# **HP OpenView Select Identity**

## **Installation Guide**

Software Version: 3.0.1

UNIX® (Sun Solaris) and Windows® Operating Systems



#### October 2004

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Select Identity uses software from the Apache Jakarta Project including:

- Commons-beanutils.
- Commons-collections.
- Commons-logging.
- Commons-digester.
- Commons-httpclient.

- Element Construction Set (ecs).
- Jakarta-poi.
- Jakarta-regexp.
- Logging Services (log4j).

Additional third party software used by Select Identity includes:

- JasperReports developed by SourceForge.
- iText (for JasperReports) developed by SourceForge.
- BeanShell.
- Xalan from the Apache XML Project.
- Xerces from the Apache XML Project.
- Java API for XML Processing from the Apache XML Project.
- SOAP developed by the Apache Software Foundation.
- JavaMail from SUN Reference Implementation.
- Java Secure Socket Extension (JSSE) from SUN Reference Implementation.
- Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) from SUN Reference Implementation.
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You can go directly to the support web site at:

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The support web site includes:

- Downloadable documentation
- Troubleshooting information
- Patches and updates
- Problem reporting
- Training information
- Support program information

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# Welcome to Select Identity

HP OpenView Select Identity is the first truly scalable solution for managing identity within and between large enterprises. The Select Identity solution automates the process of provisioning and managing user accounts and access privileges across platforms, applications, and corporate boundaries. Along with robust workflow, user self-service, reporting, and delegated administration capabilities, Select Identity is the most comprehensive identity management system available.

Select Identity is designed to address the formidable challenges of managing identity within complex, multi-organizational business processes. Traditional identity management systems employ the user-centric model of roles to distribute access to users. In an extended enterprise, roles proliferate exponentially to accommodate the large number of complex business relationships that exist between users, organizations, resources and security policies.

Select Identity's Contextual Identity Management (CIM) <sup>™</sup> is a dramatic advancement in identity management. CIM provides a service-centric approach to managing identity. In any company, its employees, customers, and partners participate in a number of services or business processes that comprise the operation of the company. For example, these processes might include "order processing" or "accounts receivable." Each Service may consist of a number of applications or resources that require unique access privileges depending on the Service, its participants, and corporate policy. CIM incorporates these complex relationships and leverages them to automate the tasks associated with managing identity, including the following:

- Provisioning accounts and privileges
- Approving workflows
- Delegating administrative rights
- Enforcing security policy
- Reporting

CIM mitigates the limitations of the traditional role and rule-based identity management, enabling scalability throughout the extended enterprise while reducing deployment times and management costs.

Key features of Select Identity include the following:

- Centralized Management Provides a single point of control for the management of users and entitlements
- Provisioning Automates the creation, update, and deletion of accounts and entitlements on information systems across the enterprise
- Extreme Delegation Enables administrative rights to be distributed to multiple tiers of functional departments, customers, and partners
- User Self-Service Enables end users to initiate access to services, change passwords, set password hints, and update general identity information through a simple web interface
- Workflow Automates identity-related processes such as access approval and provisioning, and integrates these processes with other business processes
- Password and Profile Management Manages and distributes password and user profile information across and between enterprise information systems
- Audit and Reporting Provides standardized and on-demand reporting on permissions, actions, and user account activity

With Select Identity, provisioning and management of user accounts and privileges is no longer a barrier to realizing the efficiencies and competitive advantage of extending system access to ever greater numbers of employees, customers and partners.

# **System Architecture**

The following illustration provides a high-level view of the Select Identity system and its components.



All requests to and from the system use the HTTP protocol. Select Identity manages a single, logical identity for each user and administrator. These logical identities are mapped to the users' various accounts on back-end systems and services. The logical identities, as well as their corresponding accounts and privileges, are governed by Select Identity system functions and permissions. Accounts are also governed by security policies that are defined by an administrator based on the access requirements of the company's products and services.

The Context Engine and Identity Business Process Services components of the Select Identity architecture are of particular importance to administrators and personnel responsible for deploying and maintaining the Select Identity system. These components contain the functions that administrators use most. These functions include the following:

#### Context Management

Maintains the Context structure that defines identities and access for all users and resources in the extended enterprise.

#### • Services

Provides a business-centric abstraction over resources, entitlements, and other identity-related entities. Services represent the products and services that you offer to customers, partners, and employees.

#### Business Relationships

Provides granular control over how groups of users access services.

#### • Users

Provides consistent account creation and management across products and services.

#### Resources

Provides a connection to the physical information systems on which your products and services rely for user account data.

#### Workflow Studio

Enables the definition of identity-related business processes that can be executed for access to services or any other event within the Select Identity system.

#### Reconciliation

Ensures the proper coordination of provisioning workflow across multiple resources.

#### Auditing and Reporting

Provides robust standard and custom reporting facilities over user entitlements and system event history.

• Forms

Automates the creation of electronic forms used by end users to register for access to services, change their passwords, set password hints, and update personal information.

Tiered Authority

Enables the secure, multi-tiered delegation of administrative tasks, such as management of identity profiles and entitlements, to functional departments, customers, and partners.

Leveraging an open, standard, J2EE Connector Architecture (JCA) bus, Select Identity uses predefined connectors to access back-end system data stores. Connectors are configured during the installation process and are easy to deploy. If you wish to create your own connectors, Select Identity offers a software developer's kit (SDK) that enables you to do so.

# **Product Documentation**

The Select Identity product documentation includes the following:

- Release notes are provided in the top-level directory of the HP OpenView Select Identity CD. This document provides important information about new features included in this release, known defects and limitations, and special usage information that you should be familiar with before using the product.
- For installation and configuration information, refer to the *HP OpenView* Select Identity Installation Guide. All installation prerequisites, system requirements, and procedures are explained in detail in this guide. Specific product configuration and logging settings are included. This guide also includes uninstall and troubleshooting information.
- An *HP OpenView Connector Installation Guide* is provided for each resource connector. These are located on the Select Identity Connector CD.
- Detailed procedures for deployment and system management are documented in the *HP OpenView Select Identity Administrator Guide* and Select Identity online help system. This guide provides detailed concepts and procedures for deploying and configuring the Select Identity system. In the online help system, tasks are grouped by the administrative functions that govern them.

- The *HP OpenView Select Identity Workflow Studio Guide* provides detailed information about using Workflow Studio to create workflow templates. It also describes how to create reports that enable managers and approvers to check the status of account activities.
- The *HP OpenView Select Identity External Call Developer Guide* provides detailed information about creating calls to third-party applications. These calls can then be deployed in Select Identity to constrain attribute values or facilitate workflow processes. In addition, JavaDoc is provided for this API. To view this help, extract the javadoc.jar file in the docs/api\_help/external\_calls/Javadoc directory on the HP OpenView Select Identity CD.
- If you need to develop connectors, which enable you to connect to external systems for provisioning, refer to the *HP OpenView Select Identity Connector Developer Guide*. This document provides an overview of the Connector API and the steps required to build a connector. The audience of this guide is developers familiar with Java.

JavaDoc is also provided for the Connector API. To view this help, extract the javadoc.jar file in the docs/api\_help/external\_calls/ Javadoc directory on the HP OpenView Select Identity CD.

• The *HP OpenView Select Identity Web Service Developer Guide* describes the Web Service, which enables you to programatically provision users in Select Identity. This guide provides an overview of the operations you can perform through use of the Web Service, including SPML examples for each operation.

An independent, web-based help system is available for this API. To view this help, double-click the index.htm file in the docs/api\_help/ web\_service/help directory on the HP OpenView Select Identity CD.

