# HP CLOUD SERVICE AUTOMATION FOR MATRIX 2010, DECEMBER

# **TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**



# Legal Notices

# Warranty

The only warranties for HP products and services are set forth in the express warranty statements accompanying such products and services. Nothing herein should be construed as constituting an additional warranty. HP shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

#### Restricted Rights Legend

Confidential computer software. Valid license from HP required for possession, use, or copying. Consistent with FAR 12.212, Commercial Computer Software, Computer Software Documentation, and Technical Data for Commercial Items are licensed to the U.S. Government under vendor's standard license.

#### Copyright Notice

©Copyright 2010 Hewlett-Packard Development Company, L.P.

#### **Trademark Notices**

Java™ is a US trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc.
Microsoft® and Windows® are U.S. registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.
UNIX® is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

## Acknowledgements

This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation (http://www.apache.org/).

#### **CONTENTS**

Legal Notice	95	2
Warranty		2
Restricted	Rights Legend	2
	Notice	
	k Notices	
	dgements	
. من ندم ما ما ما ما در اما در ا	g Integration (HP SA)	_
	g integration (Hr SA)	
	No HP SA software listed in the IO Software Tab	
	g HP Server Automation (HP SA)	
	Orphaned servers observed in HP SA Devices folders	
	Personalization fails during provisioning on a dual-homed server	
	Target server cannot download HP SA agent or OS	
	Check reachability failure on HP SA	
Problem:	The Create Service operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server	10
Troubleshooting	g Central Management Server (CMS)	11
	tion	
	HP SIM install fails with missing files	
	HP SIM install cannot access HP SA	
	uration	
	No VM ESX or Hyper-V host or network resources in HP IO UI	
	Virtual Connect cClass blade servers do not show up in HP IO UI	
	Cannot retrieve OS variation data for automated provisioning	
	Virtual Connect (VC) server incorrectly appears to be in use	
	HP IO storage pool database is corrupt	
	Orphaned VMs exist in vCenter inventory	
	Orphaned VMs exist in ESX server	
	Orphaned servers observed in HP Insight Dynamics VSE UI	
	ESX VMs created outside of HP IO	
	Physical resources are not returned if a provision fails	
	HP IO Service pauses because of IP Address limitation	
	The progress of the Create Service operation is not refreshed automatically	
	The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails	
	Server registeration fails during the Create Service operation	
	Unable to find physical servers—other than HP Virtual Connect servers—without Local Disks	
	HP ProLiant DL servers remain in the powered ON state when the Delete Service operation is	
Problem:	Non-VC-enabled servers do not appear in HP IO UI	
	A CSA for Matrix service delete fails	
	A CSA for Matrix service create fails	
	OOWF servers show "in use" status	
	HP IO shows blade status as always "in-use"	
	HP IO service fails with "Operation not completed" error	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	g HP SiteScope	
	e Client Access	
	Cannot access HP SiteScope using a browser	
	e CPU Monitor Configuration The CPU monitor is not reporting on a Linux target	
	· · ·	
	e Installation Problems with HP SiteScope templates	
	Communication error between HP OO and HPIO	45

HP OO CSA for Matrix Flows	46
Problem: CSA for Matrix flows do not appear in HP OO Studio	46
Problem: Using OO Studio to debug the CSA for Matrix Deploy Monitor Flow	50
Problem: How to prepare the CMS prior to installing CSA OO Flows	52
Problem: How to Recognize Problems with CSA Flows in OO Studio	54
Problem: Operation Orchestration workflows do not run for third party servers	
SiteScope Configuration	
Problem: The Deploy Monitors operation fails to create monitor	
Problem: Orphaned entries exist in the HP SiteScope console under the Remote Servers tab	57
Troubleshooting Storage	
Storage Configuration	
Problem: Not enough VM storage available	
Problem: Servers do not return to HP IO Server Pool after failed provision	
Problem: Allocated SAN storage not detected	
Problem: Target server fails to install OS to SAN	
Problem: SAN storage resources do not show up in HP IO UI	
Problem: HP IO service pauses during SAN boot with request for data disk	
Problem: SAN and local boot provisioning fails for non-VC Proliant servers	
SAN Usage	
Problem: HPIO Delete Service fails due to HP SA erase disk failure	
Problem: Storage pool entries for the third party servers show N/A	
Problem: The HP IO service pauses when a Local boot is performed and asks for data disk allocati	on 68
Other Troubleshooting Processes	71
Enabling logging in product components	
Problem: Data disk presented to the LINUX host is not visible	
Problem: VMM is not able to connect to the host	74
Performance and Tuning	
VMware Virtual Center Server Configuration and Tuning	
Microsoft Sysprep files in Virtual Center Server	
vCenter Database Size	
vCenter Database Retention Policy	
HP IO Properties Configuration and Tuning	
HP IO Sysprep Files	
HP LSM Properties	
HP SIM Tuning	
CMS Server Tuning	
CMS Database Tuning	
Overview	
Tuning Database Operating System: only for CMS using an off-host Database	
Set the MIN and Max memory and AWE	
Set Database Index Fill Factor	
SQL Server Max Degree of Parallelism	
SQL Memory Page Locking (64-bit systems only)	
Installing Cumulative Update 4	
Set Trace Flag in SQL Startup Parameters	86
Enable User Rights for Locked Pages in Memory	86

# Troubleshooting Integration (HP SA)

# Integration

#### Problem: No HP SA software listed in the IO Software Tab

This failure manifests when HP SA software does not appear in the HP IO Operations Console Software tab.

Symptoms	Unable to retrieve OS Policy or APP Policy Inventory from HP SA primary core. Any software presented by the HP SA server to HP IO is not listed on the HP IO Software tab.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	HP IO and HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	There might be a message in the HP IO or ALC log files, but not always.
Probable cause	The permissions of the account used by HP IO do not have list and view permissions to the software to be used by HP IO. HP SA is not fully up and running.
How to access log files	
For more information	See the HP Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide.

#### Solution:

Review the *HP Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide* chapter on setting HP SA account permissions. There are two parts to the permissions needed by this account. The first are those set in the OCC Web interface used to create the account and the appropriate group. The second are the folder permissions, viewable in the OCC Java application that contains the software packages, software profiles, OS profiles and OS sequences.

- 1) Verify that the HP SA server is up and running all HP SA services:
  - a) Log in as root to the HP SA server.
  - b) Run the command /etc/init.d/opsware-sas status
  - c) Review the output to see that all status messages are marked SUCCESS.
- 2) Verify that network connectivity between the CMS and the target HP SA primary core is working (for example, perform a basic ping check).
- 3) Verify that the mxnode security credential that was supplied for the HP SA primary core is correct by opening a command shell on the CMS and running the following command: mxnodesecurity -1
  - a) A valid credential must include the following:
    - The IP address or hostname of the HP SA primary core
    - A protocol type of dsc sas
    - The login and password of account that was created on the HP SA primary core for BladeSystem Matrix's use and access
  - b) If the credential that was created is invalid, delete the current credential using the command:

mxnodesecurity -r -p dsc\_sas -n <IP address or hostname>

NOTE: If the incorrect protocol type was specified, you must substitute the value that is currently stored in the invalid entry for **dsc\_sas** above.

- c) To recreate the credential, issue the command: mxnodesecurity -a -p dsc\_sas -c <username>:<password> -n <SA primary core IP Address or hostname>
- 4) Verify that network connectivity and the **mxnodesecurity** credential are correct. It is possible that the account that created on the HP SA primary core does not have access to the correct group or that the folder permissions on the HP SA primary core have not been correctly updated. Refer to the "Updating HP SA Security and Roles" in the *HP Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide* for details on configuring folder permissions.

HP IO also provides a support tool that can be used to retrieve a command-line listing of the current software inventory.

- 1) Open a command prompt on the CMS.
- 2) Change directory to: C:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\support
- 3) Execute the command: sbapi.bat GetImages

# Troubleshooting HP Server Automation (HP SA)

#### Problem: Orphaned servers observed in HP SA Devices folders

Symptoms	The HP SA <b>Devices</b> subfolders in the OCCWeb or
	NGUI have server records that are not associated
	with any active CSA for Matrix service.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	HP SA, HP IO
Other dependencies	A prior provision or de-provision of servers
	associated with the orphaned server records may
	have failed or had problems.
Failure message	None. Disconnected server icons or server icons
	marked with a red X appears as shown in the figures
	below.
Probable cause	
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Log in to the HP SA server via the NGUI client.
- 2) Review each of the following subfolders under the Servers folder for orphaned resources:

#### **All Managed Servers**

#### **Unprovisioned Servers**

- 3) Evaluate any servers in the All Managed Servers folders that do not have corresponding managed instances in CSA for Matrix, or whose small blue server icon is not connected to a small network icon just to its right.
- 4) Evaluate any servers in the Unprovisioned Servers folders that do not have corresponding managed instances in CSA for Matrix, or whose small server icon has a red X.
- 5) Evaluate what is managed in HP SIM, HP IO, VSE, VCEM, vCenter/ESX and Hyper-V.

6) Review any server records that are stray or orphaned for deactivation and removal from the HP SA Servers sub-folders.

Figure 1 Orphaned Servers in HP SA Devices, Part One

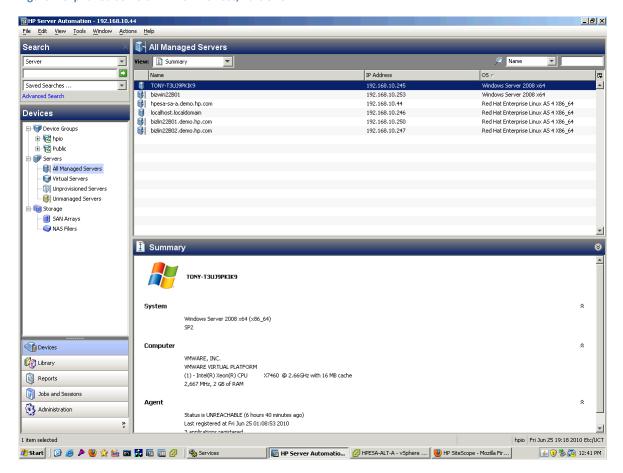
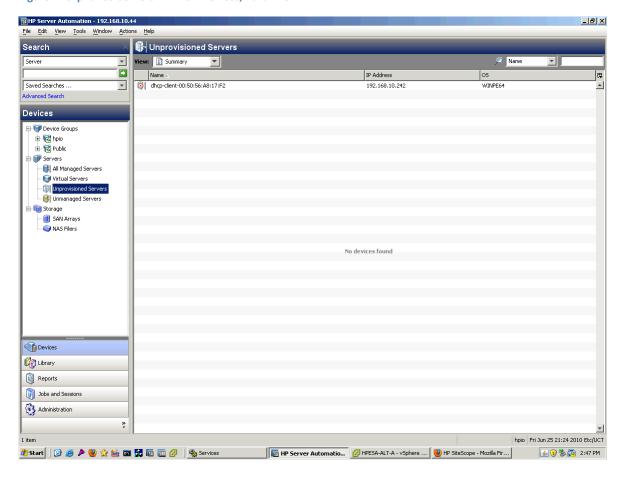


Figure 2: Orphaned Servers in HP SA Devices, Part Two



# Problem: Personalization fails during provisioning on a dual-homed server

Symptoms	During HP SA provisioning, the provisioning fails at
	the personalization step.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HPIO, HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	<ul> <li>The network associated with the provisioning step is defined in the HP IO template as DHCP, but there is no actual DHCP server available on that network.</li> <li>In the case of a dual-homed server, even if the boot network is correctly identified as DHCP and there is actually a DHCP server available, a provisioning failure at the personalization step occurs if any other networks are defined as DHCP-enabled and there is no associated DHCP server.</li> </ul>
For more information	See the HP Server Automation Installation and

Configuration Cuido
Configuration Guide.

#### Solution:

Make sure that all networks identified in the template as **DHCP enabled** have DHCP services available at provision time.

### Problem: Target server cannot download HP SA agent or OS

The service or production OS does not have a driver that enables it to use the system's primary network interface card (NIC).

Symptoms	The target server cannot do a network download of the HP SA agent or the OS components to be deployed.
Hardware	Any physical server or virtual machine (VM) guest type
Operating System(s)	Any
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	OS Install media and NIC driver software
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Target server cannot do a network download of the HP SA agent or the OS components to be deployed
Probable cause	Missing or incorrect NIC driver in the HP SA service or the production OS
For more information	

#### Solution:

Verify that the OS sequence can be deployed against each server type before adding the servers to the pool of available HP IO resources.

To do this you need to manually deploy each OS type from HP SA to each physical server or VM guest type in your environment that may deploy the OS.

After the server PXE boots, verify that the OS installation sequence can access the HP SA server infrastructure over the provisioning network.

## Problem: Check reachability failure on HP SA

Check reachability failure on HP SA with "crypto" error during Run OS sequence.

Symptoms	Check reachability failure on HP SA with "crypto" error occurs during a Run OS sequence.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	"Check reachability failure" on HP SA
Probable cause	SSL certificate on the target server is invalid;
	therefore, the reachability check fails on HP SA.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Boot the target server and enter the BIOS settings of the target server.
- 2) Make sure the date/time in the BIOS settings of the target server are in sync with the HP SA Core date/time.
- 3) If the date/time are out of sync with the HP SA Core, change the date/time setting to reflect the date/time on the HP SA Core.
- 4) On the target server, the time and date goes out of sync with the HP SA Core after an **erase disk** on the BIOS settings, which resets the time. Changing the time on the OS does not fix this issue. Change the date/time on the BIOS settings of the target server, which become the default time settings for the server during provisioning.

# Problem: The Create Service operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server

The Create Service operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server. The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error:

Failure: The requested operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server according to the deployment server. One possible reason is that a node with the same MAC address or UUID exists on the deployment server.

Symptoms	The Create Service operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server. The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error:  Failure: The requested operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server according to the deployment server. One possible reason is that a node with the same MAC address or UUID exists on the deployment server.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Task for Logical Server < system_name > has failed. Logical server job (ID = < system_name > .domain.com) completed with a failure status. Failure: The requested operation is not allowed in the current lifecycle state of the server according to the deployment server. One possible reason is that a node with the same MAC address or UUID exists on the deployment server.
Probable cause  For more information	An entry of the server is already present on the deployment server (SA) in the managed or partially managed state.

#### Solution:

- 1) Open the devices tab in SA.
- 2) Verify that there is an entry of the target server on managed or un-provisioned servers.

- 3) If an entry of this server is present, delete the server (deactivate and delete if it is completely managed).
- 4) Recreate the IO service.

# Troubleshooting Central Management Server (CMS)

# CMS Installation

Problem: HP SIM install fails with missing files

HP SIM install fails with log indicating missing files in the install.

Symptoms	SIM install reports intermittent failures, while running the integrated installer	
Hardware	Any	
Operating	Windows	
System(s)		
Is this an	No	
integration		
issue?		
Primary	HP SIM	
software		
component		
Other	No	
dependencies		
Failure message	From the HP SIM install logs, for example:	
	C:\HPIC\logs\ICM_2010072882213\HPISsetup.log  [Wed Jul 28 23:03:36 MDT 2010] HPIC Install:  CopyFile(src[C:\hpsmh.ini]dest[C:\HPIC\logs\ICM_201007282213\]bAddTo	
	DeletionList[false]) [Wed Jul 28 23:03:36 MDT 2010] HPIC Install: CopyFile failed: File	
	not found	
	[Wed Jul 28 23:03:36 MDT 2010] HPIC Install: Trying again	
	[Wed Jul 28 23:03:36 MDT 2010] HPIC Install: CopyFile failed: File not found	
	[Wed Jul 28 23:03:36 MDT 2010] HPIC Install:	
	DeleteFile(sFile[C:\hpsmh.ini])	
Probable cause	HP IO performance of the DVD media or mounted ISO is falling below a specific	
	performance level.	
For more	Review the HPIS-setup log: C:\HPIC\logs\ICM_2010072882213\HPISsetup.log	
information		

#### Solution:

Run the integrated installer again.

