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**MERCURY WINRUNNER™**

**VERSION 9.2**

**Test Script Language Reference Guide**

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BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY OPTIMIZATION



# **Mercury WinRunner**

## Test Script Language (TSL) Reference Guide

Version 9.2

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**MERCURY™**

## Mercury WinRunner Test Script Language (TSL) Reference Guide, Version 9.2

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# Welcome to TSL

Welcome to Mercury's Test Script Language (TSL).

## Using This Guide

This book is a comprehensive guide to Mercury's Test Script Language (TSL). It provides a detailed description of TSL and how to use it in your test scripts. It lists all TSL functions alphabetically and by category, and describes the parameters, return values, and availability for each function. This book assumes that you are already familiar with WinRunner. For information on using WinRunner, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

This book contains the following chapters:

### **Introduction**

Provides an overview of TSL and the different types of TSL functions. Read this section to learn which groups of TSL functions are relevant for your product.

### **Language**

Describes the basic elements of the TSL programming language, such as: constants and variables, operators and expressions, statements, control-flow, arrays, input/output.

### **Guidelines for Working with TSL**

Provides guidelines to assist you in creating intuitive and readable test scripts and libraries.

### **Reserved Words**

Provides a list of words reserved by TSL that may not be used as names.

## **Functions by Category**

Provides a list of TSL functions grouped according to the type of tasks they perform. Functions are arranged alphabetically within each category, and a brief description of each function is included.

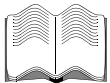
## **Return Values**

Provides a list of return values that may be returned by TSL functions.

## **Alphabetical Reference**

Lists all TSL functions alphabetically. The name of each function is listed along with the type and the category to which it belongs. A description and complete syntax are provided. The definition of the function's parameters and its return values and availability are also described.

## **WinRunner Documentation Set**



In addition to this guide, WinRunner comes with a complete set of printed documentation:

**WinRunner Installation Guide** describes how to install WinRunner on a single computer or a network.

**WinRunner Tutorial** teaches you basic WinRunner skills and shows you how to start testing your application.

**WinRunner Basic Features User's Guide** explains how to use WinRunner's most common features to create and run tests on your application.

**WinRunner Advanced Features User's Guide** explains how to use specialized features of WinRunner to meet the special testing requirements of your application.

**WinRunner Customization Guide** explains how to customize WinRunner to meet the special testing requirements of your application.



## Online Resources

WinRunner includes the following online resources:

**Readme** provides last-minute news and information about WinRunner.

**What's New in WinRunner** describes the newest features in the latest version of WinRunner.

**Printer-Friendly Documentation** displays links to the complete documentation set in PDF format. Printer-Friendly documentation can be read and printed using Adobe Acrobat Reader. You can download the latest version of Adobe Acrobat Reader from [www.adobe.com](http://www.adobe.com).

**WinRunner Context-Sensitive Help** provides immediate answers to questions that arise as you work with WinRunner. It describes menu commands and dialog boxes, and shows you how to perform WinRunner tasks. Check the Mercury Interactive's Customer Support Web site for updates to WinRunner help files.

**TSL Online Reference Help** provides additional information on each function and examples of usage. You can open the *TSL Online Reference Help* from the WinRunner group in the Start menu or from WinRunner's Help menu. To open the online reference to a specific function, click the context-sensitive Help button and then click a TSL statement in your test script, or place your cursor on a TSL statement in your test script and then press the F1 key.

**WinRunner Sample Tests** includes utilities and sample tests with accompanying explanations.

**Technical Support Online** uses your default Web browser to open Mercury Interactive's Customer Support Web site.

**Mercury Interactive on the Web** uses your default Web browser to open Mercury Interactive's home page. This site provides you with the most up-to-date information on Mercury Interactive, its products and services. This includes new software releases, seminars and trade shows, customer support, training, and more.

## Documentation Updates

Mercury is continually updating its product documentation with new information. You can download the latest version of this document from the Customer Support Web site (<http://support.mercury.com>).

### To download updated documentation:

- 1** In the Customer Support Web site, click the **Documentation** link.
- 2** Under **Select Product Name**, select **WinRunner**.  
Note that if **WinRunner** does not appear in the list, you must add it to your customer profile. Click **My Account** to update your profile.
- 3** Click **Retrieve**. The Documentation page opens and lists the documentation available for the current release and for previous releases. If a document was recently updated, **Updated** appears next to the document name.
- 4** Click a document link to download the documentation.

## Typographical Conventions

This book uses the following typographical conventions:

<b>1, 2, 3</b>	Bold numbers indicate steps in a procedure.
>	The greater-than sign separates menu levels (for example, <b>File &gt; Open</b> ).
<b>Stone Sans</b>	The <b>Stone Sans</b> font indicates names of interface elements (for example, the <b>Run</b> button) and other items that require emphasis.
<b>Bold</b>	<b>Bold</b> text indicates method or function names.
<i>Italics</i>	<i>Italic</i> text indicates method or function arguments, file names in syntax descriptions, and book titles. It is also used when introducing a new term.
<>	Angle brackets enclose a part of a file path or URL address that may vary from user to user (for example, < <b>MyProduct installation folder</b> >\bin).
Arial	The Arial font is used for examples and text that is to be typed literally.
<b>Arial bold</b>	The <b>Arial bold</b> font is used in syntax descriptions for text that should be typed literally.
SMALL CAPS	The SMALL CAPS font indicates keyboard keys.
...	In a line of syntax, an ellipsis indicates that more items of the same format may be included. In a programming example, an ellipsis is used to indicate lines of a program that were intentionally omitted.
[ ]	Square brackets enclose optional arguments.
	A vertical bar indicates that one of the options separated by the bar should be selected.

Welcome

# 1

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## Introduction

The scripts you create with WinRunner are written in TSL (Test Script Language). TSL is an enhanced, C-like programming language designed for testing. TSL is a high-level language that combines the power and flexibility of conventional programming languages with functions specifically developed for use with WinRunner. This enables you to modify recorded material or to program sophisticated test suites.

This reference manual is intended to help you read, edit, and write TSL scripts. It contains a description of the programming language capabilities of TSL and a list of TSL functions.

This chapter provides overviews about:

- Function Types
- Analog Functions
- Context Sensitive Functions
- Customization Functions
- Standard Functions

## Function Types

There are four types of TSL functions. Each type of function addresses a different requirement.

Function Type	Requirement
<b>Analog</b>	perform mouse and keyboard input
<b>Context Sensitive</b>	perform operations on GUI objects
<b>Customization</b>	configure the testing tool according to your requirements
<b>Standard</b>	perform basic programming language operations

The functions that are available depend on which testing product you are using.

- ▶ **WinRunner:** If you work with WinRunner, you can use functions from all of the categories. Some functions are supported only when working with applications developed in a specific environment such as PowerBuilder or Visual Basic. To check the availability of a specific function, click the Availability button at the top of the Help screen for that function.
- ▶ **LoadRunner GUI Vusers on PC platforms:** This type of GUI Vuser uses WinRunner to create system load. For this reason, you can use functions from any of the categories. You can also use the LoadRunner functions described in the “Using Functional Testing Scripts in LoadRunner” chapter of the *Mercury LoadRunner Controller User's Guide*.
- ▶ **LoadRunner Scenarios:** In LoadRunner scenario scripts (UNIX only), you can use standard functions in addition to the LoadRunner functions described in the *Mercury LoadRunner Controller User's Guide*.

## Analog Functions

*Analog functions* record and execute operations at specified screen coordinates. When you record in Analog mode, these functions are used to depict mouse clicks, keyboard input, and the exact coordinates traveled by the mouse. When you run a test, Analog functions retrace the mouse tracks and exactly resubmit the input you recorded. Analog functions also support different test operations such as synchronization, verification, and text manipulation.

Analog functions are available for:

- WinRunner
- LoadRunner GUI Vusers on PC Platforms

### Coordinate and Numbering Conventions

Many of the Analog functions refer to screen coordinates. In the system of coordinates used by Mercury's products, the origin (0,0 coordinate) is located in the upper left corner of the screen. The maximum value of  $x$  is the width of the screen, in pixels, minus one. The maximum value of  $y$  is the height of the screen, in pixels, minus one.

## Context Sensitive Functions

*Context Sensitive functions* depict actions on the application under test in terms of GUI objects (such as windows, lists, and buttons), ignoring the physical location of an object on the screen. In Context Sensitive mode, each time you record an operation on the application under test (AUT), a TSL statement is generated in the test script which describes the object selected and the action performed.

Context Sensitive functions are available for:

- WinRunner
- LoadRunner GUI Vusers on PC Platforms

## Context Sensitive Object Naming Conventions

Most Context Sensitive functions include parameters which refer to an object's logical name.

Note that you can replace the logical name of the object with the physical description. During recording, the logical name is automatically used by the system. However, the function will also work with the physical description of the object.

For example, the syntax of **button\_press** function is:

```
button_press ( button [, mouse_button ] );
```

The *button* parameter may be the logical name of the button—for example:

```
button_press("OK");
```

But it can also be the physical description—for instance:

```
button_press("{class:push_button, label:\\"OK\\"}");
```

## Numbering Conventions

Numbering for most Context Sensitive functions starts from 0. For example, the function **list\_get\_item** returns 0 for the first item of the given list.

Position coordinates for the “edit” Context Sensitive functions, such as **edit\_get\_info**, are denoted by row and column. The first row is numbered “0.” Columns are denoted by insertion position, not by character index. In other words, the position before the first character in any line is “0”, the position between the first and second characters is “1”, and so on.



## Customization Functions

*Customization functions* allow you to enhance your testing tool so that it better supports your specific needs. For example, you can add functions to the Function Generator, or create custom GUI checkpoints.

Customization functions are available for WinRunner.

## Standard Functions

*Standard functions* include the general elements of a programming language, such as basic input and output, control-flow, mathematical, and array functions. By combining these elements with Analog and Context Sensitive functions, you can transform a simple test into an advanced testing program.



# 2

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## Language

This chapter describes the basic elements of the TSL programming language, including:

- Variables and Constants
- Operators and Expressions
- Statements
- Control Flow
- Arrays
- Input-Output
- Built-in Functions
- User-Defined Functions
- External Function Declarations

### Variables and Constants

Variables and constants may be either strings or numbers. Declaration is optional; if variables are not declared, their type is determined at run time according to their context.

Variable names can include English-language letters (a-z and A-Z), digits, and underscores (`_`). The first character must be a letter or an underscore. TSL is case-sensitive; `y` and `Y` are therefore two different characters. Note that names of built-in functions and keywords (such as `if`, `while`, `switch`) cannot be used as variable names.

## Types of Variables and Constants

TSL supports two types of constants and variables: *numbers* and *strings*. Numbers may be either integer or floating point, and exponential notation is also acceptable. For example, `-17`, `.05`, `-3e2`, and `3E-2` are all legal values.

Strings consist of a sequence of zero or more characters enclosed within double quotes. When a backslash (`\`) or double-quote (`"`) character appears within a string, it must be preceded by a backslash. Special characters can be incorporated in a string using the appropriate representation:

backspace	<code>\b</code>	vertical tab	<code>\v</code>
carriage return	<code>\r</code>	newline	<code>\n</code>
formfeed	<code>\f</code>	octal number	<code>\ooo</code>
horizontal	<code>\t</code>		

In the case of octal numbers, the zeroes represent the ASCII code of a character. For example, `"\126"` is equivalent to the letter `"v."`

For example, to represent the string `"The values are: 12 14 16"`, type:

```
"\The values are:\t12\t14\t16\"
```

At a given moment, the value of a constant or variable can be either a string or a number. The TSL interpreter determines the type according to the operation performed. For example:

```
x = 123;
s = x & "Hello";
y = x + 1;
```

Variable `x` is assigned the value `123`. In the second statement, because the operation is concatenation (`&`), `x` is treated as a string. The interpreted value of `s` is therefore `123Hello`. In the third line, because the operation is addition, `x` is treated as a number. Variable `y` is therefore assigned the value `124`.

In the case of an expression where a mathematical operation is performed on a string, such as:

```
"6RED87" + 0
```

the numeric value of the string is the first part of the string that can be evaluated to a number. Here, the numeric value of the expression is 6.

Since relational operators are valid for both strings and numbers, a numeric comparison is always performed if both operands can be evaluated to a number. For instance, in the relational expression below:

```
"0.01" == "1e-2"
```

although both constants are written like strings (enclosed within quotation marks), both expressions are also valid numbers so a numeric comparison is performed. But in the next expression:

```
"0.01" == "1f-2"
```

the second expression is not a number, so a string comparison is performed.

## Undeclared Variables

If a variable is not declared, it is created implicitly when it is assigned or used in an expression. If a variable is not initialized, it is given the string value "" (null) at run time.

All undeclared variables are global, unless they are on the formal Parameter List of a called test. For more information on parameters, see the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

## Variable Declarations

Note that while constant and variable declarations are optional in tests, they are required in user-defined functions. Variable declarations have the following syntax:

```
class variable [ = init_expression ];
```

The *init\_expression* assigned to a declared variable can be any valid expression. If an *init\_expression* is not set, the variable is assigned an empty string. The variable *class* can be any one of the following:

- ▶ **auto**. An auto variable can only be declared within a function and is local to that function. It exists only while the function is running. A new copy of the variable is created each time the function is called.
- ▶ **static**. A static variable is local to the function, test, or compiled module in which it is declared. The variable retains its value until the test is terminated by a Stop command.
- ▶ **public**. A public variable can only be declared within a test or module, and is available for all functions, tests, and compiled modules.
- ▶ **extern**. An extern declaration indicates a reference to a public variable declared outside of the current test or module.

With the exception of the auto variable, all variables continue to exist until the Stop command is executed. For example, the statement:

```
static a=175, b=get_time( ), c = 2.235;
```

defines three variables (a, b, and c), and assigns each an initial value. This value is retained between invocations of the test. The following script segment demonstrates how a static variable can be used so that a message is printed only the first time that the test, T\_2, is called.

```
static first = 1;
    pause ("first = " & first);
    if (first == 1)
    {
        first = 0;
        report_msg ("Test T_2 was called.");
    }
```

The following table summarizes the scope, lifetime, and location of the variable declarations for each class:

Declaration	Scope	Lifetime	Declare the variable in...
<b>auto</b>	local	end of function	function
<b>static</b>	local	until stop	function, test, or module
<b>public</b>	global	until stop	test or module
<b>extern</b>	global	until stop	function, test, or module

## Constant Declarations

The **const** specifier indicates that the declared value cannot be modified. The syntax of this declaration is:

```
[ class ] const name [ = expression ];
```

The *class* of a constant may be either **public** or **static**. (If no class is explicitly declared, the constant is assigned the default class **public**.) Once a constant is defined, it remains in existence until the **Stop** command is executed.

For example, defining the constant `TMP_DIR` using the declaration:

```
const TMP_DIR = "/tmp";
```

means that the assigned value `/tmp` cannot be modified. (This value can be changed only by explicitly making a new constant declaration for `TMP_DIR`.)

## Operators and Expressions

TSL supports six types of operators: arithmetical, concatenation, relational, logical, conditional, and assignment. Operators are used to create expressions by combining basic elements. In TSL, expressions can consist of constants, variables, function calls, and other expressions.

## Arithmetical Operators

TSL supports the following arithmetical operators:

+	addition
-	subtraction (unary)
-	subtraction (binary)
*	multiplication
/	division
%	modulus
^ or **	exponent
++	increment (adds 1 to its operand - unary operator)
--	decrement (subtracts 1 from its operand - unary operator)

The result of the modulus operation is assigned the sign of the dividend. For example:

```
7 % -4 = 3
-4.5 % 4 = -0.5
```

The increment and decrement operators may be placed before the variable ( $++n$ ), or after ( $n++$ ). As a result, the variable is incremented either before or after the value is used. For example:

```
i = 5;
j = i++;
k = ++i;
print(i & j & k);
```

prints the values 7, 5, 7. Note that the increment and decrement operators may be applied only to variables, and not to expressions, such as  $(a + b)$ .



## Concatenation Operator

The ampersand (&) character is used to concatenate strings. For example, the statement:

```
x = "ab" & "cd";
```

assigns the string value *abcd* to variable *x*.

## Relational Operators

The relational operators used in TSL are:

>	greater than
>=	greater than or equal to
<	less than
<=	less than or equal to
==	equal to
!=	not equal to

Relational expressions are evaluated to the value 1 if true, and 0 if false. When the value of an expression is null or zero, it is considered false. All other values are considered true.

Strings are compared character by character according to their ASCII value. Letter strings are evaluated in terms of alphabetical order; the string which comes first alphabetically is considered smaller. For instance, "galactic" < "galaxy".

## Logical Operators

Logical operators are used to create logical expressions by combining two or more basic expressions. TSL supports the following logical operators:

&&	and
	or
!	not (unary)

Logical expressions are assigned the value 1 if true, and 0 if false. When the value of an expression is null or zero, it is considered false. All other values are considered true. Logical expressions are evaluated from left to right, and as soon as the value of an expression is determined, interpretation stops. For example, in the expression:

```
(g != 0) && (d/g > 17)
```

if the first expression is false, then the second expression is not evaluated.

## Conditional Operator

The conditional operator is the ? (question mark) character. Conditional expressions have the format:

```
expression1 ? expression2 : expression3
```

*expression1* is evaluated first; if it is true, *expression2* is evaluated and becomes the value of the expression. If *expression1* is false (zero or null), then *expression3* is executed and becomes the value of the expression. In the following statement,

```
(g != 0) ? 17 : 18;
```

if the first expression is true (*g* is not equal to zero), then the value of the conditional expression is 17. If the first expression is false, then the value of the conditional expression is 18.

For more information, see “Control Flow” on page 27.

## Assignment Operators

Assignment operators are used to assign values to variables and arrays. All of the binary arithmetical operators have corresponding assignment operators:

Operator	Example	Meaning
=	a = b	assign the value of <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>
+ =	a += b	assign the value of <i>a</i> plus <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>
- =	a -= b	assign the value of <i>a</i> minus <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>
* =	a *= b	assign the value of <i>a</i> times <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>
/ =	a /= b	assign the value of <i>a</i> divided by <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>
% =	a %= b	assign the value of <i>a</i> modulo <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>
^= or **=	a ^ = b	assign the value of <i>a</i> to the power of <i>b</i> to <i>a</i>

For example, in the following segment of a test script:

```
for (i=0; i<200; i+=20)
    move_locator_abs(i,i);
```

the value of *i* is incremented by 20 after each repetition of the loop. The mouse pointer is then moved to the new position defined by *i*. For more information about for loops see “Control Flow” on page 27.

## Precedence and Associativity of Operators

The rules of precedence and associativity determine the order in which operations are performed when more than one operator appears in an expression. Operators with higher precedence are interpreted before operators with lower precedence. For example, multiplication is performed before addition.

When more than one operator of the same level of precedence appears in an expression, the associativity indicates the order in which they are interpreted. For example, in the following expression:

$x / 2 + i - q$

division is performed first. Addition is performed before subtraction because the associativity of these operators, which have the same level of precedence, is left to right.

The following table lists the precedence, in descending order, and the associativity of operators:

<b>Operator (in order of precedence)</b>	<b>Associativity</b>
( ) (parentheses)	none
++ --	none
^ **	right to left
! - + (unary)	none
* / %	left to right
+ - (binary)	left to right
&	left to right
< <= > >= == !=	none
in (array operator)	none
&&	left to right
	left to right
?	right to left
= += -= *= /= %= ^= **=	right to left

## Statements

Any expression followed by a semicolon is a statement. A statement can continue beyond one line.

In a control-flow structure, a single statement can be replaced by a group of statements, or block. Statements are grouped by enclosing them within curly brackets { }. Each individual statement within brackets is followed by a semicolon, but the brackets themselves are not. This is illustrated below:

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    st = "Iteration number " & i;
    type (st);
}
```

## Control Flow

TSL control-flow statements include:

- ▶ *if/else* and *switch* for decision-making
- ▶ *while*, *for*, and *do* for looping
- ▶ *break* and *continue* for loop modification

### If/Else Statement

TSL provides an *if/else* statement for decision-making. The *else* clause is optional. The syntax of this statement is:

```
if ( expression )
    statement1
[ else
    statement2 ]
```

The *expression* is evaluated; if the value of the *expression* is true (nonzero or non-null), *statement1* is executed; if the value is false (zero or null), and the [else *statement2*] clause is included, *statement2* is executed.

When *if* statements are nested, the TSL interpreter associates each *else* with the *if* that appears closest to it. For example, a statement such as:

```
if (b1) if (b2) s1; else s2;
```

is interpreted as follows:

```
if (b1)
{
    if (b2)
        s1;
    else
        s2;
}
```

The following example shows how to use an *if/else* statement with multiple TSL statements:

```
if ( win_exists(...) == E_OK)
{
    win_activate(...);
    set_window(...);
}
else
    invoke_application(...);
```

## Switch Statement

The *switch* statement provides the mechanism for a multi-way decision. The syntax of this structure is:

```
switch ( expression )
{
    case case_expr1:
        statement(s)
    case case_expr2:
        statement(s)
    case case_exprn:
        statement(s)
    [ default: statement(s) ]
}
```

The *switch* statement consecutively evaluates each of the enumerated case expressions (*case\_expr1*, *case\_expr2*, ..., *case\_exprn*), until one is found that equals the initial *expression*. If no case expression is equal to the specified *expression*, then the optional default statements are executed.

Note that the first time a case expression is found to be equal to the specified initial *expression*, no further case expressions are evaluated. However, all subsequent statements enumerated by these cases are executed, unless you use a *break* statement within a case to end the loop. For example:

```
switch (a)
{
    case "xyz":
        b = a & "tw";
        break;
    case "uv":
        pause ("hello");
        x = a;
        break;
    default:
        x = a;
}
```

Note that while the initial expression can be any regular expression, case expressions can only be constants or variables.

## Looping Statements

TSL provides several statements that enable looping.

```
while ( expression )
    statement
```

While the *expression* is true, the *statement* is repeatedly executed. At the start of each repetition of the loop, the *expression* is evaluated; if it is true (nonzero or non-null), the *statement* is executed, and the *expression* is re-evaluated. The loop ends when the value of the *expression* is false.

For example,

```
i = 1;
while (i < 21)
    type (i++);
```

types the value of *i* 20 times.

```
for ( [ expression1 ]; [ expression2 ]; [ expression3 ]; )
    statement
```

First, *expression1* is implemented as the starting condition. While *expression2* is true, the *statement* is executed, and *expression3* is evaluated. The loop repeats until *expression2* is found to be false. This statement is equivalent to:

```
expression1           # state initial condition
while (expression2) { # while this is true
    statement          # perform this statement and
    expression3       # evaluate this expression
}
```

For example, the *for* loop below performs the same function as the *while* loop above.

```
for (i=1; i<21; i++)
    type (i);
```



Note that if *expression2* is missing, it is always considered true, so that

```
for (i=1;i++)  
    type (i);
```

is an infinite loop.

```
do  
    statement  
while ( expression );
```

The *statement* is executed and then the *expression* is evaluated. If the *expression* is true, then the cycle is repeated. This statement differs from the *while* and *for* statements in that the *expression* is evaluated at the end.

Therefore, the loop is always executed at least once. For example, in the following statement,

```
i = 20;  
do  
    type (i++);  
while (i < 17);
```

the structure of the loop ensures that the value of *i* is typed at least once.

## Loop Modification

The following statements can be used to exit a loop or to jump to the next iteration.

### **break;**

The *break* statement causes an exit from within a loop. If loops are nested, *break* affects the innermost *for*, *while*, or *do* loop that encloses it.

For example, a *for* loop where *expression2* is undefined can be terminated using *break*, as follows:

```
for (i = 1;; i++)
{
    type (i);
    if (i > 29)
        break;
}
```

### **continue;**

The *continue* statement causes the next cycle of the loop to begin. In a *do/while* loop, execution resumes with the test expression. In a *for* loop, execution resumes with *expression3*.

For example:

```
for (i = 1; i<=300; i++)
{
    if (i % 3 != 0)
    {
        continue; # to next number
    }
    ...          # long processing
    type(i & "<kReturn>");
}
```

Here, a certain process should only be performed on every third number. Therefore, if *i* cannot be divided equally by three, execution continues with the next iteration of the loop.

## Arrays

TSL supports associative arrays. Arrays in TSL are unique in that:

- Array declaration and initialization are optional.
- Each element has a user-defined string subscript.

Rather than arrays of fixed length with numeric subscripts, TSL arrays contain an undefined number of elements, each with a user-defined string subscript.

For example, the statement

```
capitals["Ohio"] = "Columbus";
```

assigns the value "Columbus" to the element with subscript "Ohio" in the array *capitals*. If array elements are not declared, they are created the first time they are mentioned and the order of the elements in the array is not defined. Any uninitialized array element has the numeric value zero and the string value null ("").

Arrays can be used to store both numbers and strings. In the following test script, an array is used to store a series of dates and times:

```
for (i=0; i<5; i++)
{
    date = time_str();
    date_array[i] = date;
    wait(5);
}
```

Here, each array element includes the date and time of the call to the `time_str` function. The subscript of the array element is the value of *i*.

### Array Declaration

Array declaration is optional within a test but required within user-defined functions (initialization is optional). Using the following syntax, you can define the class and/or the initial expression of an array. Array size need not be defined in TSL.

```
class array_name [ ] [ =init_expression ]
```

The array *class* may be any of the classes listed under Variable Declarations. The *init* expression can take one of two formats: C language syntax, or a string subscript for each element.

An array can be initialized using the C language syntax. For example:

```
public hosts [ ] = {"lithium", "silver", "bronze"};
```

This statement creates an array with the following elements:

```
hosts[0]="lithium"  
hosts[1]="silver"  
hosts[2]="bronze"
```

Note that, as in C, arrays with the class *auto* cannot be initialized.

In addition, an array can be initialized using a string subscript for each element. The string subscript may be any legal TSL expression. Its value is evaluated during interpretation or compilation.

For example:

```
static gui_item [ ]=  
{  
    "class"="push_button",  
    "label"="OK",  
    "X_class"="XmPushButtonGadget",  
    "X"=10,  
    "Y"=60  
};
```

creates the following array elements:

```
gui_item ["class"]="push_button"  
gui_item ["label"]="OK"  
gui_item ["X_class"]="XmPushButtonGadget"  
gui_item ["X"]=10  
gui_item ["Y"]=60
```

## Array Initialization

Arrays are initialized once during a test run. The TSL interpreter maintains the original initialization values throughout the test run. If you edit an array's initialization values, the new values will not be reflected during test execution. To reset the array with new initialization values, perform one of the following:

- stop/abort the test run
- define the array elements explicitly

When you stop the test run, all of the script's variables are destroyed. The next time you execute the script, the array is initialized with the new values.

Alternatively, you can explicitly define an array's elements. When you assign a value to each array element, you ensure that the array is updated with the new values for each test run. In the following example, the regular array initialization is replaced with explicit definitions:

<b>Regular Initialization</b>	<b>Explicit Definitions</b>
<code>public array[] = {1,2,3};</code>	<code>array[0] = 1;</code> <code>array[1] = 2;</code> <code>array[2] = 3;</code>

## Multidimensional Arrays

TSL supports multidimensional arrays such as `a[i,j,k]`. Multidimensional arrays can be used like records or structures in other languages. For example, the following script uses a multidimensional array to store the date and time:

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    date=time_str();
    split(date,array," ");
    multi_array[i, "day"] = array[1];
    multi_array[i, "time"] = array[4];
    wait(5);
}
```

TSL simulates multidimensional arrays using one-dimensional arrays. The element `multi_array[i1, i2,...in]` is stored in the one-dimensional array called `multi_array`, in the element `[i1 & SUBSEP & i2 & SUBSEP... & in]`. (The variable `SUBSEP` has the initial value “\034,” but this value may be changed.)

Multidimensional arrays can also be declared and initialized, as described above. For example, a multidimensional array could be initialized as follows:

```
static rectangles [ ] =  
  {  
    {153, 212, 214, 437},  
    {72, 112, 88, 126},  
    {351, 312, 399, 356}  
  }
```

## The *in* Operator

The *in* operator is used to determine if a subscript exists in an array.

```
subscript in array;
```

returns the value 1 if the subscript exists, and 0 if it does not. It can be used in a conditional statement, like the one below which checks whether the element with the subscript *new* exists in the array *menu\_array*:

```
if ("new" in menu_array)
```

The operator *in* should be used rather than the following statement:

```
if (menu_array["new"] != "")...
```

because this statement causes the element to be created, if it does not already exist. (Recall that array elements are created the first time they are mentioned.)

The *in* operator can also be used for multidimensional arrays. The subscript of the element is enclosed in parentheses, as in the following statement:

```
if (("new.doc", 12) in multi_array)...
for ( element in array ) statement
```

causes the *element* to be set to the subscript of each element in the *array*. The statement is executed once for each element of the array, and the loop is terminated when all elements have been considered. The order in which the subscripts are read is undefined. The sample script below reads an array for which each element is a date and time string. A *for* loop is used to print to the screen each of the elements of the array.

```
for (i in date_array)
    print ("the date was " & date_array[i]);
```

## Specifying a Starting Subscript

TSL allows you to assign values to array elements starting from a specific subscript number. You specify the starting subscript in the array initialization. Remember that the array subscripts are zero-based—the first subscript number is 0.

```
abc[ ] = {starting subscript = value1, value2, value3... }
```

For example, if the array size is ten, you can assign values to the last five elements of the array:

```
public abc[ ] = {5 = 100,101,102,103,104}
```

As a result, the abc array receives the following values:

```
abc[5]=100
abc[6]=101
abc[7]=102
abc[8]=103
abc[9]=104
```

## Array Functions

TSL provides two array functions: **delete** and **split**. The **delete** function removes an element from an array; **split** splits a string into fields and stores the fields in an array. Note that since TSL arrays are associative, deleting one element does not affect any other element. For instance, if you delete the element `a[2]` from an array with three elements, `a[1]` and `a[3]` will not be affected. For details, see Chapter 7, “Alphabetical Reference.”

## Input-Output

TSL provides a number of built-in functions that allow you to read and write to files or to the screen.

For UNIX products, the **sprintf** function returns a formatted string to a variable.

For WinRunner and other PC products, use the **file\_open** function to open a file for reading and writing. The **file\_printf** function writes to a file, and **file\_getline** reads from a file. The **file\_close** function closes a file that you opened with **file\_open**.

There are three functions that generate output within the testing environment. The **report\_msg** function prints a user-defined string expression to the test run report. The **pause** function stops the test run and displays a string expression in a message box on the screen. The **email\_send\_msg** function sends an email with the contents you specify to one or more recipients.

For more information on any of the TSL built-in functions, refer to the *TSL Reference Help*.



## Built-in Functions

TSL provides numerous built-in functions that perform a range of tasks. To call a built-in function from within a test script, use the following syntax:

```
function ( [ parameters ] );
```

Many TSL functions perform operations on objects in your application. When you use these functions, one of the function parameters indicates the object on which the function should be performed. If the object is in the GUI Map, you can indicate the object by its logical name. You can also indicate objects by specifying object properties and values that describe the object. This is known as *descriptive programming*. For more information, see “Descriptive Programming” on page 40.

Most built-in functions return a value. This value can be assigned to a variable. For example:

```
x = int(12.42);
```

The **int** function returns the integer portion of a positive, real number. Here, x is equal to 12.

The return value of a built-in function can also become part of an expression. When a function returns the value 0, the value of the expression is considered false. When it returns any other value, it is considered true. For example:

```
while (getline address < "clients.doc")
    type (address "<kReturn>");
```

The **getline** function returns the value 1 if it succeeds, and 0 at the end of the file. Therefore, the *while* loop above continues until the end of the file is reached (the function returns the value 0).

For detailed information on each of the TSL functions, refer to the *TSL Reference Help*.

## Descriptive Programming

When you add an object to the GUI Map, WinRunner assigns it a logical name. You can add statements to your test that perform functions on these object. To add these statements, you usually enter the logical name of the object.

For example, in the statements below, Flight Reservation is the logical name of a window, and File;Open Order is the logical name of the menu.

```
set_window ("Flight Reservation", 5);  
menu_select_item ("File;Open Order...");
```

You can also add statements to perform functions on objects without referring to the GUI Map. To do this, you need to enter more information in the description of the object in order to uniquely describe the object so that WinRunner can identify the object during the test run. This is known as *descriptive programming*.

For example, suppose you recorded a purchase order in a flight reservation application. Then, after you created your test, an additional radio button group was added to the purchase order. Rather than recording a new step in your existing test in order to add to the object to the GUI Map, you can add a statement to the script that describes the radio button you want to select, and sets the radio button state to ON.

You describe the object by defining the object class, the MSW\_class, and as many additional property:value pairs as necessary to uniquely identify the object.

The general syntax is:

```
function_name ("{ class: class_value , MSW_class: MSW_value , property3:  
value , ... , propertyX: value }" , other_function_parameters ) ;
```

*function\_name*: The function you want to perform on the object.

*property:value*: The object property and its value. Each property:value pair should be separated by commas.

*other\_function\_parameters*: You enter other required or optional function parameters in the statement just as you would when using the logical name for the object parameter.

The entire object description should be surrounded by curly brackets and quotes: "{description}".

If you are not sure which properties and values you can use to identify an object, use the GUI Spy to view the current properties and values of the object.

---

**Note:** You can also use the Attribute/<prop\_name> notation to describe Internet Explorer objects according to their internal properties. For more information, see “Attribute/<prop\_name> Notation” on page 42.

---

The statement below uses descriptive programming to perform a `button_set` function on a radio button, to select a business class airline seat. When the test runs, WinRunner finds the radio button object with matching property values and selects it".

```
set_window ("Flight Reservation", 3);  
button_set ("{class: radio_button, MSW_class: Button, label: Business}", ON);
```

## Attribute/<prop\_name> Notation

You can use the attribute/<prop\_name> notation to identify Web objects in Internet Explorer according to its internal properties.

For example, suppose a Web page has the same company logo image in two places on the page:

```
<IMG src="logo.gif" LogoID="122">  
<IMG src="logo.gif" LogoID="123">
```

You could identify the image that you want to click using descriptive programming by including the user-defined LogoID property in the object description as follows:

```
web_image_click("{class: object, MSW_class: html_rect, logoid: 123}" , 164 ,  
253 )
```

## User-Defined Functions

In addition to the built-in functions it offers, TSL allows you to design and implement your own functions in test scripts. A user-defined function has the following structure:

```
[class] function name ( [mode] parameter... )  
{  
  declarations;  
  statements;  
}
```

### Class

The class of a function may be either public or static. If no class is explicitly declared, the function is assigned the default class public. A public function is available to all tests; a static function is available only to the test or compiled module within which the function was defined.

## Parameters

Function parameters can be of mode *in*, *out*, or *inout*. For all non-array parameters, the default mode is *in*. The significance of each parameter type is as follows:

**in.** A parameter which is assigned a value from outside the function.

**out.** A parameter which passes a value from inside the function.

**inout.** A parameter which can be assigned a value from outside the function as well as pass on a value to the outside.

A parameter designated as *out* or *inout* must be a variable name, not an expression. Only a variable can be assigned a value in a function call, not an expression. For example, consider a function defined in the following manner:

```
function my_func (out p) {... }
```

Proper usage of the function call is: `my_func (var_1)`; Illegal usage of the function call is: `my_func (arr[i] )`; `my_func (a+b)`; because `arr[i]` and `a+b` are expressions.

Array parameters are designated by square brackets. For example, the following parameter list indicates that parameter *a* is an array:

```
function my_func (a[], b, c)
{
...
}
```

Array parameters can be either *out* or *inout*. If no class is specified, the default *inout* is assumed.

While variables used within a function must be explicitly declared, this is not the case for parameters.

## Declarations

Variables used by a function must be declared. The declaration for such a variable can be within the function itself, or anywhere else within the test or module. For syntax, see “Variable Declarations” on page 20 in this chapter.

## Return Statement

Any valid statement used within a TSL test script can be used within a function. In addition, the *return* statement is used exclusively in functions.

```
return [ expression ];
```

This statement halts execution of the called function and passes control back to the calling function or test. It also returns the value of the evaluated expression to the calling function or test. (If no expression is attached to the return statement, an empty string is returned.) For additional information on functions, refer to the *TSL Reference Help*.

## External Function Declarations

The **extern** function declaration is used to declare functions that are not part of TSL, but reside in external C libraries. For more information on using C functions stored in external dlls, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

The extern declaration must appear before the function can be called. The syntax of the extern function declaration is:

```
extern type function_name ( param1, param2,...);
```

The *type* refers to the return value of the function. Type can be one of the following:

- *char* (signed and unsigned)*float*
- *short* (signed and unsigned)*double*
- *int* (signed and unsigned)*string* (equivalent to C char\*)
- *long* (signed and unsigned)

Each parameter must include the following information:

*[mode] type [name] [< size >]*

<i>mode</i>	The <i>mode</i> can be <i>in</i> , <i>out</i> , or <i>inout</i> . The default is <i>in</i> . Note that these values must appear in lower case.
<i>type</i>	The <i>type</i> can be any of the values listed above.
<i>name</i>	An optional <i>name</i> can be assigned to the parameter to improve readability.
<i>size</i>	This information is required only for an <i>out</i> or <i>inout</i> parameter of type <i>string</i> . (See below.)

For example, to declare a function named `set_clock` that sets the time in a clock application, you write the following:

```
extern int set_clock ( string name, int time );
```

The `set_clock` function accepts two parameters. Since they are both input parameters, no mode is specified. The first parameter, a string, is the name of the clock window. The second parameter specifies the time to be set on the clock. The function returns an integer that indicates whether the operation was successful.

Once the extern declaration is interpreted, you can call the `set_clock` function the same way you call a TSL built-in function:

```
result = set_clock ( "clock v. 3.0", 3 );
```

If an extern declaration includes an *out* or *inout* parameter of type *string*, you must budget the maximum possible string size by specifying an integer *size* after the parameter *type* or (optional) *name*. For example, the statement below declares the function `get_clock_string`. It returns the time displayed in a clock application as a string value in the format “The time is...”

```
extern int get_clock_string ( string clock, out string time <20> );
```

The *size* should be large enough to avoid an overflow. If no value is specified for *size*, the default is 127. There is no maximum size.

TSL identifies the function in your C code by its name only. You must pass the correct parameter information from TSL to the C function. TSL does not check parameters: if the information is incorrect, the operation fails.

In addition, your C function must adhere to the following conventions:

- ▶ Any parameter designated as a *string* in TSL must be associated with a parameter of type *char\** in C.
- ▶ Any parameter of mode *out* or *inout* in TSL must be associated with a pointer in C. For instance, a parameter *out int* in TSL must be associated with a parameter *int\** in the C function.
- ▶ For WinRunner, the external function must observe the standard Pascal calling convention *export far Pascal*.

For example, the following declaration in TSL:

```
extern int set_clock (string name, inout int time);
```

must appear as follows in C:

```
int _far _pascal _export [_loads] set_clock (  
    char* name,  
    int* time  
)
```



# 3

---

## Guidelines for Working with TSL

This chapter provides guidelines to assist you in creating intuitive and readable test scripts and libraries. There are several advantages to using these guidelines:

- ▶ Uniformity—Shorter learning curve for new test engineers.
- ▶ Clarity—Scripts and functions are easier to read, maintain, and debug.
- ▶ Customer Support—Mercury Customer Support engineers can easily understand scripts, which results in faster support.

The following guidelines are offered as suggestions. There is an infinite number of styles for creating a test. If you are partial to another style, use the style with which you are most comfortable.

This chapter provides guidelines for working with TSL in the following areas:

- ▶ Test Scripts
- ▶ Flow Control
- ▶ Return Values
- ▶ Path Names
- ▶ tl\_step Function
- ▶ GUI Map
- ▶ Libraries and Functions

## Test Scripts

Your WinRunner test scripts can comprise some or all of the elements described in this section.

### Test Header

The test header is actually a series of comments enclosed by comment symbol (#) characters and generally contains the following information about the test:

- ▶ Test Name
- ▶ Subject
- ▶ Test Creator
- ▶ Date of creation/Date of revision
- ▶ Purpose of the test
- ▶ Vital information (for example, initial conditions, variable information, state of AUT, and so on.)

The following is an example of a test header:

```
#####  
# TEST NAME: Open Order  
# DATE: 12/12/95  
# DATE OF LAST REVISION: 2/14/96  
# CREATED BY: John Smith  
#  
# PURPOSE: Verify that the correct orders are retrieved from the database  
# INITIAL STATE: Application's main window is open, all others are closed.  
# PARAMETERS: None  
#####
```

## Constant Declaration

Constants (const) should be defined at the top of the test. When defining a constant in a particular test, the syntax is as follows:

```
static const <CONST_NAME> = <const_value>;
```

Constant name should be in capital letters and underscores; spaces are not allowed. For example:

```
static const NUMBER_OF_FILES = 3;  
static const PATH_OF_FILES = "C:\\TESTS\\FILES";
```

You should not define a constant as public in a test, since a constant defined in one test might subsequently be used in another test as a different value. A constant declared as public should be defined in a library or an initialization test, where it can be used by all tests within a testing session or batch run.

## Variable Declaration

Variables used in a test should be declared below the constant declarations and test header. Because TSL is an interpretive language, variables are automatically defined when they are assigned. Therefore, variable declaration should be used for the purpose of holding information that the tester might have to change in order to ensure a successful test run.

When defining a variable, the syntax is as follows:

```
[static/public] <variable_name> = [<variable_value>;
```

Variable names can include letters, underscores, and digits. For example:

```
public my_first_variable = 7;  
public MyFirstVariable;  
static myFirstVariable = "Hello World!";
```

You should not mix underscores and upper case letters.

There are two ways to initialize a variable:

- `[static/public] x = 1;`
- `[static/public] x;`  
`x = 1;`

Functionally, the two choices are the same. The difference is that the variable `x` cannot be reinitialized by the technique in example 1 (all on one line). To ensure that a variable can be reinitialized, use the technique in example 2.

For example:

Test A:

```
public x = 1;  
x = 5 + y;
```

...

Test B:

```
call A();  
call A();
```

When you run test B, the second call to test A will not reinitialize `x`. Use the technique in example 2.

Note the way that the test initializes variables. In a batch run, separate tests might have the same variable names. It is important to ensure that they are reinitialized for each test; otherwise a test might not replay correctly.

## Array Declaration

Array declarations should occur with variable declarations. Because TSL is an interpretive language, array declaration is optional. Arrays should be declared when they store information that the tester might change from one test run to another.

When declaring a standard array whose indices are: 0,1,2...,n; the syntax is as follows:

```
[static/public] <array_name> [0]= <value_0>;
<array_name>[1] = <value_1>;
...
<array_name>[n] = <value_n>;
```

For example:

```
public capital[0] = "Sacramento";
capital[1] = "Austin";
capital[2] = "Albany";
```

Declaring associative arrays follows the same syntax:

```
[static/public] <array_name>["string_1"] = <value_1>;
...
<array_name>["string_n"] = <value_2>;
```

For example:

```
public capital["California"] = "Sacramento";
capital["Texas"] = "Austin";
capital["New York"] = "Albany";
```

## User-Defined Function Definitions

User-defined functions should be defined after the variable declarations. Functions should be declared as static. They can be accessed only by the test in which they reside. Functions declared as public should be placed in a function library. For further information, see “Libraries and Functions” on page 59.

## Comments

Comments are essential for clear and intuitive test scripts. A number sign (#) indicates that all text from this point to the end of the line is a comment. Comments can appear within statements that extend beyond one line, or can stand alone on a line of test script. They should always begin in the same column as the lines of the script on which they are commenting. When you run a test, the TSL interpreter does not process comments. For example:

```
# Type the date
i=1
while (i<=31)# number of days in month
    type ("The date is January " & i++ & ", 1994");
```

Note that a number sign (#) that appears within a string constant is not considered a comment; for instance, `a="#3"`.

---

**Note:** When working with scripted components for Business Process Testing, you can add special comments using the `##` format. These comments are displayed in read-only format when you view the component in Quality Center. Regular comments beginning only with `#` are not displayed in the component view in Quality Center. For more information on working with scripted components and Business Process Testing, refer to the “Working with Business Process Testing” chapter in the *WinRunner User’s Guide* and to the *Business Process Testing User’s Guide*.

---

## Flow Control

Flow control statements should be indented one tab length for easier readability.

### If / Else

TSL provides an *if/else* statement for decision-making. The *else* clause is optional.

The syntax is as follows:

```
if (<condition>
{
    statement_1;
    ...
    statement_n;
}
else
{
    statement_1;
    ...
    statement_n;
}
```

### For Loops

*For* loop syntax is as follows:

```
for (<initial condition>; <end condition>, <index increment/decrement>)
{
    statement_1;
    statement_n;
}
```

## While Loops

*While* loop syntax is as follows:

```
while (<condition>)  
{  
  statement_1;  
  ...  
  statement_n;  
}
```

## Do Loops

*Do* loop is executed at least once. Syntax is as follows:

```
do  
{  
  statement_1;  
  ...  
  statement_n;  
}  
while (<condition>)
```

## Return Values

Every TSL statement generates a *return value*. Return values can contain error codes or other special values that are returned by specific functions.

### Error Codes

Statements within a test script can be checked for specific error codes to indicate whether the statements were executed successfully. You can branch your test according to the return value.

When checking return values, you should use the name instead of the numeric value.



The following bits of script all have the same functionality:

- ```
a) if (win_exists ("Window_Name") == 0)
    {
        set_window ("Window_Name");
        ...
    }

b) if (!win_exists ("Window_Name"))
    {
        set_window ("Window_Name");
        ...
    }

c) if (win_exists ("Window_Name") == E_OK)
    {
        set_window ("Window_Name");
        ...
    }
```

The **win\_exists()** statement returns the value 0 when executed successfully. For readability purposes, example c is recommended. The return value checked is the constant **E\_OK**, whose value is equal to 0.

There is a complete list of generated error code return values in Chapter 6, "Return Values." In addition, TSL enables you to create your own error codes. Use the following conventions:

- Error codes should be in capital letters.
- Error codes should begin with the letter "E" followed by an underscore (for example, E\_MY\_ERROR).
- Error code numbers should include a dash "-" followed by a five digit value (for example, -31001).
- Error codes should be defined as public in a library or initialization test (for example, **public** const E\_MY\_ERROR = -31001).

## Return Codes

The variable `rc` is used for checking return codes from a TSL statement. For example:

```
rc = activate_window ("Window Name");  
if (rc!= E_OK)  
report_message ("Could not activate Window Name");
```

The above example verifies that the `activate_window()` function is successful by checking the return code. The return value is `E_OK`.

## Path Names

The rule regarding path names is simple: do not use absolute (hardcoded) path names. Because pathnames are so dynamic, you should always to use variables that hold the name of the path in a test script. For example, the line:

```
GUI_load ("c:\\files\\my_file.gui");
```

should be replaced with:

```
path = "c:\\files\\";  
GUI_load (path & "my_file.gui");
```

In the case where path names are not parameters, substituting a variable involves a bit more work. For example:

```
call "c:\\tests\\my_test" ();
```

contains a path name that is not a parameter. To replace a hardcoded path name with variables, an *eval* statement must be used. For example:

```
pathname = "\\c:\\\\tmp\\";  
eval ("call " & pathname & "my_test\" ();");
```

## tl\_step Function

The **tl\_step** is an extremely useful function for two reasons:

- ▶ It enables you to enhance a test report by naming a step, giving it a *pass* or *fail* status. It provides additional information as to why a step passed or failed.
- ▶ It can give the entire test a *fail* status without the use of *check\_gui* or *check\_window*.

You should use the **tl\_step** function after every verification point in a test script. In addition, a test that contains a **tl\_step** can be imported into the Quality Center test set immediately.

The recommended construction of a **tl\_step** statement is as follows:

```
rc = check_gui (5, "Open Order", "list1.ckl", "gui_1");
#verification point
if (rc != E_OK)
    {
        tl_step ("Init state", 1, "Initial state of Open Order window was incorrect");
    }
else
    {
        tl_step ("Init state", 0, "Initial state of Open Order window was correct");
    }
```

In the above example, the **tl\_step** statement is used twice: once for failure, and once for success. You should use this construction for readable and informative test reports.

## GUI Map

A script generated by WinRunner in Context Sensitive mode is relatively intuitive. However, you can make the test even more intuitive using your GUI map.

You can modify the logical names for objects, as they appear in a test script, for further clarity. For instance, when recording a script in WinRunner, a statement such as the following might be generated:

```
button_press ("ThunderSSCommand_0");
```

You can modify the statement as follows:

```
button_press ("NewOrder");
```

Now you can see what button was pushed after that statement was executed. This new logical name is much more readable and intuitive. To ensure that a readable and logical name is recorded in your script, remember to create the GUI map before recording. Modify logical names as you proceed, wherever necessary.

Note that creating and editing the GUI map before any script has been created will save you having to modify an existing script.

## Libraries and Functions

A library is a test consisting of constant declarations and user-defined function declarations. Once the test is completed, it is converted into a module where it can be compiled and loaded into memory, allowing all tests public access to the declarations and functions inside.

### Library Header

The format for the header is much like the header for a test script. It is enclosed by the # symbol and contains the following information:

- Library Name
- List of functions

For example:

```
#####
# COMPILED MODULE: flt_lib
#
# FUNCTION:
# -STATIC
# - get_flight_from_table()
# - set_table_fields ()
# - set_working_dir ()
#
# -PUBLIC
# - open_order ()
# - delete_order ()
# - insert_order ()
#####
```

## Constants

Constants declarations should follow the Library Header. Constants should always be declared as public when defined in a library. For example:

```
public const <CONST_NAME> = <const_value>;
```

Constants declared as public can be used by any test.

