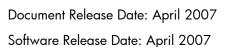
HP OpenView Configuration Management Application Usage Manager

for the Windows operating systems

Software Version: 5.00

User Guide





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Documentation Updates

This guide's title page contains the following identifying information:

- Software Version number, which indicates the software version
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Table 1 below indicates changes made to this document since the last released edition.

Table 1 Document Changes

Chapter	Version	Changes
All	5.00	New installation paths are documented in this guide. They are summarized below:
		AUM Agent-related Installation Paths:
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent\Bin
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent\ Usage Manager (USDBase files)
		 AUM Administrator, KB Server and Configuration Analyzer:
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\Usage Manager Administrator
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\Knowledge Base Server
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\Configuration Analyzer
		• CM Portal (on port 3471, by default)

Chapter	Version	Changes
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\ ManagementPortal
		CM Integration Server (on port 3466, by default)
		[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\ IntegrationServer
Chapter 2	5.00	Added support for SQL Server 2005 and Oracle 10g databases. Removed support for Oracle 8i.
Chapter 2	5.00	System Requirements have changed. Review this topic for the supported platforms for collecting usage data, as well as the supported SQL and Oracle environments for the Application Usage Manager database. Windows versions prior to 2000 are no longer supported.
Chapter 2	5.00	Infrastructure Requirements for Reporting has changed. Options include using the CM Reporting Server, or, using the CM Portal with the CM Application Usage Manager Tcl Server Pages. Removed references to using Active Server Pages
Chapter 2	5.00	Page 33, New topic: Optional Features for Database Performance and Maintenance; explains how to use the scripts for Standard Materialized Views and Filtered Materialized Views to improve reporting performance.
Chapter 2	5.00	Page 42, Defining an SSL-Secured Collection Point. Specify the URL for specifying a secured collection point using HTTPS and a secure port number, such as 443.
Chapter 4	5.00	Page 83, Chapter expanded to include how to view reports using CM Reporting Server, as well as using a CM Web Server with TCL Server Pages.
Chapter 5	5.00	Chapter renamed to reflect the name change from the Rule Editor to the <i>CM Application Usage Manager Admin</i> . This is installed using <code>UsageManagerAdministrator.msi</code> .

Chapter	Version	Changes
Appendix A	5.00	Page 131, Installation and collection procedures for Application Usage Manager in a non-CM environment have changed. There is a new installation program, AUMAgent.msi. The HP OVCM AUM Agent Service is renamed AUMService.exe. Review this Appendix for the latest procedures and information.
Appendix A	5.00	Page 140, Configuring the CM Agent for SSL Communications with a Secured Integration Server, enables the AUM Agent in a non-CM environment to communicate with a secured Integration Server for data collection.

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To register for an HP Passport ID, go to:

www.managements of tware.hp.com/passport-registration.html

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1 Introduction

Audience

This guide was written for system administrators who want to use the HP OpenView Configuration Management Application Usage Manager (CM Application Usage Manager) to assess and obtain reports on software usage in their IT enterprises. The CM Application Usage Manager allows an administrator to know who is using what applications, and how often. Armed with this information, an administrator can increase efficiency by prioritizing and implementing IT projects, accordingly.

The CM Application Usage Manager agent is installed with or without an existing CM infrastructure. However, implementation is much faster and more flexible if you leverage your existing CM infrastructure. In order to implement the CM Application Usage Manager in a CM environment, you need a basic understanding of a few CM components, including the CM Admin CSDB Editor and the HP OpenView Configuration Management Portal (CM Portal), as well as a general understanding of the CM agent connect process.

What is the CM Application Usage Manager?

You can use the CM Application Usage Manager to assess patterns of application usage in your environment. This allows you to facilitate adherence to license agreements, re-provision licenses if needed, and monitor user productivity.

The CM Application Usage Manager monitors the use of every application on all of your servers, desktops, and laptops. This enables you to:

- Enforce corporate standards by identifying non-standard software and software versions in use within your enterprise.
- Implement license tracking, giving you the ability to purchase and maintain only those licenses that are needed.

- Enable OS migration support by prioritizing software distribution based on actual usage.
- Use reporting to view the actual use of application resources.

The CM Application Usage Manager can be used in your existing environment whether or not you are currently using CM for software distribution. For implementation details regarding non-CM environments see Appendix A, Implementing the CM Application Usage Manager in a Non-CM Environment.

Figure 1 CM Application Usage Manager



Data Collection Types

The CM Application Usage Manager collects two types of application data: usage and inventory.

- Inventory data consists of information about all applications currently installed on a computer.
- Usage data consists of information about what applications were in use over a specific time period.

Usage data incorporates another form of data called concurrency usage. Concurrency usage data is a more specific form of usage data.

Regular usage data is collected on a daily basis anytime an application is used during the course of a day, while concurrency data can be collected for a single application over a period of time as short as fifteen minutes. This ability allows for capacity planning as well as provides specific data to organizations that may be interested in migrating users into a terminal server environment.

System Requirements

- Windows 2000, XP, or Server 2003 (XP Server), Vista 32-bit
- Windows XP Professional x64 or Windows 2003 Enterprise Edition x64
- Windows running on Itanium on top of EL-32 layer
- You must have administrator rights to the computer to install the CM Application Usage Manager.

Hardware and Software Requirements

CM Application Usage Manager Agent

Windows 2000, XP, or Server 2003.

64-bit support for Windows XP Professional or 2003 Enterprise Edition.

CM Knowledge Base Server

Windows 2000, XP, or Server 2003.

CM Application Usage Manager Knowledge Base

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Microsoft SQL Server 2000 with service pack 3 or SQL Server 2005 Oracle 9i Rel 2, or 10g

Reporting

CM Reporting Server, v5.0

CM Portal with CM Application Usage Manager Tcl Server Pages

CM Application Usage Manager Administrator (formerly called the Rule Editor)

CM Applications and Infrastructure

CM Application Manager or CM Application Self-Service Manager

CM Configuration Server

CM Administrator CSDB Editor

CM Portal

CM Integration Server (typically, from the CM Portal)

Platform Support

For more information about the platforms that are supported in this release, see the accompanying release notes.

Processing

You can distribute and install the CM Application Usage Manager agent on your computers using your existing CM infrastructure. Default CM-defined installation settings install and configure the CM Application Usage Manager agent to perform executable inventory scanning, application usage, and usage data collection through predefined CM Application Usage Manager packages. The next time an agent connects to the CM Configuration Server, the package is delivered and CM Application Usage monitoring begins automatically.

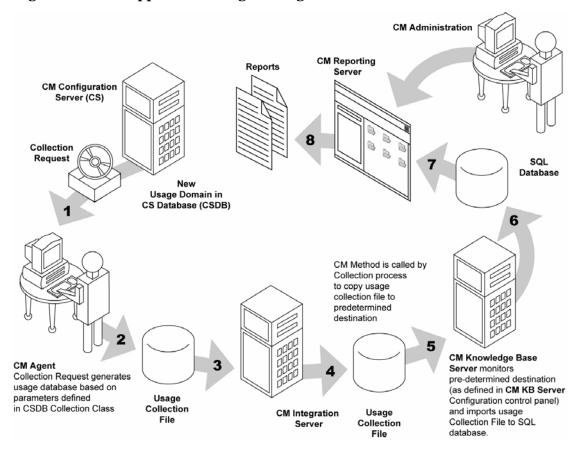
Periodically, the usage data is collected based on user-defined parameters. This data is sent to a predefined collection point for further processing. Collection points may be a network share or a CM Integration Server destination. This location is monitored by the CM Knowledge Base Server, which in turn extracts the usage data from the files collected from each agent computer and loads this data into your SQL-enabled database, making the

data available for reporting purposes. Reports can be generated using the CM Reporting Server, the CM Portal with Tcl Server Pages.

CM Application Usage Manager Environment

The CM Application Usage Manager has different infrastructure requirements, based on whether or not CM is being used to manage the environment.

Figure 2 CM Application Usage Manager environment



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Common Infrastructure Requirements

Common infrastructure requirements are needed for both CM and non-CM management of the CM Application Usage Manager environment to capture usage data on the agent and move the data to a server, and ultimately to an SQL database for reporting purposes.

Common infrastructure includes the following computers with the required software installed:

Monitored Agent or Server

CM Application Usage Manager Agent and its collection configuration

• SQL Server or Oracle Database

Microsoft SQL Server and its enterprise management tools (may be an MSDE version for evaluation) or an Oracle database with SQL Plus tools.

CM Knowledge Base Server

The CM KB Server imports the usage data into the database.

Usage Manager Administrator

CM Application Usage Manager Administrator provides a Rule Editor

For information regarding non-CM management of the CM Application Usage Manager see Appendix A, Implementing the CM Application Usage Manager in a Non-CM Environment.

CM Infrastructure Requirements

In addition to the common infrastructure requirements, additional components must be available for CM management of the CM Application Usage Manager environment. CM infrastructure requires the following computers and installed software:

CM Administrator

This is the HP OVCM Administrator selection on the Windows Start menu.

CM Configuration Server and CM Database

CM Configuration Server Database requires the PRIMARY File USAGE Domain

CM Portal or CM Integration Server

The CM Portal is typically used.

Enable HTTP File Copy

Infrastructure Requirements for Reporting

The infrastructure needed to support reporting differs based on whether CM has been installed and whether the CM Portal is available. Web-enabled reporting is available through CM Reporting Server or through the CM Portal's use of Tcl Server Pages (TSP). The reporting software may be installed by anyone who requires the ability to view and generate reports.

CM Reporting Server 5.00 or above

or

 CM Portal 5.00 – for reporting using CM Application Usage Manager Tcl Server Pages

Recommended Software Configurations

A single server may have one or more software components installed to minimize the number of computers required. The following are recommendations for consolidating software:

SQL or Oracle Database Server

To minimize hard-drive thrashing, the SQL or Oracle database server should have at least two hard drives. Each drive would store:

- The SQL database
- Collection files from each monitored machine

CM Knowledge Base Server

may be installed on:

- SQL Database Server (recommended)
- CM Portal or CM Integration Server
- Another server

CM Application Usage Manager Administrator

may be installed on the:

- CM Administrator's workstation (recommended)
- CM Knowledge Base Server

Agent for Application Usage Manager -- Collection File Destination

The CM Application Usage Manager generates files on the monitored machines that contain both the current executable inventory and the usage

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information. This information is transferred through the network so it can be imported into an ODBC database. To eliminate network transfer during database import, it is recommended that collection files be placed on the CM Knowledge Base Server when it also serves as the SQL or Oracle database server machine.

CM Application Usage Manager Agent Operation Overview

The CM Application Usage Manager agent supports monitoring of all executable usage.

Once monitoring has started, there are three usage files on the agent machine: the **active application monitoring file**, the **history file**, and the **collection file**.

Active Application Monitoring File

 Contains current application usage information, including (where available):

Machine name

Machine domain name

OS major, minor, build versions

User name

User domain name

Vendor name

Product name

Product version

Application name

Application version

Original application name (if renamed)

Application description

Application module file type

Path name application was launched from

Logical root folder name (i.e., ProgramFilesFolder)

Remaining path name

MD5 hash

Link time

number of times application was launched

number of seconds application was active

number of seconds application was in the foreground or "in-focus"

History File

- Data will be accumulated in a history file by machine, user, executable, and day. Note that data is summarized by day in the history file.
- The usage history file will be maintained for a designated period (default is the last 12 months).
- Old data is aged out of the file.
- The agent history file will maintain separate entries for all executable inventory and usage data reported to each database.

Collection files

- Contains the usage and current executable inventory data that is to be imported into a specific SQL Server or Oracle database. Data collection will be done on a per database basis.
- Each database has a filter policy associated with it that contains a set of filtering rules. A collection file is built for each database.
- There can be any number of usage monitor databases that can request the same or different data from any agent based on the filtering rules.
- Filter policies will be maintained for each database on the agent or as objects in the CM Configuration Server.
- The agent-generated collection file must be sent to the correct database import path. The CM Knowledge Base Server will perform importing of the collection data file. The HP OVCM Integration Server performs the role of moving the collection files to the database import path location.
- When implemented through CM, the default collection file name is the &ZOBJID of the UMCOLLCT Class.

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Collection Processing

When collection is requested for a database, the agent will compare the current archive data against the reported data for that database. All file inventory data will be compared. Usage data is only compared for files that pass the inclusion filter. Any differences in inventory or usage are added to the collection file.

Once the collection file has been created, it is sent to the destination defined in the PRIMARY.USAGE.UMDESTPT class, COLLDEST instance attribute, or the USDBCOLL.ini CollectionPoint parameter for non-CM implementations.

To minimize bandwidth requirements, the collection files contain only what has not yet been sent to the specific database requesting the collection. These files also contain data aging and deletion information for removing old data from the database.

The history file contains all usage data, regardless if it has been requested for upload into a database for the machine and all of its users. The history file contains up to one year's data and as new days are added, data older than one year is deleted. The number of months is determined by the History Retention Months setting. This feature allows a database collection process to modify policy collection filters to capture any data that is up to a year old. If a new database is added as a destination point, then it can request any of this data from any machine that the CM Application Usage Manager has monitored—either presently or in the past.

Collection Point Destinations

A collection point is a directory destination to which a collection file is copied, and then automatically imported into a SQL database by the CM Knowledge Base Server.

Automated Import

Automated import directories are watched by the CM Knowledge Base Server automated import service. Each time a new collection file is placed in an autoimport directory, the CM Knowledge Base Server will recognize this and then:

- Connect to its pre-configured SQL database through a system-level ODBC connection.
- Import the contents of the collection file into the SQL database.

- Archive the collection file once the import is successful, or copy it to an error directory should the import fail for any reason.
- Perform a rollback of the import if the import is unsuccessful.

Collection Destination Point Unavailable

If a collection request fails to successfully copy the current usage data, then the collection file is placed in the <code>Usage Manager\Collect</code> directory with the file name <code>DatabaseName</code>. <code>USDBase</code>, where <code>DatabaseName</code> is the file name set in the <code>DBNAME</code> instance of the <code>PRIMARY.USAGE.UMDBASE</code> class, or the <code>USDBCOLL.ini</code> <code>DatabaseName</code> parameter for non-CM implementations. This file can then be manually collected by copying it from the machine, or it will be recreated with the latest application usage data and then collected when the agent receives the next collection request.

Agent Processing of Data Collection Request

The monitoring process collects data for every executable that has been run on the machine. This data is saved in the **active monitoring file**. Since administrators need reports on what exists on the machine, but has not been used, an **executable inventory** is also run to augment the active usage data collected.

Executable Inventory Scan and Options

Since the inventory capture process may take several minutes to complete, the inventory process can be configured during installation to be collected at a pre-defined time, daily or weekly at, for example, 1:00 AM Sunday. The request for data collection can aggregate this pre-collected inventory data with the current usage monitoring data at the time of the collection request. Also, the inventory collection can be configured to run at the time the collection request is issued to provide a more up-to-date inventory. Since the executable file inventory scan can take several minutes, the request for collection is performed synchronously once the inventory scan has finished.

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Initiating Collection of Agent Data

Collection of monitoring data is initiated by running an executable with the appropriate command line parameters. Each collection request is SQL database-specific and the technique of launching an executable allows one or more collection requests to the same agent computer for either the same or differently filtered data destined for different SQL databases.



The usage time for appropriate applications is collected based on parameters that you select. This usage time should not be confused with focus time (the time that an application was in focus, that is, the active window in the forefront on a user's desktop).

CM Portal or CM Integration Server and the CM Application Usage Manager

The CM Application Usage Manager requires components that run under the control of a CM Portal or CM Integration Server. The CM Portal or CM Integration Server provide Web services that are shared by all loaded modules in their respective resource control file (httpd*.rc), resulting in a single entry point for all HTTP (Web-based) requests. The CM Application Usage Manager leverages the abilities of these CM servers to perform HTTP-based file copying. If the CM Portal or CM Integration Server is secured using SSL, HTTPS-based file copying is supported.

Either the CM Portal or CM Integration Server can be used to move the application usage data collection files from the monitored machines to one or more server directories. From the server directories, the data are imported into a database.

Summary

- The CM Application Usage Manager may be configured to leverage existing CM infrastructure or capture and report on usage data without it.
- The CM Application Usage Manager collects two types of application data: usage and application inventory.
- The CM Application Usage Manager benefits IT administrators by allowing them to monitor application usage and cut costs.
- CM implementations of the CM Application Usage Manager require the use of several CM products, including the CM Knowledge Base Server, CM Configuration Server, the CM Administrator, the CM Portal or CM Integration Server, and the CM Reporting Server.

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2 Configuring Your Environment

Configuring Your CM environment

Before you can use the CM Application Usage Manager, your CM environment must be prepared. To configure your CM components to use the CM Application Usage Manager you will need to complete the following tasks:

- 1 Create and configure your CM Application Usage Manager database.
 - Define a SQL Server database or Oracle database.
 - Execute the provided script files to configure the Application Usage Manager DB table schema.
 - Configure your ODBC connection.
- 2 Install and configure CM Application Usage Manager software:
 - CM Configuration Server

Installation requirements, as well as instructions for installing the CM Configuration Server, are documented in the *CM Configuration Server User Guide*.



Make sure you select the **CM Usage Manager** option during the installation.

CM Administrator

Installation requirements, as well as instructions for installing the CM Administrator, are documented in the CM Application Manager Installation and Configuration Guide, and in the CM Application Self-Service Manager Installation and Configuration Guide.

 CM Knowledge Base Server (one per SQL database) and a configured ODBC connection.

CM Portal or CM Integration Server

You must have an active CM Portal or CM Integration Server available for processing requests to copy the application usage files (.USDB) from each agent computer to a central location.

General requirements and instructions for installing the CM Portal are documented in the *CM Portal Installation and Configuration Guide*. The CM Integration server is the installed with several CM infrastructure components, such as the CM Proxy Server, CM Policy Server or CM Patch Manager.

CM Application Usage Manager Administrator

- Configure your CM Application Usage Manager agent using the CM Admin CSDB Editor.
- 3 Install the CM Application Usage Manager agent.



