Content Manager

Software Version 9.3

Web Client Installation and Configuration



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Contents

Content Manager Web Client	7
Introduction	7
Audience	7
System requirements	7
Pre-requisites	7
Web Servers	7
Installation and Configuration	8
Configuring and installing 'Role Services' for the Web Server (IIS) under Windows Server	
2012	8
Installing Content Manager Web Client	. 12
Virtual Directories installed in IIS for the Content Web Client	. 18
Setting up Single Sign On (SSO) authentication for the Web Client	19
Configuring PDF Document Viewer	. 19
Managing Content Manager Web Client Security	. 19
Background	19
Why impersonation delegation?	20
Content Manager Web Client account is the same as Content Manager Workgroup	
Server account	. 20
Content Manager Web Client account is different to Content Manager Workgroup	
Server account	. 21
Prevent Download	24
Configuring the Web Client Mobile redirection	25
Upgrading Content Manager Web Client	26
Upgrading the existing installation	26
Differences between upgrade and new installation	26
Upgrade Procedure	26
Troubleshooting	28
Authentication Prompts	28
Issue	. 28
Solution	. 28
Windows Integrated Authentication and Internet Explorer	28
A Note to Administrators Regarding Systems Options	29
Installer Behavior When Installing to Invalid Web Site	. 29
Moving the installation to another Web site	. 29

Editing hprmServiceAPI.config	29
Cross-site Request Forgery	
Error navigating to the Content Manager Web Client	31
Issue	31
Summary	31
Solution	31
Getting 401 unauthorized when using FQDN or custom host header	32
Issue	32
Summary	32
Changing the Date Format when using the (.) separator	32
Issue	32
Solution	32
Appendix A Configuring WebDav	33
Configuring and Installing WebDav Publishing	33
Enabling and Configuring WebDAV in Internet Information Services (IIS)	
Enabling and Configuring the WebDAV Settings for IIS	
Enabling and Configuring Directory Browsing for CMWebDav	
Adding WebDAV Authoring Rules for CMWebDAV	41
Configuring the CMWebDAV Workpath Folder	42
Configuring hprmServiceAPI.config	
Client Configuration	45
WebDAV with Load Balancing	46
Appendix B Adding Custom Record Add-ins	48
Example Simple Record Add-in	49
RecordContext Properties	49
Record Context Property types	51
Example Object Types	
Complete Example Record Context	57
Appendix C Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS)	64
Scenario	64
Content Manager Web Client Configuration	64
Editing hprmServiceAPI.config	64
Editing Web.config	64
Modifying the Authentication Setting in IIS	67
Configuring the Office/Outlook Addins	68
Background	68
Creating the Client	68

Linking from the Content Manager Web Client	68
Configuring the Client Details	
Frequently Asked Questions	69
How do I enable more logging?	69
The remote certificate is invalid according to the validation procedure	71
Appendix C1 Setup Relying Party Trust in ADFS	
Adding Claim Rules	75
Appendix D Azure AD Authentication for Content Manager Web Client	79
Configuring Web Browser Access	79
Disabling IIS Administration	79
Creating an Active Directory Web Application	79
Updating the web.config	80
Starting the Web Client	
Configuring Office/Outlook Addins	84
Background	84
Creating the Azure Native Client Application	
Give Permission to the Web Application	
Updating hprmServiceAPI.config	85
Configure Client Details	85
Appendix E Office Online Integration	87
Introduction	
Overview	
Supported Versions of Office Online	
Supported File Types	
Security	
Configuring Office Online integration	
Content Manager Web Server Configuration	
User Client Configuration	
Appendix F Multi Tenancy Configuration	90
Scope	
Configuration Steps	90
Create Tenants folder	91
Create configuration file using sample	91
Update the configuration file	91
Create a web application	92
Update logging	93

Content Manager Web Client

Introduction

The purpose of the Content Manager Web client is to provide zero-footprint browser-based access to a Content Manager database.

Content Manager Web Client uses the responsive design paradigm. The responsive design feature allows Content Manager Web Client to automatically adjust and layout the content of the application to suite the specific device.

Audience

This document is for administrators who need to install and configure the Content Manager Web client.

System requirements

For operating system and browser requirements for Content Manager Web client, see CM9.3_ Spec.pdf.

Pre-requisites

Web Servers

The requirements for the Content Manager Web Client Server are the same as for a Content Manager Workgroup Server plus the additional requirements below.

See CM9.3_Spec.pdf for Content Manager specifications and limitations.

Additional requirements:

- Microsoft Internet Information Server (IIS) 7.5, 8.0 or 8.5 with Microsoft .Net Framework 4.5.
- The correct Roles Services for the respective Web Server under Windows Server 2012 need to be configured and installed.

Installation and Configuration

Configuring and installing 'Role Services' for the Web Server (IIS) under Windows Server 2012

- 1. Open the Server Manager.
- 2. On the Server Manager Dashboard, click Add roles and features

Res.	Server Manager	_ 🗆 🗙
Server Man	ager 🕻 Dashboard 🔹 🕫 🖡 Manage Too	ols View Help
III Dashboard	WELCOME TO SERVER MANAGER	
Local Server All Servers File and Storage Services	QUICK START 2 Add roles and features 3 Add other servers to manage WHAT'S NEW 4 Create a convert group	
	LEARN MORE ROLES AND SERVER GROUPS Roles: 1 Server groups: 1 Servers total: 1	Hide
	File and Storage 1 Services 1	1
	(t) Manageability (t) Manageability Events Events Events	
	Performance Services Services	
	BPA results Performance Performance	
	BPA results BPA results	~

3. Click Next on the Add Roles and Features Wizard.



4. Select Role-based or feature-based installation and then click Next.

ħ		Add Roles and Features Wizard	-		×
	Select installatior	n type swa	ESTINATIOI 2012RTMVa	N SERV in.trim.l	ER ab
	Before You Begin Installation Type Server Selection Server Roles Features Confirmation Results	 Select the installation type. You can install roles and features on a running physical comachine, or on an offline virtual hard disk (VHD). Role-based or feature-based installation Configure a single server by adding roles, role services, and features. Remote Desktop Services installation Install required role services for Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) to create a virt or session-based desktop deployment. 	mputer o	or virtu	sed
		< Previous Next > Install		Cancel	

5. Select the Server that the Roles and Features are to be installed on and then click **Next** to select **Server Roles**.

E	Add Roles ar	nd Features W	/izard _ 🗆 🗙
Select destinati	on server		DESTINATION SERVER Svr2012RTMVan.trim.lab
Before You Begin	Select a server or a virtual hard	d disk on which t	o install roles and features.
Installation Type	Select a server from the server	rver pool	
Server Selection	 Select a virtual hard disk 		
Server Roles	Server Pool		
Features			
	Filter:		
	Name I	P Address	Operating System
	Swi20128(BWardsimdah	6.176.27.39	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard
	1 Computer(s) found		
	I his page shows servers that a Add Servers command in Serve collection is still incomplete ar	re running Wind er Manager. Offl e not shown.	ows Server 2012, and that have been added by using the ine servers and newly-added servers from which data
		< Prev	ious Next > Install Cancel

6. Select Web Server (IIS) from the displayed list.

*	Add Roles and Features Wizard	_ _ ×
Select server roles		DESTINATION SERVER Svr2012RTMVan.trim.lab
Before You Begin	Select one or more roles to install on the selected server.	
Installation Type	Roles	Description
Server Selection Server Roles Features Confirmation Results	 Active Directory Certificate Services Active Directory Domain Services Active Directory Federation Services Active Directory Rights Management Services Application Server DHCP Server DNS Server File And Storage Services (Installed) Hyper-V Network Policy and Access Services Print and Document Services Remote Desktop Services Volume Activation Services Windows Deployment Services Windows Server Update Services 	Web Server (IIS) provides a reliable, manageable, and scalable Web application infrastructure.
	< Previous Next >	Install Cancel

7. On the displayed Add features that are required for Web Server (IIS) dialog, click Add Features.



- 8. Click Next to move onto the Features selection dialog.
- 9. Select the following Features and click Add Features as prompted:
 - .NET Framework 4.5 Features
 - .NET Framework 4.5
 - ASP.NET 4.5
 - -WCF Services
 - HTTP Activation
 - Windows Process Activation Service
 - Process Model
 - .NET Environment 3.5
 - Configuration APIs
- 10. Click **Next** twice (on the Select Features page and then on the Web Server Role (IIS) information page) to select the **Role Services** options.
- 11. Select the following Web Server (IIS) Role Services:

Common HTTP Features

- Default Document
- Directory Browsing
- HTTP Errors
- Static Content

Performance

- Static Content Compression
- Security
 - Request Filtering
 - Windows Authentication

Application Development

- .NET Extensibility 3.5
- .NET Extensibility 4.5
- Application Initialization
- ASP.NET 3.5
- ASP.NET 4.5
- ISAPI Extensions
- ISAPI Filters
- Server Side Includes
- Management Tools
 - IIS Management Console

12. Click Next.

13. Click **Install** and when the installation progress is completed, click **Close**.

NOTE: If your organization uses Internet Explorer to access the Content Manager Web Client, your users can now Check out and edit documents using a WebDAV Check out and edit option. See Appendix A Configuring WebDAV for details on configuring your Content Manager Web Client Web Server to be able to enable this option.

Installing Content Manager Web Client

NOTE:

.NET Framework v4.5 needs to be installed on Windows Server 2012 before running **Setup_** CM_xNN.exe Navigate to the folder location of the Setup_CM_xNN.exe file, right-click on the file and click Run as administrator. The Installation Directory and End User License Agreement dialog appears:

ò	Content Manager	– x Version 9.
Insta Lice	allation Directory an nse Agreement	id End User
A full in	stall will require 1.17 GB. Select the in	nstallation directory:
C:\Pro	gram Files\Micro Focus\Content Mana	ager _
Please Manage	read and agree to the License Terms अ	before installing Content
🖌 I ag	ree to the license terms and conditio	ns
		Next >

2. Select I agree to the license terms and conditions and then click Next. The Feature Selection dialog appears:

à.	Content Manager	– x Version 9.
Feat	rure Selection	
Select install syster	t the Content Manager featu . If you make no selection or m libraries will be installed.	res you want to nly the core
	Core system libraries	
	Client	
	Workgroup Server	
	Automated Email Management	
	Web Client	
	Service API	
	WebDrawer	
Sele	ct All	
To insta of free	II the selected features you will need ' space on C:	1.01 GB
< E	3ack	Next >

- 3. Select all required features and then click **Next**. For a Content Manager Web Client installation, the minimum required features are:
 - Workgroup Server (If the Workgroup Server is located on a different computer then this option can be left unchecked; if it is unchecked skip to step 5 on page 11)Web Client
 - Web Client

NOTE: If the Web Server is not setup on this computer, the Web Client and the Webdrawer options would be marked in red and the user would not be able to select these modules. In Web Client Installation and Configuration that case, cancel Content Manager Web Client installation, install the required prerequisites, and then re-commence the Content Manager Web Client installation.

