aggregated for a given Call Manager Cluster. This report can be used to view call history statistics and identify device performance issues.

Cluster Selection

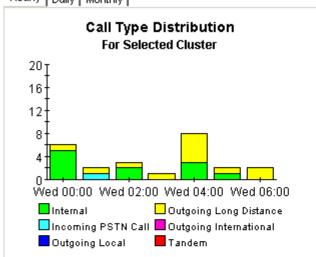
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

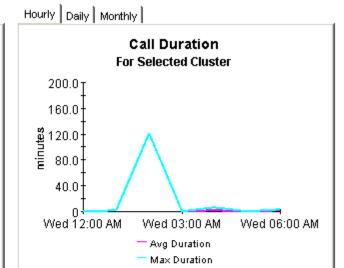
ClusterName	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections
Cluster1	24	52.2	134.4	13



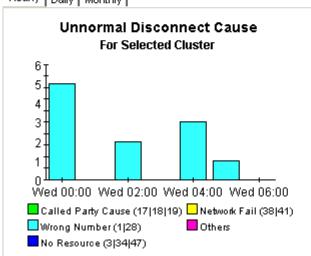


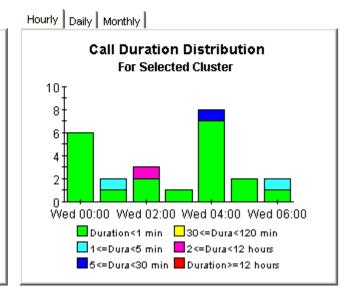






Hourly Daily Monthly





Call History Summary 59

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details



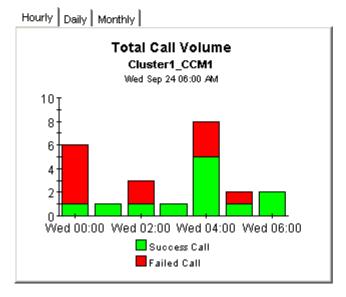
CallManager History Summary

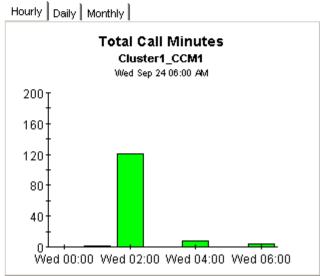
The CallManager History Summary Report presents call history metrics aggregated for a given Call Manager. This report can be used to view call history statistics and identify device performance issues.

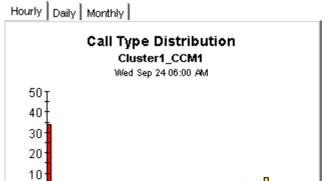
CallManager Selection

Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Cluster_CallManager	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections
Cluster1_CCM1	24	52.2	134.4	13







☐ Incoming PSTN Call ☐ Outgoing International

■ Tandem

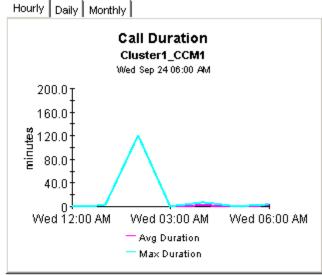
Wed 00:00

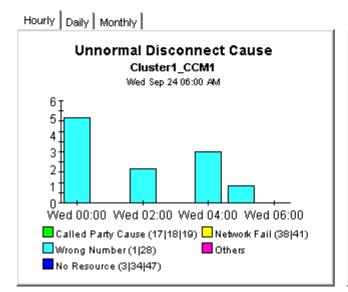
Outgoing Long Distance

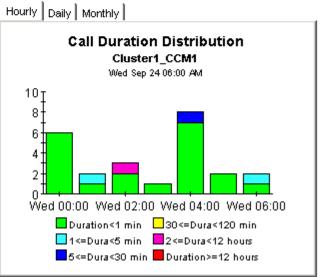
Mon 03:00 Mon 17:00

Outgoing Local

Internal







Call History Summary 61

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details



Gateway History Summary by CallManager

The Gateway History Summary Report presents call history metrics aggregated for a given gateway. This report can be used to view call history statistics and identify device performance issues.

CallManager Selection

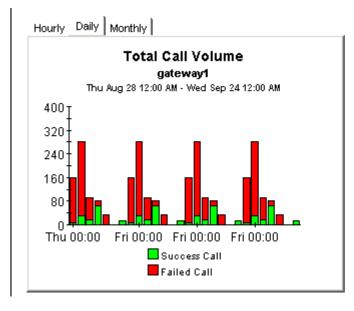
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

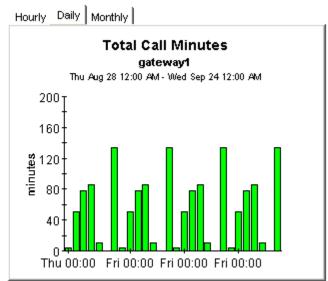
Call Manager	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections	
Cluster1_CCM1	24	52.2	134.4	13	

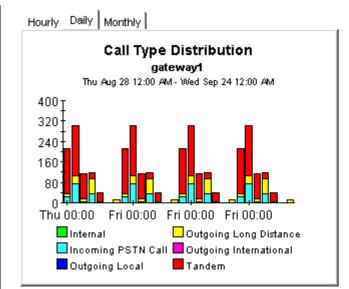
Gateway Selection

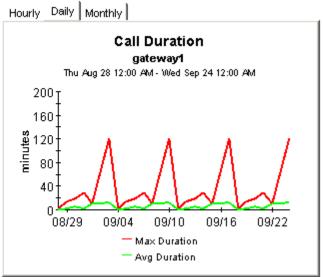
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

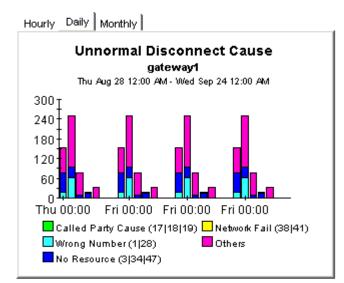
Gateway	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections
gateway1	13	100.0	134.4	13

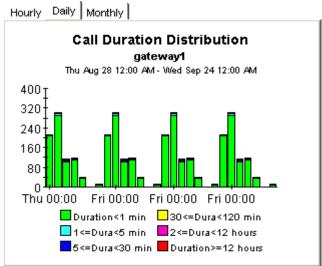












Call History Summary 63

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details



Gateway History Summary by Location

The Gateway History Summary by Location Report presents call history metrics aggregated for a given gateway. This report can be used to view call history statistics and identify device performance issues.