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# **Installing Select Identity**

The following provides an overview of the Select Identity server installation process:

- Load the Select Identity schema into the database
- Configure general settings for the Select Identity server and interface
- Configure the web application server for use with Select Identity

The Microsoft SQL Server and Oracle are supported as database servers. BEA WebLogic Server is the supported application server.

Refer to the following sections for system requirements, prerequisite steps, and installation procedures.



Select Identity can leverage the clustering capabilities of the application servers to support high throughput and fault tolerance. Multiple copies of Select Identity can also be installed and can work together when they are connected to the same back-end database. See Clustering Environments on page 49 for details about configuring clustering properties.

# **Overview of System Requirements**

Select Identity is supported on the following database and server configurations:

Database	Supported Application Server and Platform
Microsoft SQL Server	BEA WebLogic Server on Solaris BEA WebLogic Server on Windows
Oracle	BEA WebLogic Server on Solaris BEA WebLogic Server on Windows

It is *strongly* recommended that the database server and web application server be installed on separate systems, if possible, for optimal performance and ease of management.

The following sections provide an overview of the *minimum* requirements for the database and web application servers. Recommend parameters are noted where possible.

## For the Database Server

Microsoft SQL Server on Windows 2000		
Version and edition	Microsoft SQL Server 2000, Enterprise Edition	
Operating system	Windows 2000 Server with service pack 3	
Processor	Intel Pentium or compatible, 500 MHz	
Memory (RAM)	512 MB minimum, 1 GB recommended	
Disk space	600 MB	
JDBC driver	WebLogic jDrivers Type 4 JDBC driver from BEA	

Oracle on Solaris		
Version	Oracle Database, version 9.2	
Operating system	Sun Solaris 8 with the latest patch cluster	
Processor	UltraSPARC, 330 MHz	
Memory (RAM)	512 MB minimum, 1 GB recommended	
Disk space	3 GB	
JDBC driver	Oracle's Thin driver (the classname is oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver)	

Oracle on Windows		
Version	Oracle Database, version 9.2	
Operating system	Windows 2000 Server with service pack 3	
Processor	Intel Pentium or compatible, 500 MHz	
Memory (RAM)	512 MB minimum, 1 GB recommended	
Disk space	1.5 GB	
JDBC driver	Oracle's Thin driver (the classname is oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver)	

## For the Web Application Server

BEA WebLogic on Solaris	
Version	BEA WebLogic Server, version 8.1 with service pack 2
Operating system	Sun Solaris 8 with the latest patch cluster, Sun Solaris 9 with the latest patch cluster
Processor	UltraSPARC, 168 MHz
Memory (RAM)	256 MB minimum, 512 MB recommended
Disk space	600 MB

BEA WebLogic on Windows 2000		
Version	BEA WebLogic Server, version 8.1 with service pack 2	
Operating system	Windows 2000 Server with service pack 3, Windows 2003 Server	
Processor	Intel Pentium or compatible, 200MHz	
Memory (RAM)	256 MB minimum, 768 MB recommended	
Disk space	600 MB	

## For the Select Identity Interface

The Select Identity interface requires Microsoft Internet Explorer (IE), version 5.5 or higher, with JavaScript and cookies enabled. No installation steps are required to install the Select Identity interface. The web application server that is configured for Select Identity will serve the Select Identity interface pages.

# **Configuring the Database Server**

To enable Select Identity to store its data in a database, you must load the schema into the chosen database server. Before loading the schema, you or the database administrator must ensure that the database server meets the *minimum* requirements. Then, create a database and user that Select Identity can use to access the database server. The following sections provide requirements and procedures for each database server.

### For Microsoft SQL Server

You can create a database for use by Select Identity by running SQL scripts.



Make sure that the SQL Server database is configured to be case-insensitive.

An important step in configuring the database takes place after you configure the web application server. You must ensure that the truaccess.repository.type entry in the TruAccess.properties file is set to **mssql**. The default setting is for oracle. See Copying Files to the Web Application Server on page 23 for more information about this file.

Complete the following to create a SQL Server database:

- 1 Create a Select\_Identity directory on the server.
- 2 Copy the concero\_ddl.sql and concero\_dml.sql files from the Database directory on the Select Identity CD to the Select\_Identity directory on the SQL Server system.
- 1 Log in to the Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface.
- 2 In Enterprise Manager, expand Microsoft SQL Server  $\rightarrow$  SQL Server Group  $\rightarrow$  server, where server is the name of the SQL Server instance.

3 Right-click Databases, and select New Database....

atabase Properties - Select_Ide	ntity
General Data Files Transaction L	og
Name: Select_Ide	ntiy
Database	
Status:	(Unknown)
Owner:	(Unknown)
Date created:	(Unknown)
Size:	(Unknown)
Space available:	(Unknown)
Number of users:	(Unknown)
Backup	
Last database backup:	None
Last transaction log backup:	None
Maintenance	
Maintenance plan:	None
Collation name:	(Server default)
	OK Cancel Help

- 4 Enter a name for the database, such as Select\_Identity. Click **OK** to finish creating the database.
- 5 Create a database user that can be used to manage the Select Identity database. Complete the following steps to do so:
  - a Select the Microsoft SQL Server  $\rightarrow$  SQL Server Group  $\rightarrow$  server  $\rightarrow$  Security folder in the Enterprise Manager tree.
  - **b** Create a new login for the new database by right-clicking on **Logins** and selecting **New Login**. The the SQL Server Login Properties dialog displays.

SQL Server Login Properties - New Login	X
General Server Roles Database Access	
Name: si	
Authentication	
C Windows Authentication	
Domain:	<b>v</b>
Security access:	
Grant access	
C Deny access	
COL Server Authentication	
Password:	
Defaults	
Specify the default language and d	atabase for this login.
Database: Select_Ide	ntity 🔽
Language: <default></default>	•
OK	Cancel Help

- **c** On the **General** tab, enter a user name such as **Select\_Identity**, enter a password, and select **SQL Server Authentication** as the authentication type.
- d Select the new database (Select\_Identity) from the Database list. Keep remaining default settings.
- e Click **OK**. You are prompted to confirm your password.
- f Select the **Database Access** tab on the SQL Server Login Properties dialog.
- g Select the **Permit** check box next to the Select Identity database user.
- h Assign the db\_owner and public permissions to the new user.
- i Click **OK** to save your settings.
- 6 Create the schema for the Select Identity database by following these steps:
  - a Launch the SQL Query Analyzer by selecting Tools -> SQL Query Analyzer.
  - **b** Select the new database (SI) from the DB drop-down list.
  - **c** Load the concero\_ddl.sql SQL script from the Select\_Identity directory you created in Step 2 on page 18.
    - Click the Open icon.
    - Locate the Select\_Identity directory.
    - Select the concero\_ddl.sql file.
    - Click Open.
  - d Run the script by clicking the **Execute Script** or play button.
  - e Verify that an error message is not displayed.
- 7 Insert the required default data into the Select Identity database by performing the following:
  - a Clear the previous script by clicking the **Clear Query Window** button.
  - **b** Load the concero\_dml.sql SQL script from the directory you created in Step 2 on page 18.
  - c Run the script clicking the **Execute Script** button.

Messages in the console indicate that rows are being created.

- d Verify that an error message is not displayed.
- e Close the SQL Query Analyzer and the Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise Manager.

The next step is to configure the application server, as described in Copying Files to the Web Application Server on page 23.

### **For Oracle**

You can create a database for use by Select Identity by running SQL scripts.