Problem: HP SIM install cannot access HP SA

SA server cannot be reached during the installation.

Symptoms	HP SIM install refuses to carry on until HP SA server
	can be accessed.

Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	Integrated installer and HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Integrated installer does not proceed with the
	installation.
Probable cause	SA services could not be contacted.
For more information	

#### Solution:

Verify that the HP SA server is UP and running all the HP SA services.

- 1) Log in as root to the HP SA server.
- 2) Run the command /etc/init.d/opsware-sas status.
- 3) Review the output to see that all status messages are marked **SUCCESS**.

Verify that the HP SA server can be accessed using the IP address or FQDN that is given to the SIM installer by issuing an SSH command to the HP SA server IP address or issuing FQDN.

Verify that the HP SA account given to SIM can log in to the HP SA services:

- 1) Open a browser to https://SA-IP-Address/
- 2) Log in to the HP SA services with the same account you are giving to the HP SIM installer for accessing HP SA services.

# CMS Configuration

# Problem: No VM ESX or Hyper-V host or network resources in HP IO UI

Symptoms	When browsing the HP IO homepage, previously
	discovered, registered VM host resources do not
	appear in the Servers or Networks tab.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	vCenter, VMWare, VMM, HP IO, Hyper-V, LSM
Other dependencies	ESX resources may have shown up in the past or may never have shown up after discovery.
Failure message	None. But there will be missing entries for resources in the Servers and Networks tabs in HP IO.
Probable causes	<ul> <li>vCenter server is down or has shut down.</li> <li>VMWare servers is down or shutdown.</li> <li>VMWare hosts are not registered with HP SIM.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>vCenter servers are not recognized by HP SIM.</li> <li>e) Hyper-V hosts are not register with HP SIM.</li> </ul>
For more information	

# Solution:

Software	Actions
VMWare	Verify that VMWare hosts are running:  1) Log in to the Windows system that is hosting the vCenter server software.  2) Open the Windows Services management console.  3) Search for the service VMWare VirtualCenter Server.  4) Its status should be Started. If it is not, start the service.  5) Set the services Startup Type to Automatic.
Hyper-V	Verify that Hyper-V hosts are running.
Insight Dynamics	<ol> <li>Go to Options &gt; VMware vCenter &gt; Settings to verify that any vCenter servers are visible to Insight Dynamics.</li> <li>Go to Configure &gt; Virtual Machine &gt; Register Virtual Machine Host to verify that VMWare hosts, managed by the vCenter server(s), are registered.</li> <li>Go to Configure &gt; Virtual Machine &gt; Register Virtual Machine Host to verify that any Hyper-V hosts are registered.</li> <li>Go to Tools &gt; Virtualization manager &gt; Tools &gt; Logical Servers. To refresh the system, select Insight Control virtual machine management (VMM).</li> <li>NOTE: This should trigger a re-run of the API to collect hypervisor resource information within 10-15 minutes</li> </ol>

To verify that the changes you have made:

- 1) Open the HP IO Portal Networks tab and **refresh** to verify that the servers above can now be seen from the UI.
- 2) Click the Click to refresh icon on the HP IO Servers tab.
- 3) Click the Click to refresh icon on the HP IO Networks tab.
- 4) Verify that the hypervisor server resources are visible.

If the resources still don't show, do the following on the CMS:

- 1) Stop the HP IO service.
- 2) Restart the LSA service.
- 3) Wait until the LSA service is fully restarted, and then restart the HP IO service.

#### Problem: Virtual Connect cClass blade servers do not show up in HP IO UI

Resources do not show up in HP IO UI.

Symptoms	Virtual Connect cClass blade servers do not appear in
	the HP IO Server Pool tab.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	The Virtual Connect Domain Group/VCDG is not created.
	The cClass enclosure not licensed.
	Hardware problems exist with the cClass
	enclosure.
For more information	See the HP Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide.

#### Solution:

Address and verify each probable cause listed above:

- 1) Verify the virtual connect domain group (VCDG) setup. If there is no setup, then create one. For more information see the *HP Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide*, section."
- 2) License the cClass enclosure. For more information, see "Configure HP IO to use Blades" in the HP Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide.
- 3) Verify whether or not there are hardware problems with the enclosure. Access the Virtual Connect (VC) or Onboard Administrator (OA) to verify the settings and status of your enclosure. Sometimes a reset of the modules is necessary, depending on the state of your enclosure.

#### Problem: Cannot retrieve OS variation data for automated provisioning

HP IO Designer is unable to retrieve the OS variation data required for automated provisioning of deployment server to VMware VMs. This error is encountered while creating a VMWare-based VM server in an HP IO service template.

Symptoms	This error is seen in HP IO Designer under the
	Software Selection dialog that is used to select the
	OS software type for the target server.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	HP IO, vCenter and LSM
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Designer is unable to retrieve OS variation data
	required for Deployment Server automated
	provisioning to VMware VMs.
Probable causes	LSM service and HP IO UI may be out-of-sync.
	vCenter server settings may be missing.
	vCenter server may be down or unreachable.
	VMware ESX hosts may not be registered.
	VMware ESX hosts may be down or unreachable.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) From the HP IO Portal, select **Options > VMware vCenter Settings** to verify that the correct vCenter server settings have been provided to HP SIM.
- 2) Select **Configure** > **Virtual Machine** > **Register Virtual Machine Hosts** to verify that the VMware ESX hosts have been discovered and registered in SIM.
- 3) Verify that the vCenter server is running:
  - a) Log in to the Windows system that is hosting the vCenter server software.
  - b) Open the Windows Services management console.
  - c) Search for this service: **VMware VirtualCenter Server**. Its status should be **Started**. If it is not, start the service.
- 4) Make sure the service **Startup Type** is set to **Automatic**.
- 5) Verify that the VMware ESX host server(s) are running:
  - a) Open a browser session or vSphere client to the VMware host server(s).
  - b) Log in as a VMware administrator
- 6) Verify that the VMware ESX host server(s) can be seen by the vCenter server:
  - a) Open a browser session or vSphere client to the vCenter server.
  - b) Log in as a vCenter administrator.
  - c) Verify that the VMware ESX hosts under management are part of the data center the vCenter server is managing.
- 7) After all of the verification steps have been successfully completed, do the following on the CMS:
  - a) Stop the HP IO service.
  - b) Restart the LSA service.

- c) Wait until the LSA service is fully restarted.
- d) Restart the HP IO service.
- 8) Return to the HP IO Portal and re-open the template in which you were unable to see the OS types.
- 9) Verify that the VMware OS types are now visible.

### Problem: Virtual Connect (VC) server incorrectly appears to be in use

Software resources do not show up in HP IO UI.

Symptoms	Virtual Connect server incorrectly appears to be in
	use
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	The target server is powered on.
	The target server already has a profile created.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Determine whether the target server is already in use and provisioned; make sure it is intended to stay in use. If it is not intended to stay in use in the current state, power off the server.
- 2) Go to **Tools** > **Integrated Consoles** > **VCEM** > **Profile**. Make sure the target server has an assigned profile. If it does, and you want to re-use your server for another provisioning, then un-assign the profile. Then you can continue the provisioning service for this server.

#### Problem: HP IO storage pool database is corrupt

Symptoms	The HP IO database has incorrect or missing storage pool entries.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	HP IO, storage pool manager
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	Provisioning failures trigger the resource to be in the wrong state or unaccounted for.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Delete all Storage Pool Entries (SPEs) from logical server manager (LSM).
- 2) From a Command window on the CMS, stop the HP IO service by running the following command:

net stop "HP Insight Orchestration"

3) Stop the LSM service by running the following command:

net stop "HP Logical Server Automation"



IMPORTANT: Before proceeding, carefully understand the following:

- The **Ismutil –deletedb** operation **deletes** all of your existing logical servers and storage from SIM.
- Once deleted, servers, storage pool entries and storage pools must be rediscovered, re-created and re-populated.
- 4) Delete the LSM database by running the following command:

<VSE>\bin\lsmutil -deletedb

5) Restart LSM by running the following command:

net start "HP Logical Server Automation"

- 6) Wait until LSM fully starts before restarting HP IO.
- 7) Restart the HP IO service by running the following command:

net start "HP Insight Orchestration"

8) Rebuild your SPEs to return the database to a consistent state.

#### Problem: Orphaned VMs exist in vCenter inventory

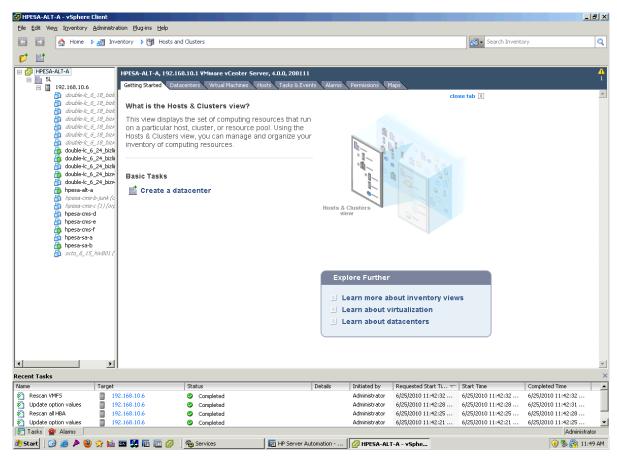
A provisioning failure leaves orphans in the VCenter database of VM storage, server or network resources.

Symptoms	The VM names are unavailable. The VMs are inaccessible and are marked (orphaned).
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	vCenter, ESX, HP IO
Other dependencies	A prior provision of servers associated with the orphaned VMs may have failed or had problems.
Failure message	None. But the unavailable, orphaned VMs appear as shown in the figure below.
Probable cause	
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Open the vCenter console to the inventory section.
- 2) Carefully review the list of allocated VMs.
- 3) Note if any of the VMs are unavailable and marked (orphaned).
- 4) Verify in HP IO, VSE, and HP SA if any of the unavailable VMs are stale entries.
- 5) Right-click and select Remove From Inventory for each orphaned VM.

Figure 3 View of Orphaned VMs in VCenter



# Problem: Orphaned VMs exist in ESX server

Orphaned VMs exist in VMWare server's data stores under /vmfs/volumes.

Symptoms	A VM from an older, deleted service cannot be recreated.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	VMWare ESX
Other dependencies	A prior provision or de-provision of servers associated with the orphaned VMs may have failed or had problems.
Failure message	Orphaned VMs may collide with new VMs of the same name.
Probable cause	
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Log in to the VMWare server as **root**.
- 2) Change the directory:

#### cd /vmfs/volumes

3) Search for VMs:

#### find . | more

- 4) Look at the find output and note whether there are any .vmx files belonging to orphaned VM servers
- 5) Carefully review the list of properly allocated VMs versus potentially orphaned ones.



Before proceeding, carefully verify in HP IO, VSE, VCenter and HP SA that any of the suspected orphan VMs are actually orphans. Once deleted, a VM cannot be reactivated or recovered and its storage is gone.

6) After confirming that the VMs are stale entries, remove them from the /vmfs/volumes subdirectory by using an **rm** command.

# Problem: Orphaned servers observed in HP Insight Dynamics VSE UI

A provisioning failure leaves orphaned resources in the VSE database of logical servers.

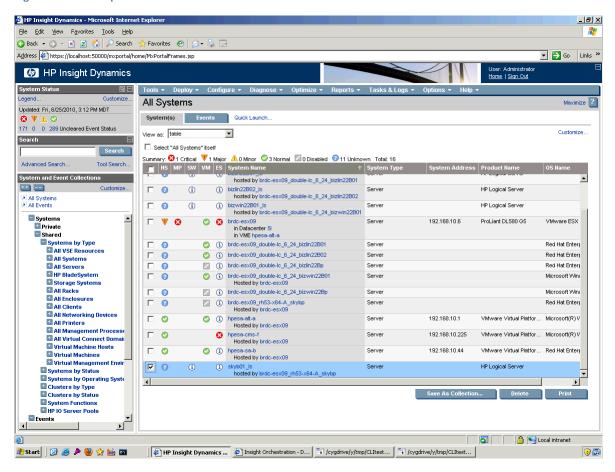
Symptoms	The <b>All Systems</b> subfolder in the ID VSE page has server records that are not associated with active CSA for Matrix services.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	VSE, HP IO
Other dependencies	A prior provision or de-provision of servers associated with the orphaned server records may have failed or had problems.
Failure message	None. But unaffiliated server entries appear as shown in the figure below.

Probable cause	
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Log in to the SIM console on the CMS.
- 2) In the All Systems folder, select **System and Event Collections** to check for orphaned resources:
  - a) Note any servers in this folder that do not have corresponding managed instances in HP IO.
  - b) Perform a review of what is managed in SIM, HP IO, VSE, VCEM, vCenter/ESX and Hyper-V.
  - c) Any server records that are stray or orphaned should be reviewed for deactivation and removal from the All Systems folder.

Figure 4 View of Orphaned Servers in IDE VSE ID



#### Problem: ESX VMs created outside of HP IO

If VMs are created outside of HP IO on an ESX server, HP IO takes some time to register that additional resources have been used and could over-provision the server.

Symptoms	Unexpected OS provision failures. Some may be related to disk space and pause a VM service creation to report that additional disk space is required.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No

Primary software component(s)	HP IO
Other dependencies	ESX VMs
Failure message	Various messages related to failures or out of disk
	space on the ESX server.
Probable cause	IO does not scan the ESX servers at the beginning of
	a service request to make sure that resources exist
	for the new provision.
For more information	More information may be available be in the HP IO
	release notes.

#### Solution:

If possible, force HP IO to do a server re-scan after VMs are created outside of HP IO on an ESX server:

From the Servers tab, select Click to refresh server resources. This forces HP IO to get updated usage
information on the servers and hypervisors that HP IO uses.

#### Problem: Physical resources are not returned if a provision fails

Physical resources are not returned to appropriate pools if a provision fails.

Symptoms	If an OS provision fails, the physical resources (servers and SAN storage) are not returned to a
	usable state.
Hardware	Physical Servers and SAN storage
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component(s)	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Any message relating to a physical server provision
	operation.
Probable cause	HP IO is designed so that when a failure occurs
	during the provisioning of physical servers, the
	resources are left in the same state they were in
	when the failure occurred. This allows the
	administrator to identify and resolve the issues that
	caused the failure.
For more information	See the HP IO User Guide, the HP IO Release Notes,
	and HP IO online help.

#### Solution:

After triage is complete, there are a number of steps to return physical resources to a usable state:

- 1) Make sure the servers in question are powered off.
- 2) Start HP SIM. If HP SIM is SSAP mode, click **Restore Size** in the top left corner, so that you can see all of the SIM menus.
- 3) From the **Tools** menu, select **Virtualization Manager**.
- 4) From the **Perspective** drop down box, select **Logical Server**.
- 5) Each failed server is renamed Clean-me-<Service name>. Select the check box associated with the first server.
- 6) From the **Visualization Tools** menu, select **Logical Servers** > **Deactivate**. Follow the prompts to deactivate the server.
- 7) After the server is deactivated, select the server again.

- 8) From the **Visualization Delete** menu, select **Delete Logical Server**. Follow the prompts to delete the server.
- 9) Go to Server Automation > Devices > Servers > Unmanaged Servers and delete the orphan record listed in critical state which is associated to the server for which the provisioning request has failed.
- 10) Repeat steps five through nine for each server marked Clean-Me-<service name>.
- 11) Return to the HP IO page (Tools > Insight Orchestration).
- 12) From the **Servers** tab, select the server pool that the server should be associated with and click **Modify Pool**.
- 13) From the Select servers from pool drop-down box, select Maintenance.
- 14) Select each server and click >> to move the server to the target server pool.
- 15) Click Save to save the changes.
- 16) Select Click to refresh server resources to update HP IO with the state of the newly added servers.