 On the Services Account Configuration dialog, complete the Services Account Configuration details and then click Next.

È,	Content Manager	– x Version 9.
Serv	vices Account Configu	uration
Config servic	gure the account that the Con e will be using.	ntent Manager
Network	Domain Name	
##110		
Accoun	t Name	
	10.0010	
Passwo	rd	
•••••	•••	
CHECK PASSE	credentials : D	
Data Fo	lder	
C:\Mic	o Focus Content Manager	-
< E	Back	Next >

- Network Domain Name for a Windows domain, enter the domain name on which the Content Manager services will be running
- Account Name type the name of the user you wish to use to run the Content Manager services under
- Password type the password for the Account Name user
- Data Folder server Data Folder. It is recommended that the default be retained
- 5. On the **Web Client Settings** dialog, complete all required details of the Web Server configuration and then click **Next**.

9	Content Manager	Version 9	
	<u> </u>	Version 7.	
Wah	Client Settings		
vveb	clieffi Settings		
Config	jure settings for your Web Server.		
Web Cli	ent Default Database ID		
45			
Weh Cli	ent Workgroup Server LIRI		
TTOD OI	1137		
Web Cli	ent Secondary Workgroup Server URL		
1000 CT	1137		
Web Cli	ent Default Website URL		
Default	Web Site		\sim

- Web Client Default Database ID the unique identifier for the dataset to which the Web Client will connect.
- Web Client Workgroup Server the name of the computer that runs the Workgroup Server. Optionally, type in the Port Number the client should use to connect to the Workgroup Server. This should be separated from the Workgroup Server URL by a colon (:). If this is left blank, it will default to 1137.
- Web Client Secondary Workgroup Server the name of the secondary computer designated to run as the Workgroup Server. Optionally, type in the Port Number the client should use to connect to the Workgroup Server. This should be separated from the Workgroup Server URL by a colon (:). If this is left blank, it will default to 1137.
- Web Client Default Website URL the default Web Site the Web Client will install to on the Web Server.
- 6. On the **AppPool Account Configuration** dialog, complete the details of the AppPool Account and then click **Next**.

AppPool Account Configuration Configure the account that the Content Manager WebSites AppPool will be using. Network Domain Name AppPool Account Name AppPool Account Name CHECK credentials : PASSED	Ò,	Content Manager	– Version 9.
Configure the account that the Content Manager WebSites AppPool will be using. Network Domain Name AppPool Account Name AppPool Account Password CHECK credentials : PASSED	Арр	Pool Account Config	juration
Network Domain Name AppPool Account Name AppPool Account Password CHECK credentials : PASSED	Config WebS	gure the account that the Co ites AppPool will be using.	ntent Manager
AppPool Account Name AppPool Account Password CHECK credentials : PASSED	Network	Domain Name	
AppPool Account Name AppPool Account Password CHECK credentials : PASSED	1 7110		
AppPool Account Password CHECK credentials : PASSED	AppPoo	I Account Name	
AppPool Account Password CHECK credentials : PASSED			
••••••• CHECK credentials : PASSED	AppPoo	Account Password	
CHECK credentials : PASSED	•••••	•••	
	CHECK PASSE	credentials : D	
	< E	lack	Next >

- Network Domain Name for a Windows domain, enter the domain name on which the Content Manager services will be running.
- AppPool Account Name type the name of the user you wish to use to run the Content Manager services under.

NOTE: It is recommended that the AppPool services account should not have access to Content Manager.

- AppPool Account Password type the password for the Account Name user.
- 7. On the **Installation Checkpoint** dialog, the **Installation Settings** can be reviewed and/or they can be saved as an **XML File** so the installation can be run at a later date.



- 8. Once ready to install the Content Manager Web Client, click Install.
- 9. When the install has completed successfully, click **Close**.

Virtual Directories installed in IIS for the Content Web Client

As a part of the Web Client installation, we install 3 Virtual Directories:

- **ContentManager** this is the core Web Client virtual directory.
- **ContentManagerMobile** this is the virtual directory that will allow users to connect to the Web Client via a mobile device.
- CMWebDav this virtual directory is required for the Check out and edit option available in the Web Client on Internet Explorer browsers. See Appendix A Configuring WebDav, on page 33 for details.

Setting up Single Sign On (SSO) authentication for the Web Client

The Content Manager Web Client can be setup to use Single Sign On (SSO) for authentication.

In this instance, SSO is used to refer to the task of identity federation, which is authenticating with a web application located outside your organisation boundary using your organisation credentials. This might be achieved in a variety of ways, such as, a WS-Fed solution like ADFS (or Azure AD) or one of the many public SAML providers (OneLogin, Ping Identity and Okta).

Once the Content Manager Service API has been installed, navigate to http://localhost/CMServiceAPI/help/authentication for an in-depth overview of how to integrate the Web Client with ADFS.

After integrating the Web Client with ADFS, the key **useADFS** needs to be changed to **true** in the file hprmServiceAPI.config.

<!-- Web Client configuration -->

<setup databaseId="45" searchAhead="true" workpath="C:\Micro Focus Content
Manager\ServiceAPIWorkpath\Uploads" useADFS="true" />

Configuring PDF Document Viewer

The Content Manager Web Client allows viewing PDF documents using a native PDF viewer. By default, the PDF documents are viewed as HTML documents when the document is viewed. To setup viewing a native version of the PDF document using a PDF viewer:

Users need to enter the file type PDF in the **Bypass Content Manager Viewer for these File Types** in the Content Manager client on the **Settings** dialog - **Document Viewer** tab.

Internet Explorer and Firefox users need to install Adobe Acrobat Reader on their desktop in order to view the PDF version of the document when clicking on the View icon.

Managing Content Manager Web Client Security

This section assumes you are familiar with the following technologies:

- Microsoft Internet Information Server (7+ and 8+)
- Content Manager Enterprise Studio

Background

For the Content Manager Web Client to work, it needs to be able to connect to the Content Manager Workgroup Server. The Content Manager Web Client can connect to the local Content Manager

Workgroup Server or a remote Content Manager Workgroup Server. To connect, the Content Manager Web Client IIS account must be the same as the Content Manager Workgroup Server service account. Additional configuration will be required if the Content Manager Web Client IIS account is different to the Content Manager Workgroup Server service account.

Why impersonation delegation?

In Windows, the Content Manager desktop client logs onto a Content Manager Workgroup Server using the user's Windows credentials. The Content Manager Web Client is essentially a Content Manager client that connects the Web Client user to the Content Manager Workgroup Server. The Web Client service account needs to log onto the Content Manager Workgroup, not as itself, but as the Web Client user account. This process is called impersonation.

Security would be compromised if any account were to be allowed to impersonate any other account. In Content Manager Enterprise Studio, configure a list of trusted server accounts. These trusted server accounts are allowed to impersonate other accounts. It is important that you keep this list of accounts as short as possible, and that the accounts listed in it are not compromised. When the Content Manager Web Client attempts to log onto the Content Manager Workgroup Server, the Content Manager Workgroup Server checks that the Web Client is running under a trusted server account.

The authentication settings allow the Web Client user to connect to a Content Manager Workgroup Server in a double hop environment, where the user logs on to the Content Manager Web Client using NTLM. The Windows NT Challenge/Response authentication does not support double-hop impersonations (in that once passed to the IIS server, the same credentials cannot be passed to a back-end server for authentication.

See also http://support.microsoft.com/kb/264921, section Windows NT Challenge / Response.

NOTE: The Content Manager Workgroup Server service account is automatically trusted. If the Web Client runs under the same account as the Content Manager Workgroup Server, it is not be necessary to configure it in Content Manager Enterprise Studio as a trusted server account.

Content Manager Web Client account is the same as Content Manager Workgroup Server account

In this instance, no additional configuration is needed. If your Content Manager Workgroup Server account is **domain\trimservices**, where **domain** is your organization's domain name and **trimservices** is the domain user name, the account that runs your Content Manager Web Client must also be **domain\trimservices**.

For example, in the deployment scenario below, you will not need to do any additional configuration because the Content Manager Web Client and the Content Manager Workgroup Server are both running as **TRIM****trimservices** account.



Content Manager Web Client account is different to Content Manager Workgroup Server account

If the Content Manager Web Client IIS account is different to the Content Manager Workgroup Server service account, the Content Manager Web Client IIS account must be added to the list of authorized user accounts that the Content Manager Workgroup Server will trust with supplying valid user credentials.

For example, if the Content Manager Web Client instance runs as Network Services (**Web Client\Network Services**) and the Content Manager Workgroup Server runs as **TRIM\trimservices**, you will need to add **TRIM\Web Client\$** in the trusted user list in Content Manager Enterprise Studio. This is because Network Services will try to log on to Content Manager Workgroup Server as **TRIM\Web Client\$** (domainName\computerName\$).



Adding the authorized account that the Content Manager Workgroup Server will trust with supplying valid user credentials:

1. As an Administrator, open **Content Manager Enterprise Studio**, select the dataset name that is the authorized account is to be added to, from the **Home** tab, on **General** group, click **Options**.



2. On the displayed **Options** dialog, click **Other**.

Options	×		
	Email Notifications Family Name Other		
	When making a connection from a client to a workgroup:		
	Suppress warning message if software versions do not match		
	When accepting dates and times from client connections:		
	Synchronize client clocks with those on the workgroup server		
	Trusted server accounts that the Content Manager Workgroup Server will trust with supplying valid user credentials.		
	Remove		
	l Enter user account name and press Add		
	Add		
	OK Cancel Help		

3. In the field **Enter user account name type** the full account name (domain\user) for the Content Manager Web Client and then click **Add**.

domain\username\$		Remove	

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. On the **Content Manager Enterprise Studio** dialog, from the **Home** tab, on the **File** group, click **Save** and then click **Deploy**.

By default, the Content Manager Web Client runs under the IIS application pool's identity which is Network Services. When the Content Manager Web Client runs as Network Services, IIS will try to log onto the Content Manager Workgroup Server as **domainName\computerName\$**, where domain name

is your organization domain and **computerName\$** is your computer account. This domain account is created automatically when the computer is joined to the domain.

For the Network Services account to be able to log on to the Content Manager Workgroup Server, change the Content Manager Web Client identity from the Network Services account to the account that runs the Content Manager Workgroup Server. Otherwise, add the computer account of the computer that the Content Manager Web Client is running on (**domainName\computerName\$**) to the trusted account list in Content Manager Enterprise Studio.

By default, the Content Manager Web Client runs as Network Services and will try to connect to the Content Manager Workgroup Server as TRIM\WEB\$. You can change the Content Manager Web Client application identity by creating a new IIS application pool and set the new application pool identity to a domain service account. If this account is the same as the Content Manager Workgroup Server account, you will not have to add this account to the trusted list in Content Manager Enterprise Studio.