## Function Header

The function header is placed above a user defined function. Like the Test Header, the function header is enclosed by the # symbol and stores information about the function:

- Function Name
- Description or purpose of the function
- Input parameters
- Output parameters
- Return Values

For example:

```
#####  
# FUNCTION: get_flight_from_table  
# PURPOSE: This function is static only to this file. It selects a flight from the  
# flight table using a given flight number. Also uses split() function to access the  
# flight number from the table.  
#  
# INPUT PARAMS: flight_num The flight number to be selected.  
# OUTPUT PARAMS: none  
# RETURN VALUES: Standard return values.  
#####  
  
static function get_flight_from_table (in flight_num){...
```

## User-Defined Functions

The user-defined function follows immediately after the function header. When declaring a function, the function starts with the function heading. The function heading has the following format:

```
[class] function <function_name> ([mode] <parameter_list>)
```

A function can be one of two classes:

- ▶ *Static* - Available only to the current module; not accessible outside the module. A function should be declared as static if it is used only by other functions *within* the library.
- ▶ *Public* (default) - Available to all tests and functions *outside* the library. Most functions in a library are declared as public.

The class of the function is followed by the reserved word *function* followed by the function name.

The name of the function should be intuitively meaningful, such as "insert\_order". The first character of a function name can be a letter or an underscore.

A parameter can be one of three modes:

- ▶ **In.** (Default) Assigned a value from *outside* the function.
- ▶ **Out.** Assigned a value from *inside* the function.
- ▶ **Inout.** Can be assigned a value from outside the function *and* pass a value to the outside.

Array parameters are designated by square brackets and can be declared only as out or inout (the default).

The function body follows the function heading as follows:

```
[class] function <function_name> ([mode] <parameter_list>
{
    declarations;
    statement_1;
    statement_n;
}
```

The function body is enclosed by curly brackets. The open curly bracket ( { ) is aligned with the first column of the heading. The close curly bracket ( } ) is aligned in the same column as the open curly bracket.

In test scripts, variable declaration is optional (see “Variable Declaration” on page 49). In functions, however, variables, constants, and arrays all must be declared. A variable can be one of two types:

- ▶ *Static* - Limited in scope to the function, test, or module within which it is running.
- ▶ *Auto* (default) - Short for "automatic" (a C language convention). When in doubt, declare the variable as *auto*. Once a variable is declared as *auto*, it is local in scope and exists only for the duration of the function's execution.

For example:

```
public function issue_report_line (in line_to_print)
{
    static internal_line_count;
    auto tmp_line;
    tmp_line = internal_line_count & ":" line_to_print;
    report_msg (line_to_print);
    internal_line_count++;
}
```

Note that the variable *internal\_line\_count* retains its value even after control is passed from the function body. It holds the value representing the number of lines reported throughout the test run. It will retain its value as long as the function remains in memory. However, the value of *tmp\_line* will be redefined every time *issue\_report\_line* is called, losing its value from the last call.

The statements in a user-defined function follow the declarations in the function body. A statement can be any valid TSL statement. Statements should be indented one tab length for better readability.



All functions should return a standard return value such as `E_OK` or `E_GENERAL_ERROR`. To return error codes, use the **return** statement. It returns a value and passes control back to the calling test or function. For example:

```
public function open_order (in OrderNum)
{
    set_window ("Open Order");
    button_set ("Order Num:", ON);
    edit_set ("Order Num:", OrderNum);
    button_press ("OK");
    if (win_exists ("Flight Reservation System") == E_OK)
    {
        set_window ("Flight Reservation System");
        button_press ("OK");
        return (E_COULD_NOT_OPEN);
    }
    # end if
    else
    return (E_OK);
    # Function executed successfully
}
```

Note that the function *open\_order* returns `E_COULD_NOT_OPEN` when the order does not exist and `E_OK` when the function is executed successfully. A function should return an error code, rather than the error code's value.



# 4

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## Reserved Words

WinRunner contains reserved words. In addition to the words listed below, all TSL functions and statements are reserved words in WinRunner.

Note that you can change the color and appearance of reserved words in WinRunner's script editor. For more information, refer to the "Customizing the Test Script Editor" chapter in the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

|                       |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| auto                  | button_check_enabled  |
| button_get_value      | case                  |
| char                  | check_file            |
| check_wid             | const                 |
| continue              | default               |
| display_date_result   | display_euro_result   |
| double                | edit_check_content    |
| edit_check_format     | else                  |
| endif                 | exception_on_print    |
| exit                  | extern                |
| float                 | function              |
| get_lang              | get_obj_record_method |
| get_runner_str        | getline               |
| grab                  | gsub                  |
| GUI_buf_get_data      | GUI_buf_get_data_attr |
| GUI_buf_set_data_attr | GUI_data_get_attr     |

|                          |                            |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| GUI_data_set_attr        | GUI_list_data_attrs        |
| GUI_mark                 | GUI_point_to               |
| GUI_replay_wizard        | if                         |
| in                       | inout                      |
| input_to_description_int | list_check_multi_selection |
| list_check_row_num       | list_check_selection       |
| list_get_items_count     | list_get_multi_selected    |
| long                     | menu_get_items_count       |
| menu_verify              | move_mouse_abs             |
| move_mouse_rel           | move_window                |
| next                     | obj_check_attr             |
| obj_check_enabled        | obj_check_focused          |
| obj_check_label          | obj_check_pos              |
| obj_check_size           | obj_check_style            |
| obj_set_focus            | obj_verify                 |
| out                      | pause_test                 |
| printf                   | process_return_value       |
| prvars                   | public                     |
| quad_click               | report_event               |
| report_param_msg         | reset_filter               |
| reset_internals          | return                     |
| save_report_info         | scroll_get_value           |
| set_filter               | set_obj_record_method      |
| short                    | signed                     |
| static                   | string                     |
| sub                      | tab_get_page               |

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| tab_get_selected_page | tab_select_page      |
| tbl_get_cell_coords   | tbl_synchronize      |
| tech                  | tl_get_status        |
| tl_set_status         | tl_setvar            |
| toolbar_get_info      | toolbar_wait_info    |
| treturn               | trpl_click           |
| tsl_set_module_mark   | tsl_test_is_module   |
| ungrab                | unsigned             |
| vendor                | vuser_status_message |
| wait_stable_window    | win_check_attr       |
| win_check_label       | win_check_pos        |
| win_check_size        | win_press_cancel     |
| win_press_ok          | win_press_return     |
| win_set_focus         | win_verify           |



# 5

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## Functions by Category

This section lists all TSL functions according to the type of tasks they perform. Functions are arranged alphabetically within each category, and a very brief description of each function is included. Where appropriate, functions appear in more than one category.

There are four types of functions:

- Analog Functions
- Context Sensitive Functions
- Customization Functions
- Standard Functions

### Analog Functions

Analog functions record and run operations at specified screen coordinates. When you record in Analog mode, these functions are used to depict mouse clicks, keyboard input, and the exact coordinates traveled by the mouse. When you run a test, Analog functions retrace the mouse tracks and exactly resubmit the input you recorded. Analog functions also support test operations such as synchronization, verification, and text manipulation.

Analog functions are divided into the following categories:

- Bitmap Checkpoint Function
- Input Device Functions
- Synchronization Function
- Table Functions
- Text Checkpoint Functions

### Bitmap Checkpoint Function

| Function                  | Description                                              | See Page |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>check_window</code> | compares a bitmap of an AUT window to an expected bitmap | 174      |

### Input Device Functions

| Function                        | Description                                           | See Page |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>click</code>              | clicks a mouse button                                 | 176      |
| <code>click_on_text</code>      | clicks a mouse button on a string                     | 177      |
| <code>dbl_click</code>          | double-clicks a mouse button                          | 222      |
| <code>get_x</code>              | returns the current x-coordinate of the mouse pointer | 336      |
| <code>get_y</code>              | returns the current y-coordinate of the mouse pointer | 337      |
| <code>move_locator_abs</code>   | moves the mouse to a new absolute position            | 435      |
| <code>move_locator_rel</code>   | moves the mouse to a new relative position            | 436      |
| <code>move_locator_text</code>  | moves the mouse to a string                           | 437      |
| <code>move_locator_track</code> | moves the mouse along a prerecorded track             | 438      |
| <code>mtype</code>              | clicks one or more mouse buttons                      | 439      |
| <code>type</code>               | specifies keyboard input                              | 671      |



## Synchronization Function

| Function    | Description                                                                | See Page |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| wait_window | waits for a window bitmap to appear in order to synchronize test execution | 679      |

## Table Functions

| Function           | Description                                                     | See Page |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| tbl_click_cell     | clicks in a cell in a JFC JTable object                         | 554      |
| tbl_dbl_click_cell | double-clicks in a cell in a JFC JTable object                  | 555      |
| tbl_drag           | drags a cell to a different location within a JFC JTable object | 560      |

## Text Checkpoint Functions

| Function          | Description                 | See Page |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| click_on_text     | clicks on a string          | 177      |
| find_text         | searches for a string       | 318      |
| get_text          | reads text from the screen  | 332      |
| move_locator_text | moves the mouse to a string | 437      |

## Context Sensitive Functions

Context Sensitive functions depict actions on the application under test in terms of GUI objects, ignoring the physical location of an object on the screen. When you record in Context Sensitive mode, a TSL statement, which describes the object selected and the action performed, is generated in the test script. Context Sensitive functions are divided into the following categories:

- ActiveBar Functions
- ActiveX/Visual Basic Functions
- Bitmap Checkpoint Functions
- Button Object Functions
- Calendar Functions
- Database Functions
- Data-Driven Test Functions
- Date Operation Functions
- Delphi Functions
- Edit Object Functions
- EURO Functions
- GUI Checkpoint Functions
- GUI Map Configuration Functions
- GUI Map Editor Functions
- Icon Object Functions
- Java/Oracle Functions
- List Object Functions
- Menu Object Functions
- Object Functions
- Oracle Developer Functions
- PowerBuilder Functions

- Scroll Object Functions
- Spin Object Functions
- Static Text Object Functions
- Statusbar Functions
- Synchronization Functions
- Tab Object Functions
- Table Functions
- Terminal Emulator Functions
- Text Checkpoint Functions
- Toolbar Object Functions
- WAP Functions
- Web Functions
- Table Functions for WebTest
- Window Object Functions

### ActiveBar Functions

| Function                           | Description                                                                                                  | See Page |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>ActiveBar_combo_select_item</b> | selects an item in a ComboBox tool                                                                           | 138      |
| <b>ActiveBar_dump</b>              | stores information about ActiveBar bands and tools. This information includes captions, names, types and IDs | 139      |
| <b>ActiveBar_select_menu</b>       | selects a menu item in a toolbar                                                                             | 140      |
| <b>ActiveBar_select_tool</b>       | selects a tool in the toolbar                                                                                | 141      |

## ActiveX/Visual Basic Functions

The following functions are available only when the ActiveX or the Visual Basic Add-in is installed and loaded:

| Function                       | Description                                                                                                        | See Page |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>ActiveX_activate_method</b> | invokes an ActiveX method of an ActiveX control                                                                    | 142      |
| <b>ActiveX_get_info</b>        | returns the value of an ActiveX/Visual Basic control property                                                      | 143      |
| <b>ActiveX_set_info</b>        | sets the value of a property in an ActiveX/Visual Basic control                                                    | 145      |
| <b>optionset_select</b>        | selects one of the option buttons in the OptionSet Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Widgets control.                   | 465      |
| <b>vb_get_label_names</b>      | retrieves the names of all label controls in the given form window. The names are stored as subscripts of an array | 677      |

## Bitmap Checkpoint Functions

| Function                | Description                                            | See Page |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>obj_check_bitmap</b> | compares a current object bitmap to an expected bitmap | 441      |
| <b>win_check_bitmap</b> | compares a current window bitmap to an expected bitmap | 721      |

## Button Object Functions

| Function                        | Description                                  | See Page |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>button_check_info</code>  | checks the value of a button property        | 153      |
| <code>button_check_state</code> | checks the state of a radio or check button  | 154      |
| <code>button_get_info</code>    | returns the value of a button property       | 155      |
| <code>button_get_state</code>   | returns the state of a radio or check button | 156      |
| <code>button_press</code>       | clicks a push button                         | 157      |
| <code>button_set</code>         | sets the state of a radio or check button    | 158      |
| <code>button_wait_info</code>   | waits for the value of a button property     | 159      |

## Calendar Functions

The following functions are available for calendars included in Visual Studio Version 6 and later and in Internet Explorer Active Desktop Version 4 and later:

| Function                              | Description                                           | See Page |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>calendar_activate_date</code>   | double clicks the specified date in the calendar      | 160      |
| <code>calendar_get_selected</code>    | retrieves and counts the selected dates in a calendar | 161      |
| <code>calendar_get_status</code>      | returns the status validity of the date               | 162      |
| <code>calendar_get_valid_range</code> | returns the date range                                | 163      |
| <code>calendar_select_date</code>     | clicks the specified date in a calendar               | 164      |
| <code>calendar_select_range</code>    | clicks the specified date in a calendar               | 165      |
| <code>calendar_select_time</code>     | selects a time in the HH:MM:SS format                 | 166      |
| <code>calendar_set_status</code>      | sets the selection status to valid or invalid         | 167      |

## Database Functions

| Function                  | Description                                                                                                                                               | See Page |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>db_check</b>           | compares current database data to expected database data                                                                                                  | 211      |
| <b>db_connect</b>         | creates a new database session and establishes a connection to an ODBC database                                                                           | 212      |
| <b>db_disconnect</b>      | disconnects from the database and ends the database session                                                                                               | 213      |
| <b>db_execute_query</b>   | executes the query based on the SQL statement and creates a record set                                                                                    | 215      |
| <b>db_get_field_value</b> | returns the value of a single field in the database                                                                                                       | 216      |
| <b>db_get_headers</b>     | returns the number of column headers in a query and the content of the column headers, concatenated and delimited by tabs                                 | 217      |
| <b>db_get_last_error</b>  | returns the last error message of the last ODBC or Data Junction operation                                                                                | 218      |
| <b>db_get_row</b>         | returns the content of the row, concatenated and delimited by tabs                                                                                        | 219      |
| <b>db_record_check</b>    | compares information that appears in the application under test during a test run with the current values in the corresponding record(s) in your database | 220      |
| <b>db_write_records</b>   | writes the record set into a text file delimited by tabs                                                                                                  | 221      |

## Database Function for Working with Data Junction

| Function             | Description                                  | See Page |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>db_dj_convert</b> | runs a Data Junction export file (.djs file) | 214      |

## Data-Driven Test Functions

| Function                         | Description                                                           | See Page |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>ddt_close</code>           | closes a data table file                                              | 223      |
| <code>ddt_export</code>          | exports the information of one table file into a different table file | 225      |
| <code>ddt_get_current_row</code> | retrieves the active row in a data table                              | 226      |
| <code>ddt_get_parameters</code>  | returns a list of all the parameters in a data table                  | 227      |
| <code>ddt_get_row_count</code>   | retrieves the number of rows in a data table                          | 228      |
| <code>ddt_is_parameter</code>    | returns whether a parameter in a data table is valid                  | 229      |
| <code>ddt_next_row</code>        | changes the active row in a data table to the next row                | 230      |
| <code>ddt_open</code>            | creates or opens a data table file so that WinRunner can access it    | 231      |
| <code>ddt_report_row</code>      | reports the active row in a data table to the test results            | 232      |
| <code>ddt_save</code>            | saves the information in a data table                                 | 233      |
| <code>ddt_set_row</code>         | sets the active row in a data table                                   | 234      |
| <code>ddt_set_val</code>         | sets a value in the current row of the data table                     | 235      |
| <code>ddt_set_val_by_row</code>  | sets a value in the specified row of the data table                   | 236      |
| <code>ddt_show</code>            | shows or hides the table editor of a specified data table             | 237      |
| <code>ddt_sort</code>            | sorts the specified data table cells according to up to 3 keys.       | 238      |

| Function                  | Description                                                           | See Page |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>ddt_update_from_db</b> | imports data from a database into a data table                        | 240      |
| <b>ddt_val</b>            | returns the value of a parameter in the active row in a data table    | 241      |
| <b>ddt_val_by_row</b>     | returns the value of a parameter in the specified row in a data table | 242      |

### Date Operation Functions

| Function                                | Description                                                 | See Page |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>date_age_string</b>                  | ages date string and returns the aged date                  | 189      |
| <b>date_align_day</b>                   | ages dates to a business day or to the same day of the week | 190      |
| <b>date_calc_days_in_field</b>          | calculates the number of days between two dates             | 192      |
| <b>date_calc_days_in_string</b>         | calculates the number of days between two numeric strings   | 193      |
| <b>date_change_field_aging</b>          | overrides aging on a specified date object                  | 194      |
| <b>date_change_original_new_formats</b> | overrides automatic date recognition for a specified object | 195      |
| <b>date_disable_format</b>              | disables a date format                                      | 196      |
| <b>date_enable_format</b>               | enables a date format                                       | 197      |



| Function                             | Description                                                                                   | See Page |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>date_field_to_Julian</code>    | translates a date field to a Julian number                                                    | 198      |
| <code>date_is_field</code>           | determines whether a field contains a valid date                                              | 199      |
| <code>date_is_leap_year</code>       | determines whether a year is a leap year                                                      | 200      |
| <code>date_is_string</code>          | determines whether a numeric string contains a valid date                                     | 201      |
| <code>date_leading_zero</code>       | determines whether to add a zero before single-digit numbers when aging and translating dates | 202      |
| <code>date_month_language</code>     | sets the language used for month names                                                        | 203      |
| <code>date_set_aging</code>          | sets aging in a test script                                                                   | 204      |
| <code>date_set_run_mode</code>       | changes the Date Operations run mode in the test script                                       | 205      |
| <code>date_set_system_date</code>    | changes the system date and time                                                              | 206      |
| <code>date_set_year_limits</code>    | sets the minimum and maximum years valid for date verification and aging                      | 207      |
| <code>date_set_year_threshold</code> | sets the year threshold                                                                       | 208      |
| <code>date_string_to_Julian</code>   | translates a numeric string to a Julian number                                                | 209      |
| <code>date_type_mode</code>          | disables overriding of automatic date recognition for all date objects in a GUI application   | 210      |

## Delphi Functions

The following functions are available only when WinRunner support for Delphi is installed and loaded:

| Function                             | Description                                         | See Page |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>add_dlph_obj</code>            | adds a Delphi object                                | 148      |
| <code>dlph_edit_set</code>           | replaces the entire content of a Delphi edit object | 251      |
| <code>dlph_list_select_item</code>   | selects a Delphi list item                          | 252      |
| <code>dlph_obj_get_info</code>       | retrieves the value of a Delphi object              | 253      |
| <code>dlph_obj_set_info</code>       | sets the value of a Delphi object                   | 254      |
| <code>dlph_panel_button_press</code> | clicks a button within a Delphi panel               | 255      |

## Edit Object Functions

| Function                          | Description                                              | See Page |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>edit_activate</code>        | double-clicks an object in an Oracle or Java application | 257      |
| <code>edit_check_info</code>      | checks the value of an edit object property              | 258      |
| <code>edit_check_selection</code> | checks that a string is selected                         | 259      |
| <code>edit_check_text</code>      | checks the contents of an edit object                    | 260      |
| <code>edit_delete</code>          | deletes the contents of an edit object                   | 261      |
| <code>edit_delete_block</code>    | deletes a text block from an edit object                 | 262      |
| <code>edit_get_block</code>       | returns a block of text from an edit object              | 263      |
| <code>edit_get_info</code>        | returns the value of an edit object property             | 264      |
| <code>edit_get_row_length</code>  | returns the length of a row in an edit object            | 265      |

| Function                      | Description                                                             | See Page |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>edit_get_rows_count</b>    | returns the number of rows written in an edit object                    | 266      |
| <b>edit_get_selection</b>     | returns the selected string in an edit object                           | 267      |
| <b>edit_get_selection_pos</b> | returns the position at which the selected block starts and ends        | 268      |
| <b>edit_get_text</b>          | returns the text in an edit object                                      | 269      |
| <b>edit_insert</b>            | inserts text in an edit object                                          | 270      |
| <b>edit_insert_block</b>      | inserts text in a multi-line edit object                                | 271      |
| <b>edit_replace</b>           | replaces part of the contents of an edit object                         | 272      |
| <b>edit_replace_block</b>     | replaces a block of text in a multi-line edit object                    | 273      |
| <b>edit_set</b>               | replaces the entire contents of an edit object                          | 274      |
| <b>edit_set_focus</b>         | focuses on an object in an Oracle, Java or Oracle Developer application | 275      |
| <b>edit_set_insert_pos</b>    | places the cursor at the specified point in an edit object              | 276      |
| <b>edit_set_selection</b>     | selects text in an edit object                                          | 277      |
| <b>edit_type</b>              | types a string in an edit object                                        | 278      |
| <b>edit_wait_info</b>         | waits for the value of an edit object property                          | 279      |

## EURO Functions

The following functions are available for WinRunner EURO users only:

| Function                      | Description                                                                       | See Page |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| EURO_check_currency           | captures and compares the currencies in a window                                  | 284      |
| EURO_compare_columns          | compares two currency columns (dual display) and returns the number of mismatches | 285      |
| EURO_compare_fields           | compares two fields while converting                                              | 286      |
| EURO_compare_numbers          | compares two numbers while converting                                             | 288      |
| EURO_convert_currency         | returns the converted currency value between two currencies                       | 290      |
| EURO_override_field           | overrides the original currency in a field to a new currency                      | 292      |
| EURO_set_auto_currency_verify | activates/deactivates automatic EURO verification                                 | 294      |
| EURO_set_capture_mode         | determines how WinRunner EURO captures currency in terminal emulator applications | 295      |
| EURO_set_conversion_mode      | sets the EURO conversion run mode in the test script                              | 296      |
| EURO_set_conversion_rate      | sets the conversion rate between the EURO currency and a national currency        | 297      |
| EURO_set_cross_rate           | sets the cross rate method between two currencies                                 | 298      |

| Function                                | Description                                                                                                                 | See Page |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>EURO_set_currency_threshold</b>      | sets the minimum value of an integer which will be considered a currency                                                    | 300      |
| <b>EURO_set_decimals_precision</b>      | sets the number of decimals in the conversion results                                                                       | 301      |
| <b>EURO_set_original_new_currencies</b> | sets the original and new currencies of the application                                                                     | 302      |
| <b>EURO_set_regional_symbols</b>        | sets the character used as decimal separator and the character used to separate groups of digits to the left of the decimal | 304      |
| <b>EURO_set_triangulation_decimals</b>  | sets the default decimals precision for the EURO triangulation                                                              | 305      |
| <b>EURO_type_mode</b>                   | disables/enables overriding of automatic currency recognition for all integer objects in a GUI application                  | 306      |

## GUI Checkpoint Functions

| Function             | Description                                                            | See Page |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>obj_check_gui</b> | compares current GUI data to expected GUI data for any class of object | 442      |
| <b>win_check_gui</b> | compares current GUI data to expected GUI data for a window            | 722      |

## GUI Map Configuration Functions

| Function                       | Description                                               | See Page |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>get_class_map</code>     | returns the standard class associated with a custom class | 327      |
| <code>get_record_attr</code>   | returns the properties recorded for an object class       | 330      |
| <code>get_record_method</code> | returns the recording method used for an object class     | 331      |
| <code>set_class_map</code>     | associates a custom class with a standard class           | 509      |
| <code>set_record_attr</code>   | sets the properties to learn for an object class          | 510      |
| <code>set_record_method</code> | specifies the record method for a class                   | 511      |
| <code>unset_class_map</code>   | unbinds a custom class from a standard class              | 675      |

## GUI Map Editor Functions

| Function                              | Description                                                     | See Page |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>GUI_add</code>                  | adds an object to a GUI map file                                | 340      |
| <code>GUI_buf_get_desc</code>         | returns the physical description of an object in a GUI map file | 341      |
| <code>GUI_buf_get_desc_attr</code>    | returns the value of an object property in a GUI map file       | 342      |
| <code>GUI_buf_get_logical_name</code> | returns the logical name of an object in a GUI map file         | 343      |
| <code>GUI_buf_new</code>              | creates a new GUI map file                                      | 344      |
| <code>GUI_buf_set_desc_attr</code>    | sets the value of a property in a GUI map file                  | 345      |
| <code>GUI_close</code>                | closes a GUI map file                                           | 346      |
| <code>GUI_close_all</code>            | closes all GUI map files                                        | 347      |
| <code>GUI_delete</code>               | deletes an object from a GUI map file                           | 348      |
| <code>GUI_desc_compare</code>         | compares two physical descriptions                              | 349      |
| <code>GUI_desc_get_attr</code>        | gets the value of a property from a physical description        | 350      |
| <code>GUI_desc_set_attr</code>        | sets the value of a property                                    | 351      |
| <code>GUI_get_name</code>             | returns the type of GUI for the application under test          | 352      |
| <code>GUI_get_window</code>           | returns the active window in the GUI map                        | 353      |
| <code>GUI_list_buf_windows</code>     | lists all windows in a GUI map file                             | 354      |
| <code>GUI_list_buffers</code>         | lists all open GUI map files                                    | 355      |
| <code>GUI_list_desc_attrs</code>      | returns a list of all property values for an object             | 356      |
| <code>GUI_list_map_buffers</code>     | lists all loaded GUI map files                                  | 357      |

| Function                              | Description                                           | See Page |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>GUI_list_win_objects</code>     | lists all objects in a window                         | 358      |
| <code>GUI_load</code>                 | loads a GUI map file                                  | 359      |
| <code>GUI_map_get_desc</code>         | returns the description of an object in the GUI map   | 360      |
| <code>GUI_map_get_logical_name</code> | returns the logical name of an object in the GUI map  | 361      |
| <code>GUI_open</code>                 | opens a GUI map file                                  | 362      |
| <code>GUI_save</code>                 | saves a GUI map file                                  | 363      |
| <code>GUI_save_as</code>              | saves a GUI map file under a new name                 | 364      |
| <code>GUI_set_window</code>           | sets the scope for identifying objects in the GUI map | 365      |
| <code>GUI_unload</code>               | unloads a GUI map file                                | 366      |
| <code>GUI_unload_all</code>           | unloads all loaded GUI map files                      | 367      |

### Icon Object Functions

| Function                 | Description                     | See Page |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| <code>icon_move</code>   | moves an icon to a new location | 372      |
| <code>icon_select</code> | clicks an icon                  | 373      |



## Java/Oracle Functions

The following functions are available only when WinRunner support for Java or Oracle is installed and loaded:

| Function                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | See Page |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>java_activate_method</b> | invokes the requested Java method for the given object                                                                                                                                                                                     | 378      |
| <b>java_activate_static</b> | invokes the requested static method of any Java class                                                                                                                                                                                      | 379      |
| <b>java_fire_event</b>      | simulates an event on a Java object                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 380      |
| <b>java_get_field</b>       | retrieves the current value of an object's field                                                                                                                                                                                           | 381      |
| <b>java_get_static</b>      | retrieves the current value of a static field                                                                                                                                                                                              | 382      |
| <b>java_link_click</b>      | clicks a link in a Java editor                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 383      |
| <b>java_set_field</b>       | sets the specified value of an object's field                                                                                                                                                                                              | 384      |
| <b>java_set_static</b>      | sets the specified value of a static field                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 385      |
| <b>jco_create</b>           | creates a Java object within your application or applet, or within the context of an existing object in your application or applet                                                                                                         | 386      |
| <b>jco_free</b>             | frees the specified jco object from memory                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 387      |
| <b>jco_free_all</b>         | frees all jco objects from memory                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 388      |
| <b>jdc_aut_connect</b>      | establishes a connection between WinRunner and Java/Oracle applications                                                                                                                                                                    | 389      |
| <b>method_wizard</b>        | launches the Java Method wizard, which enables you to view the methods associated with any jco object in your application or applet and to generate the appropriate <b>java_activate_method</b> statement for one of the displayed methods | 434      |

| Function                 | Description                            | See Page |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>obj_key_type</b>      | sends KeyEvents to a Java component    | 455      |
| <b>obj_set_info</b>      | sets the value of an object property   | 461      |
| <b>popup_select_item</b> | selects an item from a Java popup menu | 479      |

## List Object Functions

| Function                       | Description                                                            | See Page |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>list_activate_item</b>      | activates an item                                                      | 391      |
| <b>list_check_info</b>         | checks the value of a list property                                    | 392      |
| <b>list_check_item</b>         | checks the content of an item in a list                                | 393      |
| <b>list_check_selected</b>     | checks that the specified item is selected                             | 394      |
| <b>list_collapse_item</b>      | hides items in a tree view object                                      | 395      |
| <b>list_deselect_item</b>      | deselects an item                                                      | 396      |
| <b>list_deselect_range</b>     | deselects all items between two specified items                        | 397      |
| <b>list_drag_item</b>          | drags an item from a source list                                       | 398      |
| <b>list_drop_on item</b>       | drops an object onto a target list item                                | 399      |
| <b>list_expand_item</b>        | displays hidden items in a tree view object                            | 400      |
| <b>list_extend_item</b>        | adds an item to the items already selected                             | 401      |
| <b>list_extend_multi_items</b> | adds multiple items to the items already selected                      | 402      |
| <b>list_extend_range</b>       | selects a range of items and adds them to the items currently selected | 403      |
| <b>list_get_checked_items</b>  | returns the value of items marked as checked                           | 404      |

| Function                       | Description                                                     | See Page |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>list_get_column_header</b>  | returns the value of a ListView column header                   | 405      |
| <b>list_get_info</b>           | returns the value of a list property                            | 406      |
| <b>list_get_item</b>           | returns the contents of an item                                 | 407      |
| <b>list_get_item_coord</b>     | returns the dimensions and coordinates of the list item         | 408      |
| <b>list_get_item_info</b>      | returns the state of a list item                                | 409      |
| <b>list_get_item_num</b>       | returns the position of an item                                 | 410      |
| <b>list_get_items_count</b>    | returns the number of items in a list                           | 411      |
| <b>list_get_selected</b>       | returns the currently selected item                             | 412      |
| <b>list_get_subitem</b>        | returns the value of the ListView subitem                       | 413      |
| <b>list_rename_item</b>        | activates an item's edit mode in order to rename it             | 414      |
| <b>list_select_item</b>        | selects an item in a list                                       | 415      |
| <b>list_select_multi_items</b> | selects items in a multiple-selection container object          | 416      |
| <b>list_select_range</b>       | selects all items between two specified items                   | 417      |
| <b>list_set_item_state</b>     | sets the state of an icon of the specified ListView or TreeView | 418      |
| <b>list_wait_info</b>          | waits for the value of a list property                          | 419      |

## Menu Object Functions

| Function                       | Description                                | See Page |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>menu_get_desc</code>     | returns the physical description of a menu | 428      |
| <code>menu_get_info</code>     | returns the value of a menu property       | 429      |
| <code>menu_get_item</code>     | returns the contents of an item            | 430      |
| <code>menu_get_item_num</code> | returns the position of an item            | 431      |
| <code>menu_select_item</code>  | selects an item                            | 432      |
| <code>menu_wait_info</code>    | waits for the value of a menu property     | 433      |

## Object Functions

| Function                       | Description                                                                                | See Page |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>obj_check_bitmap</code>  | compares a current object bitmap to an expected bitmap                                     | 441      |
| <code>obj_check_gui</code>     | compares current GUI data to expected GUI data                                             | 442      |
| <code>obj_check_info</code>    | checks the value of an object property                                                     | 443      |
| <code>obj_check_text</code>    | checks the text of an object or area of an object compared to the specified expected text. | 444      |
| <code>obj_click_on_text</code> | clicks on text in an object                                                                | 445      |
| <code>obj_drag</code>          | begins dragging an object                                                                  | 447      |
| <code>obj_drop</code>          | ends dragging an object                                                                    | 448      |
| <code>obj_exists</code>        | checks if an object is displayed                                                           | 449      |
| <code>obj_find_text</code>     | returns the location of a string within an object                                          | 450      |
| <code>obj_get_desc</code>      | returns an object's physical description                                                   | 451      |
| <code>obj_get_info</code>      | returns the value of an object property                                                    | 452      |

| Function                     | Description                               | See Page |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>obj_get_text</b>          | reads text from an object                 | 453      |
| <b>obj_highlight</b>         | highlights an object                      | 454      |
| <b>obj_mouse_click</b>       | clicks on an object                       | 456      |
| <b>obj_mouse_dbl_click</b>   | double-clicks on an object                | 457      |
| <b>obj_mouse_drag</b>        | drags the mouse within an object          | 458      |
| <b>obj_mouse_move</b>        | moves the mouse within an object          | 459      |
| <b>obj_move_locator_text</b> | moves the mouse to a string in an object  | 460      |
| <b>obj_type</b>              | sends keyboard input to an object         | 462      |
| <b>obj_wait_bitmap</b>       | waits for an object bitmap                | 463      |
| <b>obj_wait_info</b>         | waits for the value of an object property | 464      |

### Oracle Developer Functions

The following functions are available only when WinRunner support for Oracle Developer 2000 is installed and loaded:

| Function                | Description                                                      | See Page |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>lov_get_item</b>     | retrieves an item from a list of values in an Oracle application | 424      |
| <b>lov_select_item</b>  | selects an item from a list of values in an Oracle application   | 425      |
| <b>ora_obj_get_info</b> | retrieves the value of the specified item                        | 466      |

## PowerBuilder Functions

The following functions are available only when WinRunner support for PowerBuilder is installed and loaded:

| Function                               | Description                                         | See Page |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>datawindow_button_press</code>   | presses a button in the specified DataWindow.       | 185      |
| <code>datawindow_get_info</code>       | retrieves the value of a DataWindow object property | 186      |
| <code>datawindow_text_click</code>     | clicks a DataWindow text object                     | 187      |
| <code>datawindow_text_dbl_click</code> | double-clicks a DataWindow text object              | 188      |

## Scroll Object Functions

| Function                          | Description                                                              | See Page |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>scroll_check_info</code>    | checks the value of a scroll property                                    | 494      |
| <code>scroll_check_pos</code>     | checks the current position of a scroll                                  | 495      |
| <code>scroll_drag</code>          | drags a scroll to the specified location                                 | 496      |
| <code>scroll_drag_from_min</code> | scrolls the specified distance from the minimum position                 | 497      |
| <code>scroll_get_info</code>      | returns the value of a scroll property                                   | 498      |
| <code>scroll_get_max</code>       | returns the value of a scroll at its maximum (end) position              | 499      |
| <code>scroll_get_min</code>       | returns the value of the scroll at its minimum (start) position          | 500      |
| <code>scroll_get_pos</code>       | returns the current scroll position                                      | 501      |
| <code>scroll_get_selected</code>  | returns the minimum and maximum values of the selected range on a slider | 502      |
| <code>scroll_line</code>          | scrolls the specified number of lines                                    | 503      |

| Function                      | Description                                   | See Page |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>scroll_max</code>       | sets a scroll to the maximum (end) position   | 504      |
| <code>scroll_min</code>       | sets a scroll to the minimum (start) position | 505      |
| <code>scroll_page</code>      | moves a scroll the specified number of pages  | 506      |
| <code>scroll_wait_info</code> | waits for the value of a scroll property      | 507      |

### Spin Object Functions

| Function                    | Description                                         | See Page |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>spin_get_info</code>  | returns the value of a spin property                | 516      |
| <code>spin_get_pos</code>   | returns the position of a spin object               | 517      |
| <code>spin_get_range</code> | returns the minimum and maximum positions of a spin | 518      |
| <code>spin_max</code>       | sets a spin to its maximum value                    | 519      |
| <code>spin_min</code>       | sets a spin to its minimum value                    | 520      |
| <code>spin_next</code>      | sets a spin to its next value                       | 521      |
| <code>spin_prev</code>      | sets a spin to its previous value                   | 522      |
| <code>spin_set</code>       | sets a spin to the specified value                  | 523      |
| <code>spin_wait_info</code> | waits for the value of a spin property              | 524      |

## Static Text Object Functions

| Function                       | Description                                       | See Page |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>static_check_info</code> | checks the value of a static text object property | 530      |
| <code>static_check_text</code> | checks the contents of a static text object       | 531      |
| <code>static_get_info</code>   | returns the value of a static text property       | 532      |
| <code>static_get_text</code>   | returns the contents of a static text object      | 533      |
| <code>static_wait_info</code>  | waits for the value of a static text property     | 534      |

## Statusbar Functions

| Function                             | Description                                          | See Page |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>statusbar_get_field_num</code> | returns the numeric index of a field on a status bar | 535      |
| <code>statusbar_get_info</code>      | returns the value of a status bar property           | 536      |
| <code>statusbar_get_text</code>      | reads text from a field on a status bar              | 537      |
| <code>statusbar_wait_info</code>     | waits for the value of a status bar property         | 538      |



## Synchronization Functions

| Function                         | Description                                     | See Page |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>button_wait_info</code>    | waits for the value of a button property        | 159      |
| <code>edit_wait_info</code>      | waits for the value of an edit property         | 279      |
| <code>list_wait_info</code>      | waits for the value of a list property          | 419      |
| <code>menu_wait_info</code>      | waits for the value of a menu property          | 433      |
| <code>obj_wait_info</code>       | waits for the value of an object property       | 464      |
| <code>scroll_wait_info</code>    | waits for the value of a scroll property        | 507      |
| <code>spin_wait_info</code>      | waits for the value of a spin property          | 524      |
| <code>static_wait_info</code>    | waits for a the value of a static text property | 534      |
| <code>statusbar_wait_info</code> | waits for the value of a status bar property    | 538      |
| <code>tab_wait_info</code>       | waits for the value of a tab property           | 546      |
| <code>win_wait_info</code>       | waits for the value of a window property        | 751      |

## Tab Object Functions

| Function                      | Description                               | See Page |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>tab_get_info</code>     | returns the value of a tab property       | 542      |
| <code>tab_get_item</code>     | returns the name of a tab item            | 543      |
| <code>tab_get_selected</code> | returns the name of the selected tab item | 544      |
| <code>tab_select_item</code>  | selects a tab item                        | 545      |
| <code>tab_wait_info</code>    | waits for the value of a tab property     | 546      |

## Table Functions

| Function                       | Description                                                                      | See Page |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>tbl_activate_cell</b>       | double-clicks the specified cell in a table                                      | 547      |
| <b>tbl_activate_col</b>        | double-clicks the specified column                                               | 550      |
| <b>tbl_activate_header</b>     | double-clicks the specified column header in a table                             | 551      |
| <b>tbl_activate_row</b>        | double-clicks the specified row                                                  | 553      |
| <b>tbl_deselect_col</b>        | deselects the specified column                                                   | 556      |
| <b>tbl_deselect_cols_range</b> | deselects the specified range of columns                                         | 557      |
| <b>tbl_deselect_row</b>        | deselects the specified row                                                      | 558      |
| <b>tbl_deselect_rows_range</b> | deselects the specified range of rows                                            | 559      |
| <b>tbl_extend_col</b>          | adds a column to the currently selected columns                                  | 562      |
| <b>tbl_extend_cols_range</b>   | adds columns to the currently selected columns                                   | 563      |
| <b>tbl_extend_row</b>          | adds a row to the currently selected rows                                        | 564      |
| <b>tbl_extend_rows_range</b>   | adds rows to the currently selected rows                                         | 565      |
| <b>tbl_get_cell_data</b>       | retrieves the contents of the specified cell from a table                        | 566      |
| <b>tbl_get_cols_count</b>      | retrieves the number of columns in a table                                       | 570      |
| <b>tbl_get_column_name</b>     | retrieves the column header name of the specified column in a table              | 572      |
| <b>tbl_get_column_names</b>    | returns the names and number of columns in a table for PowerBuilder applications | 574      |

| Function                      | Description                                                  | See Page |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>tbl_get_rows_count</b>     | retrieves the number of rows in the specified table          | 575      |
| <b>tbl_get_selected_cell</b>  | returns the cell currently in focus in a table               | 578      |
| <b>tbl_get_selected_row</b>   | returns the row currently selected in a table                | 581      |
| <b>tbl_select_cells_range</b> | selects the specified range of cells                         | 584      |
| <b>tbl_select_col_header</b>  | clicks the specified column header of a table                | 586      |
| <b>tbl_select_cols_range</b>  | selects the specified range of columns                       | 589      |
| <b>tbl_select_rows_range</b>  | selects the specified range of rows                          | 590      |
| <b>tbl_set_cell_data</b>      | sets the contents of a cell to the specified text in a table | 591      |
| <b>tbl_set_selected_cell</b>  | selects the specified cell in a table                        | 595      |
| <b>tbl_set_selected_col</b>   | selects the specified column in a table                      | 598      |
| <b>tbl_set_selected_row</b>   | selects the specified row in a table                         | 599      |

## Terminal Emulator Functions

The following functions are available only when WinRunner support for Terminal Emulators is installed and loaded:

| Function                           | Description                                                        | See Page |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>TE_add_screen_name_location</b> | instructs WinRunner where to look for the logical name of a screen | 602      |
| <b>TE_bms2gui</b>                  | teaches WinRunner the user interface from a BMS file               | 603      |
| <b>TE_check_text</b>               | captures and compares the text in a terminal emulator window       | 604      |

| Function                         | Description                                                                                                   | See Page |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>TE_create_filter</b>          | creates a filter in the test database                                                                         | 605      |
| <b>TE_date_check</b>             | checks all dates in the current screen of a terminal emulator application                                     | 606      |
| <b>TE_date_set_attr</b>          | sets the record configuration mode for a field                                                                | 607      |
| <b>TE_date_set_capture_mode</b>  | determines how WinRunner captures dates in terminal emulator applications                                     | 608      |
| <b>TE_define_sync_keys</b>       | sets keys that enable automatic synchronization in <b>type</b> , <b>win_type</b> and <b>obj_type</b> commands | 609      |
| <b>TE_delete_filter</b>          | deletes a specified filter from the test database                                                             | 611      |
| <b>TE_edit_field</b>             | inserts text into an unprotected field                                                                        | 612      |
| <b>TE_edit_hidden_field</b>      | inserts text into a hidden field                                                                              | 613      |
| <b>TE_edit_screen</b>            | types a string in the specified location in a screen                                                          | 614      |
| <b>TE_find_text</b>              | returns the location of a specified string                                                                    | 615      |
| <b>TE_force_send_key</b>         | defines a key causing a screen to change                                                                      | 616      |
| <b>TE_get_active_filter</b>      | returns the coordinates of a specified active filter                                                          | 617      |
| <b>TE_get_auto_reset_filters</b> | indicates whether or not filters are automatically deactivated at the end of a test run                       | 618      |
| <b>TE_get_auto_verify</b>        | indicates whether automatic text verification is on or off                                                    | 619      |

| Function                             | Description                                                     | See Page |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>TE_get_cursor_position</b>        | returns the position of the cursor                              | 620      |
| <b>TE_get_field_content</b>          | returns the contents of a field to a variable                   | 621      |
| <b>TE_get_filter</b>                 | returns the properties of a specified filter                    | 622      |
| <b>TE_get_merge_rule</b>             | returns the rule for merging fields                             | 623      |
| <b>TE_get_refresh_time</b>           | returns the time WinRunner waits for the screen to refresh      | 624      |
| <b>TE_get_screen_name_location</b>   | returns the screen name location                                | 625      |
| <b>TE_get_screen_size</b>            | returns the number of rows and columns in the screen.           | 626      |
| <b>TE_get_sync_time</b>              | returns the system synchronization time                         | 627      |
| <b>TE_get_text</b>                   | reads text from screen and stores it in a string                | 628      |
| <b>TE_get_timeout</b>                | returns the current synchronization time                        | 629      |
| <b>TE_merge_fields</b>               | sets the rule for merging fields                                | 630      |
| <b>TE_reset_all_filters</b>          | deactivates all filters in a test                               | 631      |
| <b>TE_reset_all_force_send_key</b>   | deactivates the execution of <b>TE_force_send_key</b> functions | 632      |
| <b>TE_reset_all_merged_fields</b>    | deactivates the merging of fields                               | 633      |
| <b>TE_reset_filter</b>               | deactivates a specified filter                                  | 634      |
| <b>TE_reset_screen_name_location</b> | resets the screen name location to 0                            | 635      |

| Function                         | Description                                                                                          | See Page |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>TE_send_key</b>               | sends to the mainframe the specified F-key function                                                  | 636      |
| <b>TE_set_auto_date_verify</b>   | automatically generates a date checkpoint for the current screen in a terminal emulator application. | 637      |
| <b>TE_set_auto_reset_filters</b> | deactivates the automatic reset of filters when a test run is completed                              | 638      |
| <b>TE_set_auto_transaction</b>   | defines a recorded <b>TE_wait_sync</b> statement as a transaction                                    | 639      |
| <b>TE_set_auto_verify</b>        | activates/deactivates automatic text                                                                 | 640      |
| <b>TE_set_BMS_name_tag</b>       | changes a name tag that appears in your BMS file                                                     | 641      |
| <b>TE_set_cursor_position</b>    | defines the position of the cursor                                                                   | 642      |
| <b>TE_set_field</b>              | specifies the field that will receive subsequent input                                               | 643      |
| <b>TE_set_filter</b>             | creates and activates a filter                                                                       | 644      |
| <b>TE_set_filter_mode</b>        | specifies whether to assign filters to all screens or to the current screen                          | 645      |
| <b>TE_set_record_method</b>      | specifies the recording method for operations on terminal emulator objects                           | 646      |
| <b>TE_set_refresh_time</b>       | sets the interval that WinRunner waits for the screen to refresh                                     | 647      |

| Function                              | Description                                                                                                 | See Page |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>TE_set_screen_name_location</b>    | resets the screen name location to 0 and instructs WinRunner where to look for the logical name of a screen | 648      |
| <b>TE_set_sync_time</b>               | defines the system synchronization time                                                                     | 649      |
| <b>TE_set_timeout</b>                 | sets the maximum time WinRunner waits for a response from the server                                        | 650      |
| <b>TE_set_trailing</b>                | determines whether WinRunner types spaces and tabs in fields during test execution                          | 651      |
| <b>TE_user_attr_comment</b>           | enables a user to add a user-defined comment property to the physical description of fields in the GUI map  | 652      |
| <b>TE_user_reset_all_attr_comment</b> | resets all user-defined comment properties                                                                  | 653      |
| <b>TE_wait_field</b>                  | waits for a specified string in a specified field to appear on screen                                       | 654      |
| <b>TE_wait_string</b>                 | waits for a string to appear on screen                                                                      | 655      |
| <b>TE_wait_sync</b>                   | instructs WinRunner to wait for a response from the host                                                    | 656      |

## Text Checkpoint Functions

| Function                           | Description                                   | See Page |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>obj_click_on_text</code>     | clicks on text in an object                   | 445      |
| <code>obj_find_text</code>         | returns the location of a string in an object | 450      |
| <code>obj_get_text</code>          | reads text from an object                     | 453      |
| <code>obj_move_locator_text</code> | moves the mouse to a string in an object      | 460      |
| <code>win_find_text</code>         | returns the location of a string in a window  | 732      |
| <code>win_click_on_text</code>     | clicks on text in a window                    | 726      |
| <code>win_get_text</code>          | reads text from a window                      | 736      |
| <code>win_move_locator_text</code> | moves the mouse to a string in a window       | 745      |

## Toolbar Object Functions

| Function                               | Description                                                                  | See Page |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>toolbar_button_press</code>      | clicks on a toolbar button                                                   | 662      |
| <code>toolbar_get_button</code>        | returns the name of a toolbar button                                         | 663      |
| <code>toolbar_get_button_info</code>   | returns the value of a toolbar button property                               | 665      |
| <code>toolbar_get_button_num</code>    | returns the position of a toolbar button                                     | 666      |
| <code>toolbar_get_buttons_count</code> | returns the number of buttons on a toolbar                                   | 667      |
| <code>toolbar_select_item</code>       | selects an item from a menu-like toolbar, as in Microsoft Internet Explorer. | 668      |



## WAP Functions

The following functions are available only when WinRunner support for WAP applications is installed and loaded:

| Function                 | Description                                                                                                                                     | See Page |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>phone_append_text</b> | appends the specified text string to the current contents of the phone editor                                                                   | 472      |
| <b>phone_edit_set</b>    | replaces the contents of the phone editor with the specified text string                                                                        | 473      |
| <b>phone_get_name</b>    | returns the model name of the phone                                                                                                             | 474      |
| <b>phone_GUI_load</b>    | loads the GUI map for the specified Phone.com phone                                                                                             | 475      |
| <b>phone_key_click</b>   | clicks a phone key                                                                                                                              | 476      |
| <b>phone_navigate</b>    | directs the phone to connect to the specified site                                                                                              | 477      |
| <b>phone_sync</b>        | recorded after any phone navigation on the Nokia emulator and instructs WinRunner to wait until the phone is ready to handle the next operation | 478      |

## Web Functions

The following functions are available only when the WebTest Add-in is installed and loaded:

| Function                              | Description                                                                                               | See Page |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>_web_set_tag_attr</code>        | instructs WinRunner to use the specified attribute for the logical name of the specified Web object class | 681      |
| <code>web_browser_invoke</code>       | invokes the browser and opens a specified site                                                            | 682      |
| <code>web_cursor_to_image</code>      | moves the cursor to an image on a page.                                                                   | 683      |
| <code>web_cursor_to_label</code>      | moves the cursor to a label on a page                                                                     | 684      |
| <code>web_cursor_to_link</code>       | moves the cursor to a link on a page                                                                      | 685      |
| <code>web_cursor_to_obj</code>        | moves the cursor to an object on a page                                                                   | 686      |
| <code>web_event</code>                | runs an event on the specified object                                                                     | 687      |
| <code>web_file_browse</code>          | clicks a browse button                                                                                    | 689      |
| <code>web_file_set</code>             | sets the text value in a file-type object                                                                 | 690      |
| <code>web_find_text</code>            | returns the location of text within a page                                                                | 691      |
| <code>web_frame_get_text</code>       | retrieves the text content of a page                                                                      | 692      |
| <code>web_frame_get_text_count</code> | returns the number of occurrences of a regular expression in a page                                       | 693      |
| <code>web_frame_text_exists</code>    | returns a text value if it is found in a frame                                                            | 694      |

| Function                            | Description                                                                   | See Page |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>web_get_run_event_mode</b>       | returns the current run mode                                                  | 695      |
| <b>web_get_timeout</b>              | returns the maximum time that WinRunner waits for response from the web       | 696      |
| <b>web_image_click</b>              | clicks a hypergraphic link or an image                                        | 697      |
| <b>web_label_click</b>              | clicks the specified label                                                    | 698      |
| <b>web_link_click</b>               | clicks a hypertext link                                                       | 699      |
| <b>web_link_valid</b>               | checks whether a URL name of a link is valid (not broken)                     | 699      |
| <b>web_obj_click</b>                | clicks an object in a frame                                                   | 701      |
| <b>web_obj_get_child_item</b>       | returns the description of the children in an object                          | 702      |
| <b>web_obj_get_child_item_count</b> | returns the count of the children in an object                                | 703      |
| <b>web_obj_get_info</b>             | returns the value of an object property                                       | 704      |
| <b>web_obj_get_text</b>             | returns a text string from an object                                          | 705      |
| <b>web_obj_get_text_count</b>       | returns the number of occurrences of a regular expression string in an object | 706      |
| <b>web_obj_text_exists</b>          | returns a text value if it is found in an object                              | 707      |
| <b>web_password_encrypt</b>         | encrypts a password on a Web page.                                            | 708      |
| <b>web_refresh</b>                  | resets all events to their default settings.                                  | 709      |
| <b>web_restore_event_default</b>    | resets all events to their default settings                                   | 710      |

| Function                            | Description                                                                                          | See Page |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>web_set_event</code>          | sets the event status                                                                                | 711      |
| <code>web_set_run_event_mode</code> | sets the event run mode                                                                              | 713      |
| <code>web_set_timeout</code>        | sets the maximum time WinRunner waits for a response from the Web                                    | 714      |
| <code>web_set_tooltip_color</code>  | sets the colors for the WebTest ToolTip                                                              | 715      |
| <code>web_sync</code>               | waits for the navigation of a frame to be completed                                                  | 716      |
| <code>web_tbl_get_cell_data</code>  | retrieves the contents of the specified cell from a Web table, starting from the specified character | 717      |
| <code>web_url_valid</code>          | checks whether a URL is valid                                                                        | 718      |

### Table Functions for WebTest

| Function                         | Description                                               | See Page |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>tbl_get_cell_data</code>   | retrieves the contents of the specified cell from a table | 566      |
| <code>tbl_get_cols_count</code>  | retrieves the number of columns in a table                | 570      |
| <code>tbl_get_column_name</code> | retrieves the column header name of the specified column  | 572      |
| <code>tbl_get_rows_count</code>  | retrieves the number of rows in the specified table       | 575      |

## Window Object Functions

| Function                            | Description                                                                              | See Page |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>desktop_capture_bitmap</code> | captures a bitmap of the entire desktop or of a selected area of the desktop             | 250      |
| <code>set_window</code>             | specifies the window to receive input, according to the window's logical name            | 512      |
| <code>_set_window</code>            | specifies a window to receive input, according to the window's physical description      | 513      |
| <code>win_activate</code>           | activates a window                                                                       | 719      |
| <code>win_capture_bitmap</code>     | captures a bitmap of the active or specified window, or of a selected area of the window | 720      |
| <code>win_check_bitmap</code>       | compares a current window bitmap to an expected bitmap                                   | 721      |
| <code>win_check_gui</code>          | compares current GUI data to expected GUI data                                           | 722      |
| <code>win_check_info</code>         | checks the requested window property                                                     | 723      |
| <code>win_check_text</code>         | checks the text of a window or area of a window compared to the specified expected text  | 724      |
| <code>win_click_help</code>         | clicks the help button in a window title bar                                             | 725      |
| <code>win_click_on_text</code>      | clicks on text in a window                                                               | 726      |
| <code>win_close</code>              | closes a window                                                                          | 728      |
| <code>win_drag</code>               | drags an object from a source window                                                     | 729      |
| <code>win_drop</code>               | drops an object on a target window                                                       | 730      |
| <code>win_exists</code>             | checks whether a window is displayed                                                     | 731      |
| <code>win_find_text</code>          | returns the location of a string in a window                                             | 732      |

| Function                     | Description                                                                | See Page |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>win_get_desc</b>          | returns the physical description of a window                               | 734      |
| <b>win_get_info</b>          | returns the value of a window property                                     | 735      |
| <b>win_get_text</b>          | reads text from a window                                                   | 736      |
| <b>win_highlight</b>         | highlights a window                                                        | 737      |
| <b>win_max</b>               | maximizes a window                                                         | 738      |
| <b>win_min</b>               | minimizes a window to an icon                                              | 739      |
| <b>win_mouse_click</b>       | clicks in a window                                                         | 740      |
| <b>win_mouse_dbl_click</b>   | double-clicks in a window                                                  | 741      |
| <b>win_mouse_drag</b>        | drags the mouse in a window                                                | 742      |
| <b>win_mouse_move</b>        | moves the mouse in a window                                                | 743      |
| <b>win_move</b>              | moves a window to a new absolute location                                  | 744      |
| <b>win_move_locator_text</b> | moves the mouse to a string in a window                                    | 745      |
| <b>win_open</b>              | opens a window                                                             | 746      |
| <b>win_resize</b>            | resizes a window                                                           | 747      |
| <b>win_restore</b>           | restores a window from a minimized or maximized state to its previous size | 748      |
| <b>win_type</b>              | sends keyboard input to a window                                           | 749      |
| <b>win_wait_bitmap</b>       | waits for a window bitmap                                                  | 750      |
| <b>win_wait_info</b>         | waits for the value of a window property                                   | 751      |

## Customization Functions

Customization functions let you enhance your testing tool for your own needs. For example, you can add functions to the Function Generator or create custom GUI checkpoints.

