

# **Mercury Business Availability Center**

Using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business  
Availability Center Standalone

Version 6.7

Document Release Date: September 30, 2007

---

**MERCURY™**

Mercury Business Availability Center, Version 6.7  
Using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone

This document, and the accompanying software and other documentation, is protected by U.S. and international copyright laws, and may be used only in accordance with the accompanying license agreement. Features of the software, and of other products and services of Mercury Interactive Corporation, may be covered by one or more of the following patents: United States: 5,511,185; 5,657,438; 5,701,139; 5,870,559; 5,958,008; 5,974,572; 6,137,782; 6,138,157; 6,144,962; 6,205,122; 6,237,006; 6,341,310; 6,360,332; 6,449,739; 6,470,383; 6,477,483; 6,549,944; 6,560,564; 6,564,342; 6,587,969; 6,631,408; 6,631,411; 6,633,912; 6,694,288; 6,738,813; 6,738,933; 6,754,701; 6,792,460 and 6,810,494. Australia: 763468 and 762554. Other patents pending. All rights reserved.

U.S. GOVERNMENT RESTRICTED RIGHTS. This Software Documentation is a “commercial item” as defined at 48 C.F.R. 2.101 (October 1995). In accordance with 48 C.F.R. 12.212 (October 1995), 48 C.F.R. 27.401 through 27.404 and 52.227-14 (June 1987, as amended) and 48 C.F.R. 227.7201 through 227.7204 (June 1995), and any similar provisions in the supplements to Title 48 of the C.F.R. (the “Federal Acquisition Regulation”) of other entities of the U.S. Government, as applicable, all U.S. Government users acquire and may use this Documentation only in accordance with the restricted rights set forth in the license agreement applicable to the Computer Software to which this Documentation relates.

Mercury, Mercury Interactive, the Mercury logo, the Mercury Interactive logo, LoadRunner, WinRunner, SiteScope and TestDirector are trademarks of Mercury Interactive Corporation and may be registered in certain jurisdictions. The absence of a trademark from this list does not constitute a waiver of Mercury's intellectual property rights concerning that trademark.

All other company, brand and product names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. Mercury disclaims any responsibility for specifying which marks are owned by which companies or which organizations.

Mercury provides links to external third-party Web sites to help you find supplemental information. Site content and availability may change without notice. Mercury makes no representations or warranties whatsoever as to site content or availability.

Mercury Interactive Corporation  
379 North Whisman Road  
Mountain View, CA 94043  
Tel: (650) 603-5200  
Fax: (650) 603-5300  
<http://www.mercury.com>

© 2005-2007 Mercury Interactive Corporation, All rights reserved

If you have any comments or suggestions regarding this document, please send them by e-mail to [documentation@mercury.com](mailto:documentation@mercury.com).

---

# Table of Contents

<b>Chapter 1: Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability</b>	
<b>Center Standalone</b> .....	<b>5</b>
About Using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability	
Center Standalone .....	6
Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions .....	7
Changes to Existing Problem Isolation Components.....	9
Differences Between the Problem Isolation Topology Builder and Working With Pattern Views in Mercury Business	
Availability Center .....	12
New User Interface Pages.....	13
<b>Chapter 2: Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability</b>	
<b>Center Standalone User Interface</b> .....	<b>15</b>
Associate Problems with Suspects Page .....	16
Suspect Impact Page .....	17
Suspect Infrastructure Page .....	18
Suspect Dependencies Page .....	19
Suspect Monitor Topologies Page .....	20
Topology Builder .....	21
<b>Index</b> .....	<b>23</b>



# 1

---

## Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone

This chapter includes the main concepts of working with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone and how it differs from Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center with Mercury Application Mapping.

<b>This chapter describes:</b>	<b>On page:</b>
About Using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone	6
Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions	7
Changes to Existing Problem Isolation Components	9
Differences Between the Problem Isolation Topology Builder and Working with Pattern Views in Mercury Business Availability Center	12
New User Interface Pages	13

## **About Using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone**

When you use Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center with Mercury Application Mapping, you configure correlation rules in the Mercury Application Mapping TQLs that define which CIs are triggers (that is, a CI that can cause something to happen to another CI) and which CIs are affected by triggers.

