HP Network Node Manger i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony

for the HP-UX, Linux, Solaris, and Windows® operating systems

Software Version: 9.01

Deployment Guide

Document Release Date: September 2010 Software Release Date: September 2010



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1 Introducing the iSPI for IP Telephony

HP Network Node Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony (iSPI for IP Telephony) helps you extend the capability of HP Network Node Manager i Software (NNMi) to monitor the overall health of the network.

The factors that impact the deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony include the type of database configured with NNMi and the size of the network that you want to monitor. In addition, make sure to install the latest NNMi patches before installing the iSPI for IP Telephony.

Plan the deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony based on how NNMi is deployed in the environment. While planning the deployment, consider the following to achieve an optimum size and performance of the system:

- Number of managed IP telephony nodes
- Number of managed non-IP telephony nodes
- Deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony in a High Availability (HA) environment
- Deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony in an Application Failover environment
- Deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony in a Global Network Management (GNM) environment
- Deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony along with other iSPIs (iSPI for IP Multicast and iSPI for IP Telephony)

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Preparing for Deployment

Before you start deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony, you must plan the installation based on your deployment requirements. You must identify the supported configurations, make sure that your installation process complies with all the prerequisites.

To install and configure the iSPI for IP Telephony in a HA and Application failover environment, see the HA and Application Failover section of the NNMi Deployment Reference Guide.

Read the following NNMi documents before you start installing and configuring the iSPI for IP Telephony:

- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Deployment Guide* versions 9.00 and 9.01
- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Release Notes* versions 9.00 and 9.01
- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Support Matrix* versions 9.00 and 9.01

In addition, read the following iSPI for IP Telephony documents before you start deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony:

- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide* version 9.00 and the *patch text* for version 9.01
- HP Network Node Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Release Notes versions 9.00 and 9.01
- HP Network Node Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Support Matrix versions 9.00 and 9.01

Make sure that you refer to the latest documents from http:// h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals.

2 Deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony

You must start deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony after installing NNMi on a system. To install and configure NNMi on a system, see the *NNMi Installation Guide*.



You must install NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony on the same server.

You can deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony for the following scenarios:

- Install NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony together.
- Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on a system where NNMi is already installed.
- Install the iSPI for IP Telephony, NNMi, and the iSPI Performance for Metrics/NPS on the same system.
- Install the iSPI for IP Telephony and NNMi on one system and the iSPI Performance for Metrics/NPS on a different system. You can choose this scenario for the best performance results.

See the *HP NNM i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide* for more information about installing the iSPI for IP Telephony.

Deploying NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony Together

To deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony on a management server after installing NNMi, follow these steps:

1 Start the NNMi installation process.



You must use the database type (Postgres Embedded or Oracle) you used for the NNMi installation when you install the iSPI for IP Telephony. 2 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony. Follow the steps listed in the *HP NNM i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide* to perform the steps during the pre-installation, installation, and the post installation phases.

Make sure that you have tuned the Xmx values in the jboss properties file of NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony. To update the Xmx values, see the steps listed in *Tuning the jboss Memory* section of the *iSPI for IP Telephony*, *Support Matrix*.

Also, see the *iSPI for IP Telephony, Support Matrix* for recommended values as applicable for the size of your network.

During the iSPI for IP Telephony installation, make sure that you select the same database type specified while installing NNMi. Follow the instructions in Step 3 only if you are using an embedded database. For the Oracle database, go to Step 5.

- 3 Modify the values in nms-ds.xml and postgresql.conf as mentioned in Tuning Embedded Postgres Database for Scalability and Performance of NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony on page 19.
- 4 Restart the NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony processes.
- 5 Configure the auto-discovery rules for IP phones. For more information, see the Setting NNMi Auto Discovery Rules to Discover IP Phones on page 20.
- 6 Seed the IP telephony devices from the NNMi console. Seeding enables NNMi to start the discovery process and the iSPI for IP Telephony nodes are discovered along with NNMi nodes. See the HP NNM i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide for more information about seeding nodes for the iSPI for IP Telephony.
- 7 Wait for sometime till the iSPI for IP Telephony nodes are discovered. Log on to the NNMi console, and then verify the availability of the IP Telephony workspace and IP Telephony views.

Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony where NNMi is Already Installed

To deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony on a management server where NNMi is installed, follow these steps:

Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on a management server where NNMi is already installed, running and the nodes are discovered. Follow the steps listed in the HP NNM i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide to perform the steps during the pre-installation, installation, and the post installation phases.

You must use the database type (Postgres Embedded or Oracle) you used for the NNMi installation when you install iSPI for IP Telephony.

Follow the instructions in Step 3 only if you are using an embedded database. For the Oracle database, go to Step 4.