#### Problem: HP IO Service pauses because of IP Address limitation

Software resources do not show up in the HP IO UI.

Symptoms	HP IO service pauses because of an IP address
	limitation.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	The network usable IP address space exceeded the
	capacity.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Go to Tools > Insight Orchestration > Networking.
  - a) Select the network used by the paused service and click **Edit**.
  - b) Under the **Usable IP Address** space section, verify the DCHP and Static IP Address Space, and their usage and IP address limitation. If all of the IP addresses in the address space are used, add extra IP addresses so the service can continue.
  - c) To verify the network, the address space, and the type (*DCHP* or *Static*) used by the service template, follow these steps:
    - i. Go to the HP IO Templates tab.
    - ii. Select the template used by the paused service.
    - iii. Click Edit.
    - iv. Edit the **Networking** and the **Server** components.

# Problem: The progress of the Create Service operation is not refreshed automatically

The progress of the Create Service operation is not refreshed automatically.

Symptoms	The progress of the Create Service operation is not refreshed automatically at the IO request tab.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
For more information	

#### Solution:

To obtain the latest status, refresh the HP IO console by using the Refresh button of the web browser.

#### Problem: The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails

The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error:

No MAC address found for network in HP Logical Service Automation (LSA) service

Symptoms	The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error:  No MAC address found for network in HP Logical Service Automation (LSA) service
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Task for Logical Server <system_name> has failed. Logical server job (ID = <system_name>.vlan8.lab) completed with a failure status. Failure: No MAC address was found for network VLAN8_Network in HP Logical Service Automation (LSA) service.</system_name></system_name>
Probable cause	The template in the HP IO designer does not reflect the selected network. The template instead displays the default network.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Log on to the HP IO designer.
- 2) Open the template that you are using to create the service.
- 3) Check the name of the network on it. If the displayed network name is not the same as the name of the required network, double-click the network object.
- 4) Uncheck and check the network required. Now the template should display the correct network name.
- 5) Save the template, and then recreate the IO service.

# Problem: Server registeration fails during the Create Service operation

The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error: Failure: Encountered problem with the Deployment Server Access Layer

Symptoms	The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error: Failure: Encountered problem with the Deployment Server Access Layer
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	HP SA
Failure message	Task for Logical Server < server_name > has failed. Logical server job (ID = < server_name > .vlan7.lab) completed with a failure status. Failure: Encountered problem with the Deployment Server Access Layer.
Probable cause	The version of the opswclient.jar file on the CMS does not match with the version of the opswclient.jar file on the SA Core.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1. Delete the existing opswclient.jar file from the C:\Program Files\HP\Systems Insight Manager\lib folder on the CMS.
- 2. From the SA Core, copy the opswclient.jar file from the location /opt/opsware/da/webapps/arm/WEB-INF/lib/opswclient.jar (alternative location: /opt/opsware/twist/extlib/client/opswclient.jar), and then place the file in the C:\Program Files\HP\Systems Insight Manager\lib folder on the CMS.
- 3. Restart the "HP System Insight Manager" service.
- 4. Recreate the IO service now.

# Problem: Unable to find physical servers—other than HP Virtual Connect servers—without Local Disks

HP IO cannot find a physical server without local disks.

Symptoms	HP IO cannot find physical servers—other than HP Virtual Connect servers— without local disks. This is seen only on the CMS 6.2 Update 1.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Reservation failed for Logical Server SvrGrp1-1. Unable to find a physical server with the following requirements: Server must not have Local Disks attached.
Probable cause	If the server has the local boot disk configured in the serverInfo.xml file, it cannot be used for SAN boot provisioning in ID 6.2 Update 1.

#### Solution:

On the CMS 6.2 Update 1, follow these steps:

- Open the file serverInfo.xml located in C:\Program Files\HP\Insight
   Orchestration\esa\_extensions\server.
- 2. Remove the lines between <localStorageList> and </localStorageList> for the target server (which is not an HP Virtual Connect server). The content in that section should look like:

```
<localStorageList>
  </localStorageList>
```

- 3. Restart the OO and ESA services.
- 4. Run a logical server refresh of the static servers. The server can now be used for SAN provisioning.

**NOTE:** To reuse the server for local boot provisioning, follow these steps:

- A) Open the serverInfo.xml file with a text editor.
- B) Remove the content between <localStorageList> and </localStorageList>.
- C) Add the following content between <localStorageList> and </localStorageList> :

# Problem: HP ProLiant DL servers remain in the powered ON state when the Delete Service operation is complete

HP ProLiant DL servers remain in the powered ON state even after the Delete Service operation is completed in the IO console.

Symptoms	After the Delete Service operation is completed in the IO console, HP ProLiant DL servers remain in the powered ON state.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	

#### Solution:

After deleting the service for the HP ProLiant DL server, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the iLO of the server and power it off.
- ${\bf 2.} \quad {\bf Run\ a\ logical\ server\ refresh\ of\ the\ static\ servers.}$

The server is now ready to be allocated for a new service.

# Problem: Data disks added to a target server using dynamic Storage Pool Entry (SPE) are not visible

Data disks added to a target server using dynamic Storage Pool Entry (SPE) are not visible.

Symptoms	Data disks added to a target server using dynamic Storage Pool Entry (SPE) are not visible.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	

#### Solution:

If the data disk added to a target server is not visible after service completion, verify that the data volume added is masked in the SPE.

In the SPE, if the data volume added is unmasked, follow these steps:

- 1. Remove the volume from the SPE.
- 2. Save the SPE.
- 3. Add the volume into the SPE again, and save the SPE.
- 4. Rescan the disks on the target server. The disk should now be visible.

# Problem: Error while creating dynamic storage pool entry (SPE)

The following error appears in the HP IO console while creating dynamic storage pool entry (SPE): presentation completed with errors

Symptoms	The following error appears in the HP IO console while creating dynamic storage pool entry (SPE): presentation completed with errors
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	HP OO, ESA
Failure message	presentation completed with errors
Probable cause	If the failure occurs with the EMC CLARiiON array volume presentation, the target initiator port may not have been registered with the EMC CLARiiON
	array.
	If the failure occurs with the HDS or XP array volume,
	the time taken for the volume presentation to the
	server under the given configuration might be longer
	than the default time-out value.
For more information	

#### Solution:

If the failure occurs with the EMC CLARiiON array volume presentation, verify that the target initiator port is registered with the array. If not, register the port, and then try the presentation again.

If the failure occurs for the HDS or XP array volume presentation, increase the default time-out value to complete the volume presentation successfully, and then try the presentation again. See the *CSA for Matrix Integration Guide* for more details on increasing the default time-out value.

# Problem: Virtual server disappears from the Server Pool

Symptoms	Virtual server disappears from the Server Pool.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO and HP SIM
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	ESX or Hyper-V services have been stopped.
	<ul> <li>HP SIM is missing the login credentials for ESX /Hyper-V.</li> </ul>

#### Solution:

- 1) Verify system and application events.
  - a) Verify whether or not the services for ESX and Hyper-V server are running.
- **b)** Restart the services if necessary. NOTE: Hyper-V may require that you restart the following system services:

services: Hyper-v Image Management, Hyper-V Networking Management, Hyper-V Virtual Machine Management

- 2) Select Options > Security > Credentials.
  - 3) Add ESX and/or Hyper-V login credentials to both HP SIM system credentials and global credentials under SIM menu. NOTE: You may need to identify /re-discover ESX and/or Hyper-V via HP SIM discovery.

# Problem: Non-VC-enabled servers do not appear in HP IO UI

Symptoms	Non-VC-enabled servers do not appear under the
Symptoms	• •
	HP IO UI Server Pools tab.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	CSA for Matirx, HP IO, LSM, ESAS, and OO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	One of the following:
	<ul> <li>Incorrect OO credentials have been added to the</li> </ul>
	following file: esa.properties
	Tollowing me. esa. proper cres
	Incorrect tags or values have been added to the
	three flow-input data files:
	o ServerInfo.xml
	o InventoryList.xml
	o inventory bise. And
	o uuidHostMapper.xml

	Mismatched UUID element values exist between the three files:
	o ServerInfo.xml
	o InventoryList.xml
	o uuidHostMapper.xml
	<ul> <li>Missing identification information exists for a         ProLiant server in the following file:         blade_models.properties     </li> <li>Incorrect ILO credentials exist for the target</li> </ul>
	server listed by OO.
	LSM database is out-of-sync.
	HP IO database is out-of-sync.
For more information	See the HP Insight Orchestration User Guide.

#### Solution:

Verify that the CSA for Matrix flows that are being used to import the server inventory have run to completion correctly. Follow these steps:

1) From a browser window, log in to the OO Central dashboard on the CMS by entering the following command: https://localhost:16443/PAS/static/Login.htm

NOTE: Use the CMS administrator credentials you provided at CMS installation.

- 2) Check the entries for the following flows to see if they have been run since restarting the services:
  - GetServerInventory
  - GetServerInfo
- 3) Check to see if the most recent GetServerInventory flow succeeded.
- 4) Check to see if the most recent GetServerInfo flows succeeded. NOTE: There should be one run of the GetServerInfo flow for each server entry in InventoryList.xml.
- 5) If any of the flows failed, you may be able to determine what went wrong by drilling down into the details of the failed flow:
  - a) Right-click one of the failed flows in the OO Central dashboard.
  - b) Try to determine what may have triggered the failure. Common problems are malformed or missing tags or values in the XML files.
- 6) Verify the following regarding InventoryList.xml, serverInfo.xml and uuidHostMapper.xml:
  - a) Are these files in the right directory for the OO import workflows to find them?
  - b) Do these files have syntax, format, or content errors?
  - c) If either of the above conditions is present, fix the problems.

NOTE: These XML files are closely correlated, so it is important to verify that:

 InventoryList.xml has corresponding entries for each entry in serverInfo.xml file and vice-versa.

- uuidHostMapper.xml has corresponding entries for each entry in the inventoryList.xml and vice-versa.
- The UUID element is an index to identify each entry across these XML files. The value of the UUID tag in each file must match across all three files: ServerInfo.xml, InventoryList.xml, uuidHostMapper.xml

For more information about how these files are related, see "Configuring IO to list heterogeneous hardware" in the *HP Insight Orchestration User Guide*.

Verify the credentials that the CSA for Matrix flows used for OO sign-in. Follow these steps:

- 1) Verify that <Root Drive>:\Program Files\HP\Virtual Server Environment\conf\esa.properties includes the correct OO administrator password in the entry: esa.oo.admin.password=<your-oo-admin-password>
- 2) Verify and (if necessary) add entries to the file: C:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\conf\blade\_models.properties NOTE: Include all the Non-VC-enabled server models for each server model defined in the XML files. For more information see "Configuring IO to list heterogeneous hardware" in the HP Insight Orchestration User Guide.
- 3) Verify and (if necessary) correct iLO system credentials in OO for the non-VC-enabled server models. For more information, see "Configuring IO to list heterogeneous hardware" *HP Insight Orchestration User Guide*.
- 4) After making any corrections using the steps above, restart the following services on the CMS (in the order given):
  - a) Stop these OO and other services on the CMS:

```
net stop "RSScheduler"
net stop "RSCentral"
net stop "RSJRAS"
net stop "HP Extensible Storage & Server Adapter"
net stop "HP Logical Server Automation"
net stop "HP Insight Orchestration"
```

b) Restart the services in the following order:

```
net start "RSScheduler"
net start "RSCentral"
net start "RSJRAS"
net start "HP Extensible Storage & Server Adapter"
net start "HP Logical Server Automation"
```

(Pause here a minute or two until the HP Logical Server Automation service is fully started.)

```
net start "HP Insight Orchestration"
```

- c) Wait about 10-15 minutes for the following CSA for Matrix flows to run:
  - GetServerInventory
  - GetServerInfo
- d) Then verify that the flows were run after the services above restart. To verify that the flows were successfully run, do the following:
  - From a browser window and using OO administrator credentials, log in to the OO Central dashboard on the CMS at https://localhost:16443/PAS/static/Login.htm.

- ii. Check the entries for the flows **GetServerInventory** and **GetServerInfo** to see if they have been run since restarting the services
- iii. Make sure the most recent **GetServerInventory** flow succeeded.
- iv. Make sure the most recent **GetServerInfo** flows succeeded. There should be one run of the **GetServerInfo** flow for each server entry in the **inventoryList.xml** file.

When the steps above have been successfully completed, return to the HP IO **Servers** tab. Refresh and then verify that the servers you defined can be seen in the **Unassigned** server pool.

### Problem: A CSA for Matrix service delete fails

Symptoms	A CSA for Matrix service delete fails.		
Hardware			
Operating System(s)			
Primary software component	HP IO and HP SA		
Other dependencies	HP IO and HP SA		
Failure message	There might be a message in the HP IO or ALC log files, but		
	not always.		
Probable cause	Erase disk APX failed.		
	The HP SA server record is stuck in an intermediate state.		
	There are connectivity or NIC driver problems to the OS of the target being deleted.		
	The deactivate/delete operation of the logical server for the target server failed.		
For more information			

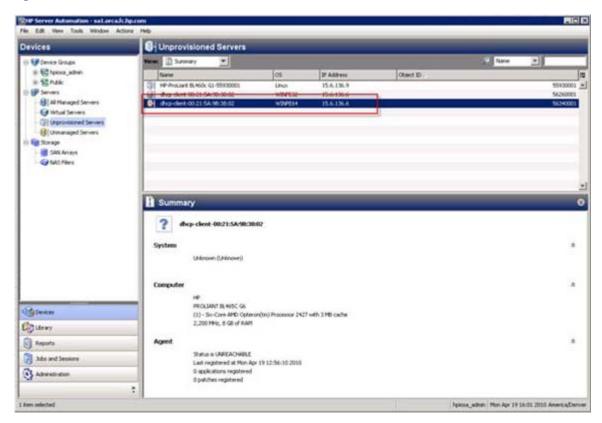
#### Solution:

HP IO attempts to automatically handle failure conditions by removing the failed target server from the HP SA primary core. This action allows the server to be re-used without further intervention once the underlying error condition has been triaged and resolved. The one exception to this is a failure during the erase disk process described below.

#### Erase disk fails

If HP IO cannot successfully clean the disks on the target server during service delete, the server is placed into a maintenance pool and a best effort is made to remove the server from the HP SA primary core. If the server cannot be removed from the HP SA primary core, it is vital that the server be manually removed from the HP SA primary core prior to attempting a new create service request involving the server. When this problem is encountered, it is most often necessary to go to the HP Server Automation CLIENT and explicitly remove the existing server record from the HP SA primary core. Then re-try the create service request, as shown in the figure below:

**Figure 5 Service Delete Fails** 



The server record in the figure above exists and is in an unreachable state. If HP IO attempts to re-provision that the server in this state, the process fails during server registration. The workaround is to explicitly delete the server from HP SA by right-clicking on the server and selecting **Delete Server**. This scenario does not happen often, but can occur if there was a manual clean-up operation that has been run at the HP IO or Insight Dynamics level without also cleaning the server record from within HP SA.

#### Logical server cleanup process on a failed request

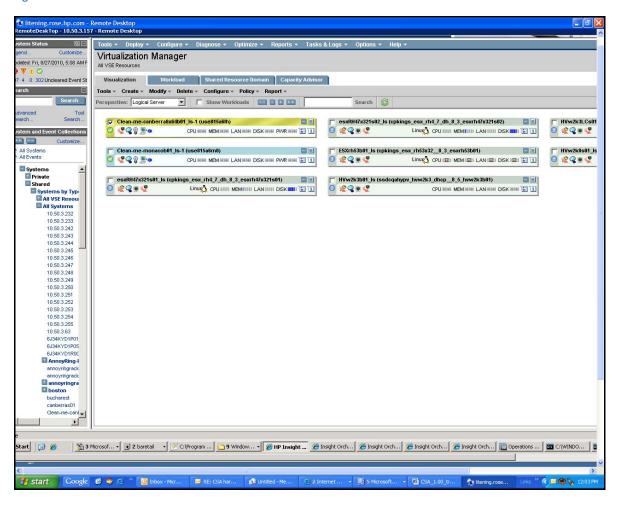
If HP IO has detected a failure involving a server, three things may occur:

- 1) The server is re-named with a "clean-me" prefix within the Insight Dynamics Operations Console.
- 2) It will be powered off.
- 3) It may be continue to be registered on the HP SA primary core.