Customization functions are divided into the following categories:

- Custom Record Functions
- Custom User Interface Functions
- Function Generator Functions
- GUI Checkpoint Functions

### Custom Record Functions

| Function                           | Description                                                             | See Page |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>add_cust_record_class</code> | registers a custom record function and/or logical name function         | 147      |
| <code>add_record_attr</code>       | registers a custom property                                             | 149      |
| <code>add_record_message</code>    | adds a message to the list of Windows messages that WinRunner processes | 150      |
| <code>delete_record_attr</code>    | removes a custom property                                               | 249      |

## Custom User Interface Functions

| Function                               | Description                                                                     | See Page |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>create_browse_file_dialog</code> | displays a browse dialog box from which the user selects a file                 | 180      |
| <code>create_custom_dialog</code>      | creates a custom dialog box                                                     | 181      |
| <code>create_input_dialog</code>       | creates a dialog box with an edit field for use in interactive test execution   | 182      |
| <code>create_list_dialog</code>        | creates a dialog box with a list of items for use in interactive test execution | 183      |
| <code>create_password_dialog</code>    | creates a password dialog box                                                   | 184      |

## Function Generator Functions

| Function                                        | Description                                                     | See Page |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>generator_add_category</code>             | adds a category to the Function Generator                       | 320      |
| <code>generator_add_function</code>             | adds a function to the Function Generator                       | 321      |
| <code>generator_add_function_to_category</code> | adds a function defined in the Function Generator to a category | 323      |
| <code>generator_add_subcategory</code>          | adds a subcategory to a category in the Function Generator      | 324      |
| <code>generator_set_default_function</code>     | sets a default function for a Function Generator category       | 325      |



## GUI Checkpoint Functions

| Function                                | Description                                                                             | See Page |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>gui_ver_add_check</code>          | registers a new check for a GUI checkpoint                                              | 368      |
| <code>gui_ver_add_check_to_class</code> | adds a check to an object class, which can be viewed in the GUI Checkpoint dialog boxes | 369      |
| <code>gui_ver_add_class</code>          | adds a checkpoint for a new object class                                                | 370      |
| <code>gui_ver_set_default_checks</code> | sets default checks for a GUI object class                                              | 371      |

## Standard Functions

Standard functions include all the general elements of a programming language, such as basic input and output, control-flow, mathematical, and array functions.

Standard functions are divided into the following categories:

- Arithmetic Functions
- Array Functions
- Call Statements
- Compiled Module Functions
- Exception Handling Functions
- I/O Functions
- Load Testing Functions
- Miscellaneous Functions
- Operating System Functions
- Password Functions

- QuickTest 2000 Functions
- String Functions
- Quality Center API Functions
- Testing Option Functions
- Quality Center Functions
- Time-Related Functions

## Arithmetic Functions

| Function           | Description                                                 | See Page |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>atan2</code> | returns the arctangent of $y/x$ , in radians                | 152      |
| <code>cos</code>   | returns the cosine of an angle, in radians                  | 179      |
| <code>exp</code>   | calculates the exponential function of $e^x$                | 311      |
| <code>int</code>   | returns the integer part of a real number                   | 375      |
| <code>log</code>   | returns a natural logarithm                                 | 423      |
| <code>rand</code>  | returns a pseudo-random real number                         | 488      |
| <code>sin</code>   | calculates the sine of an angle                             | 515      |
| <code>sqrt</code>  | returns the square root of its argument                     | 527      |
| <code>srand</code> | defines a seed parameter for the <code>rand</code> function | 528      |

## Array Functions

| Function            | Description                                                                                                | See Page |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>delete</code> | removes an element from an array                                                                           | 248      |
| <code>split</code>  | divides an input string into fields, stores them in an array, and indicates the number of fields generated | 525      |

## Call Statements

| Function                    | Description                                                                        | See Page |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>call</b>                 | invokes a test from within another test script                                     | 168      |
| <b>call_chain_get_attr</b>  | obtains information about a test or function in the current call chain             | 169      |
| <b>call_chain_get_depth</b> | returns the number of items in the current call chain                              | 170      |
| <b>call_close</b>           | invokes a test from within a script and closes the test when the test is completed | 171      |
| <b>call_ex</b>              | invokes a QuickTest test from within a WinRunner test script                       | 172      |
| <b>return</b>               | returns a value to the calling function or test                                    | 492      |
| <b>texit</b>                | stops execution of a called test                                                   | 657      |
| <b>treturn</b>              | stops a called test and returns control to the calling test                        | 670      |

## Compiled Module Functions

| Function      | Description                                                 | See Page |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>load</b>   | loads a compiled module into memory                         | 420      |
| <b>reload</b> | removes a compiled module from memory and loads it again    | 489      |
| <b>unload</b> | removes a compiled module or selected functions from memory | 672      |

## Exception Handling Functions

| Function                             | Description                                                      | See Page |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>define_object_exception</code> | defines a GUI object exception                                   | 245      |
| <code>define_popup_exception</code>  | defines a popup window exception                                 | 246      |
| <code>define_tsl_exception</code>    | defines a TSL exception                                          | 247      |
| <code>exception_off</code>           | deactivates handling for an exception                            | 308      |
| <code>exception_off_all</code>       | deactivates handling of all exceptions                           | 309      |
| <code>exception_on</code>            | enables detection and handling of a previously defined exception | 310      |

## I/O Functions

| Function                               | Description                                                 | See Page |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>file_close</code>                | closes a file opened with <code>file_open</code>            | 312      |
| <code>file_compare</code>              | compares the contents of two files                          | 313      |
| <code>file_getline</code>              | reads a line from a file                                    | 314      |
| <code>file_open</code>                 | opens a file for reading or printing, or creates a new file | 315      |
| <code>file_printf</code>               | prints formatted output to a file                           | 316      |
| <code>pause</code>                     | pauses a test and displays a message                        | 471      |
| <code>report_msg</code>                | inserts a message in a test report                          | 491      |
| <code>sprintf</code>                   | returns a formatted string to a variable                    | 526      |
| <code>str_map_logical_to_visual</code> | converts a logical string to a visual string or vice-versa  | 539      |

## Load Testing Functions

The following functions are available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only:

| Function                          | Description                                                   | See Page |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>declare_rendezvous</code>   | declares a rendezvous                                         | 243      |
| <code>declare_transaction</code>  | declares a transaction                                        | 244      |
| <code>end_transaction</code>      | marks the end of a transaction for performance analysis       | 282      |
| <code>error_message</code>        | sends an error message to the controller                      | 283      |
| <code>get_host_name</code>        | returns the name of a host                                    | 328      |
| <code>get_master_host_name</code> | returns the name of the controller's host                     | 329      |
| <code>output_message</code>       | sends a message to the controller                             | 468      |
| <code>rendezvous</code>           | sets a rendezvous point in a Vuser script                     | 490      |
| <code>start_transaction</code>    | marks the beginning of a transaction for performance analysis | 529      |
| <code>user_data_point</code>      | records a user-defined data sample                            | 676      |

## Miscellaneous Functions

| Function                         | Description                                                                                                                              | See Page |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>email_send_msg</code>      | sends an email to one or more recipients                                                                                                 | 280      |
| <code>eval</code>                | evaluates and executes the enclosed TSL statements                                                                                       | 307      |
| <code>get_unique_filename</code> | generates a unique file name, based on the specified prefix, that is unique within the specified folder                                  | 335      |
| <code>getenv</code>              | returns the value of any environment variable, as defined in the [WrCfg] section of <i>wrun.ini</i> in the WinRunner runtime environment | 338      |

| Function            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | See Page |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>load_dll</b>     | performs a runtime load of a Dynamic Link Library                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 421      |
| <b>nargs</b>        | returns the number of arguments passed to the function or test                                                                                                                                                                                              | 440      |
| <b>tl_step</b>      | divides a test script into sections and inserts a status message in the test results for the previous section. When WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project, the message is inserted in the Quality Center “step” table for each statement.      | 659      |
| <b>tl_step_once</b> | divides a test script into sections and inserts a status message in the test results for the previous section. When WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project, the message is inserted in the Quality Center “step” table once for each step name. | 660      |
| <b>unload_dll</b>   | unloads a DLL from memory                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 674      |

## Operating System Functions

| Function                  | Description                                             | See Page |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>dos_system</b>         | executes a DOS command                                  | 256      |
| <b>invoke_application</b> | invokes a Windows application from within a test script | 376      |

## Password Functions

| Function                       | Description                                              | See Page |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>password_edit_set</code> | sets the value of a password edit field to a given value | 469      |
| <code>password_encrypt</code>  | encrypts a plain password                                | 470      |

## QuickTest 2000 Functions

The following functions are available for QuickTest 2000 users only:

| Function                                 | Description                                                                                               | See Page |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>qt_force_send_key</code>           | instructs WinRunner to recognize an edit field which prompts a screen change when information is inserted | 486      |
| <code>qt_reset_all_force_send_key</code> | negates screen change configurations previously made using the <code>qt_force_send_key</code> function    | 487      |

## String Functions

| Function                  | Description                                               | See Page |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>ascii</code>        | returns the ASCII code of the first character in a string | 151      |
| <code>compare_text</code> | compares two strings                                      | 178      |
| <code>index</code>        | indicates the position of one string within another       | 374      |
| <code>length</code>       | counts characters in a string                             | 390      |
| <code>match</code>        | finds a regular expression in a string                    | 427      |

| Function       | Description                                                     | See Page |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>split</b>   | divides an input string into fields and stores them in an array | 525      |
| <b>sprintf</b> | returns a formatted string to a variable                        | 526      |
| <b>substr</b>  | extracts a substring from a given string                        | 540      |
| <b>tolower</b> | converts uppercase characters to lowercase                      | 661      |
| <b>toupper</b> | converts lowercase characters to uppercase                      | 669      |

## Quality Center API Functions

To add the Quality Center API functions to WinRunner's Function Generator, run the *qcapi* test in the *lib* folder of your WinRunner installation directory.

For explanations and examples of all QCAPI functions, refer to the *Quality Center Open Test Architecture Guide*.

## Project Connection Functions

Project connection functions let you select the Quality Center remote agent and project to which you want to connect. The Quality Center API includes the following project connection functions:

| Function                             | Description                                              |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>TDServerInitInstance</b>          | creates a connection to the Quality Center remote agent  |
| <b>TDServerRelease</b>               | closes the connection to the Quality Center remote agent |
| <b>TDAPI_Connect</b>                 | connects to the specified project                        |
| <b>TDAPI_Disconnect</b>              | disconnects from the currently connected project         |
| <b>TDAPI_CreateTDDatabasesList</b>   | creates a list of projects                               |
| <b>TDAPI_GetDatabaseNameFromList</b> | retrieves the name of a project from a project list      |



## Test Functions

Test functions let you retrieve information relating to the tests stored in Quality Center's test repository. The Quality Center API contains the following test functions:

| Function                     | Description                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_CreateTest             | creates a new test                         |
| TDAPI_CreateTestList         | creates a list of all tests in the project |
| TDAPI_DeleteTest             | deletes a test                             |
| TDAPI_FindTestByPath         | locates a test by its file system path     |
| TDAPI_FindTestBySubject Path | locates a test by its subject path         |
| TDAPI_GetTestFieldSize       | returns the size of a field in a test      |
| TDAPI_GetTestFullPath        | retrieves the full path of a test          |
| TDAPI_GetTestSubjectPath     | retrieves a test's subject path            |
| TDAPI_GetTestValue           | retrieves the value of a field in a test   |
| TDAPI_SetTestValue           | updates a field in a test                  |
| TDAPI_TestExists             | locates a test                             |
| TDAPI_TestListMove           | steps through a list of tests              |

## Design Steps Functions

Quality Center tests are divided into design steps. These are detailed step-by-step instructions that describe the actions the tester (manual tests) or testing tool (automated tests) should perform as the test is executed. The Quality Center API contains the following design step functions:

| Function                  | Description                                     |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_CreateDesStep       | creates a design step in a test                 |
| TDAPI_CreateDesStepList   | creates a list of design steps                  |
| TDAPI_DeleteDesStep       | deletes a design step in a test                 |
| TDAPI_DesStepListMove     | steps through a list of design steps            |
| TDAPI_GetDesStepFieldSize | returns the size of a design step field         |
| TDAPI_GetDesStepValue     | retrieves the value of a field in a design step |
| TDAPI_SetDesStepValue     | updates a field in a design step record         |

## Defect Tracking Functions

Defect records contain errors discovered during test execution. Defect tracking functions let you add, locate, update defect information in your project. The Quality Center API contains the following defect tracking functions:

| Function              | Description                                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_BugListMove     | steps through a list of defects                  |
| TDAPI_CreateBug       | creates a new defect                             |
| TDAPI_CreateBugList   | creates a list of defects in the project         |
| TDAPI_DeleteBug       | deletes a defect from the Quality Center project |
| TDAPI_GetBugFieldSize | returns the size of a defect field               |
| TDAPI_GetBugValue     | retrieves the value of a field in a defect       |
| TDAPI_SetBugValue     | updates a field in a defect                      |

## Test Set Functions

A test set is a group of tests designed to meet a specific testing goal. For example, to verify that the application under test is functional and stable, you create a sanity test set that checks the application's basic features. The Quality Center API contains the following functions to help you build and maintain test sets:

| Function                      | Description                                                     |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_AddTestToCycle          | adds a test to a test set                                       |
| TDAPI_CreateCycle             | creates a new test set                                          |
| TDAPI_CreateCycleList         | creates a list of test sets in the project                      |
| TDAPI_CreateTestinCycleList   | creates a list of test sets in the project                      |
| TDAPI_CycleExists             | checks a test set exists                                        |
| TDAPI_CycleListMove           | steps through a list of test sets                               |
| TDAPI_DeleteCycle             | deletes a test set                                              |
| TDAPI_DeleteTestFromCycle     | removes a test from a test set                                  |
| TDAPI_GetCyclesForTest        | retrieves names of the test sets to which the test belongs      |
| TDAPI_GetCycleValue           | retrieves value of a field in a test set record                 |
| TDAPI_GetCycleFieldSize       | returns the size of a field in a test set                       |
| TDAPI_GetTestInCycleFieldSize | returns the size (in bytes) of a field of a test in a test set. |
| TDAPI_GetTestInCycleValue     | retrieves the value of a field in a test in a test set record   |
| TDAPI_SetCycleValue           | updates a field of a test set record to new value               |
| TDAPI_SetTestInCycleValue     | updates the specified field of a test set record to new value   |
| TDAPI_TestInCycleExists       | looks for a test in a test set                                  |
| TDAPI_TestInCycleListMove     | steps through a list of tests in a test set                     |

## Test Run Functions

A test run stores information about how each test performs during test execution. The Quality Center API includes the following functions to let you create and manage test runs:

| Function              | Description                               |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_CreateRun       | creates a test run for a test             |
| TDAPI_CreateRunList   | creates a list of test runs               |
| TDAPI_DeleteRun       | deletes a test run                        |
| TDAPI_GetRunFieldSize | returns the size of a field in a test run |
| TDAPI_GetRunValue     | retrieves value of a field in a test run  |
| TDAPI_RunListMove     | steps through a list of test runs         |
| TDAPI_SetRunValue     | updates a field in a test run record      |

## Test Step Functions

Test steps record the performance of each test step during a test run. Each test step contains detailed information on what actions were performed during each test run. These include the IDs of the test and test run, the name of the step, the status of the step, and the line number of where the step will appear within the test script. The Quality Center API contains the following functions to help you create and manage test runs:

| Function               | Description                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_AddStepToRun     | creates a step in a test run           |
| TDAPI_CreateStepList   | creates a list of steps                |
| TDAPI_DeleteStep       | deletes a step in a test run           |
| TDAPI_GetStepFieldSize | retrieves size of a field in a step    |
| TDAPI_GetStepValue     | returns the value of a field in a step |
| TDAPI_SetStepValue     | updates a step to a new value          |
| TDAPI_StepListMove     | steps through a list of defects        |

## Test Plan Tree Functions

The test plan tree is a representation of how information is stored within your project. When you access the project, you use the tree to locate information in the project. The Quality Center API contains the following functions to help you create and manage test plan trees:

| Function                       | Description                                              |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_GetCategoryTreeRoot      | returns the ID of a the test plan tree's subject folder  |
| TDAPI_TreeAddNode              | adds a folder to the test plan tree                      |
| TDAPI_TreeChanged              | indicates if changes were made to the test plan tree     |
| TDAPI_TreeCreateRoot           | sets a parent folder in the test plan tree               |
| TDAPI_TreeGetChild             | returns the ID of a subfolder in a test plan tree folder |
| TDAPI_TreeGetNodeAttribute     | returns the ID of a subfolder in the test plan tree      |
| TDAPI_TreeGetNumberOfChildren  | returns the number of subfolders contained in a folder   |
| TDAPI_TreeGetRoot              | returns the ID of the current parent folder              |
| TDAPI_TreeGetSubjectIDFromPath | returns the ID of a test plan tree folder                |

## Project Administration Functions

Project administration functions let you create and manage project users, return internal project error information, and view project statistics. The Quality Center API includes the following project administration functions:

| Function             | Description                            |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_CreateUser     | creates a new user                     |
| TDAPI_CreateUserList | creates a list of Quality Center users |
| TDAPI_DeleteUser     | deletes a user                         |

| Function                    | Description                                                    |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| TDAPI_GetFieldProperty      | returns information from the System_fields table               |
| TDAPI_GetFunctionStatistics | returns performance statistics of Quality Center API functions |
| TDAPI_GetLastErrorString    | returns a description of an error                              |
| TDAPI_GetStackErrorString   | returns all the errors in the error stack                      |
| TDAPI_GetUserFieldSize      | returns the size of the field in a user record                 |
| TDAPI_GetUserValue          | returns value of a field in a user record                      |
| TDAPI_SetUserValue          | updates a field in a user record                               |
| TDAPI_UserExists            | checks whether a user record exists                            |
| TDAPI_UserListMove          | returns the current user name                                  |

## Testing Option Functions

| Function    | Description                                                                                                                                                        | See Page |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| get_aut_var | returns the value of a variable that determines how WinRunner learns descriptions of objects, records tests, and runs tests on Java/Oracle applets or applications | 326      |
| getvar      | returns the value of a testing option                                                                                                                              | 339      |
| set_aut_var | sets how WinRunner learns descriptions of objects, records tests, and runs tests on Java/Oracle applets or applications                                            | 508      |
| setvar      | sets the value of a testing option                                                                                                                                 | 514      |

## Quality Center Functions

The following functions are only available when working with Quality Center:

| Function                      | Description                                                                                                   | See Page |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>qcdb_add_defect</b>        | returns the value of a field in the "test" table in a Quality Center project database                         | 481      |
| <b>qcdb_get_step_value</b>    | returns the value of a field in the "dessteps" table in a Quality Center database                             | 482      |
| <b>qcdb_get_test_value</b>    | returns the value of a field in the "test" table in a Quality Center database                                 | 483      |
| <b>qcdb_get_testset_value</b> | returns the value of a field in the "testcycl" table in a Quality Center database                             | 484      |
| <b>qcdb_load_attachment</b>   | loads a test's file attachment and returns the file system path of the location where it was loaded           | 485      |
| <b>tl_step</b>                | divides a test script into sections                                                                           | 659      |
| <b>tl_step_once</b>           | divides a test script into sections and inserts a status message in the test results for the previous section | 660      |

## Time-Related Functions

| Function                 | Description                                                     | See Page |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>end_transaction</b>   | marks the end of a transaction for performance analysis         | 282      |
| <b>get_time</b>          | returns the current system time                                 | 334      |
| <b>pause</b>             | pauses test execution and displays a message                    | 471      |
| <b>start_transaction</b> | marks the beginning of a transaction for performance analysis   | 529      |
| <b>time_str</b>          | converts the integer returned by <b>get_time</b> to a string    | 658      |
| <b>wait</b>              | causes test execution to pause for the specified amount of time | 678      |



# 6

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## Return Values

Unless otherwise specified, functions may return one of the general return values. In addition, some functions may return specialized return values.

This chapter describes:

- ▶ General Return Values
- ▶ Return Values for Database Functions
- ▶ Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions
- ▶ Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions

## General Return Values

Unless otherwise specified, all functions may return one of the general return values listed below.

| Error Code                | Number | Description                                                                   |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_OK                      | 0      | Operation successful.                                                         |
| E_FILE_OK                 | 0      | Operation successful.                                                         |
| FAIL                      | -1     | Operation failed.                                                             |
| E_GENERAL_ERROR           | -10001 | General error occurred.                                                       |
| E_NOT_FOUND               | -10002 | Window or object not found.                                                   |
| E_NOT_UNIQUE              | -10003 | More than one window or object responds to the physical description.          |
| E_ILLEGAL_OPERATION       | -10004 | Operation invalid for object. For more information, see the note on page 132. |
| E_OUT_OF_RANGE            | -10005 | Parameter is out of range.                                                    |
| E_ILLEGAL_PARAMETER       | -10006 | Specified value for one or more parameters is invalid.                        |
| E_FILE_OPEN               | -10007 | Cannot open file. File may already be open.                                   |
| E_ILLEGAL_ARGLIST         | -10009 | Illegal argument list.                                                        |
| E_NOT_IN_MAPPING          | -10011 | Cannot find window or object in the GUI map.                                  |
| E_EXIST                   | -10012 | Object already exists.                                                        |
| E_OPERATION_ABORT         | -10014 | Operation aborted.                                                            |
| E_OPERATION_NOT_PERFORMED | -10018 | Cannot perform requested operation.                                           |

| Error Code                 | Number | Description                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_FUNCTION_NOT_LOADED      | -10019 | Specified function is not currently loaded. In the case of a handler function, the exception is undefined. |
| E_NO_FONT                  | -10024 | No font was loaded.                                                                                        |
| E_SYNTAX                   | -10025 | Syntax error in TSL statement.                                                                             |
| E_NO_SVC                   | -10026 | Called function does not exist.                                                                            |
| E_FUNCTION_NOT_IMPLEMENTED | -10028 | Called function could not be implemented.                                                                  |
| E_ATTR_IN_DESC             | -10029 | Specified property is used in the object's physical description in the GUI map.                            |
| E_NO_LABEL                 | -10030 | Label property is not used in the window's physical description in the GUI map.                            |
| E_USING_WIN_TITLE          | -10031 | Error using window title.                                                                                  |
| E_FILE_NOT_OPEN            | -10032 | File is not open.                                                                                          |
| E_FILE_NOT_FOUND           | -10033 | File is not found.                                                                                         |
| E_FILE_LINE_TRUNC          | -10034 | File line is truncated.                                                                                    |
| E_FILE_EOF                 | -10035 | End of file.                                                                                               |
| E_FILE_NOT_READ_MODE       | -10036 | Cannot read file because file is not in read mode.                                                         |
| E_FILE_READ_MODE           | -10037 | Cannot write to file because file is in read mode.                                                         |
| E_BAD_PATH                 | -10038 | Incorrect path.                                                                                            |
| E_ACCESS_DENIED            | -10039 | Access is denied.                                                                                          |
| E_DISK_FULL                | -10040 | Disk is full.                                                                                              |
| E_SHARING_VIOLATION        | -10041 | Sharing violation.                                                                                         |

| Error Code              | Number | Description                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_FILE_ERROR            | -10042 | General file error.                                                                                                             |
| E_NOT_PARAMETER         | -10044 | Parameter is invalid.                                                                                                           |
| E_MAX_COLUMNS_EXCEEDED  | -10045 | Column cannot be added to the data table because the data table already contains the maximum allowable number of columns (255). |
| E_NOT_DISPLAYED         | -10101 | Window, object or data table is not displayed.                                                                                  |
| E_DISABLED              | -10102 | Window or object is disabled.                                                                                                   |
| E_IMPROPER_CLASS        | -10103 | Operation cannot be performed on this object class.                                                                             |
| E_ILLEGAL_KEY           | -10104 | Key or mouse button name is illegal.                                                                                            |
| E_ITEM_NOT_FOUND        | -10105 | Item in list or menu not found.                                                                                                 |
| E_NOT_RESPONDING        | -10106 | Application did not respond within the specified timeout.                                                                       |
| E_OBJECT_SYNTAX         | -10107 | Illegal syntax used.                                                                                                            |
| E_ILLEGAL_NUM_OF_PARAMS | -10112 | Number of parameters does not match those for the command.                                                                      |
| E_AUT_DISCONNECTED      | -10114 | The application under test was disconnected.                                                                                    |
| E_ATTR_NOT_SUPPORTED    | -10115 | Property in function is not supported.                                                                                          |
| E_MISMATCH              | -10116 | Verification mismatch found.                                                                                                    |
| E_ITEM_NOT_UNIQUE       | -10117 | More than one item in list or menu has this name.                                                                               |

| Error Code            | Number | Description                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_TEXT_TOO_LONG       | -10118 | Text to be inserted exceeds maximum number of characters. The string will be truncated to the appropriate length. |
| E_DIFF                | -10119 | GUI checkpoint mismatch found.                                                                                    |
| E_CMP_FAILED          | -10120 | Comparison failed.                                                                                                |
| E_CAPT_FAILED         | -10121 | Capture failed.                                                                                                   |
| E_SET_WIN             | -10123 | Window setting parameters missing.                                                                                |
| E_BITMAP_TIMEOUT      | -10124 | The <b>wait_bitmap</b> operation exceeded specified wait time.                                                    |
| E_BAD_CHECK_NAME      | -10125 | Syntax error in requested check.                                                                                  |
| E_OBJ_CAPT_FAILED     | -10126 | Capture failed for specified object.                                                                              |
| E_UNEXP_WIN           | -10127 | Window in checklist is not the window in the command.                                                             |
| E_CAPT_FUNC_NOT_FOUND | -10128 | Capture function not defined.                                                                                     |
| E_CMP_FUNC_NOT_FOUND  | -10129 | Compare function not defined.                                                                                     |
| E_TSL_ERR             | -10130 | Syntax error detected.                                                                                            |
| E_TOOLKIT_MISMATCH    | -10131 | Incorrect toolkit detected.                                                                                       |
| E_RECT_COVERED        | -10132 | Desired rectangle is hidden.                                                                                      |
| E_RECT_OUT            | -10133 | Desired rectangle does not appear on screen.                                                                      |
| E_AREA_COVERED        | -10134 | Desired area is hidden.                                                                                           |
| E_AREA_OUT            | -10135 | Desired area does not appear on screen.                                                                           |

| Error Code          | Number | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_STR_NOT_FOUND     | -10136 | Text string not located.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| E_WAIT_INFO_TIMEOUT | -10137 | The <b>wait_info</b> operation exceeded specified wait time.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| E_DIFF_SIZE         | -10139 | Expected and actual bitmaps are different sizes.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| E_DROP_WITHOUT_DRAG | -10141 | Drop operation is performed without a drag operation preceding it.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| E_VIR_OBJ           | -10142 | Function not supported for virtual objects.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| E_MISSING_ATTR      | -10143 | Lack of x-, y-, height, or width coordinates in the description of the virtual object.                                                                                                                                                        |
| E_EDIT_SET_FAILED   | -10144 | The <b>edit_set</b> operation failed.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| E_ANY_ERROR         | -10999 | The function returned an error.<br>(it returned any return value other than E_OK or E_FILE_OK).<br><br><b>Note:</b> This return value is used only for recovery scenarios. For more information, refer to the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> . |

---

**Note about E\_ILLEGAL\_OPERATION:** A function may fail if it does not exist, the number of parameters is wrong, the parameter types are wrong, and so on. For more information regarding a failure, insert the following statement and then rerun the function. This will provide you with more details.

```
set_aut_var("DEBUG_GCALL", ON);
```

---

## Return Values for Database Functions

Unless otherwise specified in the function description, database functions (**db\_**) may return one of the following return values in addition to the regular return values.

| Error Code             | Number | Description                                                          |
|------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_SESSION_NOT_STARTED  | -10160 | The database session was not started.                                |
| E_CONNECTION_FAILED    | -10161 | The connection to the database failed.                               |
| E_SQL_SYNTAX_ERROR     | -10162 | Syntax error in the SQL statement.                                   |
| E_PASSED_LAST_ROW      | -10163 | The row number exceeded the row number of the last row in the table. |
| E_QUERY_CAPTURE_FAILED | -10164 | General error while capturing data.                                  |

## Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions

Unless otherwise specified, table and PowerBuilder functions (**tbl\_** and **datawindow\_**) may return one of the following return values in addition to the regular return values.

| Error Code                  | Number | Description                |
|-----------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| PB_E_NO_PBTAPI              | -10145 | Internal error.            |
| PB_E_ROW_COL_INVALID        | -10146 | Parameter is out of range. |
| PB_E_ROW_INVALID            | -10147 | Parameter is out of range. |
| PB_E_DESC_OVERFLOW          | -10149 | Internal error.            |
| PB_E_DW_LIST_ITEM_NOT_FOUND | -10150 | Item not found.            |
| PB_E_DESC_NOT_FOUND         | -10151 | Internal error.            |
| PB_E_CELL_NOT_VISIBLE       | -10152 | Cell not visible.          |
| PB_E_PARSE_ERROR            | -10153 | Internal error.            |

| <b>Error Code</b>     | <b>Number</b> | <b>Description</b>   |
|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| PB_E_TAPI_ERROR       | -10154        | Internal error.      |
| PB_E_BUF_NOT_INIT     | -10155        | Internal error.      |
| PB_E_CELL_NOT_FOUND   | -10156        | Cell not found.      |
| PB_E_API_ERROR        | -10157        | General error.       |
| PB_E_INVALID_COL_TYPE | -10158        | Unknown column type. |
| PB_E_ILLEGAL_COORDS   | -10159        | Illegal coordinates. |



## Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions

Unless otherwise specified in the function description, terminal emulator functions (TE\_) may return one of the following return values in addition to the regular return values.

| WinRunner/TE Error Code | Number | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E_PROT_FIELD            | -10400 | Field is protected and cannot accept input.                                                                                                                                  |
| E_TERM_DISCONNECTED     | -10401 | Terminal is probably disconnected.                                                                                                                                           |
| E_TERM_LOCKED           | -10402 | Terminal is locked. In an interactive run, the user can continue, pause, or unlock the terminal. In a batch run, WinRunner unlocks the terminal and sends a report message.  |
| E_TERM_BUSY             | -10403 | Terminal is synchronizing. In an interactive run, user can continue, pause, or perform <b>wait_sync</b> . In a batch run, WinRunner synchronizes and sends a report message. |
| E_RULE_NOT_FOUND        | -10405 | Cannot write to a merged field after all merged fields were reset.                                                                                                           |
| EM_SESSION_NOT_VALID    | -11007 | Cannot find a valid terminal emulator session, for example if the terminal emulator is not running or is not connected to the server.                                        |



# 7

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## Alphabetical Reference

This chapter contains an alphabetical reference of all TSL functions in WinRunner. The name of each function appears, along with the type and the category to which the function belongs. The following additional information is provided for each function:

- description
- complete syntax
- parameter definitions
- return values
- availability

For additional information and examples of usage, refer to the *TSL Reference Help*. You can open the *TSL Reference Help* from the WinRunner group in the Start menu or from WinRunner's Help menu. To open the online reference to a specific function, click the context-sensitive Help button and then click a TSL statement in your test script, or place your cursor on a TSL statement in your test script and then press the F1 key. Check the Mercury Customer Support Web site for updates to the *TSL Reference Help*.

## ActiveBar\_combo\_select\_item

Context Sensitive • Active Bar

selects an item in a ComboBox tool.

**ActiveBar\_combo\_select\_item** ( *band\_tool* , *item\_name* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>band_tool</i> | A string containing the band identifier (Name or Caption) and tool identifier (Name, Caption or ToolID), separated by semicolon ( ; ).<br><br>The <i>band identifier</i> can be specified either by Name or Caption.<br><br>The <i>tool identifier</i> can be specified either by Name, Caption, or ToolID. The ampersand character ( & ) in Caption is ignored. |
| <i>item_name</i> | Either item text or item number in the "#" format.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for DataDynamics ActiveBar 1.0.

---

**Note:** This function is not recordable.

---

## ActiveBar\_dump

**Context Sensitive • Active Bar**

stores information about ActiveBar bands and tools. This information includes captions, names, types and IDs.

**ActiveBar\_dump** ( *file\_name* );

*file\_name*

The file pathname in which the ActiveBar information will be dumped.

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for DataDynamics ActiveBar 1.0 and Infragistics (Sheridan) ActiveToolbars 1.01.

---

**Note:** This function is not recordable.

---

## ActiveBar\_select\_menu

Context Sensitive • Active Bar

selects a menu item in a toolbar.

**ActiveBar\_select\_menu** ( *band\_tool* [ , *events\_only* ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>band_tool</i>   | <p>A string containing the band identifier (Name or Caption) and tool identifier (Name, Caption or ToolID), separated by semicolon ( ; ).</p> <p>The <i>band identifier</i> can be specified either by Name or Caption.</p> <p>The <i>tool identifier</i> can be specified either by Name, Caption, or ToolID. The ampersand character ( &amp; ) in Caption is ignored.</p> |
| <i>events_only</i> | <p>TRUE or FALSE.</p> <p>If this parameter set to TRUE, then executing this function during a test run uses events.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for DataDynamics ActiveBar 1.0 and Infragistics (Sheridan) ActiveToolbars 1.01.

*The events\_only parameter is supported only for the DataDynamics ActiveBar.*

## ActiveBar\_select\_tool

**Context Sensitive • Active Bar**

selects a tool in the toolbar.

**ActiveBar\_select\_tool** ( *band\_tool* [ , *events\_only* ] );

*band\_tool*

A string containing the band identifier (Name or Caption) and tool identifier (Name, Caption or ToolID), separated by semicolon ( ; ).

The *band identifier* can be specified either by Name or Caption.

The *tool identifier* can be specified either by Name, Caption, or ToolID. The ampersand character ( & ) in Caption is ignored.

*events\_only*

TRUE or FALSE.

If this parameter set to TRUE, then executing this function during a test run uses events.

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for DataDynamics ActiveBar 1.0 and Infragistics (Sheridan) ActiveToolbars 1.01.

---

**Note:** The *events\_only* parameter is supported only for the DataDynamics ActiveBar.

---

## ActiveX\_activate\_method

**Context Sensitive • ActiveX/Visual Basic**

invokes an ActiveX method of an ActiveX control.

```
ActiveX_activate_method ( object, ActiveX_method, return_value  
                        [,param4,...,param8] );
```

*object*                      The name of the object.

*ActiveX\_method*            The ActiveX control method to be invoked.

---

**Tip:** You can use the ActiveX tab in the GUI Spy to view the methods of an ActiveX control.

---

*return\_value*              Return value of the method.

*param*<sub>4</sub>,...,*param*<sub>8</sub>        The parameters of the method (optional). These parameters may only be call variables and not constants.

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is available only for the following add-ins: ActiveX, PowerBuilder, or Visual Basic.



**ActiveX\_get\_info****Context Sensitive • ActiveX/Visual Basic**

returns the value of an ActiveX/Visual Basic control property. The property can have no parameters or a one or two-dimensional array. Properties can also be nested.

For an ActiveX property without parameters, the syntax is as follows:

```
ActiveX_get_info ( ObjectName, PropertyName, OutValue [ , IsWindow ] );
```

For an ActiveX property that is a one-dimensional array, the syntax is as follows:

```
ActiveX_get_info ( ObjectName, PropertyName ( X ) , OutValue [ , IsWindow ] );
```

For an ActiveX property that is a two-dimensional array, the syntax is as follows:

```
ActiveX_get_info ( ObjectName, PropertyName ( X , Y ) , OutValue [ , IsWindow ] );
```

*ObjectName*            The name of the ActiveX/Visual Basic control.

*PropertyName*        Any ActiveX/Visual Basic control property.

---

**Tip:** You can use the ActiveX tab in the GUI Spy to view the properties of an ActiveX control.

---

*OutValue*            The output variable that stores the property value.

*IsWindow*            An indication of whether the operation is performed on a window. If it is, set this parameter to TRUE.

**Notes:**

The *IsWindow* parameter should be used only when this function is applied to a Visual Basic form to get its property or a property of its sub-object. In order to get a property of a label control you should set this parameter to TRUE.

To get the value of nested properties, you can use any combination of indexed or non-indexed properties separated by a dot. For example:

```
ActiveX_get_info("Grid", "Cell(10,14).Text", Text);
```

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available only for the following add-ins: ActiveX, PowerBuilder, or Visual Basic.

**ActiveX\_set\_info****Context Sensitive • ActiveX/Visual Basic**

sets the value of an ActiveX/Visual Basic control property. The property can have no parameters or a one or two-dimensional array. Properties can also be nested.

For an ActiveX property without parameters, the syntax is as follows:

```
ActiveX_set_info ( ObjectName, PropertyName, Value [, Type [, IsWindow] ] );
```

For an ActiveX property that is a one-dimensional array, the syntax is as follows:

```
ActiveX_set_info ( ObjectName, PropertyName ( X ), Value [, Type [, IsWindow] ] );
```

For an ActiveX property that is a two-dimensional array, the syntax is as follows:

```
ActiveX_set_info ( ObjectName, PropertyName ( X, Y ), Value [, Type [, IsWindow] ] );
```

*ObjectName*            The name of the ActiveX/Visual Basic control.

*PropertyName*        Any ActiveX/Visual Basic control property.

---

**Tip:** You can use the ActiveX tab in the GUI Spy to view the properties of an ActiveX control.

---

*Value*                    The value to be applied to the property.

*Type* The value type to be applied to the property.

The following types are available:

|                      |                   |                        |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| VT_I2 (short)        | VT_I4 (long)      | VT_R4 (float)          |
| VT_R8 (float double) | VT_DATE (date)    | VT_BSTR (string)       |
| VT_ERROR (S code)    | VT_BOOL (boolean) | VT_UI1 (unsigned char) |

*IsWindow* An indication of whether the operation is performed on a window. If it is, set this parameter to TRUE.

---

**Notes:**

The *IsWindow* parameter should be used only when this function is applied to a Visual Basic form to set its property or a property of its sub-object. In order to get a property of a label control you should set this parameter to TRUE.

To set the value of nested properties, you can use any combination of indexed or non-indexed properties separated by a dot. For example:

```
ActiveX_set_info("Book", "Chapter(7).Page(2).Caption", "SomeText");
```

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is available only for the following add-ins: ActiveX, PowerBuilder, or Visual Basic.

**add\_cust\_record\_class****Customization • Custom Record**

associates a custom record function or a logical name function with a custom class.

```
add_cust_record_class ( MSW_class, dll_name [ , rec_func [ , log_name_func ] ] );
```

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>MSW_class</i>     | The custom class with which the function is associated.                                                                                                                    |
| <i>dll_name</i>      | The full path of the DLL containing the function.                                                                                                                          |
| <i>rec_func</i>      | The name of the custom record function defined in the DLL. This custom record function returns the statement recorded in the test script.                                  |
| <i>log_name_func</i> | The name of the logical name function defined in the DLL. This logical name function supplies custom logical names for GUI objects in the custom class, <i>MSW_class</i> . |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**add\_dlp\_obj****Context Sensitive • Delphi**

adds a Delphi object.

**add\_dlp\_obj** ( *MSW\_class*, *class*, *oblig\_attr*, *optional\_attr*, *default\_check\_prop*, *item* );

|                           |                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>MSW_class</i>          | The custom class with which the function is associated.                                                                                            |
| <i>class</i>              | The name of the Mercury class, <i>MSW_class</i> , or <i>X_class</i> .                                                                              |
| <i>oblig_attr</i>         | A list of obligatory properties (separated by blank spaces).                                                                                       |
| <i>optional_attr</i>      | A list of optional properties (separated by blank spaces), in descending order, to add to the description until the object is uniquely identified. |
| <i>default_check_prop</i> | The default status of the object.                                                                                                                  |
| <i>item</i>               | Indicates whether the item is an object or a grid. Use one of the following constants:<br><b>DLPH_OBJ=0</b><br><b>DLPH_GRID=1</b>                  |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Delphi support.

**add\_record\_attr**

registers a custom property.

**Customization • Custom Record**

**add\_record\_attr** ( *attr\_name*, *dll\_name*, *query\_func\_name*, *verify\_func\_name* );

|                         |                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>attr_name</i>        | The name of the custom property to register. This cannot be a standard WinRunner property name.                                 |
| <i>dll_name</i>         | The full path of the DLL in which the query and verify functions are defined.                                                   |
| <i>query_func_name</i>  | The name of the query function included in the DLL.                                                                             |
| <i>verify_func_name</i> | A WinRunner standard property verification function (see below) or a custom property verification function included in the DLL. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **add\_record\_message**

**Customization • Custom Record**

adds a message to the list of Windows messages.

**add\_record\_message** ( *message\_number* );

*message\_number*      The number or identifier of the Windows message.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**ascii****Standard • String**

returns the ASCII code of the first character in a string.

```
ascii ( string );
```

*string*                      A string expression.

**Return Values**

This function returns the ASCII code of the first character in the string.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **atan2**

returns the arctangent of  $y/x$ .

```
atan2 ( y, x );
```

**Standard • Arithmetic**

### **Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **button\_check\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Button Object**

checks the value of a button property.

**button\_check\_info** ( *button*, *property*, *property\_value* );

*button*                      The logical name or description of the button.

*property*                    The property to check.

*property\_value*            The property value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **button\_check\_state**

**Context Sensitive • Button Object**

checks the state of a radio or check button.

**button\_check\_state** ( *button*, *state* );

|               |                                                                                                                |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>button</i> | The logical name or description of the button.                                                                 |
| <i>state</i>  | The state of the button. The value can be 1 (ON) or 0 (OFF). A value of 2 indicates that the button is DIMMED. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **button\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Button Object**

returns the value of a button property.

**button\_get\_info** ( *button*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>button</i>    | The logical name or description of the button.                       |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **button\_get\_state**

**Context Sensitive • Button Object**

returns the state of a radio or check button.

**button\_get\_state** ( *button*, *out\_state* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>button</i>    | The logical name or description of the button.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>out_state</i> | The output variable that stores the state of the button. For check and radio buttons, the value can be 1 (ON) or 0 (OFF). A value of 2 indicates that the button is DIMMED. For push buttons, the value is 0. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **button\_press**

clicks on a push button.

**Context Sensitive • Button Object**

**button\_press** ( *button* );

*button*

The logical name or description of the button.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **button\_set**

**Context Sensitive • Button Object**

sets the state of a radio or check button.

**button\_set** ( *button*, *state* );

*button*

The logical name or description of the button.

*state*

For a check button, one of the following states can be specified: DIMMED, ON, OFF, or TOGGLE. The TOGGLE option reverses the current state between ON and OFF.

For a radio button, the state can be ON or OFF.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**button\_wait\_info****Context Sensitive • Button Object**

waits for the value of a button property.

**button\_wait\_info** ( *button*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                                    |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>button</i>   | The logical name or description of the button.                                     |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .                |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value.                                                                |
| <i>time</i>     | Indicates the maximum interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **calendar\_activate\_date**

**Context Sensitive • Calendar**

double-clicks the specified date in a calendar.

**calendar\_activate\_date** ( *calendar*, *date* );

*calendar*                      The logical name or description of the calendar.