- 2 Modify the values in nms-ds.xml and postgresql.conf as mentioned in Sizing and Configurations for Scalability and Performance of the iSPI for IP Telephony on page 19.
- 3 Restart the NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony processes.
- 4 Configure the auto-discovery rules for IP phones. For more information, see the Setting NNMi Auto Discovery Rules to Discover IP Phones on page 20.
- 5 You can start the iSPI for IP Telephony discovery process to discover the IP Telephony nodes from the discovered NNMi nodes in any *one* of the following ways:
 - Run the configuration poll on each node (except on nodes that host IP phones) from NNMi Inventory workspace. For more information, see *Help for NNMi*, *Launch the Actions: Configuration Poll Command*.
 - Wait for the next NNMi discovery cycle to rediscover the nodes and also start the discovery of the iSPI for IP Telephony nodes.

Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in a High Availability Environment

This section provides instructions to deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony in different scenarios in a high availability environment.

Installing the iSPI for IP Telephony with NNMi

Follow the steps listed to deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony with NNMi in a high availability environment:

- 1 Install NNMi with the iSPI for IP Telephony on both the servers (primary server and secondary server). Make sure that the servers have separate Fully Qualified Domain Names (FQDN) during the installation. See the NNMi Installation Guide and the HP NNM i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide for more information.
- 2 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production license on both the primary and the secondary servers.
- 3 Run nnmhaconfigure.ovpl to configure high availability on the primary server. See the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* for more information.
- 4 Run nnmofficialfqdn.ovpl to verify that the virtual host name is displayed correctly.
- 5 Modify the following files in the /var/opt/OV/shared/ipt/conf/ folder to replace the host name with the virtual FQDN:
 - <ipt>.jvm.properties, <hostname>.selfsigned
 - nms-<ipt>.address.properties:jboss.nnm.host
 - nms-<ipt>.jvm.properties:-Djava.rmi.server.hostname
 - nnm.extended.properties:com.hp.ov.nms.spi.<ipt>.Nnm.hostname
 - nnm.extended.properties:com.hp.ov.nms.spi.<ipt>.spi.hostname
- 6 Run the command nnmhastartrg.ovpl NNM <ha-groupName>. ha-groupName represents the group name specified for the high availability cluster. This starts NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony.

- 7 Run nnmhaconfigure.ovpl NNM -addon <SPI module name>. SPI module name represents the name configured for the iSPI for IP Telephony module.
- 8 Run nnmhaconfigure.ovpl to configure high availability on the secondary server. See the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* for more information.
- 9 Modify the files on the secondary server as listed in *step 4* of this procedure.
- 10 Run the command nnmhaconfigure.ovpl NNM -addon <SPI module name> on the secondary server.

Installing the iSPI for IP Telephony after Configuring NNMi in a High Availability Environment

Follow the steps listed to deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony after installing NNMi in a high availability environment:

- 1 Make sure that NNMi is running on the primary server.
- 2 Change NNMi to high availability maintenance mode by placing maint_NNM under /var/opt/OV/hacluster. Alternatively, you can use the NNMi maintenance mode procedure to put NNMi in high availability maintenance mode.
- 3 Run ovstatus -c to confirm that ovjboss is running.
- 4 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on the primary server.
- 5 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production license on the primary server.
- 6 Remove maint_NNM to change NNMi to non maintenance mode.
- 7 Run /opt/OV/misc/nnm/ha/nnmhaconfigure.ovpl NNM -addon <SPI modulename>
- 8 Run ovstop -c to initiate a failover.
- 9 Make sure that NNMi is running on the secondary server.
- 10 Change NNMi to high availability maintenance mode by placing maint_NNM under /var/opt/OV/hacluster. Alternatively, you can use the NNMi maintenance mode procedure to put NNMi in high availability maintenance mode.

Deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony

- 11 Run ovstatus -c to confirm that ovjboss is running.
- 12 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on the secondary server.
- 13 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production license on the secondary server.
- 14 The iSPI for IP Telephony displays two errors as follows: create db user and create DB. You can ignore these errors and continue with the installation. These errors are a result of the database and the database user name already existing on the primary server and on the shared disk.
- 15 Remove maint_NNM to change NNMi to non maintenance mode.
- 16 Run /opt/OV/misc/nnm/ha/nnmhaconfigure.ovpl NNM -addon <SPI modulename>.
- 17 Run ovstop -c to initiate a failover to the primary server.

If you want to verify that the iSPI for IP Telephony is starting correctly on the secondary server, initiate the failover again by running ovstop -c on the primary server.

Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in an Application Failover Environment

This section provides instructions to deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony in different scenarios in an application failover environment.

Application Failover with Oracle Configured as the Database

Scenario 1: In this scenario, consider that you want to install the iSPI for IP Telephony with NNMi and then configure application failover over a LAN or a WAN:

1 Install NNMi in the primary server mode server 1 and install NNMi in the secondary server mode on server 2.

If you are installing Oracle as the database, NNMi provides you options to install NNMi in the primary and secondary server modes for deployment in an application failover or a high availability environment.