An important step in configuring the database takes place after you configure the web application server. You must ensure that the truaccess.repository.type entry in the TruAccess.properties file is set to **oracle**. See Copying Files to the Web Application Server on page 23 for more information about this setting. See Configuring TruAccess.properties on page 43 for general settings in this file.

Complete the following to create the database:

- 1 Copy the oracle\_concero\_ddl.sql and oracle\_concero\_dml.sql files from the Database directory on the Select Identity CD to a directory on the Oracle server.
- 2 Launch SQL Plus. You can perform the following steps using the Enterprise Manager Console. However, the SQL Plus steps documented below are valid on Solaris and Windows.
- 3 Create tablespace into which you will load the Select Identity tables.

CREATE TABLESPACE tablespace\_name

DATAFILE 'c:\oracle\oradata\SID\tablespace\_name.dbf'

SIZE 10M

AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M

MAXSIZE unlimited;

where *tablespace\_name* is the chosen name for the Select Identity tablespace. You will reference this name when creating the database user. This command creates 10MB of tablespace then automatically extends the tablespace as needed.

4 Create a user to be used by Select Identity to access the Select Identity tables:

CREATE USER user\_name PROFILE DEFAULT IDENTIFIED BY password DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace\_name ACCOUNT UNLOCK; GRANT CONNECT TO user\_name; GRANT RESOURCE TO user\_name;

where *user\_name* is the name of the database user to be created, *password* is the user's password, and *tablespace\_name* is the name of the tablespace to be used assigned as the user's default tablespace.

The oracle\_concero\_ddl.sql script, which is run in the following step, inserts tables into the user's default tablespace. If you do not assign the Select Identity tablespace as the user's default tablespace, you must edit the script to reference the Select Identity tablespace.

5 Change to the newly created user by entering the following command:

CONNECT user\_name/password

- 6 Create the schema for the Select Identity database by performing the following steps:
  - a Execute the schema creation script by running the following command:

@path/oracle\_concero\_ddl.sql

where *path* is the full path to the file. If Oracle is installed on Windows, you must include the drive letter in this path.

- **b** Verify that no error message is displayed.
- 7 Insert the required default data into the Select Identity database as follows:
  - a Run the data creation script by entering the following command:

@path/oracle\_concero\_dml.sql

where *path* is the full path to the file. If Oracle is installed on Windows, you must include the drive letter in this path.

**b** Verify that no error message is displayed.

# **Copying Files to the Web Application Server**

There are three files that must be copied to the web application server and configured for installation.

- 1 Create a Select\_Identity directory on the web application server that can store Select Identity files. The product installation and connector installations will reference this directory. For example, you could create the C:\Select\_Identity directory on Windows.
- **2** Copy the following files from the Select Identity product CD to the new directory:
  - SI30/application/lmz.ear
  - SI30/properties/TruAccess.properties
  - SI30/connector/connector.jar
- 3 The logging.properties file is also required for installation. Copy this file from the properties directory on the Select Identity product CD to one of the following directories:
  - The jdk141\_05/jre/lib/ directory logs all activity to the file configured by logging.properties.
  - If you want to designate a log file for Select Identity messages only, copy logging.properties into a different directory, such as a subdirectory of the library directory. This is particularly useful if you have multiple WebLogic servers configured in a domain.

After copying the file, refer to Logging on page 41 for instructions on configuring this file. Note that configuring logging is crucial and Select Identity may not function properly if you do not configure the logging.properties file.

- 4 Ensure that the C:\temp\log directory exists on the application server's system. The logging.properties file specifies this directory as the destination of Select Identity log messages.
  - If this directory does not exist, Select Identity will not start. If you wish to log to a different (existing) directory, edit the logging.properties file as described in Logging on page 41.

- 5 If necessary, create a subdirectory named ext in the JDK library subdirectory of the WebLogic server's installation directory (by default, this directory is in jdk141\_05/jre/lib/ on WebLogic 8.1).
- 6 Copy the contents of the library directory on the Select Identity CD to the ext subdirectory.
- 7 If you are planning to use the Auto Discovery or Reconciliation features in Select Identity, create a directory called endorsed under the Weblogic installation directory, jdk141\_05\jre\lib. Copy xalan.jar, xercesImpl.jar, and xml-apis.jar from the Select Identity CD to this directory.
- 8 For easier access to documentation, you can copy the product documentation and help from the docs directory on the Select Identity CD to a directory on the application server.

There are several configuration setting contained in the TruAccess.properties file. Most are optional settings that determine defaults for the Select Identity client. The following settings are *required* by the installation process.

• truaccess.sender.email

Specify a general email address that will be used as the sender's address for any email that is sent by Select Identity. For example, you may want to specify info@your\_company.com or select\_identity\_admin@your company.com. This address must exist on the SMTP server configured for use by Select Identity's application server.

You can also specify a value for truaccess.sender.name to coincide with this setting.

• truaccess.method, truaccess.host, truaccess.port

Provide values that make up the URL of the Console interface. Specify the protocol, host name or IP address, and port. For example, **http://localhost:7001/**.

• truaccess.loginURL, truaccess.logoutPage

Specify the log-in page and the page that is displayed when the user logs out of Select Identity. Synchronize these settings with the values of truaccess.method, truaccess.host, and truaccess.port.

If you are using external authentication, make sure that the truaccess.authentication setting is **off**.

truaccess.repository.type

This setting defines the type of database server you are using. Specify **mssql** for Microsoft SQL Server or **oracle** for Oracle. Oracle is the default setting.

This setting is case sensitive.

truaccess.upload.filedir

Specify a valid location on the Select Identity server that can be used as temporary storage while Select Identity uploads files to the database.

You can configure the remaining settings in the file, though default values are provided and you can set them at your convenience. See Configuring TruAccess.properties on page 43 for information about additional file settings.

# **Configuring the Web Application Server**

Select Identity relies on the web application server to serve the Select Identity interface pages, communicate with the database server to store and retrieve data, and send email based on an action performed through the Select Identity interface. You can configure a BEA WebLogic application server for use with Select Identity.



Select Identity supports clustered servers through the application server layer. See the application server documentation for information on clustering these servers.

To configure WebLogic for use with Select Identity, complete the following steps. These steps assume that WebLogic is installed and running.

- 1 Ensure that the system where WebLogic is installed meets the *minimum* requirements, as documented on page 17 (on Solaris) and on page 17 (on Windows).
- 2 If necessary, upgrade the Java encryption level that WebLogic uses to 128K. To determine whether you need to upgrade the encryption level of your server, note the size of the local\_policy.jar and US\_export\_policy.jar files in the jdk141\_05/jre/lib/security directory. If they are 3KB, you need to upgrade the encryption. The files for 128K encryption are 5KB.

Refer to **http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.2/download.html** (click **DOWNLOAD** next to Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) Unlimited Strength Jurisdiction Policy Files 1.4.2 under Other Downloads). Refer to the readme file that is downloaded to confirm which files to replace.

- 3 If the WebLogic server is not running, start the server and log in to the WebLogic Server Console as a system user. (Typically, the URL for the console is http://host:7001/console.)
- 4 Select Start → Programs → BEA WebLogic → Configuration Wizard to create the User Projects directory.

The WebLogic server can be started by selecting Start  $\rightarrow$  Programs  $\rightarrow$  BEA WebLogic  $\rightarrow$  Projects  $\rightarrow$  User Projects then selecting Start Server next to the name of your domain or project.