Location Selection

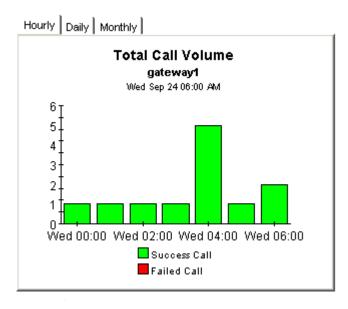
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

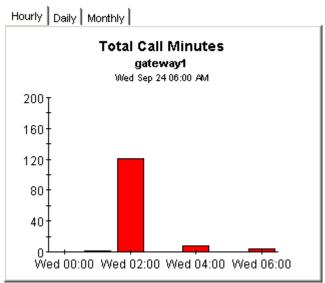
Location	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections	
Location Unassigned	23	52.2	134.4	12	

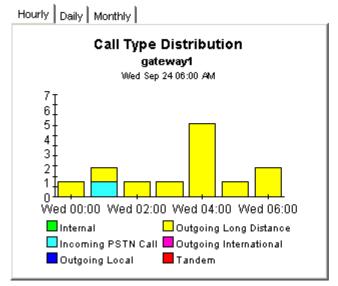
Gateway Selection

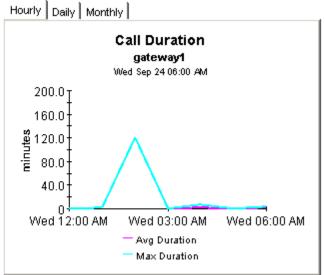
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

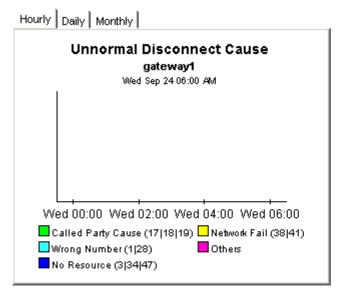
Gateway	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections
gateway1	13	100.0	134.4	13

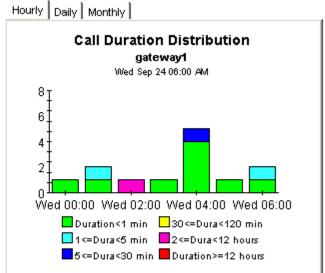












Call History Summary 65

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details



Phone Number History Summary

The Phone Number History Summary Report presents call history metrics aggregated for a given Phone Number. This report can be used to view call history statistics and identify device performance issues.

CallManager Selection

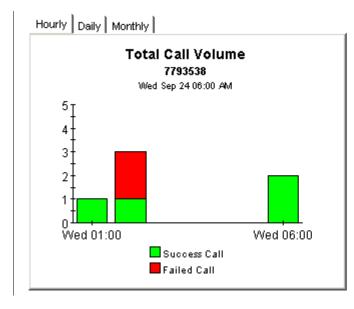
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

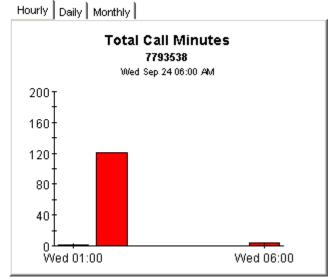
Call Manager	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections
Cluster1_CCM1	24	52.2	134.4	13

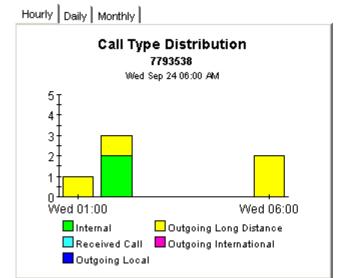
Phone Number Selection

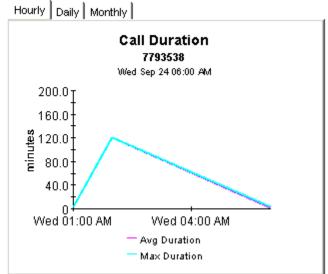
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

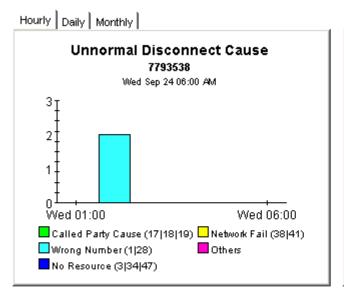
Phone Number	Total Calls	CSR (%)	Total Call Minutes	Total Normal Disconnections
7793538	6	66.7	125.8	4
7793520	8	62.5	8.0	5
7793535	2	50.0	0.2	1
7793599	6	16.7	0.3	1
7793535	1	100.0	0.1	1

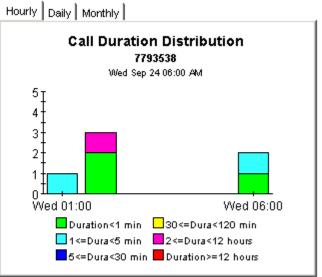












Call History Summary 67

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details



Gateway EndPoint History Summary by CallManager

The Gateway EndPoint History Summary Report presents endpoint history metrics aggregated for a given Call Manager. This report can be used to view endpoint availability and usage statistics and identify endpoint performance issues.







7 Top Ten and Top 100 Reports

There are 14 top ten reports (related to call history, call QoS, gateway endpoint, and gateway endpoint channel) and one top 100 report (phone number MOS).

Call History	Call QoS
Cluster History Top Ten	Cluster QoS Top Ten
CallManager History Top Ten	CallManager QoS Top Ten
Gateway History Top Ten by CallManager	Gateway QoS Top Ten by CallManager
Phone Number History Top Ten	Phone Number QoS Top Ten
Location History Top Ten	Location QoS Top Ten
Gateway History Top Ten by Location	Gateway QoS Top Ten by Location

Gateway Endpoint	Gateway Endpoint Channel
Gateway EndPoint Top Ten by CallManager	Gateway EndPoint Channel Top Ten by CallManager

Phone Number MOS Top Hundred Offenders by MOS

Every top ten/100 report performs a ranking function that makes it easy for you to spot potential problem areas in yesterday's extremes.

The call history reports contain these tables:

- Highest Call Volume
- Highest Call Volume Increase
- Most Call Minutes
- Highest Call Minutes Increase
- Worst Call Success Rate
- Highest CSR Decrease

The call QoS reports contain these tables:

- Highest Packet Lost
- Highest Packet Lost Increase
- Highest Jitter

- Highest Jitter Increase
- Highest Latency

The gateway endpoint report contains these tables:

- Worst Hourly Usage
- Worst Daily Usage
- Worst Monthly Usage

The gateway endpoint channel report contains these tables:

- Worst Hourly
- Worst Daily
- Worst Monthly

The top hundred offenders by MOS report contains this table:

Top 100 offenders based on lowest MOS values

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details





The Cluster History Top Ten Report provides lists of Cluster that had the highest call volume, highest call minutes, and worst call success rate during the previous day. Clusters are also listed by the highest projected increase rate for each metric.

Highest	Call	Volume	!
---------	------	--------	---

Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Highest Call Voulme Increase

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Cluster Name	Calls	Cluster Name	Baseline	+30/60/90 Days
Cluster1	24	Cluster1	142	30/-47/-124

Most Call Minutes

Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Highest Call Minutes Increase

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Cluster Name	Minutes	Cluster Name	Baseline (minutes)	+30/60/90 Days
Cluster1	134	Cluster1	66	103/128/153

Worst Call Success Rate

Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

CSR,%

Highest CSR Decrease

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Cluster Name Baseline (%) +30/60/90 Days 52.2 Cluster1 80/-999/-999 19.2

Cluster Name

Cluster1

Cisco IP Telephony Call Details





The CallManager History Top Ten Report provides lists of CallManager that had the highest call volume, highest call minutes, and worst call success rate during the previous day. CallManagers are also listed by the highest projected increase rate for each metric.

Highest Call	Volume
Wed Sep 24 1:	2:00 AM

Highest Call Voulme Increase

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Call Manager	Calls	Call Manager	Baseline	+30/60/90 Days
Cluster1_CCM1	24	Cluster1_CCM1	142	30/-47/-124

Most Call Minutes

Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Highest Call Minutes Increase

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Call Manager	Minutes	Call Manager	Baseline (minutes)	+30/60/90 Days
Cluster1_CCM1	134			
		Cluster1_CCM1	66	103/128/153

Worst Call Success Rate

Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Highest CSR Decrease

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Call Manager	CSR,%	Call Manager	Baseline (%)	+30/60/90 Days
Cluster1 CCM1	52.2	Cluster1 CCM1	10.2	907.0007.000



Cluster QoS Top Ten

The Cluster QoS Top Ten Report provides lists of Cluster which had the highest Packets Lost, highest Jitter, and highest Latency during the previous day. Clusters are also listed by the highest projected increase rate for each metric.