- 2 Start NNMi on server 1
- 3 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on server 1.
- 4 Install Oracle as the database by following the steps listed in the HP Network Node Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide.
- 5 After the installation of the iSPI for IP Telephony, install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production license on server 1.
- 6 Merge the keystores on one server and copy the keystores to both the primary and the secondary servers. See the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* for instructions.
- 7 Stop NNMi on server 1.
- 8 Start NNMi on server 2.
- 9 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on server 2.
- 10 Configure iSPI for IP Telephony on server 2 with the database instance, user name, and password configured on server 1
- 11 After the installation of the iSPI for IP Telephony, install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production license on server 2.
- 12 Configure application failover server 1 and server 2 according to the instructions provided in the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide*.

Scenario 2: In this scenario, consider that you want to install the iSPI for IP Telephony after configuring NNMi in an application failover environment:

- 1 Remove the NNMi application failover configuration and restore the old keystore and truststore specific to each server (server 1 and server 2 as mentioned in the previous scenario). See the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* for instructions.
- 2 Follow the steps listed in the previous scenario to install the iSPI for IP Telephony and configure application failover between server 1 and server 2.

You must not perform the steps to install NNMi.

Installing the iSPI for IP Telephony in an Application Failover Environment with Postgres Embedded Database

Scenario 1: In this scenario, consider that you want to install the iSPI for IP Telephony and NNMi in an application failover mode:

- 1 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony and NNMi on the primary server and the secondary server.
- 2 After the installation of the iSPI for IP Telephony, install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production licenses on both the servers.
- 3 Follow instructions given in the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* to configure NNMi in application failover mode. After this, the iSPI for IP Telephony automatically gets configured in the application failover mode.

Scenario 2: In this scenario, consider that you want to install the iSPI for IP Telephony after configuring NNMi in the application failover mode:

- 1 Remove the NNMi application failover configuration and restore the old keystore and truststore specific to the primary server and the secondary server configured. See the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* for instructions.
- 2 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony on both the primary and the secondary servers.
- 3 After the installation of the iSPI for IP Telephony, install the iSPI for IP Telephony non production license on both the servers.
- 4 Follow instructions given in the *NNMi Deployment Reference Guide* to configure NNMi in application failover mode.

Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in a Global Network Management Environment

You can deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony in a Global Network Management (GNM) environment. The iSPI for IP Telephony supports the following scenarios in a GNM environment. Consider the following points when you deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony in a GNM environment:

- You can enable automatic discovery for a large group of nodes that host IP phones, up to 50,000, on the regional manager along with the seeding of the related neighboring switches and routers.
- You can create automatic discovery rules to discover the nodes (that host IP phones) across the regional managers and classify the nodes based on the clusters (for Cisco) and Communication Manager (for Avaya). You can then seed all the Cisco Call Managers and all the Avaya Communication Managers with the global manager. You can also seed all the nodes that host the Cisco Gatekeepers, Cisco Gateways, Cisco Unity devices, Cisco Call Manager Express, Cisco SRST, Avaya Communications Manager, Avaya LSP, and Avaya Media Gateways on the global manager.
- The iSPI for IP Telephony can be run on the global manager only if the scalability limit for a single instance of the iSPI for IP Telephony along with NNMi is within the supported limits. You must also make sure that the latency is minimal in the network path between NNMi and the managed nodes that host IP telephony entities across the WAN (possibly for geographic dispersed regions). See Performance and Scalability Metrics for the iSPI for IP Telephony for more information about the scalability limit.
- If the scalability limit is not high enough to exceed the limits supported with this version of the iSPI for IP Telephony and if the latency is not a constraint, it is recommended to run the iSPI for IP Telephony only on the global manager. You can make this decision when testing the latency aspect for SNMP across the WAN for nodes that host IP telephony entities.

See the NNMi Deployment Reference Guide for more information about GNM.

Scenario 1: NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony on Global Manager and Regional Managers

In this scenario, all the regional managers send the IP Telephony information to the global manager. You can view the following information the global manager:

- Consolidated IP telephony topology
- Consolidated IP telephony reports

Scenario 2: NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony on the Global Manager and NNMi on the Regional Managers

In this deployment scenario you can only see the locally managed IP telephony nodes by the global manager in the IP telephony inventory from the global manager.

Scenario 3: Deploying the Regional Manager in an Application failover Environment

When you deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony regional manager in the Application failover environment, use the ORDER parameter to decide the priority to establish the connection with the regional manager from the global manager.

To use the regional manager in an application failover environment, follow these steps:

- 1 Configure the regional manager connection using the iSPI for IP Telephony configuration workspace. See the *Adding a Regional Manager Configuration* section in the iSPI for IP Telephony *Online Help* for more information.
- 2 Add two regional manager connections and provide the host names.
- 3 Use the ORDER parameter to give different values to the two regional managers.