- **5** Configure the mail session, as follows:
  - a Select  $My\_domain \rightarrow Services \rightarrow Mail$  from the tree on the left-hand side of the console, where  $domain\_name$  is the domain created during the WebLogic installation. The Mail Sessions page is displayed.
  - **b** Click **Configure a new Mail Session** on the Mail Sessions page. The Create a new MailSession page is displayed.

Configura	tion Target	and Deploy Notes
This pag	e allows you to	o define the configuration of this mail session.
Δ	Name:	SI_Session
	The name of	this mail session.
Δ	JNDIName:	mail/TruAccess
	The JNDI Loc session.	okup Name used to look up the javax.mail.Session object for this mail
Δ	Properties:	mail.smtp.host=192.168.1.52
	The propertie in the JavaMa	is to used to configure this mail session. The property names are specified ail API Design Specification.
		Create

**c** On the Configuration tab, provide the following information:

Field	Value
Name	Enter a name for the mail session.
JNDIName	Enter mail/TruAccess.
Properties	Enter the mail server's IP address. Here is an example: mail.smtp.host=192.168.1.52.

d Click **Create**. The Target and Deploy tab is displayed.

Configuration Targe	t and Deploy Notes	
This page allows you to select the servers or clusters on which you would like to deploy this mail session. You can reconfigure deployment targets later if you wish.		
Targets:	Independent Servers	
		Apply

- e Select the WebLogic server designated for Select Identity's use and click **Apply** to finish mail session configuration.
- 6 Configure a JDBC connection pool to enable WebLogic to communicate with the database server by completing the following steps:
  - a Select  $My\_domain \rightarrow Services \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow Connection Pools$  from the tree. The JDBC Connection Pool page is displayed.

**b** Click **Configure a new JDBC Connection Pool** on the JDBC Connection page. The Configure a JDBC ConnectionPool page is displayed.

Configure a JDBC Connection Pool	
Choose database	
The following steps will help information and deploymen connection pool.	o you create and deploy a connection pool. You can change configuration coptions later if you wish. Select the database type and driver for your new
Database Type:	Oracle
Database Driver.	*BEA's Oracle Driver (Type 4) Versions:8.1.7.9.0.1.9.2.0         *BEA's Oracle Driver (Type 4) Versions:8.1.7.9.0.1.9.2.0         *Oracle's Driver (Thin XA) Versions:8.1.7.9.0.1.9.2.0         *Oracle's Driver (Thin) Versions:8.1.7.9.0.1.9.2.0         *WebLogic's Oracle Driver (Type 2XA) Versions:8.1.7.9.0.1.9.2.0         *WebLogic's Oracle Driver (Type 2) Versions:8.1.7.9.0.1.9.2.0
Note: Not all drivers before you can use	s in the list are installed. You may need to install the driver you select it. If your driver is not listed, select Other.
*Weblogic Server J	DBC Certified
	Continue

c Choose the database type and driver. If you installed the driver documented in For the Database Server on page 15, choose BEA's MS SQL Server Driver (Type 4) Versions:7.0, 2000 for SQL Server. Choose Oracle's Driver (Thin) Versions:8.1.7,9.0.1,9.2.0 for Oracle.

Then, click Continue.

**d** On the Define connection properties page, enter the following information:

Field	Value
Name	Enter a name for connection pool.
Database Name	The name of the database created on the database server for use by Select Identity. For example, Select_Identity.
Host Name	The IP address or host name of the database server.
Port	The database's port. The default port for Microsoft SQL Server is 1433. For Oracle, the default port is 1521.

Field	Value
Database User Name	The user created for use to administer the Select Identity database.
Password and Confirm Password	Enter the database user's password.

The following is an example:

Configure a JDBC Connection Pool		
Define connection properties		
Name your new connection pool ar	d provide additional information to connect to your database.	
Name:	SI_ConnectionPool	
The name of this JDBC	connection pool.	
<b>Connection Properties</b>		
Database Name:	TRUDB41	
The name of the databa	se to connect to.	
Host Name:	192.168.1.76	
The name or IP address	of the database server.	
Port	1521	
The port on the databas	e server used to connect to the database.	
Database User Name:	conero30	
The database account u	ser name used in the physical database connection.	
Password	Addedox	
Confirm Password:	Andreaded	
The database account p	assword used in the physical database connection.	
	Continue	

- e Click **Continue**. WebLogic displays the Test database connection page and constructs the values displayed in the fields on the page.
- f Click **Test Driver Configuration** to verify that WebLogic can connect to the database. Or, you can skip this step.
- g Click Create and deploy to create the JDBC connection pool.

**h** Click on the newly created connection pool to verify that your server is selected on the Target and Deploy tab. You can also edit the connection properties, if you wish.

Configuration Targ	et and Deploy Monitoring Control Testing Notes	
This page allows you to select the servers or clusters on which you would like to deploy this JDBC connection pool.		
Tarnote	Independent Servers	
rargets:	☑ myserver	
		Apply

- i Click Apply if you change settings.
- 7 Configure JDBC data sources, as follows:
  - a Select  $My\_domain \rightarrow Services \rightarrow JDBC \rightarrow Data Sources$  from the tree. The data sources configuration page is displayed.
  - **b** Click **Configure a new JDBC Data Source** on the JDBC Data Sources page. The Configure a JDBC Data Source page is displayed.

Configu	re a JDBC I	Data Source
Configure the data source		
Define y	our new JDB	C data source.
	Name:	SI_DataSource
	The name of t	nis JDBC data source.
	JNDI Name:	jdbc/TruAccess
	The JNDI path	to where this JDBC data source is bound.
	🗹 Honor Gl	obal Transactions
	Specifies whe Unchecking th care. This opti	ther this data source will participate in existing global (XA) transactions. is option while creating the data source should be done rarely and with on can not be changed once the data source is created.
	🗆 Emulate	Two-Phase Commit for non-XA Driver
	Specifies whe This option is driver and whe	ther the JDBC resource will emulate participation in a global transaction. only applicable when the associated connection pool uses a non-XA JDBC n global transactions are honored in the data source.
		Continue

c Enter the following information:

Field	Value
Name	Enter a name for the new data source.
JNDI Name	Enter jdbc/TruAccess.

Leave the default values for the rest of the options on the page.

- d Click Continue.
- e Select the connection pool created in Step 6 on page 27 from the Pool Name drop-down list.



- f Click Continue.
- **g** Ensure your server is selected on the Target data source page. Then, click **Create**.
- 8 Stop the WebLogic server.
- 9 Edit the startweblogic.cmd file to modify WebLogic's classpath, specify the location of the TruAccess.properties file, the location of the connector.jar file, and the location of the logging.properties file, if necessary.

The startweblogic.cmd file resides in the WebLogic\_home/ user\_projects/domains/domain/ directory on WebLogic 8.1.

 Add the Select\_Identity directory to the classpath. This enables the web server to access the connector.jar file. Here is an example of the classpath after it is modified. The new entries are bolded:

```
set CLASSPATH=%WEBLOGIC_CLASSPATH%;%POINTBASE_CLASSPATH%;
%JAVA_HOME%\jre\lib\rt.jar;
%WL_HOME%\server\lib\webservices.jar;c:\Select_Identity;
c:\Select_Identity\connector.jar;%CLASSPATH%
```

Add the TruAccess.properties file to the line beginning with
 %JAVA\_HOME%/bin/java. Add this argument before the
 weblogic.Server entry. If the TruAccess.properties file is not located in a path that is relative to the weblogic81 directory, make sure that you provide a fully-qualified path to the file.

If WebLogic is running on a UNIX server, you will also add -Djava.awt.headless=true to the classpath.