*date*                              The date in the calendar.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for ActiveX controls.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

## calendar\_get\_selected

**Context Sensitive • Calendar**

retrieves and counts the selected dates in a calendar.

```
calendar_get_selected ( calendar, selected_dates, selected_dates_count  
    [ , selected_time ] );
```

|                             |                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>calendar</i>             | The logical name or description of the calendar.                                                           |
| <i>selected_dates</i>       | The output variable that stores the dates selected in the calendar.                                        |
| <i>selected_dates_count</i> | The output variable that stores the total number of selected dates in the calendar.                        |
| <i>selected_time</i>        | The output variable that stores the time selected. This parameter is valid for the Date Time control only. |

### Return Values

This function returns a string representing the date and an integer representing the number of dates chosen.

### Availability

This function is supported for ActiveX controls.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

## **calendar\_get\_status**

**Context Sensitive • Calendar**

retrieves the selection status.

**calendar\_get\_status** ( *calendar*, *selection\_status* );

*calendar*                      The logical name or description of the calendar.

*selection\_status*            The status of the date; it may either be valid or invalid.

Based on the validity of the date, **calendar\_get\_status** retrieves the integer 1 (valid) or 0 (invalid).

### **Return Values**

This function returns an integer, 1 or 0, based on whether or not the status is valid or invalid.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for the Date Time control only.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

**calendar\_get\_valid\_range****Context Sensitive • Calendar**

retrieves the range of allowed values for a calendar control.

```
calendar_get_valid_range ( calendar, in_range_type, allowed_min_time,  
                           allowed_max_time );
```

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>calendar</i>         | The logical name or description of the calendar.                                                                                                                   |
| <i>in_range_type</i>    | DATE_TYPE (1) minimum and maximum allowed <b>date</b> values for the control.<br><br>TIME_TYPE (0) minimum and maximum allowed <b>time</b> values for the control. |
| <i>allowed_min_time</i> | The minimum allowed date or time of the control, according to the <i>in_range_type</i> parameter.                                                                  |
| <i>allowed_max_time</i> | The maximum allowed date or time of the control, according to the <i>in_range_type</i> parameter.                                                                  |

**Return Values**

The **calendar\_get\_valid\_range** function returns two strings representing the minimum and maximum dates allowed.

**Availability**

This function is available for the Date Time and Month Calendar controls only.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

## **calendar\_select\_date**

**Context Sensitive • Calendar**

clicks the specified date in a calendar.

**calendar\_select\_date** ( *calendar*, *date* );

|                 |                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>calendar</i> | The logical name or description of the calendar.                                                                    |
| <i>date</i>     | The date is recorded in the following format:<br>DD-MMM-YYYY. Numbers as well as letters may be<br>used for months. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for ActiveX controls only.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

**calendar\_select\_range****Context Sensitive • Calendar**

selects a range of dates in the DD-MM-YYYY date format.

**calendar\_select\_range** ( *calendar*, *start\_date*, *end\_date* );

|                   |                                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <i>calendar</i>   | The logical name or description of the calendar. |
| <i>start_date</i> | The first day in the range.                      |
| <i>end_date</i>   | The last day in the range.                       |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for the Month Calendar control with the multiple selection policy only.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

## **calendar\_select\_time**

**Context Sensitive • Calendar**

when a date is recorded with a time, WinRunner records the time using this function in the HH:MM:SS time format.

**calendar\_select\_time** ( *calendar*, *time* );

*calendar*                      The logical name or description of the calendar.

*time*                              The time selected in the HH:MM:SS format.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is valid for the Date Time control only.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.



## **calendar\_set\_status**

**Context Sensitive • Calendar**

sets the selection status.

**calendar\_set\_status** ( *calendar*, *selection\_status* );

|                         |                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>calendar</i>         | The logical name or description of the calendar.                                                                                                            |
| <i>selection_status</i> | The status of the date may be valid (1) or invalid (2).<br>The valid selection status selects the check box and the invalid selection clears the check box. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is valid for the Date Time control only.

This function is available for calendars included in the Windows Common Controls (**Comctl32.dll**) collection.

**call****Standard • Call Statements**

invokes a test from within a test script.

```
call test_name ( [ parameter1, parameter2, ... parametern ] );
```

*test\_name*                      The name of the test to invoke.

*parameter*                      The parameters defined for the called test.

**Notes:**

The **call** statement is not a function. Therefore, it does not appear in the Function Generator.

You can parameterize a **call** statement using the **eval** function in order to call several tests and the relevant parameters for each within a single **call** loop. For more information, see **eval** on page 307.

You can use the **call** statement from a test to call other WinRunner tests. You can use the **call** statement from a scripted component to call other scripted components. You cannot call a scripted component from a test or vice versa. For more information on working with scripted components and business process tests, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide* and to the *Business Process Testing User's Guide*.

To call a QuickTest test from a component, use the **call\_ex** function. For more information, see page 172.

**Return Values**

The **call** statement returns an empty string, unless the called test returns an expression using **treturn** or **texit**.

**Availability**

This statement is always available.

**call\_chain\_get\_attr****Standard • Call Statements**

returns information about a test or function in the call chain.

**call\_chain\_get\_attr** ( *property*, *level*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>property</i>  | One of the properties listed in the table below.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>level</i>     | A number indicating the test or function in the call chain. 0 indicates the current test/function; 1 indicates the test/function that called the current item; 2 indicates two levels above the current item, etc. |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified <i>property</i> .                                                                                                                                       |

| Property | Description                                                             |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| testname | The name of the test/function specified by level.                       |
| line_no  | The line number where the test call statement or function call appears. |
| type     | Indicates whether the call item is a test or a function.                |
| function | If the specified call item is a function, its name.                     |

**Return Values**

This statement returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **call\_chain\_get\_depth**

**Standard • Call Statements**

returns the number of items in the call chain.

**call\_chain\_get\_depth ( );**

The **call\_chain\_get\_depth** statement returns the number of tests or functions in the current call chain.

### **Return Values**

This statement returns the number of items in the call chain, or 0 when the call chain is empty.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**call\_close****Standard • Call Statements**

invokes a test from within a script and closes the test when the test is completed.

**call\_close** *test\_name* ( [ *parameter*<sub>1</sub>, *parameter*<sub>2</sub>, ... *parameter*<sub>*n*</sub> ] );

*test\_name*                      The name of the test to invoke.

*parameter*                      The parameters defined for the called test.

---

**Note:** You can parameterize a **call\_close** statement using the **eval** function in order to call several tests and the relevant parameters for each within a single **call\_close** loop. For more information, see **eval** on page 307.

---

**Return Values**

The **call\_close** statement returns an empty string, unless the called test returns an expression using **treturn** or **textit**.

**Availability**

This statement is always available.

---

**Note:** The **call\_close** statement is not a function. Therefore, it does not appear in the Function Generator.

---

## **call\_ex**

**Standard • Call Statements**

invokes a QuickTest test from within a WinRunner test script and returns the passed or failed status of the test run.

You can use the **Unified report view** to view the details of the WinRunner and QuickTest test steps in the same test results window. To view the unified report, choose **Tools > General Options > Run** category and select **Unified report view**. For more information, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

---

### **Notes:**

Because WinRunner and QuickTest use similar technologies to run tests, corresponding add-in environments should not be loaded in both WinRunner and the called QuickTest test.

Calling QuickTest tests that contain calls to WinRunner tests is not supported.

---

`call_ex ( QT_test_path [ , run_minimized, close_QT ] );`

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>QT_test_path</i>  | The full path of the QuickTest test (in quotation marks). Alternatively you can enter a variable that has previously been defined with the full path of the test.                                                                                         |
| <i>run_minimized</i> | Indicates whether to run QuickTest minimized. This option is supported only for QuickTest 6.5 and later.<br>Possible values:<br><b>1</b> = minimized.<br><b>0</b> = restored or maximized size, depending on the size the last time WinRunner was opened. |
| <i>close_QT</i>      | Indicates whether to close QuickTest after running the test. Possible values:<br><b>1</b> = close the test after the run.<br><b>0</b> = QuickTest remains open after the run.                                                                             |

## Return Values

This function returns **0** if the QuickTest test passes and **-1** if the test runs and fails. It returns one of a list of return values for other errors. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

---

**Note:** In WinRunner 7.5, this function returned 1 if the test run passed, and 0 for any other result. If you have tests that were created in WinRunner 7.5 and use the return value of this function, you may need to modify your test to reflect the new return values.

---

## Availability

This function is always available. If QuickTest is not installed on the computer that is running the calling test, however, the statement returns an error.

**check\_window****Analog • Bitmap Checkpoint**

compares a bitmap of a window to an expected bitmap.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only. You should use the corresponding Context Sensitive **win\_check\_bitmap** and **obj\_check\_bitmap** functions.

---

**check\_window** ( *time*, *bitmap*, *window*, *width*, *height*, *x*, *y* [ , *relx<sub>1</sub>*, *rely<sub>1</sub>*, *relx<sub>2</sub>*, *rely<sub>2</sub>* ] );

|                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>time</i>                                       | Indicates the interval between the previous input event and the bitmap capture, in seconds. This interval is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option. The sum is the interval between the previous event and the bitmap capture, in seconds. |
| <i>bitmap</i>                                     | A string identifying the captured bitmap. The string length is limited to 6 characters.                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>window</i>                                     | A string indicating the name in the window banner.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>width</i> , <i>height</i>                      | The size of the window, in pixels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i>                               | The position of the upper left corner of the window (relative to the screen).<br>In the case of an MDI child window, the position is relative to the parent window.                                                                                  |
| <i>relx<sub>1</sub></i> , <i>rely<sub>1</sub></i> | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper left corner of the rectangle, relative to the upper left corner of the client window (the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> parameters).                                                                        |
| <i>relx<sub>2</sub></i> , <i>rely<sub>2</sub></i> | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the lower right corner of the rectangle, relative to the lower right corner of the client window (the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> parameters).                                                                      |



## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

The **check\_window** function is not available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers running on UNIX platforms. In this case, **check\_window** statements are treated as **wait\_window** statements.

## click

**Analog • Input Device**

inputs a mouse button click.

```
click ( mouse_button [ , time ] );
```

*mouse\_button*

The name of the mouse button to be activated. The names (Left, Right, Middle) are defined by the XR\_INP\_MKEYS system parameter in the system configuration file.

*time*

The interval that elapses before the click is entered, in seconds. The default, if no *time* is specified, is 0.

## Return Values

The return value of the function is always 0.

## Availability

This function is always available.

## click\_on\_text

**Analog • Input Device**

clicks on a string.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only. You should use the corresponding Context Sensitive `obj_click_on_text` and `win_click_on_text` functions.

---

**click\_on\_text** ( *string*,  $x_1$ ,  $y_1$ ,  $x_2$ ,  $y_2$  [ , *click\_sequence* ] );

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>         | A complete string, preceded and followed by a space outside the quotation marks. A regular expression with no blank spaces can be specified.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$  | The area of the screen to be searched, specified by the coordinates $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$ , which define any two diagonal corners of a rectangle. The interpreter searches for the text in the area defined by the rectangle.                                                                                         |
| <i>click_sequence</i> | The mouse button clicks that are part of the string's input. The mouse button input is evaluated to a string using the conventions of the click function. (For further details, see the description under click.) The default, if no <i>click_sequence</i> is specified, is a single click of the left mouse button. |

### Return Values

This function returns 0 if the text is located. If the text is not found, the function returns 1.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **compare\_text**

**Standard • String**

compares two strings.

**compare\_text** ( *str*<sub>1</sub>, *str*<sub>2</sub> [ , *chars*<sub>1</sub>, *chars*<sub>2</sub> ] );

*str*<sub>1</sub>, *str*<sub>2</sub>

The two strings to be compared.

*chars*<sub>1</sub>

One or more characters in the first string.

*chars*<sub>2</sub>

One or more characters in the second string. These characters are substituted for those in *chars*<sub>1</sub>.

### **Return Values**

This function returns the value 1 when the two strings are the same, and 0 when they are different.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**COS****Standard • Arithmetic**

calculates the cosine of an angle.

`cos ( x );`

$x$

Specifies an angle, expressed in radians.

**Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **create\_browse\_file\_dialog**

**Customization • Custom User Interface**

displays a browse dialog box from which the user selects a file.

**create\_browse\_file\_dialog** ( *filter*<sub>1</sub> [ ; *filter*<sub>2</sub>; *filter*<sub>3</sub>; ...*filter*<sub>*n*</sub> ] );

*filter*

Sets one or more filters for the files to display in the browse dialog box. You must use wildcards to display all files (\*.\*) or only selected files (\*.exe or \*.txt, etc.), even if an exact match exists. Multiple files are separated by semicolons and all the filters together are considered a single string.

### **Return Values**

This function returns a string representing the label of the selected file.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **create\_custom\_dialog**

**Customization • Custom User Interface**

creates a custom dialog box.

```
create_custom_dialog ( function_name, title, button_name, edit_name_1 [ , edit_name_2,  
                        check_name_1 [ , check_name_2 ] ] );
```

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>function_name</i> | The name of the function that is executed when you press the "execute" button.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <i>title</i>         | An expression that appears in the window banner of the dialog box.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>button_name</i>   | The label that will appear on the "execute" button. You press this button to execute the contained function.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>edit_name</i>     | The labels of the edit box(es) of the dialog box. Multiple edit box labels are separated by commas, and all the labels together are considered a single string. If the dialog box has no edit boxes, this parameter must be an empty string (empty quotation marks).           |
| <i>check_name</i>    | Contains the labels of the check boxes in the dialog box. Multiple check box labels are separated by commas, and all the labels together are considered a single string. If the dialog box has no check boxes, this parameter must be an empty string (empty quotation marks). |

### **Return Values**

This function returns a string representing the return value of the function executed when the **Execute** button is clicked and an empty string is returned when the **Cancel** button is clicked.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **create\_input\_dialog**

**Customization • Custom User Interface**

creates a dialog box with an edit box.

**create\_input\_dialog** ( *message* );

*message*

Any expression. This expression will appear in the dialog box as a single line.

### **Return Values**

This function returns a string. If no string is found or if the Cancel button is pressed within the dialog box, then the function returns NULL.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **create\_list\_dialog**

**Customization • Custom User Interface**

creates a dialog box with a list of items.

```
create_list_dialog ( title, message, item_list );
```

|                  |                                                              |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>title</i>     | The expression that appears in the banner of the dialog box. |
| <i>message</i>   | The message for the user.                                    |
| <i>item_list</i> | The items that make up the list, separated by commas.        |

### **Return Values**

This function returns a string. If no string is found or if the Cancel button is pressed within the dialog box, then this function returns NULL.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**create\_password\_dialog****Customization • Custom User Interface**

creates a password dialog box.

```
create_password_dialog ( login, password, login_out, password_out
    [ , encrypt_password ] );
```

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>login</i>            | The label of the first edit box, used for user-name input. If you specify an empty string (empty quotation marks), the default label "Login" is displayed.                                                                                                                                 |
| <i>password</i>         | The label of the second edit box, used for password input. If you specify an empty string (empty quotation marks), the default label "Password" is displayed. When the user enters input into this edit box, the characters do not appear on the screen, but are represented by asterisks. |
| <i>login_out</i>        | The name of the parameter to which the contents of the first edit box ( <i>login</i> ) are passed. Use this parameter to verify the contents of the login edit box.                                                                                                                        |
| <i>password_out</i>     | The name of the parameter to which the contents of the second edit box ( <i>password</i> ) are passed. Use this parameter to verify the contents of the password edit box.                                                                                                                 |
| <i>encrypt_password</i> | A Boolean parameter which allows the output edit field value to be encrypted. If this parameter is left blank, the default value is FALSE.                                                                                                                                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns the number 1 if the **OK** button is pressed and 0 if the **Cancel** button is pressed.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **datawindow\_button\_press**

**Context Sensitive • PowerBuilder**

presses a button in the specified DataWindow.

**datawindow\_button\_press** ( *datawindow\_name* , *button\_name* , *identifier* );

*datawindow\_name*      The logical name or description of the DataWindow object.

*button\_name*            The logical name or description of the button to press.

*identifier*              **By location** or **By content**.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available whenever the PowerBuilder Add-in is loaded.

## **datawindow\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • PowerBuilder**

retrieves the value of a DataWindow object property using the PowerBuilder engine.

**datawindow\_get\_info** ( *DataWindow\_object*, *property*, *out\_value* );

*DataWindow\_object* The logical name or description of the DataWindow object.

*property* The full property description (similar to the formats in the PowerBuilder Describe function, e.g. obj.property...).

The following properties are supported for DataWindow controls:

Border, BorderStyle, BringToTop, ClassDefinition, ControlMenu, DataObject, DragAuto, DragIcon, Enabled, Height, HscrollBar, HsplitScroll, Icon, LiveScroll, MaxBox, MinBox, Object, Resizable, RightToLeft, TabOrder, Tag, Title, TitleBar, Visible, VscrollBar, Width, X, Y.

For more information, refer to your PowerBuilder documentation.

*out\_value* The output variable that stores the value of the specified property (maximum size 2,000 characters).

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## **Availability**

This function is available whenever the PowerBuilder Add-in is loaded.

**datawindow\_text\_click****Context Sensitive • PowerBuilder**

clicks a DataWindow text object.

**datawindow\_text\_click** ( *DataWindow\_object*, *DataWindow\_text\_object* );

*DataWindow\_object*

The logical name or description of the DataWindow object.

*DataWindow\_text\_object*

The text property of the DataWindow object (and NOT the internal PowerBuilder name).

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available whenever the PowerBuilder Add-in is loaded.

## **datawindow\_text\_dbl\_click**

**Context Sensitive • PowerBuilder**

double-clicks a DataWindow text object.

**datawindow\_text\_dbl\_click** ( *DataWindow\_object*, *DataWindow\_text\_object* );

*DataWindow\_object*

The logical name or description of the DataWindow object.

*DataWindow\_text\_object*

The text property of the DataWindow object (and NOT the internal PowerBuilder name).

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available whenever the PowerBuilder Add-in is loaded.

**date\_age\_string**(formerly `Y2K_age_string`)**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

ages a date string and returns the aged date.

**date\_age\_string** ( *date*, *years*, *month*, *days*, *new\_date* );

|                 |                                                                                             |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>date</i>     | The date to age.                                                                            |
| <i>years</i>    | The number of years to age the date.                                                        |
| <i>month</i>    | The number of months to age the date.                                                       |
| <i>days</i>     | The number of days to age the date.                                                         |
| <i>new_date</i> | The new date after the date string is aged the specified number of years, months, and days. |

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if it succeeds; -1 if it fails.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**date\_align\_day**

(formerly Y2K\_align\_day)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

ages dates to a specified day of the week or type of day.

**date\_align\_day** ( *align\_mode*, *day\_in\_week* );

*align\_mode*

You can select one of the following modes:

| Mode                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NO_CHANGE            | No change is made to the aged dates.                                                                                                                                           |
| BUSINESSDAY_BACKWARD | Ages dates to the closest business day before the actual aged date. For example, if the aged date falls on Saturday, WinRunner changes the date so that it falls on Friday.    |
| BUSINESSDAY_FORWARD  | Ages dates to the closest business day after the actual aged date. For example, if the aged date falls on a Saturday, WinRunner changes the date so that it falls on a Monday. |
| DAYOFWEEK_BACKWARD   | Ages dates to the closet week day before the actual aged date. For example, if the aged date falls on a Sunday, WinRunner changes the date so that it falls on a Friday.       |
| DAYOFWEEK_FORWARD    | Ages dates to the closest week day after the actual aged date. For example, if the aged date falls on a Sunday, WinRunner changes the date so that it falls on a Monday.       |



| Mode             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SAMEDAY_BACKWARD | Ages dates to the same day of the week, occurring before the actual aged date. For example, if the original date falls on a Thursday, and the aged date falls on a Friday, WinRunner changes the date so that it falls on the Thursday before the Friday. |
| SAMEDAY_FORWARD  | Ages dates to the same day of the week, occurring after the actual aged date. For example, if the original date falls on a Thursday, and the aged date falls on a Friday, WinRunner changes the date so that it falls on the Thursday after the Friday.   |

*day\_in\_week*

A day of the week (Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, or Sunday). This parameter is only necessary when the DAYSOFWEEK\_BACKWARD or DAYSOFWEEK\_FORWARD option is specified for *align\_mode*.

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is always available.

## **date\_calc\_days\_in\_field**

(formerly Y2K\_calc\_days\_in\_field)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

calculates the number of days between two date fields.

**date\_calc\_days\_in\_field** ( *field\_name<sub>1</sub>*, *field\_name<sub>2</sub>* );

*field\_name<sub>1</sub>*            The name of the 1st date field.

*field\_name<sub>2</sub>*            The name of the 2nd date field.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**date\_calc\_days\_in\_string**(formerly `Y2K_calc_days_in_string`)**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

calculates the number of days between two numeric strings.

**date\_calc\_days\_in\_string** ( *string*<sub>1</sub>, *string*<sub>2</sub> );

*string*<sub>1</sub>                      The name of the 1st string.

*string*<sub>2</sub>                      The name of the 2nd string.

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if it succeeds; -1 if it fails.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_change\_field\_aging**

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

(formerly Y2K\_change\_field\_aging)

overrides the aging on a specified date object.

**date\_change\_field\_aging** ( *field\_name*, *aging\_type*, *days*, *months*, *years* );

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field_name</i> | The name of the date object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>aging_type</i> | The type of aging to apply to the date object:<br><br>INCREMENTAL: Ages the date a specified number of days, months, and years.<br><br>STATIC: Ages the date to a specific date, for example, "9, 2, 2005" (February 9, 2005). Note that the year must be in YYYY format.<br><br>DEFAULT_AGING: Ages the date using the default aging applied to the entire test, and ignores the days, months, and years parameters. |
| <i>days</i>       | The number of days to increment the test script.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>months</i>     | The number of months to age the test script.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>years</i>      | The number of years to age the test script.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_change\_original\_new\_formats** Context Sensitive • Date Operations (formerly Y2K\_change\_original\_new\_formats)

overrides the automatic date format for an object.

```
date_change_original_new_formats ( object_name, original_format, new_format  
[ , TRUE|FALSE ] );
```

|                        |                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object_name</i>     | The name of the object.                                                                                                                          |
| <i>original_format</i> | The original date format used to identify the object.                                                                                            |
| <i>new_format</i>      | The new date format used to identify the object.                                                                                                 |
| TRUE FALSE             | TRUE tells WinRunner to use the original date format.<br>FALSE (default) tells WinRunner to use the new date format. This parameter is optional. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_disable\_format**

(formerly Y2K\_disable\_format)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

disables a date format.

**date\_disable\_format** ( *format* );

*format*

The name of a date format or "ALL" to choose all formats.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**date\_enable\_format**

(formerly Y2K\_enable\_format)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

enables a date format.

**date\_enable\_format** ( *format* );

*format*

The name of a date format.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_field\_to\_Julian**

(formerly `Y2K_field_to_Julian`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

translates a date field to a Julian number.

**date\_field\_to\_Julian** ( *date\_field* );

*date\_field*                      The name of the date field.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **date\_is\_field**

(formerly `Y2K_is_date_field`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

determines whether a field contains a valid date.

**date\_is\_field** ( *field\_name*, *min\_year*, *max\_year* );

*field\_name*                      The name of the field containing the date.

*min\_year*                        Determines the minimum year allowed.

*max\_year*                        Determines the maximum year allowed.

### **Return Values**

This function returns 1 if the field contains a valid date and 0 if the field does not contain a valid date.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_is\_leap\_year**

(formerly Y2K\_is\_leap\_year)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

determines whether a year is a leap year.

**date\_is\_leap\_year** ( *year* );

*year*

A year, for example "1998".

### **Return Values**

This function returns 1 if a year is a leap year, or 0 if it is not.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_is\_string**

(formerly `Y2K_is_date_string`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

determines whether a string contains a valid date.

**date\_is\_string** ( *string*, *min\_year*, *max\_year* );

*string*                      The numeric string containing the date.

*min\_year*                    Determines the minimum year allowed.

*max\_year*                    Determines the maximum year allowed.

### **Return Values**

This function returns 1 if the string contains a valid date and 0 if the string does not contain a valid date.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_leading\_zero**

(formerly Y2K\_leading\_zero)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

determines whether to add a zero before single-digit numbers when aging and translating dates.

**date\_leading\_zero** ( *mode* );

*mode*

One of two modes can be specified: ON or OFF.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_month\_language**

(formerly `Y2K_month_language`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

sets the language used for month names.

**date\_month\_language** ( *language* );

*language*                      The language used for month names.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_set\_aging**

(formerly Y2K\_set\_aging)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

sets aging in the test script.

**date\_set\_aging** ( *format*, *aging\_type*, *days*, *months*, *years* );

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>format</i>     | The date format to which aging is applied (default is ALL).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>aging_type</i> | The type of aging to apply to the test script:<br><br>INCREMENTAL: Ages the test script a specified number of days, months, and years.<br><br>STATIC: Ages the test script to a specific date, for example, "9, 2, 2005" (February 9, 2005).<br><br>DEFAULT_AGING: Ages the test script using the default aging applied to the entire test, and ignores the days, months, and years parameters. |
| <i>days</i>       | The number of days to increment the test script.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>months</i>     | The number of months to age the test script.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>years</i>      | The number of years to age the test script.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_set\_run\_mode**

(formerly `Y2K_set_replay_mode`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

sets the Date Operations run mode in the test script.

**date\_set\_run\_mode** ( *mode* );

*mode*

The Date Operations run mode. Use one of the following modes:

**NO\_CHANGE**: No change is made to objects containing dates during the test run.

**AGE**: Performs aging during the test run.

**TRANSLATE**: Translates dates to the new date format.

**TRANSLATE\_AND\_AGE**: Translates date formats and performs aging.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_set\_system\_date**

(formerly Y2K\_set\_system\_date)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

sets the system date and time.

**date\_set\_system\_date** ( *year*, *month*, *day* [ , *hour*, *minute*, *second* ] );

|               |                                           |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <i>year</i>   | The year, for example, "2005".            |
| <i>month</i>  | The month, for example, "8" (August).     |
| <i>day</i>    | The day, for example, "15".               |
| <i>hour</i>   | The hour, for example, "2". (optional)    |
| <i>minute</i> | The minute, for example, "15". (optional) |
| <i>second</i> | The second, for example, "30". (optional) |

### **Return Values**

This function always returns 0.



## **date\_set\_year\_limits**

(formerly `Y2K_set_year_limits`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

sets the minimum and maximum years valid for date verification and aging.

`date_set_year_limits ( min_year, max_year );`

*min\_year*                      The minimum year to be used during date verification and aging.

*max\_year*                      The maximum year to be used during date verification and aging.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_set\_year\_threshold**

(formerly Y2K\_set\_year\_threshold)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

sets the year threshold.

**date\_set\_year\_threshold** ( *number* );

*number*

The threshold number.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_string\_to\_Julian**

(formerly `Y2K_string_to_Julian`)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

translates a string to a Julian number.

`date_string_to_Julian ( string );`

*string*

The numeric date string.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **date\_type\_mode**

(formerly Y2K\_type\_mode)

**Context Sensitive • Date Operations**

disables overriding of automatic date recognition for all date objects in a GUI application.

**date\_type\_mode** ( *mode* );

*mode*

The type mode. Use one of the following modes:

DISABLE\_OVERRIDE: Disables all overrides on date objects.

ENABLE\_OVERRIDE: Enables all overrides on date objects.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**db\_check****Context Sensitive • Database**

compares current database data to expected database data. A **db\_check** statement (containing the first two parameters only) is inserted into your script when you create a database checkpoint.

**db\_check** ( *checklist*, *expected\_results\_file* [ , *max\_rows* [ , *parameter\_array* ] ] );

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>checklist</i>             | The name of the checklist specifying the checks to perform.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>expected_results_file</i> | The name of the file storing the expected database data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>max_rows</i>              | The maximum number of rows retrieved in a database. If no maximum is specified, then by default the number of rows is not limited. If you change this parameter in a <b>db_check</b> statement recorded in your test script, you must run the test in Update mode before you run it in Verify mode. |
| <i>parameter_array</i>       | The array of parameters for the SQL statement. For information on working with this advanced feature, refer to the “Checking Databases” chapter in the <i>WinRunner User’s Guide</i> .                                                                                                              |

---

**Note:** SQL queries used with **db\_check** are limited to 4Kb in length.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **db\_connect**

**Context Sensitive • Database**

creates a new database session and establishes a connection to an ODBC database.

**db\_connect** ( *session\_name*, *connection\_string* [,*timeout*]);

|                          |                                                           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i>      | The logical name or description of the database session.  |
| <i>connection_string</i> | The connection parameters to the ODBC database.           |
| <i>timeout</i>           | The number of seconds before the login attempt times out. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**db\_disconnect****Context Sensitive • Database**

disconnects from the database and ends the database session.

**db\_disconnect** ( *session\_name* );

*session\_name*            The logical name or description of the database session.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **db\_dj\_convert**

**Context Sensitive • Database**

runs a Data Junction export file (\*.djs file).

```
db_dj_convert ( djs_file [ , output_file [ , headers [ , record_limit ] ] ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>djs_file</i>     | The Data Junction export file.                                                                                    |
| <i>output_file</i>  | An optional parameter to override the name of the target file.                                                    |
| <i>headers</i>      | An optional Boolean parameter that will include or exclude the column headers from the Data Junction export file. |
| <i>record_limit</i> | The maximum number of records that will be converted.                                                             |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is only available for users working with Data Junction.



**db\_execute\_query****Context Sensitive • Database**

executes the query based on the SQL statement and creates a record set.

**db\_execute\_query** ( *session\_name*, *SQL*, *record\_number* );

|                      |                                                                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i>  | The logical name or description of the database session.              |
| <i>SQL</i>           | The SQL statement.                                                    |
| <i>record_number</i> | An out parameter returning the number of records in the result query. |

For information on this advanced feature, refer to the “Checking Databases” chapter in the *WinRunner User’s Guide*.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **db\_get\_field\_value**

**Context Sensitive • Database**

returns the value of a single field in the database.

**db\_get\_field\_value** ( *session\_name*, *row\_index*, *column* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i> | The logical name or description of the database session.                                                                                |
| <i>row_index</i>    | The numeric index of the row. (The first row is always numbered “#0”.)                                                                  |
| <i>column</i>       | The name of the field in the column or the numeric index of the column within the database. (The first column is always numbered “#0”.) |

### **Return Values**

In case of an error, an empty string will be returned. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **db\_get\_headers**

**Context Sensitive • Database**

returns the number of column headers in a query and the content of the column headers, concatenated and delimited by tabs.

**db\_get\_headers** ( *session\_name*, *header\_count*, *header\_content* );

|                       |                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i>   | The logical name or description of the database session.                                                                  |
| <i>header_count</i>   | The number of column headers in the query.                                                                                |
| <i>header_content</i> | The column headers concatenated and delimited by tabs. Note that if this string exceeds 1024 characters, it is truncated. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **db\_get\_last\_error**

**Context Sensitive • Database**

returns the last error message of the last ODBC or Data Junction operation.

**db\_get\_last\_error** ( *session\_name*, *error* );

|                     |                                                          |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i> | The logical name or description of the database session. |
| <i>error</i>        | The error message.                                       |

---

**Note:** When working with Data Junction, the *session\_name* parameter is ignored.

---

### **Return Values**

If there is no error message, an empty string will be returned.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**db\_get\_row****Context Sensitive • Database**

returns the content of the row, concatenated and delimited by tabs.

**db\_get\_row** ( *session\_name*, *row\_index*, *row\_content* );

|                     |                                                                             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i> | The logical name or description of the database session.                    |
| <i>row_index</i>    | The numeric index of the row. (The first row is always numbered “0”.)       |
| <i>row_content</i>  | The row content as a concatenation of the fields values, delimited by tabs. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**db\_record\_check****Context Sensitive • Database**

compares information that appears in the application under test during a test run with the current values in the corresponding record(s) in your database. You insert **db\_record\_check** statements by using the Runtime Record Verification wizard. For more information, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

**db\_record\_check** ( *ChecklistFileName* , *SuccessConditions* , *RecordNumber* [, *Timeout*]);

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>ChecklistFileName</i> | A file created by WinRunner and saved in the test's checklist folder. The file contains information about the data to be captured during the test run and its corresponding field in the database. The file is created based on the information entered in the Runtime Record Verification wizard.                                                        |
| <i>SuccessConditions</i> | Contains one of the following values:<br><br><b>DVR_ONE_OR_MORE_MATCH</b> - The checkpoint passes if one or more matching database records are found.<br><br><b>DVR_ONE_MATCH</b> - The checkpoint passes if exactly one matching database record is found.<br><br><b>DVR_NO_MATCH</b> - The checkpoint passes if no matching database records are found. |
| <i>RecordNumber</i>      | An out parameter returning the number of records in the database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>Timeout</i>           | The number of seconds before the query attempt times out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**db\_write\_records****Context Sensitive • Database**

writes the record set into a text file delimited by tabs.

```
db_write_records ( session_name, output_file [ , headers [ , record_limit ] ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>session_name</i> | The logical name or description of the database session.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>output_file</i>  | The name of the text file in which the record set is written.                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>headers</i>      | An optional Boolean parameter that will include or exclude the column headers from the record set written into the text file.                                                                             |
| <i>record_limit</i> | The maximum number of records in the record set to be written into the text file. A value of NO_LIMIT (the default value) indicates there is no maximum limit to the number of records in the record set. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128 and “Return Values for Database Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **dbl\_click**

**Analog • Input Device**

double-clicks a mouse button.

**dbl\_click** ( *mouse\_button* [ , *time* ] );

*mouse\_button*      The mouse button to activate. The names ("Left," "Right," "Middle") are defined by the `XR_INP_MKEYS` system parameter in the system configuration file.

*time*                The interval that elapses before the click is entered, in seconds. The default, if no *time* is specified, is 0.

### **Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **ddt\_close**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

closes a data table file.

**ddt\_close** ( *data\_table\_name* );

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>data_table_name</i> | The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Note:** **ddt\_close** does NOT save changes to the data table. If you make any changes to the data table, you must use the **ddt\_save** function to save your changes before using **ddt\_close** to close the table.

---

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_close\_all\_tables**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

closes all open tables in all open tests.

```
ddt_close_all_tables();
```

---

### **Notes:**

This close function includes any tables that are open in the table editor, tables that were opened using the **ddt\_open** or **ddt\_show** functions or using the DataDriven Tests Wizard.

Note that this function does not save changes made to the data table(s). Use the **ddt\_save** function to save changes before closing any data tables.

---

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_export**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

exports the information of one data table file into a different data table file.

**ddt\_export** ( *data\_table\_filename<sub>1</sub>*, *data\_table\_filename<sub>2</sub>* );

|                                        |                                      |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <i>data_table_filename<sub>1</sub></i> | The source data table filename.      |
| <i>data_table_filename<sub>2</sub></i> | The destination data table filename. |

---

**Note:** You must use a **ddt\_open** statement to open the source data table before you can use any other **ddt\_** functions.

---

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_get\_current\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

retrieves the active row of a data table.

**ddt\_get\_current\_row** ( *data\_table\_name*, *out\_row* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. This row is labeled row 0.

*out\_row*                The output variable that stores the active row in the data table.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_get\_parameters**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

returns a list of all parameters in a data table.

**ddt\_get\_parameters** ( *table*, *params\_list*, *params\_num* );

|                    |                                                                                             |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>       | The pathname of the data table.                                                             |
| <i>params_list</i> | This out parameter returns the list of all parameters in the data table, separated by tabs. |
| <i>params_num</i>  | This out parameter returns the number of parameters in <i>params_list</i> .                 |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_get\_row\_count**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

retrieves the number of rows in a data table.

**ddt\_get\_row\_count** ( *data\_table\_name*, *out\_rows\_count* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters.

*out\_rows\_count*      The output variable that stores the total number of rows in the data table.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_is\_parameter****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

returns whether a parameter in a data table is valid.

**ddt\_is\_parameter** ( *data\_table\_name*, *parameter* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table.

*parameter*              The parameter name to check in the data table.

**Return Values**

This functions returns TRUE when rc=0. The function returns FALSE in all other cases.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_next\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

changes the active row in a data table to the next row.

**ddt\_next\_row** ( *data\_table\_name* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters.

### **Return Values**

If the active row is the last row in a data table, then the E\_OUT\_OF\_RANGE value is returned.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**ddt\_open****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

creates or opens a data table file so that WinRunner can access it.

```
ddt_open ( data_table_name [ , mode ] );
```

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>data_table_name</i> | The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. This row is labeled row 0. |
| <i>mode</i>            | The mode for opening the data table:<br>DDT_MODE_READ (read-only) or<br>DDT_MODE_READWRITE (read or write).<br><br>When the mode is not specified, the default mode is DDT_MODE_READ.                                                                             |

---

**Note:** If you make any changes to the data table, you must use the **ddt\_save** function to save your changes before using **ddt\_close** to close the table.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_report\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

reports the active row in a data table to the test results.

**ddt\_report\_row** ( *data\_table\_name* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. This row is labeled row 0.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_save****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

saves the information in a data table.

**ddt\_save** ( *data\_table\_name* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_set\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

sets the active row in a data table.

**ddt\_set\_row** ( *data\_table\_name*, *row* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. This row is labeled row 0.

*row*                      The new active row in the data table.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_set\_val****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

sets a value in the current row of the data table.

**ddt\_set\_val** ( *data\_table\_name*, *parameter*, *value* );

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>data_table_name</i> | The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. This row is labeled row 0. |
| <i>parameter</i>       | The name of the column into which the value will be inserted.                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>value</i>           | The value to be written into the table.                                                                                                                                                           |

**Notes:**

You can only use this function if the data table was opened in DDT\_MODE\_READWRITE (read or write mode).

To save the new or modified contents of the table, add a **ddt\_save** statement after the **ddt\_set\_val** statement. At the end of your test, use a **ddt\_close** statement to close the table.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_set\_val\_by\_row****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

sets a value in a specified row of the data table.

**ddt\_set\_val\_by\_row** ( *data\_table\_name*, *row*, *parameter*, *value* );

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>data_table_name</i> | The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. This row is labeled row 0. |
| <i>row</i>             | The row number in the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>parameter</i>       | The name of the column into which the value will be inserted.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>value</i>           | The value to be written into the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**Notes:**

You can only use this function if the data table was opened in DDT\_MODE\_READWRITE (read or write mode).

To save the new or modified contents of the table, add a **ddt\_save** statement after the **ddt\_set\_val** statement. At the end of your test, use a **ddt\_close** statement to close the table.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_show**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

shows or hides the table editor of a specified data table.

**ddt\_show** ( *data\_table\_name*, *show\_flag* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table.

*show\_flag*              The value indicating whether the editor is to be shown. The *show\_flag* value is 1 if the table editor is to be shown and is 0 if the table editor is to be hidden.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_sort****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

sorts the specified data table cells according to up to 3 keys.

```
ddt_sort ( table_file, row1, col1, row2, col2, sort_by_rows, key1 [ , key2, key3 ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table_file</i>   | The data table file name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>row1</i>         | The row number of the top, left cell.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>col1</i>         | The column number of the top, left cell.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>row2</i>         | The row number of the bottom, right cell.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>col2</i>         | The column number of the bottom, right cell.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>sort_by_rows</i> | The sort method: by row or by column. If the data is sorted by rows, each row of data in the specified range is considered a record and sorted together. If data is sorted by columns, each column in the specified range is considered a record. Enter 1 for row and 0 for column.                                                               |
| <i>key1</i>         | The primary key. When sorting by rows, the key is the column number. When sorting by columns, the key is the row number. Use a positive number to define an ascending key; use a negative number to define a descending key. For example, to specify the second column in the selected range as a primary, descending key, enter -2 for key1.     |
| <i>key2</i>         | The secondary key. When sorting by rows, the key is the column number. When sorting by columns, the key is the row number. Use a positive number to define an ascending key; use a negative number to define a descending key. For example, to specify the second column in the selected range as a secondary, descending key, enter -2 for key2. |
| <i>key3</i>         | The third key. When sorting by rows, the key is the column number. When sorting by columns, the key is the row number. Use a positive number to define an ascending key; use a negative number to define a descending key. For example, to specify the second column in the selected range as a third, descending key, enter -2 for key3.         |



## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_update\_from\_db****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

imports data from a database into a data table.

```
ddt_update_from_db ( data_table_name, file, out_row_count [ , max_rows, timeout ] );
```

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>data_table_name</i> | The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. |
| <i>file</i>            | Either an *.sql file containing an ODBC query or a *.djs file containing a conversion defined by Data Junction.                                                        |
| <i>out_row_count</i>   | An out parameter containing the number of rows retrieved from the data table.                                                                                          |
| <i>max_rows</i>        | An in parameter specifying the maximum number of rows to be retrieved from a database. If no maximum is specified, then by default the number of rows is not limited.  |
| <i>timeout</i>         | The number of seconds before the query attempt times out.                                                                                                              |

---

**Note:** You must use a **ddt\_open** statement to open the data table in READWRITE mode before you can use this function.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**ddt\_val****Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

returns the value of a parameter in the active row in a data table.

**ddt\_val** ( *data\_table\_name*, *parameter* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters.

*parameter*              The name of the parameter in the data table.

**Return Values**

This functions returns the value of a parameter in the active row in a data table.

In the case of an error, this function returns an empty string.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **ddt\_val\_by\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Data-Driven Test**

returns the value of a parameter in the specified row in a data table.

**ddt\_val\_by\_row** ( *data\_table\_name*, *row\_number*, *parameter* );

*data\_table\_name*      The name of the data table. The name may be the table variable name, the Microsoft Excel file or a tabbed text file name, or the full path and file name of the table. The first row in the file contains the names of the parameters. This row is labeled row 0.

*row\_number*            The number of the row in the data table.

*parameter*             The name of the parameter in the data table.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **declare\_rendezvous**

**Standard • Load Testing**

declares a rendezvous.

```
declare_rendezvous ( rendezvous_name );
```

*rendezvous\_name*      The name of the rendezvous. This must be a string constant and not a variable or an expression. The *rendezvous\_name* can be a maximum of 128 characters. It cannot contain any spaces.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Users only.

## **declare\_transaction**

**Standard • Load Testing**

declares a transaction.

This function is most useful for LoadRunner GUI Vusers.

You can also insert an `end_transaction` statement by choosing **Insert > Transactions > Declare Transaction**.

**declare\_transaction** ( *transaction\_name* );

*transaction\_name*      The name of the transaction. This must be a string constant and not a variable or an expression. The *transaction\_name* can be a maximum of 128 characters. It cannot contain any spaces. The first character cannot be number.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**define\_object\_exception****Standard • Exception Handling**

defines a simple recovery scenario for an object exception event.

```
define_object_exception ( recovery_scenario_name, function, window, object, property
    [ , value ] );
```

|                               |                                                                         |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>recovery_scenario_name</i> | The name of the recovery scenario. The name cannot contain any spaces.  |
| <i>function</i>               | The name of the recovery function to perform when the event occurs.     |
| <i>window</i>                 | The logical name or description of the window.                          |
| <i>object</i>                 | The logical name or description of the object.                          |
| <i>property</i>               | The object property that triggers the exception when its value changes. |
| <i>value</i>                  | The value of the object property to detect.                             |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**define\_popup\_exception****Standard • Exception Handling**

defines a simple recovery scenario for a pop-up exception event.

**define\_popup\_exception** ( *recovery\_scenario\_name*, *function*, *window* );

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>recovery_scenario_name</i> | The name of the recovery scenario. The name cannot contain any spaces.                                                                                                               |
| <i>function</i>               | The name of the recovery function to perform when the event occurs. The function can be a built-in function or a user-defined function. For a list of built-in functions, see below. |
| <i>window</i>                 | The name of the pop-up window.                                                                                                                                                       |

| Built-In Recovery Function | Description                                                                           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>win_press_cancel</b>    | Clicks the Cancel button in the window.                                               |
| <b>win_press_ok</b>        | Clicks the OK button in the window.                                                   |
| <b>win_press_return</b>    | Presses the Return key (the equivalent of clicking the default button in the window). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.



**define\_tsl\_exception****Standard • Exception Handling**

defines a simple recovery scenario for a a TSL exception event.

```
define_tsl_exception ( recovery_scenario_name, function, return_code [ , TSL_function ] );
```

|                               |                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>recovery_scenario_name</i> | The name of the recovery scenario. The name cannot contain any spaces.                                                                 |
| <i>function</i>               | The name of the recovery function to perform when the event occurs.                                                                    |
| <i>return_code</i>            | The return code to detect. To detect any return code with a value less than zero, you can set E_ANY_ERROR as the argument.             |
| <i>TSL_function</i>           | The TSL function to monitor. If no TSL function is specified, WinRunner performs the specified recovery function for any TSL function. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## delete

**Standard • Array**

removes an element from an array or removes the entire array.

**delete** *array* [ *subscript* ];

*array*

The array from which the element is deleted.

*subscript*

An expression that specifies the subscript of the array element to delete. Enter empty brackets ( [ ] ) to remove the entire array.

## Return Values

This function always returns an empty string.

## Availability

This function is always available.

**delete\_record\_attr****Customization • Custom Record**

removes a custom property that was registered using **add\_record\_attr**.

```
delete_record_attr ( attr_name [ , dll_name, query_func_name, verify_func_name ] );
```

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>attr_name</i>        | The name of the custom property to remove. Note that you cannot remove any standard WinRunner properties.                                                                                                                                                 |
| <i>dll_name</i>         | The full path of the DLL (Dynamic Link Library) in which the query and verify functions are defined.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>query_func_name</i>  | The name of the user-defined query function that was called by the <b>add_record_attr</b> statement which registered the custom property.                                                                                                                 |
| <i>verify_func_name</i> | The name of the verify function that was called by the <b>add_record_attr</b> statement which registered the custom property (either a WinRunner standard property verification function or a custom property verification function included in the DLL). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **desktop\_capture\_bitmap**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

captures a bitmap of the entire desktop or of a selected area of the desktop.

**desktop\_capture\_bitmap** (*image\_name* [, *x*, *y*, *width*, *height*]);

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>image_name</i>    | The file name for the bitmap to save. Do not enter a file path or a file extension. The bitmap is automatically stored with a <i>.bmp</i> extension in a subfolder of the test results folder. For example: <i>..\MyTest\res1\MyTest\whole_desktop1.bmp</i> . Each image name is assigned a numbered suffix to ensure that the file name is unique in the folder. |
| <i>x, y</i>          | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper-left corner of the area to capture.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>width, height</i> | For an area bitmap: the size of the selected area, in pixels                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **dlph\_edit\_set**

**Context Sensitive • Delphi**

replaces the entire contents of a Delphi edit object.

**dlph\_edit\_set** ( *edit*, *text* );

|             |                                                            |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i> | The logical name or description of the Delphi edit object. |
| <i>text</i> | The new contents of the Delphi edit object.                |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Delphi support.

## **dlph\_list\_select\_item**

**Context Sensitive • Delphi**

selects a Delphi list item.

**dlph\_list\_select\_item** ( *list*, *item* );

*list*                                      The logical name or description of the Delphi list.

*item*                                        The item to select in the Delphi list.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Delphi support.

## **dlph\_obj\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Delphi**

retrieves the value of a Delphi object.

**dlph\_obj\_get\_info** ( *name*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                       |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>name</i>      | The logical name or description of the Delphi object. |
| <i>property</i>  | Any property associated with the Delphi object.       |
| <i>out_value</i> | The value of the property.                            |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Delphi support.

## **dlph\_obj\_set\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Delphi**

sets the value of a Delphi object.

**dlph\_obj\_set\_info** ( *name*, *property*, *in\_value* );

|                 |                                                       |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>name</i>     | The logical name or description of the Delphi object. |
| <i>property</i> | Any property associated with the Delphi object.       |
| <i>in_value</i> | The new value of the Delphi property.                 |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Delphi support.



## **dlph\_panel\_button\_press**

**Context Sensitive • Delphi**

clicks a button within a Delphi panel.

**dlph\_panel\_button\_press** ( *panel*, *button*, *x*, *y* );

|               |                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>panel</i>  | The object.                                                                                                                          |
| <i>button</i> | The Delphi name.                                                                                                                     |
| <i>x, y</i>   | The location that is pressed on the button, expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates, relative to the top left corner of the button. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Delphi support.

## **dos\_system**

**Standard • Operating System**

executes a DOS system command from within a WinRunner test script.

**dos\_system** ( *expression* );

*expression*                      A string expression specifying the system command to be executed.

---

**Note:** When using MS-DOS Prompt (Windows 98), or command.com (Windows NT), then the expression in `dos_system` is limited to 127 characters. When using Command Prompt (Windows NT), the expression can hold more characters.

If the limitation is problematic, try to use shorter commands and split long commands into shorter ones. For example, if you want to copy file1 to file2 and both files have very long names, instead of using `dos_system("copy file1 file2")` use a third file with a shorter name (e.g. tmpfile) in the following commands:

```
dos_system("copy file1 tmpfile");  
dos_system("copy tmpfile file2");
```

---

## **Return Values**

The return value of the function is the return value of the DOS system command that was executed.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only. To execute Windows executables, use **invoke\_application**. To execute UNIX system commands, use **system**. To execute OS2 commands, use **os2\_system**.

**edit\_activate****Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

double-clicks an object in an Oracle, Java, or Oracle Developer 2000 application.

**edit\_activate** ( *object* );

*object*

The logical name or description of the object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Oracle, Java, and Oracle Developer 2000 Add-in support.

## **edit\_check\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

checks the value of an edit object property.

**edit\_check\_info** ( *edit*, *property*, *property\_value* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*property*                The property to check.

*property\_value*        The property value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_check\_selection**

checks that a string is selected.

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

**edit\_check\_selection** ( *edit*, *selected\_string* );

|                        |                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>            | The logical name or description of the edit object.                                                                                       |
| <i>selected_string</i> | The selected string. The string is limited to 256 characters. It cannot be evaluated automatically when used with the Function Generator. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_check\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

checks the contents of an edit object.

**edit\_check\_text** ( *edit*, *text*, *case\_sensitive* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*text*                      The contents of the edit object (up to 256 characters).

*case\_sensitive*        Indicates whether the comparison is case sensitive.  
This value is either TRUE or FALSE.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_delete**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

deletes the contents of an edit object.

**edit\_delete** ( *edit*, *start\_column*, *end\_column* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>         | The logical name or description of the edit object.                                                                                                           |
| <i>start_column</i> | The column at which the text starts.                                                                                                                          |
| <i>end_column</i>   | The column at which the text ends. Note that if this is greater than the last column of the first line, then part of the following line will also be deleted. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_delete\_block**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

deletes a text block from an edit object.

**edit\_delete\_block** ( *edit*, *start\_row*, *start\_column*, *end\_row*, *end\_column* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*start\_row*                The row at which the text block starts.

*start\_column*            The column at which the text block starts.

*end\_row*                    The row at which the text block ends.

*end\_column*              The column at which the text block ends.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**edit\_get\_block****Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

returns block of text in an edit object.