The CM Application Usage Manager requires that the USAGE Domain be included in your CM Configuration Server Database. The latest USAGE Domain is included with versions 4 and 5 of the CM Configuration Server Database. If you are using an earlier version of the CM Configuration Server Database, you will need to import the USAGE Domain into your database. For more information, see Adding the USAGE Domain on page 50.

 The following sections describe the steps needed to configure your environment. Installing and configuring the CM Application Usage Manager agent (steps 3 and 4 above) is covered in Chapter 3, CM Application Usage Manager Agent.

Task 1 Create and Configure the CM Application Usage Manager Database and Schema

The CM Application Usage Manager Knowledge Base is a database that contains the application usage data that is needed to effectively manage the enterprise including information about the machines, users, files, and file usage. It is designed such that application packaging and other state file data generated by the CM Extensions for Windows Installer and CM Inventory Manager can be leveraged during data analysis and reporting.

Refer to the appropriate set of instructions below to define and configure your database schema for a SQL Server database or an Oracle database.

Defining a CM Application Usage Manager Database for Microsoft SQL Server

New CM Application Usage Manager databases are created using the SQL data definition language files referenced below.

Use the following tasks to create the CM Application Usage Manager database for a Microsoft SQL Server database. The first task creates the database and the second task creates the table schema.

To create the CM Application Usage Manager database for SQL Server

- 1 Open the SQL Server Enterprise Manager.
- 2 Right-click the Database folder for the appropriate server and select **New Database**. Complete the entries as follows:

General Tab

— Name

CMUsage (or a name of your choice excluding blanks and underscores)

— Collation Name:

 Usage Schema Supports Unicode. Leave the collation as server default or Choose a collation name of your choice, for example: French_CI_AS or Japanese_CI_AI_KS.

Data Files Tab

— File Name

CMUsage_Data (or name of your choice excluding spaces). Set the initial size to 1000 MB.

Select Automatically grow file by 20%



For improved performance, we recommend that you create the CM Application Usage Manager database on a drive other than the drive that is used to create state files.

Transaction Log Tab

— File Name

CMUsage_Log (or a name of your choice excluding blanks). Set the log size to 250 MB.

- 3 Click **OK** to create the database and log files. The CM Application Usage Manager database is now added to the Databases folder of your server, within the Server Manager.
- 4 When you are finished creating the database, create the database table schema.

To create the table schema for SQL Server

- Within the SQL Server Enterprise Manager, in the Tools menu, select **SQL Query Analyzer**.
- 2 Make sure the drop-down box displays the database you just created.
- 3 From within the Query Analyzer, open your CM Application Usage Manager media and navigate to the appropriate folder for your SQL Server version: \SQL Server\SQL Server 2000\ or \SQL Server\SQL Server\SQL Server 2005\.
- 4 Execute each SQL script in the directory in order (the scripts are named accordingly) beginning with Step 2.

Use Query Execute or press **F5** to run each script.

At the end of the query execution you will see a series of messages possibly displaying sysdepends dependency and several row insertions. This indicates a successful installation of the database definitions.

- Step2_Define_UsageManager_Tables.sql
- Step3_Define_Common_Tables.sql
- Step4 Define Views.sql
- Step5_Define_Stored_Procedures.sql
- Step6_Insert_Common_Functions.sql
- Step7_Insert_Common_DefaultData.sql
- 5 Close the SQL Query Analyzer.
- 6 Continue with Create an ODBC Connection, located on page 34.

Defining a CM Application Usage Manager Database for Oracle

First create a database for Oracle of your choice. If you require a Unicode Oracle database with a Unicode data type, create a Unicode database with a DB Character Set that supports Unicode data, preferably the DB character set Al32UTF8 and National Character Set UTF8.

Configuring your database schema for Oracle requires the execution of several SQL script files that are provided with your CM Application Usage Manager media in the Oracle directory. Copy these files to a location accessible by your Oracle administrator. Make sure to use the files located in the appropriate Oracle version directory. The scripts will, by default, install the database into the CM user's schema.

To configure your CM Application Usage Manager database schema for Oracle

- For the scripts to run successfully, replace the %Install_Path% in Step1_Define_Tablespaces.sql and make sure that it references the Oracle installation path. (For example a typical %Install_Path% with a default installation of Oracle 10g would refer to c:\oracle\product \10.2.0 and on Oracle 9i would refer to C:\ORACLE)
- 2 Use the Oracle SQL Plus Worksheet application (for Oracle version 9i and above) and log on as a database administrator.
- 3 Make sure the folders described in Step 1 are created before running the scripts.
- 4 Execute the SQL scripts that are just modified by you, in order, as determined by their filenames, making sure to include the correct path to the script locations. Review the comments within each script (step 1 through step 5).

For example, if your SQL scripts are located in the directory \CMAppUsageManager\Oracle\Schema, you would execute the first script by typing

SQL> @C:\CMAppUsageManager\Oracle\Schema\Step1_Define
_TableSpaces.sql

followed by Enter.



Make sure to select the correct group of SQL files depending on the version of Oracle you are using.

For Oracle 9i

- Step1_Define_Tablespaces.sql
- Step2_Define_Common_Roles.sql
- Step3_Define_Common_Tables.sql
- Step4_Define_UsageManager_Tables.sql
- Step5_Insert_Common_DefaultData.sql

For Oracle 10g

- Step1 Define TableSpaces.sql
- Step2_Define_Common_Roles.sql
- Step3_Define_Common_Tables.sql
- Step4 Define UsageManager Tables.sql

— Step5 Insert Common DefaultData.sql

For example, if your SQL scripts are located in the directory \CMAppUsageManager\Oracle\Schema, you would execute the first script by typing

SQL> @C:\CMAppUsageManager\Oracle\Schema\Step1_Define
TableSpaces.sql

followed by Enter.

- 5 Make sure each script executes properly.
- 6 Log on as SYSDBA and execute Step6 Create CMDBA Role.sql.



Additional scripts are located in the *\Optional_Features* directory for performance enhancements or for removing the CM Application Usage Manager Database. They are not required here.

Service Pack Installation (If applicable)

When you're finished executing the SQL scripts, check to see if the SQL or Oracle version directory folder on the CM Application Usage Manager media includes a ServicePacks folder.



Schema Version 5.0 Does not have any service packs.

- If the ServicePacks folder does not exist, continue with Create an ODBC Connection, located on page 34.
- If a ServicePacks folder exists, you need to apply the supplied service packs located within the Oracle version directories. There are two types of service packs supplied, **required** and **optional**. Apply the required service packs first, in the proper order, then, if desired, apply the optional service packs.

To apply any supplied service packs for SQL Server

- Within the SQL Server Enterprise Manager, in the Tools menu, select **SQL Query Analyzer**.
- 2 Make sure the drop-down box displays the correct database.
- From within the Query Analyzer, open your CM Application Usage Manager media and navigate to \SQL server\SQL Server

2000\ServicePacks or \SQL server\SQL Server 2005\ServicePacks.

4 Execute the service pack SQL scripts. Make sure each script executes properly.

To apply any service packs for Oracle

- The service packs are located within the Oracle version directories within the ServicePacks folder.
- 2 Use the SQL Plus Worksheet application (for Oracle version 9i and above) and login as a database administrator.
- 3 Execute the service pack SQL scripts located within the ServicePacks folder within the proper Oracle version directory of your CM Application Usage Manager media, making sure to include the correct path to the script locations. Run the scripts in order as determined by their filenames.



After applying the SERVICE_PACK_XXX.SQL files, the Oracle server does not recompile all of the parent views when a child view is updated. This leaves a number of views invalid after applying the updates. To make sure all views are valid, select all of the views in the Oracle Enterprise Manager, right-click and select **Recompile**. This will re-validate all of the views.

Optional Features for Database Performance and Maintenance

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Using Standard Materialized Views or Filtered Materialized Views

The Materialized View options are explained below. Both enhance reporting performance. Either one can be optionally applied to a database. Refer to the comments in the scripts for additional information.

Standard Materialized Views (SMV) – A feature where all the views (which is what the reports access) are converted into tables, and indexes are added to enhance the query speed.

Filtered Materialized Views (FMV) – A feature similar to SMV, but differs in that it requires filters to be applied at the time the views are

converted into tables. The filters are stored in a separate table. As an example, if a filter for <code>Notepad.exe</code> is selected, the FMV table will be populated with only notepad details for all the devices. In this way the customer can choose to see only those applications which are important to them.

To apply the scripts for SMV or FMV:

- 1 Stop the service for the HP OpenView CM KB Server. The service may be stopped and started through the Administrative Tools\Services options of the Control Panel.
- 2 Use normal procedures to execute the database scripts, in the given order, provided in the following locations:
 - \SQL Server \Optional Features\Filter Materialized Views
 - b \SQL Server\Optional Features\Standard Materialized
 Views
 - C \Oracle\Optional Features\Filtered Materialized Views
 - d \Oracle\Optional Features\Standard Materialized Views

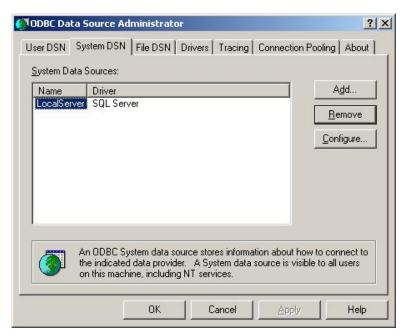
Each of the above locations also includes a script to remove the view from your database. For example, for SQL Server and Filtered Materialized Views, the script name is:

SQLServer -Remove All Filter Materialized Tables and Indexes.sql.

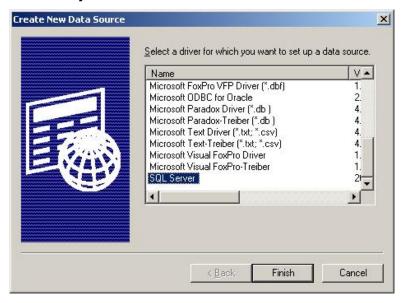
Create an ODBC Connection

To create an ODBC connection

From your system's control panel, go to **Administrative Tools** and double click **Data Sources (ODBC)**.

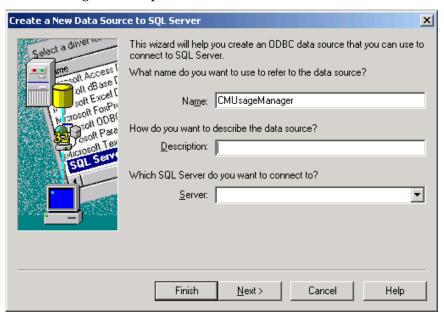


2 Click the **System DSN** tab and then click **Add**.

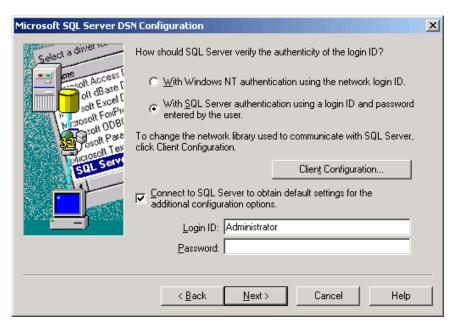


3 A list of drivers is displayed. Select SQL Server (if the database you just installed is in Sql server) or Microsoft ODBC for Oracle (if the database you installed is in Oracle).

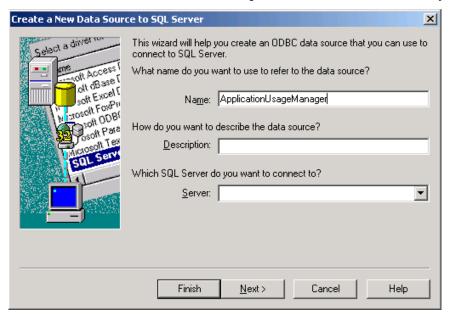
- 4 For an Oracle database, enter the Data Source Name, Description, Username, and Server.
- 5 For Sql Server, select **SQL Server** and click **Finish**.
- 6 The following window opens.



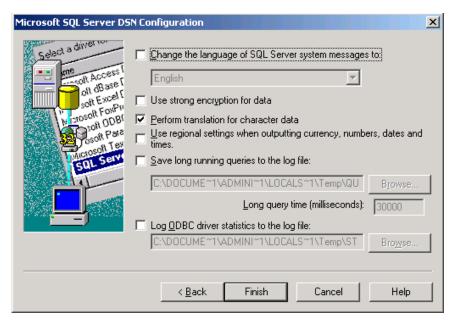
- 7 Enter the appropriate name (any name of your choice), description and the server name. The Server name may be selected from the drop down list or may be entered manually.
- 8 Click Next.
- For the Authenticity of the login ID option, select the option, With SQL Server authentication using a login ID and password entered by the user.



- 10 Enter the Login ID and password, and click **Next**.
- 11 Select the database Name from the drop-down list or enter it manually.



- 12 The remaining options can be left with their default settings.
- 13 Click Next.



- 14 Click Finish.
- 15 The ODBC connection is created. Test the connection by using the Test Data Source feature.
- Task 2 Configure the CM Portal or CM Integration Server and Web Reporting Components



Oracle requires an Oracle agent be installed on the computer where the CM Portal or CM Integration Server is installed, as well as on the computer where the CM Knowledge Base Server is located.

You must have an active CM Portal or CM Integration Server available for processing requests to copy the application usage files (.USDB) from each agent computer to a central location. This CM server listens for requests to copy the usage files from the individual devices and transfers them to a common collection point. Once transferred, the CM KB Server monitors this common collection point and imports the data into the appropriate database.

A single CM Portal or CM Integration Server may server as the focal point for gathering usage files that are to be imported from each agent into different SQL databases. However, it is recommended that only one CM server be used to service a single SQL database. The CM KB Server may run on the same computer as the CM Portal or CM Integration Server.

Your CM Portal or CM Integration Server must be restarted after configuring the components required by the CM Application Usage Manager.



Before copying and replacing any files on the CM Integration Server or CM Portal, make sure to create a backup.

Update httpd*.rc File

Update the httpd*.rc file of the CM server (either a CM Integration Server or CM Portal) that will copy the application usage files (.USDB) from each agent computer to a central location.

To update an httpd.rc file for a CM Integration Server

Stop the HP OVCM Integration Server (httpd) service through the Administrative Tools\Services options of the Control Panel.

```
Edit the httpd*.rc file located in [ProgramFilesPath] \Hewlett-Packard\CM\IntegrationServer\etc.
```

Add the following plug-in commands to the existing module load statements near the end of the file:

```
# HTTP Put Server
module load put

# Radia Usage Manager
module load usage
```



These module load statements may exist in the httpd*.rc file as comments. To activate them, delete any characters in front of the word module.

Save your changes and restart the CM Integration Server service. When you start the service, this updated httpd.rc file is used.

To update an httpd*.rc file for a CM Portal

Stop the HP OVCM Portal (httpd-managementportal) service through the Administrative Tools\Services options of the Control Panel.

```
Edit the httpd-managementportal.rc file located in [ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\ManagementPortal\etc.
```

Add the following plug-in commands to the existing module load statements near the end of the file:

```
# HTTP Put Server module load put
```

Radia Usage Manager module load usage



These module load statements may exist in the httpd*.rc file as comments. To activate them, delete any characters in front of the word module.

Save your changes and restart the HP OVCM Portal service. When you start the service, this updated httpd-managementportal.rc file is used.

Configuring the put.cfg file (For CM Knowledge Base Server)

When the CM Integration Server or CM Portal is started with an httpd*.rc file that includes the module load put command, a put.cfg file is created in the target \IntegrationServer\etc or \ManagementPortal\etc directory. The put.cfg file identifies and correlates an HTTP URL with a destination directory to which to copy the .USDBASE files.

If you already have the put.cfg file in your IntegrationServer\etc or ManagementPortal\etc directory, it will not be overwritten.

The file must be updated if you intend to use multiple SQL databases.

No editing of this file is required unless you want to change the default location of the automated import directory that the CM KB Server monitors and will use to update the SQL database. The default location is the \etc\Usage\KB_Mgr1_Usage subdirectory under the root directory of where the CM Portal or CM Integration Server is installed. For the CM Portal, this default directory is:

C:\[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\ManagementPortal\
etc\Usage\KB Mgr1 Usage

Using Multiple SQL Database Destinations

To configure the CM Portal or CM Integration Server to accept usage database files to be imported into multiple SQL databases, modify the put.cfg script to create a new destination directory for each of the unique SQL databases. Do this by adding the text in the code sample below between the Begin and End comment lines. Lines beginning with a pound sign (#) are comment lines that are not processed.

The following is a sample script:

```
# ------
# - CMIS Application Usage Manager Destination Directories - BEGIN -
# ------
# - The following two lines create a directory that a
```

```
# - Knowledge Base Server service is watching so it can autoimport
# - Application Usage Manager information into a SQL database. This
# - directory creation can be extended to any number of specific
# - directory/Knowledge Base Server/SQL database environments.
# - This request is configured as the Collection Point destination
# - For example:
    CollectionPoint=HTTP://192.168.101.151:3466/KB Mgrl Usage/
# ------
# - CMIS Application Usage Manager Destination Directories - BEGIN
file mkdir $Config(ROOT)/etc/usage
file mkdir [set dir "$Config(ROOT)/etc/usage/KB Mgr1 Usage"]
Put AddRoot /KB Mgrl Usage $dir
# -----
# - The 'file mkdir' line defines the physical directory that is the HTTP
# - request file destination.
# - The 'Put AddRoot' line defines the last node in the HTTP request.
# - For example:
# - HTTP://192.168.101.151:3466/KB Mgrl Usage/
\# - would result in the Usage Collection \overline{\text{File}} being copied to the directory
# - <<CMIS Path>>\etc\usage\KB Mgr1 Usage
# -----
# - Repeat the above two file mkdir lines to create additional
# - CollectionPoint/KB Server auto import directories
#file mkdir $Config(ROOT)/etc/usage
#file mkdir [set dir "$Config(ROOT)/etc/usage/KB Mgr2 Usage"]
#Put AddRoot /KB Mgr2 Usage $dir
# -----
# - CMIS Application Usage Manager Destination Directories - END
# -----
```

In the sample script an enterprise and a local level SQL database are used by the organization on a single CM Integration Server. There is a CM Knowledge Base Server automated import service running on two separate computers. One of these monitors activity in the KB_Mgr1_Usage folder and the other monitors activity in the KB_Mgr2_Usage folder.