This is intentional and leaves the failed server in a state where it cannot be inadvertently reused in another create service request until the underlying issues have been triaged and resolved. Therefore, server is left "intact" so that the administrator can work with the server in its failed state to determine the failure condition. Once the server has been repaired and is ready to be re-admitted into the free pool, perform the steps below.

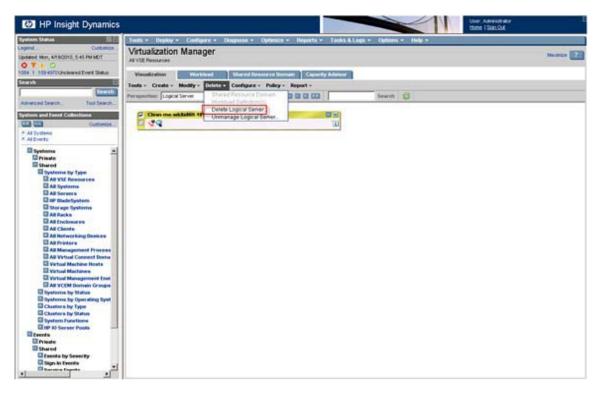
- 1) On the HP SA primary core, using the HP Server Automation CLIENT, locate the server record under either **All Managed Servers** or **Unprovisioned Servers**.
- 2) **Deactivate** and then **Delete** the server.
- 3) On the CMS, using the Insight Dynamics Operations Console and the Logical Server view, locate the server as shown in figure below:

Figure 6 Locate the Server



- 4) Select the server that is currently in an active state.
- 5) Deactivate the server.
  - a. From the **Perspective** drop-down box, select **Logical Server**.
  - b. Each failed server is renamed Clean-me-<Service name>.
  - c. From the **Visualization Tools** menu, select **Logical Servers > Deactivate**. Follow the prompts to deactivate the server.
- 6) Once the server is deactivated, return to the Operations Console Logical Server view.
- 7) Select the server. From the **Visualization Delete** menu, select **Delete Logical Server**. Follow the prompts to delete it as shown in figure below.

Figure 7 Delete the Server



- 8) Following this process, the physical server remains assigned to the maintenance pool. Using the HP IO Operations Console, move the server from the Maintenance pool to its target pool.
- 9) Once the server has been moved back into the target pool, it can be used for a new create service request.

# Problem: A CSA for Matrix service create fails

In the request summary, a service create is reported		
as failed for a variety of reasons.		
HP IO and HP SA		
HP IO and HP SA		
There might be a message in the HP IO or ALC log files, but not always.		
<ul> <li>A server with a duplicate UUID was already provisioned by HP SA in a previous service create request.</li> <li>A previous service create request failed and the HP SA server has a stale server record stuck in an intermediate state.</li> <li>There are connectivity or NIC driver problems with the OS being deployed to the</li> </ul>		

	•	The HP SA OS personalization APX's may
		not support the OS you are trying to provision.
For more information		

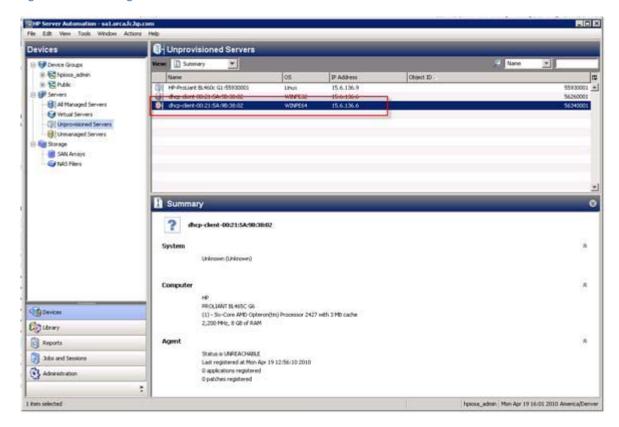
#### Solution:

There are several error conditions that may occur related to HP SA integration. The first scenario usually occurs if HP SA already has a server record for a server and the server is in the wrong lifecycle state. The next scenario is not specific to the HP SA integration, but typically indicates a basic OS Policy or Application Policy issue. The last scenario may occur if the personalization APX that is included with the HP SA integration encounters some sort of environmental condition on the target OS.

#### "Unable to register server" in the HP IO request log

When this error occurs, it is almost always necessary to go to the HP Server Automation CLIENT and explicitly remove the existing server record from the HP SA primary core. Then re-try the create service request, as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 8 Unable to Register Server** 



In this scenario, the server record above exists but is in an unreachable state. If HP IO attempts to reprovision that the server in this state, the process fails during server registration.

The workaround is to explicitly delete the server from HP SA by right-clicking on the server and selecting **Delete Server**. This scenario does not happen often, but can occur if there was a manual clean-up operation that has been run at the HP IO or Insight Dynamics level without also cleaning the server record from within HP SA.

#### OS Policy or Application Policy fails.

In scenarios where an OS Policy or an Application Policy fails, the first level of triage must occur within HP Server Automation CLIENT as shown in the figures below.

Figure 9 Job Logs

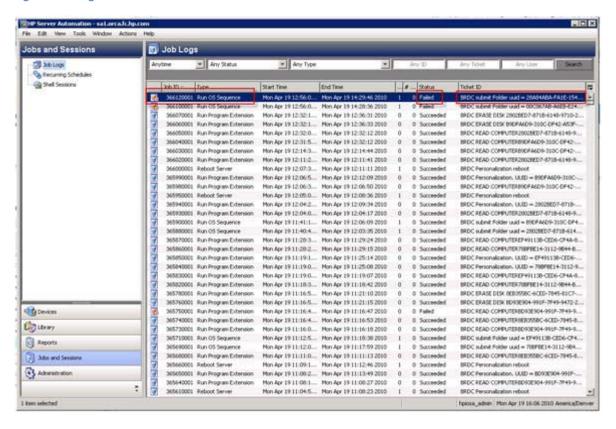
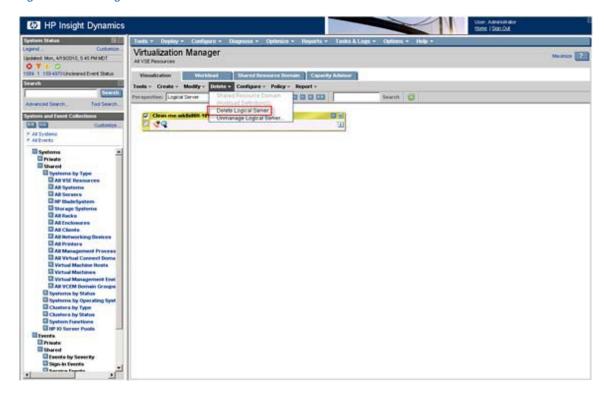


Figure 10 Delete Logical Server



In this scenario, the OS policy has failed following the initial reboot. The typical cause is either an intermittent network problem between the target server and the HP SA primary core, or a missing NIC driver in the OS policy. Assuming network connectivity is stable, the solution is to locate the NIC driver required for the target server type and update the OS Policy.

#### OS personalization fails

OS Personalization typically fails if there is some sort of HP SA agent connectivity issue following the OS Policy deployment process. If this occurs, consult the job log details for the failure. If network connectivity between the HP SA primary core and the target server has not been compromised, it may be necessary to contact HP Support regarding the failure condition. If testing is being performed for OS types outside those explicitly supported in the *Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide*, it is possible that the current HP SA personalization APX does not yet support the target OS.

#### Problem: OOWF servers show "in use" status

Operations Orchestration Workflows (OOWF) servers are discovered by HP IO, but the server status is always shown as "in use".

Symptoms	OOWF server status is "in use".
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	HP OO
Failure message	
Probable cause	The OOWF server's ILO credentials are not correctly configured on HP OO System accounts <b>ILOUser</b> . Because of this, OO workflows fail to get the power status of servers; HP IO reflects this as always "in use".
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Add the ILO credentials in the HP OO System Accounts ILOUser by following these steps:
  - a) Launch the OO studio (Start > Programs > Hewlett-Packard > Operation Orchestration > HP
     Operation Orchestration Studio)
  - b) Go to Configuration > System Accounts > ILOUser
  - c) Check-out the ILOUser System Account by clicking the **Lock** icon.
  - d) Add or edit the ILO credentials and description. NOTE: These credentials are used when OOWF servers get power status. This should be common for all OOWF servers.
  - e) Check-in your changes by clicking **Lock** icon.
  - f) Refresh the Logical Servers on Insight Dynamics to reinitiate OOWF server discovery.

### Problem: HP IO shows blade status as always "in-use"

HP IO shows bade status as always "in-use", even after cleaning up the Logical Server Entry.

Symptoms	HP IO shows blade status as always "in-use" even
	after cleaning up the Logical Server Entry.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No

Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Blade is already in use
Probable cause	A Virtual Connect (VC) profile is already assigned to
	the server.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Check to see if a VC profile is already assigned to the server. NOTE: The VC profile is not automatically unassigned during blade logical server clean-up. The profile has to be manually unassigned to make the blade server available for further use.
- 2) If a VC profile is already assigned, un-assign the profile and wait until un-assign job completes.

The status of the blade server changes to "Unused" after the un-assign job completes and the blade server is now available for other services.

## Problem: HP IO service fails with "Operation not completed" error

HP IO service fails with this error message: "Operation not completed. [Error during Create server profile]"

Symptoms	The HP IO Create Service fails with this error:
, .	"Operation not completed. [Error
	during Create server profile ()]"
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	See below for an example message:
	"Operation not completed. [Error during Create server profile [BLWin2k8x323701_12a00cd80ce]. Details: There was a problem allocating the WWN address 50:01:43:80:02:A3:00:f0. Possible causes are: 1) The address is being requested by an upper level manager but it was not previously reserved. 2) The address is part of an exclusion range. 3) The address does not belong to any range known to VCEM. To resolve this issue, respectively: 1) Verify the address is reserved by the upper level manager application by checking the owner field of this address is correctly set. 2) Remove or adjust the exclusion range to leave out the address from the exclusion range. 3) Create a user defined address range that contains all the addresses in use by the server profiles. Then try to perform the Create Profile operation again.]"
Probable cause	The WWN used by the SPE is already in use by the

	VCEM.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Check the Worldwide Name (WWN) assigned to Storage Pool Entry (SPE) used by the service:
  - a) Is the status "in-use" with an owner assigned to it?
  - b) Is the status "free" with an owner assigned to it?

NOTE: The Create service fails in both the cases with the failure message shown in the table above.

- 2) Modify all the matching SPEs with free WWNs on VCEM (status must be "free" with no assigned owners).
- 3) Clean up the Logical Server and create the service again.

## Troubleshooting HP SiteScope

## HP SiteScope Client Access

#### Problem: Cannot access HP SiteScope using a browser

Various conditions cause the HP SiteScope Java Application to display incorrectly in the browser.

Symptoms	The browser displays "HP SiteScope" at the top of the frame, but shows only a small red [x] instead of the HP SiteScope application.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Primary software component	SiteScope 11.00 or 11.01
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	As a pre-requisite for displaying the HP SiteScope client, your browser must have the Java plug-in version 1.6 installed and enabled. In some cases, you must also flush the Java plug-in cache of temporary files. The Java plug-in can be downloaded from here
How to access log files	On the HP SiteScope server, the most important log files for diagnosing problems are shown in the example below:  c:\SiteScope\logs\error.log c:\SiteScope\logs\SiteScope2010_06_15.log c:\SiteScope\logs\RunMonitor.log
For more information	HP SiteScope Documentation is location below the Install directory. By default, it can be found at C:\SiteScope\docs

#### Solution:

- 1) Download and install the Java plug-in on each client system, as required.
- 2) Determine the correct URL for the HP SiteScope server. The following example assumes that the HP SiteScope server hostname is **sitescopeServer**, and that the server is configured to listen on port 8080 (the installation default port number): http://sitescopeServer:8080/SiteScope/

IMPORTANT: You must replace the hostname and port number in the example URL above with the values you specified in the csaInstall.properties file during the CSA for Matrix oo-sis-install process.

- 3) Verify that the HP SiteScope server has a Java process listening on the port number specified in the HP SiteScope URL (see step above):
  - a) From the HP SiteScope server command line, enter the following command:

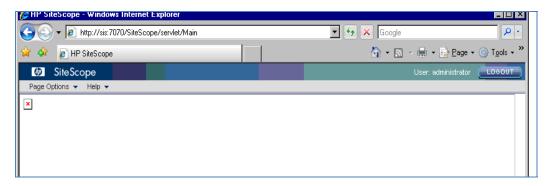
#### netstat -anob > netstat.out

- b) View the output file **netstat.out** in an editor.
- c) Verify that **SiteScope.exe** is on the specified port.
- d) If necessary, restart the HP SiteScope process:

#### net start SiteScope

- 4) From each client system:
  - a) Install or verify installation of the Java plug-in.
  - b) Flush the browser cache, and quit all browser instances.
  - c) Flush the Java cache as follows:
    - i) Go to the Control Panel.
    - ii) Launch the Java Configuration Applet.
    - iii) Under General > Temporary Internet Files, click Delete Files.
    - iv) Click Settings > Delete Files.
    - v) Select all checkboxes, and press **OK**.
- 5) Start up a new browser session pointing to the new HP SiteScope URL.
  - a) If the URL brings up a web page with "HP SiteScope" at the top, you know that the URL is correct and that the HP SiteScope service is running.
  - b) If the page displays a red X instead of the normal HP SiteScope application display, as shown in the figure below, follow these steps:
    - i) Install the Java plug-in on all client systems that connect to HP SiteScope
    - ii) Verify that Java is enabled in the browser.

Figure 11 HP SiteScope Browser Not Displaying



## HP SiteScope CPU Monitor Configuration

Problem: The CPU monitor is not reporting on a Linux target

On a Linux target, the Disk and memory monitors are reporting, but the CPU monitor is not.

Symptoms	In the HP SiteScope dashboard, the CPU monitor for
	a Linux target, shows a red circled x, instead of

	showing a true measure for CPU usage. The disk and memory monitor reporting is OK.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	RHEL5 or Suse10 Linux
Is this and integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP SA OS installation profile
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	Missing sysstat module in the Linux kernel of the target OS.
For more information	

#### Solution:

Verify that the sysstat package has been installed and is available on the Linux OS that was provisioned to the server. To do this, follow these steps:

- 1) Log in as root to a target server running the Linux OS that is failing to produce data for the CPU monitor.
- 2) Enter the mpstat command from a terminal session on that target. NOTE: If the mpstat command is not found, you must install and activate the sysstat RPM package. HP SiteScope uses the mpstat command on the Linux target to retrieve CPU values.
- 3) If the target OS is missing the sysstat package, follow these instructions to install and configure the package:

RedHat Enterprise Linux (version 5, by default, does not have sysstat installed)

1) Add a directive to the kickstart.cfg to include the sysstat package in the kernel upon install. Modify the kickstart.cfg file (from the OS Installation profile) by adding the single line to the end of the kickstart.cfg file:

#### sysstat

2) From the HP SA server's NGUI interface, upload the new kickstart.cfg file to the RHEL5 OS Installation profile.

#### **Suse Linux**

- 1) Add a directive to trigger YAST to install sysstat for you. You can edit the autoinst.xml response file for SUSE and search for <software>.
- 2) If you already have the following:

```
<packages config:type="list">
...
</packages>
```

Then add this line:

```
<package>sysstat</package>
```

If not, insert the following lines just above </software>

```
<packages config:type="list">
  <package>sysstat</package>
</packages>
```

3) Upload the **new** autoinst.xml from the HP SA server's NGUI interface to the SUSE OS installation profile.