When you use Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone, you use the new Topology Builder to create Problem Isolation topologies that define the relationships between CIs and to edit on-demand monitor topologies. You use a naming convention to define the role of a CI in the Problem Isolation topology. For details, see “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.

Changes to CIs, that appear in a number of Problem Isolation user interface pages and reports, are a function of Mercury Application Mapping and are therefore not available when working with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone. For details, see “Displaying Changes to CIs in User Interface Pages” on page 10 and “Suspect Weighting” on page 10.

## Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions

When you work with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone, you use a naming convention to define the role of a CI in the Problem Isolation topologies. The following table lists the different CI roles that you can define in each Problem Isolation topology and the naming convention that you must use:

CI Role	Description	Problem Isolation Topology	Naming Convention
Contained CI	A CI in the contained sub-graph of a given Suspect CI (for example, hardware components of a host).	PM_CONTAINS_system	CI Name (Contained CI)
Dependant CI	A CI on which a Suspect CI depends (for example, a license server required by a Suspect CI).	PM_DEPENDS_system	CI Name (Dependant CI)
Impacted CI	A CI that depends on a given Suspect CI and therefore is expected to be impacted by its status (for example, an application server impacted by a database server).	PM_IMPACTS_system	CI Name (Impacted CI)

**Chapter 1 • Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone**

CI Role	Description	Problem Isolation Topology	Naming Convention
Problematic CI	A Business type CI (application, server, or other) for which you initiate isolation triage to analyze a problem associated with it.	All PM_SUSPECT_Topologies	CI Name (Problematic CI)
Suspect CI	A System type CI that is part of the underlying infrastructure (hardware and software), comprising the problematic applications.	All PM_SUSPECT_Topologies	CI Name (Suspect CI)



## Changes to Existing Problem Isolation Components

A number of Problem Isolation components differ between using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone and Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center with Mercury Application Mapping.

This section includes the following topics:

- “Accessing User Interface Pages” on page 9
- “Displaying Changes to CIs in User Interface Pages” on page 10
- “Suspect Weighting” on page 10
- “Tasks” on page 10

### Accessing User Interface Pages

The following user interface pages are the same when working with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone or Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center with Mercury Application Mapping, but the way you access them is different when using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone:

- **Monitor Profile Configuration page.** The new path for accessing this page is **Admin > Problem Isolation > On-demand Monitors > Monitor Profiles.**
- **Suspect CI Monitor Configuration page.** The new path for accessing this page is **Admin > Problem Isolation > On-demand Monitors > Suspect Monitor Configuration.**

## Displaying Changes to CIs in User Interface Pages

The following user interface pages are the same when working with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone or Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center with Mercury Application Mapping, but do not show changes to CIs when using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone:

- ▶ **System Status report.** Displayed in the System Status pane of the Layers Analysis page.
- ▶ **Category Status for a Tier.** Accessed by clicking a bar in the System Status report.
- ▶ **Suspects page.** Accessed by clicking the **Suspects** option in the Problem Isolation flow bar on any Problem Isolation page.
- ▶ **Correlation Graph.** Accessed by clicking the **Show Correlation Graph** button on the Suspects page.

In the Systems Status report, Category Status for a Tier, and Suspects pages, the time range bar that is used to select a time range for the included data does not appear when using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone. The time range is relevant to CI changes and since such information is not included in these pages when using Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone, the time range bar is irrelevant.

## Suspect Weighting

The calculation used for weighting Suspect CIs does not include the Changes and Dependencies Changes weights, configured in Problem Isolation infrastructure settings, when you work with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone.