Here is an example of this line after it is modified. The new entry is bolded:

%JAVA\_HOME%\bin\java %JAVA\_VM% %MEM\_ARGS% %JAVA\_OPTIONS%
-Dweblogic.Name=%SERVER\_NAME%

-Dweblogic.ProductionModeEnabled=%PRODUCTION\_MODE%

```
-Djava.security.policy="%WL_HOME%\server\lib\weblogic.policy"
-Dcom.trulogica.truaccess.property.file=c:\Select_Identity\
```

TruAccess.properties weblogic.Server

— If you copied logging.properties into a directory different than WebLogic's installation directory, you must add the location to the line beginning with %JAVA\_HOME%/bin/java. Again, add this argument before weblogic.Server in the line. If the file is not located in a path that is relative to the weblogic81 directory, make sure that you provide a fully-qualified path to the file.

Here is an example of this line after it is modified. The new entry is bolded:

```
%JAVA_HOME%\bin\java %JAVA_VM% %MEM_ARGS% %JAVA_OPTIONS%
-Dweblogic.Name=%SERVER_NAME%
```

```
-Dweblogic.ProductionModeEnabled=%PRODUCTION_MODE%
```

```
-Djava.security.policy="%WL_HOME%\server\lib\weblogic.policy"
```

-Dcom.trulogica.truaccess.property.file=c:\Select\_Identity\ TruAccess.properties -Dcom.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging. misc.config.file=c:\Select\_Identity\log\logging.properties weblogic.Server

- **10** Save your settings.
- 11 Restart the WebLogic server.
- **12** Deploy Select Identity on the application server as follows:
  - a Log in to the WebLogic Server Console.
  - **b** Select the *domain\_name*  $\rightarrow$  Deployments  $\rightarrow$  Applications folder.
  - c Click Deploy a new Application.
  - d Locate and select the lmz.ear file, which resides in the Select\_Identity directory created in Copying Files to the Web Application Server on page 23.

e Select the radio button next to lmz.ear and click Continue.

The Deploy an Application page displays. The fields are populated with default values.

If multiple servers are configured, click **Target Application** and select the targets of the Select Identity application.

f Click Deploy.

The deployment may take several seconds to complete.

# Logging in to Select Identity

After Select Identity is installed, an administrative account is created:

Login sisa

Password abc123

Log in to the system with this account information and create a new Select Identity system administrator based on your company's security policies, and delete the sisa account.

Log in to Select Identity by entering the following URL in the web browser:

If WebLogic is the application server:

#### http://webLogic\_hostname:7001/lmz/control/home

3

# **Uninstalling Select Identity**

There are a number of places where Select Identity stores information. To completely uninstall the product, perform the steps in each of the following sections.

# **Uninstalling Select Identity from the Web Server**

The following sections provide steps for a complete uninstall from the web server.

### **Deleting the Imz File**

To uninstall Select Identity on WebLogic, you delete the lmz.ear file from the WebLogic server.



Make sure that all dependencies on the system are removed.

Complete the following steps:

- 1 Log in to the WebLogic Server Console.
- 2 Select the *domain\_name*  $\rightarrow$  Deployments  $\rightarrow$  Applications folder.

- 3 Click the **Delete** button  $(\square)$  next to the lmz application.
- 4 When prompted to confirm the deletion, click **Yes**.

## **Deleting the Connectors**

You may have any number of connectors installed to support system resources. If you are completely uninstalling the Select Identity product you will want to uninstall the connectors.

Perform the following steps:

- 1 Log in to the WebLogic Server Console.
- 2 Select the *domain\_name*  $\rightarrow$  Deployments  $\rightarrow$  Connector Module folder.
- 3 Click the **Delete** button  $(\overline{\mathbf{D}})$  next to the connectors that you have installed.
- 4 When prompted to confirm the deletion, click **Yes**.
- 5 Click Continue.

### **Deleting the Data Source**

Perform the following steps to delete the Select Identity data source:

- 1 Log in to the WebLogic Server Console.
- 2 Select the *domain\_name*  $\rightarrow$  Services  $\rightarrow$  JDBC $\rightarrow$  Data Sources folder.
- 3 Click the **Delete** button  $(\square)$  next to the jdbc/TruAccess connection.
- 4 When prompted to confirm the deletion, click **Yes**.
- 5 Click Continue.

### **Deleting the Connection Pool**

Perform the following steps to delete the Select Identity connection pool:

- 1 Log in to the WebLogic Server Console.
- 2 Select the *domain\_name*  $\rightarrow$  Services  $\rightarrow$  JDBC $\rightarrow$  Connection Pools folder.

- 3 Click the **Delete** button  $(\square)$  next to the connection pool that was used by the data source.
- 4 When prompted to confirm the deletion, click **Yes**.
- 5 Click Continue.

### **Deleting the Mail Session**

Perform the following steps to delete the Select Identity mail session:

- 1 Log in to the WebLogic Server Console.
- 2 Select the *domain\_name*  $\rightarrow$  Services  $\rightarrow$  JDBC $\rightarrow$  Mail Session folder.
- 3 Click the **Delete** button  $(\widehat{\square})$  next to the **mail/TruAccess** connection.
- 4 When prompted to confirm the deletion, click **Yes**.
- 5 Click Continue.

# **Uninstalling the Select Identity Database**

After you uninstall the product from the web server, you can uninstall the data and tables from the database.

## **Uninstall From Microsoft SQL Server**

Perform the following steps to uninstall the Select Identity from Microsoft SQL Server:

- 1 Log in to the Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise Manager.
- 2 Under Microsoft SQL Server, locate the Select\_Identity database instance.
- 3 Right-click on the database.
- 4 Select Delete.
- 5 To confirm the action, click **Yes**.

- 6 Under the **Security** heading, click **Logins**.
- 7 Right-click on the Select Identity database user name, such as SI in previous procedures.
- 8 Select Delete.
- 9 To confirm the action, click **Yes**.

### **Uninstall From Oracle**

Perform the following steps to uninstall the Select Identity database from Oracle:

- 1 From a SQL Plus command prompt, log in to Oracle as a user with system permissions.
- 2 Enter the following command:

drop user Select\_Identity\_database\_username cascade

A

# **Troubleshooting**

This chapter provides error messages that you may encounter when configuring the web application server for use with HP OpenView Select Identity. A suggested solution is also provided for each message.

By default, trace information is displayed in the window from which the WebLogic Application Server was started.

• The WebLogic Server does not start.

Possible Cause: The logging.properties file is not configured properly.

*Possible Solution:* For more information, see Logging on page 41 for details. In particular, make sure that the directory specified for the FileHandler log file (the **pattern** attribute in the message format) exists.

• The WebLogic Server does not recognize the lmz application.

Possible Cause: An anomaly in the installation.

*Possible Solution:* Add the EJBs to the WebLogic server using the WebLogic Server Console.

• When the WebLogic Server starts, the following error is displayed:

<Error> <JDBC> <Cannot startup connection pool
"ConceroConnectionPool" weblogic.common.ResourceException:
Could not create pool connection. The DBMS driver exception was:
java.sql.SQLException: SQL Server has been paused.</pre>

Possible Cause: SQL Server is not running.

Possible Solution: Start SQL Server.

• When the WebLogic Server starts, the following error is displayed:

<Error> <JDBC> <Cannot startup connection pool
"ConceroConnectionPool" weblogic.common.ResourceException:
Could not create pool connection. The DBMS driver exception was:
java.sql.SQLException:
Login failed for user 'sa'. Severity 14, State 1, Procedure
'null null', Line 0 Unable to connect, please check your
server's version and availability.
 at weblogic.jdbc.mssqlserver4.TdsStatement.
 microsoftLogin(TdsStatement.java:2872)</pre>

*Possible Cause:* The user ID or password is configured incorrectly for SQL Server.