## HP SiteScope Installation

#### Problem: Problems with HP SiteScope templates

After installing HP SiteScope with CSA for Matrix templates, you would like to diagnose any problems that may exist. There are several conditions that should be verified:

- SiteScope service is running
- The HP SiteScope Client Application Help->About SiteScope shows Version 11.00 or 11.01
- The HP SiteScope Client Application shows a template container named CSA templates
- CSA templates for WINDOWS and LINUX can be manually deployed
- No errors are reported in the HP SiteScope error.log file

6	W UD C'I C ' I
Symptoms	Wrong HP SiteScope version number
	Client URL doesn't seem to work
	CSA templates container not present
	Manual deployments fail
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Primary software component	SiteScope
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable causes	SiteScope service is not running
	2) CSA templates were not imported during the oo-sis-
	install process
	3) Wrong user name or password configured in one or
	both of the HP SiteScope target credentials:
	o WINDOWS-CSA-TARGETS
	o LINUX-CSA-TARGETS
How to access log files	On the HP SiteScope server, the most important log files for
	diagnosing problems are:
	c:\SiteScope\logs\error.log
	c:\SiteScope\logs\SiteScope2010_06_15.log
	c:\SiteScope\logs\RunMonitor.log
	NOTE: example filename for June 15, 2010
For more information	OO-SIS installation steps in the Cloud Service Automation for
	Matrix Integration Guide.

#### Solution

- 1) HP SiteScope service is not running
  - Verify that SiteScope.exe is listening on the port number specified during HP SiteScope installation.

```
net start SiteScope
netstat -anob > netstat.out
```

- b) Review netstat.out in an editor.
- c) The port number must also match the value defined in csaInstall.properties during the oo-sis-install process on the CMS (this is needed for OO to connect to HP SiteScope during monitor deploy and delete).
- 2) HP SiteScope version number is incorrect (patch not installed).

See the *CSA for Matrix Support Matrix* to locate supported versions. At the time of publication, the supported version of HP SiteScope was 11.00 or 11.01.

If an unsupported version of HP SiteScope has been installed:

- i) Remove the incorrect version of HP SiteScope.
- ii) Install HP SiteScope 11.00 or the 11. 01 upgrade. See "Installing and Configuring HP SiteScope for Use with CSA for Matrix" in the *Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide*.
- 3) A Container named **CSA templates** is not present in the HP SiteScope client.

If the **CSA Templates** folder does not appear in the **Templates** folder in the SiteScope dashboard after installation, this indicates that the oo-sis-install process was not successful.

There are two possible solutions:

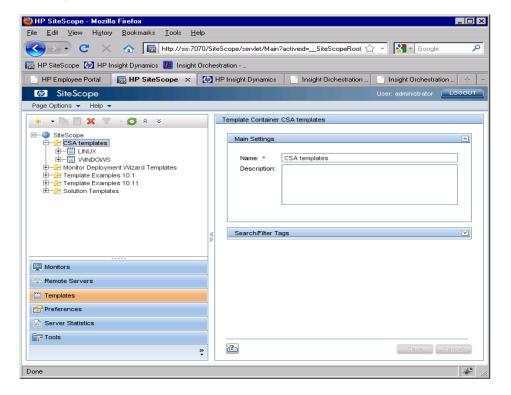
a) Copy the file CSA-servers-autoimport.tmpl (located in oo-sis-install.zip) to directory C:\SiteScope\persistency\import\

After 90 seconds, the **CSA templates** container should appear under the HP SiteScope client **Templates** view. Otherwise, review error messages in c:\SiteScope\logs\error.log for clues.

- b) The alternate solution is to manually import CSA for Matrix flows, and manually create the associated target credentials.
  - i) Copy the file CSA-servers.tmpl (located in oo-sis-install.zip) to directory c:\SiteScope\export\.
  - ii) Create the CSA templates container by right clicking on HP SiteScope in the
     HP SiteScope client Templates view and selecting New > Template Container.
  - iii) Name the new container **CSA templates** (NOTE: spelling is case sensitive, and must be correct in order to match the expectations of the CSA OO flows).
  - iv) Right click on the new container and select **import**.
  - v) Verify that the *Path* value shows "c:\SiteScope\export" (this is the directory where you should have copied the .tmpl file).
  - vi) After the file name prompt, enter: CSA-servers.tmpl
  - vii) If the import fails, review the error messages in c:\SiteScope\logs\error.log.
  - viii) If the import is successful, two new templates will appear under the CSA templates container, named **WINDOWS** and **LINUX**.

NOTES: The HP SiteScope client URL must be based on the HP SiteScope server hostname, and the port number specified during HP SiteScope installation. These values must also match the IP address and port number specified during the CSA oo-sis-install process (in the csaInstaller.properties file) on the CMS server.

Figure 12 CSA Templates Folder



#### Problem: Communication error between HP OO and HPIO

At the end of a successful completion of a service provision, an error is listed in the Request Details in HP IO. No monitors are deployed to monitor any of the service.

Symptoms	At the end of a successful completion of a service provision, an error is listed in the Request Details in HP IO.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component(s)	HP IO, HP SiteScope
Other dependencies	oo-sis-install.zip
Failure message	"09/01/2010 10:00 AM", MAJOR, "A communication error occurred between Operations Orchestration and Insight Orchestration, the external workflow Deploy Monitors cannot be executed. The current request will continue its execution."
Probable cause	The template in use is configured with the OO workflows to manage the HP SiteScope monitors. However, the workflows are not installed on the OO server used by HP IO. This can

	occur if the template is exported and then imported into an HP IO configuration where the OO_SiS work flows have not yet been installed.
For more information	See the OO-SIS installation steps in the Cloud Service
	Automation for Matrix Integration Guide.

#### Solution:

Install the OO-SiteScope workflows as described the *Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide*.

## HP OO CSA for Matrix Flows

### Problem: CSA for Matrix flows do not appear in HP OO Studio

If CSA for Matrix HP OO flows do not appear after running the CSA for Matrix flows installer you can try to manually import flows using HP OO Studio.

Symptoms	After running the CSA for Matrix OO flows installer, OO Studio shows missing flows, or flow names appear in red text.
	The CSA for Matrix Flows imported by the oo-sis-install process are:
	/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/ Service Actions/Deploy Monitors
	/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/ Service Actions/Disable Monitors
	/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/ Service Actions/Enable Monitors
	/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/     Service Actions/Delete Monitors
	CSA System Properties (shown with example values) are:
	<ul><li>/Configuration/System Properties/SiSFQDN</li><li>= sitescope.server.hp.com</li></ul>
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSUserName = Administrator
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSPassword = password
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSIPPort = 8080
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSDefaultMonitorFrequency = 60
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSProtocol = http

	• /Configuration/System
	Properties/SiSCSATemplateFolder
	• = CSA templates
	The CSA installer imports 4 flows and 7 properties in OO Studio, under <b>Library</b> and <b>Configuration</b> , respectively. If successfully imported, the flow names appear in blue, as shown in Figure 13 Successful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows
	Problems are indicated if a flow is missing, or if it appears with red text, as shown in Figure 14 Unsuccessful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows .
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration	Yes
issue?	
Primary software component	OO, HP SiteScope
Other dependencies	The SiS System Properties must match the HP SiteScope configuration, especially the following:  • /Configuration/System Properties/SiSFQDN
	: SiteScope hostname
	<ul><li>/Configuration/System Properties/SiSPassword</li><li>: SiteScope Administrator password</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>/Configuration/System Properties/SiSIPPort</li> <li>: port number specified during SiteScope</li> <li>installation</li> </ul>
Failure message	Problems are indicated if a flow is missing, or if it appears with red text as shown in Figure 14 Unsuccessful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows .
Probable cause	Mismatch between HP SiteScope System Property settings and HP SiteScope
How to access log files	server configuration.
How to access log files	Relevant OO logfiles are:
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations
	Orchestration\Central\logs\Central_wrapper.log
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations
	Orchestration\Central\logs\audit.log
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations
	Orchestration\RAS\Java\Default\webapp\logs\
	wrapper.log
For more information	The README file included with the CSA for Matrix SiteScope Flows installer (oo-sis-install.zip) contains additional information.

#### Solution

*NOTE:* if a manual import is attempted after running the CSA for Matrix flows installer, the first two steps listed below may have already been performed by the installer.

1) Copy the flow .zip files to c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\Studio.

- 2) Unzip each of the two flow archive files into the Studio directory.
- 3) Login to OO Studio
- 4) From the **Repository** menu, choose **Import Repository**.
- 5) From the file selector popup box, choose csaServiceActions.flows.zip.
- 6) In the Import popup box, click the plus (+) icon on the toolbar.
- 7) For each of the four CSA for Matrix flows, verify the **Action** and **Description** columns:
  - a) The **Action** column will have the green **Up Array** icon highlighted.
  - b) The description column will say Modify in Repository.
  - c) If necessary, click the green **Up Array** in the **Action** column.
- 8) When all flows are correctly configured, click the **Apply** icon on the toolbar (the rightmost icon, colored in with Red, Green and blue).

Repeat the import steps for the file csaSystemProperties.flows.zip:

- 1) From the **Repository** menu, choose **Import Repository**.
- 2) From the file selector popup, choose csaServiceActions.flows.zip.
- 3) For each of the seven CSA System Properties, verify the Action and Description columns.
- 4) When all flows are correctly configured, click the **Apply** icon on the toolbar (the rightmost icon, colored in with Red, Green and blue).

Check the imported flows and System Properties into the Repository:

- 1) Right click **Library** and click **Repository** -> **check in** -> **OK**.
- 2) Right click Configuration and click Repository -> check in -> OK.

Figure 13 Successful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows

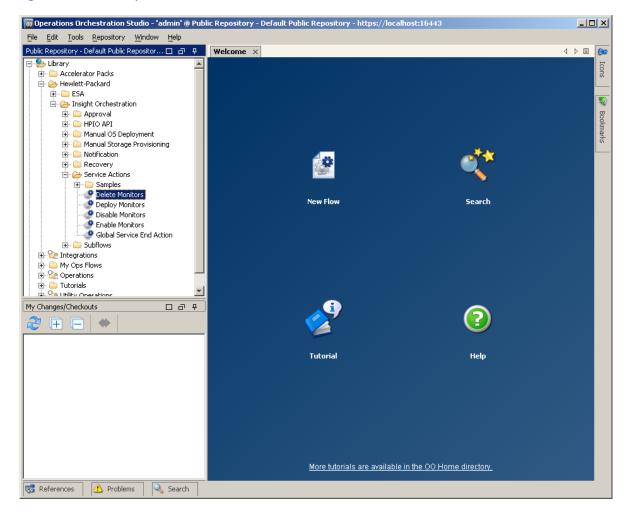
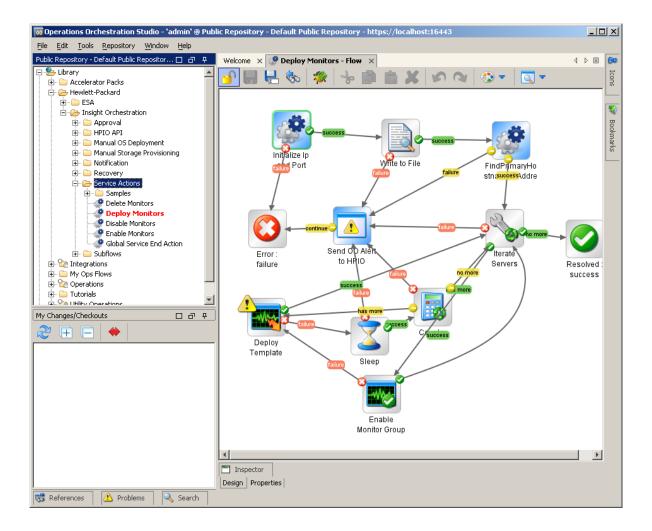


Figure 14 Unsuccessful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows



#### Problem: Using OO Studio to debug the CSA for Matrix Deploy Monitor Flow.

The CSA for Matrix Deploy Monitor Flow can be run in debug mode using default values. By creating DNS entries for a default Windows server and a default Linux server, it is possible to partially test the configuration of OO and HP SiteScope.

Symptoms	You need to verify that OO is able to connect to HP SiteScope with the current OO System Properties and that HP SiteScope CSA templates and credentials are correctly configured.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	OO, HP SiteScope
Other dependencies	OO SiS System Properties must match HP SiteScope configuration for hostname, port, username and password.

	<pre>NOTE 1: By default, OO is installed on the CMS at c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration</pre>
	NOTE 2: by default, HP SiteScope is installed on the HP SiteScope server at c:\SiteScope
Failure message	Failure to deploy within one or two minutes may be caused by ping timeouts for the two test server alias names. If the deploy fails, the failed steps are marked with a red X, and should be examined for clues as to the cause of the failure.
Probable cause	Configuration of OO SiteScope System Properties is not valid
	One or more OO services not running on the CMS server
	SiteScope service not running on HP SiteScope server
How to access log	Relevant OO logfiles:
files	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\ Central\logs\Central_wrapper.log
	•
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\ Central\logs\audit.log
	•
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\RAS\Java\Default\webapp\logs\wrapper.log
	Relevant HP SiteScope logfiles:
	<pre>c:\SiteScope\logs\error.log c:\SiteScope\logs\RunMonitor.log</pre>
	c:\SiteScope\logs\SiteScope2010_06_15.log
	NOTE: example filename for Jun 15, 2010
For more information	The README file included with the CSA for Matrix SiteScope Flows installer (00-
	sis-install.zip) contains additional information.

#### Solution:

- 1) Add a new DNS alias named siswintarg to refer to an existing Windows server.
- 2) Add a new DNS alias named sislintarg to refer to an existing Linux server.
- 3) Under **SiteScope > Preferences > Credentials**, edit CSA target credentials:
  - LINUX-CSA-TARGETS must match login requirements for the islintarg alias.
  - WINDOWS-CSA-TARGETS must match login requirements for the siswintarg alias.
- 4) Verify that you can ping both of these aliases from a command line on the CMS server.
- 5) Edit the Deploy Monitors.xml file, changing all references to the appropriate values for your network:

<00DIR>\Studio\csaServiceActions.flows\data\Library\HewlettPackard\Insight Orchestration\Service Actions\Deploy Monitors.xml

 $\textit{NOTE 1:} \verb|<OODir>| refers to the Operations Orchestration installation directory$ 

NOTE 2: Deploy Monitors.xml is created when the oo-sis-install is run on the CMS.

- 6) Import csaServiceActions.flows, containing the modified Deploy Monitors.xml file. For information on how to manually import CSA for Matrix flows, see the section of this document called "Problem: CSA for Matrix flows do not appear in HP OO Studio."
- 7) In OO Studio, double-click the **Deploy Monitors** flow.
- 8) Click the debug icon in the taskbar above the **Deploy Monitors** pane.
- 9) Click the Play icon (a green triangle on the left side of the toolbar) to start the flow.
- 10) Verify the creation of a CSA monitors group, with associated monitors, under the Monitors pane.

Failure to deploy within a minute or more may be caused by ping timeouts for the two test server alias names. If the deploy fails, the failed steps are marked with a red X and should be examined for clues as to the cause of the failure.

After performing these tests, restore HP SiteScope credentials (LINUX-CSA-TARGETS and WINDOWS-CSA-TARGETS) for the OS images that will be deployed by HP SA. The username and password must match the values specified in unattend.xml, kickstart.xml, or equivalent for target OS images.

#### Problem: How to prepare the CMS prior to installing CSA OO Flows

The oo-sis-install process assumes that a fresh OO instance has just been installed by HP IO and that none of the CSA for Matrix flows are present in OO. Before a re-installation can be attempted, OO must be properly prepared.