The file mkdir[set dir "physical directory name"] command sets the physical directory that the usage files are going to be copied into from the HTTP PUT request.

The Put_AddRoot /logical_name \$dir command associates the http logical collection point with the name of the physical file into which the file is copied.

The collection point is defined in the CM Configuration Server Database's PRIMARY.USAGE Domain in the UMCOLLCT Class object as:

```
HTTP://CM_Server_IP_destination:port_number/
Logical name
```

For example, by setting a collection point destination of:

```
HTTP://192.168.0.150:3471/KB Mgr1 Usage
```

The agent usage files will be sent to the CM Portal and copied into the directory:

```
<CM-IS Path>\usage\KB Mgr1 Usage\UsageFile.USDBase
```

Alternatively, if you are using a CM Integration Server running on port 3466, specify port 3466 in the collection destination:

```
HTTP://192.168.0.150:3466/KB Mgr1 Usage
```

The above entry configures the CM Knowledge Base Server to watch for activity on the directory <<CM-IS Path>>\usage\KB_Mgr1_Usage and perform automated import processing of the data into its associated SQL database once the file has been copied.

After copying and editing the files, start the CM Portal or CM Integration Server. The following folder is created under the base install directory of the CM Portal or CM Integration Server: \etc\usage\KB Mgr1_Usage.

Defining an SSL-Secured Collection Point

For an SSL-secured Integration Server, the collection point is defined using HTTPS and the secure port number, such as 443:

```
HTTPS://Integration_Server_IP_destination:secure_port_num/
Logical name
```

Configuring the Database usage.cfg File

The \Usage folder of the HP OVCM media contains this directory:

\IntegrationServer\etc

Copy the entire \mc folder from the above \Usage\IntegrationServer\etc media location to your CM Portal or CM Integration Server's \etc directory. By default, these directories are:

```
\label{lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem:c:lem
```

or

 $\verb|C:\[ProgramFilesPath]| \\ | \texttt{Packard} \\ | \texttt{CM} \\ | \texttt{IntegrationServer}| \\ | \texttt{CE} \\ | \texttt{CM} \\ | \texttt{CM$

- 2 Also copy the appropriate usage*.cfg configuration file from the Usage\IntegrationServer\etc media location to your CM Portal or CM Integration Server \etc directory; choose the configuration file for your database type:
 - For Oracle, copy usage_Oracle.cfgFor SQL, copy usage SQL Server.cfg
- 3 Once copied, rename this file to usage.cfg.
- 4 Then, using a text editor, open the usage.cfg file and enter your ODBC name, user ID, and password. You may also change the DSN value if required. The next code sample is an example of a configured usage.cfg file that uses sa as the user name and a blank password.



The user ID used in the usage.cfg file must have sufficient access rights to select and execute stored procedures and functions.

A sample configured usage.cfg file for SQL Server will look like the following:

Enable Web Reporting from the CM Portal

To enable Web reporting, copy the Tcl server pages \usage directory,, located in the Application Usage Manager media \Server Pages - Web Reports directory, to the \modules directory of your CM Integration Server or CM Portal.

Task 3 Install the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator

The CM Application Usage Manager Administrator allows you to create rules that will enable you to select which data will be used to create your usage reports. Install this component on an administrator's workstation (preferred), or on the computer that houses the CM Knowledge Base Server.

To install the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator

- From your HP OVCM media for the CM Application Usage Manager, navigate to the Usage Manager Administrator folder.
- 2 Double-click **UsageManagerAdministrator.msi** to start the installation.
- 3 Click Next.

The end-user license agreement dialog box opens.

- 4 Read and accept the HP Software License terms. Click Next
 The installation location dialog box opens, showing the default location.
- 5 If you want to install the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator in a different location, click **Browse** to navigate to the location.
- 6 Click Next.

The Ready to Install dialog box opens.

- 7 Click Install.
- 8 When the installation is finished, click **Finish**.

The CM Application Usage Manager Administrator is installed and a shortcut is added to your Programs under HP OpenView CM Application Usage Manager Administrator. Once an ODBC connection to a database is established, use the start menu shortcut or the RADPIMGR.exe file to access the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator. By default, RADPIMGR.EXE is located in the directory:

[ProgramFilesPath]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\Usage Manager Administrator\bin\.

Task 4 Install and Configure the CM Knowledge Base Server



Oracle requires that an Oracle client be installed on the computer where the CM Knowledge Base Server is located, as well as the computer where the CM Integration Server is installed.

The **CM Knowledge Base Server** provides services to manage the CM Application Usage Manager Knowledge Base. It also services requests for a CM Knowledge Base available through the CM Extensions for Windows Installer product. The CM Knowledge Base Server installs as a Windows service.

The CM Knowledge Base Server performs automated import processing of the CM state files and other files into the CM Knowledge Base. Automated importing may be defined for the following types of directory structures:

- CM Application Usage Manager collection files extension (USDBase).
- Simple state file automated import directories containing CM state files (.ISState extensions). These are typically created by the CM Packager for Windows Installer or the CM Patch Manager.
- CM Configuration Server service export directories that have required subdirectory structures that are built by the CM Extensions for WI features which enable extraction and conversion of CM packages contained in CM Services to .ISState file formats.

The CM Knowledge Base Server automated import server runs independently of the CM Configuration Server to import files found in the automated import directories.

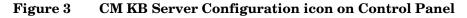
Installing and Configuring the CM Knowledge Base Server

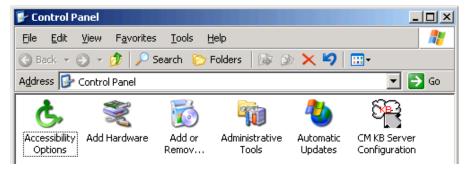
For installation instructions, refer to the *CM Knowledge Base Server Guide*, available on the HP OpenView support web site.

Once an ODBC connection to a database is established, configure the CM Knowledge Base Server using the Windows Control Panel application CM KB Server Configuration. When finished with the configuration, start the CM Knowledge Base Server service.

Configuring the CM Knowledge Base Server

Configuration for the CM Knowledge Base Server is controlled through the CM KB Server Configuration control panel.



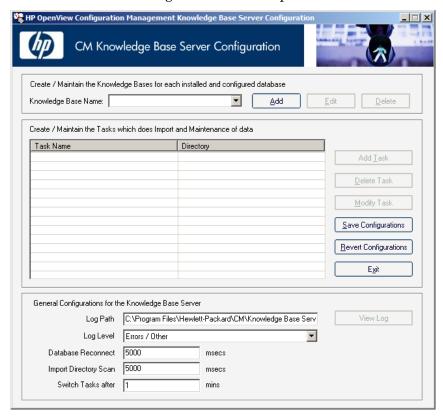


To access the CM KB Server Configuration from Control Panel

1 Click Start→Settings→Control Panel.

2 Double-click the CM KB Server Configuration icon.

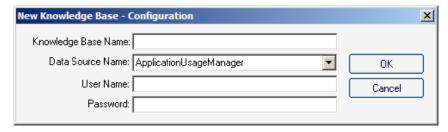
The CM KB Server Configuration window opens.



To configure the CM KB Server automated import directories

Click **New** to add a new Knowledge Base data source.

The New Knowledge Base – Configuration dialog box opens.



2 Enter the following information:

Knowledge Base Enter the Knowledge Base name. (Any name of

Name: your choice)

Data Source Enter the Data Source Name (DSN).

Name:

User Name: Type a user ID that has owner authority for the

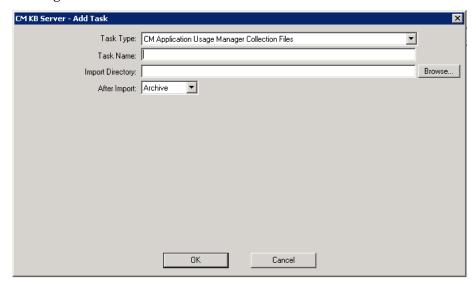
database.

Password: Type a valid password for the user ID.

The CM KB Server administrator must supply a logon ID and password for the person who has rights to access the SQL database.
 This ID must have full access rights to the database objects including table and stored procedures. Enter the ID with these rights and its password.

3 Click OK.

When you are finished adding a Knowledge Base, create a task by clicking **Add Task**.



- 4 From the Task Type drop-down list, select one of the following:
 - CM Packager for WI State Files
 Refer to the CM Extensions for WI User Guide for more information regarding this task type.
 - CM Configuration Server DB Service-to-Package Extracts
 Refer to the CM Admin CSDB Editor for more information regarding
 this task type.

CM Application Usage Manager Collection Files

Create a task of this type to define your automated import directory for usage files that are collected.

CM Configuration Server DB Product-to-Application Rule Extracts

For future use.

CM Application Usage Manager Purge Criteria

Use this task to purge usage data from your database. You must define whether the purging will take place daily, monthly, or yearly. Recommended settings:

Daily: 31-62 days Monthly: -1 Yearly: -1

CM Patch Manager Import

Refer to the *CM Patch Manager Guide* for more information regarding this task type.

The type of task you select will determine what information is required in the following text boxes. Depending on the task you select, some of these text boxes may not appear.

Task Name: Type a name for the task, for example, Collection

Files.

Import
Directory:

Enter the path for the directory from which files will be imported. Click **Browse** to navigate to it. For example:

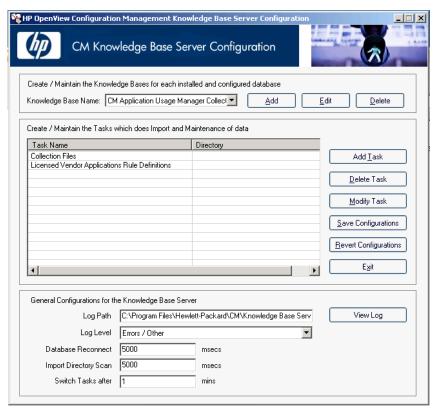
C:\Program Files\Hewlett-Packard\CM\
ManagementPortal\etc\Usage\Kb Mgr1 Usage

or

C:\Program Files\Hewlett-Packard\CM\
IntegrationServer\etc\Usage\Kb Mgr1_Usage

After Import: Select the action taken after import, Archive, or Delete. This option allows you to remove the files from the import directory immediately after they are imported.

- 6 Click **OK** and you are returned to the CM KB Server Configuration window. It now displays the information you just entered.
- 7 Click **Save Configurations** to save the just entered configuration settings. Click **OK**.



- 8 To complete the CM KB Server configuration, edit the following text boxes located at the bottom of the CM KB Server Configuration window:
 - Log Path (default is C:\)
 Default log path for AutoImport processing status information. All exceptions are logged as well as successful imports and \Notify file deletions after successful imports of CM Service state files.



The log path must exist before starting the service for the CM KB Server.

Log Level

Select the level of logging from the drop-down list. Select **Errors Only, Errors/Other** (default) for specific information only, **Verbose** for all errors and messages, or **Debug** for debugging related messages only.

Database Reconnect (msecs) (default is 5000)
 Number of milliseconds to wait between reconnect attempts to the SQL database server. Recommended: 60000.

- Import Directory Scan (msecs) (default is 5000)
 Number of milliseconds to wait between each check of the import directory for new files. Recommended: 60000.
- Switch Tasks after (mins): (default is 1)
 Number of minutes to wait before switching to the next scheduled task.
- Click Save Configuration & Exit.
- 9 Restart the CM KB Server to have the new configuration take effect. For details, refer to the topic below.

Starting and Stopping the CM KB Server

The CM KB Server is controlled as a Windows service. The friendly service name is **HP OpenView CM KB Server** and the executable is **hpkbmanager.exe**. The service may be stopped and started through the Administrative Tools\Services options of the Control Panel.

SQL Server Requirements for the CM KB Server

To process CM Knowledge Base requests, the CM KB Server requires a SQL Server or Oracle logon ID. A user ID of any name can be configured (the default is **sa** for SQL Server or **usage** for Oracle). This ID is used to define the DB_OWNER for the Knowledge Base database with full permissions for administering the database. This ID is referred to as the AppLogin user ID.

Adding the USAGE Domain

Pre-version 4.0 CM Configuration Server Database users, or those who did not enable the Application Usage Manager option while installing CM Configuration Server, will need to import the USAGE Domain into their CM Configuration Server Database. To do this, import the latest class, instance, and resource files using the CM tool ZEDMAMS.

The files for importing are located in the \CSDB_Classes\USAGE _DOMAIN\ directory on your CM Application Usage Manager media and are as follows:

USAGE500.xpc Usage domain class

USAGE500.xpi Usage domain instances

USAGE500.xpr Usage domain resources

To import the class, instance and resource files

- 1 Stop the CM Configuration Server Service.
- 2 Copy the above mentioned files to Root\Program Files\ Hewlett-Packard\CM\ConfigurationServer\bin folder
- 3 At the command prompt, navigate to the Root\Program Files\
 Hewlett-Packard\CM\ConfigurationServer\bin folder and then execute the following commands:

```
Zedmams verb=import_class,file=usage500.xpc, preview=no,replace=yes,continue=yes,duplicates=manage, commit changes=yes
```

```
Zedmams verb=import_instance, file=usage500.xpi, xpr=usage500.xpr,preview=no,replace=yes, continue=yes,duplicates=manage,commit changes=yes
```

Additional instructions for using this tool can be found on the HP OpenView support website.

- 4 Copy all the .ico files in \CSDB_Classes\USAGE_DOMAIN\ directory on your CM Application Usage Manager media to the directory that contains the CM Admin CSDB Editor of the CM Administrator. (The executable is radxplor.exe).
- 5 Start the HP OVCM Configuration Server Service.
- 6 Open the CM Admin CSDB Editor from the HP OVCM Administrator program group. Check that the USAGE Domain exists in the PRIMARY File.

Summary

- Install and configure the required components to begin using the CM Application Usage Manager.
- You must have an active CM Portal or CM Integration Server available for processing requests to copy the application usage files.
- When defining your CM Knowledge Base database, make sure to select the proper scripts depending on the version of Oracle or SQL Server you are using.
- The CM Application Usage Manager Administrator allows you to create rules that will enable you to select which data will be used to create your usage reports.
- CM users with CM Configuration Server Database versions prior to 4.0 may need to import the USAGE Domain into their CM Configuration Server Database.

3 CM Application Usage Manager Agent

The USAGE Domain Defined

The CM Application Usage Manager utilizes the USAGE Domain within your CM Configuration Server Database, enabling management of the CM Application Usage Manager in the enterprise. The USAGE Domain is comprised of classes that you use to create CM Application Usage Manager services to distribute to your agent computers. These services install the CM Application Usage Manager agent, which collects usage data based on your specifications. The next few sections describe the USAGE Domain classes.

Use the CM Admin CSDB Editor to configure each class in the USAGE Domain.

Figure 4 USAGE Domain in the CM Admin CSDB Editor

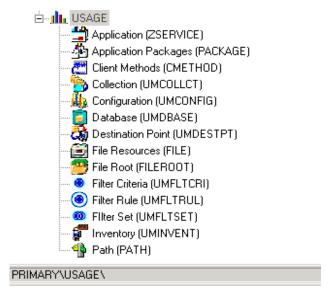


Table 2 USAGE Domain classes

Class	Description
Application (ZSERVICE)	Contains the CM Application Usage Manager services
Application Packages (PACKAGE)	Contains the CM Application Usage Manager packages
Client Methods (CMETHOD)	Client methods used to process each instance
Collection (UMCOLLCT)	Controls the CM Application Usage Manager collection options that represent the unique collection criteria with which the usage collection files on each computer are associated. A single computer may have multiple collections targeted, each associated with a unique data store. The collection file contents are sent to different collection points and ultimately to different SQL databases.
Configuration (UMCONFIG)	Controls the CM Application Usage Manager installation options.
Database (UMDBASE)	Unique usage database name, which correlates to a backend SQL database.
Destination Point (UMDESTPT)	Location where usage data is stored.
File Resources (FILE)	File instances included within a package.
File Root (FILEROOT)	Defines the base location of a file without any extended path information. Can be a drive, like C: or a well known folder location, like ProgramFiles folder.
	File Roots are only used for filtering the collection file content collected from the agent in the CM Admin CSDB Editor.
Filter Criteria (UMFLTCRI)	Defines usage filtering criteria.

Class	Description
Filter Rule (UMFLTRUL)	Connects to usage filtering criteria. The filter type determines whether it is an inclusion or exclusion Filter Rule, and its priority determines its importance when compared with other Filter Rules defined in a Filter Set. Refer to Filters on page 63 for more information.
Filter Set (UMFLTSET)	Connects to one or more Filter Rules. Filter Sets are in turn connected to collections in the UMCOLLCT Class. Each UMCOLLCT Class may then have specific filtering associated with its data collection.
Inventory (UMINVENT)	Defines default configuration criteria for the CM Application Usage Manager inventory scan.
Path (PATH)	A unique path to one or more components.

Significance of Collection Instances

Collection class instances, and their related filter class instances, establish the content that is uploaded to a specific SQL database from the device which the usage data is collected. Collection class instances define the database-specific agent collection properties; they also define the destination location once the usage and inventory data has been aggregated on the agent machine and is ready to be passed through the network for import into a specific SQL database.

Configuring the CM Application Usage Manager Agent

The CM Application Usage Manager agent is installed through a CM service. Connect this service to the appropriate agent machines and then during the next agent connect the CM Application Usage Manager agent is distributed.

The Application (ZSERVICE) class in the USAGE Domain contains a service out of the box that requires minimal configuration. Use this service to define

inventory and collection parameters and for distribution to your agent computers.

Go to **View**→**Options**. Open the Instance Options tab and select **Both** and click **OK**.

Reopen the CM Admin CSDB Editor.

To configure the CM Application Usage Manager agent for distribution

- 1 Start the CM Admin CSDB Editor and double-click **PRIMARY**, then **USAGE**.
- 2 Double-click to expand the **Application (ZSERVICE)** class.

This class contains several services you can use to distribute the CM Application Usage Manager agent as well as apply any collection filters. The service **Application Usage Mgr Agent Install – Enterprise Collection** distributes the CM Application Usage Manager agent to your environment and contains a default collection instance.