Example: running Content Manager Web Client as a domain account

For the Content Manager Web Client to connect to the Content Manager Workgroup Server as domain account, the following conditions must be met:

- Content Manager Web Client identity must be set by changing the application pool identity to the domain account that you want
- The domain account must be in the trusted account list in Content Manager Enterprise Studio You will need to change the application pool identity that the Content Manager Web Client is using. It is recommended to create a new application pool and set this pool identity to the domain user account. For information on how to do this, please consult Microsoft's guides on how to create an IIS application pool.
- IIS 7+ http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731784(WS.10).aspx

Prevent Download

If your organization as a requirement to disable the Download functionality of the Web Client so users cannot create local copies of the documents, this can be done by adding a new attribute to Web Client hprmServiceAPI.config

When this attribute is set to true:

- The Download option will not be available on the Preview panel
- The Generate URL Link option will not be available on the Preview panel, and
- Users will not be able to use the Check Out option from the record details component.

NOTE: The Check Out and Edit functionality is not affected by this attribute.

To disable the Download functionality:

- 1. On the machine where the Web Client is installed and configured, navigate to the installation directory, by default, this is C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client.
- 2. As an administrator, open hprmServiceAPI.config in a text editing application, e.g. Notepad ++
- 3. To the <setup> section, add disableDownloadDocument="true", e.g.

```
<setup databaseId="45" searchAhead="false" workpath="C:\Micro Focus Content
Manager\ServiceAPIWorkpath\Uploads"
bypassViewerFileTypes="*.JPEG;*.JPG;*.PNG;*.TXT;*.GIF;*.BMP;*.MPG;*.MPEG;*.XML;*.TI
FF;*.TIF;*.PDF" disableDownloadDocument="true"/>
```

4. Save the updated hprmServiceAPI.config

Configuring the Web Client Mobile redirection

By default, when a user on a mobile device attempts to access the Content Manager Web Client, they are automatically redirected to the mobile version. This automatic redirect can be disabled by changing an attribute in the **web.config** file.

- 1. Navigate to and open, using elevated rights, the **web.config** file, by default, this is installed to C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager
- 2. Search for the following section name:

<section name="WebToMobileRedirectionConfig" type="HP.HPTRIM.Web.WebToMobileRedirectionConfig" />

 Modify the attribute <WebToMobileRedirectionConfig isRedirectableToMobileSite="true" /> to be false.

For example: <section name="WebToMobileRedirectionConfig" type="HP.HPTRIM.Web.WebToMobileRedirectionConfig"/> </configSections> <WebToMobileRedirectionConfig isRedirectableToMobileSite="false"/>

4. Save the modified **web.config** file.

Upgrading Content Manager Web Client

Upgrading the existing installation

This process enables the user to quickly and easily execute the new installer on top of the existing install.

Differences between upgrade and new installation

- These values will be automatically picked up during an upgrade
 - DB Number
 - Workgroup Server name
 - Port number
- The application pool has a default setting during an upgrade

Upgrade Procedure

1. Upgrade Content Manager before upgrading the Content Manager Web Client. See **CM9.3**_ Install.pdf for upgrade information.

NOTE: Content Manager should be the same version as the Content Manager Web client to upgrade to. If the versions do not match, the Content Manager Web Client upgrade fails with an error message.

2. Upgrade Content Manager Web Client by following the steps in Content Manager Web Client Installation.

IMPORTANT: When upgrading to Content Manager 9.3, due to the changes in installation paths, the configuration files from the previous version installation paths are not copied inHto the new C:\Micro Focus Content Manager workpaths. These files will be available in the original installation path and any modifications will need to be copied from these files into the newly installed configuration files installed to, by default, C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager

NOTE:

As a part of the Content Manager upgrade process configuration files that are installed as a part of the Content Manager installation process are copied to the relevant working folder For Content Manager Web Client, the files that are copied to, by default, C:\Micro Focus Content Manager\WebClientWorkpath, are:

- hprmServiceAPI.config
- web.config

These copied files have the date and time of the upgrade prepended to the file name for easy identification, for example, 04_25_2015_2_23_WebClient_web.config

After upgrading any additional configuration fields that were added to the Web Client configuration files can be copied out of these backup files and pasted into the new configuration files installed as a part of the upgrade.

Troubleshooting

Authentication Prompts

Issue

Content Manager Web Client prompts users for authentication although their credentials are valid.

Solution

In Web.config, set clientCredentialType to Windows if it is set to NTLM:

```
<transport clientCredentialType="Windows" />
```

Windows Integrated Authentication and Internet Explorer

Internet Explorer prompts for a password when you are using Windows integrated authentication, also known as Microsoft Windows NT challenge/response or NTCR.

The following conditions must be met for Internet Explorer to automatically authenticate a user's logon and password and maintain security:

- NTCR must be enabled in the Web site properties in IIS. Anonymous authentication is attempted first, followed by NTCR, digest authentication (if applicable), and finally basic (clear text) authentication.
- Both the client and the Web Server must be either in the same Microsoft Windows NT-based or Windows 2000-based domain or in trusted Windows NT-based or Windows 2000-based domains in which the user's account can be granted permissions to resources on the IIS-based computer
- The user's browser must be Internet Explorer. Internet Explorer is the only browser that supports
 NTCR
- Internet Explorer must consider the requested URL to be on the intranet (local). If the computer
 name portion of the requested URL contains periods (such as http://www.microsoft.com and
 http://10.0.0.1), Internet Explorer assumes that the requested address exists on the Internet and
 does not pass any credentials automatically. Addresses without periods (such as http://webserver)
 are considered to be on the intranet (local); Internet Explorer passes credentials automatically. The
 only exception is addresses included in the Intranet zone in Internet Explorer.
- Internet Explorer's Intranet zone security setting must be set to Automatic logon only in Intranet zone. This is the default setting for Internet Explorer. For additional information about Internet

Explorer security zones, click the article number below to view the article in the Microsoft Knowledge Base:

Source: See http://support.microsoft.com/kb/258063

A Note to Administrators Regarding Systems Options

When the system options are changed using the Content Manager client, the IIS application pool associated with the Content Manager Web Client virtual directory or the Web site needs to be recycled.

This will not affect other Web sites or virtual directories on the IIS server. The assumption is that the implementation of the Content Manager Web Client needs to have its own application pool.

- 1. Open Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- 2. Expand the Server Name, click on Application Pools.
- 3. Right-click on ContentManagerAppPool, click Recycle from the Application Pool Tasks.

Installer Behavior When Installing to Invalid Web Site

When installing Content Manager Web Client to an invalid Web site, e.g. one that uses port 80 and no host name, the installer installs Content Manager Web Client to the default Web site instead.

If the Web site that the installer used is incorrect, you can use IIS to move the installation. See Moving the installation to another Web site below

Moving the installation to another Web site

- In IIS, right-click the Web site you want the Web Client to work under and using Add Application, point it to the Web Client directory.
- 2. Complete the required details on the Add Application dialog and then click OK.
- 3. Change the port or add the host name under **Bindings**.
- 4. To avoid confusion, under **Default Web Site**, remove **Content Manager Web Client** by rightclicking it and clicking **Remove**.

Editing hprmServiceAPI.config

The file **hprmServiceAPI.config** in the installation folder has the following section, which the installation sets automatically:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<hptrim>
<setup databaseId="45" useBrowserPDFViewer="false"
```

searchAhead="true" workpath="C:\Micro Focus Content
Manager\ServiceAPIWorkpath\Uploads" useADFS="false" />

</hptrim>

When the settings are not correct, you should correct them manually.

The parameters refer to:

- DatabaseId database id
- useBrowserPDFViewer the value indicates whether the PDF document is viewed in its native format using a PDF Viewer or HTML
- SearchAhead the value indicates whether the automatic type ahead when searching is turned on or off
- Workpath the path where the Content Manager Web Client stores temporary user uploaded files before the database stores these temporary files
- **useADFS** the value indicates whether Single Sign On authentication for the Content Manager Web Client is on or off

Cross-site Request Forgery

Background

"A common type of attack on websites is referred to as cross-site request forgery (often abbreviated as CSFR or XSFR). When users visit a malicious website or open a malicious email message or instant message, code can attach to their browser and can secretly submit harmful requests on a site where the users are authenticated. In effect, the malicious site forges ("spoofs") requests so that they appear to come from a legitimate user."

From https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/system.web.helpers.antiforgery(v=vs.111).aspx

In 9.0, the Content Manager Web Client introduced an Anti-forgery mechanism to protect users from such attack. This Anti-forgery mechanism is turned off by default. This can be turned on by adding the **requireAntiForgeryToken="true"** within the <hptrim> element in **hprmServiceAPI.config** in Web Client installation directory, by default, this is C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client

For example:

```
<hptrim requireAntiForgeryToken="true" poolSize="1000" indexPagePath="/Home"
notFoundErrorHandler="/APIErrorPages/NotFound"
globalErrorHandler="/APIErrorPages/GlobalErrors" uploadBasePath="C:\Micro Focus
Content Manager\ServiceAPIWorkpath\Uploads" autoPoolClean="true"
serviceFeatures="Html,Json,Razor,Xml"
xmlns="http://HP.HPTRIM.CMIS/hptrimConfig.xsd"
```

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="hptrimConfig.xsd">
```

The effect of this is, when user logs in, the Content Manager Web Client will generate an anti-forgery token to be included for all HTTP POST to the server for the current user. POST request will be rejected if it does not include the anti-forgery token.

This applies to all POST request such as : create, update record, file upload.

Error navigating to the Content Manager Web Client

Issue

Error received when attempting to navigate to the Content Manager Web Client after installation: Server Error in '/WebClient' Application.

```
Could not load type 'System.ServiceModel.Activation.HttpModule' from assembly 'System.ServiceModel, Version=3.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089'.
Description: An unhandled exception occurred during the execution of the current web request. Please review the stack trace for more information about the error and where Lorginated in the code.
Exception Details: System TypeLoadException: Could not load type 'System.ServiceModel Activation.HttpModule' from assembly 'System.ServiceModel, Version=3.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089'.
Source Error:
An unhandled exception was generated during the execution of the current web request. Information regarding the origin and location of the exception can be identified using the exception structure of the exception can be identified using the exception structure of the exception of the exception at the below.
```

Summary

The error message may appear when trying to navigate to the Content Manager for the first time.

You may encounter this error message when either an earlier version of the .NET Framework has been installed or .NET 3.0 WCF HTTP Activation is enabled after .NET Framework 4.0/4.5 has been installed.

Solution

Run the following command line:

Aspnet_regiis.exe. /iru

The Aspnet_regils.exe file can be found in one of the following locations:

- %windir%\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319
- %windir%\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319 (on a 64-bit computer)

Source: See http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2015129

Getting 401 unauthorized when using FQDN or custom host header

Issue

When navigating to the Content Manager Web Client using either the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or a custom host header, *HTTP 401.1 – Unauthorized: Login Failed* message is displayed.

Summary

The error message is displayed even when the user enters correct credentials when prompted. This occurs when the CM Web Client uses Integrated Windows Authentication and has a name that is mapped to the local loopback address.