Symptoms	One or more CSA flows and/or SiteScope System Properties are visible in OO Studio prior to running the oo-sis-install.zip CSA flows installer.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component(s)	OO, HP SiteScope
Other dependencies	The SiteScope System Properties must match the HP SiteScope configuration, especially the following:  • /Configuration/System Properties/SiSFQDN
	: SiteScope hostname
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSPassword : SiteScope Administrator password
Failure message	
Probable cause	Most commonly, this is the result of a previous CSA for Matrix flows installation.
How to access log files	<ul> <li>Relevant OO logfiles are:         <ul> <li>c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\Central\logs\Central_wrapper.log</li> </ul> </li> <li>c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\Central\logs\audit.log</li> <li>c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\RAS\Java\Default\webapp\logs\wrapper.log</li> </ul>

For more information	The README file included with the CSA SiteScope Flows installer (oo-
	sis-install.zip) contains additional information.

#### Solution:

The oo-sis-install process assumes that a fresh OO instance has just been installed by HP IO, and that none of the CSA flows are present in OO. To meet these expectations, it is necessary to perform preparatory steps before running the the install.bat file from the oo-sis-install.zip, as described in the README file.

The pre-install preparation steps are as follows:

- 1) Start OO Studio.
- 2) Delete all CSA flows (right-click each flow, select **Delete**, and answer **Yes** to all prompts).

```
/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/
Deploy Monitors
/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/
Disable Monitors
/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/
Enable Monitors
/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/
Delete Monitors
```

3) Delete the CSA System Properties.

```
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSFQDN
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSUserName
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSPassword
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSIPPort
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSDefaultMonitorFrequency
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSProtocol
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSCSATemplateFolder
```

- 4) Check in changes to the repository.
  - a. Right-click Library and select Repository > Check in Tree.
  - b. Answer **Yes** or **OK** to all prompts.
  - c. Right-click Configuration and select Repository > Check in Tree.
  - d. Answer Yes or OK to all prompts.
- 5) Stop services:

```
net stop "RSScheduler"
net stop "RSCentral"
net stop "RSJRAS"
net stop "HP Extensible Storage & Server Adapter"
net stop "HP Logical Server Automation"
net stop "HP Insight Orchestration"
```

6) Delete the OO metadata directory, including all subfiles:

```
C:/Program Files/HP/Operations Orchestration/central/rcrepo/
data/.metadata
```

7) Restart services:

```
net start "RSScheduler"
net start "RSCentral"
```

```
net start "RSJRAS"
net start "HP Extensible Storage & Server Adapter"
net start "HP Logical Server Automation"
net start "HP Insight Orchestration"
```

8) OO is now ready for the CSA flows to be re-installed.

#### Diagnosing Failed CSA Flow imports

If CSA OO Flows did not install successfully, be sure to verify that all the preparatory steps have been performed, as listed above. The following log files can provide useful clues regarding possible causes of errors.

```
C:\Program Files\HP\Operations
Orchestration\Central\logs\Central_wrapper.log
C:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\Central\logs\audit.log
C:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\RAS\Java\Default\webapp\logs\wrapper.log
```

#### Problem: How to Recognize Problems with CSA Flows in OO Studio

Symptoms	Missing or mis-configured flows are displayed in OO Studio
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component(s)	OO, HP SiteScope
Other dependencies	The SiS System Properties must match the HP SiteScope configuration, especially the following:
	<ul><li>/Configuration/System Properties/SiSFQDN</li><li>: SiteScope hostname</li></ul>
	• /Configuration/System Properties/SiSPassword : SiteScope Administrator password
Failure message	Flow problems are indicated if a flow is missing, or if displayed in red text, as shown in Figure 14 Unsuccessful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows.
Probable cause	OO was not properly prepared prior to oo-sis-install.zip installation.
How to access log files	Relevant OO log files are:
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\Central\logs\Central_wrapper.log
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\Central\logs\audit.log
	• c:\Program Files\HP\Operations Orchestration\RAS\Java\Default\webapp\logs\wrapper .log
For more information	The README file included with the CSA SiteScope Flows installer (oo-sis-install.zip) contains additional information.

#### Solution:

Open OO Studio and verify that the installed CSA flows and properties are present.

#### CSA Flows imported by the oo-sis-install process are:

/Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/Deploy Monitors /Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/Disable Monitors /Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/Enable Monitors /Library/Hewlett-Packard/Insight Orchestration/Service Actions/Delete Monitors

#### CSA System Properties (shown with example values) are:

```
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSFQDN =
sitescope.server.hp.com
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSUserName =
Administrator
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSPassword =
password
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSIPPort = 8080
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSDefaultMonitorFrequency = 60
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSProtocol = http
/Configuration/System Properties/SiSCSATemplateFolder = CSA
templates
```

After successful installation of CSA flows, all four flows and seven System Properties will appear in OO Studio under Library and Configuration, respectively. In addition, flow names will appear in blue as shown in Figure 13 Successful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows, rather than in red as shown in Figure 14 Unsuccessful Import of CSA for Matrix Flows.

# Problem: Operation Orchestration workflows do not run for third party servers.

Symptoms	Operation Orchestration workflows do not run for third party servers.
Hardware	<u> </u>
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	HP IO and OO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	N/A
Probable cause	<ul> <li>Incorrect OO credentials have been added to esa.properties file.</li> <li>Incorrect tag values in the three data files:         ServerInfo.xml, InventoryList.xml, uuidHostMapper.xml.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mismatching UUID element values between the three data files: ServerInfo.xml, InventoryList.xml, uuidHostMapper.xml.</li> <li>Missing identification info for third party</li> </ul>

	ProLiant server in the
	blade_models.properties file.
	Incorrect iLO credentials for the target server listed by OO.
How to access log files	
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Add the correct credentials for OO sign-in:
  - a) Modify <Root Drive>:\Program Files\HP\ Virtual Server Environment\conf\esa.properties to include the HP OO Administrator password.

Esa.oo.admin.password=<your-oo-admin-password>

- b) Verify the value of each in the files: ServerInfo.xml, InventoryList.xml, uuidHostMapper.xml. For more information use the *HP Insight Orchestration User Guide*, "Configuring IO to list heterogeneous hardware" section.
- 2) The UUID element value should match for all three data files:

ServerInfo.xml InventoryList.xml uuidHostMapper.xml.

- 3) Edit the C:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\
  conf\blade\_models.properties file to include the third party target server model. For more information see the HP Insight Orchestration User Guide, "Configuring IO to list heterogeneous hardware" section.
- 4) Verify and, if needed, correct the iLO system credentials for the third party target server in OO. For more information see the *HP Insight Orchestration User Guide*, "Configuring IO to list heterogeneous hardware" section.
- 5) You may need to stop the services HP IO, LSA, ESA, RSCentral, RSJRAS and restart them in reverse order.

## SiteScope Configuration

#### Problem: The Deploy Monitors operation fails to create monitor

A Deploy Monitors OO workflow triggered by an HP IO workflow callout fails to create the target(s) monitor in the HP SiteScope server.

Symptoms	A "Deploy Monitors" operation to instantiate CPU, DISK and MEMORY monitors for a provisioned target fails to create a monitor and the monitor does not appear in the HP SiteScope server dashboard.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows 2003
Is this an integration issue?	Yes

Primary software component	HP SiteScope server
Other dependencies	
Failure message	In the OO log on the CMS for the "Deploy Monitors" flow, you may see an error similar to this one:  com.mercury.sitescope.api.configuration.exception.  ExternalServiceAPIException: Error: Parameter error occurred property The following properties had verification errors: Property Disk: / is not a valid disk drive  Error: Error Code: 12017. Error Description:  Unable to deploy the template because it contains a reference to a credential (LINUX-CSA-TARGETS) that no longer exists in SiteScope. Add the missing credential to Credential Preferences or manually enter credentials for the resource in the template object, and deploy the template again.;returnResult=Unknown error:  com.mercury.sitescope.api.configuration.exception.  ExternalServiceAPIException
Probable cause	The credentials for the OS deployed in the credentials profile—(in this case LINUX-CSA-TARGETS) either don't exist on the HP SiteScope server, or they do not match sufficient credentials on the deployed target's OS to initiate monitoring of the target.
How to access log files	Log onto CMS and look at the OO central service under the URL:  https://localhost:16443/PAS/app  a) Navigate to the Reports section. b) Select the instance of the flow run that corresponds to the failed flow. c) Enable Advanced viewing of the flows operations. d) Add Result to the Report Columns and look for an error similar to the "Failure message" above in the results for the "Deploy Template" Step# column.
For more information	

#### Solution:

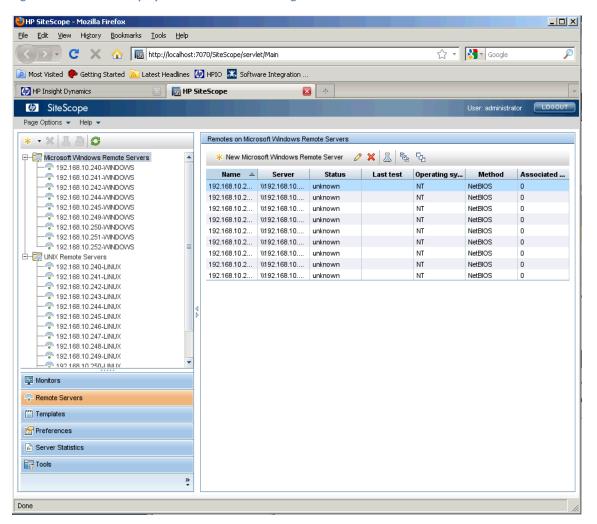
- 1) Go to the HP SiteScope dashboard on your HP SiteScope server.
- 2) Open the Preferences dialog.
- 3) Open the Credential Preferences dialog.
- 4) Add or repair the "LINUX-CSA-TARGETS" credentials object to match the credentials for the Linux OS' of your target(s).
- 5) While you are in this part of the HP SiteScope dashboard, also verify that the "WINDOWS-CSA-TARGETS" credentials object matches the credentials for the Windows operating system of your target(s).

# Problem: Orphaned entries exist in the HP SiteScope console under the Remote Servers tab.

Symptoms	Lists of no longer monitored or non-existent servers have stale entries in the HP Site Remote Servers tab
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Windows
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	SiteScope
Other dependencies	A prior de-provision of managed servers cannot delete the remote server
	entries.

Failure message	None. Orphaned remote servers may collide with new service deploys with different monitoring credentials.
Probable cause	Bad or incorrect SAN zoning
	Bad or incorrect WWN's
	Bad or incorrect LUN mapping
How to access log files	NA
For more information	

Figure 15 New Service Deploys with Different Monitoring Credentials



#### Solution:

- 1) Log in to the HP SiteScope dashboard on your HP SiteScope server.
- 2) Open the **Remote Servers** tab from the lower left.
- 3) Review the list of **Microsoft Windows Remote Servers** and **UNIX Remote Servers** for extraneous entries.
- 4) Open the **Microsoft Windows Remote Servers** folder and select with left clicks any extraneous servers.
- 5) Left click the red-X to Delete Remote Server in that pane
- 6) Repeat the steps for any extraneous servers in the **UNIX Remote Servers** folder

## Troubleshooting Storage

## Storage Configuration

Problem: Not enough VM storage available

Not enough VM storage is available during activation or deactivation of VM servers.

Symptoms	Server deactivation or activation fails from inadequate VM host storage availability.
Hardware	Virtual Servers and VM storage
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software	HP IO
component	
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Any message for a physical server provision
Probable cause	HP IO is designed so that if a failure occurs during the provisioning of physical
	servers, the resources are left in the same state as when the failure occurs. The
	administrator must power on and access the servers to resolve the issues that
	caused the failure.
How to access log files	The default location of the HP IO log file on the CMS server is as follows:
	c:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\logs\
	hpio-controller.log
For more information	HP Insight Orchestration User Guide, HP Insight Orchestration Release Notes,
	and HP Insight Orchestration online help

#### Solution:

1) From a command line on the CMS, run:

#### net stop "HP Insight Orchestration"

2) Open the hpio.properties file in a text editor. The default location of the HP IO properties file on the CMS server is:

C:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\conf\hpio.properties

3) Increase the value of the **vm.memory.overhead** property; for example:

```
vm.memory.overhead = 1.2
```

4) Increase the value of the vm.disk.overhead property, for example:

```
vm.disk.overhead = 10
```

- 5) Save the hpio.properties file.
- 6) From a command line on the CMS, run the following:

net start "HP Insight Orchestration"

#### Problem: Servers do not return to HP IO Server Pool after failed provision

Symptoms	Servers don't return to the Server Pool after a failed provisioning request.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	Logical server listed in "clean-me" state.
For more information	See the troubleshooting section of the HP Insight Orchestration User Guide.

#### Solution:

HP IO is designed so that if a failure occurs during the provisioning request of physical servers, the resources are left in the "in-use" state when the failure occurs. Leaving the resources in the "in-use" state allows the administrator to power on and to access the servers; then to identify and resolve the issues that caused the failure. This problem occurs with physical servers managed using Virtual Connect-enabled hardware and with non-Virtual Connect (third party OOWF) servers.

- 1) Make sure the identified servers are powered off.
- 2) Launch Insight Dynamics (CMS).
- 3) Go to Tools menu > Virtualization Manager; select Perspective = Logical Server.
  - a. Select the server that is listed in the "clean me" state.
  - b. Go to Tools > Logical Server > Deactivate.
  - c. After the logical server is deactivated, go to **Delete** > **Logical Server**.
  - d. If the target server is a third-party server, go to **Delete > Unmanage Logical Server**.
  - e. Repeat the above steps for each logical server that is listed in the "clean-me" state.
- 4) Each deleted server is placed in the Maintenance Server Pool. You must move it back to its dedicated server pool.
  - a. Go to **Tools** > **Insight Orchestration**.
  - b. From **Servers** tab, select a server pool that was associated with one or more logical servers listed as in the "clean me" state and press **Modify Pool**.
  - c. From the **Select servers from pool** drop-down, select **Maintenance**.
  - d. Select the server that was associated with selected pool and press >> to move the server back to the selected pool.
  - e. Press Save.
- 5) Repeat steps 3 and 4 for each server identified in step 3a.
- 6) From the **Server Pool** tab, refresh server resources to update HP IO with the new state for the identified servers.

#### Problem: Allocated SAN storage not detected

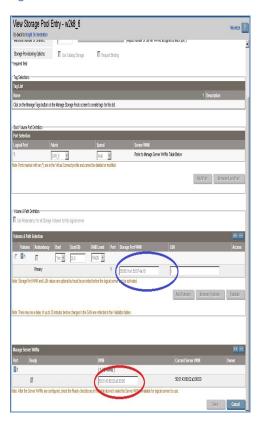
Target server fails to detect SAN storage that was allocated to it from the CMS.

Symptoms	Target server fails to detect SAN storage that was
	allocated to it from the HP Insight Dynamics CMS
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	
Primary software component	OS Install media and HBA driver software.
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	A missing HBA driver in the production operating
	system or a zoning issue.
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Check the Worldwide Name (WWN) allocated to the HBA in the target server. This should be done in two places to make sure that they agree:
  - a. In HP IO go to the SPE to view the volume allocated to the provisioning job that failed. Note the server WWN, as shown in the figure below (red) and the volume details as shown in the figure below (blue).
  - b. On the target server go into the HBA BIOS. Check to see that the WWN allocated to the active port is the same as the one in the SPE.
    - If there is more than one active port, deactivate any ports that are not operating with this WWN and retry the operation after the next steps.
    - If none of the ports have the required WWN, deactivate all but one port and retry the provision after the next steps.

Figure 16: Check WWN and Volume Details



- 2) Contact the storage administrator with the server WWN and volume details. Request that the storage administrator check that the volume is presented to the specified server WWN and to no others.
  - NOTE: It is important that the volume and the server are connected via a zone whose definition contains only those two WWNs and that the server WWN is not included in any other zones.
- 3) All of the above should be rechecked by the storage administrator and altered as required.
- 4) The user can then re-attempt the provision request. If it still fails, contact HP Professional Services for more detailed SAN troubleshooting.