```
edit_get_block ( edit, start_row, start_column, end_row, end_column, out_string );
```

|                     |                                                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <i>editv</i>        | The logical name or description of the edit object. |
| <i>start_row</i>    | The row at which the text block starts.             |
| <i>start_column</i> | The column at which the text block starts.          |
| <i>end_row</i>      | The row at which the text block ends.               |
| <i>end_column</i>   | The column at which the text block ends.            |
| <i>out_string</i>   | The output variable that stores the text string.    |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

returns the value of an edit object property.

**edit\_get\_info** ( *edit*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>      | The logical name or description of the edit object.                  |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_get\_row\_length**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

returns the length of a row in an edit object.

**edit\_get\_row\_length** ( *edit*, *row*, *out\_length* );

|                   |                                                                      |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>       | The logical name or description of the edit object.                  |
| <i>row</i>        | The row to measure.                                                  |
| <i>out_length</i> | The output variable that stores the number of characters in the row. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_get\_rows\_count**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

returns the number of rows written in an edit object.

**edit\_get\_rows\_count** ( *edit*, *out\_number* );

*edit*                                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*out\_number*                              The output variable that stores the number of rows written in the edit object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_get\_selection**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

returns the selected string in an edit object.

**edit\_get\_selection** ( *edit*, *out\_string* );

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>       | The logical name or description of the edit object.                                                                                                                       |
| <i>out_string</i> | The output variable that stores the selected string. The string is limited to 256 characters. It cannot be evaluated automatically when used with the Function Generator. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_get\_selection\_pos**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

returns the position at which the selected block starts and ends.

```
edit_get_selection_pos ( edit, out_start_row, out_start_column, out_end_row,  
                        out_end_column );
```

|                         |                                                                                 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>             | The logical name or description of the edit object.                             |
| <i>out_start_row</i>    | The output variable which stores the row at which the selected block starts.    |
| <i>out_start_column</i> | The output variable which stores the column at which the selected block starts. |
| <i>out_end_row</i>      | The output variable which stores the row at which the selected block ends.      |
| <i>out_end_column</i>   | The output variable which stores the column at which the selected block ends.   |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_get\_text**

returns the text in an edit object.

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

**edit\_get\_text** ( *edit*, *out\_string* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*out\_string*              The output variable that stores the string found in the edit object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_insert**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

inserts text in the first line of an edit object.

**edit\_insert** ( *edit*, *text*, *column* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*text*                      The text to be inserted in the edit object.

*column*                  The column at which the insertion is made.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **edit\_insert\_block**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

inserts text in a multi-line edit object.

**edit\_insert\_block** ( *edit*, *text*, *row*, *column* );

|               |                                                     |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>   | The logical name or description of the edit object. |
| <i>text</i>   | The text to be inserted in the edit object.         |
| <i>row</i>    | The row at which the insertion is made.             |
| <i>column</i> | The column at which the insertion is made.          |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_replace**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

replaces the contents of an edit object.

**edit\_replace** ( *edit*, *text*, *start\_column*, *end\_column* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*text*                      The new contents of the edit object.

*start\_column*            The column at which the text block starts.

*end\_column*             The column at which the text block ends.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**edit\_replace\_block****Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

replaces a block of text in an edit object.

**edit\_replace\_block** ( *edit*, *text*, *start\_row*, *start\_column*, *end\_row*, *end\_column* );

|                     |                                                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>         | The logical name or description of the edit object. |
| <i>text</i>         | The new contents of the edit object.                |
| <i>start_row</i>    | The row at which the text block starts.             |
| <i>start_column</i> | The column at which the text block starts.          |
| <i>end_row</i>      | The row at which the text block ends.               |
| <i>end_column</i>   | The column at which the text block ends.            |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_set**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

replaces the entire contents of an edit object.

**edit\_set** ( *edit*, *text* );

*edit*                      The logical name or description of the edit object.

*text*                      The new contents of the edit object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**edit\_set\_focus****Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

focuses on an object in an Oracle, Java, or Oracle Developer application.

**edit\_set\_focus** ( *object* );

*object*

The logical name or description of the object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Oracle, Java, and Oracle Developer 2000 Add-in support.

## **edit\_set\_insert\_pos**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

places the cursor at a specified point in an edit object.

**edit\_set\_insert\_pos** ( *edit*, *row*, *column* );

|               |                                                             |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>   | The logical name or description of the edit object.         |
| <i>row</i>    | The row position at which the insertion point is placed.    |
| <i>column</i> | The column position at which the insertion point is placed. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**edit\_set\_selection**

selects text in an edit object.

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

**edit\_set\_selection** ( *edit*, *start\_row*, *start\_column*, *end\_row*, *end\_column* );

|                     |                                                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>         | The logical name or description of the edit object. |
| <i>start_row</i>    | The row at which the selection starts.              |
| <i>start_column</i> | The column at which the selection starts.           |
| <i>end_row</i>      | The row at which the selection ends.                |
| <i>end_column</i>   | The column at which the selection ends.             |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **edit\_type**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

types a string in an edit object.

**edit\_type** ( *edit*, *text* );

*edit*

The logical name or description of the edit object.

*text*

The string to type into the edit object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **edit\_wait\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Edit Object**

waits for the value of an edit object property.

**edit\_wait\_info** ( *edit*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                          |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>edit</i>     | The logical name or description of the edit object.                      |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .      |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value.                                                      |
| <i>time</i>     | The maximum amount of time the test will wait before resuming execution. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **email\_send\_msg**

**Standard • Miscellaneous**

sends an e-mail to one or more recipients.

---

### **Notes:**

You must configure the e-mail settings in the **Notifications > E-mail** category of the General Options dialog box before you can run the **email\_send\_msg** function.

You can also instruct WinRunner to send an e-mail to specified recipients every time a checkpoint fails, every time a test fails and/or to e-mail a text version of the test results after every test run from the **Notifications** category of the General Options dialog box.

---

**email\_send\_msg** (*recipients*, *subject*, *message* [, *type*]);

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>recipients</i> | The list of e-mail addresses to which you want to send the e-mail. Separate multiple recipients with a semicolon (;).<br><br>Note that some mail servers (such as Microsoft Exchange, if configured to do so) prevent mail clients other than Microsoft Outlook to send e-mail outside the organization. If the outgoing mail server you specified in the <b>E-mail</b> category of the General Options dialog box has configured such a limitation, confirm that you only specify e-mail addresses with a domain name that matches your e-mail server's domain name. If you specify external recipients, the WinRunner mail client sends the e-mail message to the mail server, but the mail server will not send the message to the recipients. In most cases, the e-mail server does not send an error message to the sender in these situations. |
| <i>subject</i>    | The subject line of the e-mail message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>message</i>    | The body of the e-mail message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>type</i>       | Indicates whether the message will be sent as plain text or HTML format. Possible values: <b>TEXT_FORMAT</b> or <b>HTML_FORMAT</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is always available.

## **end\_transaction**

**Standard • Load Testing**

marks the end of a transaction for performance analysis.

This function is most useful for LoadRunner GUI Users.

You can also insert an `end_transaction` statement by choosing:

**Insert > Transactions > End Transaction.**

**end\_transaction** ( *transaction* [ , *status* ] );

|                    |                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>transaction</i> | A string, with no spaces, naming the transaction.                                                 |
| <i>status</i>      | The status of the transaction: PASS or FAIL. If no value is specified, the default value is PASS. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**error\_message****Standard • Load Testing**

sends an error message to the controller.

**error\_message** ( *message* );

*message*                      Any string.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

## **EURO\_check\_currency**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

captures and compares the currencies in a window.

**EURO\_check\_currency** ( *file\_name*, *x1*, *y1*, *x2*, *y2* );

|                       |                                                                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file_name</i>      | The file containing the expected results of the EURO checkpoint.  |
| <i>x1</i> , <i>y1</i> | The position of the upper left corner of the area to be checked.  |
| <i>x2</i> , <i>y2</i> | The position of the lower right corner of the area to be checked. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_compare\_columns****Context Sensitive • EURO**

compares two currency columns (dual display) and returns the number of mismatches.

**EURO\_compare\_columns** ( *check\_name*, *column1\_field1*, *column1\_field<sub>n</sub>*, *column2\_field1*, *column2\_field<sub>n</sub>* );

|                                  |                                                                 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>check_name</i>                | The file name that stores the data.                             |
| <i>column1_field1</i>            | The first column first field to be included in the comparison.  |
| <i>column1_field<sub>n</sub></i> | The first column last field to be included in the comparison.   |
| <i>column2_field1</i>            | The second column first field to be included in the comparison. |
| <i>column2_field<sub>n</sub></i> | The second column last field to be included in the comparison.  |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_compare\_fields****Context Sensitive • EURO**

compares two fields while converting.

**EURO\_compare\_fields** ( *field<sub>1</sub>*, *field<sub>2</sub>*, *currency<sub>1</sub>*, *currency<sub>2</sub>*, *align\_mode*, *align\_value* );

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field<sub>1</sub></i>    | The name of the first field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>field<sub>2</sub></i>    | The name of the second field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>currency<sub>1</sub></i> | The country whose currency you want to compare to <i>currency_2</i> . One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>currency<sub>2</sub></i> | The country whose currency is compared to <i>currency_1</i> . One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>align_mode</i>           | One of the following modes can be specified:<br>ALIGN_NONE: No currency alignment.<br>ALIGN_ROUND: Rounds the converted currency to the nearest multiple specified in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_DOWN: Rounds down the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_UP: Rounds up the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_TRUNC: Rounds the converted currency value down to the nearest unit. |
| <i>align_value</i>          | The value to align the currency.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



## **Return Values**

The `EURO_compare_fields` function returns `E_OK` or `E_DIFF`.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_compare\_numbers****Context Sensitive • EURO**

compares two numbers while converting.

**EURO\_compare\_numbers** ( *number<sub>1</sub>*, *number<sub>2</sub>*, *currency<sub>1</sub>*, *currency<sub>2</sub>*, *align\_mode*, *align\_value* );

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>number<sub>1</sub></i>   | The first number to compare.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>number<sub>2</sub></i>   | The second number to compare.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>currency<sub>1</sub></i> | The country whose currency you want to compare to<br><i>currency_2</i> One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>currency<sub>2</sub></i> | The country whose currency is compared to<br><i>currency_1</i> . One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>align_mode</i>           | One of the following modes can be specified:<br>ALIGN_NONE: No currency alignment.<br>ALIGN_ROUND: Rounds the converted currency to the nearest multiple specified in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_DOWN: Rounds down the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_UP: Rounds up the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_TRUNC: Rounds the converted currency value down to the nearest unit. |
| <i>align_value</i>          | The value to align the currency.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## **Return Values**

The `EURO_compare_numbers` function returns `E_OK` or `E_DIFF`.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_convert\_currency****Context Sensitive • EURO**

returns the converted currency value between two currencies.

**EURO\_convert\_currency** ( *number*, *original\_currency*, *new\_currency*, *align\_mode*, *align\_value* );

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>number</i>            | The amount of currency to be converted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>original_currency</i> | The country from whose currency you want to compute its value in the <i>new_currency</i> . One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>new_currency</i>      | The country to whose currency the <i>original_currency</i> is being computed. One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>align_mode</i>        | One of the following modes can be specified:<br>ALIGN_NONE: No currency alignment.<br>ALIGN_ROUND: Rounds the converted currency to the nearest multiple specified in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_DOWN: Rounds down the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_UP: Rounds up the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_TRUNC: Rounds the converted currency value down to the nearest unit. |
| <i>align_value</i>       | The value to align the currency.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_override\_field****Context Sensitive • EURO**

overrides the original currency in a field to a new currency.

**EURO\_override\_field** ( *field\_name*, *original\_currency*, *new\_currency*, *align\_mode*, *align\_value* );

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field_name</i>        | The name of the field in which you want to override the currency.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>original_currency</i> | The country from whose currency you want to override to <i>new_currency</i> . One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>new_currency</i>      | The country to whose currency the <i>original_currency</i> is being overridden. One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>align_mode</i>        | One of the following modes can be specified:<br>ALIGN_NONE: No currency alignment.<br>ALIGN_ROUND: Rounds the converted currency to the nearest multiple specified in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_DOWN: Rounds down the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_UP: Rounds up the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_TRUNC: Rounds the converted currency value down to the nearest unit. |
| <i>align_value</i>       | The value to align the currency.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_set\_auto\_currency\_verify**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

activates/deactivates automatic EURO verification.

**EURO\_set\_auto\_currency\_verify** ( *mode* );

*mode*

The mode can be set to ON or OFF.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.



## **EURO\_set\_capture\_mode**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

determines how WinRunner EURO captures currency in terminal emulator applications.

**EURO\_set\_capture\_mode** ( *capture\_mode* );

*capture\_mode*

The currency capture mode. One of the following modes can be specified:

**FIELD\_METHOD**: Captures currencies in the context of the screens and fields in your terminal emulator application (Context Sensitive). This is the default mode.

**POSITION\_METHOD**: Identifies and captures currencies according to the unformatted view of the screen.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_set\_conversion\_mode**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the EURO conversion run mode in the test script.

**EURO\_set\_conversion\_mode** ( *conversion\_mode* );

*conversion\_mode*      The EURO conversion run mode. One of the following modes can be specified:

NO\_CHANGE: No change is made to objects containing numeric values during the test run.

CONVERT: Performs EURO conversion during the test run.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_set\_conversion\_rate****Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the conversion rate between the EURO currency and a national currency.

**EURO\_set\_conversion\_rate** ( *currency*, *rate* );

*currency*                      The country whose currency rate you want to set. One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.

*rate*                              The conversion rate of the specified country's currency to the EURO.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## EURO\_set\_cross\_rate

Context Sensitive • EURO

sets the cross rate method between two currencies.

**EURO\_set\_cross\_rate** ( *currency<sub>1</sub>*, *currency<sub>2</sub>*, *conversion\_mode*, *decimal*, *direct\_rate* );

*currency<sub>1</sub>* The country whose currency you want to compare to *currency<sub>2</sub>*. One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.

*currency<sub>2</sub>* The country whose currency is compared to *currency<sub>1</sub>*. One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.

*conversion\_mode* The cross rate method of conversion. You can specify one of the following rates:  
EURO Triangulation (default): indicates that the cross rates conversion from one national currency unit into another is done via the EURO currency, and that the EURO amount is rounded to no less than three decimal places.

Direct Cross Rate: indicates that the conversion is not done via triangulation.

*decimal* Indicates the number of decimals to which the EURO amount is rounded (default is set to 3).

*direct\_rate* The direct cross rate to be used for the conversion between the two currencies.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_set\_currency\_threshold**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the minimum value of an integer which will be considered a currency.

**EURO\_set\_currency\_threshold** ( *threshold* );

*threshold*                      The minimum value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**EURO\_set\_decimals\_precision****Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the number of decimals in the conversion results.

**EURO\_set\_decimals\_precision ( *decimals* );**

*decimals*

Indicates the number of decimals to be displayed in the results (STANDARD, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15).

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_set\_original\_new\_currencies**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the original and new currencies of the application.

**EURO\_set\_original\_new\_currencies** ( *original\_currency*, *new\_currency*, *align\_mode*,  
*align\_value* );

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>original_currency</i> | The country whose currency you want to set to <i>new_currency</i> . One of the following countries can be specified: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Great Britain, Denmark, Greece, Sweden, and EURO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>new_currency</i>      | The country to whose currency you want to convert <i>original_currency</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>align_mode</i>        | One of the following modes can be specified:<br>ALIGN_NONE: No currency alignment.<br>ALIGN_ROUND: Rounds the converted currency to the nearest multiple specified in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_DOWN: Rounds down the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_SUFFIX_UP: Rounds up the converted currency value to end with the suffix value indicated in <i>align_value</i> .<br>ALIGN_TRUNC: Rounds the converted currency value down to the nearest unit. |
| <i>align_value</i>       | The value to align the currency.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_set\_regional\_symbols**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the character used as decimal separator and the character used to separate groups of digits to the left of the decimal.

**EURO\_set\_regional\_symbols** ( *decimal\_symbol*, *grouping\_symbol* );

*decimal\_symbol*      The decimal symbol: "."

*grouping\_symbol*      The grouping symbol: ","

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_set\_triangulation\_decimals**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

sets the default decimals precision for the EUR triangulation.

**EURO\_set\_triangulation\_decimals** ( *decimals* );

*decimals*

The number of decimals to which the EURO amount is rounded. (The default is set to 3.)

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

## **EURO\_type\_mode**

**Context Sensitive • EURO**

disables/enables overriding of automatic currency recognition for all integer objects in a GUI application.

**EURO\_type\_mode** ( *mode* );

*mode*

The type mode. One of the following modes can be specified:

DISABLE\_OVERRIDE: Disables all overrides on integer objects.

ENABLE\_OVERRIDE: Enables all overrides on integer objects.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner EURO only.

**eval****Standard • Miscellaneous**

evaluates and executes the enclosed TSL statements.

**eval** ( *statement*<sub>1</sub> [ ; *statement*<sub>2</sub>; ... *statement*<sub>*n*</sub>; ] );

*statement*                      Can be composed of one or more TSL statements.

**Return Values**

This function normally returns an empty string. For the **return** statement, **eval** returns the value of the enclosed parameter.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **exception\_off**

**Standard • Exception Handling**

disables the specified recovery scenario.

```
exception_off ( recovery_scenario_name );
```

*recovery\_scenario\_name*      The name of the recovery scenario.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **exception\_off\_all**

disables all active recovery scenarios.

```
exception_off_all ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function has no return value.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **exception\_on**

**Standard • Exception Handling**

enables the specified recovery scenario.

**exception\_on** ( *recovery\_scenario\_name* );

*recovery\_scenario\_name*      The name of the recovery scenario.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**exp****Standard • Arithmetic**

calculates the exponential function,  $e^x$ , where  $e$  is the natural logarithm base and  $x$  is the exponent.

`exp ( x );`

**Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **file\_close**

**Standard • I/O**

closes a file that was opened with **file\_open**.

**file\_close** ( *file\_name* );

*file\_name*                      The name of the file to close.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**file\_compare****Standard • I/O**

compares the contents of two files.

**file\_compare** ( *file<sub>1</sub>*, *file<sub>2</sub>* [ , *save\_file*, *ignore\_white\_chars*] );

|                           |                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file<sub>1</sub></i>   | The name of the file to compare to <i>file<sub>2</sub></i> . If the file is not in the current test directory, then include the full path. |
| <i>file<sub>2</sub></i>   | The name of the file to compare to <i>file<sub>1</sub></i> . If the file is not in the current test directory, then include the full path. |
| <i>save_file</i>          | The name of a file in which the compared files are saved for future viewing.                                                               |
| <i>ignore_white_chars</i> | Indicates whether to ignore the following white characters: " ", "\r", "\n", "\t"                                                          |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **file\_getline**

**Standard • I/O**

reads the next line from a file and assigns it to a variable.

```
file_getline ( file_name, out_line );
```

*file\_name*                      The name of an open file.

*out\_line*                        The output variable that stores the line that is read.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **file\_open**

**Standard • I/O**

opens a file or creates a new file.

**file\_open** ( *file\_name*, *mode* );

*file\_name*

The name of the file to open or create.

*mode*

The file mode:

FO\_MODE\_READ, or 0 (read only);

FO\_MODE\_WRITE, or 1 (write only);

FO\_MODE\_APPEND, or 2 (write only, to the end of the file).

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**file\_printf****Standard • I/O**

prints formatted output to an open file.

**file\_printf** ( *file\_name*, *format*, *exp*<sub>1</sub> [ , *exp*<sub>2</sub>, ... *exp*<sub>30</sub> ] );

|                                                                                  |                                                                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file_name</i>                                                                 | The file to which the output is printed.                                   |
| <i>format</i>                                                                    | May include both literal text to be printed and formatting specifications. |
| <i>exp</i> <sub>1</sub> , <i>exp</i> <sub>2</sub> , ... <i>exp</i> <sub>30</sub> | The expressions to format and print.                                       |

**Formatting Specifications**

The first character of the format argument is always a percent sign (%). The last character of format is a letter code that determines the type of formatting. One or more format modifiers can appear between the first and last character of the format argument (see below).

The possible letter codes are as follows:

|   |                                                                  |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| c | Prints a character from its decimal ASCII code.                  |
| d | Prints the decimal integer portion of a number.                  |
| e | Converts input to scientific notation.                           |
| f | Pads with zeros to the right of the decimal point.               |
| g | Prints a decimal value while suppressing non-significant zeros.  |
| o | Prints the octal value of the integer portion of a number.       |
| s | Prints an unmodified string.                                     |
| x | Prints the hexadecimal value of the integer portion of a number. |
| % | Prints a literal percent sign (%).                               |

## Modifying Formats

The output generated by a particular formatting code can be modified. Three types of modifiers can appear between the percent sign (%) and the format code character:

- (*justification*)      A hyphen (-) indicates that the printed output is to be left-justified in its field.
- field width*              A number by itself or to the left of a decimal point, indicates how many characters the field should be padded. When this number is preceded by a 0, the padding is done with zeros to the left of the printed value.
- precision*                A number to the right of a decimal point indicates the maximum width of the printed string or how many digits are printed to the right of the output decimal point.

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is always available.

**find\_text****Analog • I/O**

searches for a string in an area of the screen.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only. You should use the corresponding Context Sensitive **win\_find\_text** and **obj\_find\_text** functions.

---

**find\_text** ( *string*, *out\_coord\_array*, *search\_area* [ , *string\_def* ] );

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>          | The string that is searched for. The string must be complete, contain no spaces, and it must be preceded and followed by a space outside the quotation marks. To specify a literal, case-sensitive string, enclose the string in quotation marks. Alternatively, you can specify the name of a string variable. In this case, the string variable can include a regular expression. |
| <i>out_coord_array</i> | The name of the array that stores the screen coordinates of the text (see explanation below).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>search_area</i>     | The area to search, specified as coordinates $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$ . These define any two diagonal corners of a rectangle. The interpreter searches for the text in the area defined by the rectangle.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>string_def</i>      | Defines the type of search to perform. If no value is specified, (0 or FALSE, the default), the search is for a single complete word only. When 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word.                                                                                                                                                  |



## **Return Values**

If the text is located, this function returns 0. If the text is not found, this function returns 1.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **generator\_add\_category**

**Customization • Function Generator**

adds a category to the Function Generator.

**generator\_add\_category** ( *category\_name* );

*category\_name*      The name of the category to add.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**generator\_add\_function****Customization • Function Generator**

adds a TSL function to the Function Generator.

```
generator_add_function ( function_name, description, arg_number, arg_name1,  

   arg_type1, default_value1 [ , ... arg_namen, arg_typen, default_valuen ] );
```

*function\_name*      The name of the function being defined, expressed as a string.

*description*      A brief description of the function. This need not be a valid string expression, meaning it may have spaces within the sentence.

*arg\_number*      The number of arguments in the function being defined. This can be any number from zero to eight.

For each argument in the function being defined, repeat each of the parameters below; **generator\_add\_function** can be used to define a function with up to eight arguments.

*arg\_name*      The name of the argument.

*arg\_type*      Defines how the user fills in the value of the argument in the Function Generator. This can be:

*browse()*: user points to a file in a browse file dialog box.

*point\_window*: user points to a window.

*point\_object*: user points to a GUI object.

*select\_list(0 1)*: user selects a value from a list. The *select\_list* argument is defined in the Function Generator by using a combo box.

*type\_edit*: user types in a value.

*default\_value*      The default value of the argument.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**generator\_add\_function\_to\_category** **Customization • Function Generator**

adds a function in the Function Generator to a category.

```
generator_add_function_to_category ( category_name, function_name );
```

*category\_name*            The name of an existing category.

*function\_name*            The name of an existing function.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **generator\_add\_subcategory**

**Customization • Function Generator**

adds a subcategory to a category in the Function Generator.

```
generator_add_subcategory ( category_name, sub_category_name );
```

*category\_name*      The name of an existing category.

*sub\_category\_name*      The name of an existing category.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**generator\_set\_default\_function**      **Customization • Function Generator**

sets a default function for a category in the Function Generator.

```
generator_set_default_function ( category_name, function_name );
```

*category\_name*      An existing category.

*function\_name*      An existing function.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **get\_aut\_var**

**Standard • Testing Option**

returns the value of a variable that determines how WinRunner learns descriptions of objects, records tests, and runs tests on Java/Oracle applets or applications.

**get\_aut\_var** ( *variable*, *value* );

*variable*                      The variable for which you want to return the value.  
For a list of variables, refer to the *WinRunner Java Add-in Guide* or the *WinRunner Oracle Add-in Guide*.

*value*                              The value of the variable.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support.



**get\_class\_map****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

returns the standard class associated with a custom class.

**get\_class\_map** ( *custom\_class*, *out\_standard\_class* );

|                           |                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>custom_class</i>       | The name of the custom class.                                                                                        |
| <i>out_standard_class</i> | The output variable that stores the Mercury class or the standard MS Windows class associated with the custom class. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers on PC platforms only.

## **get\_host\_name**

**Standard • Load Testing**

returns the name of a host.

```
get_host_name ( );
```

### **Return Value**

This function returns the host name if the operation is successful or null if the operation fails.

### **Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

**get\_master\_host\_name****Standard • Load Testing**

returns the name of the controller's host.

```
get_master_host_name ();
```

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

## **get\_record\_attr**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

returns the properties learned for an object class.

**get\_record\_attr** ( *class*, *out\_obligatory*, *out\_optional*, *out\_selector* );

|                       |                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>          | The name of the Mercury class, MSW_class, or X_class.                                       |
| <i>out_obligatory</i> | The output variable that stores the list of obligatory properties that are always recorded. |
| <i>out_optional</i>   | The output variable that stores the list of optional properties.                            |
| <i>out_selector</i>   | The output variable that stores the selector used for this GUI object class.                |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**get\_record\_method****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

returns the record method used for an object class.

**get\_record\_method** ( *class*, *out\_method* );

*class*                      The name of the object class.

*out\_method*                The record method used for the object class, as described below:

| Method       | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RM_RECORD    | Records operations using Context Sensitive functions. This is the default method for all the standard classes, except the object class (for which the default is MIC_MOUSE). |
| RM_IGNORE    | Turns off recording.                                                                                                                                                         |
| RM_AS_OBJECT | Instructs WinRunner to record all functions on a GUI object as though its class were “object” class.                                                                         |
| RM_PASSUP    | Records mouse operations (relative to the parent of the object) and keyboard input.                                                                                          |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**get\_text**

reads text from the screen.

**Analog • Text Checkpoint**


---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only. You should use the corresponding Context Sensitive **win\_get\_text** and **obj\_get\_text** functions. When working with RTL-style windows, use the **str\_map\_logical\_to\_visual** function.

---

**get\_text ( *location* );**

The **get\_text** function reads text from the area of the screen indicated by *location*. The *location* can be any one of the following:

- |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$ | Describes a rectangle that encloses the text to be read. The pairs of coordinates can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangle.                                                                                         |
| $x, y$               | The coordinates of a particular point on the screen. This parameter causes the string closest to the specified point to be read. The search radius around the specified point is defined by the <code>XR_TEXT_SEARCH_RADIUS</code> parameter. |
| ()                   | When no <i>location</i> is specified (empty parentheses), the string closest to the mouse pointer position is read. The search radius around the pointer position is defined by the <code>XR_TEXT_SEARCH_RADIUS</code> parameter.             |

**Return Values**

This function returns a string. By default, the returned string does not include blanks at the beginning or end of the string. (This is determined by the `XR_TEXT_REMOVE_BLANKS` parameter in the *wrun.ini* file). If no string is found, an empty string is returned.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **get\_time**

**Standard • Time-Related**

returns the current system time, expressed in terms of the number of seconds that have elapsed since 00:00 GMT, January 1, 1970.

```
get_time ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns an integer.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**get\_unique\_filename****Standard • Miscellaneous**

generates a unique file name, based on the specified prefix, that is unique within the specified folder.

```
get_unique_filename ( folder_path , file_prefix , file_extension , out_filename ,  
                      with_underscore );
```

|                        |                                                                                                       |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>folder_path</i>     | The path of the folder that WinRunner checks when determining the unique file name.                   |
| <i>file_prefix</i>     | The string on which the unique filename is based.                                                     |
| <i>file_extension</i>  | The file extension. Default = "" (none).                                                              |
| <i>out_filename</i>    | The unique file name that WinRunner generates.                                                        |
| <i>with_underscore</i> | Indicates whether or not the sequential identifier is preceded by an underscore. Default = 0 (FALSE). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **get\_x**

**Analog • Input Device**

returns the x-coordinate of the current position of the mouse pointer.

```
get_x ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns an integer.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **get\_y**

**Analog • Input Device**

returns the y-coordinate of the current position of the mouse pointer.

```
get_y ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns an integer.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **getenv**

**Standard • Miscellaneous**

returns the value of any environment variable, as defined in the [WrCfg] section of *wrun.ini* or in the WinRunner runtime environment.

**getenv** ( *environment\_variable* );

*environment\_variable*

A variable chosen from the environment variable list in the [WrCfg] section of the *wrun.ini* file.

## **Return Values**

This function returns the value of the specified environment variable.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**getvar****Standard • Testing Option**

returns the value of a testing option.

**getvar** ( *option* );

*option*                      A testing option.

The **getvar** function reads the current value of a testing option. For a list and an in-depth explanation of **getvar** options, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

**Return Values**

This function returns the value of the specified testing option.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## GUI\_add

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

adds an object to a GUI map file.

**GUI\_add** ( *file path*, *window*, *object*, *physical\_desc* );

|                      |                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>          | A valid GUI map file to which you want to add the object. If you enter an empty string, the object is added to the temporary GUI map file. |
| <i>window</i>        | The logical name or description of the window containing the object.                                                                       |
| <i>object</i>        | The logical name or description of the object.                                                                                             |
| <i>physical_desc</i> | The physical description of the object.                                                                                                    |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

**GUI\_buf\_get\_desc****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

returns the physical description of an object in a GUI map file.

**GUI\_buf\_get\_desc** ( *file*, *window*, *object*, *out\_desc* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>     | The full path of the GUI map file containing the object.                                                                                          |
| <i>window</i>   | The logical name or description of the window containing the object.                                                                              |
| <i>object</i>   | The logical name or description of the object. If a null string is specified, the function returns the physical description of the window itself. |
| <i>out_desc</i> | The output variable that stores the physical description.                                                                                         |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_buf\_get\_desc\_attr**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

returns the value of a GUI object property in a GUI map file.

**GUI\_buf\_get\_desc\_attr** ( *file*, *window*, *object*, *property*, *out\_prop\_value* );

|                       |                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>           | The full path of the GUI map file containing the object.                                                                                      |
| <i>window</i>         | The logical name or description of the window containing the object.                                                                          |
| <i>object</i>         | The logical name or description of the object. If no object is specified, the function returns the physical description of the window itself. |
| <i>property</i>       | The property whose value is to be returned.                                                                                                   |
| <i>out_prop_value</i> | The output variable that stores the property value.                                                                                           |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**GUI\_buf\_get\_logical\_name****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

returns the logical name of an object in a GUI map file.

**GUI\_buf\_get\_logical\_name** ( *file*, *physical\_desc*, *window*, *out\_name* );

|                      |                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>          | The full path of the GUI map file containing the object. |
| <i>physical_desc</i> | The physical description of the GUI object.              |
| <i>window</i>        | The window containing the GUI object.                    |
| <i>out_name</i>      | The output variable that stores the logical name.        |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_buf\_new**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

creates a new GUI map file.

**GUI\_buf\_new** ( *file* );

*file*

The GUI map file to create.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**GUI\_buf\_set\_desc\_attr****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

sets the value of a property for an object in a GUI map file.

**GUI\_buf\_set\_desc\_attr** ( *file*, *window*, *object*, *property*, *value* );

|                 |                                                          |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>     | The full path of the GUI map file containing the object. |
| <i>window</i>   | The window containing the object.                        |
| <i>object</i>   | The logical name or description of the object.           |
| <i>property</i> | The property whose value is to be set.                   |
| <i>value</i>    | The value set for the property.                          |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_close**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

closes a GUI map file.

**GUI\_close** ( *file* );

*file*

The full path of the GUI map file to be closed.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_close\_all**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

closes all GUI map files except the temporary GUI map file. To close the temporary GUI map file, use the `GUI_close` function.

### **GUI\_close\_all ( );**

The `GUI_close_all` function closes all GUI map files that are currently loaded or open.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## GUI\_delete

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

deletes an object from a GUI map file.

**GUI\_delete** ( *file*, *window*, *obj* );

|               |                                                                      |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>   | The full path of the GUI map file containing the object.             |
| <i>window</i> | The logical name or description of the window containing the object. |
| <i>obj</i>    | The logical name or description of the object to delete.             |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_desc\_compare**

compares two physical descriptions.

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

**GUI\_desc\_compare** ( *desc<sub>1</sub>*, *desc<sub>2</sub>* );

*desc<sub>1</sub>*, *desc<sub>2</sub>*      The physical descriptions to compare.

### **Return Value**

This function returns 1 when the comparison fails and returns 0 when it succeeds.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_desc\_get\_attr**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

gets the value of a property from a physical description.

```
GUI_desc_get_attr ( physical_desc, property, out_property_value );
```

*physical\_desc*            The physical description of a GUI object.

*property*                 The property to return.

*out\_property\_value*      The output variable that stores the property value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **GUI\_desc\_set\_attr**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map**

sets the value of a property.

**GUI\_desc\_set\_attr** ( *physical\_desc*, *property*, *value* );

|                      |                                                                                    |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>physical_desc</i> | The physical description of an object. This must be a variable and not a constant. |
| <i>property</i>      | The property name.                                                                 |
| <i>value</i>         | The property value.                                                                |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**GUI\_get\_name****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

returns the type of GUI for the application under test.

**GUI\_get\_name** ( *out\_name*, *out\_version* );

*out\_name*                      An output variable that stores the name of the current GUI.

*out\_version*                    An output variable that stores the current version of the GUI, as described below:

| Operating System       | Name           | Version |
|------------------------|----------------|---------|
| Microsoft Windows NT   | "Windows NT"   | "4.0"   |
| Microsoft Windows 2000 | "Windows 2000" | "5.0"   |
| Microsoft Windows XP   | "Windows XP"   | "5.1"   |
| Microsoft Windows 2003 | "Windows 2003" | "5.2"   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_get\_window**

returns the active window in the GUI map.

```
GUI_get_window ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns the name of the active window if it succeeds, or an empty string if it fails.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

## GUI\_list\_buf\_windows

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

lists all windows in a GUI map file.

**GUI\_list\_buf\_windows** ( *file*, *out\_windows*, *out\_number* );

|                    |                                                                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>        | The full path of the GUI map file.                                           |
| <i>out_windows</i> | The output variable that stores all windows in the GUI map file in an array. |
| <i>out_number</i>  | The output variable assigned to the number of windows in the GUI map file.   |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## GUI\_list\_buffers

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

lists all open GUI map files.

**GUI\_list\_buffers** ( *out\_files*, *out\_number* );

|                   |                                                                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>out_files</i>  | The output variable array that stores all open GUI map files in an array. |
| <i>out_number</i> | The output variable that stores the number of opened GUI map files.       |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## GUI\_list\_desc\_attrs

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

lists property values for a GUI object.

**GUI\_list\_desc\_attrs** ( *physical\_desc*, *out\_array* );

*physical\_desc*            The physical description of a GUI object.

*out\_array*                The output variable that stores the object's properties and values in an array. The subscript of each array element is the name of the property. The value of each array element is the value of the property. For instance, if the *out\_array* is called *property\_value*, then:  
*property\_value* ["attr1"] = "val1".

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## GUI\_list\_map\_buffers

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

lists all loaded GUI map files.

**GUI\_list\_map\_buffers** ( *out\_file*, *out\_number* );

*out\_file*                      The output variable that stores all loaded GUI map files in an array.

*out\_number*                    The output variable that stores the number of loaded GUI map files.

---

**Note:** The GUI map files must be loaded and not simply open.

---

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## GUI\_list\_win\_objects

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

lists all objects in a window.

**GUI\_list\_win\_objects** ( *file*, *window*, *out\_objects*, *out\_number* );

|                    |                                                                        |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>        | The full path of the GUI map file.                                     |
| <i>window</i>      | The name of the window containing the objects.                         |
| <i>out_objects</i> | The output variable that stores all objects in the window in an array. |
| <i>out_number</i>  | The output variable that stores the number of objects in the window.   |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.



## GUI\_load

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

loads a GUI map file.

**GUI\_load** ( *file\_name* );

*file\_name*                      The full path of the GUI map.

---

**Note:** If you do not specify a full path, then WinRunner searches for the GUI map relative to the current file system directory. Therefore, you must always specify a full path to ensure that WinRunner will find the GUI map. If you are working in the *GUI Map File per Test* mode, you should not manually load or unload GUI map files.

---

### Return Values

This function always returns 0.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_map\_get\_desc**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

returns the description of an object in the GUI map.

**GUI\_map\_get\_desc** ( *window*, *object*, *out\_desc*, *out\_file* );

|                 |                                                                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>   | The name of the window containing the GUI object.                            |
| <i>object</i>   | The logical name or description of the GUI object.                           |
| <i>out_desc</i> | The output variable that stores the description of the GUI object.           |
| <i>out_file</i> | The output variable that stores the GUI map file containing the description. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**GUI\_map\_get\_logical\_name****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

returns the logical name of an object in the GUI map.

**GUI\_map\_get\_logical\_name** ( *physical\_desc*, *window*, *out\_obj*, *out\_file* );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>physical_desc</i> | The physical description of the object. For more information regarding <i>physical descriptions</i> , refer to the “Introducing the GUI Map” chapter in the <i>WinRunner User’s Guide</i> . |
| <i>window</i>        | The logical name or description of the window containing the object. If no window is specified, the function looks for one.                                                                 |
| <i>out_obj</i>       | The output variable that stores the object's logical name.                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>out_file</i>      | The output variable that stores the name of the GUI map file containing the object.                                                                                                         |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_open**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

opens a GUI map file.

**GUI\_open** ( *file\_name* );

*file\_name*

The full path of the GUI map file to open.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**GUI\_save**

saves a GUI map file.

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor****GUI\_save** ( *file\_name* );*file\_name*

The full path of the GUI map file to save.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## GUI\_save\_as

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

saves a GUI map file under a new name.

**GUI\_save\_as** ( *current\_file\_name*, *new\_file\_name* );

*current\_file\_name*      The name of the GUI map file to save.

*new\_file\_name*          The name of the new file.

---

**Note:** When you save the temporary GUI map file, which doesn't have a *current\_file\_name*, the statement should have the following syntax:

**GUI\_save\_as** ( "", "new\_file\_name" );

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

## Availability

This function is always available.

## **GUI\_set\_window**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

sets the scope for GUI object identification within the GUI map.

**GUI\_set\_window** ( *window\_name* );

*window\_name*            The name of the window to be activated.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## GUI\_unload

Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor

unloads a GUI map file.

**GUI\_unload** ( *file* );

*file*

The full path of the GUI map file to unload.

### Return Values

This function always returns 0.

### Availability

This function is always available.

---

**Note:** If you are working in the *GUI Map File per Test* mode, you should not manually load or unload GUI map files.

---



## GUI\_unload\_all

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Editor**

unloads all loaded GUI map files.

---

**Note:** If you are working in the *GUI Map File per Test* mode, you should not manually load or unload GUI map files.

---

```
GUI_unload_all ( );
```

### Return Values

The return value of this function is always 0 and is returned when all the GUI map files have been unloaded.

### Availability

This function is always available.

**gui\_ver\_add\_check****Customization • GUI Checkpoint**

registers a new GUI check.

```
gui_ver_add_check ( check_name, capture_function, comparison_function
    [, display_function [, type ] ] );
```

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>check_name</i>          | The name of the check to add.                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>capture_function</i>    | The name of the capture function defined for the check.                                                                                                             |
| <i>comparison_function</i> | The name of the comparison function defined for the check. If no <i>comparison_function</i> is specified, the default display is used.                              |
| <i>display_function</i>    | The name of the function that displays check results.                                                                                                               |
| <i>type</i>                | The type of GUI object on which this check operates:<br>1 for a window, 0 for any other GUI object class. If no <i>type</i> is specified, the default 0 is assumed. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **gui\_ver\_add\_check\_to\_class**

**Customization • GUI Checkpoint**

adds a check to an object class, which can be viewed in the GUI Checkpoint dialog boxes.

**gui\_ver\_add\_check\_to\_class** ( *class*, *check\_name* );

|                   |                                                                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>      | The name of the class.                                                   |
| <i>check_name</i> | The name of the check to add, as defined with <b>gui_ver_add_check</b> . |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **gui\_ver\_add\_class**

**Customization • GUI Checkpoint**

Creates a GUI checkpoint for a new class.

```
gui_ver_add_class ( TOOLKIT_class [ , ui_function [ , default_check_function ] ] );
```

|                               |                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>TOOLKIT_class</i>          | The MSW_class or X_class of the object.                                                                                |
| <i>ui_function</i>            | The name of the function used to develop and display the GUI checkpoint dialog boxes with a customized user interface. |
| <i>default_check_function</i> | The name of the function that controls the default checks for the object.                                              |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **gui\_ver\_set\_default\_checks**

**Customization • GUI Checkpoint**

sets the default GUI checks for an object class.

**gui\_ver\_set\_default\_checks** ( *class*, *check\_names* );

|                    |                                                               |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>       | The name of the object class.                                 |
| <i>check_names</i> | The names of the checks set as defaults, separated by spaces. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **icon\_move**

**Context Sensitive • Icon Object**

moves an icon to a new location on the screen.

**icon\_move** ( *icon*, *x*, *y* );

*icon*

The logical name or description of the icon.

*x*, *y*

The new position of the upper left corner of the icon.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only.

## **icon\_select**

selects an icon with a mouse click.

**Context Sensitive • Icon Object**

**icon\_select** ( *icon* );

*icon*

The logical name or description of the icon.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only.

## index

Standard • String

indicates the position of one string within another.

**index** ( *string<sub>1</sub>*, *string<sub>2</sub>* );

*string<sub>1</sub>*, *string<sub>2</sub>*      Two string expressions.

### Return Values

The return value indicates the position of the string. The value 0 is returned if the string does not exist.

### Availability

This function is always available.



## **int**

returns the integer portion of a positive real number.

`int ( x );`

### **Return Values**

This function returns an integer.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**Standard • Arithmetic**

**invoke\_application****Standard • Operating System**

invokes a Windows application from within a test script.

**invoke\_application** ( *file*, *command\_option*, *working\_dir*, *show* );

|                       |                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>file</i>           | The full path of the application to invoke.                                                              |
| <i>command_option</i> | The command line options to apply.                                                                       |
| <i>working_dir</i>    | The working directory for the specified application.                                                     |
| <i>show</i>           | Specifies how the application appears when opened. This parameter can be one of the following constants: |

| Value              | Description                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SW_HIDE            | hides the window and passes activation to another window.                                                                                                    |
| SW_MINIMIZE        | minimizes the window and activates the top-level window in the system list.                                                                                  |
| SW_RESTORE         | activates and displays the window. If the window is minimized or maximized, WinRunner restores it to its original size and position (same as SW_SHOWNORMAL). |
| SW_SHOW            | activates the window and displays it in its current size and position.                                                                                       |
| SW_SHOWMAXIMIZED   | activates the window and displays it as a maximized window.                                                                                                  |
| SW_SHOWMINIMIZED   | activates the window and displays it as an icon.                                                                                                             |
| SW_SHOWMINNOACTIVE | displays the window as an icon. The window that is currently active remains active.                                                                          |
| SW_SHOWNA          | displays the window in its current state. The currently active window remains active.                                                                        |

| Value           | Description                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SW_SHOWNOACTIVE | displays the window in its most recent size and position. The currently active window remains active.                                                         |
| SW_SHOWNORMAL   | activates and displays the window. If the window is minimized or maximized, WinRunner restores it to its original size and position (same as SW_SHOWRESTORE). |

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Users running on PC platforms only.

**java\_activate\_method****Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

invokes the requested Java method for the given object.

```
java_activate_method ( object_name, method_name, retval [ , param1, ... param8 ] );
```

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object_name</i>            | The object name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>method_name</i>            | The name of the Java method to invoke.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>retval</i>                 | An output variable that will hold a return value from the invoked method.* If the function returns boolean output, the <i>retval</i> parameter returns the string representation of the output: “true” or “false”.                            |
|                               | *Required even for void Java methods.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>param</i> <sub>1...8</sub> | Parameters to be passed to the Java method. The Parameters must belong to one of the following supported types: Boolean, boolean, Integer, int, String, or any jco object. For information on jco objects, see <b>jco_create</b> on page 386. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **java\_activate\_static**

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

invokes the requested static method of any Java class.

**java\_activate\_static** ( *class\_name*, *method\_name*, *retval* );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class_name</i>  | The fully-qualified Java class name.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>method_name</i> | The name of the static Java method to invoke.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>retval</i>      | An output variable that will hold a return value from the invoked method. If the function returns boolean output, the <i>retval</i> parameter returns the string representation of the output: “true” or “false”. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

**java\_fire\_event****Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

simulates an event on a Java object.

```
java_fire_event ( object , class [ , constructor_param1,..., constructor_paramx ] );
```

|                                                                                 |                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>                                                                   | The logical name or description of the Java object.                                                                           |
| <i>class</i>                                                                    | The name of the Java class representing the event to be activated.                                                            |
| <i>constructor_param</i> <sub>1</sub> ... <i>constructor_param</i> <sub>x</sub> | The required parameters for the object constructor (excluding the object source, which is specified in the object parameter). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## java\_get\_field

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

retrieves the current value of an object's field.

**java\_get\_field** ( *object*, *field\_name*, *value* );

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>     | The logical name of the object whose field is retrieved, or an object returned from a previous <b>java_get_field</b> function or any other Java function.                                                |
| <i>field_name</i> | The name of the field to retrieve.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>value</i>      | An output variable that holds the value from the retrieved field. If the function returns boolean output, the <i>value</i> parameter returns the string representation of the output: "true" or "false". |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

### Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## java\_get\_static

Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle

retrieves the current value of a static field.

**java\_get\_static** ( *class*, *field\_name*, *value* );

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>      | The fully-qualified Java class name.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>field_name</i> | The name of the field to retrieve.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>value</i>      | An output variable that holds the value from the retrieved field. If the function returns boolean output, the <i>value</i> parameter returns the string representation of the output: “true” or “false”. |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.



**java\_link\_click**

clicks a link in a Java editor.

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle****java\_link\_click** (*object*, *link*);*object*

The logical name or description of the Java editor object.

*link*

The link name.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **java\_set\_field**

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

sets the specified value of an object's field.

**java\_set\_field** ( *object*, *field\_name*, *value* );

|                   |                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>     | The logical name of the object or the value returned from a previous <b>java_set_field</b> function or any other Java function. |
| <i>field_name</i> | The name of the field whose value will be set.                                                                                  |
| <i>value</i>      | The new value of the field.                                                                                                     |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

**java\_set\_static****Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

sets the specified value of a static field.

**java\_set\_static** ( *class*, *field\_name*, *value* );

|                   |                                                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>      | The fully-qualified Java class name.           |
| <i>field_name</i> | The name of the field whose value will be set. |
| <i>value</i>      | The new value of the field.                    |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **jco\_create**

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

creates a Java object within your application or applet, or within the context of an existing object in your application or applet.

```
jco_create ( object , jco , class [ , constructor_param1 , ... , constructor_paramg ] );
```

*object*

The object that is used as the context in which the new object will be created. This can be the main application or applet window, or any other Java object within the application or applet.

*jco*

The new object to be returned.

*class*

The Java class name.

*constructor\_param*<sub>1</sub>...*constructor\_param*<sub>x</sub>

A list of all constructor parameters.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

**jco\_free**

frees the specified jco object from memory.