Changing the Date Format when using the (.) separator

Issue

If a user changes the Date Separator from either a forward slash (/) or a dash (-) to a period, and then changes the Date Format setting to either dd/mm/yyyy or mm/dd/yyyy, date searches might not return correct results.

Solution

Wait for the application pool to recycle automatically in due time or manually recycle the application pool.

Appendix A Configuring WebDav

In Content Manager 9.0, a new **Check Out and Edit** option was introduced as an addition to the existing Check Out and Check In options that check the document out to a local directory and requires the user to browse to that location to check the document in after it has been modified. This new option allows users, accessing the Content Manager Web Client via a supported version of Internet Explorer, to check out an electronic document and edit it directly in its authoring application.

This new option utilizes a workpath directory on the Web Client Web Server. When a user checks out a document using this new option, the document is saved as a working copy in a sub-directory on the Web Client Web Server. The user can make edits and save the document, and at their convenience, using the Content Manager Web Client, they can check the document back into the Content Manager database.

This appendix covers the configuration of the Server, Internet Information Services Manager (IIS) and Web Server directory to enable the new WebDAV **Check Out and Edit** option.

NOTE: this feature does not work when using ADFS for Web Client Authentication. If you are using ADFS Authentication **do not** complete the following WebDAV configuration steps in your environment.

Configuring and Installing WebDav Publishing

NOTE: these instructions are for a Web Server that is already configured for the Content Manager Web Client. If you are a new site, please following the installation and configuration instructions found in Installation and Configuration

To enable the new Check Out and Edit option, the Web Server needs to have the WebDav Publishing role installed.

- 1. Open the Server Manager.
- 2. On the Server Manager Dashboard, click Add roles and features.

Server Manager • Dashboard • 🕲 🖡 Manage	Tools View Help
Image: Server state Image: Server state Image: Service state Image: Service state Image: Service state Service state Image: Service state Service state Service state Service state	Hide

3. Click Next on the Add Roles and Features Wizard.

ê	Add Roles and Features Wizard – 🗆 🗙
Before you begin	DESTINATION SERVER Svr2012RTMVan.trim.lab This wizard helps you install roles, role services, or features. You determine which roles, role services, or
Installation Type	features to install based on the computing needs of your organization, such as sharing documents, or hosting a website.
Server Selection Server Roles	To remove roles, role services, or features: Start the Remove Roles and Features Wizard
Features Confirmation Results	 Before you continue, verify that the following tasks have been completed: The Administrator account has a strong password Network settings, such as static IP addresses, are configured The most current security updates from Windows Update are installed If you must verify that any of the preceding prerequisites have been completed, close the wizard, complete the steps, and then run the wizard again. To continue, click Next.
	Skip this page by default
	< Previous Next > Install Cancel

4. Select Role-based or feature-based installation and then click Next.



5. Select the Server that the Roles and Features are to be installed on, and then click Next.

	Add Roles and Features Wizard		
Select destination	on server	DESTINATION SERVER Svr2012RTMVan.trim.lab	
Before You Begin	Select a server or a virtual hard disk on which to install roles and features.		
Installation Type	Select a server from the server pool Select a virtual hard disk		
Server Roles Features	Server Pool		
	Filter:		
	Name IP Address Operating	g System	
	Sw2012R Meantrim.lab 161762639 Microsoft	t Windows Server 2012 Standard	
	1 Computer(s) found		
	This page shows servers that are running Windows Server Add Servers command in Server Manager. Offline servers a collection is still incomplete are not shown.	2012, and that have been added by using the and newly-added servers from which data	
	< Previous	Next > Install Cancel	

 From the displayed Roles list, expand Web Server (IIS), navigate to Web Server > Common HTTP Features and select WebDav Publishing, and then click Next.



- Click Next on the Select features dialog. The Confirmation installation selections dialog will be displayed.
- 8. Click Install. Once the installation is complete, click Close.

Enabling and Configuring WebDAV in Internet Information Services (IIS)

Enabling and Configuring the WebDAV Settings for IIS

- 1. Open Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- 2. Under the defined Web Server name, expand the **Site** node and select the site where the Web Client is installed, e.g. **Default Web Site**.
3. From the IIS group, select and open WebDAV Authoring Rules.

V 1	Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager	- = ×
€ → SVR2012RTMVAN →		🖬 🖂 🟠 📵 •
File View Help		
Connections	SVR2012RTMVAN Home Filter 	Actions Open Feature Manage Server Restart Start Start Stop View Application Pools View Stes Change JNET Framework Version Get New Web Platform Get New Web Platform
	IS Image: Compression Default Image: Compression Defa	€ Help Online Help
Ready		Q2.3

SVR2012RTMVAN > Sites >	Default Web Site	DAV Authoring				🖬 🔤 🏠 I
ile View Help meetions Start Page Start	🄮 Web	DAV Authoring				
nnections	Q Web	DAV Authoring				
SV2012RTMVAN (SVR2012RTMVAN\helenb) SV2012RTMVAN\helenb) SV2012RTMVAN\helenb) SV2012RTMVAN\helenb) SV2012RTMVAN SV201	Ura this feature t	o specify rules for suths	Rules	content		Alerts The WebDAV feature has been disabled.
a - a - a - a - a - a - b ← 0 Default Web Site	Path	Users	Roles	Access	Fotov Type	Actions
	۲ Features View	Content View			3	Add Authoring Rule Enable WebDAV WebDAV Settings Help Online Help

4. On the WebDAV Authoring Rules dialog, click Enable WebDAV.

- 5. On the WebDAV Authoring Rules dialog, click WebDav Settings.
- 6. On the WebDAV Settings dialog, set the Lock Behavior options as follows, and the click Apply:
 - Allow Locks True
 - Lock Store webdav_simple_lock

	Internet Information	on Services (IIS) Manager	- 0
	▶ Default Web Site		🖬 🖂 🙆 🕯
e View Help			
nections	WebDAV Settings		Actions
Start Page	Authoring Behavior		Cancel
SVR2012RTMVAN (SVR2012RTMVAN\he	Allow Unknown MIME Types	True	WebDAV Authoring Rules
- 2 Application Pools	Default MIME Type	application/octet-stream	Q 111
a 🧉 Sites	4 Lock Behavior		Help
Default Web Site	Allow Locks	True	Online Help
	Lock Store	webday_simple_lock	
	Require Lock for Writing	False	
	4 Property Behavior		
	Allow Anonymous Property Queries	False	
	Allow Custom Properties	True	
	Allow Property Queries with Infinite Depth	False	
	Property Store	(Collection)	
	A Request Filtering Behavior		
	Allow File Extension Filtering	False	
	Allow Hidden Segment Filtering	False	
	Allow Verb Filtering	False	
	4 WebDAV Behavior		
	Allow Hidden Files to be Listed	False	
	Compatibility Options		
	Require SSL Access	False	
	Lock Behavior		

Enabling and Configuring Directory Browsing for CMWebDav

- Once the WebDAV settings have been applied, on the Connections panel, expand the Sites node, then expand the site node where the Web Client is installed, e.g. Default Web Site and select the CMWebDAV site.
- 2. From the **IIS** group, select and open **Directory Browsing**.



3. On the Directory Browsing dialog, click Enable.

Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager		- 🗆 X
← → BTPVM5016 → Sites → De	efault Web Site 🔸 CMWebDAV 🔸	🖸 🛛 🟠 🔞 🗸
File View Help		
Connections	Directory Browsing Use this feature to specify the information that displays in a directory listing. Time Size Extension Date Long date	Alerts Directory browsing has been disabled. Actions Apply Cancel Enable P Help
Configuration: 'Default Web Site/CMWebDAV' web	.config	• <u></u> :

Adding WebDAV Authoring Rules for CMWebDAV

- Once Directory Browsing has been enabled, on the Connections panel, expand the Sites node, then expand the site where the Web Client is installed, e.g. Default Web Site > CMWebDAV nodes and select DAVDir.
- 2. From the **IIS** group, select and open **WebDAV Authoring Rules**.
- 3. On the **WebDAV Authoring Rules** dialog, click **Add Authoring Rule**. The **Add Authoring Rule** dialog will appear.
- 4. Create a new rule with the following options selected:
 - Allow access to All content
 - Allow access to this content to All users
 - Permissions select Read, Source and Write

Add Auth	oring Rule	?	
Allow access to:			
All content			
Creatified content			
specified content:			
-			
Example: *.bas, wsvc.axd			
Allow access to this content to:			
All users			
Specified roles or user groups:			
Admin, Guest			
Specified users:			
User1 User2			
Permissions			
✓ Source			
✓ Write			
	ОК	Cance	ł

5. Click OK.

Configuring the CMWebDAV Workpath Folder

On the Web Server, in the Content Manager Web Client workpath folder, the **CMWebDAV** folder, the Windows File Sharing settings must be updated so all users of the Web Client have Change and Read permissions to this directory. Each document a user checks out and edits using the **Check Out and edit** option in the Web Client, will be saved as a working copy to a sub-directory beneath this directory. Each sub-directory and working copy files are restricted to the Content Manager user who checked them out.

- On the Content Manager Web Client Web Server, using Windows Explorer, navigate to and open the WebClientWorkPath folder, by default this will be installed to C:\Micro Focus Content Manager\WebClientWorkpath.
- 2. On CMWebDAV folder, right-click and click Properties.

Alternatively, in IIS, on the **Connections** panel, expand the **Sites** node, then expand the site node where the Web Client is installed, e.g. **Default Web Site** and select the **CMWebDAV** site, then click **Edit Permissions** from the **Actions** panel.

The CMWebDAV Properties dialog will appear.

1. On the Sharing tab, click Advanced Sharing.

📜 CMWebDA	V Properties		×
General Shari	ing Security	Previous Versions	Customize
L	CMWebDAV	/	
Type:	File folder		
Location:	C:\Micro Foc	us Content Manager	r\WebClientWorkpa
Size:	0 bytes		
Size on disk:	0 bytes		
Contains:	0 Files, 1 Folders		
Created:	Yesterday, Ju	ine 20, 2018, 11:01:	10 AM
Attributes:	Read-only (Only applies to files in folder)		
	Hidden		Advanced
	0	K Cance	Apply

2. On the Advanced Sharing dialog, select Share this folder and then click Permissions.

CMWebDAV Properties	\times
Advanced Sharing	×
✓ Share this folder Settings Share name: CMWebDAV Add Remove Limit the number of simultaneous users to: 16777. ♀ Comments:	
Permissions Caching OK Cancel Apply	
OK Cancel Apply	

- 3. On the **Permissions for CMWebDav** dialog, from the list of **Group or user names**, select **Everyone**.
- 4. From the displayed list of **Permissions for Everyone**, select **Change**, and if not already selected, **Read**.

Permissions for CMWebDAV			×
Share Permissions			
Group or user names:			
Serveryone			
	Add	Remove	
Permissions for Everyone	Allow	Deny	
Full Control			
Change			
Read			
	\sim		
	M		

 Click Apply and then click OK until you're back to the CMWebDAV Properties dialog, then click Close to save the new Sharing permissions.