#### Problem: Target server fails to install OS to SAN

The target operating system does not have a driver for local or SAN storage boot disk.

Symptoms	Target server fails to install operating system to SAN storage allocated to it from the CMS  Windows "black screens"  Server continuously rebooting into PXE, defaulting to non-existent local disk and looping until it times out  No boot disk detected  Failed to format disk  Failure message
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	
Primary software component	OS Install media and HBA driver software
Other dependencies	
Failure message	The following message displays in some cases:  Diskpart has finished scanning your configuration-disk not valid-there is no disk supported.
Probable cause	<ul> <li>Missing or incorrect disk driver in the production operating system</li> <li>Incorrect operating system configuration files</li> <li>Incorrect boot disk order (local-disk-enabled)</li> </ul>
For more information	HP Server Automation documentation

#### Solution:

When deploying an operating system, HP Server Automation (HP SA) starts by booting the target server into a known state using PXE. This known state provides a minimal operating system (either Windows or Linux) with up-to-date drivers that can detect basic devices.

Soon after, HP SA deploys the production operating system configured by the user to the target server. For most late-model operating systems, many, if not all, of the necessary drivers are already in place. For older software (for example, Windows 2003 x86), the SAN HBA drivers are likely to be missing and must be installed.

- 1. Go to www.hp.com.
- 2. Select **Support & Drivers > Download drivers and software (and firmware)**. To complete the download, you must identify the server type.

Generally, this problem requires you to generate a new **sysprep** image with the correct drivers in place. For Linux, installing a later minor release of the OS normally resolves the problem. Add the missing storage drivers for the target server. See the HP recommended storage drivers for the identified target server.

Check operating configuration files for Linux or unattend file for Windows to make necessary corrections. For more information, refer to the HP Server Automation documentation.

Verify the boot disk order is setup correctly as described in the *Cloud Service Automation for Matrix Integration Guide*. If SAN boot provisioning continues to fail, disable the local disk as part of the BIOS disk boot order.

#### Problem: SAN storage resources do not show up in HP IO UI

SAN storage resources do not show up in HP IO UI.

Symptoms	Storage pool entries and storage resources do not
	show up in HP IO UI.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	
Primary software component	SPM, HP IO, VCEM
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	Timing issue
	<ul> <li>LSM database is out of synch</li> <li>The SPE is not made available for HP IO use</li> </ul>
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) Wait few minutes after the creation of SPE for HP IO Storage Pools to be updated.
- 2) Refresh the resources:
  - a. Go to Tools > Virtualization Manager > Tools > Logical Servers > Refresh
  - b. Check Storage Pool Entries.
  - c. Select Refresh.
  - d. Return to **Tools** > **Insight Orchestration**. Select the **Storage** tab.
  - e. Verify that the storage pool entries are listed.
- 3) If the storage pool entries are still not found, the entries may not have the **Ready** checkbox enabled.
  - a. Go to **Tools** > **Insight Orchestration**. Select the **Storage** tab.
  - b. Click Manage Storage Pools.
  - c. Select the SPE that should be listed under IO Storage Pools UI.
  - d. Click Modify.
  - e. Under Manage server WWNs, select the Ready check box for the SPE.
  - f. Select Save.
  - g. Repeat step 2 to verify that you can see all the storage listed.

### Problem: HP IO service pauses during SAN boot with request for data disk

Symptoms	HP IO service pauses during SAN boot with a request for a data disk.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	HP IO and HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	<ul> <li>Disk size listed by SPE does not meet the minimum limits for successful provisioning.</li> <li>HP IO template requests a data disk, but there is no Storage Pool Entry (SPE) with a data disk record matching the service template</li> <li>The data disk is not presented to the target server.</li> <li>The data disk available has insufficient disk space.</li> <li>The SPE has two volumes but both of them are listed as boot disks.</li> <li>The Storage Pool Entry lists a data disk with an incorrect RAID level or LUN.</li> </ul>
For more information	Incorrect disk presentation/zoning.  HP Insight Orchestration User Guide
	g Cremediation Coc. Carac

#### Solution:

HP IO must list sufficient Storage Pool Entries (SPEs) available in an "Unused" state to meet the service template requirements. The minimum required sizes for Windows, Linux, and Solaris are as follows:

- Windows requires a minimum of 20 GB.
- Linux and Solaris require 10 GB for OS installation only.
- 1) Verify SPE entries are in an available state:
  - a. Go to **Tools** > **Insight Orchestration**. Select the **Storage** tab.
  - b. Click Refresh.
  - c. Verify the availability status of the SPE that is necessary to meet the service template requirements.
- 2) If the SPE is missing a data disk or available resources in the storage pool:
  - a. Go to Tools > Virtualization Manager > Modify > Logical Server Storage Pools
  - b. Edit the SPE used by the service that has paused:
    - i. Add a new volume with type = data
    - ii. List the correct RAID level, size, and LUN information retrieved from the array manager for this disk/volume.

NOTE: Verify that the new data disk meets the service template requirements for size and type (correct numbers of boot and data disks).

- 3) Using the array manager, present the data disk that was added to SPE to the target server.
- 4) Verify that the switch zoning is listing the correct WWN information for the target server. For more information, see "Corrective Procedures" in the *HP Insight Orchestration User Guide*.
- 5) Verify that the volume presentation has the correct information (matching the information from SPE; see WWN.) in the array manager.

#### Problem: SAN and local boot provisioning fails for non-VC Proliant servers

Symptoms	SAN and local boot provisioning can fail for non-VC- enabled ProLiant Servers, if the storage pool entry used by the service request contains both a SAN boot disk and a SAN data disk at the request starting time.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this and integration issue?	
Primary software component	HP IO
Other dependencies	VSE/SPEs configuration
Failure message	
Probable cause	The OS attempts deploy on the data disk instead of the boot disk listed in the SPE. For non-VC-enabled ProLiant servers, there is no guarantee which disk is used first for OS deployment. A failure occurs if the data disk does not meet the minimum disk space for OS provisioning.
How to access log files	
For more information	

#### Solution:

- 1) For non-VC-enabled ProLiant blade-server provisioning, service requests for a boot disk and a data disk should be created separately.
- 2) If the operating system is booted to SAN, the Storage Pool Entry (SPE) should initially list only the SAN boot disk. When a local boot disk is used for operating system provisioning, no SPE should be created for the SAN data disk in the initial service request.
  - NOTE: After the SAN or local boot, the service request provisioning pauses to request that you manually allocate the SAN data disk to an already existing SPE or create a new SPE for the SAN data disk.
- 3) When the request pauses, modify the identified SPE to include the second volume as a data disk:
  - a. Go to IO > Storage Pool tab > Manage Storage Pools.
  - b. Select the associated SPE for the target server.
  - c. Click **Modify**.
  - d. Go to **Volume** and click **Add volume** to add the data disk. Make sure you select **boot option = NO**.
  - e. Enter the RAID level and disk space.
  - f. Click **Save** and **Close**.
  - g. Go to IO Storage Pool tab. Select Refresh to see changes to SPE.
  - h. Go to IO request.
  - i. Click Restart/Continue IO request.

## SAN Usage

#### Problem: HPIO Delete Service fails due to HP SA erase disk failure

Symptoms	Software resources do not show up in HP IO UI.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	Yes
Primary software component	IO and HP SA
Other dependencies	
Failure message	N/A
Probable cause	SA failed to erase the disk.
For more information	HP IO User Guide, Troubleshooting section

#### Solution:

- 1) If HP SA failed to erase the disk during the service deletion, the server and the disk will be left in an unstable state. If this occurs, do the following:
  - a) Remove references to HP SA from any leftover records on the server, and manually scrub the disk.
  - b) For more information, see the HP IO User Guide, Manual Clean-up process section.

### Problem: Storage pool entries for the third party servers show N/A

Symptoms	Storage Pool Entry for the third party servers show available status = N/A.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	
Primary software component	HP IO and VSE
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	SPE/Storage Pool Entry for OOWF/non-Virtual Connect/third party servers shows available status = N/A.
For more information	

#### Solution:

The listing of the **available** status as N/A for the third party servers in the **Manage Storage Pool** user interface is by design. Instead, you can verify the correct status (used/unused) in the **IO Storage Pool** tab after that tab is refreshed.

Only SPEs for third party servers will have the available status of N/A. The SPEs Virtual Connect/cClass blade servers will list the available value of 1 or 0. These values can be associated with the unused/used value shown for SPE in the **IO Storage Pool** tab.

# Problem: The HP IO service pauses when a Local boot is performed and asks for data disk allocation

Manual data disk allow Storage Pools is require been notified.  Probable cause  1) There is an Operate the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  2) There is a Raid level between the temple Manager (e.g. CV-1)  3) Both 1) and 2) about continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provise designed.	auses when a Local boot is for data disk allocation, even both boot and data disks.
Is this an integration issue?  Primary software component  Other dependencies  Failure message  Provisioning request f Manual data disk allow Storage Pools is require been notified.  Probable cause  1) There is an Operate the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  3) Both 1) and 2) about continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provise means to the service of the ser	
Primary software component  Other dependencies  Failure message  Provisioning request f Manual data disk allow Storage Pools is requirementation been notified.  Probable cause  1) There is an Operate the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  3) Both 1) and 2) about continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provisions.	
Other dependencies  Failure message  Provisioning request f Manual data disk allow Storage Pools is requirement been notified.  Probable cause  1) There is an Operate the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  There is a Raid level between the templement Manager (e.g. CV-1)  3) Both 1) and 2) about continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provise message.	
Failure message  Provisioning request f Manual data disk alloo Storage Pools is require been notified.  Probable cause  1) There is an Operat the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.g.  2) There is a Raid leve between the temp Manager (e.g. CV-I  3) Both 1) and 2) abor continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provis	
Manual data disk allow Storage Pools is require been notified.  Probable cause  1) There is an Operate the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.g. CV-1)  2) There is a Raid level between the temple Manager (e.g. CV-1)  3) Both 1) and 2) about continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provise designed.	
the template, SPE, Array Manager (e.  2) There is a Raid level between the temple Manager (e.g. CV-1)  3) Both 1) and 2) about continues to pause boot and data disk template requests previous de-provision.	t for <servername> has paused. location using VSE Logical Server uired. An HP IO Administrator has</servername>
due to an Erase Di	evel mismatch for the data disk in plate, SPE, and disk in the Array V-EVA).  bove are correct, but the request use although the SPE has both isks that match what the sts. This is possibly caused by a vision of the server, which failed
How to access log files	

#### Solution:

- 1) Verify the following to make sure they all specify the same OS:
  - The template for the server-allocated Operating System
  - The SPE Storage Entry Operating System
  - The host-associated OS in the Array Manager (CV-EVA)
  - 2) To resolve an OS mismatch:
    - a) In the Template:
      - i) Go to Edit Template> Server. Right-click on Server. Edit the Server Group Configuration.
      - ii) Go to the **Software** tab and select the correct OS.
      - iii) Save and close the tab.
    - b) For the SPE:
      - i) Go to IO > Storage Pool > Manage Storage Pools.
      - ii) Select the associated SPE for the target server.
      - iii) Click **Modify** and edit **Storage Entry Operating System** to include the correct OS.
      - iv) Save your changes.
    - c) On the Host:
      - i) Go to the Array Manager (CV-EVA).
      - ii) Click Hosts; then select the target server and click Properties.
      - iii) In the General tab, correct the OS.
      - iv) Save your changes.
    - d) Go to the HP IO Storage Pool and refresh the view to see the changes to the SPE.
    - e) Go to the HP IO Request tab and click Restart/Continue HP IO Request.
- 3) Verify that the Raid level for the disks used by SPE, the template, and the array manager (for example, CV-EVA) match.
  - a) In the Template:
    - i) Go to Edit **Template> Server** and right-click on the disk.
    - ii) Edit the **Storage Configuration** by selecting the appropriate **Raid Level**.
    - iii) Save your changes.
  - b) For the SPE:
    - Go to IO > Storage Pool > Manage Storage Pools and select the associated SPE for the target server.
    - Click Modify and go to the Volume section to make sure the disks listed have the appropriate Raid Level (the level needs to match the value of the Raid found for these disks in the Array Manager).
    - iii) Save your changes.
  - c) For the Disk:
    - i) Go to the Array manager (e.g. CV-EVA) and select the virtual disk associated with the target server.
    - ii) Select the **Redundancy** option to verify that it matches the value in the SPE.
  - d) Go to the HP IO Storage Pool and refresh the view to see the changes to the SPE.
  - e) Go to the IO Request tab and select Restart/Continue IO Request.
- 4) If the steps above do not apply, you may need to remove the data disk from SPE and re-add it:
  - a) For the SPE, go to IO > Storage Pool > Manage Storage Pools:
    - i) Select the associated SPE for the target server.
    - ii) Click Modify and go to the Volume section.
    - iii) Select the disk labeled **boot = No** (this is your data disk) and delete it.
    - iv) Save your changes.

- Re-add the data disk to the SPE that was modified above by going to IO > Storage Pool > Manage Storage Pools and selecting the associated SPE for the target server. Click Modify.
  - i) Go to the **Volume** section.
  - ii) Click Add volume to add the data disk.
  - iii) Enter the Raid level and disk space.
  - iv) Save your changes.
- c) Go to the IO Storage Pool and refresh the view to see the changes to the SPE.
- d) Go to the IO Request tab and select Restart/Continue IO request.

## Other Troubleshooting Processes

#### Enabling logging in product components

#### HP IO

- 1) Edit the file log4j.properties in the HP IO install directory (for example, c:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\conf).
- 2) Change these entries in this file FROM:

```
log4j.category.com.hp.hpio.sbapi=INFO
log4j.category.com.hp.hpio.controller=INFO
```

TO

```
log4j.category.com.hp.hpio.sbapi=DEBUG
log4j.category.com.hp.hpio.controller=DEBUG
```

3) Save the file and restart the HP IO service.

#### **VMM**

- 1) Go to the VMM install directory (for example, c:\Program Files\HP\HP Insight Virtual machine management\clientapi\bin\).
- 2) Follow these steps:
  - a) Enter the following command: adminlogin.cmd
  - b) Enter the following command: cli setLogLevel -level DEBUG
  - c) Restart the VMM service.

#### **VSE**

- 1) From the VSE install directory (for example, c:\program files\hp\virtual server environment), copy the file .vsedebug.xml to c:\vsedebug.xml
- 2) Restart the VSE service.

Extra log files are added to a new folder: C:/var/opt/vse/logs

#### **HP SIM**

- 1) To enable debug for Administrator, enter the following command:
  - mxuser -m Administrator -p debug
- 2) Log in to https://localhost:50000/mxdebug/dbgMain.jsp
- 3) Use the debug page to set debug levels for the various components.
- 4) Use the debug page to enable file logging.

NOTE: HP SIM debugging choices should generally be self-explanatory.

#### **HP SA Access Layer and Areslite Controller**

- Edit the file DomainManager.props file (for example, Systems Insight Manager\config\debugsettings\DomainManager.props).
- 2) Change these entries in this file FROM:

```
com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAAccessLayer=false,0,com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAAcce
ssLayer,
```

```
com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAplugin=false,0,com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAplugin,
```

TO:

com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAAccessLayer=true,40,com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAAcce
ssLayer,
com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAplugin=true,40,com.hp.sa.LSUplugin.SAplugin,

- 3) For each of the **com.hp.alc** entries in this file, change the instances of **false,0** to **true,40**.
- 4) Restart SIM:

Run mxstop and wait for all HP SIM processes to finish.
Run mxstart and wait for all HP SIM processes to start.

#### **HP SA Server**

The HP SA job logs are the primary logging source for HP SA. On the HP SA primary core, it is possible to locate server logs directly by their MAC addresses. Go to the following directory:

/var/opt/opsware/log/buildmgr/servers

## Problem: Data disk presented to the LINUX host is not visible

Data disk presented by the IO service to the LINUX target server is not visible.