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

```
jco_free ( object_name );
```

*object\_name*                      The name of the jco object to be freed.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **jco\_free\_all**

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

frees all jco objects from memory.

```
jco_free_all();
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **jdc\_aut\_connect**

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

establishes a connection between WinRunner and Java applications.

**jdc\_aut\_connect** ( *in\_timeout* );

*timeout*

Time (in seconds) that is added to the regular **Timeout for checkpoints and CS statements** (Tools > General Options > Run > Settings category), resulting in the maximum interval before the next statement is executed.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **length**

**Standard • String**

counts the number of characters in a string.

**length** ( *string* );

*string*

A valid string expression.

### **Return Values**

The return value of the function indicates the number of characters in the argument string. If no string is included, **length** returns the value 0.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **list\_activate\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

activates an item in a list.

**list\_activate\_item** ( *list*, *item* [ , *offset* ] );

|               |                                                                                                                    |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>   | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                       |
| <i>item</i>   | The item to activate within the list.                                                                              |
| <i>offset</i> | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_check\_info**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

checks the value of a list property.

**list\_check\_info** ( *list*, *property*, *property\_value* );

*list*                      The logical name or description of the list.

*property*                The property to be checked.

*property\_value*        The expected property value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_check\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

checks the content of an item in a list.

**list\_check\_item** ( *list*, *item\_num*, *item\_content* );

|                     |                                                                                                    |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>         | The logical name or description of the list.                                                       |
| <i>item_num</i>     | The location of the item in the designated list. Note that the first item in a list is numbered 0. |
| <i>item_content</i> | The expected contents of the item.                                                                 |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_check\_selected**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

checks that the specified item is selected.

**list\_check\_selected** ( *list*, *selected\_items* );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>          | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                             |
| <i>selected_item</i> | The item(s) that should be selected in the list. If there are multiple items, they should be separated by commas. This argument should be a string or a list of strings. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_collapse\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

hides items in a TreeView object.

**list\_collapse\_item** ( *list*, *item* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>         | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                |
| <i>item</i>         | The expanded heading under which the items appear.                                                                          |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to use. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. The default is the left button. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for TreeView objects only.

## **list\_deselect\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

deselects an item in a list.

```
list_deselect_item ( list, item [ , mouse_button [ , offset ] ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>         | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>item</i>         | The item to deselect from the list.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to use. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the left button.                                          |
| <i>offset</i>       | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This parameter may only be used if the <i>mouse_button</i> argument is used. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_deselect\_range**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

deselects all items between two specified items.

**list\_deselect\_range** ( *list*, *item<sub>1</sub>*, *item<sub>2</sub>* [ , *offset* ] );

|                         |                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>             | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                       |
| <i>item<sub>1</sub></i> | The first item of the range.                                                                                       |
| <i>item<sub>2</sub></i> | The last item of the range.                                                                                        |
| <i>offset</i>           | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_drag\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

drags an item from a source list.

**list\_drag\_item** ( *source\_list*, *item* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>source_list</i>  | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>item</i>         | The item to drag from the list.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to hold down while dragging the item. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the button that performs the select function. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is not supported for ListBox objects.



## **list\_drop\_on\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

drops an object onto a target list item.

**list\_drop\_on\_item** ( *target\_list*, *target\_item* );

*target\_list*                      The logical name or description of the list.

*target\_item*                      The list item on which to drop the source object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is not supported for ListBox objects.

## **list\_expand\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

displays hidden items in a TreeView object.

**list\_expand\_item** ( *list*, *item* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>         | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                |
| <i>item</i>         | The expandable heading under which the items will be displayed.                                                             |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to use. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. The default is the left button. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for TreeView objects only.

**list\_extend\_item****Context Sensitive • List Object**

adds an item to a list of selected items.

```
list_extend_item ( list, item [ , button [ , offset ] ] );
```

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>   | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item</i>   | The item to add from the list.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>button</i> | The mouse button used (optional). In the case of a combo object or a list that is not a ListView or a TreeView, only the left mouse button can be used.                              |
| <i>offset</i> | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This argument can be used only if the button argument is defined. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_extend\_multi\_items**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

adds multiple items to the items already selected in a list.

**list\_extend\_multi\_items** ( *list*, *item\_list*, [ , *mouse\_button* [ , *offset* ] ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>         | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item_list</i>    | The items to select, separated by commas.                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to use. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. The default is the left button.                                                          |
| <i>offset</i>       | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This argument can be used only if the button argument is defined. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**list\_extend\_range****Context Sensitive • List Object**

selects a range of items and adds them to the current selection.

**list\_extend\_range** ( *list*, *item<sub>1</sub>*, *item<sub>2</sub>* [ , *button* [ , *offset* ] ] );

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>             | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item<sub>1</sub></i> | The first item of the range.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item<sub>2</sub></i> | The last item of the range.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>button</i>           | The mouse button used (optional). In the case of a combo object or a list that is not a ListView or a TreeView, only the left mouse button can be used.                              |
| <i>offset</i>           | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This argument can be used only if the button argument is defined. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_get\_checked\_items**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

retrieves the number and the value of items marked as checked.

**list\_get\_checked\_items** ( *list*, *items*, *number* );

|               |                                                                                      |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>   | The logical name or description of the ListView or TreeView with check boxes.        |
| <i>items</i>  | The concatenated list of the returned values of the items with selected check boxes. |
| <i>number</i> | The number of items with selected check boxes.                                       |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_get\_column\_header**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the value of a ListView column header.

**list\_get\_column\_header** ( *listview\_object*, *in\_column\_index*, *out\_header\_value* );

|                         |                                     |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <i>listview_object</i>  | The name of the list.               |
| <i>in_column_index</i>  | The column index.                   |
| <i>out_header_value</i> | The column header that is returned. |

---

**Note:** The **list\_get\_column\_header** function is effective for ListView objects having a report view (style) only.

---

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

The **list\_get\_column\_header** function is effective for ListView objects having a report view (style) only.

## **list\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the value of a list property.

**list\_get\_info** ( *list*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>      | The logical name or description of the list.                         |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **list\_get\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the contents of a list item.

**list\_get\_item** ( *list*, *item\_num*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                                    |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>      | The logical name or description of the list.                                                       |
| <i>item_num</i>  | The location of the item in the designated list. Note that the first item in a list is numbered 0. |
| <i>out_value</i> | The contents of the designated item.                                                               |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_get\_item\_coord**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the dimensions and coordinates of the list item.

**list\_get\_item\_coord** ( *list*, *item*, *out\_x*, *out\_y*, *out\_width*, *out\_height* );

|                                      |                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>                          | The list name.                                                              |
| <i>item</i>                          | The item string.                                                            |
| <i>out_x</i> , <i>out_y</i>          | The output variables that store the x,y coordinates of the item rectangle.  |
| <i>out_width</i> , <i>out_height</i> | The output variables that store the width and height of the item rectangle. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for list and tree objects in JFC.

**list\_get\_item\_info**

returns the state of a list item.

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

**list\_get\_item\_info** ( *list*, *item*, *state*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>      | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item</i>      | The item in the list.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>state</i>     | The state property of the item. The state property can be:<br><b>CHECKED</b><br><b>SELECTED</b> —Relevant only for listview and treeview objects.<br><b>IMAGE_INDEX</b> — The index of the icon associated with the specified item. Relevant only for listview and treeview objects. |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the state property.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_get\_item\_num**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the position of a list item.

**list\_get\_item\_num** ( *list*, *item*, *out\_num* );

|                |                                                                |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>    | The logical name or description of the list.                   |
| <i>item</i>    | The string of the item.                                        |
| <i>out_num</i> | The output variable that stores the position of the list item. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_get\_items\_count**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

Returns the number of items in a list.

**list\_get\_items\_count** ( *list*, *out\_num* );

|                |                                                                  |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>    | The logical name or description of the list.                     |
| <i>out_num</i> | The output variable that stores the number of items in the list. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

When working with the WinRunner Stingray Add-in, the function is supported for tree objects only.

## **list\_get\_selected**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the numeric and string values of the selected item in a list.

**list\_get\_selected** ( *list*, *out\_item*, *out\_num* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>     | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>out_item</i> | The output variable that stores the name of the selected items. For a multi-selection list, the variable contains a list of items, sorted alphabetically, and separated by the character that is set in the <b>Record &gt; Script Format</b> category of the <b>Tools &gt; General Options</b> dialog box. The default character is a comma (,). |

---

**Note:** When this function is used with the Java or Oracle Add-in, it always uses special character ASCII 24 (thick vertical bar) as the separator, and not the character set in the **Record > Script Format** as described above.

---

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>out_num</i> | The output variable that stores the items. Note that the first item in a list is numbered 0. For a standard list, stores the index of the selected item. For a multi-selection list, stores the number of selected items. |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_get\_subitem**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

returns the value of a ListView subitem.

**list\_get\_subitem** ( *list*, *item*, *subitem\_index*, *subitem* );

|                      |                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>          | The logical name or description of the ListView.         |
| <i>item</i>          | The name of the item.                                    |
| <i>subitem_index</i> | The index indicating the field of the requested subitem. |
| <i>subitem</i>       | The value of the returned subitem.                       |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_rename\_item**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

activates the edit mode on the label of a ListView or a TreeView item in order to rename it.

**list\_rename\_item** ( *list*, *item* );

|             |                                                              |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i> | The logical name or description of the ListView or TreeView. |
| <i>item</i> | The item to select and rename.                               |

---

**Note:** A **list\_rename\_item** statement must be followed by a type statement in order to rename the item. The item can be denoted by its logical name or numeric index.

---

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**list\_select\_item****Context Sensitive • List Object**

selects a list item.

```
list_select_item ( list, item [ ,button [ , offset ] ] );
```

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>   | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item</i>   | The item to select in the list.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>button</i> | The mouse button used (optional). In the case of a combo object or a list that is not a ListView or a TreeView, only the left mouse button can be used.                              |
| <i>offset</i> | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This argument can be used only if the button argument is defined. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_select\_multi\_items**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

selects multiple items in a list.

```
list_select_multi_items ( list, item_list [ , mouse_button [ , offset ] ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>         | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item_list</i>    | The items to select, separated by commas.                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to use. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. The default is the left button.                                                          |
| <i>offset</i>       | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This argument can be used only if the button argument is defined. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_select\_range**

**Context Sensitive • List Object**

selects all items between two specified items.

```
list_select_range ( list, item1, item2 [ , button [ , offset ] ] );
```

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>              | The logical name or description of the list.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item</i> <sub>1</sub> | The first item of the range.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>item</i> <sub>2</sub> | The last item of the range.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>button</i>            | The mouse button used (optional). In the case of a combo object or a list that is not a ListView or a TreeView, only the left mouse button can be used.                              |
| <i>offset</i>            | The horizontal offset (in pixels) of the click location relative to the left margin of the item's text (optional). This argument can be used only if the button argument is defined. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **list\_set\_item\_state**

**Context Sensitive • List**

sets the state of an item in the specified ListView or TreeView.

**list\_set\_item\_state** ( *list*, *item*, *value* [ , *button* ] );

|               |                                                                              |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>   | The logical name or description of the ListView or TreeView.                 |
| <i>item</i>   | The name of the item.                                                        |
| <i>value</i>  | The value of the state item (check box). The value can be 1 (ON) or 0 (OFF). |
| <i>button</i> | The mouse button (optional).                                                 |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**list\_wait\_info****Context Sensitive • List Object**

waits for the value of a list property.

**list\_wait\_info** ( *list*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                                    |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>     | The logical name or description of the list.                                       |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .                |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value.                                                                |
| <i>time</i>     | Indicates the maximum interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## load

Standard • Compiled Module

loads a compiled module into memory.

**load** ( *module\_name* [ ,1|0 [ ,1|0 ] ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>module_name</i> | A string expression indicating the name of an existing compiled module.                                                                                              |
| 1 0                | 1 indicates a system module. 0 indicates a user module.<br>The default value is 0.                                                                                   |
| 1 0                | 1 indicates that a user module will not remain open after it is loaded. 0 indicates that the module remains open in the WinRunner window.<br>The default value is 0. |

---

**Note:** If you make changes to a function in a loaded compiled module, you must unload and reload the compiled module in order for the changes to take effect.

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function returns 0 for success, and 1 for failure.

**load\_dll****Standard • Miscellaneous**

performs a runtime load of a dynamic-link (external) library.

**load\_dll** ( *pathname* [, *load\_action* ] );

*pathname*                      The full pathname of the dynamic-link library (DLL) to be loaded.

*load\_action*                    The action to take when loading the module (optional). This parameter's value can be one of the following constants:

| Value                       | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DONT_RESOLVE_DLL_REFERENCES | Windows NT/2000/XP: If this value is used, and the executable module is a DLL, the system does not call DllMain for process and thread initialization and termination. Also, the system does not load additional executable modules that are referenced by the specified module.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| LOAD_LIBRARY_AS_DATAFILE    | If this value is used, the system maps the file into the calling process's virtual address space as if it were a data file. Nothing is done to execute or prepare to execute the mapped file. Use this flag when you want to load a DLL only to extract messages or resources from it. Windows NT/2000/XP: You can use the resulting module handle with any functions that operate on resources. Windows 98/Me: You can use the resulting module handle only with resource management functions. |

| Value                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LOAD_WITH_ALTERED_SEARCH_PATH | If this value is used, and pathname specifies a path, the system uses the alternate file search strategy to find associated executable modules that the specified module causes to be loaded. |

---

**Note:** To call an external function, you must declare it with the extern function declaration.

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is always available.



**log****Standard • Arithmetic**

returns the natural (base  $e$ ) logarithm of the specified number.

**log (  $x$  );** $x$ 

Specifies a positive, nonzero number.

**Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **lov\_get\_item**

**Context Sensitive • Oracle Developer**

retrieves an item from a list of values in an Oracle application.

**lov\_get\_item** ( *list*, *column*, *row*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                              |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i>      | The name of the list of values.              |
| <i>column</i>    | The column number of the item.               |
| <i>row</i>       | The row number of the item.                  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The parameter where the item will be stored. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## lov\_select\_item

**Context Sensitive • Oracle Developer**

selects an item from a list of values in an Oracle application.

**lov\_select\_item** ( *list*, *item* );

|             |                                              |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <i>list</i> | The list name.                               |
| <i>item</i> | The logical name or description of the item. |

---

**Note:** This function cannot be recorded.

---

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner with Developer 2000 support only.

## **lr\_whoami**

**Standard • Load Testing**

returns information about the Vuser executing the script.

**lr\_whoami** ( *vuser* [ , *sgroup* ] );

|               |                                                         |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>vuser</i>  | The output variable that stores the ID of the Vuser.    |
| <i>sgroup</i> | The output variable that stores the name of the Sgroup. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

## match

**Standard • String**

finds the occurrence of a regular expression in a string.

**match** ( *string*, *regular\_expression* );

*string*                      The enclosing string.

*regular\_expression*      The expression to locate in the string.

### Return Values

This function returns the character position at which the regular expression starts. If no match is found, the value 0 is returned.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **menu\_get\_desc**

**Context Sensitive • Menu Object**

returns the physical description of a menu.

**menu\_get\_desc** ( *menu*, *oblig*, *optional*, *selector*, *out\_desc* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i>     | The full menu path, consisting of the menu's logical name and the menu item, separated by a semicolon (such as file;open). For submenus, the path includes the menu name, menu item, and submenu item. |
| <i>oblig</i>    | The list of obligatory properties (separated by blank spaces).                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>optional</i> | The list of optional properties (separated by blank spaces).                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>selector</i> | The type of selector to be used (location or index).                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>out_desc</i> | The output variable that stores the description of the menu.                                                                                                                                           |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**menu\_get\_info****Context Sensitive • Menu Object**

returns the value of a menu property.

**menu\_get\_info** ( *menu*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i>      | The full menu path, consisting of the menu's logical name and the menu item, separated by a semicolon (such as file;open). For submenus, the path includes the menu name, menu item, and submenu item. |
| <i>property</i>  | The property to be checked. The following properties may be specified: class, label, value, enabled, MSW_id, sub_menu, count, sys_menu, and position.                                                  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property.                                                                                                                                   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **menu\_get\_item**

**Context Sensitive • Menu Object**

returns the contents of a menu item.

**menu\_get\_item** ( *menu*, *item\_number*, *out\_contents* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i>         | The logical name or description of the menu. For submenus, the full path, consisting of the menu's logical name and the menu item, separated by a semicolon (such as file;type). |
| <i>item_number</i>  | The numeric position of the item in the menu. Note that the first position is numbered 0.                                                                                        |
| <i>out_contents</i> | The output variable to which the value of the designated menu item is assigned.                                                                                                  |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**menu\_get\_item\_num****Context Sensitive • Menu Object**

returns the position of a menu item.

```
menu_get_item_num ( menu, item, out_position );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i>         | The logical name or description of the menu. For submenus, the full path, consisting of the menu's logical name and the menu item separated by a semicolon (such as file;type). |
| <i>item</i>         | The name (string value) of the item as it appears in the menu.                                                                                                                  |
| <i>out_position</i> | The output variable which stores the numeric value of the item.                                                                                                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **menu\_select\_item**

**Context Sensitive • Menu Object**

selects a menu item.

**menu\_select\_item** ( *menu*; *item* [ *x*, *y* ] );

|             |                                                                              |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i> | The logical name or description of the menu.                                 |
| <i>item</i> | The item to select.                                                          |
| <i>x,y</i>  | The position of the mouse click, expressed as x- and y- (pixel) coordinates. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## menu\_wait\_info

**Context Sensitive • Menu Object**

waits for the value of a menu property.

**menu\_wait\_info** ( *menu*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                                    |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i>     | The logical name or description of the menu.                                       |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .                |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value.                                                                |
| <i>time</i>     | Indicates the maximum interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed. |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **method\_wizard**

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

Launches the Java Method wizard. The wizard enables you to view the methods associated with any jco object in your application or applet and to generate the appropriate `java_activate_method` statement for one of the displayed methods.

**method\_wizard** ( [ *object* ] );

*object*

The name of the object whose methods will be displayed in the Java Method wizard.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

**move\_locator\_abs****Analog • Input Device**

moves the mouse pointer to a new absolute position.

**move\_locator\_abs** ( *x*, *y* [ , *time* ] );

*x*, *y*

The absolute screen coordinates of the new pointer position, in pixels.

*time*

The interval, in milliseconds, that elapses before the locator is moved.

**Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **move\_locator\_rel**

**Analog • Input Device**

moves the mouse pointer to a new relative position.

**move\_locator\_rel** ( *x*, *y* [ , *time* ] );

*x*, *y*                      The screen coordinates of the new pointer position, in pixels, relative to the current pointer position.

*time*                      The interval that elapses before the locator is moved, in milliseconds.

### **Return Values**

The return value of the function is always 0.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**move\_locator\_text****Analog • Input Device**

moves the screen pointer to a string.

```
move_locator_text ( string, search_area [ , x_shift [ , y_shift ] ] );
```

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>           | A valid string expression. The string must be complete, and preceded and followed by a space. A regular expression with no blank spaces can be specified.                                          |
| <i>search_area</i>      | The area to search, specified as $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$ coordinates that define any two diagonal corners of a rectangle. The interpreter searches for the text in the area defined by the rectangle. |
| <i>x_shift, y_shift</i> | Indicates the offset of the pointer position from the specified string, in pixels.                                                                                                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the text is located, and 1 if the text is not found.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **move\_locator\_track**

**Analog • Input Device**

moves the mouse pointer along a prerecorded track.

**move\_locator\_track** ( *track\_id* );

*track\_id*

A code that points to tracking information stored in the test database. The specified track is a series of continuous pointer movements uninterrupted by input from keyboard or mouse.

### **Return Values**

This function always returns the value 0.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **mtype**

**Analog • Input Device**

specifies mouse button input.

```
mtype ( button_input [ , technical_id ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>button_input</i> | A string expression representing mouse button input.                                                                                     |
| <i>technical_id</i> | Points to internal timing and synchronization data.<br>This parameter is only present when the <code>mtype</code> statement is recorded. |

### **Return Values**

This function always returns the value 0.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **nargs**

**Standard • Miscellaneous**

returns the number of arguments passed.

```
nargs ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns the number of arguments actually passed, not the number specified in the definition of the function or test.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_check\_bitmap****Context Sensitive • Object**

compares an object bitmap to an expected bitmap.

**obj\_check\_bitmap** ( *object*, *bitmap*, *time* [ , *x*, *y*, *width*, *height* ] );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>        | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>bitmap</i>        | A string expression that identifies the captured bitmap.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>time</i>          | The interval, which is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option, marking the maximum delay between the previous input event and the capture of the current bitmap, in seconds. For more information, refer to the “Setting Testing Options from a Test Script” chapter in the <i>WinRunner User’s Guide</i> . |
| <i>x, y</i>          | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper left corner, relative to the window in which the area is located.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>width, height</i> | For an area bitmap: the size of the area, in pixels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **obj\_check\_gui**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

compares current GUI object data to expected data.

**obj\_check\_gui** ( *object*, *checklist*, *expected\_results\_file*, *time* );

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>                | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>checklist</i>             | The name of the checklist defining the GUI checks.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>expected_results_file</i> | The name of the file that stores the expected GUI data.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>time</i>                  | The interval, which is added to the timeout test option, marking the maximum delay between the previous input event and the capture of the current GUI data, in seconds. This interval is added to the timeout testing option during test execution. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_check\_info****Context Sensitive • Object**

checks the value of an object property.

**obj\_check\_info** ( *object*, *property*, *property\_value* [, *timeout* ] );

|                       |                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>         | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.              |
| <i>property</i>       | The property to check.                                                                              |
| <i>property_value</i> | The property value.                                                                                 |
| <i>timeout</i>        | Waits for the property to become available - up to the time specified in this parameter (optional). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **obj\_check\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

checks the text of an object or area of an object compared to the specified expected text.

---

### **Notes:**

If the image-based text recognition mechanism is used, **obj\_check\_text** reads only one line of text. If the object or specified area contains more than one line of text, then the line that begins furthest to the left is read. If more than one line begins at the same point on the left, the bottom line is read.

For more information regarding image-based text recognition, refer to the WinRunner User's Guide.

The maximum number of characters that can be captured in one **obj\_check\_text** statement is 2048.

---

**obj\_check\_text** ( *object*, *expected\_text* [, *x1*, *y1*, *x2*, *y2* ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>      | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                      |
| <i>expected</i>    | The expected value of the captured text.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>x1,y1,x2,y2</i> | The coordinates of the rectangle from which text is retrieved, relative to the specified object. The pairs of coordinates can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of a rectangle. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_click\_on\_text****Context Sensitive • Object**

clicks on text in an object.

**obj\_click\_on\_text** ( *object*, *string* [ , *search\_area* [ , *string\_def* [ , *mouse\_button* ] ] ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The logical name or description of the object to search.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>string</i>       | The text to locate. To specify a literal, case sensitive string, enclose the string in quotation marks. Alternatively, you can specify a string variable, which can include a regular expression. The regular expression need not begin with an exclamation mark.                                                                                                           |
| <i>search_area</i>  | The region of the object to search, relative to the object. This area is defined as a pair of coordinates, with $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$ specifying any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangular search region. If no <i>search_area</i> is defined, then the entire object is considered as the search area.                                                         |
| <i>string_def</i>   | Defines how the text search is performed. If no <i>string_def</i> is specified (0 or FALSE, the default parameter), the interpreter searches for a single, complete word only. If 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word.                                                                                                        |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | Specifies the mouse button that clicks on the text string. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the left button. Note that if you specify 1, or TRUE, for <i>string_def</i> , then you must specify the mouse button to use. Similarly, if you specify the mouse button to use, then you must specify the <i>string_def</i> . |

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.



**obj\_drag****Context Sensitive • Object**

drags an object from a source object.

**obj\_drag** ( *source\_object*, *x*, *y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>source_object</i> | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>x, y</i>          | The <i>x,y</i> coordinates of the mouse pointer when clicked on the source object, relative to the upper left corner of the source object.                                                                                                                        |
| <i>mouse_button</i>  | A constant that specifies the mouse button to hold down while dragging. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the button that performs the select function. This optional parameter is available for WinRunner only. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **obj\_drop**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

drops an object onto a target object.

**obj\_drop** ( *target\_object*, *x*, *y* );

*target\_object*      The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.

*x*, *y*                The *x*, *y* coordinates of the pointer when released over the target object, relative to the upper left corner of the target object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_exists****Context Sensitive • Object**

checks whether an object is displayed on the screen.

**obj\_exists** ( *object* [ , *time* ] );

*object*

The logical name or description of the object. The object may belong to any class.

*time*

The amount of time (in seconds) that is added to the default timeout setting (specified with the *timeout\_msec* testing option), yielding a new maximum wait time before the subsequent statement is executed.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_find\_text****Context Sensitive • Object**

returns the location of a string within an object.

```
obj_find_text ( object, string, result_array [ , search_area [ , string_def ] ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The logical name or description of the object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>string</i>       | A valid string expression or the name of a string variable, which can include a regular expression. The regular expression should not include an exclamation mark (!), however, which is treated as a literal character.                                                             |
| <i>result_array</i> | The name of the four-element array that stores the location of the string. The elements are numbered 1 to 4. Elements 1 and 2 store the x- and y-coordinates of the upper left corner of the enclosing rectangle; elements 3 and 4 store the coordinates for the lower right corner. |
| <i>search_area</i>  | Indicates the area of the screen to search as coordinates that define any two diagonal corners of a rectangle, expressed as a pair of x,y coordinates. The coordinates are stored in <i>result_array</i> .                                                                           |
| <i>string_def</i>   | Defines the type of search to perform. If no value is specified (0 or FALSE, the default), the search is for a single, complete word only. When 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word.                                                   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_get\_desc****Context Sensitive • Object**

returns an object's physical description.

**obj\_get\_desc** ( *object*, *oblig*, *optional*, *selector*, *out\_desc* );

|                 |                                                                                        |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>   | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class. |
| <i>oblig</i>    | The list of obligatory properties (separated by blank spaces).                         |
| <i>optional</i> | The list of optional properties (separated by blank spaces).                           |
| <i>selector</i> | The type of selector used for this object class (location or index).                   |
| <i>out_desc</i> | The output variable that stores the description of the GUI object.                     |

**Return Values**

If the *oblig*, *optional*, and *selector* parameters are null strings, **obj\_get\_desc** returns the current learning configuration for the object.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **obj\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

returns the value of an object property.

**obj\_get\_info** ( *object*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                        |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>    | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class. |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .                    |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the property.                             |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_get\_text****Context Sensitive • Object**

reads text from an object.

**obj\_get\_text** ( *object*, *out\_text* [ , *x*<sub>1</sub>, *y*<sub>1</sub>, *x*<sub>2</sub>, *y*<sub>2</sub> ] );

|                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>                                                                                 | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                     |
| <i>out_text</i>                                                                               | The name of the output variable that stores the captured text.                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>x</i> <sub>1</sub> , <i>y</i> <sub>1</sub> , <i>x</i> <sub>2</sub> , <i>y</i> <sub>2</sub> | An optional parameter that defines the location from which text will be read, relative to the specified object. The pairs of coordinates can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of a rectangle. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **obj\_highlight**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

highlights an object.

**obj\_highlight** ( *object* [ , *flashes* ] );

*object*                      The logical name or description of the object. The object may belong to any class.

*flashes*                     The number of times the object flashes. The default number is four.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **obj\_key\_type**

sends KeyEvents to a Java component.

**Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

**obj\_key\_type** ( *object*, *keyboard\_input* );

*object*                      The logical name or description of the GUI object.

*keyboard\_input*            A string expression that represents keystrokes.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

**obj\_mouse\_click****Context Sensitive • Object**

clicks on an object.

**obj\_mouse\_click** ( *object*, *x*, *y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The logical name or description of the object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                           |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> | The position of the mouse click expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates. Coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the GUI object.                                               |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to click. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the button that performs the <b>select</b> function. |

---

**Note:** When running a test with an **obj\_mouse\_click** statement, the object that the mouse clicks must be fully displayed.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_mouse\_dbl\_click****Context Sensitive • Object**

performs a double-click within an object.

**obj\_mouse\_dbl\_click** ( *object*, *x*, *y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                       |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> | The position of the double-click expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates. Coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the GUI object.                                              |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant that specifies the mouse button to click. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the button that performs the <b>select</b> function. |

---

**Note:** When running a test with an **obj\_mouse\_dbl\_click** statement, the object that the mouse clicks must be fully displayed.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_mouse\_drag****Context Sensitive • Object**

drags the mouse within an object.

**obj\_mouse\_drag** ( *object*, *start\_x*, *start\_y*, *end\_x*, *end\_y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>                   | The logical name or description of the object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                               |
| <i>start_x</i> , <i>start_y</i> | The x and y coordinates of the start point of the mouse drag. The coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the GUI object.                                                           |
| <i>end_x</i> , <i>end_y</i>     | The x and y coordinates of the end point of the mouse drag. The coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the GUI object.                                                             |
| <i>mouse_button</i>             | A constant that specifies the mouse button to hold down. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the button that performs the <b>select</b> function. |

---

**Note:** When running a test with an **obj\_mouse\_drag** statement, the object that the mouse drags must be fully displayed.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_mouse\_move****Context Sensitive • Object**

moves the mouse pointer within an object.

**obj\_mouse\_move** ( *object*, *x*, *y* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The logical name or description of the GUI object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> | The position of the mouse pointer, expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates. Note that the specified coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the object. This position is relative to the upper left corner of the object. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_move\_locator\_text****Context Sensitive • Object**

moves the mouse pointer to a string in an object.

**obj\_move\_locator\_text** ( *object*, *string* [ , *search\_area* [ , *string\_def* ] ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>      | The logical name or description of the object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>string</i>      | The text to locate. To specify a literal, case sensitive string, enclose the string in quotation marks. Alternatively, you can specify the name of a string variable. The value of the string variable can include a regular expression. (The regular expression need not begin with an exclamation mark.)           |
| <i>search_area</i> | The region of the object to search, relative to the window. This area is defined as a pair of coordinates, with $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$ specifying any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangular search region. If this parameter is not defined, then the entire <i>object</i> is considered the search area. |
| <i>string_def</i>  | Defines how the text search is performed. If no <i>string_def</i> is specified, (0 or FALSE, the default parameter), the interpreter searches for a complete word only. If 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word.                                                        |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**obj\_set\_info****Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

sets the value of an object property.

**obj\_set\_info** ( *object*, *property*, *value* );

|                 |                                                                                         |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>   | The logical name or description of the Java object. The object may belong to any class. |
| <i>property</i> | Any property that has a set method.                                                     |
| <i>value</i>    | The variable that stores the new value of the property.                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of the standard return values. It returns `E_ATTR_NOT_SUPPORTED` for a specified property (for example, `value`) if one of the following events occur:

- ▶ The object does not have the method `setValue`.
- ▶ The method `setValue` exists, but it either has more than one parameter or the parameter does not belong to one of the following Java classes: `String`, `int`, `boolean`, `Integer`, `Boolean`.
  - ▶ The parameter given in a TSL call statement cannot be converted to one of the Java classes mentioned above.
- ▶ The method `setValue` throws a Java exception when using the parameters provided in the call statement.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

## **obj\_type**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

sends keyboard input to an object.

**obj\_type** ( *object*, *keyboard\_input* );

*object*                      The logical name or description of the GUI object.

*keyboard\_input*            A string expression that represents keystrokes.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**obj\_wait\_bitmap****Context Sensitive • Object**

waits for an object bitmap to be drawn on the screen.

**obj\_wait\_bitmap** ( *window, bitmap, time* [ , *x, y, width, height* ] );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>        | The logical name or description of the object. The object may belong to any class.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>bitmap</i>        | A string expression that identifies the captured bitmap.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>time</i>          | Indicates the interval between the previous input event and the capture of the current bitmap, in seconds. This parameter is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option and the sum indicates how much time WinRunner will wait for the capture of the bitmap. |
| <i>x, y</i>          | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper left corner, relative to the object in which the selected region is located.                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>width, height</i> | For an area bitmap: the size of the selected region, in pixels.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **obj\_wait\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Object**

waits for the value of an object property.

**obj\_wait\_info** ( *object*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                     |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>   | The logical name or description of the object.                      |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> . |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value for which the function waits.                    |
| <i>time</i>     | The interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed.    |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**optionset\_select****Context Sensitive • ActiveX/Visual Basic**

selects one of the option buttons in the OptionSet Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Widgets control.

**optionset\_select** ( *button\_set* , *button* , [ *by\_keyboard* ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>button_set</i>  | The logical name or description of the option button set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>button</i>      | The button to select. This can be either the button name (its caption), or its index ID (# followed by the button's index). The first button's index is 0.                                                                                                                              |
| <i>by_keyboard</i> | Optional. Specifies whether the selection is made by keyboard input (1) or by mouse (0). Setting this parameter to 1 (keyboard input) is recommended for unevenly spread option sets as selection by mouse may not work properly in these cases. The default is 0 (selection by mouse). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available only for the ActiveX add-in when testing the OptionSet Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Widgets control.

**ora\_obj\_get\_info****Context Sensitive • Oracle Developer**

retrieves the value of the specified item.

**ora\_obj\_get\_info** ( *object* , *property* , *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>    | The logical name or description of the object. |
| <i>property</i>  | One of the Oracle properties listed below.     |
| <i>out_value</i> | The returned value of the property.            |

**Oracle Properties:**

AUTO\_HINT, AUTO\_SKIP, BASE\_TABLE, BORDER\_BEVEL,  
CASE\_INSENSITIVE\_QUERY, CASE\_RESTRICTION,  
CURRENT\_RECORD\_ATTRIBUTE, DATABASE\_VALUE, DATATYPE  
DIRECTION, DISPLAYED, ECHO, EDITOR\_NAME, EDITOR\_X\_POS,  
EDITOR\_Y\_POS, ENABLED, ENFORCE\_KEY, FIXED\_LENGTH,  
FORMAT\_MASK, HEIGHT, HINT\_TEXT, ICON\_NAME, ICONIC\_BUTTON,  
INSERT\_ALLOWED, ITEM\_CANVAS, ITEM\_IS\_VALID, ITEM\_NAME,  
ITEM\_TYPE, KEEP\_POSITION, LABEL, LIST, LOCK\_RECORD\_ON\_CHANGE,  
LOV\_VALIDATION, LOV\_X\_POS, LOV\_Y\_POS, MAX\_LENGTH,  
MOUSE\_NAVIGATE, MULTI\_LINE, NAVIGABLE,  
NEXT\_NAVIGATION\_ITEM, NEXTITEM, PREVIOUS\_NAVIGATION\_ITEM,  
PREVIOUSITEM, PRIMARY\_KEY, QUERY\_LENGTH, QUERY\_ONLY,  
QUERYABLE, RANGE\_HIGH, RANGE\_LOW, REQUIRED, SCROLLBAR,  
SECURE, TEXT, UPDATE\_COLUMN, UPDATE\_NULL,  
UPDATE\_PERMISSION, UPDATEABLE, VISUAL\_ATTRIBUTE, WIDTH,  
WINDOW\_HANDLE, WRAP\_STYLE, X\_POS, Y\_POS

For more information on these properties, refer to your Oracle Developer documentation.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner with Developer 2000 support only.

## **output\_message**

**Standard • Load Testing**

sends a message to the controller.

**output\_message** ( *message* );

*message*                      Any string.

The **output\_message** function sends a message from a Vuser script to the controller's Output window.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

## password\_edit\_set

**Standard • Password**

sets the value of a password edit field to a given value.

**password\_edit\_set** ( *edit\_object*, *encrypted\_password* );

*edit\_object*            The logical name or description of the edit object.

*encrypted\_password*    The encrypted password as it appears in the script.

---

**Note:** You can also use the **edit\_set**, **type**, and **obj\_type** TSL functions to set a password, however the **password\_edit\_set** function provides extra security by eliminating the password from the test script.

---

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **password\_encrypt**

encrypts a plain password.

**Context Sensitive • Password**

**password\_encrypt** ( *password* );

*password*                      The plain password.

### **Return Values**

This function returns the encrypted password.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**pause****Standard • I/O**

pauses test execution and displays a message box.

**pause** ( [ *expression* ] );

*expression* Any valid expression.

**Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## phone\_append\_text

**Context Sensitive • WAP**

appends the specified text string to the current contents of the phone editor.

**phone\_append\_text** ( *text* );

*text*                      The text string to append in the phone editor.

---

**Note:** This function works only while the phone is in editing mode. Trying to use this function while the phone is not in editing mode will return an illegal operation.

---

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in. This function is supported for both the Nokia and Phone.com emulators.

**phone\_edit\_set****Context Sensitive • WAP**

replaces the contents of the phone editor with the specified text string.

**phone\_edit\_set** ( text );

*text*

The text string to insert in the phone editor.

---

**Note:** This function works only while the phone is in editing mode. Trying to use this function while the phone is not in editing mode will return an illegal operation.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in. This function is supported for both the Nokia and Phone.com emulators.

## **phone\_get\_name**

**Context Sensitive • WAP**

returns the model name of the phone.

**phone\_get\_name** ( *name* );

*name*

The model name of the phone.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in. This function is supported for both the Nokia and Phone.com emulators.

**phone\_GUI\_load****Context Sensitive • WAP**

unloads the currently loaded GUI map file and loads the GUI map for the specified Phone.com phone.

**phone\_GUI\_load** ( [ *name* ] );

*name*                      The model name of the phone.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in. This function is supported for the Phone.com emulator only.

## phone\_key\_click

**Context Sensitive • WAP**

clicks a phone key.

**phone\_key\_click** ( *key* [ , *delay* [ , *timeout* ] ] );

|                |                                                                                                                            |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>key</i>     | The logical name or description of the phone key.                                                                          |
| <i>delay</i>   | The Boolean parameter indicating that there is an additional delay to compensate for inserting a new letter while editing. |
| <i>timeout</i> | The amount of time (in milliseconds) between pressing and releasing the key.                                               |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in. This function is supported for both the Nokia and Phone.com emulators.

## phone\_navigate

**Context Sensitive • WAP**

directs the phone to connect to the specified site.

**phone\_navigate** ( *URL* [ , *timeout* ] );

|                |                                                                                              |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>URL</i>     | The URL to which the phone navigates.                                                        |
| <i>timeout</i> | The amount of time (in milliseconds) the phone waits while trying to establish a connection. |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in. This function is supported for both the Nokia and Phone.com emulators.

## phone\_sync

**Context Sensitive • WAP**

recorded after any phone navigation on the Nokia emulator, and instructs WinRunner to wait until the phone is ready to handle the next operation.

**phone\_sync** ( [ *redirect* [ , *timeout* ] ] );

|                 |                                                                                                                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>redirect</i> | An optional Boolean parameter indicating that the phone will wait an additional amount of time to redirect to another URL. |
| <i>timeout</i>  | The amount of time (in milliseconds) that the phone will wait to try to establish a connection.                            |

---

**Note:** This function is inserted automatically to the test scripts after a **phone\_key\_click** statement is recorded on a Nokia phone that included navigation. The timeout is the expected period of time during which WinRunner expects the navigation to be concluded.

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is supported for the WAP Add-in.

This function is supported for recording on the Nokia emulator only. This function is supported for running tests on both the Nokia and the phone.com emulators.



**popup\_select\_item****Context Sensitive • Java/Oracle**

selects an item from a Java popup menu.

```
popup_select_item ( "menu component;menu item" );
```

|             |                                                                            |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>menu</i> | The logical name or description of the Java component containing the menu. |
| <i>item</i> | The item to select.                                                        |

---

**Note:** When using **popup\_select\_item**, insert the following statement before the statement that opens the popup menu (in most cases, **obj\_mouse\_click()**):

```
set_aut_var("USE_LOW_LEVEL_EVENTS", "all");
```

You can change this parameter back to an empty string ("") after the **popup\_select\_item** statement, by using the following statement:

```
set_aut_var("USE_LOW_LEVEL_EVENTS", "");
```

This statement causes WinRunner to simulate user operations (the click operation on the popup menu) using the mouse driver. When a test runs using this mode, the cursor moves on the screen, as if performing the recorded user operations.

If you do not insert a **USE\_LOW\_LEVEL\_EVENTS** statement as described above, a message notifying you of this is displayed in the test results.

For more information on the **USE\_LOW\_LEVEL\_EVENTS** variable, refer to the *WinRunner Java Add-in User's Guide* or *WinRunner Oracle Add-in User's Guide*.

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of the standard return values. It returns `E_ATTR_NOT_SUPPORTED` for a specified property (for example, value) if one of the following events occur:

- ▶ The object does not have the method `setValue`.
- ▶ The method `setValue` exists, but it either has more than one parameter or the parameter does not belong to one of the following Java classes: `String`, `int`, `boolean`, `Integer`, `Boolean`.
  - ▶ The parameter given in a TSL call statement cannot be converted to one of the Java classes mentioned above.
- ▶ The method `setValue` throws a Java exception when using the parameters provided in the call statement.

## Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support only.

**qcdb\_add\_defect****Standard • Quality Center**(formerly `tddb_add_defect`)

adds a new defect to the Quality Center defect database for the project to which WinRunner is connected.

**qcdb\_add\_defect** (*summary, description, defect\_fields*);

|                      |                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>summary</i>       | The defect summary.                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>description</i>   | The defect description.                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>defect_fields</i> | The field names and values for the fields you want to include in the defect. Use the format:<br>"FieldName1=Value1;FieldName2=Value2;FieldNameN=ValueN". |

**Note:** Enter **field names** and not **field labels**. For example, for the field label **Detected By**, use the field name **BG\_DETECTED\_BY**. For more information, refer to your Quality Center documentation.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

Available only when WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project database.

## **qcdb\_get\_step\_value**

(formerly **tddb\_get\_step\_value**)

**Standard • Quality Center**

returns the value of a field in the "dessteps" table in a Quality Center project database.

**qcdb\_get\_step\_value** ( *field*, *step\_index* [ , *qc\_path* ] );

|                   |                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field</i>      | The logical name or description of the field.                                       |
| <i>step_index</i> | The index of the step.                                                              |
| <i>qc_path</i>    | The Quality Center test path (optional argument - the default is the current test). |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

### **Availability**

Available only when WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project database.

## qcdb\_get\_test\_value

(formerly tddb\_get\_test\_value)

**Standard • Quality Center**

returns the value of a field in the "test" table in a Quality Center project database.

**qcdb\_get\_test\_value** ( *field* [ , *qc\_path* ] );

|                |                                                                                     |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field</i>   | The logical name or description of the field.                                       |
| <i>qc_path</i> | The Quality Center test path (optional argument - the default is the current test). |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### Availability

Available only when WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project database.

## **qcdb\_get\_testset\_value**

**Standard • Quality Center**

(formerly **tddb\_get\_testset\_value**)

returns the value of a field in the "testcycl" table in a Quality Center project database.

**qcdb\_get\_testset\_value** ( *field* [, *qc\_path* [, *test\_set* ] ] );

|                 |                                                                                     |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field</i>    | The logical name or description of the field.                                       |
| <i>qc_path</i>  | The Quality Center test path (optional argument - the default is the current test). |
| <i>test_set</i> | The name of the test_set (optional argument - the default is the current TestSet).  |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

### **Availability**

Available only when WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project database.

## qcdb\_load\_attachment

Standard • Quality Center

(formerly tddb\_load\_attachment)

downloads a test's file attachment to the local cache and returns the file system path of the local cache, to which the file is downloaded.

**qcdb\_load\_attachment** ( *attachment* [ , *path* ] );

|                   |                                                                     |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>attachment</i> | The name of the file attachment.                                    |
| <i>path</i>       | The Quality Center subject path of the file attachment to download. |

### Return Values

This function returns the path to the local cache, to which the attached file is downloaded.

### Availability

Available only when WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project database.

## **qt\_force\_send\_key**

**Standard • QuickTest 2000**

instructs WinRunner to recognize an edit field which prompts a screen change when information is inserted.

**qt\_force\_send\_key** ( *window\_name*, *field\_name* [ , *additional\_key* ] );

|                       |                                         |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <i>window_name</i>    | The name of the window.                 |
| <i>field_name</i>     | The name of the edit field.             |
| <i>additional_key</i> | The key which causes the screen change. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for QuickTest 2000 only.



**qt\_reset\_all\_force\_send\_key****Standard • QuickTest 2000**

negates screen change configurations previously made using the `qt_force_send_key` function.

```
qt_reset_all_force_send_key ( );
```

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for QuickTest 2000 only.

## **rand**

**Standard • Arithmetic**

returns a pseudo-random floating point number ( $n$ ) in the range of  $0 \leq n < 1$ .

`rand ( );`

### **Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**reload****Standard • Compiled Module**

removes a compiled module from memory and loads it again.

```
reload ( module_name [ ,1|0 [ ,1|0 ] ] );
```

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>module_name</i> | A string expression indicating the name of an existing compiled module.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 1 0                | 1 indicates a system module. 0 indicates a user module. The default value is 0.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1 0                | This parameter is optional and only implemented if the second parameter is implemented.<br><br>1 indicates that a user module will not remain open after it is loaded. 0 indicates that the module remains open in the WinRunner window.<br>The default value is 0. |

---

**Note:** If you make changes to a function in a loaded compiled module, you must unload and reload the compiled module in order for the changes to take effect. For additional information, refer to the “Creating Compiled Modules” chapter in the *WinRunner User’s Guide*.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 for success, and 1 for failure.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## rendezvous

**Standard • Load Testing**

sets a rendezvous point in a Vuser script.

**rendezvous** ( *rendezvous\_name* );

*rendezvous\_name*      The name of the rendezvous declared in a **declare\_rendezvous** statement.

### Return Value

This function returns 0 if the operation is successful, or one of the following error codes if it fails:

| Error code     | Number | Description                                          |
|----------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| E_OK           | 0      | operation successful                                 |
| E_TIMEOUT      | -10016 | timeout reached before operation performed           |
| E_REND_NF      | -10218 | rendezvous not defined                               |
| E_REND_NOT_MEM | -10219 | Vuser not defined as a participant in the rendezvous |
| E_REND_INVALID | -10220 | rendezvous disabled                                  |

### Availability

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

**report\_msg****Standard • I/O**

writes a message in the test report.

```
report_msg ( message );
```

*message*

A valid string expression.

**Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## return

**Standard • Call Statements**

returns an expression to the calling function or test, used exclusively in functions. It also halts execution of the called function and passes control back to the calling function/test.

---

**Note:** The **return** statement is not a function. Therefore, it does not appear in the Function Generator.

---

**return** [ *expression* ];

*expression*                      The expression to return.

---

**Note about arrays:** You cannot return an array from a function. In order to return values in an array, you must declare the array as an OUT parameter in the function. The return value of a function can be one of the following:

- char (signed and unsigned)
  - string (equivalent to C char\*)
  - short (signed and unsigned)
  - int (signed and unsigned)
  - long (signed and unsigned)
  - float
  - double
-

## **Return Values**

If no expression is used, then an empty string is returned. Otherwise, the return statement does not have a return value.

## **Availability**

This statement is always available.

## **scroll\_check\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

checks the value of a scroll property.

**scroll\_check\_info** ( *scroll*, *property*, *property\_value* );

*scroll*                      The logical name or description of the scroll.

*property*                    The property to be checked.

*property\_value*            The expected property value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**scroll\_check\_pos**

checks the current position of a scroll.

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

**scroll\_check\_pos** ( *scroll*, *position* );

*scroll*                      The logical name or description of the scroll.

*position*                    A number indicating the expected scroll position.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **scroll\_drag**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object.**

scrolls to the specified location.

**scroll\_drag** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, *position* );

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>      | The logical name or description of the scroll.                                  |
| <i>orientation</i> | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal). |
| <i>position</i>    | The absolute position within the scroll.                                        |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

**scroll\_drag\_from\_min**

scrolls from the minimum position.

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

**scroll\_drag\_from\_min** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, *position* );

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>      | The logical name or description of the scroll object.                           |
| <i>orientation</i> | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal). |

---

**Note:** The orientation parameter is not available for Java objects.

---

|                 |                                                                   |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>position</i> | The number of units from the minimum position to drag the scroll. |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

## **scroll\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

returns the value of a scroll property.

**scroll\_get\_info** ( *scroll*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>    | The logical name or description of the scroll.                       |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

**scroll\_get\_max****Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

returns the maximum (end) position of a scroll.

**scroll\_get\_max** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, *out\_max* );

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>      | The logical name or description of the scroll.                                  |
| <i>orientation</i> | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal). |
| <i>out_max</i>     | The output variable which stores the maximum value of the scroll.               |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

## **scroll\_get\_min**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

returns the minimum (start) position of a scroll.

**scroll\_get\_min** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, *out\_min* );

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>      | The logical name or description of the scroll.                                  |
| <i>orientation</i> | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal). |
| <i>out_min</i>     | The output variable that stores the minimum (starting) value of the scroll.     |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

**scroll\_get\_pos****Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

returns the current scroll position.

**scroll\_get\_pos** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, *out\_pos* );

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>      | The logical name or description of the scroll.                                  |
| <i>orientation</i> | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal). |
| <i>out_pos</i>     | The output variable which stores the current position of the scroll.            |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

## **scroll\_get\_selected**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

returns the minimum and maximum values of the selected range on a slider.

**scroll\_get\_selected** ( *slider*, *min\_value*, *max\_value* );

|                  |                                                                          |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>slider</i>    | The logical name or description of the slider.                           |
| <i>min_value</i> | The output variable that stores the minimum value of the selected range. |
| <i>max_value</i> | The output variable that stores the maximum value of the selected range. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

The `scroll_get_selected` function works only for slider objects for which the `TBS_ENABLESELRANGE` flag is set. This flag allows a selection range within the scroll to be displayed.



**scroll\_line****Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

scrolls the specified number of lines.

**scroll\_line** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, [*+*|*-*] *lines* );

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>                        | The logical name or description of the scroll.                                                                                                                                 |
| <i>orientation</i>                   | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal).                                                                                                |
| [ <i>+</i>   <i>-</i> ] <i>lines</i> | The number of scrolled lines. "+" indicates the scroll is performed downward or to the right; "-" indicates the scroll is performed upward or to the left. The default is "+". |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

## **scroll\_max**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

sets a scroll to its maximum (end) position.

**scroll\_max** ( *scroll*, *orientation* );

*scroll*                      The logical name or description of the scroll.

*orientation*              The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal).

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

**scroll\_min****Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

sets the scroll to its minimum (start) position.

**scroll\_min** ( *scroll*, *orientation* );

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>      | The logical name or description of the scroll object.                           |
| <i>orientation</i> | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal). |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

## **scroll\_page**

**Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

moves the scroll the specified number of pages.

**scroll\_page** ( *scroll*, *orientation*, [*+*|*-*] *pages* );

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>                        | The logical name or description of the scroll.                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>orientation</i>                   | The direction of the scroll; either VSCROLL (vertical) or HSCROLL (horizontal).                                                                                                          |
| [ <i>+</i>   <i>-</i> ] <i>pages</i> | The number of scrolled pages. "+" indicates that the scroll is performed downward or to the right; "-" indicates that the scroll is performed upward or to the left. The default is '+'. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

**scroll\_wait\_info****Context Sensitive • Scroll Object**

waits for the value of a scroll property.

**scroll\_wait\_info** ( *scroll*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                     |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>scroll</i>   | The logical name or description of the scroll.                      |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> . |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value.                                                 |
| <i>time</i>     | The interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed.    |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function can be used for scroll bar and slider objects.

## **set\_aut\_var**

**Standard • Testing Option**

sets how WinRunner learns descriptions of objects, records tests, and runs tests on Java/Oracle applets or applications.

**set\_aut\_var** ( *variable*, *value* );

*variable*

The variable whose value you want to set. For a list of variables, refer to the *WinRunner Java Add-in Guide* or the *WinRunner Oracle Add-in Guide*.

*value*

The value of the variable.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support.

**set\_class\_map****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

associates a custom class with a standard class.

**set\_class\_map** ( *custom\_class*, *standard\_class* );

|                       |                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>custom_class</i>   | The name of the custom class used in the application.                                                      |
| <i>standard_class</i> | The name of the Mercury class or the MS Windows standard class with the same behavior as the custom class. |

---

**Note:** You should store **set\_class\_map** statements in a startup test.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only.

## **set\_record\_attr**

**Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

sets the properties to learn for an object class.

**set\_record\_attr** ( *class*, *oblig\_prop*, *optional\_prop*, *selector* );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>         | The name of the Mercury class, MSW_class, or X_class.                                                                                                                   |
| <i>oblig_prop</i>    | A list of properties (separated by blank spaces) to always learn.                                                                                                       |
| <i>optional_prop</i> | A list of descending properties (separated by blank spaces) to add to the description until unique identification of the object is achieved.                            |
| <i>selector</i>      | The type of selector to be applied in case both obligatory and optional properties do not achieve a unique object identification. This may be either index or location. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**set\_record\_method****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

specifies the record method for a class.

**set\_record\_method** ( *class*, *method* );

|               |                                                            |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>class</i>  | The name of a standard class, MSW_class, or TOOLKIT_class. |
| <i>method</i> | The record method to use, as described in the table below. |

| Method       | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RM_RECORD    | Records operations using Context Sensitive functions. This is the default method for all the standard classes, except the object class (for which the default is MIC_MOUSE). |
| RM_IGNORE    | Turns off recording.                                                                                                                                                         |
| RM_PASSUP    | Records mouse operations (relative to the parent of the object) and keyboard input.                                                                                          |
| RM_AS_OBJECT | Records all windows or objects as general “object” class objects ( <b>obj_mouse_click</b> or <b>win_mouse_click</b> ).                                                       |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## set\_window

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

specifies the window to receive subsequent input and (optionally) specifies the amount of time to wait for the specified window.

**set\_window** ( *window* [ ,*time* ] );

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i> | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>time</i>   | The amount of time, in seconds, added to the timeout option (set in the Run category of the <b>Tools &gt; General Options</b> dialog box) to give the maximum interval before the next statement is executed (WinRunner). If the Window is found before the maximum time is reached, the test continues to run. |

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is always available.

## **`_set_window`**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

specifies a window to receive input.