Whenever an application failover occurs on the regional manager, the global manager establishes the next connection with the lowest order value. You can configure the regional manager in the application failover environment by following the steps documented in the Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in an Application Failover Environment on page 14.

Sizing and Configurations for Scalability and Performance of the iSPI for IP Telephony

For sizing information of the iSPI for IP Telephony, see the *iSPI for IP Telephony Support Matrix*.

To achieve optimal performance and scalability of NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony, see the following sections:

- Tuning Embedded Postgres Database for Scalability and Performance of NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony on page 19
- Tuning NNMi Polling Configurations for Performance and Scalability of NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony on page 20.

Tuning Embedded Postgres Database for Scalability and Performance of NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony

If you are using an embedded database while installing the iSPI for IP Telephony, update the following files:



Stop all the processes and make sure to take a backup of the files listed below.

• Modify the value default value=60 to 120 specified as <max-pool-size>60</max-pool-size> in the nms-ds.xml from

<INST_DIR>/nonOV/jboss/nms/server/nms/deploy/nms-ds.xml.

For example: If you have to change the default value=60 to 120, then change the <max-pool-size>120</max-pool-size>.

• Modify the value of max_connections=100 to max_connections=200 from

<DATA_DIR>/shared/nnm/databases/Postgres/postgresql.conf

After updating the above files, restart both the NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony processes.

Tuning NNMi Polling Configurations for Performance and Scalability of NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony

To increase the performance of NNMi with iSPI for IP Telephony, disable the polling for IP Phones, follow the steps:

- 1 From the Monitoring Configuration workspace, click Node Settings tab.
- 2 To view the details, click the **Open** icon with Ordering column specified as 400 which corresponds to Non-SNMP devices.
- 3 From the Fault Monitoring, clear the check boxes preceding Enable ICMP Fault Polling, Enable SNMP Fault Polling, and Enable Component Health Fault Polling.
- 4 To save the configuration, click Save and Close.

Setting NNMi Auto Discovery Rules to Discover IP Phones

To set the Auto-discovery rules in NNMi to discover IP phones as non-SNMP devices, follow the steps:

From the Discovery Configuration, click Auto-Discovery Rules tab.

Make sure to check the left pane for the Node Name Resolution section. For first choice, select IP Address. Similarly, for second choice, select Short sysName and for third choice, select Short DNS Name.

2 From the **Auto-Discovery Rules** tab, add a new rule. From the left pane, **Basics** section, type the details such as Name and Ordering. For more information, see the *Help for NNMi*.

Make sure to select the check box for **Discover Non-SNMP Devices** and clear the check box for **Enable Ping Sweep**.

- 3 From the **IP Address Ranges for this Rule**, click **New** and add the range of IP addresses of the IP Phones.
- 4 To save the configuration, click **Save and Close**.

Deploy the iSPI for IP Telephony

3 Supported Upgrade Scenario and Licensing

Upgrading from Version 9.00 to Version 9.01

For earlier versions of the iSPI for IP Telephony, you must first migrate to version 9.00 of the iSPI for IP Telephony before migrating to version 9.01.

To migrate the iSPI for IP Telephony from version 9.00 to version 9.01, follow the steps listed below:

- 1 Note down the following values that you configured while using the 9.00 version of the iSPI for IP Telephony if you want to use these values with the new version:
 - Cisco Call Manager
 - Cisco Call Manager Express
 - Cisco SRST
 - Cisco Gatekeeper
 - Cisco Gateways
 - Cisco Unity Devices
 - Avaya Communication Manager
 - Avaya LSP
 - Avaya Media Gateways
 - All the layer 2 and layer 3 infrastructure nodes in your IP telephony environment
 - IP phone exclusion filters
 - Cisco AXL and Cisco CDR access configuration details
 - Avaya CDR access configuration
 - Nortel SSH configuration

- Cisco QoS/MOS monitoring configuration
- Polling frequency changes
- Reporting configuration
- 2 Make sure that you have installed NNMi version 9.00 or version 9.01. See the NNMi documentation and patch text for installation instructions.
- 3 Install the iSPI Performance for Metrics/NPS version 9.01 and patch 1 if you had configured reporting with iSPI for IP Telephony version 9.00. See the iSPI Performance for Metrics/NPS documentation and patch text for more information.
- 4 Install the iSPI for IP Telephony version 9.01. See the iSPI for IP Telephony patch text for more information.
- 5 Perform the additional administrative tasks listed in the *iSPI for IP Telephony Online Help: Help for Administrators* to configure the iSPI for IP Telephony in a GNM environment.