## Tasks

The task for Deploying Problem Isolation is different when you work with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone and comprises the following steps:

- 1** Associate problems with suspects. For details, see “Associate Problems with Suspects Page” on page 16.
- 2** Configure the CIs that are impacted by a Suspect CI. For details, see “Suspect Impact Page” on page 18.
- 3** Configure the CIs that are dependents of a Suspect CI. For details, see “Suspect Infrastructure Page” on page 19.
- 4** Configure the CIs of which a Suspect CI is a dependent. For details, see “Suspect Dependencies Page” on page 20.
- 5** Configure the monitor profiles for on-demand monitors. For details, see “New Monitor Profile Page” in *Using Problem Isolation*, in the Mercury Business Availability Center Documentation Library.
- 6** Configure suspect monitor topologies, where you model the structure of Suspect CIs which are used to pass parameters to the on-demand monitors. For details, see “Suspect Monitor Topologies Page” on page 21.
- 7** Configure the on-demand monitors to run on Suspect CIs. For details, see “Suspect CI Monitor Configuration Wizard” in *Using Problem Isolation*, in the Mercury Business Availability Center Documentation Library.

## **Differences Between the Problem Isolation Topology Builder and Working with Pattern Views in Mercury Business Availability Center**

Using the Problem Isolation Topology Builder to create topologies is similar, but not identical, to creating and editing pattern views in Mercury Business Availability Center. When referring to the documentation on working with pattern views while using the Problem Isolation Topology Builder, you must take into account the following differences between Problem Isolation topologies and pattern views:

- ▶ A generated pattern view is continuously updated by the CMBD, whereas the results of a Problem Isolation topology are only updated when it is run.
- ▶ All references to a pattern view in the pattern views documentation refer to a Problem Isolation topology when using the Problem Isolation Topology Builder.
- ▶ The following sections in the pattern view documentation are not applicable when working in the Problem Isolation Topology Builder:
  - ▶ Creating a Pattern View
  - ▶ Merging Identical Instances
  - ▶ Grouping CIs
  - ▶ Adding Folding Rules to Relationships
  - ▶ Defining Multiple Relationship Rules
  - ▶ Editing a Pattern View

For details on working with pattern views, see “Working with Pattern Views” in *View Manager Administration*, part of the Mercury Business Availability Center Documentation Library.

## **New User Interface Pages**

When working with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone, there are a number of new user interface pages in Problem Isolation Administration, which you use to configure on-demand monitors and problem suspects. For details on the new user interface pages, see “Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone User Interface” on page 15.



# 2

---

## Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone User Interface




This chapter includes the new pages and dialog boxes that are part of the Problem Isolation user interface when you work with Problem Isolation for Mercury Business Availability Center Standalone.

<b>This chapter describes:</b>	<b>On page:</b>
Associate Problems with Suspects Page	16
Suspect Impact Page	18
Suspect Infrastructure Page	19
Suspect Dependencies Page	20
Suspect Monitor Topologies Page	21
Topology Builder	22


## Associate Problems with Suspects Page

<b>Description</b>	<p>Displays the topologies that define the links between business CIs and their related infrastructure CIs. Enables you to edit existing topologies and configure new ones.</p> <p><b>To access:</b> Select <b>Admin &gt; Problem Isolation &gt; Problem Suspect Topologies &gt; Associate Problems with Suspects</b></p>
<b>Important Information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Topologies created and edited on this page are saved in the <b>PM</b> folder of the Universal CMDB and a prefix of <b>PM_SUSPECTS*</b> is automatically added to their name.</li> <li>▶ When creating or editing a Suspect Topology in the Topology Builder, you must add <b>(Problematic CI)</b> to the name of a problematic CI, and <b>(Suspect CI)</b> to a Suspect CI. For example, <b>IT Universe (Problematic CI)</b> or <b>System (Suspect CI)</b>. Examples of the naming convention can be seen in the <b>PM_SUSPECTS-generic</b> topology. For details on naming conventions, see “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.</li> </ul>
<b>Included in Tasks</b>	“Deploy Problem Isolation” on page 7

The Associate Problems with Suspects page includes the following elements (listed alphabetically):

<b>GUI Element</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Click to display and edit an existing Suspect Topology’s name and description.
	Click to access the <b>Topology Builder</b> , where you edit an existing Suspect Topology. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.
	Click to clone an existing Suspect Topology and save it under a different name.