```
_set_window ( desc, time );
```

*desc*

The physical description of the window.

*time*

The time is added to the *timeout\_msec* testing option to give the maximum interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **setvar**

**Standard • Testing Option**

sets the value of a testing option.

**setvar** ( *option*, *value* );

*option*                      A testing option.

*value*                      The value to assign to the testing option.

The **setvar** function changes the value of a testing option. For a list and an in-depth explanations of **setvar** options, refer to the “Setting Testing Options from a Test Script” chapter in the *WinRunner User’s Guide*.

## **Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**sin**

calculates the sine of an angle expressed in radians.

$\sin ( x );$

**Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**Standard • Arithmetic**

## **spin\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

returns the value of a spin property.

**spin\_get\_info** ( *spin*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>spin</i>      | The logical name or description of the spin object.                  |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **spin\_get\_pos**

returns the current position of a spin object.

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

**spin\_get\_pos** ( *spin*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>spin</i>      | The logical name or description of the spin object.                  |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **spin\_get\_range**

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

returns the minimum and maximum positions of a spin object.

**spin\_get\_range** ( *spin*, *out\_min\_pos*, *out\_max\_pos* );

|                    |                                                                          |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>spin</i>        | The logical name or description of the spin object.                      |
| <i>out_min_pos</i> | The output variable that stores the minimum position of the spin object. |
| <i>out_max_pos</i> | The output variable that stores the maximum position of the spin object. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**spin\_max**

sets a spin object to its maximum value.

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

**spin\_max** ( *spin* );

*spin*

The logical name or description of the spin object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **spin\_min**

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

sets a spin object to its minimum value.

**spin\_min** ( *spin* );

*spin*

The logical name or description of the spin object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**spin\_next**

sets a spin object to its next value.

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

```
spin_next ( spin [ , index ] );
```

*spin*

The logical name or description of the spin object.

*index*

The number of the text field in the spin object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **spin\_prev**

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

sets a spin object to its previous value.

**spin\_prev** ( *spin* );

*spin*

The logical name or description of the spin object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**spin\_set**

sets a spin object to an item.

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

**spin\_set** ( *spin*, *item* );

*spin*

The logical name or description of the spin object.

*item*

The item to select in the spin object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **spin\_wait\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Spin Object**

waits for a spin property to attain a specified value.

**spin\_wait\_info** ( *spin*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                     |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>spin</i>     | The logical name or description of the spin.                        |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> . |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value for which the function waits.                    |
| <i>time</i>     | The interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed.    |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## split

**Standard • Array**

divides an input string into fields and stores them in an array.

**split** ( *string*, *array* [ , *field\_separators* ] );

|                         |                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>           | A valid string expression.                                                                                                              |
| <i>array</i>            | The name of the storage array.                                                                                                          |
| <i>field_separators</i> | The characters in the string which designate where the string is to be split into fields. Each single character is used as a separator. |

---

**Note:** The first element in the array index is numbered 1. The number of elements in the array equals the result of the split. As in any array, they are sequential integers.

---

### Return Values

This function returns the number of elements in the array.

### Availability

This function is always available.

## **sprintf**

**Standard • I/O**

returns a formatted string to a variable.

**sprintf** ( *format*, *exp*<sub>1</sub>, *exp*<sub>2</sub>, ... *exp*<sub>*n*</sub> );

*format*                      May include both a literal string to be printed and formatting specifications.

*exp*                              The expressions to format.

### **Return Values**

This function returns a formatted string.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**sqrt**

returns the square root of its argument.

`sqrt ( x );`

*x*

A variable.

**Standard • Arithmetic**

**Return Values**

This function returns a real number.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **srand**

**Standard • Arithmetic**

defines a seed parameter for the **rand** function, which returns a pseudo-random floating point number ( $n$ ) within the range of  $0 \leq n \leq 1$ .

**srand** ( [  $x$  ] );

$x$  Specifies the seed parameter. If no seed is entered, the time of day is the value of the seed.

---

**Note:** The seed parameter provided by **srand** starts the random sequence.

---

## **Return Values**

This function returns a real number indicating the user-defined seed parameter, or, if no seed is given, the value returned by **get\_time**.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **start\_transaction**

**Standard • Load Testing**

marks the beginning of a transaction for performance analysis.

This function is most useful for LoadRunner GUI Vusers.

You can also insert an `end_transaction` statement by choosing **Insert > Transactions > Start Transaction**.

**start\_transaction** ( *transaction\_name* );

*transaction\_name*      A string expression that names the transaction. The string must not contain any spaces.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **static\_check\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Static Text Object**

checks the value of a static text object property.

**static\_check\_info** ( *static*, *property*, *property\_value* );

*static*                      The logical name or description of the static text object.

*property*                    The property to check.

*property\_value*            The expected property value.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**static\_check\_text****Context Sensitive • Static Text Object**

checks the content of a static text object.

**static\_check\_text** ( *static*, *text*);

|               |                                                            |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>static</i> | The logical name or description of the static text object. |
| <i>text</i>   | The contents of the static text object.                    |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **static\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Static Text Object**

returns the value of a static text object property.

**static\_get\_info** ( *static*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>static</i>    | The logical name or description of the static text object.           |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**static\_get\_text****Context Sensitive • Static Text Object**

returns the contents of a static text object.

**static\_get\_text** ( *static*, *out\_string* );

|                   |                                                                             |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>static</i>     | The logical name or description of the static text object.                  |
| <i>out_string</i> | The output variable that stores the string found in the static text object. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **static\_wait\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Static Text Object**

waits for the value of a static text object property.

**static\_wait\_info** ( *static*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                          |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>static</i>   | The logical name or description of the static text object.               |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .      |
| <i>value</i>    | The expected property value.                                             |
| <i>time</i>     | The maximum interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **statusbar\_get\_field\_num**

**Context Sensitive • Statusbar**

returns the numeric index of a field on a status bar.

**statusbar\_get\_field\_num** ( *statusbar*, *field*, *field\_index* );

|                    |                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>statusbar</i>   | The logical name or description of the status bar.                                                                         |
| <i>field</i>       | The text in the status bar field. If the text in the field changes, you can use a regular expression.                      |
| <i>field_index</i> | The output variable that stores the numeric index of the field. Note that the first field in the status bar is numbered 0. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**statusbar\_get\_info****Context Sensitive • Statusbar**

returns the value of a status bar property.

**statusbar\_get\_info** ( *statusbar*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>statusbar</i> | The logical name or description of the status bar.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>property</i>  | The following properties may be specified: <i>abs_x</i> , <i>abs_y</i> , <i>active</i> , <i>attached_text</i> , <i>class</i> , <i>count</i> , <i>displayed</i> , <i>enabled</i> , <i>focus</i> , <i>handle</i> , <i>height</i> , <i>label</i> , <i>MSW_class</i> , <i>MSW_id</i> , <i>nchildren</i> , <i>parent</i> , <i>value</i> (default), <i>width</i> , <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **statusbar\_get\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Statusbar**

reads text from a field on a status bar.

```
statusbar_get_text ( statusbar, field_index, out_text );
```

|                    |                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>statusbar</i>   | The logical name or description of the status bar.                                                                   |
| <i>field_index</i> | The index number of the field containing the text you want to read. The first field in the status bar is numbered 0. |
| <i>out_text</i>    | The name of the output variable that stores the text.                                                                |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**progressbar\_wait\_info****Context Sensitive • Progressbar**

waits for the value of a progress bar property.

**progressbar\_wait\_info** ( *progressbar, property, value, time* );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>progressbar</i> | The logical name or description of the progress bar.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>property</i>    | The property to wait for. The following properties may be specified: <i>abs_x, abs_y, active, attached_text, class, count, displayed, enabled, focus, handle, height, label, MSW_class, MSW_id, nchildren, parent, value</i> (default), <i>width, x, y</i> |
| <i>value</i>       | The property value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>time</i>        | Indicates the interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed.                                                                                                                                                                                 |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**str\_map\_logical\_to\_visual****Standard • I/O**

converts a logical string to a visual string or vice-versa.

**str\_map\_logical\_to\_visual** ( *logical\_string*, *visual\_string* );

|                       |                                                            |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>logical_string</i> | A valid logical string expression.                         |
| <i>visual_string</i>  | The corresponding returned valid visual string expression. |

The **str\_map\_logical\_to\_visual** function returns a valid visual string expression for a valid logical string expression. Alternatively, it returns a valid logical string expression for a valid visual string expression.

---

**Note:** This function is primarily intended for use with RTL-style windows. When working with applications with RTL-style windows, the **get\_text** function sometimes returns a logical string instead of a visual string.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## substr

Standard • String

extracts a substring from a string.

**substr** ( *string*, *position* [ , *length* ] );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>   | A valid string expression.                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>position</i> | An integer that indicates the position of the first character of the substring. The position of the first character of the string is 1, the second is 2, etc. |
| <i>length</i>   | Defines the number of characters (starting from <i>position</i> ) to include in the substring.                                                                |

### Return Values

This function returns a string. If the value of *position* is greater than the length of the specified string, then the function returns the null string.

### Availability

This function is always available.

**system**

executes an operating system command.

**Standard • Operating System**

**system** ( *expression* );

*expression*

A string expression that specifies the system command to execute.

**Return Values**

The return value of the function is the value of the operating system command executed.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers on UNIX platforms. The **system** function is also supported on other platforms for purposes of porting and backward compatibility.

## **tab\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Tab Object**

returns the value of a tab property.

**tab\_get\_info** ( *tab*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>tab</i>       | The logical name or description of the tab object.                   |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .  |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **tab\_get\_item**

returns the name of a tab item.

**Context Sensitive • Tab Object**

**tab\_get\_item** ( *tab*, *item\_num*, *out\_item* );

|                 |                                                                                               |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>tab</i>      | The logical name or description of the tab.                                                   |
| <i>item_num</i> | The location of the tab item. Note that the first tab item in a property sheet is numbered 0. |
| <i>out_item</i> | The output variable that stores the tab name.                                                 |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **tab\_get\_selected**

**Context Sensitive • Tab Object**

returns the name and number of the selected tab item.

**tab\_get\_selected** ( *tab*, *out\_item*, *out\_num* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>tab</i>      | The logical name or description of the tab.                                                                                        |
| <i>out_item</i> | The output variable that stores the name of the selected tab item. Note that the first tab item in a property sheet is numbered 0. |
| <i>out_num</i>  | The output variable that stores the index of the selected tab item.                                                                |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **tab\_select\_item**

selects a tab item.

**Context Sensitive • Tab Object**

**tab\_select\_item** ( *tab*, *item* );

*tab*

The logical name or description of the tab.

*item*

The item to select. The item can be denoted by either its name or its numeric index. The index is specified as a string preceded by the character #. The first tab item is numbered 0.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **tab\_wait\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Tab Object**

waits for the value of a tab property.

**tab\_wait\_info** ( *tab*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                          |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>tab</i>      | The logical name or description of the tab.                              |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .      |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value for which the function waits.                         |
| <i>time</i>     | The maximum interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**tbl\_activate\_cell****Context Sensitive • Table**

double-clicks the specified cell in a table.

**tbl\_activate\_cell** ( *table*, *row*, *column* );

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>  | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>row</i>    | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;row_location&gt;<br/>The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>row</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt;=&lt;column_content<sub>1</sub> [column_content<sub>n</sub>...]&gt;</p> <p>The contents of one or more cells in the row, separated by semicolons and preceded by the name of the column in which they appear and an equal sign, such as "Flight_Number=306;From=LAX".</p> <p>The contents of all the cells specified must be present in order to specify the row. Choose this format to specify a row by the contents of cells in that row. If the contents of some cells appear in multiple rows, specify multiple cells whose contents will uniquely identify the row.</p> |
| <i>column</i> | <p>The <i>column</i> can be either:</p> <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;column_location&gt; The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt; The column name, such as "Flight_Number". When the column name is specified, WinRunner takes the name from the database itself, and not from the application.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

---

**Note for PowerBuilder users:** When *row* is specified **by content**, *column* must also be specified **by content**.

---

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## Availability

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is supported for WinRunner with PowerBuilder support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |

| <b>ActiveX Control</b>                                               | <b>ProgID (MSW_class)</b>                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control                                    | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                 |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                                           | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                        |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                                           | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                      |
| Microsoft Grid Control                                               | MSGrid.Grid                                                     |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                              | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                   | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                         | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid (supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

## **tbl\_activate\_col**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

double-clicks the specified column in a table.

**tbl\_activate\_col** ( *table*, *column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*column*                     The *column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC and KLG.



**tbl\_activate\_header****Context Sensitive • Table**

double-clicks the specified column header in a table.

**tbl\_activate\_header** ( *table*, *column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*column*                     The *column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |

| ActiveX Control                                                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control                                    | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                 |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                                           | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                        |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                                           | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                      |
| Microsoft Grid Control                                               | MSGrid.Grid                                                     |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                              | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                   | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                         | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid (supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

**tbl\_activate\_row****Context Sensitive • Table**

double-clicks the specified row in a table.

**tbl\_activate\_row** ( *table*, *row* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*row*                              The *row* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.

**tbl\_click\_cell****Analog • Table**

clicks in a cell in a JFC JTable object.

**tbl\_click\_cell** ( *table\_name*, *cell\_index*, *column\_name* [ , *mouse\_button*, *modifier*] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table_name</i>   | The name of the table.                                                                                                                           |
| <i>cell_index</i>   | An index number denoting the position of the cell in the column. The index number is preceded by #, for example #2.                              |
| <i>column_name</i>  | The name of the column in which the cell is located.                                                                                             |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | The mouse button used to click on the cell (optional).                                                                                           |
| <i>modifier</i>     | The keyboard key pressed at the same time as the cell is clicked (optional). Possible values are: NONE (default), CONTROL, SHIFT, CONTROL_SHIFT. |

---

**Note:** WinRunner records this function only after the **set\_aut\_var** function is used to set the TABLE\_RECORD\_MODE variable to ANALOG.

---

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support.

**tbl\_dbl\_click\_cell****Analog • Table**

double-clicks in a cell in a JFC JTable object.

**tbl\_dbl\_click\_cell** ( *table\_name*, *cell\_index*, *column\_name* [ , *mouse\_button*, *modifier* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table_name</i>   | The name of the table.                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>cell_index</i>   | An index number denoting the position of the cell in the column. The index number is preceded by #, for example #2.                                     |
| <i>column_name</i>  | The name of the column in which the cell is located.                                                                                                    |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | The mouse button used to click on the cell (optional).                                                                                                  |
| <i>modifier</i>     | The keyboard key pressed at the same time as the cell is double-clicked (optional). Possible values are: NONE (default), CONTROL, SHIFT, CONTROL_SHIFT. |

---

**Note:** WinRunner records this function only after the **set\_aut\_var** function is used to set the TABLE\_RECORD\_MODE variable to ANALOG.

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**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support.

## **tbl\_deselect\_col**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

deselects the specified column in a table.

**tbl\_deselect\_col** ( *table*, *column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*column*                     The *column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support. It is supported for the JFC Java toolkit package.

**tbl\_deselect\_cols\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

deselects the specified range of columns in a table.

**tbl\_deselect\_cols\_range** ( *table*, *from\_column*, *to\_column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*from\_column*              The *from\_column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

*to\_column*                 The *to\_column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support. It is supported for the JFC Java toolkit package.

## **tbl\_deselect\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

deselects the specified row in a table.

**tbl\_deselect\_row** ( *table*, *row* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*row*                         The *row* is specified:

**By location:** # <row\_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.



**tbl\_deselect\_rows\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

deselects the specified range of rows in a table.

**tbl\_deselect\_rows\_range** ( *table*, *from\_row*, *to\_row* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>    | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>from_row</i> | The <i>from_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>to_row</i>   | The <i>to_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC and Visual Cafe.

**tbl\_drag****Analog • Table**

drags a cell to a different location within a JFC JTable object.

**tbl\_drag**

( *table\_name*, *start\_row*, *start\_col*, *end\_row*, *end\_col* [ , *mouse\_button*, *modifier*] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table_name</i>   | The name of the table.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>start_row</i>    | The row name or an index number denoting the row which contains the cell before the drag operation is performed. The index number is preceded by #, for example #3.       |
| <i>start_col</i>    | The column name or an index number denoting the column which contains the cell before the drag operation is performed. The index number is preceded by #, for example #2. |
| <i>end_row</i>      | The row name or an index number denoting the row which contains the cell after the drag operation is performed. The index number is preceded by #, for example #5.        |
| <i>end_col</i>      | The column name or an index number denoting the column which contains the cell after the drag operation is performed. The index number is preceded by #, for example #7.  |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | The mouse button used to drag the cell (optional).                                                                                                                        |
| <i>modifier</i>     | The keyboard key pressed at the same time as the cell is double-clicked (optional). Possible values are: NONE (default), CONTROL, SHIFT, CONTROL_SHIFT.                   |

---

**Note:** WinRunner records this function only after the **set\_aut\_var** function is used to set the TABLE\_RECORD\_MODE variable to ANALOG.

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## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support.

## **tbl\_extend\_col**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

adds a column to the currently selected columns in a table.

**tbl\_extend\_col** ( *table*, *column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*column*                     The column is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the JFC Java toolkit package.

**tbl\_extend\_cols\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

adds columns to the currently selected columns in a table.

**tbl\_extend\_cols\_range** ( *table*, *from\_column*, *to\_column* );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>       | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>from_column</i> | The <i>from_column</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>to_column</i>   | The <i>to_column</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the JFC Java toolkit package.

## **tbl\_extend\_row**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

adds a row to the currently selected rows in a table.

**tbl\_extend\_row** ( *table*, *row* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*row*                         The *row* is specified:

**By location:** # <row\_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.

**tbl\_extend\_rows\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

adds rows to the currently selected rows in a table.

**tbl\_extend\_rows\_range** ( *table*, *from\_row*, *to\_row* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>    | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>from_row</i> | The <i>from_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>to_row</i>   | The <i>to_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC and Visual Cafe.

**tbl\_get\_cell\_data****Context Sensitive • Table**

retrieves the contents of the specified cell from a table.

**tbl\_get\_cell\_data** ( *table*, *row*, *column*, *out\_text* );

*table*

The logical name or description of the table.

*row*

**By location:** # <row\_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the *row* can also be in the following format:

**By content:**

<Column\_name1>=<column\_content1>[...;  
<Column\_nameN>=<column\_contentN>]

The contents of one or more cells in the row, separated by semicolons and preceded by the name of the column in which they appear and an equal sign, such as "Flight\_Number=306;From=LAX". The contents of all the cells specified must be present in order to specify the row. Choose this format to specify a row by the contents of cells in that row. If the contents of some cells appear in multiple rows, specify multiple cells whose contents will uniquely identify the row.



|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>column</i>   | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;column_location&gt; The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>column</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt; The column name, such as "Flight_Number". When the column name is specified, WinRunner takes the name from the database itself, and not from the application.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>out_text</i> | <p>For WinRunner with Oracle, Java, or WebTest support, <i>out_text</i> is the output variable that stores the string found in the specified cell.</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, <i>out_text</i> is the output variable that stores the string found in the specified cell; the actual string retrieved depends on the style of the cell, as follows:</p> <p><i>DropDown:</i> The name of the item selected.</p> <p><i>Radio Button:</i> The label of the selected radio button in the cell. (PowerBuilder only)</p> <p><i>Edit:</i> The contents of the cell.</p> <p><i>EditMask:</i> The contents of the cell.</p> <p><i>Checkbox:</i> Either "OFF" or "ON".</p> |

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**Note:** The maximum table size supported by WinRunner is 327,680 bytes. If the table is larger than this, the value of the *out\_text* parameter may be "!" or "Null".

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**Note for PowerBuilder users:** When row is specified by content, column must also be specified by content.

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## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is supported for WebTest and for WinRunner with PowerBuilder support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control    | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                         |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control           | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                                |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control           | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                              |
| Microsoft Grid Control               | MSGrid.Grid                                                             |

| ActiveX Control                                                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                              | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                   | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                         | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid (supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

**tbl\_get\_cols\_count****Context Sensitive • Table**

retrieves the number of columns in a table.

**tbl\_get\_cols\_count** ( *table*, *out\_cols\_count* );

|                       |                                                                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>          | The logical name or description of the table.                             |
| <i>out_cols_count</i> | The output variable that stores the total number of columns in the table. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is supported for WebTest and for WinRunner with PowerBuilder support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |

| ActiveX Control                                                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control                                      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control                                    | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                 |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                                           | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                        |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                                           | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                      |
| Microsoft Grid Control                                               | MSGrid.Grid                                                     |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                              | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                   | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                         | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid (supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

**tbl\_get\_column\_name****Context Sensitive • Table**

retrieves the column header name of the specified column in a table.

**tbl\_get\_column\_name** ( *table*, *col\_index*, *out\_col\_name* );

|                     |                                                                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>        | The logical name or description of the table.                              |
| <i>col_index</i>    | The numeric index of the column within the table, specified by an integer. |
| <i>out_col_name</i> | The parameter into which the retrieved name is stored.                     |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.

This function is supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |

| ActiveX Control                                                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control                                      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control                                    | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                 |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                                           | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                        |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                                           | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                      |
| Microsoft Grid Control                                               | MSGrid.Grid                                                     |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                              | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                   | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                         | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid (supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

## **tbl\_get\_column\_names**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

retrieves the names and number of columns in a table.

**tbl\_get\_column\_names** ( *table*, *out\_col\_names*, *out\_cols\_count* );

|                       |                                                                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>          | The name of the table.                                                    |
| <i>out_col_names</i>  | The output variable that stores the names of the columns in the table.    |
| <i>out_cols_count</i> | The output variable that stores the total number of columns in the table. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is supported only for WinRunner with PowerBuilder support. The corresponding function for WinRunner without PowerBuilder support is **tbl\_get\_column\_name**.

This function is not supported for WebTest.



## **tbl\_get\_rows\_count**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

retrieves the number of rows in the specified table.

**tbl\_get\_rows\_count** ( *table*, *out\_rows\_count* );

|                       |                                                                        |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>          | The logical name or description of the table.                          |
| <i>out_rows_count</i> | The output variable that stores the total number of rows in the table. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

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**Note:** When working with Oracle tables, this function retrieves only the number of visible rows and not all rows in the table.

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## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is supported for WebTest and for WinRunner with PowerBuilder support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                              | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control         | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid              |
| FarPoint Spread Control                      | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3     |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control              | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control            | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                 |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                   | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                        |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                   | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                      |
| Microsoft Grid Control                       | MSGrid.Grid                                                     |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control      | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control    | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid           | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set    | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |

| ActiveX Control                                                            | ProgID (MSW_class)                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBCombo                                         | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3            |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE<br>DBCombo                                     | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBData Command                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3    |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>OLEDBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>UltraGrid (supported for<br>running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                     |

**tbl\_get\_selected\_cell****Context Sensitive • Table**

returns the cell (column name and row number) currently in focus in a table.

**Notes:**

The column name is taken from the database itself and not from the application.

If multiple cells are selected, WinRunner retrieves the row and column number of the first selected cell in the table.

**tbl\_get\_selected\_cell** ( *table*, *out\_row*, *out\_column* );

|                   |                                                              |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>      | The logical name or description of the table.                |
| <i>out_row</i>    | The output variable that stores the row number of the cell.  |
| <i>out_column</i> | The output variable that stores the column name of the cell. |

**Note for Java or Oracle add-in users:** When using this function for Java or Oracle tables, the row and column parameters are returned as numeric indexes (without the # character).

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is supported for WinRunner with PowerBuilder support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                           | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control          | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control      | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control                   | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control           | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control         | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                         |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                                |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                              |
| Microsoft Grid Control                    | MSGrid.Grid                                                             |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control   | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                                 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid        | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                                      |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                                |

| ActiveX Control                                                           | ProgID (MSW_class)                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>OLEDBData Option Set                           | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBCombo                                        | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3            |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE<br>DBCombo                                    | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBData Command                                 | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3    |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>OLEDBData Command                              | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>UltrGrid (supported for<br>running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                     |

**tbl\_get\_selected\_row****Context Sensitive • Table**

returns the row currently selected in the table.

*For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support: searches the table from the specified row and retrieves the first selected row in the table.*

**tbl\_get\_selected\_row** ( *table*, *row* );

|              |                                                                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i> | The logical name or description of the table.                                        |
| <i>row</i>   | The location of the selected row, specified as a string preceded by #, such as "#2". |

For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, you can enter a variable containing a row value for the *row* argument, in order to specify the row from which to begin the search. Note that the function returns the selected row to the *row* parameter you supply.

The row value can be specified:

**By location:** the location from which to begin the search in the format: # <row\_location>. For example, "#2".

**By content:** the contents of one or more cells in the row, If the contents of some cells appear in multiple rows, specify multiple cells whose contents will uniquely identify the row separated by semicolons in the format: <Column\_name1>=<column\_content1> [ ; ... ; <Column\_nameN>=<column\_contentN>].

For example, "Flight\_Number=306;From=LAX". The contents of all the specified cells must be present in order to specify the row.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128, and "Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions" on page 133.

## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.

This function is supported for WinRunner with PowerBuilder, Oracle Developer, or Oracle Application support.

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                           | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control          | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control      | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control                   | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control           | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control         | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                         |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                                |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                              |
| Microsoft Grid Control                    | MSGrid.Grid                                                             |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control   | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                                 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3         |



| ActiveX Control                                                         | ProgID (MSW_class)                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3          |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3    |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                         | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3            |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                     | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3    |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid<br>(supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                     |

**tbl\_select\_cells\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

clicks the specified range of cells in a table.

**tbl\_select\_cells\_range** ( *table*, *start\_row*, *start\_col*, *end\_row*, *end\_col* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>     | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>start_row</i> | The <i>start_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".          |
| <i>start_col</i> | The <i>start_column</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>end_row</i>   | The <i>end_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".            |
| <i>end_col</i>   | The <i>end_column</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC and KLG.

## **tbl\_select\_col\_header**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

selects the specified column header of a table.

**tbl\_select\_col\_header** ( *table*, *column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*column*                     The *column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Oracle or Java add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                              | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control             | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control         | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control                      | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control              | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control            | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                         |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                   | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                                |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                   | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                              |
| Microsoft Grid Control                       | MSGrid.Grid                                                             |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control      | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                                 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control    | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid           | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                                      |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set    | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo              | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo          | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                                     |

| ActiveX Control                                                               | ProgID (MSW_class)                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBData Command                                     | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCCommandButtonCtrlApt.3    |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>OLEDBData Command                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCCommandButtonCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>UltraGrid<br>(supported for running<br>tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                      |

**tbl\_select\_cols\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

clicks the specified range of columns in a table.

**tbl\_select\_cols\_range** ( *table*, *from\_column*, *to\_column* );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>       | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>from_column</i> | The <i>from_column</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>to_column</i>   | The <i>to_column</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC and KLG.

**tbl\_select\_rows\_range****Context Sensitive • Table**

selects the specified range of rows in a table.

**tbl\_select\_rows\_range** ( *table*, *from\_row*, *to\_row* );

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>    | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>from_row</i> | The <i>from_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>to_row</i>   | The <i>to_row</i> is specified:<br><br><b>By location:</b> # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".   |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, and KLG.



**tbl\_set\_cell\_data****Context Sensitive • Table**

sets the contents of a cell to the specified text in a table.

**tbl\_set\_cell\_data** ( *table*, *row*, *column*, *data* );

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i> | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>row</i>   | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;row_location&gt;<br/>         The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>row</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b><br/>         &lt;Column_name1&gt;=&lt;column_content1&gt;[...;<br/>         &lt;Column_nameN&gt;=&lt;column_contentN&gt;]</p> <p>The contents of one or more cells in the row, separated by semicolons and preceded by the name of the column in which they appear and an equal sign, such as "Flight_Number=306;From=LAX". The contents of all the cells specified must be present in order to specify the row. Choose this format to specify a row by the contents of cells in that row. If the contents of some cells appear in multiple rows, specify multiple cells whose contents will uniquely identify the row.</p> |

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>column</i> | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;column_location&gt; The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>column</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt; The column name, such as "Flight_Number".</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>data</i>   | <p>For WinRunner with Oracle Developer, Oracle, Java, or WebTest support, the <i>data</i> is a string denoting the contents to be entered into the specified cell.</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, <i>data</i> is a string denoting the contents to be entered into the specified cell; the nature of the string depends on the style of the cell, as follows:</p> <p><i>DropDown DataWindow:</i> The name of the item selected.</p> <p><i>Radio Button:</i> The label of the selected radio button in the cell.</p> <p><i>Edit:</i> The contents of the cell.</p> <p><i>EditMask:</i> The contents of the cell.</p> <p><i>Checkbox:</i> Either "OFF" or "ON".</p> |

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**Note for PowerBuilder users:** When *row* is specified **by content**, *column* must also be specified **by content**.

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When a column name is specified, WinRunner takes the name from the database itself and not from the application.

For a column with a DropDown DataWindow style, *data* can specify the contents of any of the columns, and not only the one that is displayed in the table. (See the example below.) For a column with a DropDown DataWindow or DropDown list style, the item can be a string denoting the row number of the cell, preceded by the character #.

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for WinRunner with PowerBuilder or Oracle Developer support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control    | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                         |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control           | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                                |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control           | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                              |
| Microsoft Grid Control               | MSGrid.Grid                                                             |

| ActiveX Control                                                         | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                                 | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                         | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                     | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid<br>(supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

**tbl\_set\_selected\_cell****Context Sensitive • Table**

selects (clicks) the specified cell in a table.

**tbl\_set\_selected\_cell** ( *table*, *row*, *column* );

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>  | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>row</i>    | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;row_location&gt;<br/>The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>row</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt;=&lt;column_content1 [column_contentn....]&gt;</p> <p>The contents of one or more cells in the row, separated by semicolons and preceded by the name of the column in which they appear and an equal sign, such as "Flight_Number=306;From=LAX". The contents of all the cells specified must be present in order to specify the row. Choose this format to specify a row by the contents of cells in that row. If the contents of some cells appear in multiple rows, specify multiple cells whose contents will uniquely identify the row.</p> |
| <i>column</i> | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;column_location&gt; The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>column</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt; The column name, such as "Flight_Number". When a column name is specified, WinRunner takes the name from the database itself and not from the application.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

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**Note for PowerBuilder users:** When *row* is specified **by content**, *column* must also be specified **by content**.

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## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

## Availability

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for WinRunner with PowerBuilder or Oracle Developer support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                      | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control     | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control              | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control      | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |

| ActiveX Control                                                         | ProgID (MSW_class)                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control                                       | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                 |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                                              | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                        |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                                              | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                      |
| Microsoft Grid Control                                                  | MSGrid.Grid                                                     |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control                                 | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid                                      | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                              |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set                               | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set                            | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBCombo                                         | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBCombo                                     | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3                             |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Command                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                        |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Command                               | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3                     |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) UltraGrid<br>(supported for running tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                                         |

## **tbl\_set\_selected\_col**

**Context Sensitive • Table**

selects the specified column in a table.

**tbl\_set\_selected\_col** ( *table*, *column* );

*table*                      The logical name or description of the table.

*column*                     The *column* is specified:

**By location:** # <column\_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC and EWT (Oracle).



**tbl\_set\_selected\_row****Context Sensitive • Table**

selects the specified row in a table.

**tbl\_set\_selected\_row** ( *table*, *row* );

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i> | The logical name of a table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <i>row</i>   | <p><b>By location:</b> # &lt;row_location&gt;<br/>         The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".</p> <p>For WinRunner with PowerBuilder support, the <i>row</i> can also be in the following format:</p> <p><b>By content:</b> &lt;Column_name&gt;=&lt;column_content<sub>1</sub> [column_content<sub>n</sub>...]&gt;</p> <p>The contents of one or more cells in the row, separated by semicolons and preceded by the name of the column in which they appear and an equal sign, such as "Flight_Number=306;From=LAX". The contents of all the cells specified must be present in order to specify the row. Choose this format to specify a row by the contents of cells in that row. If the contents of some cells appear in multiple rows, specify multiple cells whose contents will uniquely identify the row.</p> |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for PowerBuilder and Table Functions” on page 133.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner with Java or Oracle Add-in support. It is supported for the following Java toolkit packages: JFC, Visual Cafe, EWT (Oracle), and KLG.

This function is not supported for WebTest.

This function is supported for WinRunner with PowerBuilder or Oracle Developer support.

This function is supported for the following ActiveX controls:

| ActiveX Control                              | ProgID (MSW_class)                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ComponentOne True DBGrid Control             | TrueDBGrid50.TDBGrid<br>TrueDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid |
| ComponentOne True OLE DBGrid Control         | TrueOleDBGrid60.TDBGrid<br>TrueOleDBGrid70.TDBGrid                      |
| FarPoint Spread Control                      | FPSpread.Spread.1<br>FPSpread.Spread.2<br>FPSpread.Spread.3             |
| FarPoint Spread (OLEDB) Control              | FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.2<br>FPSpreadADO.fpSpread.3                        |
| Microsoft Data Bound Grid Control            | MSDBGrid.DBGrid                                                         |
| Microsoft DataGrid Control                   | MSDataGridLib.DataGrid.1                                                |
| Microsoft FlexGrid Control                   | MSFlexGridLib.MSFlexGrid.1                                              |
| Microsoft Grid Control                       | MSGrid.Grid                                                             |
| Microsoft Hierarchical FlexGrid Control      | MSHierarchicalFlexGridLib.MSHFlexGrid.6                                 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) Data Grid Control    | SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrl.1<br>SSDataWidgets.SSDBGridCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE DBGrid           | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBGridCtrlApt.3                                      |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) DBData Option Set    | SSDataWidgets.SSDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                                |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLEDBData Option Set | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBDataOptionSetCtrlApt.3                             |

| ActiveX Control                                                               | ProgID (MSW_class)                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBCombo                                            | SSDataWidgets.SSDBComboCtrlApt.3            |
| Infragistics (Sheridan) OLE<br>DBCombo                                        | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBComboCtrlApt.3         |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>DBData Command                                     | SSDataWidgets.SSDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3    |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>OLEDBData Command                                  | SSDataWidgets.SSOleDBCommandButtonCtrlApt.3 |
| Infragistics (Sheridan)<br>UltraGrid<br>(supported for running<br>tests only) | UltraGrid.SSUltraGrid.2                     |

## **TE\_add\_screen\_name\_location**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

adds a screen name location.

**TE\_add\_screen\_name\_location** ( *x*, *y*, *length* );

|               |                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>x</i>      | The x-coordinate of the new area to search.                                                                                           |
| <i>y</i>      | The y-coordinate of the new area to search.                                                                                           |
| <i>length</i> | The number of characters to the right of the Y position that WinRunner will search for a string. The default length is 256 (maximum). |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_bms2gui****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

teaches WinRunner the user interface from a BMS file.

**TE\_bms2gui** ( *bms\_filename*, *gui\_filename*, LEARN|RELEARN );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>bms_filename</i>  | The full path of the BMS file containing the description of the application's user interface.                                                               |
| <i>gui_filename</i>  | The full path of the GUI map file into which the descriptions are learned. If no file name is given, the default is the temporary GUI map file of the test. |
| <i>LEARN RELEARN</i> | Instructs WinRunner how to deal with name/description conflicts in the BMS file.                                                                            |

**Return Values**

This function has no return value.

**Availability**

This function is available for applications running on 3270 mainframes only.

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_check\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

captures and compares the text in a terminal emulator window.

**TE\_check\_text** ( *file\_name* [ , *start\_column*, *start\_row*, *end\_column*, *end\_row* ] );

*file\_name*                      A string expression given by WinRunner that identifies the captured window.

*start\_column/row*              The column/row at which the captured text begins.

*end\_column/row*                The column/row at which the captured text ends.

### **Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the function succeeds, -1, if it fails, and 1 if a mismatch is found; otherwise, it returns a standard value. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_create\_filter****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

creates a filter in the test database.

```
TE_create_filter ( filter_name, start_column, start_row,
                  end_column, end_row, EXCLUDE|INCLUDE, screen_name);
```

|                         |                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>filter_name</i>      | The filter name.                                                                                                                     |
| <i>start_column/row</i> | The column/row at which the filter starts.                                                                                           |
| <i>end_column/row</i>   | The column/row at which the filter ends.                                                                                             |
| <i>EXCLUDE/INCLUDE</i>  | The type of filter.                                                                                                                  |
| <i>screen_name</i>      | The name of the screen to which you want to create the filter or ALL_SCREEN to create the filter for all screens in the application. |

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the function succeeds; -1 in the case of an illegal number of parameters; 2 if the filter already exists; and 5 in case of an IO error. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_date\_check**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

(formerly `Y2K_check_date` and `date_check`)

checks all dates in the current screen of a terminal emulator application.

`TE_date_check ( filename [ , start_column, start_row, end_column, end_row ] );`

*filename*                      The file containing the expected results of the date checkpoint.

*start\_column/row*            The column/row at which the captured date begins.

*end\_column/row*              The column/row at which the captured date ends.

### **Return Values**

This function return 0 if it succeeds or 1 if it fails.

### **Availability**

This function is supported only for WinRunner 7.5 and later with Terminal Emulator Add-in support.



**TE\_date\_set\_attr****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**(formerly `Y2K_set_attr` and `date_set_attr`)

sets the record configuration mode for a field.

```
TE_date_set_attr ( mode );
```

*mode*

The record configuration mode (INDEX or ATTACHED TEXT).

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is supported only for WinRunner 7.5 and later with Terminal Emulator Add-in support.

## **TE\_date\_set\_capture\_mode**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

(formerly Y2K\_set\_capture\_mode and date\_set\_capture\_mode)

determines how WinRunner captures dates in terminal emulator applications.

**TE\_date\_set\_capture\_mode ( *mode* );**

*mode*

The date capture mode. Use one of the following modes:

**FIELD\_METHOD:** Captures dates in the context of the screens and fields in your terminal emulator application (Context Sensitive). This is the default mode.

**POSITION\_METHOD:** Identifies and captures dates according to the unformulated view of the screen.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is supported only for WinRunner 7.5 and later with Terminal Emulator Add-in support.

**TE\_define\_sync\_keys****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

sets keys that enable automatic synchronization in **type**, **win\_type** and **obj\_type** commands.

**TE\_define\_sync\_keys** ( *keys*, *string*, *mode* [ , *x<sub>1</sub>*, *y<sub>1</sub>*, *x<sub>2</sub>*, *y<sub>2</sub>* ] );

|                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>keys</i>                                                                               | A string containing the keys that enable automatic synchronization. Represent each key by an identifier consisting of the letter <i>k</i> followed by the key name, bracketed with greater/less signs (< >). Use a comma as the delimiter between key identifiers. For example, “< <i>kReturn</i> >, < <i>kCtrl</i> >, ...”. For key sequences in which more than one key is pressed simultaneously, use a hyphen (-) to join them, for example, “< <i>kCtrl-kC</i> >, ...”. |
| <i>string</i>                                                                             | The string that WinRunner waits for to appear or disappear on the screen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>mode</i>                                                                               | The waiting mode:<br><br>SYNC_WHILE: WinRunner waits until the string disappears.<br><br>SYNC_UNTIL: WinRunner waits until the string appears.<br><br>SYNC_DEFAULT: WinRunner waits the default synchronization time used by the <b>TE_wait_sync</b> function.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>x<sub>1</sub></i> , <i>y<sub>1</sub></i> , <i>x<sub>2</sub></i> , <i>y<sub>2</sub></i> | Optional parameters that define a rectangle on the screen in which to search for the string. If these parameters are missing, the entire screen is used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## **Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

## **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_delete\_filter****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

deletes a specified filter from the test database.

**TE\_delete\_filter** ( *filter\_name* );

*filter\_name*                      The filter to be deleted.

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the function succeeds; -1 in the case of an illegal number of parameters; 1 if the filter cannot be found in the database; and 5 in case of an IO error. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_edit\_field**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

inserts text into an unprotected field.

**TE\_edit\_field** ( *field\_logical\_name*, *string* [ , *x\_shift* ] );

*field\_logical\_name*      The logical name or description of the field into which the string is inserted.

*string*                      The text to be inserted in the field.

*x\_shift*                     Indicates the offset of the insertion position from the first character in the field, in characters. If no offset is specified, the default is 0.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_edit\_hidden\_field**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

inserts text into a hidden field.

**TE\_edit\_hidden\_field** ( *field\_logical\_name*, *coded\_string* );

*field\_logical\_name*     The logical name or description of the field.

*coded\_string*            A pointer to a coded string that WinRunner decodes and inserts into the field.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_edit\_screen**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

types a string in the specified location in a screen.

**TE\_edit\_screen** ( *x*, *y*, *string* );

*x,y*                      The screen coordinates at which the string is inserted.

*string*                    The text to be written on the screen.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.



**TE\_find\_text****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the location of a specified string.

**TE\_find\_text** ( *string*, *out\_x\_location*, *out\_y\_location* [ , *x1*, *y1*, *x2*, *y2* ] );

|                       |                                                                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>         | The text that you want to locate.                                    |
| <i>out_x_location</i> | The output variable that stores the x-coordinate of the text string. |
| <i>out_y_location</i> | The output variable that stores the x-coordinate of the text string. |
| <i>x1, y1, x2, y2</i> | Describe a rectangle that define the limits of the search area.      |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_force\_send\_key**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

defines a key causing a screen to change.

**TE\_force\_send\_key** ( *in\_screen*, *in\_field* [ , *in\_key* ] );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>in_screen</i> | The name of the screen containing the field.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>in_field</i>  | The name of the field.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>in_key</i>    | The name of the key causing the screen to change (optional). The key name can be a mnemonic (such as @E for Enter) or one of the WinRunner macros. See the <b>TE_send_key</b> function for details. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_get\_active\_filter****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the coordinates of a specified active filter.

```
TE_get_active_filter ( filter_num [ , out_start_column, out_start_row, out_end_column,
                        out_end_row ] , screen_name );
```

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>filter_num</i>       | The filter number representing the order in which filters were activated for the test, beginning with 0.                                                                                |
| <i>out_start_column</i> | The output variable that stores the starting column of the filter.                                                                                                                      |
| <i>out_start_row</i>    | The output variable that stores the starting row.                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>out_end_column</i>   | The output variable that stores the end column.                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>out_end_row</i>      | The output variable that stores the end row.                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>screen_name</i>      | The output variable that stores the name of the screen in which the active filter is located. If the filter appears on all screens in the application, the function returns ALL_SCREEN. |

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the filter exists, -1 if there is an illegal number of parameters and 1 if the filter cannot be found in the database. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_auto\_reset\_filters**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

indicates whether or not filters are automatically deactivated at the end of a test run.

```
TE_get_auto_reset_filters ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns ON to indicate that all filters are automatically deactivated at the end of a test run; OFF indicates that filters are not automatically deactivated. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_get\_auto\_verify****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

indicates whether automatic text verification is on or off.

```
TE_get_auto_verify ( );
```

**Return Values**

This function returns ON if automatic text verification is active; OFF indicates that automatic text verification is not active. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_cursor\_position**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the position of the cursor.

**TE\_get\_cursor\_position** ( *x*, *y* );

*x,y*

The current screen coordinates of the cursor.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## TE\_get\_field\_content

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the contents of a field to a variable.

**TE\_get\_field\_content** ( *field\_name*, *content* );

|                   |                                                                        |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field_name</i> | The logical name or description of the field.                          |
| <i>content</i>    | The output variable that stores the contents of the field as a string. |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_get\_filter****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the properties of a specified filter.

```
TE_get_filter ( filter_name [ , out_start_column, out_start_row, out_end_column,
                    out_end_row, out_type, out_active, screen_name ] );
```

|                         |                                                                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>filter_name</i>      | The name of the filter.                                            |
| <i>out_start_column</i> | The output variable that stores the starting column of the filter. |
| <i>out_start_row</i>    | The output variable that stores the starting row.                  |
| <i>out_end_column</i>   | The output variable that stores the end column.                    |
| <i>out_end_row</i>      | The output variable that stores the end row.                       |
| <i>out_type</i>         | The output variable that stores the filter type (INCLUDE EXCLUDE). |
| <i>out_active</i>       | The output variable that stores the filter state.                  |
| <i>screen_name</i>      | The variable that stores the screen name.                          |

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the function succeeds; -1 if illegal parameters are used; 1 if a filter is not found; 2 if the parameter value is incorrect. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.



**TE\_get\_merge\_rule****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

gets the rule for merging fields in a terminal emulator application.

**TE\_get\_merge\_rule** ( *from\_field*, *to\_field*, *rule* );

|                   |                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>from_field</i> | The logical name or description of the first field to be merged. |
| <i>to_field</i>   | The logical name or description of the last field to be merged.  |
| <i>rule</i>       | The merging rule.                                                |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_refresh\_time**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the time WinRunner waits for the screen to refresh.

```
TE_get_refresh_time ( );
```

### **Return Values**

The return value of this function is an integer representing the refresh time. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_get\_screen\_name\_location****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the screen name location.

**TE\_get\_screen\_name\_location** ( *index*, *x*, *y*, *length* );

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>index</i>  | A number between 0 - 10. 0 indicates that the screen name location was set by the <b>TE_set_screen_name_location</b> function. 1 – 10 indicates that the screen name was added with the <b>TE_add_screen_name_location</b> function. |
| <i>x,y</i>    | The screen coordinates where WinRunner locates the logical name of the screen.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <i>length</i> | The number of characters to the right of the y position that WinRunner locates the screen name string. The default length is 256 (maximum).                                                                                          |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_screen\_size**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the number of rows and columns in the screen.

```
TE_get_screen_size ( x, y );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_sync\_time**

returns the system synchronization time.

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

```
TE_get_sync_time ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

reads text from screen and stores it in a string.

**TE\_get\_text** (  $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$  );

$x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2$

Describes a rectangle that encloses the text to be read. The pairs of coordinates can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangle.

### **Return Values**

This function returns the text read from the screen. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_get\_timeout**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

returns the current synchronization timeout.

```
TE_get_timeout ( );
```

### **Return Values**

The return value is the current value of the timeout. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_merge\_fields**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

sets the rule for merging fields in a terminal emulator application.