*Possible Solution:* See Step 6d in the procedure for configuring WebLogic on page 28.

• When attempting to sign in to Select Identity (through the web browser), an Error 500 -Internal Server Error is displayed on the page and the following error message is displayed in the server's window:

<prvor> <JDBC> <Error during Data Source creation: weblogic.common.ResourceException: DataSource(jdbc.AccessUsDB) can't be created with non-existent Pool (connection or multi) (ConceroConnectionPool)>

*Possible Cause:* The targets for the JDBC connection pool may not be configured correctly.

*Possible Solution:* See Step 6h in the procedure for configuring WebLogic on page 30.

• When attempting to create an administrator, this error is displayed:

createAndSendMail exception : javax.mail.SendFailedException: Sending failed; nested exception is: javax.mail.MessagingException: Could not connect to SMTP host: 65.70.174.236, port: 25;

*Possible Cause:* The mail server is not available or the mail server configuration is not correct.

*Possible Solution:* See Step 5 in the procedure for configuring WebLogic on page 26.

Β

# Logging

HP OpenView Select Identity implements the java.util.logging.Logger class, as defined by the Java 2, Standard Edition, v 1.4.1 API Specification. During installation, the logging.properties file is copied from the Select Identity CD to a subdirectory on the application server. This file defines how Select Identity logs messages and exceptions, according to the specification.

The following options are available for you to configure. For more detail about each option, refer to the Logger class in the API specification.

#### • Handlers

Defines where messages are logged. You *must* configure the following handlers in logging.properties: ConsoleHandler and FileHandler. In addition, the following handlers are available: MemoryHandler and StreamHandler. In the example on page 41, a FileHandler and ConsoleHandler are configured (you must also configure the handler's format, as shown in the following example):

```
# List of global handlers
handlers =
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.FileHandler,
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.ConsoleHandler
# Properties for the FileHandler
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.FileHandler.limit = 500000
...
```

#### Message format

Defines the format of logged messages based on the handler type. For example:

```
# Properties for the FileHandler
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.FileHandler.limit = 500000
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.FileHandler.count = 3
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.FileHandler.pattern = concero.log
```

Note the **pattern** attribute for FileHandler, which defines the location of the log file. The file location is relative to the user's root directory (the user under which the application server is running). This directory must exist. If it does not, Select Identity will not start.

For example, if you specify log/log.txt and the application server is running under the administrative user whose home directory is /user/admin, the file is written to the /user/admin/log/log.txt file. You can also specify an absolute path, such as /temp/log/log.txt.

Refer to the Logger class in the API specification for a list of format parameters required for each handler type.

#### • Log level

Defines the logging output. Specify a level using the level entry and set the level to SEVERE (the highest value), WARNING, INFO, CONFIG, FINE, FINER, or FINEST (the lowest value). You can specify a level for all messages or only those written by a specific component.

In the example, the default logging level is set to WARNING but a log level is also specified for the LDAP connector component (you must also specify a handler for component-specific log levels):

```
# Set the logging level for the root of the namespace.
# This becomes the default logging level for all Loggers.
.level=WARNING
# List of global handlers
...
# Properties for the FileHandler
...
# Default level for ConsoleHandler. This can be used to
# limit the levels that are displayed on the console even
# when the global default has been set to a trace level
com.trulogica.truaccess.util.logging.misc.ConsoleHandler.level = FINEST
com.trulogica.truaccess.connector.ldap.ldapv3.LDAPConnector.level = FINE
```

С

# **Configuring TruAccess.properties**

You can configure general settings for the Select Identity server and interface by editing the TruAccess.properties file. This file provides settings for the following:

- Email that is sent as part of the provisioning process
- Provisioning retry attempts
- Clustering of servers
- The Select Identity interface URL and log-in page
- Authentication
- Temporary storage needed during uploads to the database
- Auditing
- LDAP
- Account reconciliation with system resources
- Facilitating user searches

Please ensure there are no "^M" characters in the TruAccess.properties file if Select Identity is running on a UNIX system. These characters are generated when files are copied from a Windows server system to a UNIX system.

# **TruAccess.properties Values**

Each section of the file is described below. Sections that should not be edited are specified.

truaccess.email.new.timeinterval=120

Specifies the time interval in seconds that the email daemon uses to send new email.

truaccess.email.retry.timeinterval=900

Specifies the time interval in seconds that the email daemon uses for sending new email if initial attempts were unsuccessful.

```
truaccess.email.retry.maximum=1
```

Specifies the maximum number of retry attempts for sending email. Setting this to 0 causes Select Identity to retry an infinite number of times.

```
truaccess.email.to.empty=off
```

Specifies off if you do not want any email sent if the "to" email address cannot be determined. Specifies on if you want to send an email to the administrator in this event.

```
truaccess.email.userinfochange=off
```

Do not change truaccess.email.userinfochange=off, leave as is.

```
truaccess.email.redirect=off
truaccess.email.redirect.dir=C:/temp/email
```

For testing purposes if a mail server is not available, specifies on and a directory to where the email files should be written.

```
truaccess.email=on
truaccess.email.inprogresstimeout=600000
truaccess.email.batchcount=10
```

Determines whether Select Identity sends email. If set to off, no email is sent.

```
truaccess.sender.name=Select Identity truaccess.sender.email=support@hp.com
```

Specifies a default name and email address to use if the sender information cannot be determined.

```
truaccess.job.retry.timeinterval=600
truaccess.job.retry.maximum=3
```

Specifies the time interval in seconds that Select Identity will wait between attempts and the maximum number of retries when trying to execute a function, such as deleting a user.

```
truaccess.postprovision.retry.timeinterval=5000
truaccess.postprovision.retry.maximum=20
```

Specifies the time (in milliseconds) to sleep before retry in post provision (adding account to the Select Identity database) and number of retry times.

```
truaccess.method=http
truaccess.host=localhost
truaccess.port=7001
```

Constructs the URL to the Select Identity system within email notifications.

```
truaccess.pageredirect.timeout=10
```

Specifies the time-out in seconds for page redirects.

truaccess.dataSource=jdbc/TruAccess

Specifies the data source JNDI name. You should not have to modify this setting.

```
truaccess.mailSession=mail/TruAccess
```

Specifies the JNDI name for the mail session id. You should not have to modify this setting.

```
truaccess.repository.type=oracle
```

Specifies the Select Identity database type. The default value is **oracle**. If using Microsoft SQL Server, specify **mssql**. This value is case-sensitive.

truaccess.logo=/lmz/images/TruLogica.gif

Specifies the relative or fully qualified path name for your logo file.

truaccess.homepage=http://www.trulogica.com
truaccess.customerName=TruLogica

Specifies your home page and name.

```
truaccess.authentication=on
truaccess.sso.token.name=ct_remote_user
truaccess.loginURL=https://localhost:7001/lmz/control/signin
truaccess.logoutPage=https://localhost:7001/lmz/control/
logout
```

If authentication is **on** then the following three attributes are ignored. If authentication is **off** then specifies the single sign on token name, the login URL and the logout URL for cleaning up the session.

```
truaccess.upload.filedir=c:/temp
truaccess.upload.maxfilesize=10485760
```

Specifies a temp directory that the Auto Discovery process uses and the maximum file size in bytes.

```
truaccess.audit.detail=off
```

Specifies **on** or **off** to increase the level of detail stored for audit history reports. If **on**, performance may be affected.

```
truaccess.provisioning.delay=2
```

Specifies delay in seconds for asynchronous provisioning.

```
truaccess.resource.record.max=1000
```

This parameter specifies the maximum number of users during reconciliation.

truaccess.dateformat=yyyy-MM-dd

Specifies the date format.

truaccess.timestampformat=yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss a

Specifies the timestamp format.

```
truaccess.version=3.0.1
```

Version number of Select Identity, do not change.