The service contains four configurable connections:

Application Usage Manager Agent Application (PACKAGE) instance

Configuration – Entire Enterprise Configuration (UMCONFIG) instance

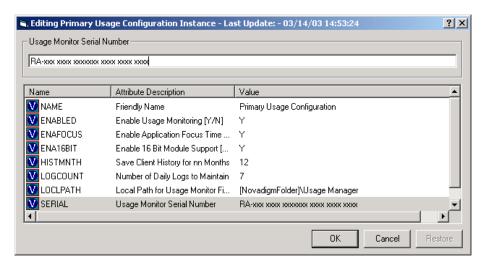
Inventory – Sundays at Midnight Inventory (UMINVENT) instance

Collection – Entire Enterprise Collection (UMCOLLCT) instance

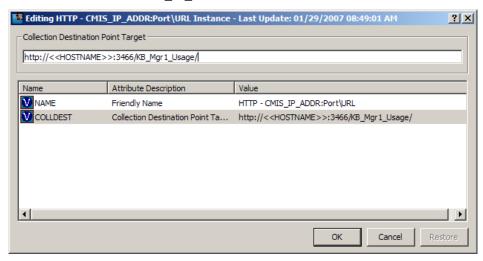
3 Double-click Configuration – Entire Enterprise.

The Editing Instance dialog box opens.

4 Click **SERIAL** to edit the instance. Enter your Usage Manager serial number.



- 5 Click **OK** to close the window.
- 6 Double-click Collection Entire Enterprise.
- 7 Double-click HTTP CMIS IP ADDR:Port\URL.



8 Select **COLLDEST** and enter the url and port of the CM Integration Server or CM Portal being used to collect the USDBase files in your environment. For example:

http://1.1.1.10:3466/KB_Mgr1_Usage/

or

http://1.1.1.10:3471/KB_Mgr1_Usage/

If your CM Integration Server or CM Portal has been SSL-secured, specify the **COLLDEST** url using **https**, such as: **https://1.1.10:443/KB_Mgr1_Usage/**.

The CM Knowledge Base Server monitors this collection point and moves any files it finds into your SQL database for viewing. After the files are moved out of the collection point, they are saved in a subdirectory called Archive.

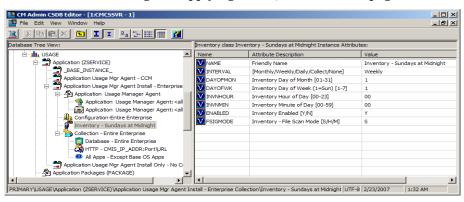
The default collection parameters are described in Table 3 below.

 Table 3
 Default Collection Parameters (UMCOLLCT)

Instance	Default Value	Description
NAME	Primary Collection Parameters	Friendly Name.
INTERVAL	Weekly	When the collection will take place. [Monthly/Weekly/Daily/None]
DAYOFMON	1	Day of the month collection will take place. [01-31]
DAYOFWK	1	Day of the week collection will take place [1=Sun] [1-7]
COLLHOUR	00	The hour of the collection. Midnight is hour 00. [00-23]
COLLMIN	00	The minute of the collection. [00-59]
COLLRAND	0	Randomized Collection. Maximum delay minutes to use to randomize the collection start time. If non-zero, randomizes the collection process to occur anytime from the start time through a randomly generated number of minutes later. [0-720]
ENABLED	Y	Whether or not collection is enabled.
COLLCNCT		Collect on CM Agent Connect? [Y/N]
DBASCONN	USAGE.UMDBASE.PRIMARY	Usage database connection.

Instance	Default Value	Description
DESTCONN		This is a connection to a predefined collection point. This is the location where files will be stored until the CM Knowledge Base Server moves them into your SQL database.
CMETHOD	CMETHOD.UMCOLLCT	The collection method.
FLTSET01	USAGE.UMFLTSET.USAGE_I NCLUDE_ALL_FILES	Filter Set connection.
FLTSET02		Filter Set connections.
through		
FLTSET10		

- 9 Click **OK** to close the dialog box.
- 10 Connect any Filter Sets you would like to include with your service by dragging the Filter Set instance onto the service name. For more information on creating and applying filters, see Filters on page 63.



11 If you want to adjust the inventory time, double-click **Inventory – Sundays at Midnight**. Table 4 below describes each inventory parameter.

 Table 4
 Default Inventory Parameters (UMINVENT)

Attribute	Default Value	Description
NAME	Default Inventory Parameters	Friendly Name

Attribute	Default Value	Description
INTERVAL	Weekly	When each inventory will take place. [Monthly/ Weekly/ Daily/Collect/None]
DAYOFMON	1	The day of the month to begin the inventory. [0-31]
DAYOFWK	1	Day of the week each inventory will take place. [1-7] (1=Sunday).
INVNHOUR	00	The hour of the day at which the inventory will take place. [00-23]
INVNMIN	00	The minute at which the inventory will take place. [00-59]
ENABLED	Y	Whether or not inventory is enabled.
FSIGMODE	s	Three levels of scanning depth for executables inventoried on each agent device are available. The type of scan defined here can determine the amount of time a collection may take.
		S File Sizes Only. Faster, less comprehensive (default)
		H Entire Module Header. Slower, more comprehensive
		M Complete MD5 Signature. Slowest, most comprehensive
CMETHOD	CMETHOD.UMINVENT	The inventory method.

These parameters can be adjusted to adhere to your specific needs. The default inventory will begin on the first of the month and repeat once a week every Sunday at midnight.

12 Connect the **Application Usage Mgr Agent Install – Enterprise Collection** service to the appropriate users or workgroups using the CM Admin

CSDB Editor. For example, to connect this service to the default Administrator User, follow the steps below:

- a Login to the Database Editor.
- b Expand the PRIMARY file, USAGE domain and Application (ZSERVICE) class.
- c Select Application Usage Mgr Agent Install Enterprise collection and drag-and-drop it on the default user instance under PRIMARY\POLICY\Users\Administrator.

The CM Application Usage Manager Agent Installation using CM environment

To install the Agent for CM Application Manager or CM Application Self-Service Manager

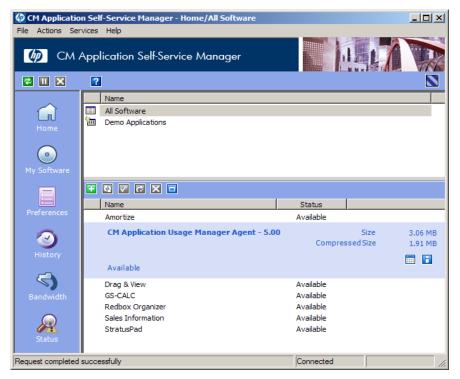
Installation requirements, as well as instructions for installing the CM agent, are documented in the CM Application Manager Guide, and in the CM Application Self-Service Manager Guide.

To install the CM Application Usage Manager Agent

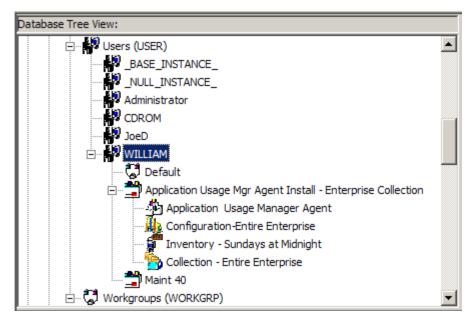
- 1 Open CM Application Self-Service Manager, in the list of software displayed.
- 2 Select CM Application Usage Manager Agent and right-click.
- 3 Select **Install** from the shortcut menu to install the CM Application Usage Manager Agent.



Once installed, you can also use the Application Self-service Manager to **Update**, **Verify** and **Remove** the CM Application Usage Manager Agent. Refer to the *CM Application Self-service Manager Guide* for more information.



For implementation details regarding non-CM environments refer to Appendix A, Implementing the CM Application Usage Manager in a Non-CM Environment.



During the next agent connect to the CM Configuration Server, the service will be installed, and based on your settings, collection will begin.

Filters

By default, the CM Application Usage Manager collects usage information for every executable installed on the agent computer. To collect only specific executable information, filters can be defined and attached to the collection instance. Because all executable information is collected by default, the **Exclude All** filter rule must be included with any filters you use.

The USAGE Domain contains classes associated with creating filters for your usage data. This enables you to collect specific information based on parameters you define. The filter related classes are:

- Filter Criteria
- Filter Rule
- Filter Set

Each of these classes contains configurable instances you can use to define your filter.

Criteria, Rule, and Set

To help you define filter parameters, the CM Application Usage Manager uses filter criteria, rules, and sets.

Criteria

Criteria are specific attributes that an application may contain, such as "member of the Microsoft family of applications."

Rule

When multiple criteria are combined, they form a rule. A rule is a simple way of grouping criteria, making it easier to apply the same set of criteria to multiple services.

• Set

When multiple rules are grouped into one instance, a set is created. A set is the highest level of criteria collection containing multiple rules, which in turn may contain multiple criteria.

Filter Criteria Class (UMFLTCRI)

CM CS Database Editor - [1:RCS - 1] 그리의 😡 🗴 🗈 🗈 I I 📭 🖫 🚃 🔣 Filter Criteria (UMFLTCRI) Class Instances Name Instance Name Application (ZSERVICE)
Application Packages (PACKAGE) CCM_1147292934 CCM_1147292934 USAGE.UMFLTCRI In CCM_1147293430 CCM_1147293430 LISAGE LIMELTOBLIN Collection (UMCOLLCT) CCM_1147293431 CCM_1147293431 USAGE.UMFLTCRI In 🦺 Configuration (UMCONFIG) CCM_1147293447 CCM_1147293447 USAGE.UMFLTCRI In 👩 Database (UMDBASE) CCM_1147293487 CCM_1147293487 LISAGE LIMELTOBLIA 🚵 Destination Point (UMDESTPT) Compaq Corporation COMPAQ_CORPORATION USAGE UMFLTCBLIn File Resources (FILE) Creative Surround Mixer MS_CREATIVE_SURROUND_MIXER USAGE.UMFLTCRI In File Boot (FILEBOOT) Default Filter Criteria Params USAGE.UMFLTCRI In BASE INSTANCE Filter Criteria (UMFLTCRI) InstallShield Corporation INSTALLSHIELD USAGE.UMFLTCRI In ± ₽ CCM_ Internet Explorer CCM_1148989588 USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Compaq Corporation McAfee VirusScan MCAFEE_VIRUS_SCAN USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Creative Surround Mixer Microsoft .NET Framework. MICROSOFT_DOTNET_FRAMEWORK USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Default Filter Criteria Params HSAGE LIMELTOBLIS Microsoft Access CCM 1147293463 InstallShield Corporation Microsoft AudioHQ MICROSOFT_AUDIOHQ USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Internet Explorer McAfee VirusScan Microsoft Cluster Server MICROSOFT_CLUSTER_SERVER USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft Connection Manager MICROSOFT CONNECTION MGR USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft NET Framework Microsoft Access Microsoft Data Access Components LISAGE LIMELTOBLIN Microsoft AudioHQ Microsoft DirectX MICROSOFT_DIRECTX USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft Cluster Server Microsoft DTC USAGE.UMFLTCRI In MICBOSOFT DTC Microsoft Connection Manager Microsoft Exchange MICROSOFT_EXCHANGE USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft Data Access Components MICROSOFT_FRONTPAGE Microsoft FrontPage HISAGE LIMELTCBLIn Microsoft DirectX Microsoft IIS MICROSOFT_IIS USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft DTC Microsoft NetMeeting - Var 1 MICROSOFT_NETMEETING_VAR_1 USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft Exchange Microsoft NetMeeting - Var 2 MICROSOFT_NETMEETING_VAR_2 LISAGE LIMELTOBLIS Microsoft FrontPage Microsoft NetShow MICROSOFT NETSHOW USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft IIS Microsoft ODBC USAGE.UMFLTCRI In Microsoft NetMeeting - Var 1 USAGE.UMFLTCRI In 🗸 Microsoft Office 2000 MICROSOFT OFFICE 2000 Microsoft NetMeeting - Var 2 Microsoft NetShow 57 Filter Criteria instance(s) displayed UTF-8 8/14/2006 4:24 PM

Figure 5 Filter Criteria Class (UMFLTCRI) pre-defined instances

The Filter Criteria Class contains various instances that reflect vendor-specific applications. Use these to attach a filter criterion using one of the included applications. The instances include filter criteria for Compaq, McAfee, Microsoft, and InstallShield, as well as many others.

Filter Rule Class (UMFLTRUL)

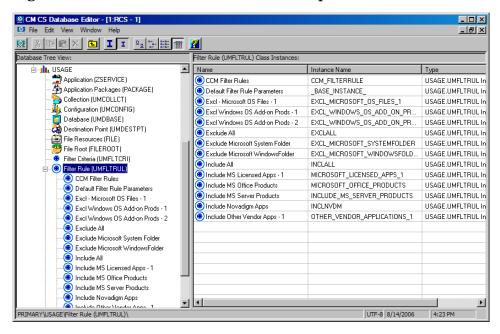


Figure 6 Filter Rule Class (UMFLTRUL) pre-defined instances

The Filter Rule Class contains pre-configured rules using common vendor-specific parameters. For example, Include MS Office Products will include all Microsoft Office applications, and Exclude Microsoft Windows will exclude all Microsoft Windows files.

This Filter Rule Class connects to the usage filtering criteria. The filter type determines whether it is an inclusion or exclusion Filter Rule and its priority determines its importance when compared with other Filter Rules in a Filter Set (Zero is the lowest priority). In the event priorities are equal within a Filter Set, inclusion filters take precedence over exclusion filters.

If no criteria are specified for an inclusion filter, than all usage information is captured in the collection file. If no criteria are specified for an exclusion filter, then all usage is excluded.

Filter Set Class (UMFLTSET)

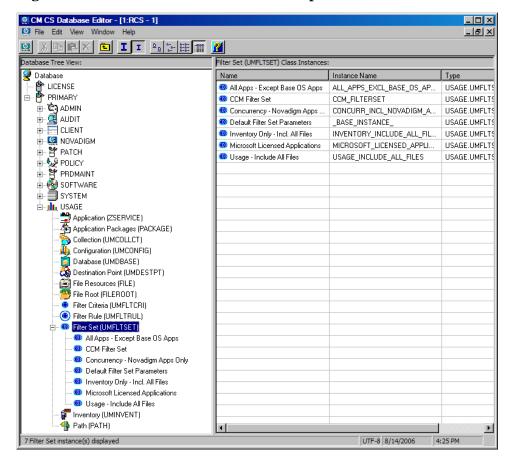


Figure 7 Filter Set Class (UMFLTSET) pre-defined instances

A Filter Set is comprised of one, or a collection of, Filter Rules. The Filter Set class contains pre-configured Filter Sets you can use to collect or exclude vendor-specific information.

Once a Filter Set has been created, or you decide which existing Filter Set to use, connect it to a Collection class (UMCOLLCT) instance to enable the filter. Only Filter Sets may be connected to a collection class. All criteria associated with that Filter Set are then processed. By connecting the Filter Set to a Collection class instance, each data collection can then contain specific filtering.

 Table 5
 Default filter set parameters

Attribute	Default Value	Description
NAME	Default Filter Set Parameters	Filter Set Friendly Name
INCLUSAG	Yes	Determines whether or not to include usage data as well as inventory data in the collection.
CONCURR	No	Defines whether to collect concurrent usage data. See section "Using Concurrency" on page 75 for more information.
CMETHOD	CMETHOD.UMFLTSET	Client method used to process Filter Set class instances
FLTRUL##		Filter Rules connections

Using Filters

Filters can be applied to Collection class instances. Use the existing Filter Set instances, or create your own using the filter classes provided. The following exercises explain how to apply a filter as well as how to create a new filter based on parameters you define.

Filter Set Class Instances

The Filter Set Class (UMFLTSET) contains a few default Filter Sets that can be used for generic data collections. Each class instance collects a specific type or set of data. Table 6 below describes each class instance in detail.

Table 6 Filter set class (UMFLTSET) instances

Instance Name	Description
All Apps – Except Base OS Apps	Collects data for all installed applications with the exception of base operating system applications.

Instance Name	Description
CCM Filter Set	Collects data for the Microsoft and Internet Explorer applications defined in the Filter Criteria connections.
Concurrency – Incl Novadigm Apps Only	Collects concurrency data – default setting collects data for all HP OpenView CM (formerly Radia) applications.
Default Filter Set Parameters	Contains the default Filter Set instance values and is used to create custom Filter Sets.
Inventory Only – Incl All Files	Collects inventory data for installed applications - no usage data is collected.
Microsoft Licensed Applications	Collects data for Microsoft applications as defined in each Filter Criteria connection.
Usage – Include All Files	Collects all usage data.

Applying Filters

Filters can be applied to Collection class instances by simply dragging the Filter Set instance onto the appropriate Collection class instance.

To apply a filter to a Collection Class

- 1 Start the CM Admin CSDB Editor and navigate to the PRIMARY File, USAGE Domain.
- 2 Connect the appropriate Filter Set to the connection class you would like to apply the filter to.
- 3 Click **Copy** and accept the changes.

Creating Filters

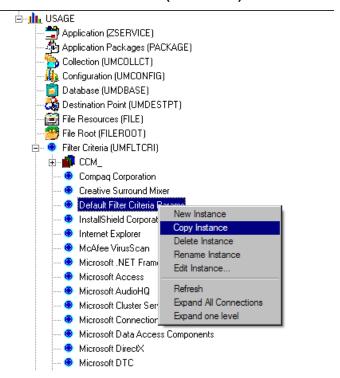
Creating a Filter is comprised of three basic steps:

- 1 Create or select a Filter Criteria instance.
- 2 Create or select a Filter Rule instance and attach the Filter Criteria instance.
- 3 Create or select a Filter Set instance and attach the Filter Rule instance.

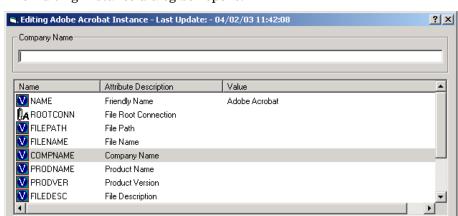
The following example demonstrates how to create a filter that will collect usage information for Adobe Acrobat.