Highe	est Pa	ckets	Lost
-------	--------	-------	------

Highest Packets Lost Increase

Cluster Name	Packets Lost (%)	Cluster Name	Baseline (%)	+30/60/90/ Days
Cluster1	0.0	Cluster1	0.1	0.1/0.0/0.0

Highest Jitter

Highest Jitter Increase

Cluster Name	Jitter (ms)	Cluster Name	Baseline (ms)	+30/60/90/ Days	
Cluster1	7.0	Cluster1	5.8	6.4/6.7/7.1	

Highest Latency

Highest Latency Increase

Cluster Name	Latency (ms)	Cluster Name	Baseline (ms)	+30/60/90/ Days
Cluster1	0.0	Cluster1	0.0	0.0/0.0/0.0





The CallManager QoS Top Ten Report provides lists of CallManager that had the highest Packets Lost, highest Jitter, and highest Latency during the previous day. CallManagers are also listed by the highest projected increase rate for each metric.

Hinhae	t Dacke	ts Lost
niaries	LFAURE	LS LUSL

Highest Packets Lost Increase

CallManager	Packets Lost (%)	CallManager	Baseline (%)	+30/60/90/ Days
Cluster1_CCM1	0.0	Cluster1_CCM1	0.1	0.1/0.0/0.0

Highest Jitter

Highest Jitter Increase

CallManager	Jitter (ms)	CallManager	Baseline (ms)	+30/60/90/ Days
Cluster1_CCM1	7.0	Cluster1_CCM1	5.8	6.4/6.7/7.1

Highest Latency

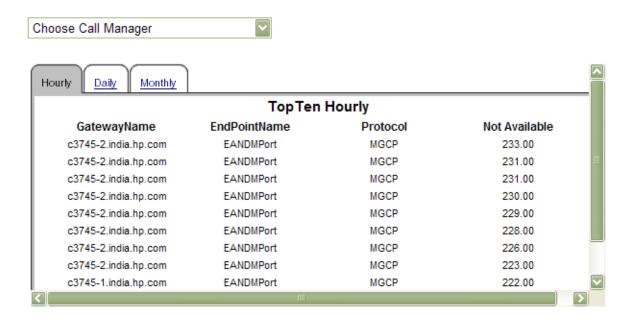
Highest Latency Increase

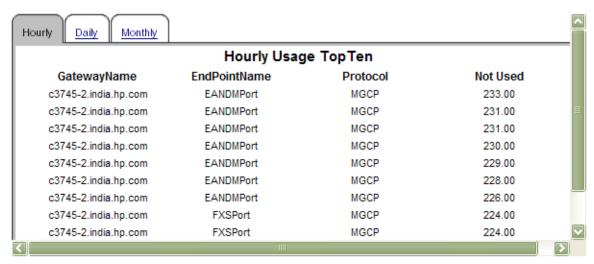
CallManager	Latency (ms)	CallManager	Baseline (ms)	+30/60/90/ Days
Cluster1_CCM1	0.0	Cluster1_CCM1	0.0	0.0/0.0/0.0



Gateway EndPoint TopTen by CallManager

The Gateway EndPoint TopTen Report presents top ten endpoints that have the Lowest Availability and Lowest Usage aggregated for a given Call Manager. This report can be used to identify the top bad performing end points.

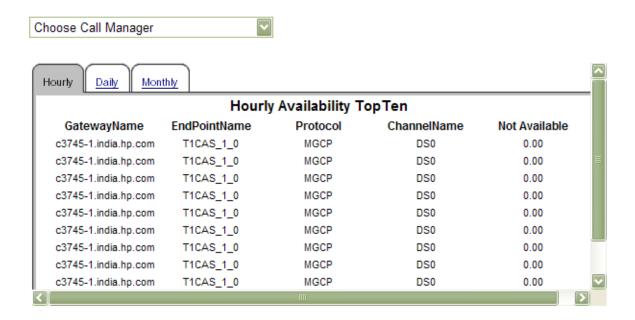


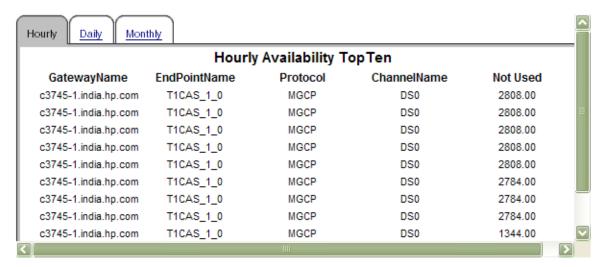




Gateway EndPoint Channel TopTen by CallManager

The Gateway EndPoint Channel TopTen Report presents top ten endpoint channels that have the Lowest Availability and Lowest Usage aggregated for a given Call Manager. This report can be used identify the top bad performing channels.





8 Call QoS Summary Reports

The call QoS summary reports provide QoS metrics aggregated by:

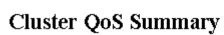
- Cluster
- CallManager
- The gateways associated with each CallManager
- The gateways associated with each location
- The phone numbers associated with each CallManager
- The phone numbers associated with each location

These reports focus on the following metrics:

- Total calls
- Average packets lost
- Average jitter
- Average latency
- Average QoS

Investigate Packets Lost more closely by looking at the following data graphs, tabbed Hourly, Daily, and Monthly:

- Calls by QoS Value stacked by:
 - Good
 - Acceptable
 - Fair
 - Poor
- Packets Lost
- Jitter
 - Average
 - Maximum
- Latency
 - Average
 - Maximum



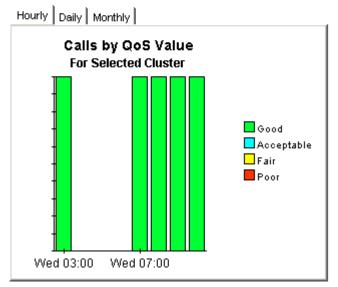


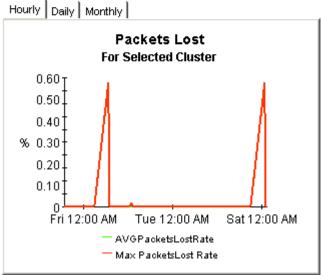
The Cluster QoS Report presents QoS metrics aggregated for a given Cluster. This report can be used to view QoS statistic metrics and identify device performance issues. QoS value is derived from the Packet Lost, Jitter, and Latency metrics based on the pre-defined value ranges. QoS definition: 1=Good, 2=Acceptable, 3=Fair, and 4=Poor.