Configuring hprmServiceAPI.config

When installed the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file will contain the relevant section enabling it to load the WebDAV plugin. This section looks like:

```
<pluginAssemblies>
<add name="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WebDAV"/>
</pluginAssemblies>
```

NOTE: If you have upgraded from an earlier version of Records Manager you will need to navigate to the installation directory for the Web Client, by default, for a new installation, this is installed to C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client and open the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file and edit the <add name> property to uncomment <add name="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WebDAV"/> before saving the changes. If you have made any customizations to the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file you will need to manually copy the customizations from the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file that is copied to the WebClientWorkpath directory and paste them into the installed **hprmServiceAPI.config**

Note: If you've enabled the WebDAV module in **hprmServiceAPI.config** and the **Check out and Edit** option is not available in the Web Client, check the logs for errors stating why WebDAV can't be enabled. By default, the error log files are found C:\Micro Focus Content Manager\ServiceAPIWorkpath\logs

Client Configuration

When a user checks out and edits a document from Content Manager Web Client using the WebDAV check out and edit option, a warning message will appear:

	Open Document	×
?	Some files can harm your computer. If the file information below looks suspicious, or you do not fully trust the source, do not open the file.	
	File Name: 310 - 20REQU1.DOC From: localhost	
	OK Cancel	

This message can be suppressed for MS Office documents, but cannot be stopped for non-Office files, for example text files.

NOTE: If the Content Manager Web Client has been set up on an IIS site that uses a port different than the standard Port 80, then users may need to dismiss this warning twice when editing non office files.

To suppress this warning message:

- 1. On the Client machine, open the Internet Options control panel.
- 2. On the **Security** tab, select **Trusted sites** from the list of zones to view or change security settings and then click **Sites**.
- 3. On the displayed **Trusted sites** dialog, type in the IP address or host name of the Content Manager Web Server to the **Add this website to the zone** field, and then click **Add**.
- 4. Click **Close** to add the site to the Trusted sites for the client machine.

If you choose to add the Content Manager Web Client to the Trusted sites, you must also ensure that the User Authentication settings for the Trusted sites zone is set to **Automatic Logon with current user name and password**.

To set this authentication:

- 1. On the Client machine, open the Internet Options control panel.
- 2. On the **Security** tab, select **Trusted sites** from the list of zones to view or change security settings and then click **Custom level**.
- On the displayed Security Settings Trusted Sites Zone dialog, scroll through the list of Settings to the User Authentication options and select Automatic logon with current user name and password.
- 4. Click **OK** to save these changes.

NOTE: Due to this authentication requirement, the WebDAV Check out and edit option does not support Guest account access to the Content Manager Web Client. All users must have a valid Windows Domain account that can automatically authenticate to the Web Server.

WebDAV with Load Balancing

Organizations who want to use the WebDAV **Check Out and edit** option in an environment that uses Load Balanced servers will need to modify their WebClient configuration to enable this to work.

If you need multiple server instances, then each instance needs to store and access working copies in the same WebDAV share, and direct the Web browser clients to that share.

The easiest way to do this is to designate one of the instances to store all the working copies. In Content Manager 9.2 or later this can be done by placing the real name of the designated instance into the Application Settings key named 'WebDAVHost'.

You can also use a WebDAV share on an independent host that isn't part of load balancing, but you will need to create the WebDAV share with exactly the same name, path, protocol & port bindings and settings as would be used by the WebDAV share on a stand alone Content Manager Web server setup.

To configure the Content Manager Web Client to use WebDAV with Load Balancing:

- 1. As an administrator, open the Web Client **web.config** file using a text editor, by default this is installed to C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client.
- In the <appSettings> section, modify the <add key="webDAVHost" value=""/> so the value string contains the name of the server that holds the WebDAV share to be used by all of the Load Balanced Content Manager Web servers, e.g.

```
<appSettings>
<add key="webpages:Version" value="2.0.0.0"/>
<add key="webpages:Enabled" value="false"/>
<add key="PreserveLoginUrl" value="true"/>
<add key="ClientValidationEnabled" value="true"/>
```

<add key="UnobtrusiveJavaScriptEnabled" value="true"/>

<add key="webDAVHost" value="CMweb1.loadbalance.com"/>

</appSettings>

IMPORTANT: replace the "webDAVHost" value in the highlighted example with your own value.

3. Save and close the **web.config** file.

Appendix B Adding Custom Record Add-ins

Introduced in Records Manager Web Client 8.3, is an option for developers and business partners to add custom code via the record add-in infrastructure. This custom functionality is exposed under the **More** drop-down option on a Record object.

RECORDS	Query: 'creator:Me' Showing 1 - 8 of 8	
+ NEW	CLAUSE-6	!!! ~
Checked out		
Favorites	LOCATIONS V REQUEST V DETAILS V NAVIGATE TO V WORKFLOW V ADD/REMOVE V	
Created Records Browse via Classification Browse via User Label	Make Final Make Inactive onday, August 9, 2004 at 11:08 AM Make Inactive	
a ²⁷ SHOW URL	Show Report Active Audit Events	
	Image: Security/Access Image: Security/Access <t< th=""><th>₩ <</th></t<>	₩ <
	CLAUSE-1	

To expose the custom record add-in:

- 1. In the installation directory for the Web Client, by default this is C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client, create a folder called **CustomScripts**.
- 2. Copy the custom code JS file to the **CustomScripts** folder.
- 3. Open Content Manager Web Client, open a Record and then click **More**. Your new Record Add-in option will be available from the available options.

Example Simple Record Add-in

The following example shows how to create a custom record add-in that will, when a user clicks on the option, perform a Google search with the selected record's title.

```
//Wrap your code in a function to avoid conflict
var RMGoogleButtonAddon = function(){
var buttonCaption = "Google this record";
//1 - Create a new instance of a RecordAddonButton
var googleSearchButton = new HP.HPTRIM.Addon.RecordAddonButton ({
caption : buttonCaption,
clickHandler : function(){
console.log(this.context);
window.open("http://google.com/search?q=" + this.context.RecordTitle.Value)
}
});
//Optional - Perform custom checking before the button is rendered
googleSearchButton.preRender = function(){
var record = this.context;
if(record.RecordTitle.Value == "Microsoft") {
this.setVisible(false);
}
};
//2 - Register the addon button with CustomScriptManager
HP.HPTRIM.Addon.CustomScriptManager.register(googleSearchButton);
}();
```

RecordContext Properties

The clickHandler parameter in the HP.HPTRIM.Addon.RecordAddonButton constructor will be executed when the button is clicked. In this function, you will have access to the current context which is the current record. The properties of the current record object are:

```
export interface RecordContext {
```

- TrimType: string;
- RecordAssignee :Object;
- RecordAuthor :Object;
- RecordCheckedOutTo::Object;
- RecordContainer:Object;
- RecordDateAssigned :Object;
- RecordDateCreated :Object;
- RecordDateRegistered :Object;
- RecordDocumentStatus :Object;
- RecordDocumentType :Object;
- RecordExtension : Object;
- RecordHomeLocation :Object;
- RecordIsContainer : Object;
- RecordIsElectronic :Object;
- RecordLastPartRecord :Object;
- RecordNumber :Object;
- RecordOwnerLocation :Object;
- RecordRecordType :Object;
- RecordSpURL :Object;
- RecordTitle :Object;
- > IsInFavorites: boolean;
- EnabledCommandIds: Array<string>;
- Uri: number;
- }

HP.HPTRIM.Addon.RecordAddonButton Methods/Properties

RecordAddonButton supports the following methods and properties:

- preRender: this method can be assigned to your custom code when you want to perform any custom logic before the button is rendered
- setVisible: this method takes in a Boolean value which will set the visibility of the button.
- **caption**: this property represents the caption of the button.

Deployment

Once the code is written, it will need to be deployed into the{WebClientInstallDir}/CustomScripts folder where WebClientInstallDir is the Content Manager Web Client Installation directory. The CustomScripts folder is not created as a part of the installation process, you will need to manually create the folder before deploying your code.

Record Context Property types

The record context properties are on of a number of different object types, the types of these objects are:

Property	Туре
RecordAssignee	Location
RecordAuthor	Location
RecordCheckedOutTo	Location
RecordContainer	Record
RecordDateAssigned	Date
RecordDateCreated	Date
RecordDateRegistered	Date
RecordDocumentStatus	String
RecordDocumentType	String
RecordExtension	String
RecordHomeLocation	Location
RecordIsCheckedOut	Boolean
RecordIsContainer	Boolean
RecordIsElectronic	Boolean
RecordLastPartRecord	Record
RecordNumber	String
RecordOwnerLocation	Location
RecordRecordType	Record Type
RecordRequests	String
RecordSpURL	String
RecordTitle	String

IsInFavorites	Primitive Boolean
EnabledCommandIds	Array of primitive string
Icon	Icon
Uri	Primitive number

Example Object Types

Example object types

The following objects are JSON examples of the types found in the Record context.

Location

```
{
"TrimType": "Location",
"LocationFormattedName": {
"Value": "Full name of Location"
},
"Uri": 900000000,
"StringValue": "Short name of location"
}
```

Record

```
{
"TrimType": "Record",
"RecordExtension": {
"Value": "PDF"
},
"RecordIsElectronic": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordNumber": {
"Value": "REC_411"
},
"RecordTitle": {
"Value": "My Record Title"
},
"Uri": 9000000378,
"StringValue": "REC_411",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": true,
"IsInternalIcon": false,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "PDF",
"Id": "Unknown"
}
}
```

Date

```
{
"IsClear": false,
"IsTimeClear": false,
"DateTime": "2015-11-08T21:48:12.0000000Z",
"StringValue": "9/11/2015 8:48 AM"
}
```

String

```
{
"Value": "A string",
"StringValue": "A string"
}
```

Boolean

```
{
"Value": false,
"StringValue": "Checked In"
}
```

Record Type

```
{
"TrimType": "RecordType",
"RecordTypeAllowParts": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordTypeAllowReplace": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordTypeAllowVersions": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordTypeLevel": {
"Value": 2
},
"RecordTypeMoveWhenReadOnly": {
"Value": false
},
"RecordTypeName": {
"Value": "Document"
},
"RecordTypeStoreType": {
"Value": "UseStore",
"StringValue": "Use A document store"
},
"RecordTypeTitlingMethod": {
"Value": "FreeText",
"StringValue": "Free Text"
},
"RecordTypeUsualBehaviour": {
"Value": "Document",
"StringValue": "Document"
```

```
},
"Uri": 2,
"StringValue": "Document",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": false,
"IsInternalIcon": true,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "",
"Id": "YellowDoc"
}
```

lcon

```
{
  "IsFileTypeIcon": true,
  "IsInternalIcon": false,
  "IsValid": true,
  "FileType": "PDF",
  "Id": "Unknown"
}
```