GUI Element	Description
	Click to delete an existing Suspect Topology.
<b>New Topology</b>	Click the <b>New Topology</b> button to open the <b>New Topology</b> dialog box, where you enter the name of a new Suspect Topology and click <b>OK</b> . The <b>Topology Builder</b> opens, where you build the associations between problematic business CIs and their infrastructure suspects. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.
<b>Problematic CIs</b>	Displays the name of the problematic CI.
<b>Suspects</b>	Displays the name of the suspect CIs associated with the problematic CI.
<b>Topology Name</b>	Displays the name of the Suspect Topology.

## Suspect Impact Page

<b>Description</b>	<p>Opens the <b>PM_IMPACTS_system</b> topology in the Topology Builder, where you can edit the CIs impacted by a Suspect CI. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.</p> <p><b>To access:</b> Select <b>Admin &gt; Problem Isolation &gt; Problem Suspect Topologies &gt; Suspect Impact</b></p>
<b>Important Information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ You can only edit the <b>PM_IMPACTS_system</b> topology and cannot delete it.</li> <li>▶ When editing the <b>PM_IMPACTS_system</b> topology in the Topology Builder, you must add <b>(Impacted CI)</b> to the name of an impacted CI, and <b>(Suspect CI)</b> to a Suspect CI. For example, <b>Business (Impacted CI)</b> or <b>System_lower (Suspect CI)</b>. For details on naming conventions, see “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.</li> </ul>
<b>Included in Tasks</b>	“Deploy Problem Isolation” on page 7

## Suspect Infrastructure Page

<p><b>Description</b></p>	<p>Opens the <b>PM_CONTAINS_system</b> topology in the Topology Builder, where you can edit the CIs that are in the contained sub-graph of a Suspect CI. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.</p> <p><b>To access:</b> Select <b>Admin &gt; Problem Isolation &gt; Problem Suspect Topologies &gt; Suspect Infrastructure</b></p>
<p><b>Important Information</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ You can only edit the <b>PM_CONTAINS_system</b> topology and cannot delete it.</li> <li>▶ When editing the <b>PM_CONTAINS_system</b> topology in the Topology Builder, you must add <b>(Contained CI)</b> to the name of an contained CI, and <b>(Suspect CI)</b> to a Suspect CI. For example, <b>IT Universe (Contained CI)</b> or <b>System_upper (Suspect CI)</b>. For details on naming conventions, see “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Included in Tasks</b></p>	<p>“Deploy Problem Isolation” on page 7</p>





## Suspect Dependencies Page

<b>Description</b>	<p>Opens the <b>PM_DEPENDS_system</b> topology in the Topology Builder, where you can edit the CIs on which a Suspect CI depends. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.</p> <p><b>To access:</b> Select <b>Admin &gt; Problem Isolation &gt; Problem Suspect Topologies &gt; Suspect Dependencies</b></p>
<b>Important Information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ You can only edit the <b>PM_DEPENDS_system</b> topology and cannot delete it.</li> <li>▶ When editing the <b>PM_DEPENDS_system</b> topology in the Topology Builder, you must add <b>(Dependant CI)</b> to the name of a CI of which a suspect is a dependent, and <b>(Suspect CI)</b> to a Suspect CI. For example, <b>IT Universe (Dependant CI)</b> or <b>System_root (Suspect CI)</b>. For details on naming conventions, see “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.</li> </ul>
<b>Included in Tasks</b>	“Deploy Problem Isolation” on page 7

## Suspect Monitor Topologies Page


<b>Description</b>	<p>Displays the existing Suspect Topologies (used in Suspect Monitor configurations) which model the structure of Suspect CIs, which are used to pass parameters to the on-demand monitors. Enables you to edit existing Suspect Topologies and configure new ones.</p> <p><b>To access:</b> Select <b>Admin &gt; Problem Isolation &gt; On-demand Monitors &gt; Suspect Monitor Topologies</b></p>
<b>Important Information</b>	<p>Topologies created and edited on this page are saved in the <b>PM_DIAGNOSTICS</b> folder of the Universal CMDB and a prefix of <b>PM_*</b> is automatically added to their name. For details on naming conventions, see “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.</p>
<b>Included in Tasks</b>	<p>“Deploy Problem Isolation” on page 7</p>