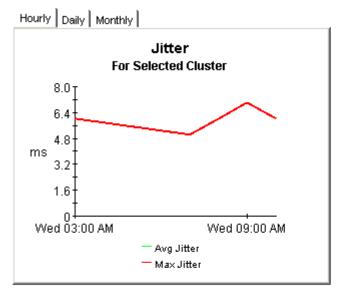
Cluster Selection

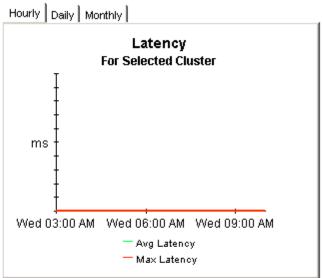
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Cluster Name	Total Calls	Avg PacketsLost (%)	Avg Jitter (ms)	Aug Latency (ms)	Avg QoS
Cluster1	5	0.0	6.0	0.0	1.0









Call QoS Summary Reports 79



Gateway QoS Summary by Location

The Gateway QoS Summary by Location Report presents QoS metrics aggregated for a given Gateway grouped by location. This report can be used to view QoS statistic metrics and identify device performance issues. QoS value is derived from the Packet Lost, Jitter, and Latency metrics based on the pre-defined value ranges. QoS definition: 1=Good, 2=Acceptable, 3=Fair, and 4=Poor.

Location Selection

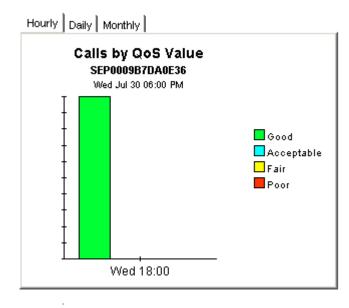
Wed Jul 30 12:00 AM

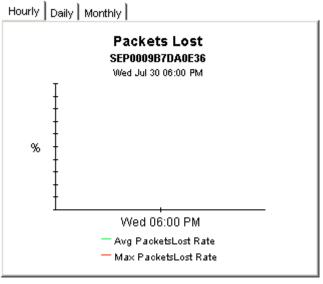
Location	Total Calls	Avg PacketsLost (%)	Avg Jitter (ms)	Avg Latency (ms)	Avg QoS	
Location Unassigned	1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	

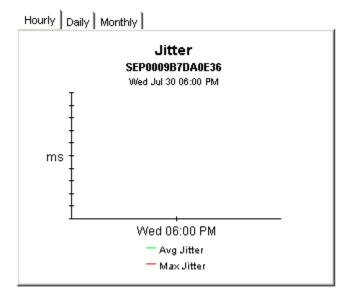
Gateway Selection

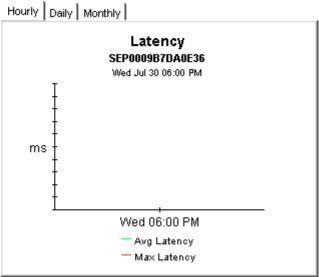
- Wed Jul 30 12:00 AM

Gateway	Total Calls	Avg PacketsLost (%)	Avg Jitter (ms)	Avg Latency (ms)	Aug QoS	
SEP0009B7DA0E36	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	









Call QoS Summary Reports 81



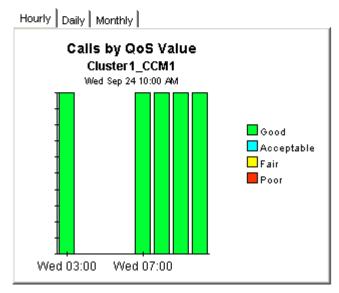
CallManager QoS Summary

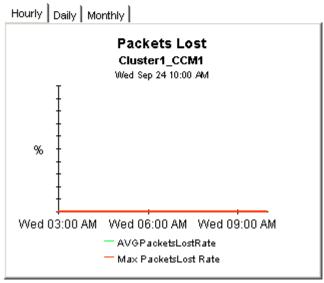
The CallManager QoS Report presents QoS metrics aggregated for a given CallManager. This report can be used to view QoS statistic metrics and identify device performance issues. QoS value is derived from the Packet Lost, Jitter, and Latency metrics based on the pre-defined value ranges. QoS definition: 1=Good, 2=Acceptable, 3=Fair, and 4=Poor.

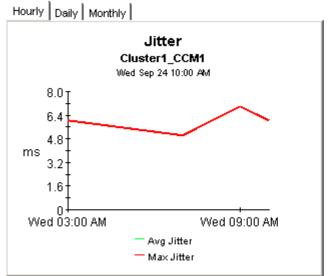
CallManager Selection

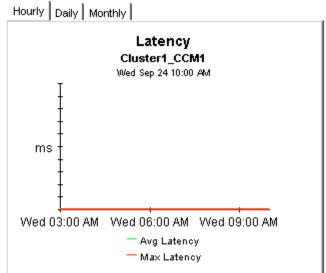
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Call Manager	Total Calls	Avg PacketsLost (%)	Avg Jitter (ms)	Avg Latency (ms)	Avg QoS
Cluster1_CCM1	5	0.0	6.0	0.0	1.0









Call QoS Summary Reports 83



Phone Number QoS Summary

The Phone Number QoS Summary Report presents QoS metrics aggregated for a given phone number associated with a CallManager. This report can be used to view QoS statistic metrics and identify device performance issues. QoS value is derived from the Packet Lost, Jitter, and Latency metrics based on the pre-defined value ranges. QoS definition: 1=Good, 2=Acceptable, 3=Fair, and 4=Poor

CallManager Selection

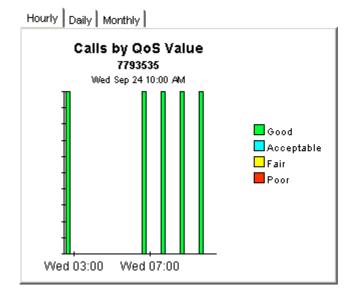
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

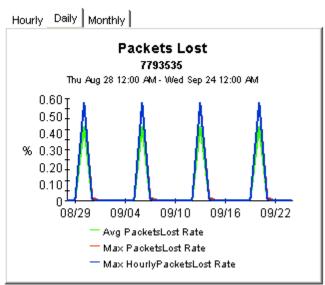
Call Manager	Total Calls	Avg PacketsLost (%)	Avg Jitter (ms)	Aug Latency (ms)	Avg QoS
Cluster1_CCM1	5.00	0.0	6.0	0.0	1.0

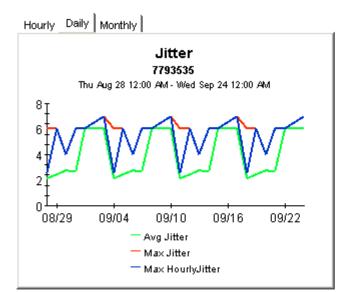
Phone Number Selection

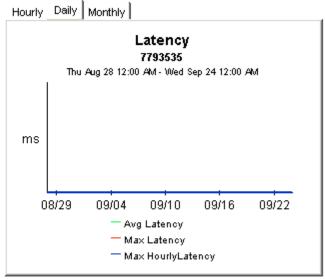
Wed Sep 24 12:00 AM

Phone Number	Total Calls	Avg Jitter (ms)	Avg PacketsLost (%)	Avg Latency (ms)	Aug QoS
7793535	5	6.0	0.0	0.0	1.0









Call QoS Summary Reports 85

9 Forecast Reports

Forecast reports tell you whether call volume is growing or decreasing and how fast it is growing or decreasing. IPT Call Detail includes the following forecast reports:

- CallManager forecast
- Cluster forecast
- Gateway forecast by CallManager
- Phone number forecast
- · Gateway forecast by location
- Location forecast
- Performance Monitor Forecast by CallManager
- Phone Number MOS Forecast
- Process CallManager Forecast
- Process Site Forecast
- System Resource Metrics Forecast by Call Manager
- System Resource Metrics Forecast by Site

CallManager, cluster, gateway, phone number, and location reports begin with an estimate of future call volume. The time ranges are 30 days from now, 60 days from now, and 90 days from now. You can investigate future performance in more detail by using the following graphs:

- Call Volume Forecast
- Call Minutes Forecast
- Call Success Rate Forecast
- Average QoS Forecast

Each graph has the following tabs:

Standard

Compare the baseline average to future performance.