To create a Filter Criteria instance

- 1 Start the CM Admin CSDB Editor and navigate to the PRIMARY File, USAGE Domain.
- 2 Double-click Filter Criteria (UMFLTCRI).



- 3 To create a new instance right-click **Default Filter Criteria Params**, and from the shortcut menu select **Copy Instance**. The Copy Instance dialog box opens.
- 4 Rename the new instance Adobe Acrobat, and then click **OK**.
- 5 In the tree view of the CM Admin CSDB Editor, double-click the newly created instance.



Cancel

The Editing Instance dialog box opens.

6 Use the attributes defined in the following table to define your filter criteria

Table 7 Filter criteria attributes

Attribute	Description
NAME	Friendly Name
ROOTCONN	Compares for applications that reside in any of the predefined shell folder names, such as ProgramFilesFolder, WindowsFolder, or SystemsFolder. These can be used to filter based on a well-known folder, such as TempFolder.
DESCRIPT	Description of filter criteria.
ENABLED	Whether or not this filter is enabled. [Y/N] Default is Y.
FILEROOT	Defines the file root path, or the base location of a file without any extended path information. Can be a drive, like C: or a well known folder location, like ProgramFiles folder.

Attribute	Description
FILEPATH	Defines the suffix of the path name that is appended to the file root path. For example, this would contain the characters \Microsoft Office regardless if the installation for the Microsoft Office application was to the ProgramFilesFolder\Microsoft Office path or to the TempFilesFolder\Microsoft Office path.
FILENAME	The application file name executable, for example winword.exe.
COMPNAME	The vendor name defined in the executable's header.
PRODNAME	The product name defined in the executable's header.
PRODVER	The product version defined in the executable's header.
FILEDESC	The file description defined in the executable's header.
FILEVER	The internal file version defined in the executable's header.
ORIGNAME	The original file name defined in the executable's header. This string does not change if the file is renamed.
MD5HASH	The MD5 hash file signature that uniquely identifies the contents of the file. Any change to a file results in it being assigned a unique MD5 hash signature.
CMETHOD	The client method used to process Filter Criteria instances.

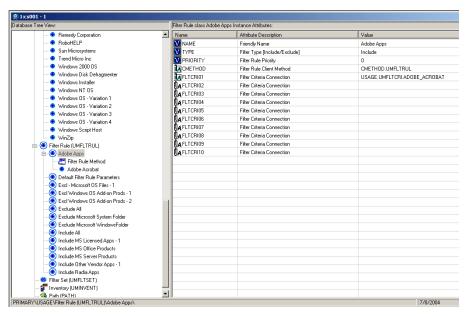
⁷ In the Editing Instance dialog box (see the figure above) double-click the **COMPNAME** attribute and in the text box provided and type **Adobe**.

- 8 Click the **PRODNAME** attribute and type **Acrobat**.
- 9 Click \mathbf{OK} and save the changes.

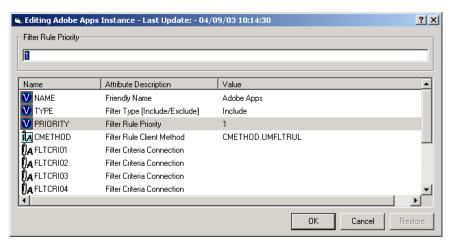
You have successfully created a new Filter Criteria instance.

To create the Filter Rule instance

- In the tree view of the CM Admin CSDB Editor, double-click **Filter Rule** (UMFLTRUL).
- 2 Right-click **Default Filter Rule Parameters.**
- In the shortcut menu, select **Copy Instance**. The Copy Instance dialog box opens.
- 4 Rename the new Filter Rule instance Adobe Apps, and click **OK**.
- 5 In the CM Admin CSDB Editor window, connect the Filter Criteria instance you created, Adobe Acrobat, to the newly created Adobe Apps Filter Rule instance.



- 6 Click **Copy** and accept the changes by clicking **Yes**, and then **OK**. The Filter Criteria instance is now connected to a Filter Rule instance.
- 7 In the list view of the CM Admin CSDB Editor (right pane), double-click the PRIORITY instance attribute and set the value to 1 to ensure this rule will be applied before any default rules may be used. (Zero is the lowest possible priority as well as the default value.)

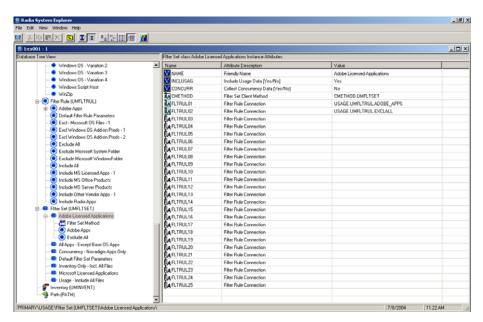


The Filter Rule instance is now complete.

To create the Filter Set instance

- In the CM Admin CSDB Editor window, double-click **Filter Set** (UMFLTSET).
- 2 Right-click Default Filter Set Parameters.
- In the shortcut menu select, **Copy Instance**. The Copy Instance dialog box opens.
- 4 Rename the new Filter Set instance Adobe Licensed Applications.
- 5 Connect the Filter Rule instance you created earlier, Adobe Apps to the newly created Adobe Licensed Applications Filter Set instance.
- 6 Also connect the existing Filter Rule instance, Exclude All, to the newly created Filter Set instance. This ensures that only usage data for the specific executable defined in your criteria, Adobe Acrobat, will be collected.

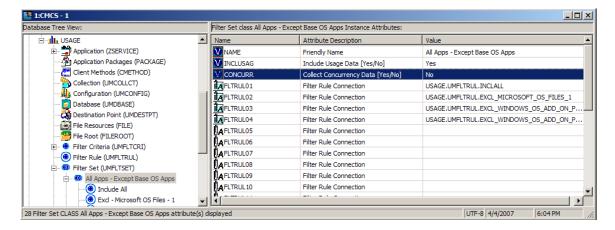
By default the priority setting for this instance is 0, the lowest possible. By setting the priority for the Adobe Apps rule to 1 earlier, you have given priority to that Filter Rule instance, ensuring it will be applied before any default rules.



The Filter Set instance is complete. You are now ready to apply the filter to a collection instance. See the section Applying Filters on page 69 for more information.

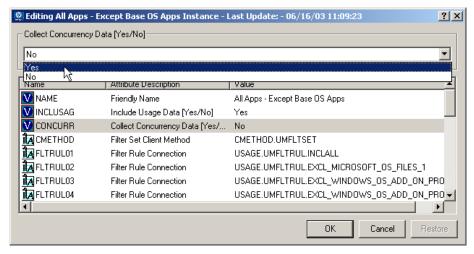
Using Concurrency

Data usage collection is available either on a daily basis or on a more specific basis using concurrency. Concurrent data collection is enabled at the Filter Set level (UMFLTSET) in the CONCURR instance attribute.



To enable concurrency usage data collection

- Navigate to an existing Filter Set instance (see the previous section for information about creating Filter Sets instances).
- 2 Double-click the **CONCURR** instance attribute.



3 From the drop-down list select **Yes**, and then click **OK**. Click **Yes** to save your changes.

Concurrency usage data collection has been enabled. Concurrent usage data will now be collected for the appropriate applications in fifteenminute intervals, by default.



Concurrent usage data collection generates a large amount of data. Make sure you have enough available resources before you begin collecting this type of data.

Initiating Inventory and Usage Collections

The executables, USDBInvn.exe and USDBColl.exe can be used to initiate the collection of inventory and usage data respectively. After a default installation, these files are located in the \Program Files\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent\bin\ folder.

Initiating Inventory Data Collection

The executable usdbinvn.exe, collects current inventory data on a target machine. Run this executable to force inventory collection for any machine with the CM Application Usage Manager Agent installed. No parameters are required. The inventory information is stored within the history.usdbase file, on the local machine at the root of the \Usage Manager\ directory.

Configuring Usage Data Collection

The executable, usdbcoll.exe, is responsible for configuring the CM Application Usage Manager data collection environment on the agent device.

Defining a Database Collection Point

A database definition contains the information required to send the collected usage data to a specific collection point in the backend infrastructure. It has a unique name and associated parameters.

Database entries can be configured in the CM Configuration Server Database in the PRIMARY File USAGE Domain. Default database and associated configuration parameters are shipped with the CM Application Usage Manager. To manually define a database collection point, run the following command:

USDBCOLL.EXE /i DatabaseName=SQL database name

The /i parameter indicates an **install database** operation.

Initiating a Usage Data Collection Request

Execute the USDBColl.exe module to initiate a data collection request. It can be launched by the CM Application Usage Manager internal scheduler, by a CM service or Notify request, or otherwise. Any filtering is applied during the collection process.

To launch a collection, run the following command for the specific database name defined in the command line:

USDBCOLL.EXE DatabaseName=SQL database name

Initiating a Usage Data Re-collection Request

Once data has been collected, it is not sent to the server again during a normal collection request.



Consider the consequences before recollecting usage data. Recollection may result in duplicate data or a corrupted SQL database if not done within strict guidelines and without the consent of HP Technical Support.

To initiate a re-collection of data (data already sent to the server), execute the usdbcoll.exe module using the following command line options:

USDBCOLL.EXE DatabaseName=SQL_database_name, RecollectMode=3

See Table 13 on page 144, for a description of the USDBCOLL. EXE parameter values.

Table 8 USDBCOLL.EXE Command Line Parameters

Parameter	Description
DatabaseName=Uniq ueSQLDatabaseName	Defines a unique SQL database name for collection purposes.

Parameter	Description
RecollectMode=Value	Defines the type of data to be re-collected. Value can be 1, 2, or 3 as defined below.
	1 – Signatures - all file signature data is recollected for all files that meet the collection filter. This includes the data for the FileSignatures and FileSignatureProperties tables.
	2- Files - all Windows file data is recollected for all files that meet the collection filter. This includes all of the data collected in Signature mode as well as data for the WindowsFiles and WindowsFileInstances tables.
	3 – Usage - all Windows file usage data is recollected for all files that meet the collection filter. This includes all of the data collected in File mode as well as data for the WindowsFileUsage table.

Enabling Privacy

The CM Application Usage Manager allows for the obfuscation of certain data attributes in order to ensure privacy, if required. The following information can remain undisclosed:

• User Name

The user name is reported as [AnyUser].

Computer Name

The computer name is reported as a random set of alphanumeric values.

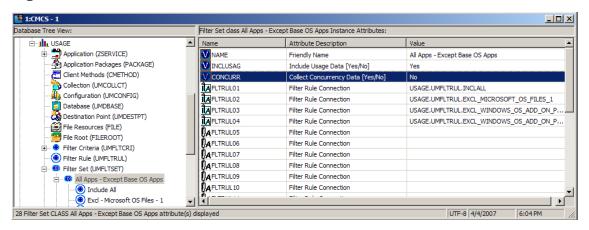
Domain Name

The domain name is reported as a random set of alphanumeric values.

Usage Times

The executable file usage times and launch counts are all reported as zero values.

Figure 8 UMCONFIG class -- Instance Attributes related to obfuscation



• Four attributes in the UMCONFIG Class directly relate to this information. Set these values to Y to hide the related data.

Table 9 Obfuscation attributes of the UMCONFIG class

Attribute	Description
OBFSUSER	Set this value to Y to obfuscate user name data.
OBFSCOMP	Set this value to Y to obfuscate computer name data.
OBFSDOMN	Set this value to Y to obfuscate domain name data.
OBFSUSAG	Set this value to Y to obfuscate user usage time data.

Summary

- CM contains a CM Application Usage Manager service out-of-the-box that requires minimal configuration.
- Use the existing services to distribute the CM Application Usage Manager agent.
- Use the filter-specific classes to create filters.
- Attach Filters Set instances to Collection instances.
- Concurrency usage data collection is turned on at the Filter Set level.
- The UMCONFIG Class contains specific attributes that will allow you to maintain privacy within your usage data.
- The executables, USDBColl.exe and USDBInvn.exe, collect usage and inventory data, respectively.

4 Viewing CM Application Manager Usage Reports

At the end of this chapter, you will:

- Know how to access and use the CM Reporting Server to view the usage information obtained from agent computers.
- Be able to navigate through the information collected by clicking hyperlinks embedded within any table.
- Alternatively, know how to access and use a Web browser to view the usage information obtained from agent computers.

Accessing the CM Reporting Server

To access the CM Reporting Server

• Open a Web browser and type the following address:

http://<hostname>/reportingserver

Where <hostname> is the host name of the Apache web server on which the CM Reporting Server was installed and where reportingserver is the alias assigned to CM Reporting Server during its installation.



Reporting is optimized for display screen area setting 1024 x 768 or greater.



For better performance, stop the **HP OpenView CM KB Server** before viewing usage reports from the CM Reporting Server. Refer to page 50 for more information.

Viewing Usage Information Using the CM Reporting Server

The CM Reporting Server provides web-based reports for CM Application Usage Manager. For installation and configuration instructions for the CM Reporting Server, refer to the *CM Reporting Server Guide*. The CM Reporting Server installation media is included with the CM Infrastructure media.



Usage reports may need to be enabled. This is done using the CM Reporting Server configuration file (setup.tcl). Refer to the *CM Reporting Server Guide* for more details.

Reporting Views for Usage Reports

To view the reports, first access your CM Reporting Server. Then, under Reporting Views, click **Usage Management Reports** to expand the list of reports.

There are different types of inventory reports:

- Device Reports Summaries
- Monthly Usage Reports

Figure 9 Usage Management Reports



Filtering Usage Management Reports with CM Reporting Server

CM Reporting Server provides extensive filtering capabilities. To access the filters, expand Usage Management Related in the Search Options section of the CM Reporting Server page.

Filter types include:

- Device Related
- OS Related
- Software Related
- Interval Related

Figure 10 Usage Management Related Data Filters



Expand each individual Usage Management Related Data Filter to refer to the available filters you can apply to the current Reporting View.

For more information on creating filters and using the CM Reporting Server in general, refer to the *CM Reporting Server Guide*.

Accessing the CM Application Usage Manager Reports on a Web Server with TCL Server Pages

The CM Application Usage Manager reports can also be accessed through a Web Server (either the CM Portal or CM Integration Server) that has been enabled with the provided Application Usage Manager TCL Server pages. Refer to page 43 for information on how to do this.

To access the CM Application Usage Manager reports using a Web browser

Open a web browser and type the location where you installed the CM Application Usage Manager, for example,

```
http://<CM_Integration_Server>:3466
or
http://<CM_Portal>:3471
```

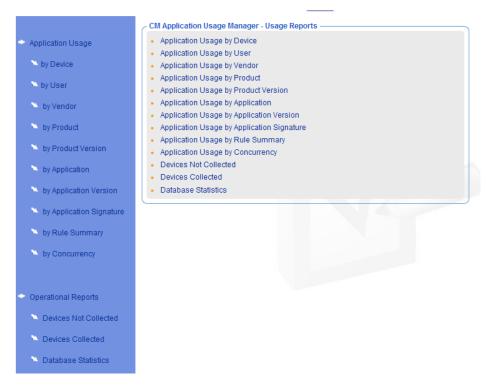
The CM Application Usage Manager can be accessed through either the CM Integration Server or the CM Portal. The address you enter here should reflect whichever CM component you are currently using.

2 Click the **USAGE** tab to access the CM Application Usage Manager reports.

Creating Usage Reports

Use the CM Application Usage Manager to generate reports based on the data you collected and made available in your SQL database. There are two main categories, Application Usage and Operational Reports, and several different report types within each category.

Figure 11 Application usage reports main page



Click a report name to bring you to the summary report page of your choice. Each summary page is described in detail in later sections.

We suggest you determine what you would like to report on and use the report generator to create your own customized reports. Each page offers different text boxes to customize the information that is searched for and displayed. In these text boxes, type the complete name, or the beginning of a

name, to customize your reports (e.g., on the by Device page type **w**% in the Domain text box to return all domains beginning with a "w"). When you are finished filling in the values, click **Submit Request**. The information is displayed beneath the search criteria section in table format.

Application Usage

by Device

by User

by Vendor

by Product

by Product

Device:

Platform:

Submit Request

Variable To:

Users

Device:

Platform:

Device:

Platform:

Device:

Platform:

Device:

Platform:

Device:

Platform:

Devices

Figure 12 Summary data displayed



by Application





Each search criteria text box in the Device group box is optional. Leave a text box blank and click **Submit Request** to return all occurrences.

The data displayed in each table is customizable. Click any column heading to sort the data or click any individual record to find out more information about that specific application, device, user, or any of the other available choices.

Creating Application Usage Reports

Application Usage Reports offer an extensive and customizable tool for displaying reports. Application Usage Reports allow you to query your CM Usage database and return an informative and interactive report based on, among other things, application, product, device, and user.

Some reports offer the options to select, include, or exclude group rules. Group rules are created and maintained by the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator. Each item in the drop-down lists for Include Rule and Exclude Rule is prefixed by a code indicating the type of rule.

• (C) Criteria

Lowest level search. Elements of a Criteria are AND'ed together during the search.

• (R) Rule

A group of chosen criteria. Criteria in a Rule are OR'ed together during the search.

• (RS) RuleSet

A group of Rules. Rules in a RuleSet are OR'ed together during the search.

• (RSG) RuleSetGroup

A group of RuleSets. RuleSets in a RuleSetGroup are OR'ed together during the search.

By Device

Select **by Device** to generate a report based on individual device descriptions, locations, or even operating systems.

Application Usage Domain: Device: by Device Platform: by User Submit Request by Vendor by Product by Product Version by Application by Application Version by Application Signature by Rule Summary by Concurrency Operational Reports Devices Not Collected Devices Collected Database Statistics

Figure 13 Application usage by device page

Three options are available when you choose to display the information by device:

- **Domain** Type the name of the domain you want to display.
- **Device** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **Platform** Enter the operating system name for which you would like to see reports.

Remember, entering just the beginning of a value in any text box followed by % will return all appropriate occurrences. For example, entering **win**% in the Platform text box could possibly return, Windows 2000 or Windows XP.

By User

Select **by User** to generate a report based on individual user information.