Complete Example Record Context

This example shows the properties available on each of the objects in the Record context (summarized earlier in this document). As can be seen most properties are not simple objects but, depending on their type contain a number of properties.

```
{
"TrimType": "Record",
"RecordAssignee": {
"TrimType": "Location",
"LocationFormattedName": {
"Value": "David"
},
"Uri": 1,
"StringValue": "David",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": false,
"IsInternalIcon": true,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "",
"Id": "LocPerson"
}
},
"RecordAuthor": {
"TrimType": "Location",
"Uri": 123,
"StringValue": ""
},
"RecordCheckedOutTo": {
"TrimType": "Location",
"Uri": 0,
"StringValue": ""
},
```

```
"RecordContainer": {
"TrimType": "Record",
"Uri": 0,
"StringValue": ""
},
"RecordDateAssigned": {
"IsClear": false,
"IsTimeClear": false,
"DateTime": "2015-11-08T21:48:12.0000000Z",
"StringValue": "9/11/2015 8:48 AM"
},
"RecordDateCreated": {
"IsClear": false,
"IsTimeClear": false,
"DateTime": "2015-08-12T15:22:26.0000000Z",
"StringValue": "13/08/2015 2:22 AM"
},
"RecordDateRegistered": {
"IsClear": false,
"IsTimeClear": false,
"DateTime": "2015-11-08T21:48:12.0000000Z",
"StringValue": "9/11/2015 8:48 AM"
},
"RecordDocumentStatus": {
"Value": "Checked In",
"StringValue": "Checked In"
},
"RecordDocumentType": {
"Value": "Adobe Acrobat Document",
"StringValue": "Adobe Acrobat Document"
},
"RecordExtension": {
"Value": "PDF",
```

```
"StringValue": "PDF"
},
"RecordHomeLocation": {
"TrimType": "Location",
"LocationFormattedName": {
"Value": "Adelaide"
},
"Uri": 900000000,
"StringValue": "Adelaide",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": false,
"IsInternalIcon": true,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "",
"Id": "LocUnit"
}
},
"RecordIsCheckedOut": {
"Value": false,
"StringValue": "Checked In"
},
"RecordIsContainer": {
"Value": false,
"StringValue": "No"
},
"RecordIsElectronic": {
"Value": true,
"StringValue": "Yes"
},
"RecordLastPartRecord": {
"TrimType": "Record",
"RecordExtension": {
"Value": "PDF"
```

```
},
"RecordIsElectronic": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordNumber": {
"Value": "REC_411"
},
"RecordTitle": {
"Value": "15-532471"
},
"Uri": 900000378,
"StringValue": "REC_411",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": true,
"IsInternalIcon": false,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "PDF",
"Id": "Unknown"
}
},
"RecordNumber": {
"Value": "REC_411",
"StringValue": "REC_411"
},
"RecordOwnerLocation": {
"TrimType": "Location",
"LocationFormattedName": {
"Value": "Adelaide"
},
"Uri": 900000000,
"StringValue": "Adelaide",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": false,
```

```
"IsInternalIcon": true,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "",
"Id": "LocUnit"
}
},
"RecordRecordType": {
"TrimType": "RecordType",
"RecordTypeAllowParts": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordTypeAllowReplace": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordTypeAllowVersions": {
"Value": true
},
"RecordTypeLevel": {
"Value": 2
},
"RecordTypeMoveWhenReadOnly": {
"Value": false
},
"RecordTypeName": {
"Value": "Document"
},
"RecordTypeStoreType": {
"Value": "UseStore",
"StringValue": "Use A document store"
},
"RecordTypeTitlingMethod": {
"Value": "FreeText",
"StringValue": "Free Text"
```

```
},
"RecordTypeUsualBehaviour": {
"Value": "Document",
"StringValue": "Document"
},
"Uri": 2,
"StringValue": "Document",
"Icon": {
"IsFileTypeIcon": false,
"IsInternalIcon": true,
"IsValid": true,
"FileType": "",
"Id": "YellowDoc"
}
},
"RecordRequests": {
"Value": "",
"StringValue": ""
},
"RecordSpURL": {
"Value": "",
"StringValue": ""
},
"RecordTitle": {
"Value": "15-532471",
"StringValue": "15-532471"
},
"IsInFavorites": false,
"EnabledCommandIds": [
"Properties",
"RecCheckOut",
"RecCheckIn",
"RecNewPart",
```

"RecNewVersion",

"RecAddRetrieveTemporaryRequest",

"RecContainer",

"RecOwnerLoc",

"RecAddContact",

"ShowContacts",

"RecCurrentLoc",

"RecHomeLoc",

"RecRemoveContact",

"RecShowRequests",

"RecAddRetrieveTemporaryRequest",

"RecAddRetrieveRecurrentRequest",

"RecAddRetrievePermanentRequest",

"RecAddPickupTemporaryRequest",

"RecAddPickupPermanentRequest"

],

"Icon": {

"IsFileTypeIcon": true,

"IsInternalIcon": false,

"IsValid": true,

```
"FileType": "PDF",
```

"Id": "Unknown"

},

"Uri": 9000000378

Appendix C Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS)

Scenario

In this scenario we have the following domains:

- TRIM
- TESTTEAM

The Content Manager Workgroup Server and Content Manager WebClient server (IIS) are part of TRIM domain

The Content Manager users should be able to log on to the Content Manager WebClient server with their TESTTEAM domain credential.

Content Manager Web Client Configuration

Prerequisite

Content Manager Web Client must be configured to run on Secure Sockets Layer (SSL).

Editing hprmServiceAPI.config

Set useADFS attribute under <setup> key to *true*. This will add a log out button to the Content Manager Web Client.

Configuration example

```
<setup databaseId="G1" useADFS="true" workpath="C:\Micro Focus Content
Manager\ServiceAPIWorkpath"/>
```

Editing Web.config

Under <configSections> add the following lines:

Under <appSettings> add the following lines:

```
<add key="ida:FederationMetadataLocation"
value="https://adfs1.testteam.local/FederationMetadata/2007-
06/FederationMetadata.xml" />
```

NOTE: replace the highlighted value with your correct value.

Under <system.web> (this is under <configuration>) add the following lines:

```
<authorization>
    <deny users="?" />
</authorization>
    <authentication mode="None" />
```

NOTE: replace the existing <authentication> element.

Under <configuration> add the following lines:

```
<system.identityModel>
    <identityConfiguration>
      <audienceUris>
        <add value="https://MyServer/MyWebClient/" />
      </audienceUris>
      <securityTokenHandlers>
        <add
type="System.IdentityModel.Services.Tokens.MachineKeySessionSecurityTokenHandler,
System.IdentityModel.Services, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" />
        <remove type="System.IdentityModel.Tokens.SessionSecurityTokenHandler,
System.IdentityModel, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" />
      </securityTokenHandlers>
      <certificateValidation certificateValidationMode="None" />
      <issuerNameRegistry</pre>
type="System.IdentityModel.Tokens.ValidatingIssuerNameRegistry,
System.IdentityModel.Tokens.ValidatingIssuerNameRegistry">
        <authority name="http://ADFS1.testteam.local/adfs/services/trust">
          <keys>
            <add thumbprint="538B9CF4D293995C9406D7EA74C3F7353C5DD62A" />
          </keys>
          <validIssuers>
            <add name="http://ADFS1.testteam.local/adfs/services/trust" />
          </validIssuers>
        </authority>
      </issuerNameRegistry>
    </identityConfiguration>
```

</system.identityModel>

NOTE: replace the highlighted value with your correct value.

Under <configuration> add the following lines:

```
<system.identityModel.services>

<federationConfiguration>

<cookieHandler requireSsl="true" />

<wsFederation passiveRedirectEnabled="true"

issuer="https://adfs1.testteam.local/adfs/ls" realm="https://MyServer/MyWebClient/"

requireHttps="true" />

</federationConfiguration>

</system.identityModel.services>
```

NOTE: replace the highlighted value with your correct value.

Under <system.webServer> (under <configuration>) add the following modules:

Modifying the Authentication Setting in IIS

Using Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager, for the Content Manager Web Client site, enable **Anonymous Authentication** for:

- Content folder
- Scripts folder

💱 Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager					- 0	×
(←→) BTPVM5016 → Sites → Default Web Site → ContentManager →				🖬 🔛		
File View Help	File View Help					
Connections	Connections Actions Actions					
	P Additentication @ Help					
Start Page	Group by: No Grouping -					
Application Pools	Name	Status	Response Type			
V 📓 Sites	Anonymous Authentication	Enabled				
Gefault Web Site Site Site	ASP.NET Impersonation	Disabled	LITTD 202 La sis / Padisast			
> P CMServiceAPI	Windows Authentication	Enabled	HTTP 401 Challenge			
> 🔐 CMWebDAV						
> (if CMWebDrawer						
> - ADFS						
> 📲 APIErrorPages						
> ·· 🛅 bin						
> Contrig						
> - 🛗 HTML5TrapezeViewer						
> 🛗 images						
> - onstream						
> . ServiceStack_Logging_Log4l						
> 🛗 Views						
> · 🔐 ContentManagerMobile						
< >>	Features View Content View					
Configuration: 'localhost' applicationHost.config , <	location path="Default Web Site/Cont	entManager">				• 1 .:

Configuring the Office/Outlook Addins

Background

Authentication from a client side application, such as the thin Office and Outlook add-ins, requires that the application be registered in ADFS and that the registration information be supplied to Azure AD by each client. This section details how to configure this.

Creating the Client

Create an ADFS client using the powershell command 'Add-ADFSClient'. For example:

```
Add-ADFSClient -Name "MyCMWebClient" -ClientId "3A69D33C-7ED4-4D16-82F2-
48245F0B2C05" -RedirectUri https://rmcloud/WebClient/
```

The Client ID can be generated using the guidgen utility, RedirectUri must be a valid URI but does not need to point to an actual end point.

Linking from the Content Manager Web Client

Native client integration must be enabled in the hprmServiceAPI.config file. This is done via the <**authentication**> element.

In the example below the audience is the identifier from your Relying Party Trust and the metadataEndpoint is the same as that used in the ida:FederationMetadataLocation appSetting in the web.config file.

Configuring the Client Details

Once the Web Client is configured to talk to ADFS we need to configure the clients (e.g. the thin Office and Outlook add-ins) to also connect to ADFS. The method we use to do this is to place the required information in an XML file beneath the Web Client folder on the web server, the thin Office and Outlook add-ins will look for this information and if it is found attempt to use ADFS to authenticate. To configure this:

- 1. Open the Content Manager Web Client install folder and find the folder ADFS (e.g. C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client\ADFS)
- 2. Open the file config.xml file in Edit mode.
- 3. Set the values of the contained elements as follows:

Element	Source
clientAuthority	The address of your adfs instance. Example: https://adfs1.testteam.local/adfs
clientResourceUri	The identifier of your relying party trust. Example https://MyServer/MyWebClient/
clientID	The guid used in the client created by Add-ADFSClient.
clientReturnUri	The RedirectUri specified when running Add-ADFSClient.