Day of Week

Correlate future performance by day of week.

History

Inspect the data collected throughout the baseline period (the previous 91 days).



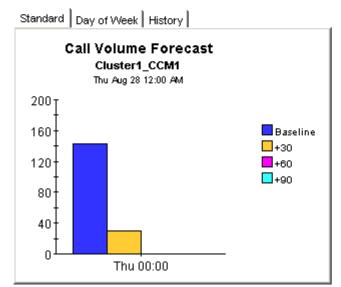
CallManager Forecast

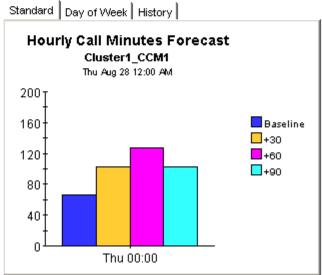
The CallManager Forecast Report enables the user to quickly identify CallManagers with the greatest projected increase in call volume, call minutes, call success rate, and average QoS grade. CallManagers are sorted by rate of increase in number of calls processed. Drill down charts present forecasted overall call volume metrics for the selected CallManager.

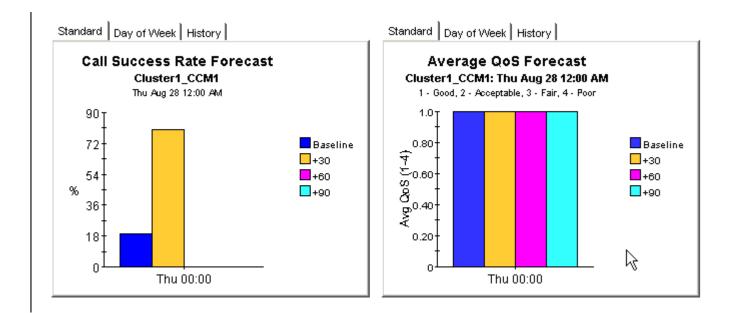
CallManager Selection

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Call Manager	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls
Cluster1_CCM1	142	30	-47	-124







Forecast Reports 89



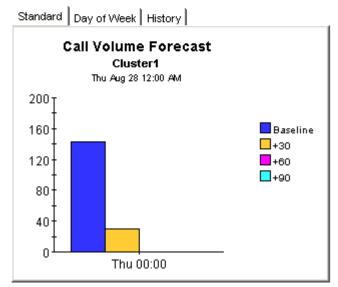
Cluster Forecast

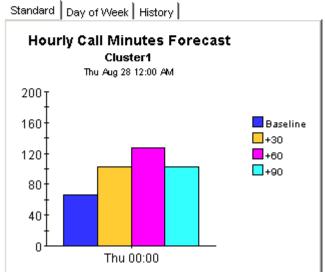
The Cluster Forecast Report enables the user to quickly identify Cluster with the greatest projected increase in call volume, call minutes, call success rate, and average QoS grade. Clusters are sorted by rate of increase in number of calls processed. Drill down charts present forecasted overall call volume metrics for the selected Cluster.

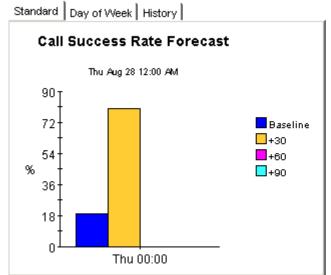
Cluster Selection

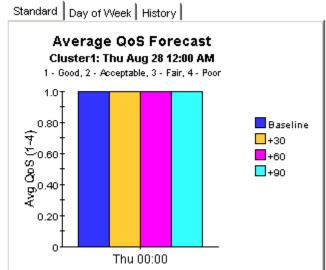
Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

ClusterName	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls
Cluster1	142	30	-47	-124









Forecast Reports 91



Gateway Forecast by CallManager

The Gateway Forecast Report enables the user to quickly identify Gateways with the greatest projected increase in call volume, call minutes, call success rate, and average Quos grade. Gateways are sorted by rate of increase in number of calls processed. Drill down charts present forecasted overall call volume metrics for the selected Gateway.

CallManager Selection

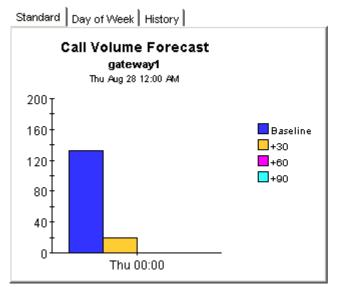
Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

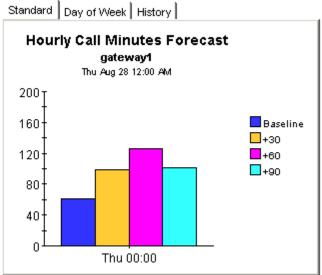
Call Manager	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls
Cluster1_CCM1	142	30	-47	-124

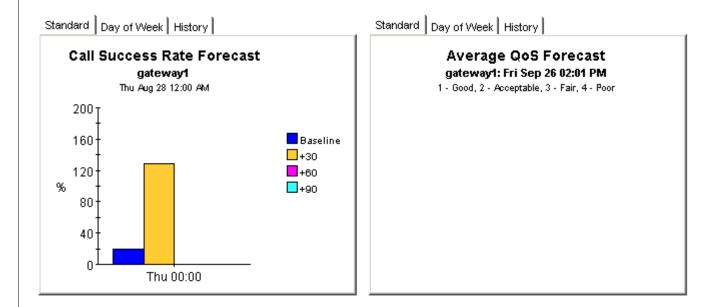
Gateway Selection

Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Gateway	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls
gateway1	132	20	-57	-134







Forecast Reports 93



Gateway Forecast by Location

The Gateway Forecast by Location Report enables the user to quickly identify Gateways with the greatest projected increase in call volume, call minutes, call success rate, and average QoS grade. Gateways are sorted by rate of increase in number of calls processed. Drill down charts present forecasted overall call volume metrics for the selected Gateway.



Location Selection

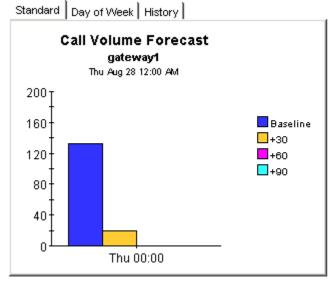
Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

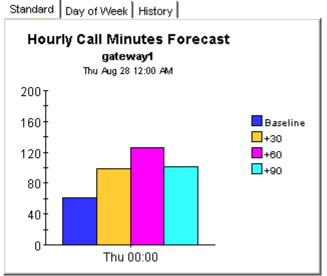
Location	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls	
Location Unassigned	37	31	27	24	

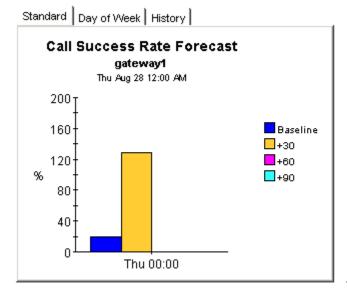
Gateway Selection

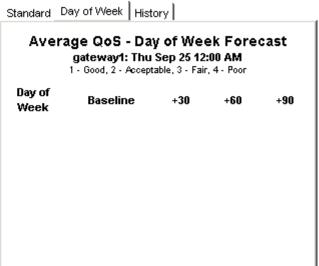
Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

Gateway	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls
gateway1	132	20	-57	-134









Forecast Reports 95



Phone Number Forecast

The Phone Number Forecast Report enables the user to quickly identify phone numbers with the greatest projected increase in call volume, call minutes, call success rate, and average QoS grade. Phone numbers are sorted by rate of increase in number of calls processed. Drill down charts present forecasted overall call volume metrics for the selected phone number.