User User: Application Usage Domain: by Device Device: by User Submit Request by Vendor by Product by Product Version by Application by Application Version by Application Signature by Rule Summary by Concurrency Operational Reports Devices Not Collected. Devices Collected Database Statistics

Figure 14 Application usage by user

Three options are available when you choose to display the information by user:

- User Type the name of the user for whom you want to display information.
- **Domain** Type the name of any domain containing the machine that the individual user may have used.
- Device Enter the specific device name for which you want to see user information.

To return all collected data for any user beginning with the letter b, type **b**% in the User text box and click **Submit Request**. Any user fitting that criterion will be returned, such as Barry, Brenda, B1295, bpL200, and so on.

By Vendor

Select **by Vendor** to generate a report based on specific vendor details.

Application Usage Report Type: Used applications **-**Include Rule: (ALL) • by Device Exclude Rule: (NONE) by User Application Install State: Must be currently installed by Vendor Search Database For: Vendor names ▼ Search Clear Vendor Name: by Product **Product Name:** by Product Version Product Version: by Application Application Exe Name: by Application Version Application Version: by Application Signature Application Description: Domain Name: by Rule Summary Device Name: by Concurrency User Name: Interval Data Type: Monthly Operational Reports Start Date: 1 ▼ 2003 ▼ End Date: 3 ▼ 2004 ▼ Devices Not Collected Show Usage Hours: No Devices Collected. Show Database Totals: No Database Statistics Submit Request

Figure 15 Application usage by vendor

The following options are available when generating vendor reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information in your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

- **Report Type** From the drop-down list, select the type of vendor report you want to see. This includes used and unused applications as well as application inventory information.
- Include Rule From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule, or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule, or leave blank.
- **Application Install State** Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Search Database For** From the drop-down list, select a category and click **Search** to return a report of every related item. Then click any returned values to automatically fill in the current search criteria text boxes with the related information. Click **Clear** to reset the list.

- **Vendor Name** Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- **Product Name** Type a specific product name.
- Product Version Enter a product version.
- **Application Exe Name** Type a specific application executable name.
- **Application Version** Enter a specific application version.
- **Application Description** Enter an application description.
- **Domain Name** Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device Name** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User Name** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- End Date Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.
- **Show Usage Hours** Select whether or not to show Usage hours in the report.
- **Show Database Totals** Select whether or not to display a database totals report along with your generated usage report.

By Product

Select **by Product** to generate a report based on specific product details.

Product Application Usage Report Type: Used applications • Include Rule: (ALL) • by Device Exclude Rule: (NONE) by User Application Install State: Must be currently installed by Vendor Search Database For: Vendor names Search Clear Vendor Name: by Product Product Name: by Product Version Product Version: by Application Application Exe Name: by Application Version Application Version: Application Description: by Application Signature **Domain Name:** by Rule Summary **Device Name:** by Concurrency User Name:

Interval Data Type: Monthly

Show Usage Hours: No

Show Database Totals: No

Operational Reports

Devices Not Collected

Devices Collected

Database Statistics

Start Date: 1 ▼ 2003 ▼

End Date: 3 ▼ 2004 ▼

Figure 16 Application usage by product

The following options are available when generating product reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information in your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

Submit Request

- **Report Type** From the drop-down list, select the type of product report you want to see. This includes used and unused applications as well as application inventory information.
- Include Rule From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule or leave blank.
- **Application Install State** Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Search Database For** From the drop-down list, select a category and click **Search** to return a report of every related item. Then click any returned values to automatically fill in the current search criteria text boxes with the related information. Click **Clear** to reset the list.

- **Vendor Name** Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- **Product Name** Type a specific product name.
- Product Version Enter a product version.
- **Application Exe Name** Type a specific application executable name.
- **Application Version** Enter a specific application version.
- **Application Description** Enter an application description.
- **Domain Name** Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device Name** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User Name** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- End Date Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.
- **Show Usage Hours** Select whether or not to show Usage hours in the report.
- **Show Database Totals** Select whether or not to display a database totals report along with your generated usage report.

By Product Version

Select by Product Version for reports based on product version information.

Product Version • Application Usage Report Type: Used applications Include Rule: (ALL) ▼ by Device Exclude Rule: (NONE) by User Application Install State: Must be currently installed ▼ Search Database For: Vendor names by Vendor Search Clear Vendor Name: by Product Product Name: by Product Version Product Version: by Application Application Exe Name: by Application Version Application Version: Application Description: by Application Signature Domain Name: by Rule Summary Device Name: by Concurrency User Name: Interval Data Type: Monthly Start Date: 1 ▼ 2003 ▼ Operational Reports End Date: 3 ▼ 2004 ▼ Devices Not Collected Show Usage Hours: No Devices Collected Show Database Totals: No -Database Statistics Submit Request

Figure 17 Application usage by product version

The following options are available when generating product version reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information within your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

- **Report Type** From the drop-down list, select the type of product version report you want to see. This includes used and unused applications as well as application inventory information.
- **Include Rule** From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule or leave blank.
- **Application Install State** Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Search Database For** From the drop-down list, select a category and click **Search** to return a report of every related item. Then click any returned values to automatically fill in the current search criteria text boxes with the related information. Click **Clear** to reset the list.

- **Vendor Name** Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- Product Name Type a specific product name.
- Product Version Enter a product version.
- **Application Exe Name** Type a specific application executable name.
- **Application Version** Enter a specific application version.
- **Application Description** Enter an application description.
- **Domain Name** Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device Name** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User Name** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- End Date Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.
- **Show Usage Hours** Select whether or not to show Usage hours in the report.
- **Show Database Totals** Select whether or not to display a database totals report along with your generated usage report.

By Application

Select **by Application** to generate a report based on the individual applications within your database.

Application -Report Type: Used applications Application Usage Include Rule: (ALL) • by Device Exclude Rule: (NONE) by User Application Install State: Must be currently installed by Vendor Search Database For: Vendor names ▼ Search Clear Vendor Name: by Product **Product Name:** by Product Version **Product Version:** by Application Application Exe Name: by Application Version **Application Version:** by Application Signature Application Description: **Domain Name:** by Rule Summary **Device Name:** by Concurrency **User Name:** Interval Data Type: Monthly Start Date: 1 ▼ 2003 ▼ End Date: 3 ▼ 2004 ▼ Devices Not Collected Show Database Totals: No

Figure 18 Application usage by application

Devices Collected

Database Statistics

The following options are available when generating application reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information within your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

Submit Request

- Report Type From the drop-down list, select the type of application report you want to see. This includes used and unused applications as well as application inventory information.
- **Include Rule** From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule or leave blank.
- Application Install State Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Search Database For** From the drop-down list, select a category and click **Search** to return a report of every related item. Then click any returned values to automatically fill in the current search criteria text boxes with the related information. Click **Clear** to reset the list.

- **Vendor Name** Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- **Product Name** Type a specific product name.
- **Product Version** Enter a product version.
- Application Exe Name Type a specific application executable name.
- **Application Version** Enter a specific application version.
- **Application Description** Enter an application description.
- **Domain Name** Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device Name** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User Name** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- End Date Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.
- **Show Usage Hours** Select whether or not to show Usage hours in the report.
- **Show Database Totals** Select whether or not to display a database totals report along with your generated usage report.

By Application Version

Select **by Application Version** to generate a report based on the version of individual applications within your database.

Application Version Report Type: Used applications **T** Application Usage Include Rule: (ALL) • hv Device Exclude Rule: (NONE) by User Application Install State: Must be currently installed by Vendor Search Database For: Vendor names Search Clear Vendor Name: by Product Product Name: by Product Version Product Version: by Application Application Exe Name: by Application Version Application Version: Application Description: by Application Signature by Rule Summary Device Name: by Concurrency User Name: Interval Data Type: Monthly Start Date: 1 ▼ 2003 ▼ Operational Reports End Date: 3 ▼ 2004 ▼ Devices Not Collected Show Usage Hours: No Devices Collected Show Database Totals: No Database Statistics Submit Request

Figure 19 Application usage by application version

The following options are available when generating application version reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information within your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

- **Report Type** From the drop-down list, select the type of application version report you want to see. This includes used and unused applications as well as application inventory information.
- Include Rule From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule or leave blank.
- **Application Install State** Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Search Database For** From the drop-down list, select a category and click **Search** to return a report of every related item. Then click any returned values to automatically fill in the current search criteria text boxes with the related information. Click **Clear** to reset the list.

- Vendor Name Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- **Product Name** Type a specific product name.
- Product Version Enter a product version.
- **Application Exe Name** Type a specific application executable name.
- **Application Version** Enter a specific application version.
- **Application Description** Enter an application description.
- **Domain Name** Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device Name** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User Name** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- End Date Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.
- **Show Usage Hours** Select whether or not to show Usage hours in the report.
- **Show Database Totals** Select whether or not to display a database totals report along with your generated usage report.

By Application Signature

Select **by Application Signature** to generate a report based on the signature of individual applications in your database.

Application Signature Application Usage Report Type: Used applications • Include Rule: (ALL) • by Device Exclude Rule: (NONE) by User Application Install State: Must be currently installed ▾ Search Database For: Vendor names by Vendor ▼ Search Clear Vendor Name: by Product Product Name: by Product Version Product Version: by Application Application Exe Name: by Application Version Application Version: Application Description: by Application Signature Domain Name: by Rule Summary Device Name: by Concurrency User Name: Interval Data Type: Monthly Start Date: 1 ▼ 2003 ▼ Operational Reports End Date: 3 ▼ 2004 ▼ Devices Not Collected Show Usage Hours: No • Devices Collected -Show Database Totals: No Database Statistics Submit Request

Figure 20 Application usage by application signature

The following options are available when generating application signature reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information within your database – we do not recommend as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

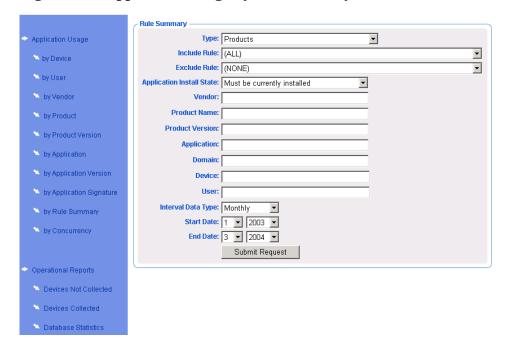
- **Report Type** From the drop-down list, select the type of application signature report you want to see. This includes used and unused applications as well as application inventory information.
- **Include Rule** From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule or leave blank.
- **Application Install State** Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Search Database For** From the drop-down list, select a category and click **Search** to return a report of every related item. Then click any returned values to automatically fill in the current search criteria text boxes with the related information. Click **Clear** to reset the list.

- **Vendor Name** Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- **Product Name** Type a specific product name.
- Product Version Enter a product version.
- **Application Exe Name** Type a specific application executable name.
- **Application Version** Enter a specific application version.
- **Application Description** Enter an application description.
- **Domain Name** Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device Name** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User Name** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- **End Date** Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.
- **Show Usage Hours** Select whether or not to show Usage hours in the report.
- **Show Database Totals** Select whether or not to display a database totals report along with your generated usage report.

By Rule Summary

Select **by Rule Summary** to generate a report using rule summary information.

Figure 21 Application usage by rule summary



The following options are available when generating rule summary reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information in your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.

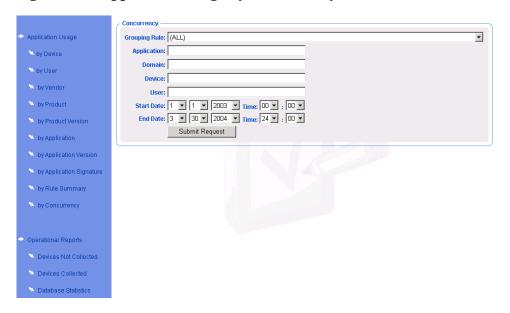
- **Type** From the drop-down list, select the type of rule summary report you want to see. This includes products, product versions, applications, and application versions.
- Include Rule From the drop-down list, select an Include Rule or leave blank.
- Exclude Rule From the drop-down list, select an Exclude Rule or leave blank.
- **Application Install State** Select whether or not to return information for applications that are currently installed.
- **Vendor** Type a vendor name to display all relevant products.
- **Product Name** Type a specific product name.
- **Product Version** Enter a product version.
- **Application** Enter the name of an application.

- Domain Type the name of a domain you want to display.
- **Device** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- Interval Data Type Select a Daily, Monthly, or Yearly interval.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date for the report.
- **End Date** Use the drop-down lists to select an end date for the report.

By Concurrency

Select **by Concurrency** to generate reports that correlate concurrent application usage across multiple devices from your database. Concurrency must be turned on in order to collect the required information. See Chapter 3, CM Application Usage Manager Agent.

Figure 22 Application usage by concurrency



The following options are available when generating concurrency reports. Values are not required for every option. Leaving all options blank will return all information in your database – we do not recommend this as it may take a very long time depending upon the size of your database.



We strongly recommend that you select a specific application executable to search for over a reasonable time period.

- Grouping Rule From the drop-down list, select a Group Rule or leave blank.
- **Application** Enter the name of an application.
- **Domain** Type the name of a domain you want displayed.
- **Device** Type the individual device name you want to report on.
- **User** Enter the user name for which you want to see applications displayed.
- **Start Date** Use the drop-down lists to select a start date and time for the report.
- **End Date** Use the drop-down lists to select an end date and time for the report.

Creating Operational Reports

Operational Reports, unlike Application usage Reports, display databasespecific statistics as well as information for devices in your environment.

Devices Not Collected

Select **Devices Not Collected** to generate a report detailing all devices not collected since a specific date.

Devices - Not Collected Start Date: 1 ▼ 1 ▼ 2003 ▼ Application Usage Submit Request by Device by User by Vendor by Product by Product Version by Application by Application Version by Application Signature by Rule Summary by Concurrency Operational Reports Devices Not Collected Devices Collected Database Statistics

Figure 23 Operation reports devices not collected

Enter a start date to collect and display any information for devices whose Usage data have not been collected and are defined in the CM Application Usage Manager Knowledge Base.

Devices Collected

Select **Devices Collected** to generate a report detailing all devices that were collected during a time period you designate.

Devices - Collected Application Usage Start Date: 2003 🔻 End Date: 2004 ▼ by Device Submit Request 🍑 by User by Vendor by Product by Product Version by Application by Application Version by Application Signature by Rule Summary by Concurrency Operational Reports Devices Not Collected Devices Collected 🔍 Database Statistics

Figure 24 Operation reports devices collected

Enter a start and end date to collect and display any information for all devices that were collected and exist in your enterprise.

Database Statistics

Select **Database Statistics** to generate a report detailing the current database statistics.

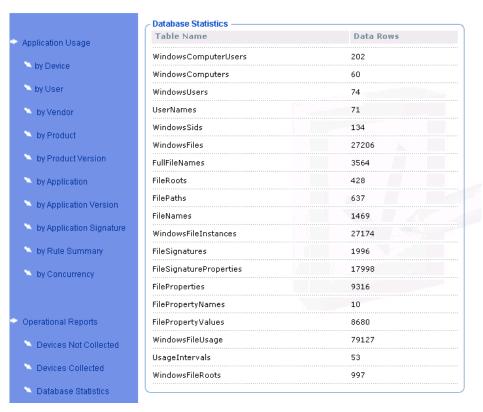


Figure 25 Operation reports database statistics

Database Statistics displays a list of current database information.

Understanding Rules

Rule Criteria, Rules, Rule Sets, and Rule Set Groups are created and maintained using the CM Application Usage Manager Rule Editor. Use this tool to create specific search criteria when generating usage monitoring reports.

A Rule Criteria is a specific attribute that is inherent to an application. For instance, if you want to define a rule that finds and displays all Microsoft Word applications, you would define the Rule Criteria as Application = winword.exe (the application that executes MS Word) and Vendor = Microsoft. Rule Criteria are then what are bundled together to form Rules.

If you want to create a more complex set of rules and criteria, create a group of Rules, called a Rule Set, then group Rule Sets together to form Rule Set Groups. These are the highest-level rule groupings available. Creating Rules and Rules Sets is described in Chapter 5, Using the CM Application Usage Manager Admin.

Examining Reports

After the reports are generated, you can use the built-in HTML features to sort each list or find out more information about a specific record.

Sorting by Column Headings

The titles at the top of each heading are active links, allowing you to click each one to sort the data by the items in that column. Clicking the link again will sort the data in reverse order.

Figure 26 Click on any column heading to sort data

Application	- Applications ————————————————————————————————————		
LastUsed	Application	Application Version	Application Decription
2003/05	Winword.Exe	8.0.0.5622	Microsoft Word for Windows® 97 applicati
2003/05/21	Winword.Exe	9.0.0.4527	Microsoft Word for Windows
2003/05/20	Winword.Exe	9.0.0.4527	Microsoft Word for Windows
2003/05/22	Winword.Exe	9.0.0.4527	Microsoft Word for Windows

Retrieving More Information

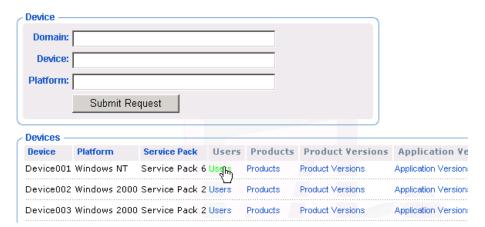
Many of the records displayed will have active links allowing you to click on an item and reveal more information about that particular device, user, application, and so on.

Figure 27 More information displayed



You can also navigate to other summary report pages by clicking the links in the existing records. For example, after generating a Summary by Device report, click the Users link in any record to be transferred to the Summary by User page.

Figure 28 Users link in Summary by Device report record



Retrieving Record-Specific Information

Once a report is displayed, the Navigate To feature becomes available. Use the Navigate To drop-down list box to return specific information for any report record.

Device Application Usage Domain: Device: 🍑 by Device Platform: by User Submit Request by Vendor Navigate To: by Product Users by Product Version Users Vendors Products by Application in Major Version Minor Version **Build Number** Product Versions 1381 Application Version by Application Version Application Signature 2195 5 0 Application Detail by Application Signature evice003 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 2195 by Rule Summary Device004 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 0 2195 Device005 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 2195 5 0 by Concurrency Device006 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 5 0 2195 Device007 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 5 0 2195 Operational Reports Device008 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 5 0 2195 Devices Not Collected Device009 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 5 0 2195 Device010 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 5 0 2195 Devices Collected Device011 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 0 2195 Database Statistics 5 Device012 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 0 2195

Figure 29 Navigate To drop-down list

Select an item from the list, and then select a report record.