Licensing

The iSPI for IP Telephony includes a temporary Instant-On license key that is valid for 60 days after you install the iSPI for IP Telephony. You must obtain and install a permanent license key as soon as possible. The three types of the iSPI for IP Telephony licenses are as follows:

- Instant-on: The Instant-on license is an evaluation license. The valid period of this license is sixty days with an unlimited capacity. The iSPI for IP Telephony installs this license by default and you need not acquire this license from the HP License Key Delivery Service.
- iSPI Points Based: The iSPI Points-based licenses are common licenses for all the iSPIs that are used by all the Smart Plug-ins including the iSPI for IP Telephony.
- iSPI for IP Telephony Migration Licenses: The migration licenses are valid only for the user updating from pervious versions (7x.x) of the iSPI for IP Telephony. Following are the valid migration licenses that you can obtain from HP License Key Delivery Service.

License Points Consumption Calculation

The raw consumption of license points by the iSPI for IP Telephony is calculated as a sum of the IP telephony entities managed by the iSPI for IP Telephony. The points used in the 9.01 release of the product are as follows:

- 1 point for each IP Phone
- 3 points for each IP Telephony Gateway, for example, the Cisco Voice Gateway, the Avaya Media Gateway, or the Nortel Media Gateway
- 7 points for each Call Controller, for example, the Cisco Unified Communications Manager (Call Manager) or the Avaya Communication Manager or the Nortel Call Server.

For example if at any point of time there are 500 Cisco IP Phones, 1 Cisco Call Manager, and 1 Cisco Voice Gateway in your deployment environment, then the total raw consumption is calculated as follows: 1x7 + 1x3 + 500x1=510 points.

The various survivability options for the Call Controllers such as Cisco Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST) router or Avaya Local Survivable Processor (LSP) are not included while calculating the consumption of license points. The license points consumption calculation includes various light-weight options for call control such as Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express (CUCME) or Call Manager Express. The license points consumption calculation also includes the s8300-based standalone deployment of Avaya Communications Manager.

Points Licenses for New Installation for iSPI for IP Telephony 9.00

The points-based license system allows you to install a common pool of license points from where all the Smart Plug-ins can consume license points. The consumption from the common pool by the iSPI for IP Telephony depends on the total raw consumption by the iSPI for IP Telephony. The iSPI for IP Telephony consumes points from the common iSPI points license pool only when the consumption of the iSPI for IP Telephony is more than the total capacity of the migration licenses installed.

This license system adds a base weight of 1000 points to any raw consumption of points from the common pool by the iSPI for IP Telephony. For example, if at any point of time there are 500 Cisco IP Phones, 1 Cisco Call Manager and 1 Cisco Voice Gateway in your deployment environment, then the common points consumption reported by iSPI for IP Telephony is as follows: 1000 + 1x7 (one Call Manager) + 1x3 (one Gateway) + 500x1 (500 IP Phones)= 1510 points.

If the consumption of the license points is higher than the total license points in the common points pool or if other Smart Plug-ins consume from the common points pool that cause the total consumption of the points to exceed the available points in the common pool, the console displays a message to alert you. You can install additional Smart Plug-in license points to stop the display of the message.

You can acquire the license points from the HP License Key Delivery Service by entering your order number and selecting the appropriate Smart Plug-in points. The available license points are as follows:

- TA237AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 1-2500 Points SW LTU
- TA237AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 1-2500 Points SW E-LTU
- TA238AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 2501-5000 Points SW LTU
- TA238AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 2501-5000 Points SW E-LTU
- TA239AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 5001-10,000 Points SW LTU
- TA239AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 5001-10,000 Points SW E-LTU
- TA240AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 10,001-25,000 Points SW LTU
- TA240AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 10,001-25,000 Points SW E-LTU
- TA241AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 25,001-50,000 Points SW LTU
- TA241AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 25,001-50,000 Points SW E-LTU
- TA242AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 50,000+ Points SW LTU
- TA242AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 50,000+ Points SW E-LTU
- TA248AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 1-2500 Points Non-production SW LTU
- TA248AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 1-2500 Points Non-production SW E-LTU

- TA249AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 2501-5000 Points Non-production SW LTU
- TA249AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 2501-5000 Points Non-production SW E-LTU
- TA250AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 5001-10,000 Points Non-production SW LTU
- TA250AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 5001-10,000 Points Non-production SW E-LTU
- TA251AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 10,001-25,000 Points Non-production SW LTU
- TA251AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 10,001-25,000 Points Non-production SW E-LTU
- TA252AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 25,001-50,000 Points Non-production SW LTU
- TA252AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 25,001-50,000 Points Non-production SW E-LTU
- TA253AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 50,000+ Points Non-production SW LTU
- TA253AAE HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 50,000+ Points Non-production SW E-LTU

You must select the non production LTUs for deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in an HA environment. See the Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in a High Availability Environment on page 12. for more information.