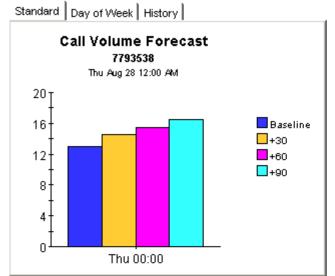
CallManager Selection Thu Aug 28 12:00 AM

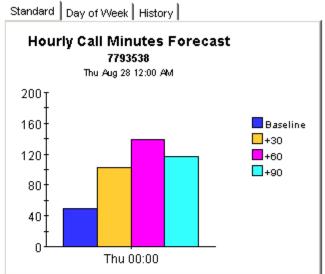
Call Manager	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls
Cluster1_CCM1	142	30	-47	-124

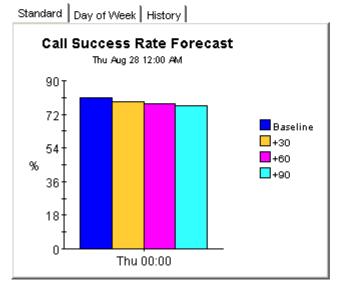
Phone Number Selection

Sun Aug 31 12:00 AM

Phone Number	AVGTOTCalls	F30TOTCalls	F60TOTCalls	F90TOTCalls	
7793538	13	14	15	16	•
7793502	1	1	1	1	
7793520	9	8	7	7	
7793522	17	17	17	17	
7793535	10	2	-4	-10	
7793599	7	6	5	5	
7793501	1	1	1	1	
7793502	2	3	4	5	-









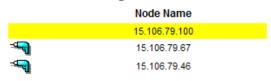
Forecast Reports 97

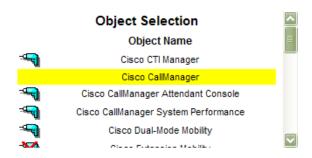


Performance Monitor Forecast by CallManager

The Performance Monitor Forecast Report enables the user to quickly identify Objects and Metircs with the greatest projected increase in values. Metrics are sorted by increase in number of values. Drill down charts present forecasted overall performance monitor metrics for the selected object and metric.

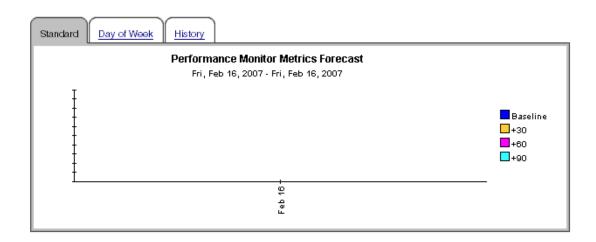
CManager Selection





Metrics Selection

Attribute Name	AVG	+30	+60	+90
##TranscoderResourceActive	0	0	0	0





Process Forecast - CallManager

The process forecast report will give various process system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a callamanger. It will display CPU,memory, file number,normal and abnormal status number metrics.

CallManager Selection

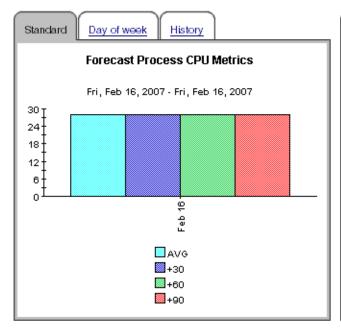
CallManager Name

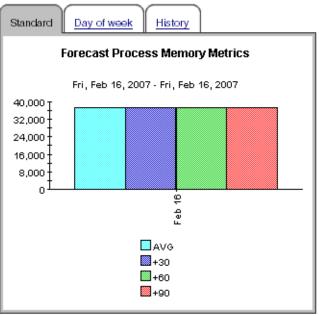
	15.106.79.100
- 	15.106.79.67
- 4	15.106.79.46

Process selection

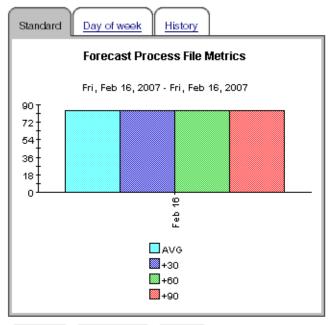
Process Name

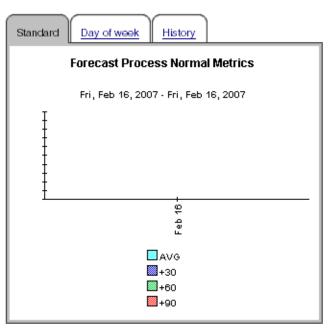
/usr/local/platform/bin/CiscoLicenseMgr

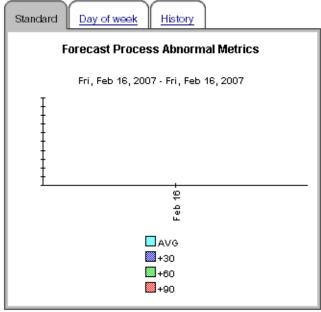




Forecast Reports 99







10 Inventory Report

The inventory report provides a list of:

- Clusters
- CallManagers associated with each cluster
- Gateways associated with each CallManager
- IP phones associated with each CallManager

If you are in the habit of assigning customers and locations to CallManagers and gateways, this report will tell you which CallManager and gateways, if any, do not have customers or locations assigned to them.

The inventory report reads property tables created by the Admin module. The Admin module that comes with IPT Call Detail is exactly the same as the Admin module that comes with IP Telephony Gateway Statistics. Both packages share the same inventory report. The inventory report reads the following property tables:

- K_IPT_Cluster
- K_IPT_CManager
- K_IPT_gateway
- K_IPT_phoneNum
- K_IPT_gateway_loc (location module)
- K_IPT_loc (location module)
- K_IPT_QoS

These tables are refreshed daily by the Cisco CDR Datapipe. In addition, they are updated by any changes you make using the property update forms that come with IPT Call Detail.

Cisco IP Telephony Administration



Inventory

This report has one entry for each CallManager Cluster and provides hierarchy information for the CallManagers, Gateways, and IP Phones associated with that CallManager Cluster.

Cluster Selection

Cluster Name	Number of CallManager	Number of Gateway	Number of IP Phone
default	1	1	1
Cluster1	1	1	10

Call Manager for Selected Cluster

CallManager	Location	Number of Gateway	Number of IP Phone
default	Location Unassigned	1	1

11 Summary Reports

There are five summary reports that show summary views by phone number, CallManager, or site:

- **Phone Number MOS Summary** presents MOS metrics aggregated for a given phone number associated with a CallManager. This report can be used to view MOS statistic metrics and identify device performance issues.
- Process CallManager Summary gives various process system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a CallManager.
- Process Location Summary gives various process system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a site.
- System Resource Metrics Summary by CallManager gives various system resource system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a CallManager.
- System Resource Metrics Summary by Location gives various system resource system level metrics summary reports of the selected object type associated with a site.



Process Summary - CallManager

The process summary report will give various process system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a CallManager.