Device Application Usage by Device Platform: by User Submit Request 🍑 by Vendor Navigate To: by Product by Product Version by Application Device Platform Domain Major Version Minor Version Build Number Device 001 Windows NT Service Pack 6 1381 by Application Version Device002 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 2195 by Application Signature 0 Device003 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 2195 by Rule Summary Device004 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 5 2195 Device005 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 2195 by Concurrency

Device006 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Device007 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Device008 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Device009 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Device010 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Device011 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Device012 Windows 2000 Service Pack 2

Operational Reports

Devices Not Collected

Devices Collected

Database Statistics

5

2195

2195

2195

2195

2195

2195

2195

Figure 30 Selecting record-specific information

A new report is generated in a new window, detailing all the related information for the record you selected.

User: Application Usage Domain: 🍑 by Device Device: Device001 🍑 by User Submit Request by Vendor Navigate To: by Product ▼ Application Detail by Product Version by Application Users Device Domain Administrator Device001 by Application Version SYSTEM Device001 🔪 by Application Signature User0001 Device001 by Rule Summary by Concurrency Operational Reports Devices Not Collected Devices Collected

Figure 31 New record-specific report

Database Statistics

Summary

- Use either the CM Reporting Server or a CM Web Server enabled for TCL Server Pages to access CM Application Usage Manager reports.
- Select the type of report you would like to generate on the Usage report page.
- Customize the information displayed in each report using the available text boxes on each page.
- Click any individual link in a report to see more information.
- Search the database to help complete your report generator text boxes.
- Use the Navigate To drop-down box to return record specific information.

5 Using the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator

Use the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator to create specific search criteria to be implemented when you are generating your usage monitoring reports. Creating these criteria allow you to supplement the existing search options and create better reports based on your individual organization's needs. The CM Application Usage Manager Administrator is installed as part of the HP Open View CM Application Usage Manager.

To access the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator

- From the Start menu, go to HP OVCM Application Usage Manager \rightarrow CM Application Usage Manager Admin.
- 2 Select the name of the DSN you will be using and type your User Name and Password in the text boxes provided.
- 3 When finished, click **OK**.

The CM Application Usage Manager Admin consists of four tabs you can use to define criteria, rules, rule sets, and rule set groups.

CM Application Usage Manager Admin Search Function

After selecting criteria, rule, rule set, or rule set group, click the **Search** button near the bottom of the window to preview your query results. Query results are displayed in a table at the bottom of the CM Application Usage Manager Admin window.

The search function can be used at any stage of the rule creation process.

Creating Criteria, Rules, Rule Sets, and Rule Set Groups

Use the CM Application Usage Manager Admin to create criteria, rules, rule sets, and rule set groups that can then be used when you generate usage reports. Once created, these rules and criteria will then be available in the Include Rule and Exclude Rule drop-down lists within the usage report generation pages.

Figure 32 Include rule and exclude rule drop-down lists



Each process used to define criteria, rules, rule sets, and rule set groups is similar. Each tab allows you to either use an existing rule to search for records or create your own with any customizations you apply. Rules can be created as specific as you would like depending on the criteria you choose.

Operators AND versus OR

There are two types of criteria, rules, rule sets, and rule set groups you can create: AND and OR. Before creating the rule, decide which type you would like to create and select the appropriate operator from the Operator dropdown list.

Figure 33 Operator drop-down list



Creating a criterion using the AND operator specifies that in order for a record to match that criterion, all of the properties specified must be true. For example, a criterion designed with

Vendor property = Equals Microsoft

Application property = Like WinWord

Operator = AND

will return only Microsoft Word records.

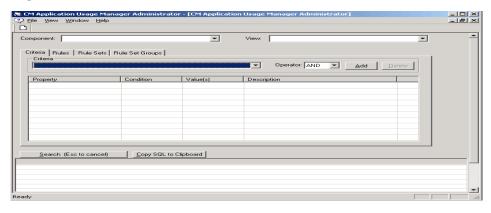
If the OR operator was selected in the above example, all applications with Vendor Microsoft will be returned.

The AND operator is most effective when creating criteria only. The OR operator is more appropriate for creating rules, rule sets, and rule set groups.

Criteria Tab

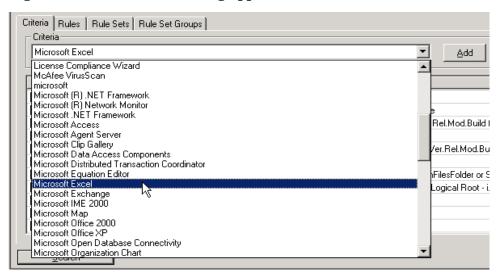
Use the Criteria tab to define specific application criteria you will use to display collected information when generating usage monitoring reports.

Figure 34 Criteria tab



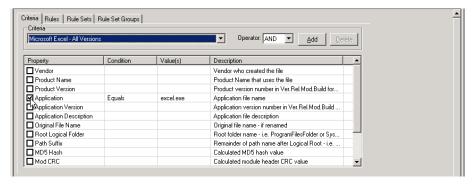
Before you select application criteria, you can use the Criteria drop-down list to check if any of the existing applications can be used.

Figure 35 Choose an existing application to define criteria



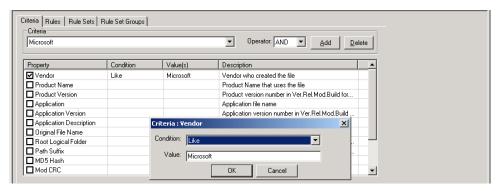
Once you select an application from this list, check a Property box to add that to the Criteria.

Figure 36 Select a property to include in the criteria



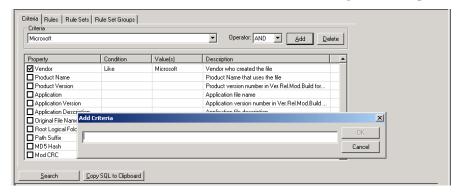
Double-click any row in the Condition or Value columns to add a condition and value to the criteria. As an example, the steps below describe how to create rule criteria where the Vendor property is equal to Microsoft.

Figure 37 Select a criteria condition and value



To create a criterion

To the right of the Criteria drop-down box, click the **Add** button to create new criteria. Enter a name for the criteria in the dialog box that opens.





Names are sorted in the report pages in ascending sequence so frequently used names should be prefixed with a character that places them at the top of the sort sequence.

- 2 Click **OK** to close the Add Criteria dialog box.
- 3 Double-click on the **Vendor** attribute row.
- 4 In the dialog box that opens, select **Equals** in the Condition text box.
- 5 In the Value text box, type Microsoft. Note that this value is used in a SQL command and must conform to SQL syntax rules.

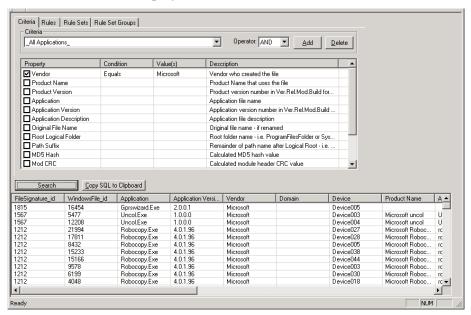
The typed text must conform to SQL Server query rules, for example, you can select the **LIKE** clause and type text such as **%Microsoft**% to define a criterion for any application whose Vendor definition contains the character string Microsoft.





The use of LIKE clauses with preceding % may cause lengthy search times during reporting. We strongly recommend that you use the EQUALS clause.

6 Test the criteria by clicking **Search** to retrieve all entries in the CM Application Usage Manager Knowledge Base that match the criteria you defined. Entries are displayed in the table at the bottom of the window.

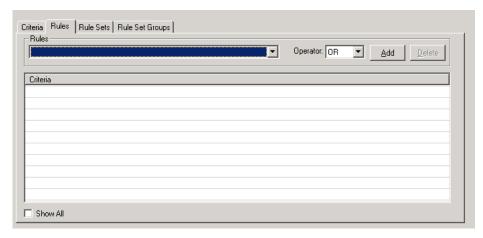


The new criterion is complete and ready to be used in any rules you generate.

Rules Tab

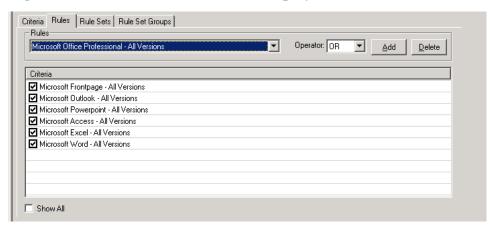
Rules are a combination of Criteria. Use the Rules tab to define rules based on the criteria you selected in the Criteria tab.

Figure 38 Rules tab



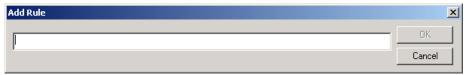
Use the Rules drop-down list box to select any default rules. Once a rule is selected, the criteria that are part of that rule are displayed.

Figure 39 Criteria for each rule is displayed

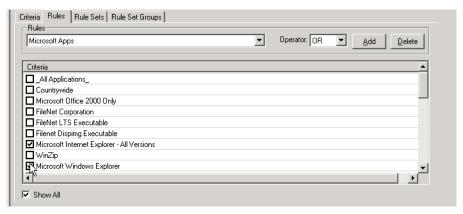


To create a new Rule

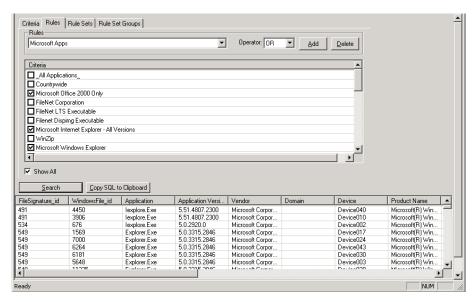
Click **Add** to define a new rule. Enter a name for the rule in the dialog box that opens.



- 2 Click OK.
- 3 Select any criteria you would like to include in the new rule by clicking the check box to the left of the criterion name.



4 Test the rule by clicking **Search**. All matching records are displayed in the table at the bottom of the window.

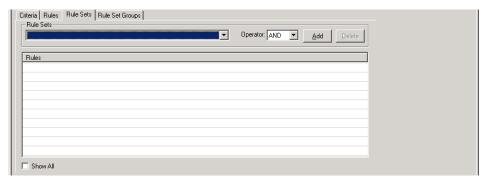


The new rule is complete and ready for inclusion in any Rule Sets you generate.

Rule Sets Tab

A Rule Set is a grouping of Rules. Use the Rule Sets tab to define which rules you would like to combine to form a Rule Set instance.

Figure 40 Rule Sets tab



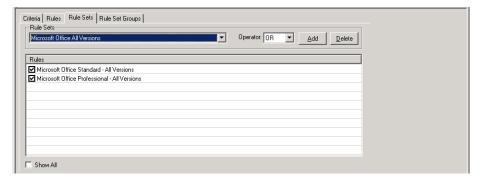
Use the Rule Sets drop-down list to select any existing Rule Sets. Once a Rule Set is selected, the rules that make up that Rule Set are displayed.

Criteria Rules Rule Sets Rule Set Groups Rule Sets RuleSet Test Operator: OR ₹ ▼ <u>A</u>dd <u>D</u>elete Rules ☐ Microsoft Apps ■ Microsoft Office Standard - All Versions ☐ Microsoft Office Professional - All Versions ■ ** Miscellaneous Vendors ** Immediate Interest Applications ✓ Show All <u>S</u>earch Copy SQL to Clipboard Domain FileSignature_id WindowsFile_id Application Versi... Vendor Device Product Name 4450 5.51.4807.2300 Microsoft Corpor. Device040 Microsoft(R) Win.. lexplore.Exe 491 3906 lexplore.Exe 5.51.4807.2300 Microsoft Corpor. Device010 Microsoft(R) Win. 5.0.2920 0 Device002 534 549 549 549 549 676 lexplore.Exe Microsoft Corpor. Microsoft(R) Win. 1569 5.0.3315.2846 Explorer.Exe Microsoft Corpor. Device017 Microsoft(R) Win.. 7000 Explorer.Exe 5.0.3315.2846 Microsoft Corpor. Device024 Microsoft(R) Win.. 6264 Explorer.Exe 5.0.3315.2846 Microsoft Corpor. Device043 Microsoft(R) Win.. Microsoft(R) Win.. 5 0 3315 2846 Device030 6181 Explorer.Exe Microsoft Corpor. Microsoft(R) Win... 5.0.3315.2846 Microsoft Corpor.. 5648 Device003 Explorer.Exe Ready NUM

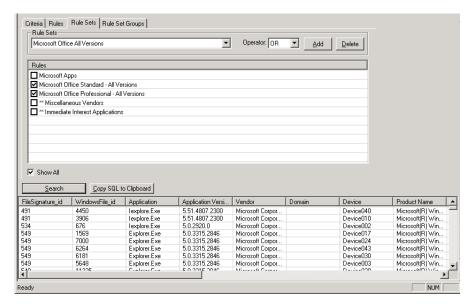
Figure 41 Rules included in the Rule Set are displayed.

To create a new Rule Set

- 1 Click **Add** to define a new Rule Set. Enter a name for the Rule Set in the dialog box that opens.
- 2 Click OK.
- 3 Select any rules you would like to include in the new Rule Set by clicking the check box to the left of the rule name.



4 Test the Rule Set by clicking **Search**. All matching records are displayed in the table at the bottom of the CM Application Usage Manager Admin window.

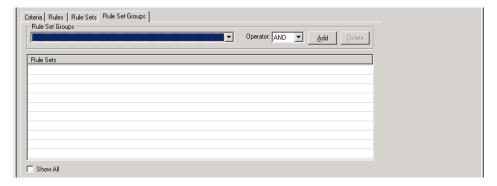


The new Rule Set is complete and ready for inclusion in any Rule Set Groups you may generate.

Rule Set Groups Tab

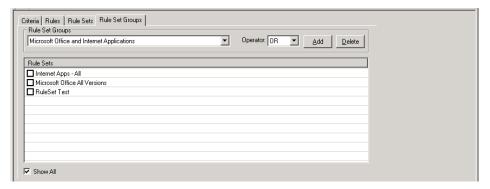
If you want to combine multiple Rule Sets, create a Rule Set Group instance.

Figure 42 Rule Set Groups tab



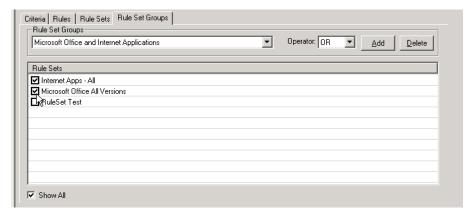
Use the Rule Set Groups drop-down list to select any existing Rule Set Groups. Once a Rule Set Group is selected, all of the Rules Sets that make up that Rule Set Group are displayed.

Figure 43 Rule Sets included in the Rule Set Group are displayed

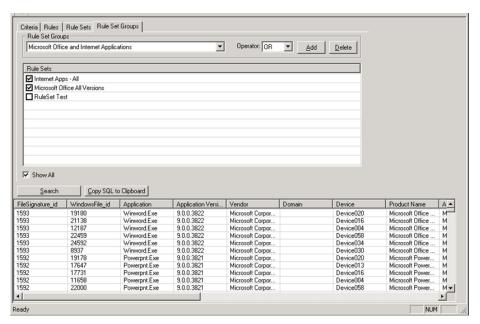


To create a new Rule Set Group

- Click Add to define a new Rule Set Group. Enter a name for the Rule Set Group in the dialog box that opens.
- 2 Click OK.
- 3 Select any Rule Sets you would like to include in the new Rule Set Group by clicking the check box to the left of the Rule Set name.



4 Test the Rule Set Group by clicking **Search**. All matching records are displayed in the table at the bottom of the CM Application Usage Manager Admin window.



The new Rule Set Group is complete.

Now that you have finished creating criteria, rules, rule sets, and rule set groups, you can generate reports based on your own specifications using the report generator options Include Rule and Exclude Rule. For more information, refer to the chapter on generating reports in this book.

Summary

- Use the CM Application Usage Manager Administrator to create your own criteria, rules, rule sets, and rule set groups.
- Use these customized rules to generate reports.

A Implementing the CM Application Usage Manager in a Non-CM Environment

The CM Application Usage Manager agent can operate independently of a CM environment. This implementation is often used by organizations to determine priorities for application or operating system migrations.

Included with the CM Application Usage Manager media is an MSI-based program to install and configure the CM Application Usage Manager agent.

These files are located in your CM Application Usage Manager media in the \Agent Install\Setup\ directory and are described in Table 10 below.

Table 10 CM Application Usage Manager Agent files

Filename	Description
AUMAgent.msi	Agent installation program.
USDBColl.ini	Collection configuration file

CM Application Usage Manager Configuration: Non-CM Infrastructure

To configure your CM Application Usage Manager components for this environment, see Chapter 2, Configuring Your Environment. Once your CM Application Usage Manager components are configured, you are ready to configure and install the agent and collection parameters.

Installing and Configuring the CM Application Usage Manager Agent

The CM Application Usage Manager agent is installed by either a CM service, independently through any distribution methodology, or by running the Agent Installation Wizard.



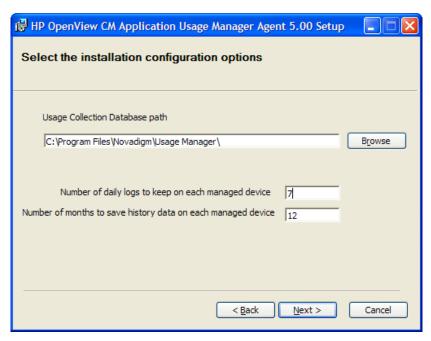
Non-CM implementation does not support filters inherently. Specific Registry keys must be configured.

Using the Installation Wizard

To install the CM Application Usage Manager agent using the Installation Wizard

- From the media location for CM Application Usage Manager, navigate to the \Agent Install\Setup folder, and double-click AUMAgent.msi.
 - The Installation Wizard for the CM Application Usage Manager Agent opens.
- 2 Click Next.
 - The License Agreement window opens.
- 3 After reading and accepting the license agreement, click Next.
 The installation configuration options window opens.