#truaccess.hibernate.config=/com/trulogica/truaccess/util/
persistence/mssqlserver.hibernate.cfg.xml

#### Specifies the hibernate property file. DO NOT UNCOMMENT.

truaccess.fixedtemplate.passwordreset=SelectIdentityDefaultProcess
truaccess.fixedtemplate.terminate.disable=SelectIdentity
DefaultProcess
truaccess.fixedtemplate.terminate=SelectIdentityDefaultProcess
truaccess.fixedtemplate.disable=SelectIdentityDefaultProcess

```
truaccess.fixedtemplate.enable=SelectIdentityDefaultProcess
truaccess.fixedtemplate.expiration=UserAccountExpirationWF
truaccess.fixedtemplate.reconciliation=Reconciliation
DefaultProcess
```

Specifies the template for password reset.

truaccess.expirationProcessPeriod=30

Specifies the manager notification sent prior to automatic account expiration. The default is 30 days.

```
#truaccess.expire.administrator.userId=sisa
truaccess.expire.administrator.adminFunc=Concero Sys Admin
```

Specifies the Select Identity system administrator login and administrative role.

```
truaccess.disable=true
truaccess.disabledays=1
```

Specifies account disable period before the account is terminated. Set this flag to **true** if accounts need to be disabled before terminated.

```
truaccess.policy.id=1
```

Specifies the default Select Identity policy identifier.

```
truaccess.recon.rootdir=c:/temp/reconroot
truaccess.recon.stagingdir=c:/temp/reconstaging
truaccess.recon.backupdir=c:/temp/reconbackup
truaccess.recon.filename.timeformat=yyyy_MM_dd_H_mm
truaccess.recontimer.startdelay=30
truaccess.recontimer.timeinterval=30
truaccess.recon.task.check.threshold=3
truaccess.recon.check_serviceassignment_authadd=false
```

Specifies the attributes for account reconciliation.

```
truaccess.batch.inprogresstimeout=1800
truaccess.batch.ownerkey=0
```

Specifies the attributes for batch processing for the Auto Discovery facility. Common batch processing is 0, or you can specify a specific application server.

```
truaccess.batch.pickuppolicy=1
truaccess.batch.reportdir=c:/temp/reports
```

Specifies the policy to pick up the batch files for the Auto Discovery facility. Values are:

```
1 - common batch only (truaccess.batch.ownerkey property is set to 0)
2 - own batch only (must have an application server specified in the
truaccess.batch.ownerkey property)
3 - common and own batch
```

truaccess.singlevalue.attribute.delete=false

Specifies whether or not a user's single value attributes should be deleted.

```
#com.hp.si.webservice.auth.resource=ldap
#com.hp.si.webservice.auth.ldap.accessurl=ldap://
localhost:389
#com.hp.si.webservice.auth.ldap.uidattr=uid
#com.hp.si.webservice.auth.ldap.suffix=ou=People,dc=trulogic
a,dc=com
#com.hp.si.webservice.auth.ldap.needssl=false
```

Specifies external authentication for web service requests.

com.hp.si.user.attributes.dropdown.constraint.count=10

Specifies the user attribute drop-down value count. This determines when you can choose a user name from a drop-down list or when you must use the search function.

#com.hp.si.clientName=Select Identity

Specifies your company name.

#com.hp.si.clientHeadTag=/ClientPages/SI/headTags.jsp

If you want to have a company-specific header, provide the .jsp path here. Work with Select Identity Professional Services to ensure that the formatting is consistent with Select Identity.

#com.hp.si.clientHeader=/ClientPages/SI/header.jsp

If you want to have a company-specific header, provide the .jsp path here. Work with Select Identity Professional Services to ensure that the formatting is consistent with Select Identity.

#com.hp.si.clientFooter=

If you want to have a company-specific footer, provide the .jsp path here. Work with Select Identity Professional Services to ensure that the formatting is consistent with Select Identity. truaccess.sqlQueryInListSize=200

The maximum number of positional parameters to be used in a SQL query "in" list or array.

truaccess.batchQuerySize=500

The maximum number of queries to be executed in a single batch insert/ update statement.

truaccess.generatedFileSizeLimit=2000000

Indicates the size of the files (in bytes) that are generated by the reporting subsystem. This is a soft limit; the actual file size may exceed this by a small amount.

truaccess.userdetailconfigrpt.sortattributes=UserName, FirstName,LastName,Email,Company,Department,CostCenter

Indicates the column on which sorting should take place in the user detail configuration report.

# **Clustering Environments**

Select Identity can leverage the clustering capabilities of the application servers to support high throughput and fault tolerance. Multiple copies of Select Identity can also be installed and can work together when they are connected to the same back-end database.

The following configuration is recommended for heavy use:

- Multiple application servers in a cluster to handle all user provisioning tasks
- One or more reconciliation server to handle reconciliation tasks
- One report server for generating reports

In order to partition the tasks, the TruAccess.properties file needs to be modified and for different servers.

• For the servers in a cluster, set properties to:

truaccess.batch.ownerkey=0

Common batch processing is set to 0.

truaccess.batch.pickuppolicy=1

Sets the policy to pick up the batch, where 1 specifies common batch only.

• For a reconciliation or report servers

```
truaccess.batch.ownerkey=100
```

truaccess.batch.pickuppolicy=2

Use a unique owner key for each reconciliation or report server.

This will ensure that the appropriate servers pick up appropriate tasks.

It is also possible to have a collection of reconciliation servers as a server farm. In that case they all have to share a common file-system and a common truaccess.batch.ownerkey.

All connectors need to be installed in all resource servers.

# **Attribute Mapping for Search Efficiency**

User accounts can consist of many attributes. Typically, users are searched based on certain key attributes (email, SSN, employee ID). Certain user profile attributes can be added to the TruAccess.properties file and used to expedite search functions. If these attributes are set, the TAUSEr database table must be extended by adding extra columns that reflect these values. The extra attributes must then be mapped to those columns.

To specify certain attributes on which you want to search, you can perform the following:

- Identify the key attributes, such as SSN, EmployeeId, or email. You will need to make sure that these are defined within Select Identity and within the mapping file used for each system resource in which data is stored.
- Add corresponding columns to the TAUser table in the database.
- Add entries in the TruAccess.properties file.

For example, you may want to use the SSN and EmployeeId attributes to simplify searches. Perform the following:

1 Add the following two columns to the TAUser table and create the corresponding indices.

Add to the TAUser table: SSN VARCHAR(11) default 'XXX-XX-XXXX'; EMPID VARCHAR(20) default 'XXXXXXXXX'; Create the following indices: TAUSER\_SSNIDX on TAUser(SSN); TAUSER\_EMPIDIDX on TAUser(EMPID); 2 Update the TruAccess.properties file with the following: truaccess.user.extra=SSN,EmpId

truaccess.user.extra.SSN.column=SSN

truaccess.user.extra.EmpId.column=EMPID

If there is no corresponding column mapping (truaccess.user.extra.<Attribute Name>.column=<Column Name>) then the attribute name is assumed to be the column name.

glossary

#### Α

#### Access Control List (ACL)

An abstraction that organizes entitlements and controls authorization. An ACL is list of entitlements and users that is associated with a secured object, such as a file, an operation, or an application. In an ACL-based security system, protected objects carry their protection settings in the form of an ACL.