Licensing for Upgrading (Migrating) from Earlier Versions

If you are upgrading from the 7.5x version of the iSPI for IP Telephony, then you can obtain the iSPI for IP Telephony upgrade (migration) licenses. You can contact HP sales to know your upgrade license entitlement based on your order number for the 7.5x version of the iSPI for IP Telephony. For the iSPI for IP Telephony, the upgrade licenses are not unlimited and are based on the specific upgrades you select for license generation. You can select from the following iSPI for IP Telephony upgrade licenses:

- TA245AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 250 Phones Pack Migration SW LTU
- TA245AAE HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 250 Phones Pack Migration SW E-LTU
- TA246AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 1000 Phones Pack Migration SW LTU
- TA246AAE HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 1000 Phones Pack Migration SW E-LTU
- TA247AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 5000 Phones Pack Migration SW LTU
- TA247AAE HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 5000 Phones Pack Migration SW E-LTU
- TA256AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 250 Phones Pack Migration Non-production SW LTU
- TA256AAE HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 250 Phones Pack Migration Non-production SW E-LTU
- TA257AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 1000 Phones Pack Migration Non-production SW LTU
- TA257AAE HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 1000 Phones Pack Migration Non-production SW E-LTU
- TA258AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 5000 Phones Pack Migration Non-production SW LTU
- TA258AAE HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 5000 Phones Pack Migration Non-production SW E-LTU

The points for the different licenses are as follows:

- 250 Phones Pack Migration licenses: 1500 points
- 1000 Phones Pack Migration licenses: 3000 points
- 5000 Phones Pack Migration licenses: 11000 points

You must select the non production LTUs for deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in an HA environment. See the Deploying the iSPI for IP Telephony in a High Availability Environment on page 12. for more information. If you install one or more valid upgrade licenses on the system, then the total capacity of the upgrade license points is a sum of the points for all the individual license keys installed. The iSPI for IP Telephony does not consume license points from the common license points pool if the raw consumption of license points by the iSPI for IP Telephony is less than or equal to the total upgrade license points installed. If the raw consumption exceeds the total capacity of upgrade licenses, the iSPI for IP Telephony starts consuming license points from the common license points pool. The consumption from common points pool is calculated as 1000 + (total raw consumption-total migration capacity). For example, let us consider a case where you plan to upgrade and then install two TA247AA HP NNM iSPI for IP Telephony 5000 Phones Pack Migration SW LTU licenses. The total upgrade capacity based on points is 11000x2 = 22000 points. Now consider the scenario, where on day 1 you have 21934 Cisco IP Phones, 5 Cisco Call Managers and 10 Cisco Voice Gateways. This makes the total raw consumption on day 1 as 5x7+3x10 +21934x1 = 21999. This value being less then 22000, prevents the message on the console to alert you regarding the excessive point consumption.

Now consider the scenario when on day 2, the number of Cisco IP Phones increases to 22000 thus taking the total consumption to 22065. In this scenario, if there are no Smart Plug-in points licenses installed on the system, the consumption reported by the iSPI for IP Telephony will be 22065 and this prompts a message on the console alerting you about the excess points consumed by the iSPI for IP Telephony. You must install some iSPI points licenses at this stage to get rid of the message. If you install 20 TA237AA HP NNM iSPI 100 Points Pack for 1-2500 Points SW LTU licenses, the total upgrade capacity increases by 2000 points. At this stage, the alert message from the console disappears and the consumption of Smart Plug-in license points by the iSPI for IP Telephony is as follows: 1000 + (22065-22000) = 1065 points.

However, if the consumption increases further or if other Smart Plug-ins consume from the common points pool and the total consumption from the common points pool exceeds 2000, the console displays the alert message again and you must install additional Smart Plug-in points licenses to stop getting the alert messages on the console.

Note that on day 2, as an alternative, you can install additional iSPI for IP Telephony upgrade licenses if you are entitled to obtain the required number of upgrade licenses from HP License Key Delivery Service. This stops the alert message from appearing on the console without you having to install additional common pool points licenses.

Viewing the Types of Licenses Installed and the Capacity

You can view the license information by selecting the following option from the NNMi console: Help > System Information > View Licensing Information

Installing Licenses

See the section *License Information* in the *HP NNM i Software Smart Plug-in for IP Telephony Installation Guide* for instructions to install the different types of licenses.

4 Administration Tasks

This chapter provides you information on the administration tasks that you can perform after you have installed the iSPI for IP Telephony.

Adding IP Telephony Nodes after Installing the iSPI for IP Telephony

If you want to add more IP Telephony nodes (for example, CallManagers, Voice Gateways, Gatekeepers, and so on) to your deployment environment after installing the iSPI for IP Telephony, you must do as follows:

- 1 Use the iSPI for IP Telephony configuration workspace to specify the required settings for the newly added entities. See the *iSPI for IP Telephony Online Help* > **Help for Administrators** for more information.
- 2 Seed the nodes that host the IP Telephony entities using the *Discovery Configuration* form in the NNMi configuration workspace. See the *NNMi Online Help* for more information about seeding nodes.
- ³ Wait for the next discovery cycle by NNMi to trigger the discovery of the newly added IP Telephony entities. Alternatively, you can select the nodes from the NNMi node inventory and perform a configuration poll for the nodes. See the *NNMi Online Help* for more information about discovery cycles and performing configuration polls.