Frequently Asked Questions

Delete this text and replace it with your own content.

How do I enable more logging?

In order to make it easier to troubleshoot problems, it will be useful to enable additional logging. In the Web.config, before the end of Configuration, insert the following config. Change the path in the initializeData attribute under *sharedListeners* to where you want the log to be written to.

```
<system.diagnostics>
    <trace autoflush="true" />
    <sources>
      <source name="System.Net">
       <listeners>
          <add name="System.Net" />
        </listeners>
      </source>
      <source name="System.Net.HttpListener">
        <listeners>
          <add name="System.Net" />
        </listeners>
      </source>
      <source name="System.Net.Sockets">
        <listeners>
          <add name="System.Net" />
        </listeners>
      </source>
      <source name="System.Net.Cache">
        <listeners>
          <add name="System.Net" />
        </listeners>
      </source>
    </sources>
    <sharedListeners>
      <add name="System.Net" type="System.Diagnostics.TextWriterTraceListener"</pre>
initializeData="C:\mylogs\System.net.trace.log" traceOutputOptions="ProcessId,
DateTime" />
   </sharedListeners>
    <switches>
      <add name="System.Net" value="Verbose" />
      <add name="System.Net.Sockets" value="Verbose" />
      <add name="System.Net.Cache" value="Verbose" />
      <add name="System.Net.HttpListener" value="Verbose" />
    </switches>
  </system.diagnostics>
```

You should then see the logs created. If you don't see the log files generated, manually create the mylogs folder.

nyloas 🛛					_ [
🌀 🕞 🖉 🔹 Computer 🔹 Local Disk (C:) 🔹	mylogs	•	Search mylogs		
Organize 💌 Include in Ibrary 💌 Share with	💌 Burn New folder			8≡ ▼	
Desktop Downloads Dropbox Recent Places Gondle Drive	Name System.net.trace.log f801f716-c355-4d56-8556-ff003a619a605ys dd40969a-d5e5-42ab-80bb-65d8b09f370d5 2b8c1cf9-98c8-436f-a146-df7291a35b205ys 3d3c57a7-c288-4d1f-9ec6-44ed4446b85b5y 9ef0c9c2-0310-4d75-bf31-e3b6b0603da95y 16abdf96-2cfb-4a8d-9797-b69ebd3c6bb15y 81cd6137-a1c9-4286-8650-20e4adfcb6635y	Date modified 28/08/2015 6:43 PM 28/08/2015 6:26 PM 28/08/2015 6:35 PM 28/08/2015 6:32 PM 28/08/2015 6:32 PM 28/08/2015 6:15 PM 28/08/2015 6:36 PM	Type Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document	Size - 7,013 KB 332 KB 314 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB	
	d2e37c8b-732e-481e-91b0-fcad3e1e0a445y 8d7cb669-495d-40eb-b73e-3f831f47a8fe5y 8932ef9b-86a7-4135-9daa-544dfd6269a15y 7016997b-09d6-48dd-b93c-945b8124d6f25 c593582e-60ff-42bd-85cf-3c7fc11aad885ys cce9c318-cb11-44e0-953a-1a26d26680605y d39b86ca-9dbb-4e11-9d53-be487e63cb155 f8dc0a43-478c-4268-bb23-7a24920a84325y	28/08/2015 6:26 PM 28/08/2015 6:20 PM 28/08/2015 6:17 PM 28/08/2015 6:27 PM 28/08/2015 6:34 PM 28/08/2015 6:33 PM 28/08/2015 6:22 PM 28/08/2015 6:41 PM	Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document Text Document	1 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB	

The remote certificate is invalid according to the validation procedure

```
Server Error in '/rm82' Application.
```


This is most likely caused by a certificate error. By enabling logging, the error may be something along these lines below.

System.Net Information: 0 : [9504] SecureChannel#3908756 - Remote certificate has errors:

System.Net Information: 0 : [9504] SecureChannel#3908756 - A certificate chain could not be built to a trusted root authority.

System.Net Information: 0 : [9504] SecureChannel#3908756 - Remote certificate was verified as invalid by the user.

System.Net Error: 0 : [9504] Exception in HttpWebRequest#2237113:: - The underlying connection was closed: Could not establish trust relationship for the SSL/TLS secure channel.

Solution

To resolve this problem, the root certificate from the ADFS server must be trusted by the client. Log on to the ADFS Server, export the required certificate from a trusted root authority and import it on the client's machine into the trusted root authority.

2	Console1 - [Console	Root\Certificates (Local Comp	uter)\Trusted R	oot Certification A	uthorities\Certifica	tes]
File Action View Favorites Window Hel ← ↔ 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017	p	Isonad Bo	Expiration Date	Intended Purnoses	Friendly Name	Satur
Console Root Certificates (Local Computer) Personal Certificates (Local Computer) Certificates Certificate Certificate Certificates Certificates	Baltimore CyberTrust Root Glass 3 Public Primary Certificat Copyright (c) 1997 Microsoft C DigiCett High Assurance EV Ro Git CyberTrust Global Root Microsoft Root Certificate Auth Microsoft Root Certificate Auth	Baltimore CyberTrust Root Class 3 Public Primary Certificatio Copyright (c) 1997 Microsoft Corp. DigiCert High Assurance EV Root Equifax Secure Certificate Authority OTE CyberTrust Global Root Microsoft Root Authority Microsoft Root Certificate Authori Microsoft Root Certificate Authori Microsoft Root Certificate Authori Microsoft Root Certificate Authori No LIABILITY ACCEPTED, (c)97 V	13/05/2025 2/06/2028 31/12/1999 10/11/2031 23/06/2018 1/01/2000 31/12/2020 10/05/2021 24/06/2035 23/02/2036 8/01/2004	Server Authenticati Secure Email, Client Time Stamping Server Authenticati Secure Email, Client Secure Email, Code <all> <all> Time Stamping</all></all>	Baltimore Cyber Tru VeriSign Class 3 Pu Microsoft Timesta DigiCert GeoTrust GTE Cyber Trust Glo Microsoft Root Aut Microsoft Root Cert Microsoft Root Cert Microsoft Root Cert VeriSign Time Stam	
	Entretame.ADF3WEISWEI-CA	testeam-ADFSWEBXN1-CA Thawte Timestamping CA VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Ce	12/05/2020 1/01/2021 17/07/2036	călis Time Stam Server Auth Cut Dele Prop Help	eblanaa asks 0 // eerties	pen port

To export certificate, on the AD FS Server, please refer to the following screenshot:

After the export is successful, you can import this certificate to the client's machine (into the Trusted Root Certificate Authorities).
Console Root	Issued To 🔺	Issued By	Expiration Date	Intended Purposes	Fr
Certificates (Local Computer)	GlobalSign Root CA	GlobalSign Root CA	28/01/2028	Server Authenticatio	G
🖃 🚞 Personal	Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Au	Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Auth	30/06/2034	Server Authenticatio	Gt
Certificates	Go Daddy Root Certificate Authori	Go Daddy Root Certificate Authority	1/01/2038	Server Authenticatio	Gc
Trusted Root Certification Authorities	GTE CyberTrust Global Root	GTE CyberTrust Global Root	14/08/2018	Secure Email, Client	G1
Certificates	Hewlett-Packard Company	VeriSign Class 3 Code Signing 2004 CA	19/12/2011	Code Signing	\triangleleft
Enterprise Trust	Hewlett-Packard Primary Class 2	Hewlett-Packard Primary Class 2 Cer	30/12/2012	<ai></ai>	⊲
Intermediate Certification Authorities	Hewlett-Packard Primary Class 2	Hewlett-Packard Primary Class 2 Cer	1/01/2014	<ai></ai>	<
Certificate Revocation List	Hewlett-Packard Primary Class 2 T	Hewlett-Packard Primary Class 2 Tes	30/12/2012	<ai></ai>	\triangleleft
Certificates	Hewlett-Packard Private Class 2 C	Hewlett-Packard Private Class 2 Cer	23/08/2021	<ai></ai>	⊲
Certificates	Hewlett-Packard Private Class 2 T	Hewlett-Packard Private Class 2 TES	20/06/2021	<al></al>	<
Certificates	Microsoft Authenticode(tm) Root	Microsoft Authenticode(tm) Root Au	1/01/2000	Secure Email, Code S	Mi
Certificates	Microsoft Root Authority	Microsoft Root Authority	31/12/2020	<ai></ai>	Mi
Third-Party Root Certification Authorit	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority	10/05/2021	<ai></ai>	Mi
Certificates	Microsoft Root Certificate Authori	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority	24/06/2035	<ai></ai>	Mi
🗉 🧮 Trusted People	Microsoft Root Certificate Authori	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority	23/03/2036	<ai></ai>	Mi
💌 🧮 Remote Desktop	NO LIABILITY ACCEPTED, (c)97 V	NO LIABILITY ACCEPTED, (c)97 Veri	8/01/2004	Time Stamping	Ve
🗉 🚞 Smart Card Trusted Roots	QuoVadis Root CA 2	QuoVadis Root CA 2	25/11/2031	Server Authenticatio	QL
Trusted Devices	RSA Security 2048 V3	RSA Security 2048 V3	23/02/2026	Server Authenticatio	RS
	SecureTrust CA	SecureTrust CA	1/01/2030	Server Authenticatio	Tr
	SPI Root Certificate	SPI Root Certificate	16/09/2015	<ai></ai>	⊲
	Starfield Class 2 Certification Auth	Starfield Class 2 Certification Authority	30/06/2034	Server Authenticatio	St
	Starfield Root Certificate Authorit	Starfield Root Certificate Authority	1/01/2038	Server Authenticatio	St
	Starfield Services Root Certificate	Starfield Services Root Certificate A	1/01/2030	Server Authenticatio	St
	StartCom Certification Authority	StartCom Certification Authority	18/09/2036	Server Authenticatio	St
	TC TrustCenter Class 2 CA II	TC TrustCenter Class 2 CA II	1/01/2026	Ferver Authenticatio	TC
	Lestteam-ADFSWEBSVR1-CA	testteam-ADFSWEBSVR1-CA	12/03/2020	<ai></ai>	<
	Thante Premium Server CA	Thawte Premium Server CA	1/01/2021	Server Authenticatio	th
	🔄 thawte Primary Root CA	thawte Primary Root CA	17/07/2036	Server Authenticatio	th
	🔄 thawte Primary Root CA - G3	thawte Primary Root CA - G3	2/12/2037	Server Authenticatio	th
	Thawte Server CA	Thawte Server CA	1/01/2021	Server Authenticatio	th
	Thawte Timestamping CA	Thawte Timestamping CA	1/01/2021	Time Stamping	Th

Appendix C1 Setup Relying Party Trust in ADFS

- 1. On the AD FS Management console, under Trust Relationships, select Relying Party Trusts.
- 2. On the Actions panel, click Add Relying Party Trust.

The Add Relying Party Trust Wizard dialog is displayed.