**TE\_merge\_fields** ( *rule* );

*rule*                      The merging rule.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.



**TE\_reset\_all\_filters**

deactivates all filters in a test.

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

```
TE_reset_all_filters ( );
```

**Return Values**

The return value of this function is always 0.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_reset\_all\_force\_send\_key**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

deactivates the execution of `TE_force_send_key` functions.

```
TE_reset_all_force_send_key ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function always returns 0.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_reset\_all\_merged\_fields****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

deactivates the merging of fields in a Terminal Emulator application.

```
TE_reset_all_merged_fields ( );
```

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## TE\_reset\_filter

Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator

deactivates a specified filter.

TE\_reset\_filter ( *filter\_name* );

*filter\_name*                      Indicates the name of the filter to be deactivated.

or

TE\_reset\_filter ( *start\_column*, *start\_row*, *end\_column*, *end\_row*, EXCLUDE | INCLUDE,  
*screen\_name* );

*start\_column/row*              The column/row at which the filter starts.

*end\_column/row*                The column/row at which the filter ends.

EXCLUDE/INCLUDE              The type of filter.

*screen name*                    The name of the screen containing the filter.

## Return Values

This function returns 0 if the function succeeds; -1 if illegal parameters are used; 1 if a filter is not found; 2 if the parameter value is incorrect. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

## Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_reset\_screen\_name\_location****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

Resets the screen name location to 0.

```
TE_reset_screen_name_location ( );
```

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_send\_key**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

sends to the mainframe the specified F-key function.

**TE\_send\_key** ( *key* );

*key*

The F-key that is sent. The keys supported for this function are described in *the TSL Online Reference*.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_set\_auto\_date\_verify****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**(formerly `Y2K_set_auto_date_verify` and `date_set_auto_date_verify`)

automatically captures all date information in the current terminal emulator screen and generates a date checkpoint for the screen.

`TE_set_auto_date_verify ( ON|OFF );`*ON|OFF*

If ON, WinRunner automatically generates a date checkpoint for the current screen.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is supported only for WinRunner 7.5 and later with Terminal Emulator Add-in support.

## **TE\_set\_auto\_reset\_filters**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

deactivates the automatic reset of filters when a test run is completed.

**TE\_set\_auto\_reset\_filters ( ON|OFF );**

*ON|OFF*

ON indicates that upon completion of a test run, all filters are deactivated. OFF indicates that filters are not automatically deactivated. The default value is ON.

### **Return Values**

This function returns 0 if it succeeds and -1 if it fails. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.



## **TE\_set\_auto\_transaction**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

defines a recorded `TE_wait_sync` statement as a transaction.

`TE_set_auto_transaction ( ON|OFF );`

*ON|OFF*

ON activates set automatic transaction. OFF (the default) disables set automatic transaction is disabled.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_set\_auto\_verify**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

activates/deactivates automatic text verification.

**TE\_set\_auto\_verify ( ON|OFF [, *x1*,*y1*,*x2*,*y2* ] );**

or

**TE\_set\_auto\_verify ( ON|OFF [, FIRST|LAST ] );**

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>ON OFF</i>         | Activates or deactivates automatic text verification during recording.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>x1, y1, x2, y2</i> | Describes a rectangle that encloses the text to be verified. The pairs of coordinates can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangle.                                                                   |
| <i>FIRST LAST</i>     | An optional parameter indicating the partial check coordinates to use: FIRST indicates the first incidence of partial text capture in the script, LAST indicates the partial text immediately before the current statement. |

### **Return Values**

The return value of this function is always 0.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_set\_BMS\_name\_tag****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

allows you to change a name tag that appears in your BMS file.

```
TE_set_BMS_name_tag ( name );
```

*name*                      The name being set.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is available for applications running on 3270 mainframes only.

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_set\_cursor\_position**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

defines the position of the cursor at the specified location on the screen of your mainframe application.

**TE\_set\_cursor\_position** ( *x*, *y* );

*x,y*

The current screen coordinates of the cursor.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_set\_field****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

specifies the field that will receive subsequent input.

**TE\_set\_field** ( *field\_logical\_name* [ , *x\_offset* ] );

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field_logical_name</i> | The name of the field.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>x_offset</i>           | Indicates the offset of the insertion position from the first character in the field, in characters. If no offset is specified, the default is 0. The property byte is -1. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## TE\_set\_filter

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

creates and activates a filter.

```
TE_set_filter ( filter_name [ , start_column, start_row, end_column, end_row,  
                EXCLUDE|INCLUDE, screen_name ] );
```

|                         |                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>filter_name</i>      | The name of the filter.                                                                                                       |
| <i>start_column/row</i> | The column/row at which the filter starts.                                                                                    |
| <i>end_column/row</i>   | The column/row at which the filter ends.                                                                                      |
| <i>EXCLUDE/INCLUDE</i>  | The type of filter.                                                                                                           |
| <i>screen_name</i>      | The name of the screen in which you want to set the filter or ALL_SCREEN to set the filter in all screens in the application. |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## TE\_set\_filter\_mode

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

specifies whether to assign filters to all screens or to the current screen.

TE\_set\_filter\_mode ( *mode* );

*mode*

The mode:

ALL\_SCREEN: assigns filters to all screens.

CURRENT\_SCREEN: assigns filters to the current screen (default).

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

## Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_set\_record\_method**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

specifies the recording method for operations on terminal emulator objects.

**TE\_set\_record\_method** ( *method* );

*method*

This can be one of two constants: FIELD\_METHOD (or 2), or POSITION\_METHOD (or 1). FIELD\_METHOD, the default, is full Context Sensitive recording. When POSITION\_METHOD (partial Context Sensitive) is specified, keyboard and mouse input only is recorded for operations on objects in mainframe applications.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

For applications running on VT100, only POSITION\_METHOD is available.



## TE\_set\_refresh\_time

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

sets the interval that WinRunner waits for the screen to refresh.

**TE\_set\_refresh\_time** ( *time* );

*time*

The interval (in seconds) WinRunner waits for the screen to refresh.

By default, WinRunner waits a maximum of one second for the screen to refresh. You can change this if needed, using the **TE\_set\_refresh\_time** function, to ensure that WinRunner waits until the screen is completely refreshed before continuing the test run. The time that you set for this function remains in effect until WinRunner closes. Each time you restart WinRunner, the default value of one second is reset.

### Return Values

This function always returns 0.

### Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_set\_screen\_name\_location**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

resets the screen name location to 0 and then instructs WinRunner where to look for the logical name of a screen.

**TE\_set\_screen\_name\_location** ( *x*, *y*, *length* );

*x,y*                      The screen coordinates where WinRunner begins looking for the logical name of all screens in the test. The default location is 1,1.

*length*                      The number of characters to the right of the y position that WinRunner will search for a string. The default length is 256 (maximum).

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_set\_sync\_time****Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

defines the system synchronization time. WinRunner always waits for at least this amount of time before checking whether a response has been received from the host.

**TE\_set\_sync\_time** ( *time* );

*time*

The minimum number of seconds that WinRunner waits for the host to respond in order to determine that synchronization has been achieved before continuing test execution.

By default, WinRunner waits one second before checking whether a response has been received from the host. You can use the **TE\_set\_sync\_time** function to change this amount of time.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_set\_timeout**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

sets the maximum time WinRunner waits for a response from the host.

**TE\_set\_timeout** ( *timeout* );

*timeout*

The interval (in seconds) WinRunner waits for a response from the host before continuing test execution.

By default, WinRunner waits a maximum of 60 seconds for the host to respond. You can change this as needed, using the **TE\_set\_timeout** function. The time that you set for this function remains in effect until WinRunner closes. Each time you restart WinRunner, the default timeout value of 60 seconds is reset.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## TE\_set\_trailing

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

Determines whether WinRunner types spaces and tabs in fields during test execution.

**TE\_set\_trailing** ( *mode*, *field\_length* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>mode</i>         | One of two modes can be specified: ON or OFF.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>field_length</i> | The field length affected by the trailing mode. For example, if the field length is 5, the trailing mode affects all fields containing up to five spaces. Fields above the designated field length are not affected. |

### Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_user\_attr\_comment**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

enables a user to add a user-defined comment property to the physical description of fields in the GUI map.

**TE\_user\_attr\_comment** ( *name* );

*name*

The name of the user-defined comment property.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

**TE\_user\_reset\_all\_attr\_comments**    **Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

Resets all user-defined comment properties.

```
TE_user_reset_all_attr_comments ( );
```

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

**Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_wait\_field**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

waits for a specified string in a specified field to appear on screen.

**TE\_wait\_field** ( *field\_logical\_name*, *content* [, *timeout* ] );

|                           |                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>field_logical_name</i> | The logical name or description of the field.                                                         |
| <i>content</i>            | The text string WinRunner waits for.                                                                  |
| <i>timeout</i>            | The number of seconds that WinRunner waits for the string to appear before continuing test execution. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the string is found; 1 if the string is not found; -1 if the function fails. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.



## TE\_wait\_string

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

waits for a string to appear on screen.

**TE\_wait\_string** ( *string* [ , *start\_column*, *start\_row*, *end\_column*, *end\_row* [ , *timeout* ] ] );

|                         |                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>string</i>           | The text for which WinRunner waits.                                                                   |
| <i>start_column/row</i> | The column/row at which the text starts.                                                              |
| <i>end_column/row</i>   | The column/row at which the text ends.                                                                |
| <i>timeout</i>          | The number of seconds that WinRunner waits for the string to appear before continuing test execution. |

---

**Note:** This function sends a user message to the test results.

---

### Return Values

This function returns 0 if the string is found; 1 if the string is not found; -1 if the function fails. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### Availability

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

## **TE\_wait\_sync**

**Context Sensitive • Terminal Emulator**

instructs WinRunner to wait for a response from the host indicating that it is ready to receive input.

**TE\_wait\_sync ( );**

The **TE\_wait\_sync** function instructs WinRunner to wait until the host responds that it is ready to receive input before continuing test execution.

### **Return Values**

This function returns the actual time that WinRunner waited. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128, and “Return Values for Terminal Emulator Functions” on page 135.

### **Availability**

This function is supported for WinRunner EURO and WinRunner with Terminal Emulator Add-in support only.

It does not apply to applications running on VT100.

**textit****Standard • Call Statement**

stops execution of the current test.

---

**Note:** The **textit** statement is not a function. Therefore, it does not appear in the Function Generator.

---

**textit** ( [ *expression* ] );

*expression*

The value that is returned to the call statement that invokes the called test.

**Return Values**

The **textit** statement is a keyword, not a function. It does not have a return value.

**Availability**

This statement is always available.

## **time\_str**

**Standard • Time-Related**

converts the integer returned by the `get_time` function to a string.

`time_str ( [ expression ] );`

*expression*

The value of this expression must be expressed in the format generated by `get_time` (the time expressed in the number of seconds that have elapsed since 00:00 GMT, January 1, 1970). If *expression* is not included (null), `time_str` converts the current value returned by `get_time`.

### **Return Values**

This function returns a string in the format "Day Month Date Hour:Min:Sec Year."

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**tl\_step****Standard • Miscellaneous**

divides a test script into sections and inserts a status message in the test results for the previous section.

**tl\_step** ( *step\_name*, *status*, *description* );

|                    |                                                                                              |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>step_name</i>   | the name of the test step.                                                                   |
| <i>status</i>      | sets whether the step passed or failed. Set to 0 for pass, or any other integer for failure. |
| <i>description</i> | a short explanation of the step.                                                             |

The **tl\_step** function divides test scripts into sections and determines whether each section passes or fails. When the test run is completed, you view the test results in the Test Results window. The report displays a result (pass/fail) for each step you defined.

When WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project, the message is inserted in the Quality Center “step” table as well.

**Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the step passes. If the return value is not zero, the step fails.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **tl\_step\_once**

**Standard • Miscellaneous**

divides a test script into sections and inserts a status message in the test results for the previous section.

**tl\_step\_once** ( *step\_name*, *status*, *description* );

|                    |                                                                                              |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>step_name</i>   | the name of the test step.                                                                   |
| <i>status</i>      | sets whether the step passed or failed. Set to 0 for pass, or any other integer for failure. |
| <i>description</i> | a short explanation of the step.                                                             |

The **tl\_step\_once** function divides test scripts into sections and determines whether each section passes or fails. When the test run is completed, you view the test results in the Test Results window. The report displays a result (pass/fail) for each step you defined.

When WinRunner is connected to a Quality Center project, the message is inserted in the Quality Center “step” table as well. Note that the message is inserted in the Quality Center “step” table once per *step\_name*.

### **Return Values**

This function returns 0 if the step passes. If the return value is not zero, the step fails.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**tolower**

converts all uppercase characters in a string to lowercase.

**tolower** ( *string* );

*string*                      A string expression.

**Return Values**

This function returns a lower case string.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**Standard • String**

## **toolbar\_button\_press**

**Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

clicks on a toolbar button.

**toolbar\_button\_press** ( *toolbar*, *button*, *mouse\_button* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i>      | The logical name or description of the toolbar.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <i>button</i>       | The button to press. This can be either the logical name or the numeric index of the button. The logical name reflects the button's attached text (tooltip). The index is specified as a string preceded by the character #. The first button in a toolbar is #0. |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | The name of the mouse button pressed when pressing the button in the toolbar. The names (Left, Right, Middle) are defined by the XR_INP_MKEYS system parameter in the system configuration file. This parameter is optional.                                      |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **toolbar\_get\_button**

**Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

returns the name of toolbar button.

**toolbar\_get\_button** ( *toolbar*, *button\_num*, *out\_text* );

|                   |                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i>    | The logical name or description of the toolbar. |
| <i>button_num</i> | The numeric index of the button in the toolbar. |
| <i>out_text</i>   | The output variable that stores the text.       |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **toolbar\_get\_buttons\_count**

**Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

returns the number of buttons in a toolbar.

**toolbar\_get\_buttons\_count** ( *toolbar*, *out\_num* );

|                |                                                                       |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i> | The logical name or description of the toolbar.                       |
| <i>out_num</i> | The output variable that stores the number of buttons on the toolbar. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**toolbar\_get\_button\_info****Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

returns the value of a toolbar button property.

**toolbar\_get\_button\_info** ( *toolbar*, *button*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i>   | The logical name or description of the toolbar.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>button</i>    | The logical name or the numeric index of the button. The logical name reflects the button's attached text (tooltip). The index is specified as a string preceded by the character #. The first button in a toolbar is #0. |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the "Configuring the GUI Map" in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> .                                                                                                                      |
| <i>out_value</i> | The output variable that stores the value of the specified property.                                                                                                                                                      |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **toolbar\_get\_button\_num**

**Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

returns the position of a toolbar button.

**toolbar\_get\_button\_num** ( *toolbar*, *button*, *out\_num* );

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i> | The logical name or description of the toolbar.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>button</i>  | The logical name or description of the button. The logical name reflects the button's attached text. The index is specified as a string preceded by the character #. The first button in a toolbar is #0. |
| <i>out_num</i> | The output variable that stores the numeric position of the button on the toolbar. The first button is automatically number 0.                                                                            |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **toolbar\_get\_buttons\_count**

**Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

returns the number of buttons in a toolbar.

**toolbar\_get\_buttons\_count** ( *toolbar*, *out\_num* );

|                |                                                                       |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i> | The logical name or description of the toolbar.                       |
| <i>out_num</i> | The output variable that stores the number of buttons on the toolbar. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **toolbar\_select\_item**

**Context Sensitive • Toolbar Object**

selects an item from a menu-like toolbar, as in Microsoft Internet Explorer.

**toolbar\_select\_item** ( *toolbar*, *toolbar\_item\_chain* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>toolbar</i>            | The logical name or description of the toolbar containing the first item in <b>toolbar_item_chain</b> .                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>toolbar_item_chain</i> | The chain of toolbar items separated by the TreeView separator (by default, a semi-colon). You can configure the separator in the General Options dialog box. If the item string is not available, then the item index will be recorded instead. |
| <i>mouse_button</i>       | The name of the mouse button pressed when selecting the last item in <b>toolbar_item_path</b> . The names (Left, Right, Middle) are defined by the XR_INP_MKEYS system parameter in the system configuration file. This parameter is optional.   |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**toupper**

converts all lowercase characters in a string to uppercase.

**Standard • String**

**toupper** ( *string* );

*string*                      A string expression.

**Return Values**

This function returns an uppercase string.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **treturn**

**Standard • Call Statements**

stops a called test and returns control to the calling test.

The **treturn** statement is used when calling a test. This statement stops execution of the current test and returns control to the calling test. The **treturn** statement also provides a return value for the called test.

---

**Note:** The **treturn** statement is not a function. Therefore, it does not appear in the Function Generator.

---

**treturn** [ ( *expression* ) ];

*expression*

The value that is returned to the call statement invoking the called test. If no value is specified, then the return value of the call statement is 0.

## **Return Values**

The **treturn** statement is a keyword, not a function, and does not have a return value.

## **Availability**

This statement is always available.



## type

**Analog • Input Device**

specifies keyboard input.

```
type ( keyboard_input [, technical_id ] );
```

*keyboard\_input*      A string expression that represents keystrokes.

*technical\_id*        Points to timing and synchronization data. This parameter is only present when the **type** statement is generated during recording.

The **type** function depicts the keyboard input sent to the application under test. Keyboard input is evaluated to a string using the following conventions. The *TSL Online Reference* contains the conventions for evaluating keyboard input to a string.

## Return Values

The return value of the function is always 0.

## Availability

This function is always available.

**unload****Standard • Compiled Module**

removes a compiled module or selected functions from memory.

```
unload ( [ module | test [, function_name ] ] );
```

|                             |                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>module</i>   <i>test</i> | A string expression indicating the name of an existing compiled module or test. |
| <i>function_name</i>        | A string expression indicating the name of an existing compiled function.       |

The unload function can remove an entire module from memory, or a selected function. When only a module or test name is specified, all functions within that module/test are removed.

If no arguments are specified, unload removes all compiled modules from memory.

A system module is generally a closed module that is “invisible” to the tester. It is not displayed when it is loaded, cannot be stepped into, and is not stopped by a pause command. A system module is not unloaded when you execute an unload statement with no parameters (global unload).

A user module is the opposite of a system module in these respects. Generally, a user module is one that is still being developed. In such a module you might want to make changes and compile them incrementally.

---

**Note:** If you make changes to a function in a loaded compiled module, you must unload and reload the compiled module in order for the changes to take effect.

---

## **Return Values**

This function returns 0 for success, and 1 for failure.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **unload\_dll**

**Standard • Miscellaneous**

unloads a DLL from memory.

**unload\_dll** ( *pathname* );

*pathname*

The full pathname of the Dynamic Link Library (DLL) to be unloaded.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**unset\_class\_map****Context Sensitive • GUI Map Configuration**

unbinds a custom class from a standard class.

```
unset_class_map ( custom_class );
```

*custom\_class*            The name of the custom class to unbind.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only.

## **user\_data\_point**

**Standard • Load Testing**

records a user-defined data sample.

**user\_data\_point** ( *sample\_name*, *value* );

*sample\_name*            A string indicating the name of the sample type.

*value*                    The value to record.

### **Return Values**

This function returns 0 if it succeeds, and -1 if it fails to write the sampled data.

### **Availability**

This function is available for LoadRunner GUI Vusers only.

## **vb\_get\_label\_names**

**Context Sensitive • ActiveX/Visual Basic**

retrieves the names of all label controls in the given form window. The names are stored as subscripts of an array.

**vb\_get\_label\_names** ( *window*, *name\_array*, *count* );

|                   |                                                                   |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>     | The logical name or description of the Visual Basic form.         |
| <i>name_array</i> | The out parameter containing the name of the storage array.       |
| <i>count</i>      | The out parameter containing the number of elements in the array. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available only for the Visual Basic add-in.

## **wait**

**Standard • Time-Related**

pauses test execution.

**wait** ( *seconds* [ , *milliseconds* ] );

*seconds*

The length of the pause, in seconds. The valid range of this parameter is from 0 to 32,767 seconds.

*milliseconds*

The number of milliseconds that are added to the *seconds*.

### **Return Values**

The return value of the function is always 0.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**wait\_window****Analog • Synchronization Functions**

waits for a window bitmap to appear.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only. The Context Sensitive versions of this function are **win\_check\_bitmap** and **obj\_check\_bitmap**. You should use these functions instead.

---

**wait\_window** ( *time*, *image*, *window*, *width*, *height*, *x*, *y* [ , *relx<sub>1</sub>*, *rely<sub>1</sub>*, *relx<sub>2</sub>*, *rely<sub>2</sub>* ] );

|                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>time</i>                                       | The <i>time</i> is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option to give the maximum interval between the previous input even and the screen capture.                                     |
| <i>image</i>                                      | A string expression identifying the captured bitmap.                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>window</i>                                     | A string expression indicating the name in the window banner.                                                                                                                               |
| <i>width</i> , <i>height</i>                      | The size of the window, in pixels.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i>                               | The position of the upper left corner of the window.                                                                                                                                        |
| <i>relx<sub>1</sub></i> , <i>rely<sub>1</sub></i> | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper left corner of the rectangle, relative to the upper left corner of the window, expressed in pixels (the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> parameters). |
| <i>relx<sub>2</sub></i> , <i>rely<sub>2</sub></i> | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the lower right corner of the rectangle, relative to the lower right corner of the window (the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> parameters).                    |

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**`_web_set_tag_attr`****Context Sensitive • Web**

instructs WinRunner to use the specified attribute for the logical name of the specified Web object class.

```
_web_set_tag_attr(class, attribute);
```

*class*                      The MSW\_class of the Web object.

*attribute*                The attribute to be used for the logical name.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_browser\_invoke**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

invokes the browser and opens a specified site.

**web\_browser\_invoke** ( *browser*, *site* );

|                |                                                                    |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>browser</i> | The name of browser, IE (Microsoft Internet Explorer) or NETSCAPE. |
| <i>site</i>    | The address of the site.                                           |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_cursor\_to\_image**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

moves the cursor to an image on a page.

**web\_cursor\_to\_image** ( *image*, *x*, *y* );

|              |                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>image</i> | The logical name or description of the image.                                                                         |
| <i>x,y</i>   | The x- and y-coordinates of the mouse pointer when moved to an image, relative to the upper left corner of the image. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only.

---

## **web\_cursor\_to\_label**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

moves the cursor to a label on a page.

**web\_cursor\_to\_label** ( *label*, *x*, *y* );

*label*

The name of the label.

*x,y*

The x- and y- coordinates of the mouse pointer when moved to a label, relative to the upper left corner of the label.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only.

---

## **web\_cursor\_to\_link**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

moves the cursor to a link on a page.

**web\_cursor\_to\_link** ( *link*, *x*, *y* );

*link*

The logical name or description of the link object.

*x,y*

The x- and y- coordinates of the mouse pointer when moved to a link, relative to the upper left corner of the link.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only.

---

## **web\_cursor\_to\_obj**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

moves the cursor to an object on a page.

**web\_cursor\_to\_obj** ( *object*, *x*, *y* );

|               |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i> | The name of the object.                                                                                                 |
| <i>x,y</i>    | The x- and y-coordinates of the mouse pointer when moved to an object, relative to the upper left corner of the object. |

The **web\_cursor\_to\_obj** function moves the cursor to an object on a frame. The x- and y-coordinates of the mouse pointer when moved to an object are relative to the upper left corner of the object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

This function is available only when using Microsoft Internet Explorer.



**web\_event****Context Sensitive • Web**

runs an event on the specified object.

**web\_event** ( *object*, *event\_name* [ , *x*, *y* ] );

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>     | The logical name or description of the recorded object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>event_name</i> | The name of an event handler. Use one of the following events:<br><br><b>blur:</b> An event occurs when an object loses focus, or when a window or a frame loses focus.<br><br><b>change:</b> An event occurs when a value of an object has been modified.<br><br><b>click:</b> An event occurs when an object is clicked.<br><br><b>focus:</b> An event occurs when an object receives focus by clicking the mouse or by tabbing with the keyboard.<br><br><b>mousedown:</b> An event occurs when the mouse button is clicked (and is in the down position).<br><br><b>mouseout:</b> An event occurs when the mouse pointer leaves an object from inside that object.<br><br><b>mouseover:</b> An event occurs when the mouse pointer moves over an object from outside that object.<br><br><b>mouseup:</b> An event occurs when the clicked mouse button is released (from the mouse down position). |
| <i>x,y</i>        | The x- and y-coordinates of the mouse pointer when moved to an object, relative to the upper left corner of the object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_file\_browse**

clicks a browse button.

**Context Sensitive • Web**

**web\_file\_browse** ( *object* );

*object*

A file-type object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

This function is available only when using Microsoft Internet Explorer.

## **web\_file\_set**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

sets the text value in a file-type object.

**web\_file\_set** ( *object*, *value* );

*object*                      A file-type object.

*value*                        A text string.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

This function is available only when using Microsoft Internet Explorer.

**web\_find\_text****Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the location of text within a frame.

```
web_find_text ( frame, text_to_find, result_array [ , text_before, text_after, index,  
                show ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>frame</i>        | The name of the frame.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>text_to_find</i> | The specified text string to locate.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>result_array</i> | The name of the output variable that stores the location of the string as a four-element array.                                                                                                     |
| <i>text_before</i>  | Defines the start of the search area for a particular text string.                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>text_after</i>   | Defines the end of the search area for a particular text string.                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>index</i>        | The occurrence number to locate. (The default parameter number is numbered 1.)                                                                                                                      |
| <i>show</i>         | Indicates whether to highlight the location of the string. If TRUE (default parameter) is specified, the text location is highlighted. If FALSE is specified, the text location is not highlighted. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_frame\_get\_text****Context Sensitive • Web**

retrieves the text content of a frame.

**web\_frame\_get\_text** ( *frame*, *out\_text* [ , *text\_before*, *text\_after*, *index* ] );

|                    |                                                                                |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>frame</i>       | The name of the frame.                                                         |
| <i>out_text</i>    | The captured text content.                                                     |
| <i>text_before</i> | Defines the start of the search area for a particular text string.             |
| <i>text_after</i>  | Defines the end of the search area for a particular text string.               |
| <i>index</i>       | The occurrence number to locate. (The default parameter number is numbered 1.) |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_frame\_get\_text\_count****Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the number of occurrences of a regular expression in a frame.

**web\_frame\_get\_text\_count** ( *frame*, *regex\_text\_to\_find*, *count* );

|                           |                                                   |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <i>frame</i>              | The name of the frame.                            |
| <i>regex_text_to_find</i> | The specified regular expression to locate.       |
| <i>count</i>              | The output variable that stores the count number. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_frame\_text\_exists**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

returns a text value if it is found in a frame.

**web\_frame\_text\_exists** ( *frame*, *text\_to\_find* [ , *text\_before*, *text\_after* ] );

|                     |                                                                    |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>frame</i>        | The name of the frame to search.                                   |
| <i>text_to_find</i> | The string that is searched for.                                   |
| <i>text_before</i>  | Defines the start of the search area for a particular text string. |
| <i>text_after</i>   | Defines the end of the search area for a particular text string.   |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.



## **web\_get\_run\_event\_mode**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the current run mode.

**web\_get\_run\_event\_mode** ( *out\_mode* );

*out\_mode*

The run mode in use. If the mode is FALSE (the default) the test runs by mouse operations. If TRUE is specified, the test runs by events.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_get\_timeout**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the maximum time that WinRunner waits for response from the Web.

**web\_get\_timeout** ( *out\_timeout* );

*out\_timeout*                      The maximum response interval in seconds.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_image\_click**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

clicks a hypergraphic link or an image.

**web\_image\_click** ( *image*, *x*, *y* );

*image*

The logical name or description of the image.

*x,y*

The x- and y-coordinates of the mouse pointer when clicked on a hypergraphic link or an image. The coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the image.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_label\_click**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

clicks the specified label.

**web\_label\_click** ( *label* );

*label*

The name of the label.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only.

---

**web\_link\_click**

clicks a hypertext link.

**Context Sensitive • Web****web\_link\_click** ( *link* );*link*

The logical name or description of the link object.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_link\_valid**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

checks whether a URL name of a link is valid (not broken).

**web\_link\_valid** ( *name*, *valid* );

*name*                      The logical name or description of the link object.

*valid*                      The status of the link may be valid (TRUE) or invalid (FALSE).

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_obj\_click**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

clicks an object in a frame.

**web\_obj\_click** ( *object*, *x*, *y* );

*object*

The name of an object.

*x,y*

The x- and y-coordinates of the mouse pointer when clicked on an object. The coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the object.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

This function is available only when using Microsoft Internet Explorer.

## **web\_obj\_get\_child\_item**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the description of the children in an object.

```
web_obj_get_child_item ( object, table_row, table_column, object_type, index,  
                        out_object );
```

|                     |                                                  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The name of object.                              |
| <i>table_row</i>    | The row number in the table.                     |
| <i>table_column</i> | The column number in the table.                  |
| <i>object_type</i>  | Specifies the object type.                       |
| <i>index</i>        | Unique number assigned to the object.            |
| <i>out_object</i>   | The output variable that stores the description. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.



**web\_obj\_get\_child\_item\_count****Context Sensitive • Web**

function returns the count of the children in an object.

```
web_obj_get_child_item_count ( object, table_row, table_column, object_type,
                               object_count );
```

|                     |                                                          |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The name of object.                                      |
| <i>table_row</i>    | The row number in the table.                             |
| <i>table_column</i> | The column number in the table.                          |
| <i>object_type</i>  | Specifies the object type.                               |
| <i>object_count</i> | The output variable that stores the object count number. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_obj\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the value of an object property.

**web\_obj\_get\_info** ( *object*, *property\_name*, *property\_value* );

*object*                      The name of the object.

*property\_name*              The name of the property.

For a list of available properties for each Web object, refer to the TSL online reference, or the “Working with Web Objects” chapter of the *WinRunner User’s Guide*.

*property\_value*              The output variable that stores the value of the property.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_obj\_get\_text****Context Sensitive • Web**

returns a text string from an object.

```
web_obj_get_text ( object, table_row, table_column, out_text [ , text_before, text_after,  

index ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The name of the object.                                                                                                      |
| <i>table_row</i>    | If the object is a table, it specifies the location of the row within a table. The string is preceded by the # character.    |
| <i>table_column</i> | If the object is a table, it specifies the location of the column within a table. The string is preceded by the # character. |
| <i>out_text</i>     | The output variable that stores the text string.                                                                             |
| <i>text_before</i>  | Defines the start of the search area for a particular text string.                                                           |
| <i>text_after</i>   | Defines the end of the search area for a particular text string.                                                             |
| <i>index</i>        | The occurrence number to locate. (The default parameter number is numbered 1).                                               |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_obj\_get\_text\_count****Context Sensitive • Web**

returns the number of occurrences of a regular expression in an object.

**web\_obj\_get\_text\_count** ( *object*, *table\_row*, *table\_column*, *regex\_text\_to\_find*, *count* );

|                           |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>             | The name of the object.                                                                                                      |
| <i>table_row</i>          | If the object is a table, it specifies the location of the row within a table. The string is preceded by the character #.    |
| <i>table_column</i>       | If the object is a table, it specifies the location of the column within a table. The string is preceded by the character #. |
| <i>regex_text_to_find</i> | The specified regular expression to locate.                                                                                  |
| <i>count</i>              | The output variable that stores the count number.                                                                            |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_obj\_text\_exists****Context Sensitive • Web**

returns a text value if it is found in an object.

```
web_obj_text_exists ( object, table_row, table_column, text_to_find [ , text_before,  

text_after ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>object</i>       | The name of the object to search.                                                                                            |
| <i>table_row</i>    | If the object is a table, it specifies the location of the row within a table. The string is preceded by the character #.    |
| <i>table_column</i> | If the object is a table, it specifies the location of the column within a table. The string is preceded by the character #. |
| <i>text_to_find</i> | The string for which to search.                                                                                              |
| <i>text_before</i>  | Defines the start of the search area for a particular text string.                                                           |
| <i>text_after</i>   | Defines the end of the search area for a particular text string.                                                             |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_password\_encrypt**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

encrypts a password on a Web page.

**web\_password\_encrypt** ( *password* );

*password*                      The password on the Web page.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_refresh**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

resets WinRunner's connection to the specified frame.

**web\_refresh** ( *frame* );

*frame*                      The logical name or description of the frame.

---

**Tip:** Call this function when the frame changes dynamically and WinRunner does not capture the change.

---

---

**Note:** This function is not recordable.

---

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see "General Return Values" on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_restore\_event\_default**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

resets all events to their default settings.

```
web_restore_event_default ( );
```

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.



## web\_set\_event

Context Sensitive • Web

sets the event status.

**web\_set\_event** ( *class*, *event\_name*, *event\_type*, *event\_status* );

*class*

The MSW class of the object.

*event\_name*

The name of an event handler. Use one of the following:

**blur:** An event occurs when an object loses focus, or when a window or a frame loses focus.

**change:** An event occurs when a value of an object has been modified.

**click:** An event occurs when an object is clicked.

**focus:** An event occurs when an object receives focus by clicking the mouse or by tabbing with the keyboard.

**mousedown:** An event occurs when the mouse button is clicked down.

**mouseout:** An event occurs when the mouse pointer leaves an object from inside that object.

**mouseover:** An event occurs when the mouse pointer moves over an object from outside that object.

**mouseup:** An event occurs when the mouse button is released.

*event\_type*

The name of an event type. Use one of the following:

**ANYCASE:** Connects to the event in any case.

**BEHAVIOR:** Connects to an event only when the behavior is associated with the object class.

**HANDLER:** Connects to an event only when the handler exists in the HTML script.

**BEHAVIOR\_OR\_HANDLER:** Connects to an event only when the handler exists in the HTML script, or when the behavior is associated with the object class.

*event\_status*

The name of an event status. Use one of the following:

**ENABLE:** The event is recordable.

**DISABLE:** Disables the recordable event for an object class, but the information is saved in the configuration file of recordable events.

**DELETE:** Disables the recordable event for an object class, and removes the information from the configuration file of recordable events.

## Return Values

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## Availability

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_set\_run\_event\_mode**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

sets the event run mode.

```
web_set_run_event_mode ( mode );
```

*mode*

The event run mode can be set to TRUE or FALSE. If set to FALSE, the test runs by mouse operations. If set to TRUE, the test runs by events.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_set\_timeout**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

sets the maximum time WinRunner waits for a response from the Web.

**web\_set\_timeout** ( *timeout* );

*timeout*                      The maximum interval in seconds.

The **web\_set\_timeout** function sets the maximum time WinRunner waits for a response from the Web.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_set\_tooltip\_color**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

sets the colors of the WebTest tooltip.

**web\_set\_tooltip\_color** ( *fg\_color*, *bg\_color* );

*fg\_color*                      A hexadecimal number denoting a color value of the foreground color. Default color is set to black.

*bg\_color*                      A hexadecimal number denoting a color value of the background color. Default color is set to aqua.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_sync**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

waits for the navigation of a frame to be completed.

**web\_sync** ( *timeout* );

*time*

The maximum interval in seconds.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

**web\_tbl\_get\_cell\_data****Context Sensitive • Web**

retrieves the contents of the specified cell from a Web table, starting from the specified character.

```
web_tbl_get_cell_data ( table, row, column, starting_pos, out_text,  
                          out_actual_text_length );
```

|                               |                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>table</i>                  | The logical name or description of the table.                                                                                                  |
| <i>row</i>                    | By location: # <row_location> The location of the row within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2".       |
| <i>column</i>                 | By location: # <column_location> The location of the column within the table, specified by a string preceded by the character #, such as "#2". |
| <i>starting_pos</i>           | The index of the character in the cell from which WinRunner starts retrieving the text string.                                                 |
| <i>out_text</i>               | The output variable that stores the string found in the specified cell.                                                                        |
| <i>out_actual_text_length</i> | The actual length of the text string in the table. Note that this length cannot exceed 1023 characters.                                        |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.

## **web\_url\_valid**

**Context Sensitive • Web**

checks whether a URL is valid.

**web\_url\_valid** ( *URL*, *valid* );

*URL*

Address of a link.

*valid*

The status of the link may be valid (TRUE) or invalid (FALSE).

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WebTest only.



**win\_activate**

activates a window.

**Context Sensitive • Window Object****win\_activate** ( *window* );*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available in WinRunner only.

## **win\_capture\_bitmap**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

captures a bitmap of the active or specified window, or of a selected area of the window.

**desktop\_capture\_bitmap** (*image\_name* [, *window*, *x*, *y*, *width*, *height*]);

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>image_name</i>            | The file name for the bitmap to save. Do not enter a file path or a file extension. The bitmap is automatically stored with a <i>.bmp</i> extension in a subfolder of the test results folder. For example: <i>..\MyTest\res1\MyTest\whole_deskop1.bmp</i> . Each image name is assigned a numbered suffix to ensure that the file name is unique in the folder. |
| <i>window</i>                | The logical name or description of the window you want to capture. If not specified, the active window is used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i>          | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper-left corner of the area to capture.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <i>width</i> , <i>height</i> | For an area bitmap: the size of the selected area, in pixels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_check\_bitmap****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

compares a window bitmap to an expected bitmap.

**win\_check\_bitmap** ( *window*, *bitmap*, *time* [ , *x*, *y*, *width*, *height* ] );

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>                | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>bitmap</i>                | A string expression that identifies the captured bitmap.                                                                                                                                     |
| <i>time</i>                  | The interval marking the maximum delay between the previous input event and the capture of the current bitmap, in seconds. This interval is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option. |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i>          | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper left corner, relative to the window in which the selected area is located.                                                                  |
| <i>width</i> , <i>height</i> | For an area bitmap: the size of the selected area, in pixels.                                                                                                                                |

The analog version of **win\_check\_bitmap** is **check\_window**.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_check\_gui**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

compares current GUI data to expected GUI data for a window.

**win\_check\_gui** ( *window*, *checklist*, *expected\_results\_file*, *time* );

|                              |                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>                | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                          |
| <i>checklist</i>             | The name of the checklist specifying the checks to perform.                                                                                             |
| <i>expected_results_file</i> | The name of the file storing the expected GUI data.                                                                                                     |
| <i>time</i>                  | The <i>time</i> is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option to give the maximum interval between the previous input even and the screen capture. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_check\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

checks the requested window property.

**win\_check\_info** ( *window*, *property*, *property\_value* [, *timeout* ] );

|                       |                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>         | The logical name or description of the window.                                                        |
| <i>property</i>       | The property to check.                                                                                |
| <i>property_value</i> | The expected value of the property.                                                                   |
| <i>timeout</i>        | Waits for the property to become available or until the time specified in this parameter is exceeded. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_check\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

checks the text of a window or area of a window compared to the specified expected text.

---

### **Notes:**

Before using **win\_check\_text**, make sure that the fonts used by your application have been learned, if necessary. For more information, refer to the *WinRunner User's Guide*.

If Learn Fonts has been performed, **win\_check\_text** can read only one line of text. If the enclosed area contains more than one line of text, then the line beginning furthest to the left is read. If more than one line begins at the same point on the left, the bottom line is read.

The maximum number of characters that can be captured in one **win\_check\_text** statement is 2048.

---

**win\_check\_text** ( *window*, *expected\_text* [, *x1*, *y1*, *x2*, *y2* ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>      | The window from which text is read.                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>expected</i>    | The expected value of the captured text.                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>x1,y1,x2,y2</i> | The coordinates of the rectangle from which text is retrieved, relative to the window. The pairs of coordinates can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of a rectangle. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_click\_help****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

clicks the help button in a window title bar.

**win\_click\_help** ( *window* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_click\_on\_text****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

searches for text in a window.

**win\_click\_on\_text** (*window*, *string* [ , *search\_area* [ , *string\_def* [ , *mouse\_button* ] ] ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>       | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <i>string</i>       | The text to locate. To specify a literal, case sensitive string, enclose the string in quotation marks. Alternatively, you can specify the name of a string variable. The value of the string variable can include a regular expression (the regular expression need not begin with an exclamation mark).                                                                 |
| <i>search_area</i>  | The region of the object to search, relative to the window. This area is defined as a pair of coordinates, with <i>x1,y1,x2,y2</i> specifying any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangular search region. If this parameter is not defined, then the entire window specified is considered the search area.                                                     |
| <i>string_def</i>   | Defines how the text search is performed. If no <i>string_def</i> is specified, (0 or FALSE, the default parameter), the interpreter searches for a complete word only. If 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word. Note that if you specify TRUE for the string definition, you must define a search area, as described above. |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | Specifies the mouse button that clicks on the text string. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the left button.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

The analog version of this function is **click\_on\_text**.



## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_close**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

closes a window.

**win\_close** ( *window* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_drag****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

drags an object from a source window.

**win\_drag** ( *source\_window*, *x*, *y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>source_window</i> | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>x,y</i>           | The coordinates of the mouse pointer when clicked on the source window, relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the source window expressed in pixels.                                   |
| <i>mouse_button</i>  | A constant that specifies the mouse button to hold down while dragging. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no button is specified, the default is the button that performs the select function. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_drop**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

drops an object onto a target window.

**win\_drop** ( *target\_window*, *x*, *y* );

*target\_window*      The logical name or description of the window.

*x,y*      The coordinates of the mouse pointer when released over the target window, relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the target window, expressed in pixels.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_exists****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

checks whether a window is displayed on the screen.

**win\_exists** ( *window* [ , *time* ] );

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i> | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>time</i>   | The amount of time (in seconds) that is added to the default timeout setting (specified with the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option), yielding a new maximum wait time before the subsequent statement is executed. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_find\_text****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

returns the location of a string within a window.

```
win_find_text ( window, string, result_array [ , search_area [ , string_def ] ] );
```

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>       | The logical name or description of the window to search.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <i>string</i>       | The text to locate. To specify a literal, case sensitive string, enclose the string in quotation marks. Alternatively, you can specify the name of a string variable. The value of the string variable can include a regular expression. The regular expression should not include an exclamation mark (!), however, which is treated as a literal character.             |
| <i>result_array</i> | The name of the output variable that stores the location of the string as a four-element array.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>search_area</i>  | The region of the object to search, relative to the window. This area is defined as a pair of coordinates, with x1,y1,x2,y2 specifying any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangular search region. If this parameter is not defined, then the entire <i>window</i> is considered the search area.                                                               |
| <i>string_def</i>   | Defines how the text search is performed. If no <i>string_def</i> is specified, (0 or FALSE, the default parameter), the interpreter searches for a complete word only. If 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word. Note that if you specify TRUE for the string definition, you must define a search area, as described above. |

The Analog version of this function is **find\_text**.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_get\_desc**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

returns the physical description of a window.

**win\_get\_desc** ( *window*, *obligatory*, *optional*, *selector*, *out\_desc* );

|                   |                                                                      |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>     | The logical name or description of the window.                       |
| <i>obligatory</i> | The list of obligatory properties (separated by spaces).             |
| <i>optional</i>   | The list of optional properties (separated by spaces).               |
| <i>selector</i>   | The type of selector used for this object class (location or index). |
| <i>out_desc</i>   | The output variable that stores the description of the window.       |

### **Return Values**

This function returns the value 0 if it succeeds and -1 if it fails. If *obligatory*, *optional*, and *selector* are null strings, **win\_get\_desc** returns the current learning configuration for the object.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



## **win\_get\_info**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

returns the value of a window property.

**win\_get\_info** ( *window*, *property*, *out\_value* );

|                  |                                                                     |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>    | The logical name or description of the window.                      |
| <i>property</i>  | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> . |
| <i>out_value</i> | The variable that stores the value of the specified property.       |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_get\_text**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

reads text from the indicated area of a window.

**win\_get\_text** ( *window*, *out\_text* [ , *x1*, *y1*, *x2*, *y2* ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>      | The window from which text is read.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>out_text</i>    | The output variable that holds the captured text.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>x1,y1,x2,y2</i> | An optional parameter that defines the location from which to read text relative to the specified window in pixels. The coordinate pairs can designate any two diagonally opposite corners of a rectangle. The interpreter searches for the text in the area defined by the rectangle. |

The Analog version of this function is **get\_text**.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_highlight**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

highlights the specified window.

**win\_highlight** ( *window* [ , *flashes* ] );

*window*                      The logical name or description of the window.

*flashes*                     The number of times the window flashes on screen.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_max**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

maximizes a window to fill the entire screen.

**win\_max** ( *window* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only.

**win\_min****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

minimizes a window to an icon.

**win\_min** ( *window* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is available for WinRunner and LoadRunner GUI Vusers running on PC platforms only.

## **win\_mouse\_click**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

performs a mouse click within a window.

**win\_mouse\_click** ( *window*, *x*, *y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>       | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> | The position of the mouse click expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates. Coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the window, and not to the screen.        |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant specifying the mouse button to click. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no <i>mouse_button</i> is specified, the default is the button performing the select function. |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_mouse\_dbl\_click****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

performs a double-click within a window.

**win\_mouse\_dbl\_click** ( *window*, *x*, *y* [ , *mouse\_button* ] );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>       | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> | The position of the double-click expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates. Coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the window, and not to the screen.       |
| <i>mouse_button</i> | A constant specifying the mouse button to click. The value can be LEFT, MIDDLE, or RIGHT. If no <i>mouse_button</i> is specified, the default is the button performing the select function. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_mouse\_drag**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

performs a mouse drag within a window.

```
win_mouse_drag ( window, start_x, start_y, end_x, end_y [ , mouse_button  
[ , modifier ] ] );
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>                   | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                      |
| <i>start_x</i> , <i>start_y</i> | The x- and y-coordinates of the start point of the mouse drag in pixels. Coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the window, and not to the screen. |
| <i>end_x</i> , <i>end_y</i>     | The x- and y-coordinates of the end point of the mouse drag in pixels. Coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the window, and not to the screen.   |
| <i>mouse_button</i>             | A constant specifying the mouse button to click (LEFT, MIDDLE, RIGHT). If no <i>mouse_button</i> is specified, the default is the one performing the selection.                     |

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.



**win\_mouse\_move****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

moves the mouse pointer to the designated position within a window.

**win\_mouse\_move** ( *window*, *x*, *y* );

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>       | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                              |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> | The position of the mouse pointer, expressed as x and y (pixel) coordinates. The coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the client area of the window, and not to the screen. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_move**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

moves a window to a new absolute location.

**win\_move** ( *window*, *x*, *y* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

*x*, *y*

The *x* and *y* coordinates are relative to the upper left corner of the screen.

## **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

## **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_move\_locator\_text****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

moves the mouse pointer to a string in a window.

**win\_move\_locator\_text** ( *window*, *string* [ , *search\_area* [ , *string\_def* ] ] );

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>      | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <i>string</i>      | The text to locate. To specify a literal, case sensitive string, enclose the string in quotation marks. Alternatively, you can specify the name of a string variable. The value of the string variable can include a regular expression (the regular expression need not begin with an exclamation mark).      |
| <i>search_area</i> | The region of the object to search, relative to the window. This area is defined as a pair of coordinates, with x1,y1,x2,y2 specifying any two diagonally opposite corners of the rectangular search region. If this parameter is not defined, then the entire window specified is considered the search area. |
| <i>string_def</i>  | Defines how the text search is performed. If no <i>string_def</i> is specified, (0 or FALSE, the default parameter), the interpreter searches for a complete word only. If 1, or TRUE, is specified, the search is not restricted to a single, complete word.                                                  |

The Analog version of this function is **move\_locator\_text**.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_open**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

opens an application window.

**win\_open** ( *window* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_resize**

resizes a window.

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

**win\_resize** ( *window*, *width*, *height* );

|               |                                                |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i> | The logical name or description of the window. |
| <i>width</i>  | The new width of the window, in pixels.        |
| <i>height</i> | The new height of the window, in pixels.       |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

## **win\_restore**

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

restores a window to its previous size.

**win\_restore** ( *window* );

*window*

The logical name or description of the window.

### **Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

### **Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_type**

sends keyboard input to a window.

**Context Sensitive • Window Object**

**win\_type** ( *window*, *keyboard\_input* );

|                       |                                                 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>         | The logical name or description of the window.  |
| <i>keyboard_input</i> | A string expression that represents keystrokes. |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

**win\_wait\_bitmap****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

waits for a window bitmap.

**win\_wait\_bitmap** ( *window*, *bitmap*, *time* [ , *x*, *y*, *width*, *height* ] );

|                              |                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>                | The logical name or description of the window.                                                                                                          |
| <i>bitmap</i>                | A string expression identifying the captured bitmap.                                                                                                    |
| <i>time</i>                  | The <i>time</i> is added to the <i>timeout_msec</i> testing option to give the maximum interval between the previous input even and the screen capture. |
| <i>x</i> , <i>y</i>          | For an area bitmap: the coordinates of the upper left corner, relative to the window in which the selected region is located in pixels.                 |
| <i>width</i> , <i>height</i> | For an area bitmap: the size of the selected region, in pixels.                                                                                         |

For an Analog version of the **win\_wait\_bitmap**, see **wait\_window**.

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.

---

**Note:** This function is provided for backward compatibility only. You should use the **win\_check\_bitmap** and **obj\_check\_bitmap** functions instead of this function.

---



**win\_wait\_info****Context Sensitive • Window Object**

waits for the value of a window property.

**win\_wait\_info** ( *window*, *property*, *value*, *time* );

|                 |                                                                     |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>window</i>   | The logical name or description of the window.                      |
| <i>property</i> | Any of the properties listed in the <i>WinRunner User's Guide</i> . |
| <i>value</i>    | The property value for which the function waits.                    |
| <i>time</i>     | The interval, in seconds, before the next statement is executed.    |

**Return Values**

This function returns one of a list of return values. For more information, see “General Return Values” on page 128.

**Availability**

This function is always available.



---

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