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Use this window to specify a Usage Collection Database Path, how many daily logs to keep, and how many months of data to save on each managed device.

- In the Usage Collection Database Path area, specify a local path where the agent will be installed and usage data history and monitoring files will be stored. The default location is SystemDrive:\Program Files\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent.
 If you want to select a different path, click Browse and then navigate to an appropriate local folder.
- In the **Number of daily logs to keep** text box, type the maximum number of daily log files to be maintained in the \Log folder. The default is 7.
- In the Number of months to save history data text box, type the number of months to maintain data in the History. USDBase file. Old data is automatically aged out of the file after the specified retention period.



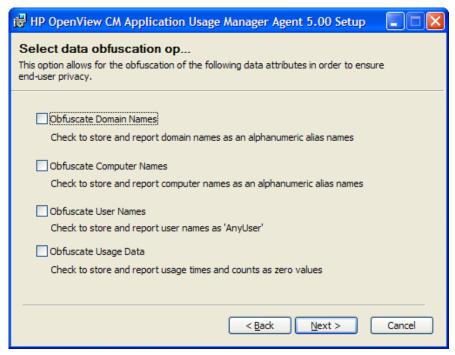
The History data file serves as a backup location for monitored data in case it needs to be recollected. (For example, in case the CM KB Server is faulty.)

4 Click Next.

The Usage Monitoring Options window opens. Select the monitoring options to be enabled for this Agent.

- Leave Enable Usage Monitoring checked to monitor application usage, or remove the check-mark to disable it.
- Leave Enable Focus Time Monitoring checked to monitor the application focus time, or remove the check-mark to disable it.
- The HP OVCM Application Usage Manager Agent Service (AUMService.exe) performs usage and focus time monitoring.
- 5 Click Next.

The Data Obfuscation Options window opens.



The CM Application Usage Manager allows for the obfuscation of certain data attributes in order to ensure privacy, if required.

6 Select from the following obfuscation options to have that type of data remain undisclosed:

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Obfuscate Domain Names

When selected, the domain name is reported as a random set of alphanumeric values.

Obfuscate Computer Names

When selected, the computer name is reported as a random set of alphanumeric values.

Obfuscate User Names

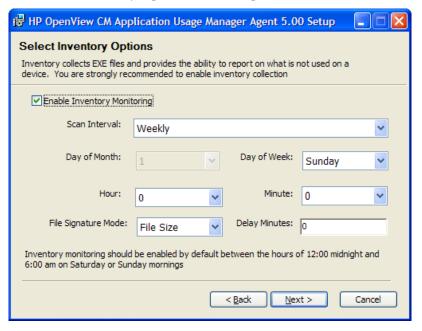
When selected, the user name is reported as [AnyUser].

Obfuscate Usage Data

When selected, the executable file usage times and launch counts are all reported as zero values.

7 Click Next.

The Select Inventory Options window opens.



- 8 Leave Enable Inventory Monitoring checked to perform a software and hardware inventory scan on the Agent machine on a regular basis. Remove the check-mark to disable inventory monitoring.
- 9 If inventory monitoring is enabled, specify a scan schedule as follows:
 - Use the **Scan Interval** drop-down box to select an interval of **Daily**,
 Weekly, or Monthly.

- For a Daily scan, also select an **Hour** and **Minute** for the scan to run.
- For a Weekly scan, also select a **Day of Week**, **Hour** and **Minute** for the scan to run.
- For a Monthly scan, also select a **Day of Month**, **Hour** and **Minute** for the scan to run.
- 10 In the **Delay Minutes** text box, optionally type a maximum delay period, in minutes, to use to randomize the inventory collection time. Valid values are 0 (no randomized collection) to 720 minutes (collection is randomized between the specified hours and minutes and 12 hours later).
- 11 Select one of the following **File Signature Mode** options:
 - **File Size** (Default).
 - File Header. Scans the entire file header. Slower than File Size scans.
 - MD5 Signature. Most complete scan and slowest.
- 12 Click Next.

The Ready to Install the Application window opens.

13 Click **Next** to begin the installation.

The installation takes place.

After installation, a final window opens to indicate the CM Application Usage Manager Agent has been successfully installed.

14 Click **Finish** to close the Installation Wizard.

Silent Installation using a Command Line

Alternatively, use the following command to install the CM Application Usage Agent silently.

```
msiexec.exe /i AUMAgent.msi /lv* optional parameters
```

Refer to Table 11 for the list of optional parameters and their default values.

- Space separate parameter entries.
- Enclose all parameter values in quotation marks, as shown in the command sample below.

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Sample Command

The following command shows a sample silent installation of the CM Application Usage Manager Agent.

msiexec.exe /i AUMAgent.msi /lv* <LogFilePath>
NOVADIGM_PATH=<NovadigmPath> LOCAL_PATH="\[NovadigmFolder\]"
ENABLED="1" ENABLE_FOCUS_TIME="1" HISTORY_SAVE_MONTHS="12#"
LOG_COUNT="7" OBFUSCATE_USER="0" OBFUSCATE_COMPUTER="0"
OBFUSCATE_DOMAIN=0 OBFUSCATE USAGE="0"

Silent Installation Configuration Parameters

Table 11 Silent installation parameters for AUMAgent.msi

Parameter and Values	Description
<logfilepath></logfilepath>	Defines an alternate path for storing Log files. The default location is the \Log subdirectory of the UM_LocalPath value.
NOVADIGM_PATH=[ProgramFilesFolder]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUMAgent\	Defines the root directory of where the CM Application Usage Manager agent binaries are to be installed on the agent machine. The binaries are stored in the \bin folder under this folder. The path must be a local drive; it cannot be a network drive.
LOCAL_PATH=[ProgramFilesFolder]	Defines where the active usage monitoring and history files are stored on the agent machine. This path must be a local drive; it cannot be a network drive.
ENABLED = 0 or <u>1</u>	Defines whether application usage profiling is installed as active . If set to 0, then application usage is not monitored for any application.

Parameter and Values	Description
ENABLE_FOCUS_TIME= 0 or 1	Defines whether application focus time is monitored and reported on. If set to 0, then focus time is not monitored.
FILE_SIGNATURE_MODE= S H M representing File Sizes File Header MD5 Signature	Determines the scanning depth for executables inventoried on each agent device. The type of scan defined here can determine the amount of time a collection may take.
	S = File Sizes. Scans only file sizes. This is faster, but less comprehensive (default)
	H=File Header. Scans entire Module Header. Slower, more comprehensive.
	M=MD5 Signature. Slowest, most comprehensive.
HISTORY_SAVE_MONTHS= 0 - nnn Default is 12	Defines the number of months to maintain data in the history file, History.usdbase. Old data is automatically aged out of the file. Default is 12.
INVENTORY_INTERVAL = $0 \mid 1 \mid \underline{2} \mid 3$ representing No Inventory Monthly Weekly Daily	Defines when the current executable inventory for the machine is run.
INVENTORY_DAY_OF_MONTH = 1 - 31	If the Inventory_Interval is 1 [monthly], defines the relative day of the month that the current executable inventory should be run.

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Parameter and Values	Description
INVENTORY_DAY_OF_WEEK = 1 - 7	If the Inventory_Interval is 2 [weekly], defines the relative day of the week that the current executable inventory should be run. 1 = Sunday, 7 = Saturday.
INVENTORY_HOUR= 00 – 23 where 13 is 01:00 pm	If the Inventory_Inventory is non-zero, defines what hour of the day the current executable inventory for the machine is run.
INVENTORY_MINUTE = 00 – 59	Defines what minute of the hour the current executable inventory for the machine is run.
INVENTORY_RANDOM_MINUTE = 0 - 720	Defines a maximum period, in minutes, to use to randomize the inventory collection time. If nonzero, randomizes the collection process to occur anytime from the start time through a randomly generated number of minutes later. [0-720]
LOG_COUNT= 0 - nn	Maximum number of log files to be maintained in the \Log folder. Default is 7.
OBFUSCATE_COMPUTER = 0 1	Obfuscate computer name to conform to privacy laws. 1 = Yes 0 = No
OBFUSCATE_DOMAIN = 0 1	Obfuscate domain name to conform to privacy laws. 1 = Yes 0 = No
OBFUSCATE_USAGE = 0 1	Obfuscate usage information to conform to privacy laws. 1 = Yes 0 = No

Parameter and Values	Description
OBFUSCATE_USER = 0 1	Obfuscate user name to conform to privacy laws. 1 = Yes 0 = No

Configuring the CM Agent for SSL Communications with a Secured Integration Server

The CM AUM Agent can support communications with a secured CM Portal or CM Integration Server using HTTPS.

To configure the CM AUM Agent for this support, do the following:

- 1 Stop the AUM Agent Service.
- 2 Create the following \CM\Agent directory on the machine where the AUM Agent is installed:

[ProgramFilesFolder]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\Agent

3 Locate the AUM Agent folder on the CM v5 media and copy the \CACertificates folder and its contents to the \Agent directory created in Step 2:

[ProgramFilesFolder]\Hewlett-Packard\CM\Agent\CACertificates

4 Locate the file for the Server's certificate, located at:

CM Server Path\etc\Certificates\
Server-hostname.netcert.pem

5 Copy the contents from the line that begins::

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE

Until

- ----END CERTIFICATE
- 6 Paste this contents into the end of the cacert.pem file, located in the \CACertificates folder on the Agent machine
- 7 Save your changes.
- 8 Use Regedit to modify the Registry information for the AUM Agent collection point.

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9 Modify the URL from http to https and modify the port number to include the secured port, such as 443:

https://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:443/KB_Mgr1_Usage/

10 Restart the AUM Agent Service.

Removing the CM Application Usage Manager Agent

After the installation of the CM Application Usage Manager Agent, rerun the AUMAgent.msi program to delete it.

- 1 Double-click **AUMAgent.msi** on the installation media.
 - The Application Maintenance window opens.
- 2 Select Remove and click Next.
 - The Uninstall window opens.
- 3 Confirm you want to remove the agent and click **Next**.
- 4 The agent is removed. Click Finish when it is complete.

Silent Removal of the Agent

Use the following command to remove the CM Application Usage Manager agent silently:

```
msiexec.exe /i AUMAgent.msi /x
```

Common Files Required by CM Application Usage Manager Agent

Once the CM Application Usage Manager agent is installed, three files must be copied to the same directory where you installed the agent, for example, <code>Drive:\ProgramFilesFolder\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent\</code>. These files are included with the CM Application Usage Manager media or the CM Infrastructure media and are as follows:

gzip.exe
Located in the \Agent Install\Setup\GZIP folder., the GZIP (generic zip) utility is used by the CM Application Usage Manager Agent and Knowledge Base Server to compress and decompress data during transfer to and from a SQL database.

- Readme.txt
 Located in the Agent Install\Setup\GZIP directory, the Readme.txt
 file explains where to obtain the following files, also needed by the Agent
 in a non-CM environment:
 - nvdkit.exe
 Collection of components used by the CM Application Usage Manager.
 - hide.exe Hides the nydkit.exe user interface from the process.

Collecting Data

The Usage Database Collection is installed using the USDBColl.exe program, which is placed in the \Application Extensions\Bin folder of the agent's base installation directory. By default, the USDBColl.exe file is location in:

C:\Program Files\Hewlett-Packard\CM\AUM Agent\Bin.

Configuring Collection Parameters

Collect usage data by first defining collection parameters. Optionally, these parameters can be placed within a file USDBColl.ini and then named during the batch program to install the collection.

The collection parameters are installed when ${\tt USDBColl.exe}$ is executed.

Table 12, below, lists the collection configuration parameters used to define your usage data collection. They can be placed in a file named USDBColl.ini, if desired.

Table 12 Collection Configuration File (USDBColl.ini)

Parameter	Description
DatabaseName	Name of your Application Usage Manager database.
CollectionEnabled	Enable or disable collection. [Y/N].

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Parameter	Description
CollectionInterval	When to process collections, monitor only (no collection), monthly, weekly, daily. [0 1 2 3] Default is Daily (3).
CollectionDayOfMonth	When the interval is monthly, day of the month to process collection. [01-31]
CollectionDayOfWeek	When the interval is weekly, day of the week to process collection. Default is Sunday (1). [1-7].
CollectionHour	Hour to begin data collection process. [00-23] Default is Midnight (00).
CollectionMinute	Minute to begin data collection process. [00 – 59] Default is 00.
CollectionRandom	Randomizes collection process to occur anytime from the start time through a randomly generated number of minutes later. [0 – 720]
CollectionPoint	The IP address and port number of the associated CM Integration Server or CM Portal. Supports an SSL-secured server (requires the URL to specify HTTPS and the secure port number, such as 443).

Command to Install Usage Database Collection

Open a batch window and execute one of the following commands to install usage collection. You can either specify all collection parameters directly on the command line, or place the parameters in a configuration file named ${\tt USDBCOLL.INI},$ and then name that file when you run ${\tt USDBColl.exe}.$

```
USDBColl.exe /I <collection_parameter_list>
or
```

USDBColl.exe /I USDBCOLL.INI

- 1 Open a command prompt, go to the InstallDir\AUM Agent\Bin.
- 2 Execute the following command:

USDBColl.exe /I DatabaseName=Usage_Database CollectionEnabled=1 CollectionInterval=3 CollectionDayOfMonth=1 CollectionDayOfWeek=1 CollectionHour=0 CollectionMinute=0 CollectionRandom=0 CollectionPoint=http://<<IS_Server_IP_Address:3466>>/KB_Mgr1_Usage/



Specify a secured Collection Point using the format:

CollectionPoint=https://<<IS_Server_IP_Address:443>>/K
B Mgr1 Usage

Configuring Database Specific Collection

The executable usdbcoll.exe initiates the data collection process and can be launched by a CM Service or otherwise. Two command-line parameters are passed that indicate the SQL database specific configuration parameters to use when copying the information from the inventory and active monitoring files to the database specific collection file, for example:

```
USDBCOLL.EXE /i DatabaseName=SQL database name
```

See Table 13 below for a description of the USDBCOLL. EXE parameter values.

Re-collecting Usage Data

In the event you need to collect lost or damaged usage data, <code>USDBCOLL.EXE</code> supports the recollection of data with the <code>/r</code> parameter. To initiate recollection, use the <code>/r</code> parameter and define the **RecollectMode** value on the command line. For example:

USDBCOLL.EXE /r RecollectMode=1 DatabaseName=MyDatabase

See Table 13 below, for a description of the different RecollectMode values.

Table 13 USDBCOLL.EXE command line parameters

Parameter	Description
DatabaseName= UniqueSQLDatabaseName	Defines a unique SQL database name for collection purposes.

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Parameter	Description
RecollectMode=Value	Defines the type of data to be re-collected. Value can be 1, 2, or 3 as defined below.
	1 – Signatures - all file signature data is re-collected for all files that meet the collection filter. This includes the data for the FileSignatures and FileSignatureProperties tables.
	2- Files - all Windows file data is recollected for all files that meet the collection filter. This includes all of the data collected in Signature mode as well as data for the WindowsFiles and WindowsFileInstances tables.
	3 – Usage - all Windows file usage data is re-collected for all files that meet the collection filter. This includes all of the data collected in File mode as well as data for the WindowsFileUsage table.

Generating Reports

Once the CM Application Usage Manager agent and collection parameters are installed, refer to Chapter 4, Viewing CM Application Manager Usage Reports on page 83 to learn about generating reports to view your usage data.

Installing the CM Application Usage Manager Agent and Collection Parameters

Once you've configured your CM Application Usage Manager agent and configuration parameters using the two .ini files, you are ready to install the components to your agent computers.

These files will install the CM Application Usage Manager agent as well as the collection parameters you defined within each .ini file.

A sample batch file, AUMAgent.bat, is supplied with the CM Application Usage Manager media in the \Samples\ AUM Agent - Batch Install\ directory. The directory also contains these files:

AUMAgent.bat

- AUMAgent.msi
- Collect.bat
- Sleep.exe
- USDBColl.ini

Run ${\tt AUMAgent.bat}$ to install the CM Application Usage Manager agent as well as the collection parameters you defined within each .ini file.

Once the CM Application Usage Manager agent and collection parameters are installed, refer to Chapter 4, Viewing CM Application Manager Usage Reports to learn about generating reports to view your usage data.

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B Product Name Changes

If you have used Radia in the past, and are not yet familiar with the newly rebranded HP terms and product names, Table 14 below will help you identify naming changes that have been applied to the Radia brand.

Table 14 Product Name and Term Changes

New Name/Term	Old Name/Term
AUMAgent.msi	UMsetup.exe
AUMAgent.bat	RUMclient.bat
CM agents	Radia clients
HP OpenView Configuration Administrator	Radia Administrator Workstation
HP OpenView Configuration Management	Radia
HP OpenView Configuration Management Admin CSDB Editor	Radia System Explorer
HP OpenView Configuration Management Application Manager	Radia Application Manager
HP OpenView Configuration Management Application Self-service Manager	Radia Software Manager
HP OpenView Configuration Management Application Usage Manager	Radia Usage Manager
HP OpenView Configuration Management Application Usage Manager Admin	Radia Usage Manager Administrator, Radia Usage Manager Rule Editor
HP OpenView Configuration Management Configuration Analyzer	Radia Configuration Analyzer
HP OpenView Configuration Management Configuration Server	Radia Configuration Server
HP OpenView Configuration Management Configuration Server Database	Configuration Server Database, Radia Database
HP OpenView Configuration Management Extensions for Windows Installer	Radia Extensions for Windows Installer

New Name/Term	Old Name/Term
HP OpenView Configuration Management Integration Server	Radia Integration Server
HP OpenView Configuration Management Inventory Manager	Radia Inventory Manager
HP OpenView Configuration Management Knowledge Base Server	Radia Knowledge Base Manager
HP OpenView Configuration Management Patch Manager	Radia Patch Manager
HP OpenView Configuration Management Portal	Radia Management Portal
HP OpenView Configuration Management Reporting Server	Radia Reporting Server
Usagemanageradministrator.msi	Package.msi

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