#### **Access Management**

The process of authentication and authorization.

#### Action

An action represents a task that can be performed within each Select Identity capability.

See also: capability

#### Admin Role

A template that defines the administrative actions that can be performed by a user. An Administrative Service is created to provide access to roles. Users are then given access to the Service. Users with administrative roles can also grant their set of roles to another administrator within their Service context.

#### **Approval Process**

The process of approving the association, modification, or revocation of entitlements for an identity. This process is automated of these through workflow templates.

#### Approver

A Select Identity administrator who has been given approval actions through an Admin Role.

#### Attribute

An attribute is an individual field that helps define an identity profile. For each identity, an attribute has a corresponding value. For example, an attribute could be "department" with possible values of "IT," "sales," or "support."

#### **Audit Report**

A report that provides regular account interaction information within the Select Identity system.

#### Authentication

Verification of an identiy's credentials.

#### Authoritative Source

A resource that has been designated as the "authority" for identity information. Select Identity accounts can be reconciled against accounts in an authoritative source.

#### Authorization

Real-time enforcement of an identity's entitlements. Authentication is a prerequisite for authorization.

#### **Auto Discovery**

The process of adding user accounts to the Select Identity system for a specified Service through the use of a data file.

#### В

#### **Business Relationship**

A Select Identity abstraction that defines how a logical grouping of users will access a Select Identity Service. The Select Identity Service is a superset of all the identity management elements of a business service.

#### **Business Service**

A business service is a product or facility offered by, or a core process used by, a business in support of its day-to-day operations. Example business services could include an online banking service, the customer support process, and IT infrastructure services such as email, calendaring, and network access.

See also: *service* 

С

#### Capability

Actions that can be performed within the Select Identity client are grouped by capability, or link, in the interface.

See also: *action* 

#### **Challenge and Response**

A method of supplying alternate authentication credentials, typically used when a password is forgotten. Select Identity challenges the end user with a question and the user must provide a correct response. If the user answers the question correctly, Select Identity resets the password to a random value and sends email to the user. The challenge question can be configured by the administrator. The valid response is stored for each user with the user's profile and can be updated by an authenticated user through the Self Service pages.

#### Configurations

The Configurations capability enables you to import and export Select Identity settings and configurations. This is useful when moving from a test to a production environment.

#### **Configuration Reports**

Configuration reports provide current system information for user, administrator, and Service management activities.

#### Connector

A J2EE connector that communicates with the system resources that contain your identity profile information.

#### Context

A Select Identity concept that defines a logical grouping of users that can access a Service.

#### **Contextual Identity Management (CIM)**

An organizational model that introduces new abstractions that simplify and provide scale to the business processes associated with identity management. These abstractions are modeled after elements that exist in businesses today and include Select Identity Services and Business Relationships.

#### **Credentials**

A mechanism or device used to verify the authenticity of an identity. For example, a user ID and password, biometrics, and digital certificates are considered credentials.

#### D

#### **Data File**

An SPML file that enables you to define user accounts to be added to Select Identity through Auto Discovery or Reconciliation.

#### **Delegated Administration**

The ability to securely assign a subset of administrative roles to one or more users for administrative management and distribution of workload. Select Identity enables role delegation through the Self Service pages from one administrator to another user within the same Service context.

#### **Delegated Registration**

Registration performed by an administrator on behalf of an end user.

#### Е

#### End User

A role associated to every user in the Select Identity system that enables access to the Self Service pages.

#### Entitlement

An abstraction of the resource privileges granted to an identity. Entitlements are resource-specific and can be resource account IDs, resource role memberships, resource group memberships, and resource access rights and privileges. Entitlements are also considered privileges, permissions, or access rights.

#### **External Call**

A programatic call to a third-party application or system for the purpose of validating accounts or constraining attribute values.

#### F

#### Form

An electronic document used to capture information from end users. Forms are used by Select Identity in many business processes for information capture and system operation.

#### L

#### Identity

The set of authentication credentials, profile information, and entitlements for a single user or system entity. Identity is often used as a synonym for "user," although an identity can represent a system and not necessarily a person.

#### **Identity Management**

The set of processes and technologies involved in creating, modifying, deleting, organizing, and auditing identities.

#### Μ

#### Management

The ongoing maintenance of an object or set of objects, including creating, modifying, deleting, organizing, auditing, and reporting.

#### Ν

#### Notifications

The capability that enables you to create and manage templates that define the messages that are sent when a system event occurs.

#### Ρ

#### **Password Reset**

The ability to set a password to a system-generated value. Select Identity uses a challenge and response method to authenticate the user and then allow the user to reset or change a password.

#### Policy

A set of regulations set by an organization to assist in managing some aspect of its business. For example, policy may determine the type of internal and external information resources that employees can access.

#### Process

A repeatable procedure used to perform a set of tasks or achieve some objective. Whether manual or automated, all processes require input and generate output. A process can be as simple as a single task or as complicated a multi-step, conditional procedure.

#### See also: approval process

#### Profile

Descriptive attributes associated with an identity, such as name, address, title, company, or cost center.

#### Provisioning

The process of assigning authentication credentials to identities.

#### Reconciliation

R

The process by which Select Identity accounts are synchronized with a system resource. Accounts can be added to the Select Identity system through the use of an SPML data file.

#### Registration

The process of requesting access to one or more resources. Registration is generally performed by an end user seeking resource access, or by an administrator registering a user on a user's behalf.

#### See also: delegated registration, self registration

#### Request

An event within the Select Identity system for the addition, modification, or removal of a user account. Requests are monitored through the Request Status capability.

#### Resource

Any single application or information repository. Resources typically include applications, directories, and databases that store identity information.

#### Role

A simple abstraction that associates entitlements with identities. A role is an aggregation of entitlements and users, typically organized by job function.

See also: *administrative role* 

#### Rule

A programmatic control over system behavior. Rules in Select Identity are typically used for programmatic assignment of Services. Rules can also be used to detect changes in system resources.

#### S

#### **Self Registration**

Registration performed by an end user seeking access to one or more resources.

#### Self Service

The ability to securely allow end-users to manage aspects of a system on their own behalf. Select Identity provides the following self-service capabilities: registration, profile management, and password management (including password change, reset, and synchronization).

#### Service

A business-centric abstraction representing resources, entitlements, and other identity-related entities. Services represent the products and services that you offer to customers and partners.

#### **Service Attribute**

A set of attributes and values that are available for or required by a Service. Attributes are created and managed through the Attributes pages.

#### See also: Attributes

#### **Service View**

A restricted view of a Service that is valid for a group of users. Views enable you to define a subset of Service registration fields, change field names, reorder fields, and mask field values for specific users.

#### Single Sign-On (SSO)

A session/authentication process that permits a user to enter one set of credentials (name and password) in order to access multiple applications. A Web SSO is a specialized SSO system for web applications.

#### **SPML** Data File

A file that is used to add and provision accounts within Select Identity.

See also: Data File

#### U

#### Users

The Select Identity capability that provides consistent account creation and management across Services.

#### W

#### Workflow

The tasks, procedural steps, organizations or people involved, and required input and output information needed for each step in a business process. In identity management, the most common workflows are for provisioning and approval processes.

#### **Workflow Engine**

A system component that executes workflows and advances them through their flow steps.

#### **Workflow Studio**

The Select Identity capability that enables you to create and manage workflow templates.

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