The Suspect Monitor Topologies page includes the following elements (listed alphabetically):

<b>GUI Element</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Click to display and edit an existing Suspect Topology's name and description.
	Click to access the <b>Topology Builder</b> , where you edit an existing Suspect Topology. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.
	Click to clone an existing Suspect Topology and save it under a different name.
	Click to delete an existing Suspect Topology.

GUI Element	Description
New Topology	Click the <b>New Topology</b> button to open the <b>New Topology</b> dialog box, where you enter the name of a new Suspect Topology and click <b>OK</b> . The <b>Topology Builder</b> opens, where you build the associations between problematic business CIs and their infrastructure suspects. For details on working with the Topology Builder, see “Topology Builder” on page 22.
Topology Description	Displays the description of the Suspect Topology.
Topology Name	Displays the name of the Suspect Topology.

## Topology Builder

Description	<p>You use the Problem Isolation Topology Builder to create and edit the topologies that define the relationships between CIs.</p> <p><b>To access:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Click the <b>Edit</b> button  for an existing topology in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Associate Problems with Suspects Page (for details, see page 16).</li> <li>▶ Suspect Monitor Topologies Page (for details, see page 21).</li> </ul> </li> <li>▶ Automatically opens when you access: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Suspect Impact Page (for details, see page 18).</li> <li>▶ Suspect Infrastructure Page (for details, see page 19).</li> <li>▶ Suspect Dependencies Page (for details, see page 20).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
-------------	--

<p><b>Important Information</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Specific naming conventions must be used when configuring CIs in the Problem Isolation Topology Builder. For details, see, “Problem Isolation Topology CI Naming Conventions” on page 7.</li> <li>▶ Creating and editing topologies in the Problem Isolation Topology Builder is similar to creating and editing pattern views in Mercury Business Availability Center, except for a number of differences.  For details on working with the Problem Isolation Topology Builder, see “Working with Pattern Views” in <i>View Manager Administration</i>, part of the Mercury Business Availability Center Documentation Library.  For details on the differences between the Problem Isolation Topology Builder and working with pattern views in Mercury Business Availability Center, see “Differences Between the Problem Isolation Topology Builder and Working with Pattern Views in Mercury Business Availability Center” on page 12</li> </ul>
<p><b>Included in Tasks</b></p>	<p>“Deploy Problem Isolation” on page 7</p>

---

# Index

## A

associate problems with suspects page 16

## C

changes to Deploying Problem Isolation task  
    Problem Isolation components 11  
changes to Problem Isolation components 9  
changes to suspect weighting  
    Problem Isolation components 10

## D

displaying changes to CIs  
    Problem Isolation components 10

## P

pattern views  
    differences to topology builder 12  
Problem Isolation components  
    changes 9  
    changes to accessing user interface  
        pages 9  
    changes to Deploying Problem  
        Isolation task 11  
    changes to suspect weighting 10  
    displaying changes to CIs 10  
Problem Isolation topology CI naming  
    conventions 7  
Problem Isolation user interface  
    new pages 13  
Problem Isolation user interface pages  
    changes in accessing 9

## S

suspect dependencies page 19  
suspect impact page 17  
suspect infrastructure page 18  
suspect monitor topologies page 20

## T

topology builder 21  
    differences to working with pattern  
        views 12

## U

user interface  
    new pages, associate problems with  
        suspects page 16  
    new pages, suspect dependencies page  
        19  
    new pages, suspect impact page 17  
    new pages, suspect infrastructure page  
        18  
    new pages, suspect monitor  
        topologies page 20  
    new pages, topology builder 21  
user interface pages  
    new in Problem Isolation 13