Recommendations for Configuring Data Access

You can use the following recommendations when configuring data access for both Cisco and Avaya using the *iSPI for IP Telephony Configuration* form.

Cisco Data Access Recommendations

You must provide the following details to configure data access for Cisco IP Telephony:

AXL Access Configuration Parameters:

Specify the following parameters to configure AVVID XML Layer (AXL) API exposed data:

- Cluster ID: specifies the cluster identifier. You can retrieve this information from the administration web page of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.
- CM IP Address: specifies the IP address of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CM) server node in this cluster. The iSPI for IP Telephony uses this IP address to obtain the AXL data for this cluster. It is recommended that you provide the IP address of the publisher CM node in your cluster.
- AXL User Name: specifies the AXL user name to be used for invoking the AXL Web Services.
- AXL Password: specifies the password associated with the user name specified.

CDR Access Configuration Parameters:

You must make sure that the system time for the iSPI for IP Telephony server must be equal to or slower than the system time of the CDR repository server if both the servers belong to the same time zone. If the servers are in different time zones, the iSPI for IP Telephony uses the system time of the iSPI for IP Telephony server for CDR retrieval. This might cause the time stamp of the call data to be different when compared to the actual time of the call.

Before configuring CDR access, you must also make sure that the CDRonDemand Web Service is running on the Call Manager repository server.

You must provide the following details to configure CDR access:

- Cluster ID: specifies the cluster identifier. You can retrieve this information from the administration web page of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.
- Server IP: specifies the IP address of the Cisco Call Manager CDR repository server in the cluster where the CDRonDemand Web Service is running.

- SOAP User Name: specifies the SOAP user name to access the CDRonDemand Web Service in the cluster.
- SOAP Password: specifies the password for the user name specified.
- Port: specifies the port number used by the CDRonDemand Web Service on the server that hosts the Web Service.

Make sure that you do not include blank space characters before or after the values you type.

You must also make sure that you have configured an FTP user name and password on the iSPI for IP Telephony server which the CDRonDemand Web Service uses to send CDR files to the iSPI for IP Telephony server. If you are running the iSPI for IP telephony on Microsoft Windows operating system, you must configure an FTP client and make sure that the NnmDataDir\log\ipt\tmp folder is shared for FTP user access.

If the iSPI for IP Telephony is installed on a Microsoft Windows operating system, you must make sure that the home directory for the user specified in FTP user name is configured as %NnmDataDir%\log\ipt\tmp and the user has write access to the home directory. This step is required only if you are running the iSPI for IP Telephony on Microsoft Windows operating systems.

Avaya Data Access Recommendations

The iSPI for IP Telephony supports standard or customized CDR formats for Avaya IP Telephony. The iSPI for IP Telephony supports the following standard formats:

- 59 character
- Printer
- TELESEER
- ISDN-Printer
- ISDN-TELESEER

For customized CDR format, you can see the NnmDataDir/shared/ipt/conf/ CustomizedCDRFormat.properties file and configure this file as required. You can refer to the instructions in this file to modify this file. You must make sure that you do not include blank space characters before or after the changes you make. You must provide the following details to configure CDR access for Avaya:

- CM IP Address: specifies the IP address of the communication manager server from which the iSPI for IP Telephony can download the CDR files using SFTP.
- SFTP User Name: specifies the Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) user name to be used by the iSPI for IP Telephony to access or download the CDR files from the communication manager server.
- SFTP Password: specifies the SFTP password for the user name specified.
- CDR Format: specifies the CDR format configured on the communication manager server.
- Circuit ID Modified?: Select **True** here if the CDR format chosen on the communication manager server is in one of the standard CDR formats supported.
- Data Format: If you had specified customized CDR format, then specify the format of the date strings in the CDR records according to the configuration you specified for the date format in the communication manager server configuration. You can select DDMM or MMDD. DD specifies the date and MM specifies the numeric month.
- Format Specification File Path: If you had specified customized CDR format, then specify the absolute path of the customized CDR format specification file on the iSPI for IP Telephony server. You must prepare this file for each communication manager server before configuring the iSPI for IP Telephony for accessing CDR data from each communication manager server.



You must not edit the standard CDR format file.

• Time Zone: specifies the time zone of the communication manager server in GMT+/- HH:MM format. Note that you must specify the time zone only in this format. For example, if you want to specify the Pacific Time (US & Canada), specify the time as GMT -08:00. You can specify the time zone if the communication manager and the iSPI for IP Telephony server are in different time zones. If you do not provide a time zone value, the iSPI for IP Telephony uses the time zone configured for the iSPI for IP Telephony server.