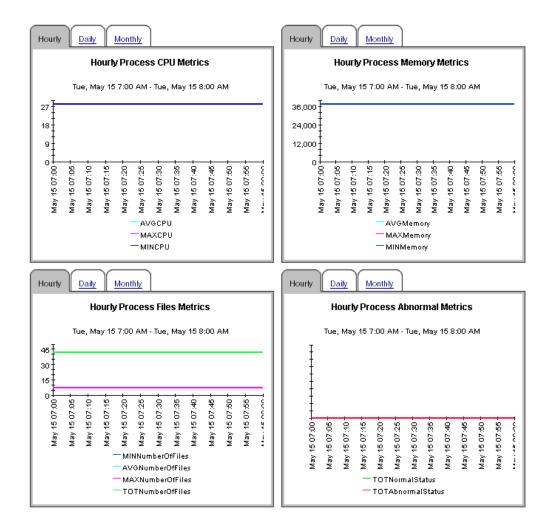
Call Manager Selection

	Call Manager Name	
	15.106.79.100	
	15.106.79.67	
- 4-	15.106.79.46	

Process selection

Process Name

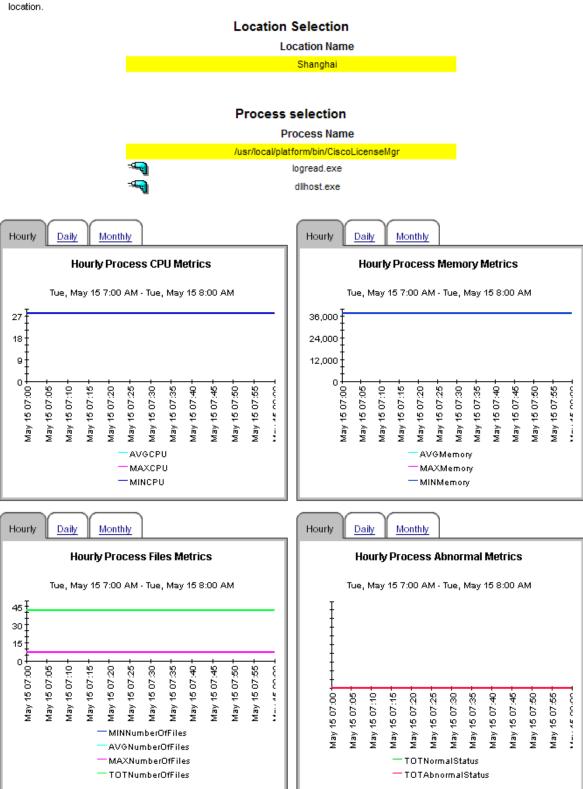
/usr/local/platform/bin/CiscoLicenseMgr





Process Summary - Location

The process summary report will give various process system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a location

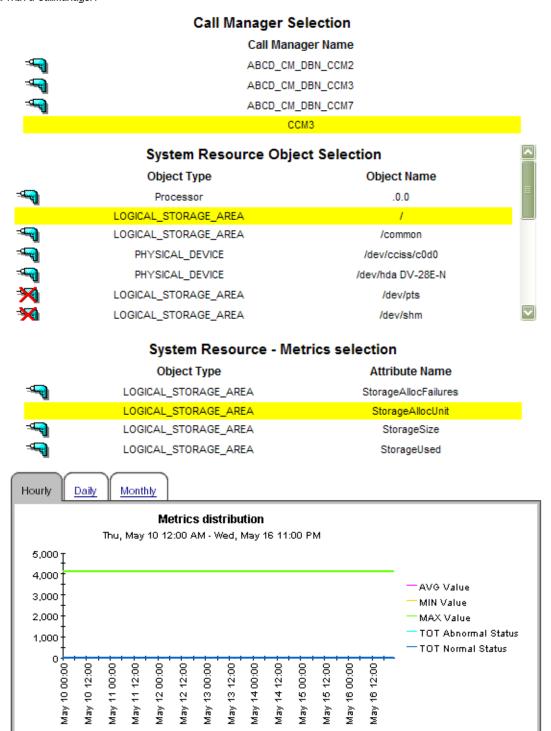


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System Resource Metrics Summary - Call Manager

The system resource summary report will give various system resource system level metrics reports of the selected object type associated with a CallManager.



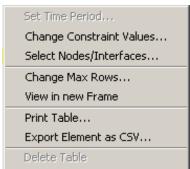
A Editing Tables and Graphs

Any table or graph can be viewed in several ways. Although the default view is usually adequate, you can easily change to a different view. If you are using Report Viewer, right-click the object to open a list of view options. If you are using the Web Access Server, follow these steps to change the default view of a table or graph:

- 1 Click **Preferences** on the links bar.
- 2 Expand **Reports** in the navigation frame.
- 3 Click Viewing.
- 4 Select the Allow element editing box.
- 5 Click Apply.
- 6 Click the Edit icon next to the table or graph.

View Options for Tables

Right-clicking a table, or selecting the Edit Table icon if you are using the Web Access Server, opens a list of table view options.



Select **Set Time Period** to alter the relative time period (relative to now) or set an absolute time period. The Set Time Period window opens.

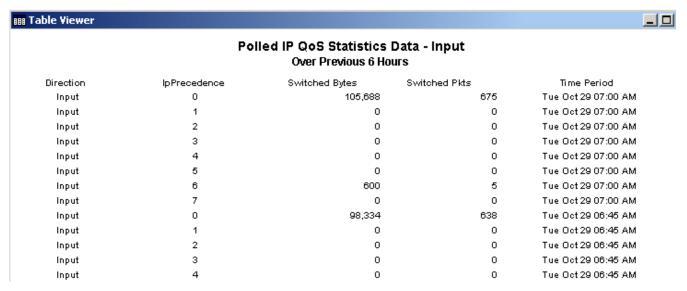
You can shorten the period of time covered by the table from, for example, 42 days to 30 days or to 7 days. If you are interested in a specific period of time that starts in the past and stops *before* yesterday, click **Use Absolute Time** and select a Start Time and an End Time.

Select **Change Constraint Values** to loosen or tighten a constraint, thereby raising or lowering the number of elements that conform to the constraint. The Change Constraint Values window opens. To loosen a constraint, set the value lower. To tighten a constraint, set the value higher.

The **Select Nodes/Interfaces** enables you to change the scope of the table by limiting the table to specific nodes, specific interfaces, or a specific group of nodes or interfaces. The Select Node Selection Type window opens.

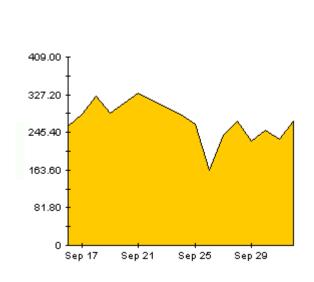
Change Max Rows increases or decreases the number of rows in a table. The default is 50. If you expand the default, the table might take more time to open. If you are trending a large network, using the default ensures that the table opens as quickly as possible.

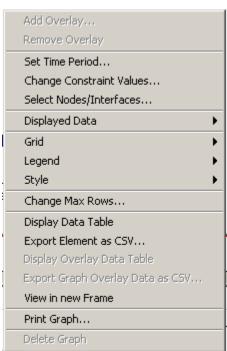
View in new Frame opens the table in a Table Viewer window, shown below. If necessary, make the data in the table more legible by resizing the window.



View Options for Graphs

Right-clicking a graph, or clicking the Edit Graph icon if you are using the Web Access Server, opens the following list of view options.