Symptoms	Data disk presented by the IO service to the LINUX target server is not visible.
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	Any Linux target server
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	
Other dependencies	
Failure message	
Probable cause	
For more information	

### Solution:

Rescan the bus on the LINUX host to which the disk is presented. Use the following commands: echo 1 > /sys/class/fc\_host/host<n>/issue\_lip echo - - - > /sys/class/scsi\_host/host<n>/scan

In this instance, the number of host adapter ports that need to be rescanned is **n-1**. For example, host0 for a host with only one port, host1 for a host with two ports, and so on. The disk should be visible now.

## Problem: VMM is not able to connect to the host

The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error:

VMM is not able to connect to the host

Symptoms	The Create Service operation in the HP IO console fails with the following error:  VMM is not able to connect to the host
Hardware	
Operating System(s)	
Is this an integration issue?	No
Primary software component	VMware VirtualCenter
Other dependencies	
Failure message	Task for Logical Server < server_name > has failed. Logical server job (ID = < server_name > .vlan8.lab) completed with a failure status. Failure: VMM is not able to connect to the host.
Probable cause	VMware VirtualCenter Server service has stopped on the VCenter server
For more information	

## Solution:

- 1. Verify that the "VMware VirtualCenter Server" service is running on the VCenter server.
- 2. If the "VMware VirtualCenter Server" service is stopped, start the service.
- 3. Recreate the IO service.

# Performance and Tuning

This section provides preliminary steps for configuration and tuning of various components in the CMS environment to improve performance and reliability.

# VMware Virtual Center Server Configuration and Tuning

## Microsoft Sysprep files in Virtual Center Server

Install the precise version of **sysprep** files recommended by VMware from the following Knowledge Base articles:

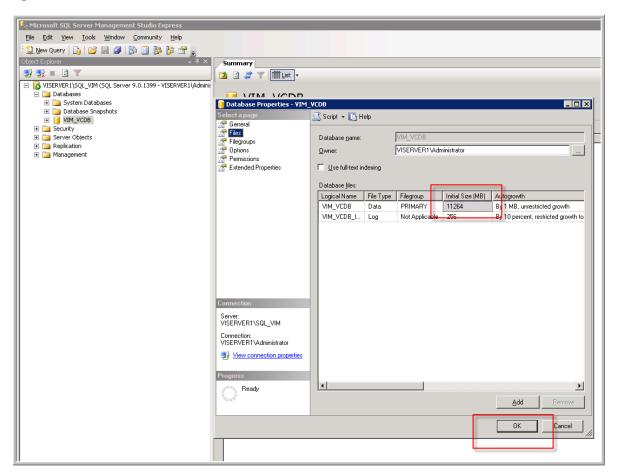
http://kb.vmware.com/kb/1005593 http://support.microsoft.com/kb/926028/en-us

- WindowsServer2003.WindowsXP-KB926028-v3-x64-ENU.exe (for example, W2K3 SP2 x64 sysprep tools)
- WindowsServer2003-KB926028-v2-x86-ENU.exe (for example, W2K3 SP2 x86 sysprep tools)

### vCenter Database Size

- 1) Log in to the Windows vCenter server and open SQL Studio Express.
- 2) Select the database VM\_VCDB and right click for properties.
- 3) Select the **Initial Size (MB)** cell. You can use the increment control, or just type the new size directly into the cell.
- 4) Select OK to persist the value.
  - NOTE: If the value is not accepted, it may indicate that you are running SQL Express (which has a maximum database size of 4 GB).

Figure 17 vCenter Database Size

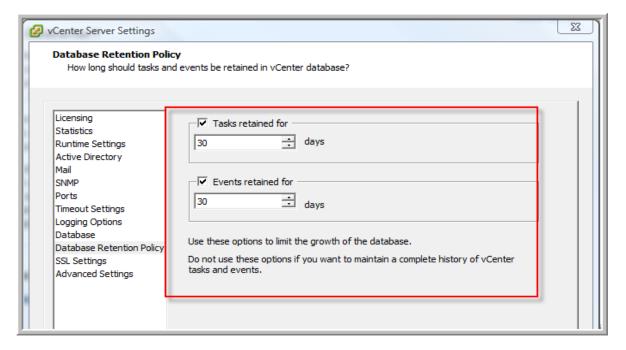


# vCenter Database Retention Policy

Set the database retention policy VCenter as follows.

- 1) Set tasks to be retained for **30 days**.
- 2) Set events to be retained for **30 days**.

Figure 18 vCenter Data Base Retention Policy



# HP IO Properties Configuration and Tuning

Several settings should be configured in the HP IO properties file.

Location: C:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\conf\hpio.properties

#### Changes required:

- cleanup.messages.max.age = 44640
- oo.service.action.fail.request = **true**
- esx.max.concurrent.requests=15
- vm.memory.overhead = 1.0

NOTE: Previously Matrix R&D recommended using 1.5 for this value, but with latest HP IO 6.1.0.143 patch, this setting should be reverted back to the default value.

#### Actions required for changes to take effect:

- Save the properties file.
- Restart the "HP Insight Orchestration" service.

# **HP IO Sysprep Files**

Several **sysprep.inf** files have been created for the various Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, 32-bit, and 64-bit operating systems. These **sysprep.inf** files must be copied from the POC to the production environment.

Location: C:\Program Files\HP\Insight Orchestration\conf\sysprep\\*.inf

#### Actions required for changes to take effect:

- Copy files from POC CMS to Production CMS.
- Ensure HP IO templates refer to the correct sysprep files.

# **HP LSM Properties**

The HP IO log contains the full record of the provisioning requests; it is not necessary to keep the full history in the HP LSM level of the infrastructure. Consequently, the number of jobs retained in the LSM log should be reduced.

Location: C:\Program Files\HP\Virtual Server Environment\conf\lsa\lsa.properties

#### Changes required:

JOB\_ROLLOVER\_MAX=500

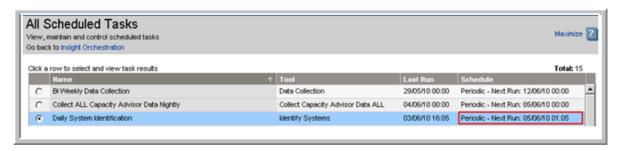
Actions required for changes to take effect:

- Save the properties file.
- Restart the HP Logical Server Automation service.

# **HP SIM Tuning**

Change default HP SIM Daily Identification scheduled task to run at 1:05 AM CET.

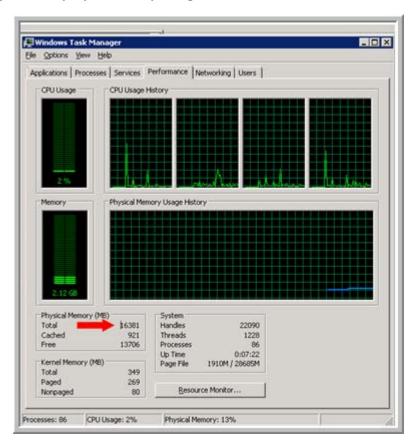
Figure 19 HP SIM Scheduled Tasks



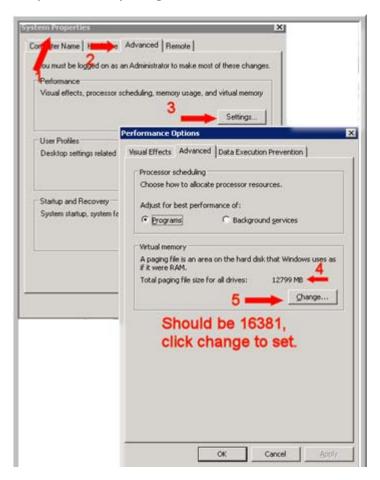
# **CMS Server Tuning**

- 1) Turn off power capping on the CMS through the BIOS, if it is enabled.
- 2) Set the performance mode for the CMS blade in iLO to High Performance.
- 3) For 32-bit operating systems, add the **/PAE** parameter to the **boot.ini** file to access **> 4 GB** physical memory.
- 4) Set the virtual memory to at least the amount of physical memory in the CMS server.
  - a. Select **System properties** and note the amount of physical memory on the system.
  - b. Verify virtual memory settings are the same as the physical memory setting in task manager (see above).

**Figure 20 Verify Physical Memory Settings** 



**Figure 21 Verify Virtual Memory Settings** 



# CMS Database Tuning

### Overview

To tune the database, follow these steps:

- 1) Open a remote desktop the database server.
- 2) Run SQL Server Management Studio.
- 3) Select the appropriate database instance.
- 4) Right click and select properties.

### Tuning Database Operating System: only for CMS using an off-host Database

Follow steps on the database server described under the section "CMS Server Tuning".

- 1) Turn off power capping on the CMS, if enabled.
- 2) Set performance mode for the CMS blade in iLO to **High Performance**.
- 3) For 32-bit operating systems, add the **/PAE** parameter to the **boot.ini** file to access **> 4 GB** physical memory.
- 4) Set virtual memory at least the amount of physical memory in the CMS server.

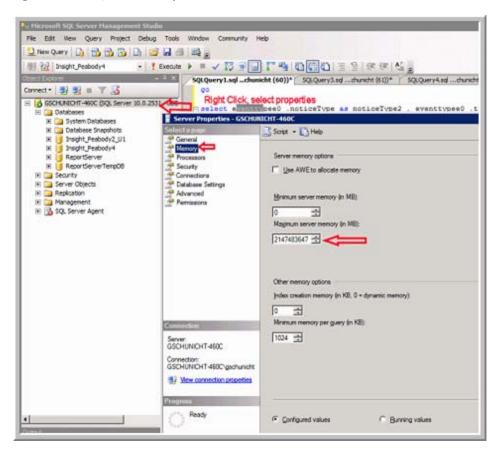
## Set the MIN and Max memory and AWE

- 1) Select the **Memory** page on the database server properties screen.
- 2) Value should be set per the following formula:

Physical Memory - 2 GB for OS - 1 GB for Multiple Page Access (MPA) - 1 GB for every 8 cores Example of database server with 32 GB of memory and 8 cores:

- 3) Specify the value calculated in the previous step in both the MIN and MAX memory fields, as illustrated below.
- 4) Check the Use AWE to allocate memory checkbox, as well.

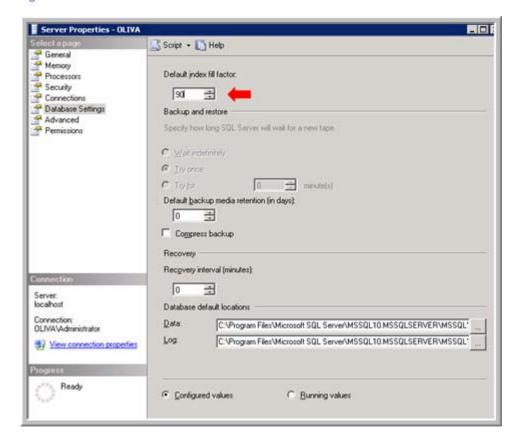
Figure 22 Set MIN, MAX memory and AWE



### Set Database Index Fill Factor

- 1) Select the **Database Settings** page on the database server properties screen.
- 2) Change the Default index fill factor to **90** as shown below.

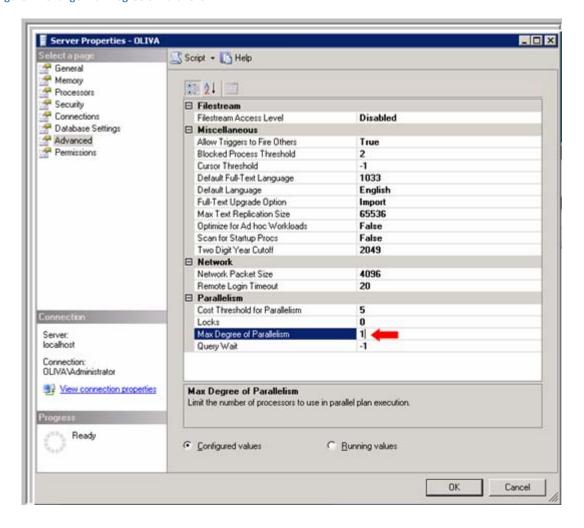
Figure 23 Set Database Index Fill Factor



## SQL Server Max Degree of Parallelism

- 1) Select the **Advanced** page on the database server properties screen.
- 2) Change the **Max Degree of Parallelism** to **1** for systems with fewer than 16 processor cores. Set this property to **8** for systems with 16 or more processor cores.

Figure 24 Change Max Degree of Parallelism



# SQL Memory Page Locking (64-bit systems only)

## **Installing Cumulative Update 4**

Install the Cumulative Update 4 for SQL Server 2005.

- SQL 2008 Standard, Enterprise edition SP1 CU2 (Cummulative Update 2)
- SQL 2005 Standard, Enterprise edition SP3 CU4 (Cummulative Update 2)

The update can be downloaded from:

http://support.microsoft.com/kb/970279

Documentation for this feature can be found at:

http://blogs.msdn.com/psssql/archive/2009/05/19/an-update-for-standard-sku-support-for-locked-pages.aspx

### Set Trace Flag in SQL Startup Parameters

- 1) In SQL Server Configuration Manager, click SQL Server Services.
  - a) In the right pane, right-click SQL Server (<instance\_name>), and then click Properties.
  - b) On the Advanced tab, in the Startup Parameters box, add **–T845**; (ensure all parameters are separated by a semicolon).
  - c) References:
- 2) The following explains how to configure locked pages:

http://support.microsoft.com/kb/970070

3) The following explains all SQL server parameters:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms190737.aspx

4) The following explains how to set SQL server parameters:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms345416.aspx

## Enable User Rights for Locked Pages in Memory

- IF THE ACCOUNT running SQL is LOCAL SYSTEM STOP, it already has this right.
- If the database is running on another system than the CMS the changes below may optimize the
  environment. If the database is running on the same system as the CMS, none of the changes below
  are required.

If changes are warranted, follow these steps. For **64-bit** installations of SQL Server 2008/2005, the **lock pages in memory right** needs to be granted to the user running SQL Server service. The Default LOCAL SYSTEM user already has that right, but it is not recommended to run SQL Server with the system account in production for security reasons, and rather have a SQL specific windows account and add the right to it.

To enable the lock pages in memory option

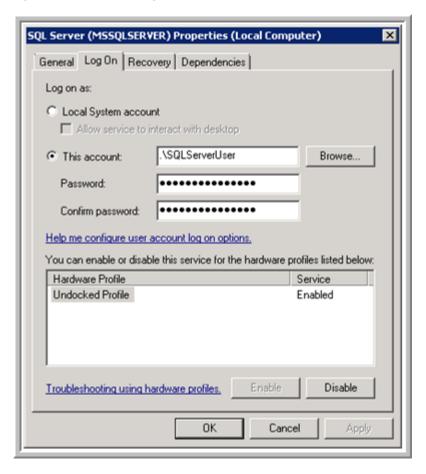
- 1) On the **Start** menu, click **Run**. In the **Open** box, type **gpedit.msc**.
- 2) The **Group Policy** dialog box opens.
- 3) On the Group Policy console, expand Computer Configuration, and then expand Windows Settings.
- 4) Expand Security Settings, and then expand Local Policies.
- 5) Select the User Rights Assignment folder.
- 6) The policies will be displayed in the details pane.
- 7) In the pane, double-click **Lock pages in memory**.
- 8) In the Local Security Policy Setting dialog box, click Add.

9) In the **Select Users or Groups** dialog box, add an account with privileges to run sqlservr.exe

The user running SQL Server can be identified by opening Windows Services:

- Right click on the SQL Server service.
- Select properties and view the Log On tab.

Figure 25 The SQL Server Log On Tab



Run **gpedit.msc** from the RUN menu item and add the user determined above to the list of Users or Groups that are allowed to **Lock pages in memory**.

**Figure 26 Lock Pages in Memory** 