Configuring Reporting Data Retention Period

After integrating the iSPI for IP Telephony with the iSPI Performance for Metrics/Network Performance Server for reporting, you can configure the reporting data retention period. You can configure this value while installing the Network Performance Server. You can also modify the data retention period using the configuration utility provided by the Network Performance Server. See the *HP Network Mode Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for Metrics / Network Performance Server Installation Guide* for more information.

Setting Up the Shared Directory for Network Performance Server

When installed on a dedicated server, the Network Performance Server (NPS) creates a shared directory on the NNMi management server to gather the data collected by NNMi. You must make sure that the shared directory is present before using the iSPI for IP Telephony and the iSPI Performance for Metrics/Network Performance Server to view reports. See the *HP Network Mode Manager i Software Smart Plug-in for Metrics/Network Performance Server Installation Guide* for more information about creating the shared directory.

5 Troubleshooting

Discovery of Avaya Communications Manager Server Fails

Specify the communication configuration for Avaya Communication Manager servers: It is recommended that NNMi and the iSPI for IP Telephony is configured to use either SNMP v1 or SNMP v3 for communication with Avaya Communications Manager server nodes in your deployment environment. It is also recommended that SNMP queries do not use SNMP GetBulk while communicating with these nodes. To enforce this restriction and consistent behavior of SNMP agents on the Avaya Communications Manager server nodes, use the Communication Configuration form in the NNMi Configuration workspace and specify Regions that include this exclusive specification of communication configurations only for the required set of Avaya Communications Manager Server nodes. Note that you will have to complete this configuration task for all the Avaya Communications Manager server nodes, including each physical server in duplex redundant pairs of Primary Servers, each stand-alone Primary Server that is not deployed in duplex redundant pairs, and each Local Survivable Processor (LSP) server node in your environment. For better consistency in request response sessions, it is also recommended that you set up the regions in such a way that NNMi and iSPI for IP Telephony use a time-out value of 59 seconds and retry count value of 1 for all SNMP communications with these nodes. For more information on specifying Regions, see the NNMi Online Help for Administrators.

A Performance and Scalability Metrics for the iSPI for IP Telephony

You can use the following performance and scalability metrics to plan the deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony in your enterprise.

The performance and scalability metrics values for a single instance deployment of the iSPI for IP Telephony are as follows.

Entity	Count	Additional Information
IP phone extensions and associated IP telephony functions/devices	Up to 50,000	You can include devices from different vendors. Note that the device count stays below 50,000. It is assumed that the count of the remaining NNMi objects (routers, switches, nodes, and so on) is less than 3500. In a Global Network Management (GNM) environment, the iSPI for IP Telephony supports up to 2,50,000 IP phone extensions and associated IP telephony functions/devices.
Host Channel Adapter (HCA)/Horizontal Cross Connect (HCC) sustained with 100,000 Busy Hour Call Attempts (BHCA)/ Busy Hour Call Completion (BHCC) for CDR collection, analysis and reporting on Call Duration, Call Counts, Call Quality Metrics Jitter, Packet Loss, Delay and MOS.	Up to 53,000	Call Quality Metrics reporting is available only for Cisco in the 9.01 version of the iSPI for IP Telephony. The reporting data is retained for a period of 70 days. In a Global Network Management (GNM) environment, the iSPI for IP Telephony supports up to 5,30,000 HCA/HCC sustained with 100,000 BHCA/BHCC for CDR collection, analysis and reporting.
User sessions	Up to 40	Support for up to 40 simultaneous user sessions

Entity Discovered	Discovery Time	Additional Information
Discovery of IP telephony entities and the corresponding configuration properties required for subsequent monitoring and diagnostics	24 hours	After the discovery is complete, the iSPI for IP Telephony completes the initialization of the states and the current values of hourly performance and usage metrics from the network within 30 minutes.
Detect state changes for IP telephony entities after discovery and initialization	Within 10 minutes	For the IP phone entities, you can configure the iSPI for IP Telephony to detect changes in registration states within five minutes.
Alerts for breach of set thresholds for Cisco IP Telephony Call Quality metrics (Jitter, Packet Loss, Delay and MOS)	Within five minutes	The alert is generated within five minutes of call completion.
Alerts for breach of set thresholds for Avaya IP Telephony hourly performance and usage measures such as Call Processor Occupancy Summaries, Port Network Load Summaries, DSP/CODEC Usage Summaries, Route Pattern/Trunk Group Usage Summaries, and so on	Within 30 minutes	The alert is generated within 30 minutes of threshold violation.

Performance and Scalability Metrics for the iSPI for IP Telephony



See the iSPI for IP Telephony Support Matrix for more information. You can contact HP Support or see the NNMi Support Matrix and the iSPI Performance for Metrics / Network Performance Server Support Matrix for more information to assist you in sizing your NNMi and iSPI Performance for Metrics/Network Performance servers adequately to support the highest sustained demands on scalability and performance.

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