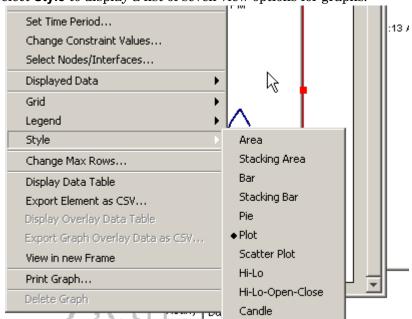
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The following table provides details about each option.

Option	Function	
Set Time Period	Same as the table option shown above.	
Change Constraint Values	Same as the table option shown above.	
Select Nodes/Interfaces	Same as the table option shown above.	
Displayed Data	For every point on a graph, display data in a spreadsheet.	
Grid	Add these to the graph:	
	X axis grid lines	
	Y axis grid lines	
	X and Y axis grid lines	
Legend	Delete or reposition the legend.	
Style	See the illustrations below.	
Change Max Rows	Same as the table option shown above.	
Display Data Table	See below.	
Export Element as CSV	Same as the table option shown above.	
View in New Frame	Opens graph in a Graph Viewer window.	
Print Graph	Same as the table option shown above.	

Style Options

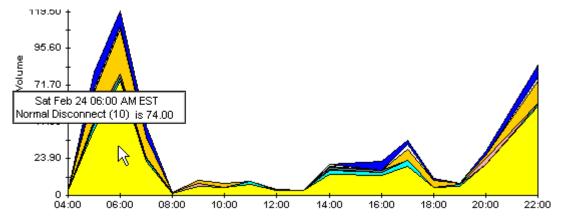
Select **Style** to display a list of seven view options for graphs.



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Style > Area

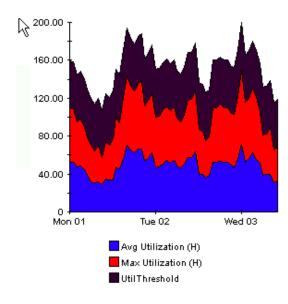
The plot or bar chart changes to an area graph. Although relative values and total values are easy to view in this format, absolute values for smaller data types may be hard to see. Click anywhere within a band of color to display the exact value for that location



To shorten the time span of a graph, press SHIFT+ALT and use the left mouse button to highlight the time span you want to focus on. Release the mouse button to display the selected time span.

Style > Stacking Area

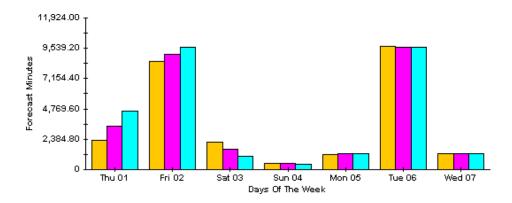
The area or plot graph changes to a stacking area graph. This view is suitable for displaying a small number of variables.



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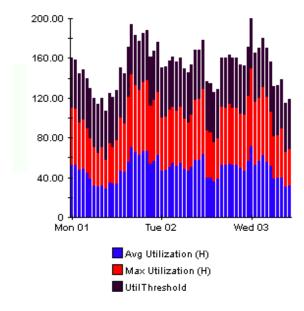
Style > Bar

The graph changes to a bar chart. This view is suitable for displaying relatively equal values for a small number of variables. There are three variables in the graph below.



Style > Stacking Bar

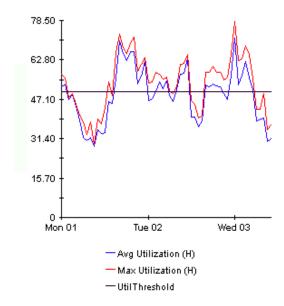
The plot or area graph changes to a stacking bar chart. If you increase the width of the frame, the time scale becomes hourly. If you increase the height of the frame, the call volume shows in units of ten.



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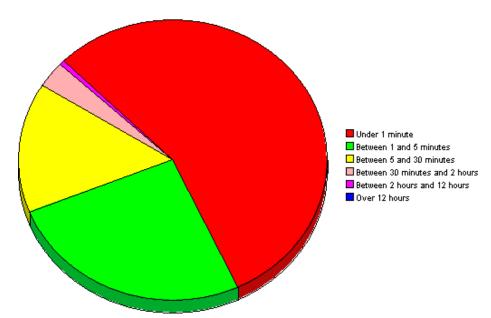
Style > Plot

Bands of color in an area graph change to lines. If you adjust the frame width, you can make the data points align with hour. If you adjust the frame height, you can turn call volume into whole numbers.



Style > Pie

An area graph becomes a pie chart. Bands in an area graph convert to slices of a pie and the pie constitutes a 24-hour period. This view is helpful when a small number of data values are represented and you are looking at data for one day.

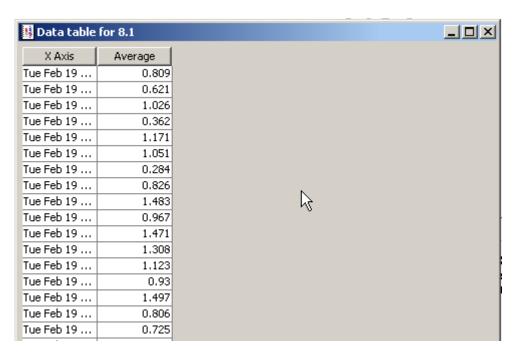


If you are looking at data for more than one day, you will see multiple pie graphs, one for each day.

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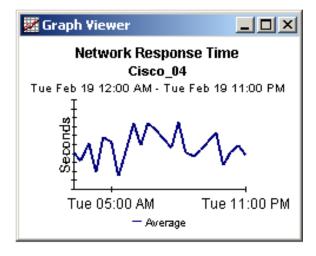
Display Data Table

This option changes a graph into a spreadsheet.



View in New Frame

The graph opens in a Graph Viewer window. Improve legibility by resizing the window.



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B Troubleshooting

This appendix describes common problems seen during the installation, configuration, or running of the Report Packs.

A Workaround for Supporting Multiple Versions of CCM in One PI

Make a backup copy of the file CiscoCDR_Collection.pro under both {DPIPE_HOME}/scripts folder and {DPIPE_HOME}/packages/CiscoCDR_Datapipe/CiscoCDR_Datapipe.ap folder, and then modify the file CiscoCDR_Collection.pro under both folders by following the steps below:

1 Ensure that the data folder for storing CCM 5.x data is a different one from those folders that store data from IPT SPI or other versions of CCM. This can be set in the command parameter on line 27:

Line 27:

```
{DPIPE_HOME}/bin/CCM5_datapipe -username=abc -password=abc -ccmHost=xx.xxx.xxx -servicePort=8080 -ftpHost=xyz -ftpUser=xyz -ftpPassword=xyz -ftpDir=/xyz/ -timeZone=PST)
```

2 Add the following lines to the file CiscoCDR_Collection.pro on line 20 (after CCM 5.x data collected and before the NNM parser runs):

```
begin: wait
{DPIPE HOME}/bin/perl {DPIPE HOME}/bin/CiscoCDR PP.pl -l <local
directory where CCM 5.x data files are located> -v 5.x
end:
begin: wait
{DPIPE HOME}/bin/ee collect -s <source file name with full path> -a
CiscoCDR CDRs -mw "-X"
end:
begin: wait
{DPIPE HOME}/bin/ee collect -s <source file name with full path> -a
CiscoCDR Hist phoneNum -mw "-X"
end:
begin: wait
{DPIPE HOME}/bin/ee collect -s <source file name with full path> -a
CiscoCDR CMRs -mw "-X"
end.
```

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