Select Data Source Steps Select an option that this wizard will use to obtain data about this relying party: Welcome Import data about the relying party published online or on a local network. Select Data Source Import data about the relying party published online or on a local network. Specify Display Name Federation metadata online or on a local network. Choose Profile Federation metadata address (host name or URL): Configure Certificate Example: fs.contoso.com or https://www.contoso.com/app Configure Identifiers Import data about the relying party from a file	\$	Add Relying Party Trust Wizard
Steps Select an option that this wizard will use to obtain data about this relying party: • Welcome Import data about the relying party published online or on a local network. • Select Data Source Import data about the relying party published online or on a local network. • Specify Display Name Is federation metadata online or on a local network. • Choose Profile Federation metadata address (host name or URL): • Configure Certificate Example: fs.contoso.com or https://www.contoso.com/app • Configure Identifiers Import data about the relying party from a file	Select Data Source	
 Configure Multi-factor Authentication Now? Choose Issuance Authorization Rules Ready to Add Trust Finish Enter data about the relying party manually Use this option to manually input the necessary data about this relying party organization. 	 Steps Welcome Select Data Source Specify Display Name Choose Profile Configure Certificate Configure URL Configure Identifiers Configure Identifiers Configure Multi-factor Authentication Now? Choose Issuance Authorization Rules Ready to Add Trust Finish 	Select an option that this wizard will use to obtain data about this relying party: Import data about the relying party published online or on a local network. Use this option to import the necessary data and certificates from a relying party organization that published its federation metadata address (host name or URL): Example: fs.contoso.com or https://www.contoso.com/app Import data about the relying party from a file Use this option to import the necessary data and certificates from a relying party organization that has exported its federation metadata to a file. Ensure that this file is from a trusted source. This wizard will not validate the source of the file. Federation metadata file location: Browse

- 3. On the Select Data Source step, select Enter data about the relying party manually, click Next.
- 4. On the **Specify Display Name** step, type (or copy and paste) the name into the **Display Name** field, click **Next**.
- 5. On the Choose Profile step, select AD FS profile, click Next.
- 6. On the **Configure URL** step, select **Enable support for the WS-Federation Passive protocol** and type in the URL for the **Relying party WS-Federation Passive protocol URL**; click **Next**.
- 7. On the **Configure Identifiers** step, leave the screen as the default, click **Next**.
- 8. On the **Configure Multi-factor Authentication Now?** step, select **I do not want to configure multi-factor authentication settings for this relying party trust at this time**; click **Next**.
- 9. On the Choose Issuance Authorization Rules step, select Permit all users to access this relying party; click Next.

10. On the final step, select **Open the Edit Claim Rules dialog for this relying party trust when the wizard closes**; click **Close**.

Adding Claim Rules

1. To add Claim Rules, on the displayed **Edit Claim Rules** dialog, click **Add**.

💱 🐘 Edit Claim Rules for CTONG WebClient 8.2 Server 👘 💻	
Issuance Transform Rules Issuance Authorization Rules Delegation Authorization R	ules
The following transform rules specify the claims that will be sent to the relying party.	
Order Rule Name Issued Claims	
	₽
Add Rule Edit Rule Remove Rule	
OK Cancel	Apply

The Add Transform Claim Rule Wizard dialog is displayed.

2. On the Choose Rule Type, from the drop-down Claim rule template menu, select Send Claims Using a Custom Rule.

\$ 1	Add Transform Claim Rule Wizard
Select Rule Template	
 Steps Choose Rule Type Configure Claim Rule 	Select the template for the claim rule that you want to create from the following list. The description provides details about each claim rule template. Claim rule template: Send LDAP Attributes as Claims Send Group Membership as a Claim Transform an Incoming Claim Pass Through of Filter an Incoming Claim Pass Throug
	< Previous Next > Cancel

3. Complete the Edit Rule - Simple Claim dialog as below, then click OK.

	Edit Rul	e - Simple Ci	aim	
You can configure a custo claims from a SQL attribute issuance statement using	nn claim rule, such as store. To configure a the AD FS claim rule la	a rule that requires custom rule, type o anguage.	multiple incoming clone or more optional	aims or that extra conditions and a
Claim rule name:				
Simple Claim				
Rule template: Send Claim	s Using a Custom Rule	е		
Custom rule:				
c:[]	- 1 -			
=> issue(Cialm =	0);			

The new Relying Party Trust will be listed in the Relying Party Trusts list.

\$ #		AD FS	_ D X
翰 File Action View Window Help			_ <i>B</i> >
AD FS	Relying Party Trusts	Fuelded Ture Identifier	Actions
 Service Endpoints Certificates Claim Descriptions Trust Relationships Claims Provider Trusts Relying Party Trusts Attribute Stores Attribute Stores Per Relying Party Trust 	Display Name Device Registration Service RegingPaty1 RegingPaty2 RegingPaty3 RegingPaty4 local WebDiswer Davids Server WebDiswer Cloud With Server WebDiswer Cloud With Server	Enabled Type Identifier Yes WS-T unmin-datadfs1.testteam.loc Yes Nort RebingParty1 Yes Nort RebingParty2 Yes WS-T RebingParty3 Yes WS-T RebingParty3 Yes WS-T https://dentific.012.trim.lsb/ht Yes WS-T https://dentific.012.trim.lsb/ht Yes WS-T https://dentific.012.trim.lsb/htm	e/ e/ e/ e/ e/ e/ e/ e/ e/ e/

Appendix D Azure AD Authentication for Content Manager Web Client

IMPORTANT: Azure authentication needs outgoing access on ports 80 and 443 from the IIS server where the Content Manager Web Client is hosted.

Configuring Web Browser Access

Disabling IIS Administration

Given that IIS windows integrated authentication will no longer be used disable it in IIS Manager and enable Anonymous, as seen here:

💐 Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager				– 🗆 X
(← →) (P + BTPVM5016 + Sites + Detection)	fault Web Site 🕨 ContentManager	•		🔤 🖂 🟠 🔞 🗸
File View Help				
Connections				Actions
				😧 Help
Start Page	Group by: No Grouping -			
Application Pools	Name	Status	Response Type	
V Sites	Anonymous Authentication	Enabled		
V 🔮 Default Web Site	ASP.NET Impersonation	Disabled		
> aspnet_client	Forms Authentication	Disabled	HTTP 302 Login/Redirect	
> CMServiceAPI	Windows Authentication	Disabled	HTTP 401 Challenge	
CMWebDrawer				
ContentManager				
> - 🛄 ADFS				
> - 🚰 APIErrorPages				
> -🚞 bin				
> - 🧰 config				
> - Content				
> HIML5TrapezeViewer				
> - images				
> - onstream				
ServiceStack Longing Lon4				
> - Views				
> P ContentManagerMobile				
	Features View 🕞 Content View			
Configuration: 'localhost' applicationHost.config , <	location path="Default Web Site/Co	ntentManager">		• <u>.</u>

Creating an Active Directory Web Application

To allow authentication of the Content Manager Web Client you must first configure an Active Directory application.

To do this:

- 1. Open your Active Directory instance in Azure.
- 2. Click Azure Active Directory > App registrations > New application registration.

Create		×	
* Name 0 My Video Test	~	•	
Application type 0			
Web app / API	~		
* Sign-on URL ① https://localhost/cm	×		
	2		
Create			

- 3. Type a name for your new application in the **Name** field.
- 4. Select the Application type as Web app / API from the drop down.
- Type (or copy and paste) the URL to your Web Client instance in the Sign-on URL field and click Create.
- 6. In IIS, enable **Anonymous Authentication** and disable **Windows Authentication** for your Web Client instance.

Updating the web.config

The Content Manager Web Client web.config must be updated to link it to Azure AD for authentication; there are a number of elements that need to be added.

Within the <configSections> element add the following two section elements:

```
<section name="system.identityModel"
type="System.IdentityModel.Configuration.SystemIdentityModelSection,
System.IdentityModel, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=B77A5C561934E089" />
<section name="system.identityModel.services"
type="System.IdentityModel.Services.Configuration.SystemIdentityModelServicesSectio
n, System.IdentityModel.Services, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=B77A5C561934E089" />
```

Within the **<appSettings>** element add this key, replace the value with the value found in the 'Federation metadata document url' field in your AD application.

```
<add key="ida:FederationMetadataLocation"
value="https://login.windows.net/5321c511-aa9d-4958-9857-
b59e08fadaa9/FederationMetadata/2007-06/FederationMetadata.xml" />
```

Within the <system.Web> element replace the existing <authentication> element with the following two elements.

```
<authorization>
<deny users="?" />
</authorization>
<authentication mode="None" />
```

After the <handlers> element (inside <system.webServer>) add these modules:

```
<modules>
   <add name="WSFederationAuthenticationModule"
type="System.IdentityModel.Services.WSFederationAuthenticationModule,
System.IdentityModel.Services, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" preCondition="managedHandler" />
        <add name="SessionAuthenticationModule"
type="System.IdentityModel.Services.SessionAuthenticationModule,
System.IdentityModel.Services, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" preCondition="managedHandler" />
</modules>
```

At the bottom of the web.config file (before the </configuration> tag) add the following:

```
<system.identityModel>
  <identityConfiguration>
    <audienceUris>
      <add value="[APP ID URI]" />
    </audienceUris>
    <securityTokenHandlers>
      <add
type="System.IdentityModel.Services.Tokens.MachineKeySessionSecurityTokenHandler,
System.IdentityModel.Services, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" />
      <remove type="System.IdentityModel.Tokens.SessionSecurityTokenHandler,
System.IdentityModel, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" />
    </securityTokenHandlers>
    <certificateValidation certificateValidationMode="None" />
    <issuerNameRegistry</pre>
type="System.IdentityModel.Tokens.ValidatingIssuerNameRegistry,
System.IdentityModel.Tokens.ValidatingIssuerNameRegistry">
      <authority name="https://sts.windows.net/[Tenant ID]/">
        <validIssuers>
          <add name="https://sts.windows.net/[Tenant ID]/" />
        </validIssuers>
      </authority>
    </issuerNameRegistry>
  </identityConfiguration>
</system.identityModel>
<system.identityModel.services>
  <federationConfiguration>
    <cookieHandler requireSsl="true" />
    <wsFederation passiveRedirectEnabled="true" issuer="https://login.windows.net/</pre>
[Domain]/wsfed" realm="[APP ID URI]" requireHttps="true" />
  </federationConfiguration>
</system.identityModel.services>
```

The XML above contains placeholders, replace them as follows:

 [APP ID URI] – from the Setting > Properties of your newly created application in Azure Active Directory.

Settings	×	Properties
		🕂 Save 🗙 Discard
GENERAL		* Name 0 My Video Test
Properties	>	Object ID 0
😑 Reply URLs	>	
Swiners	>	Application ID 0
API ACCESS		* App ID URI 🖲
& Required permissions	>	

- [Tenant ID] The GUID portion of the federation metadata document URL in the Azure application or
- [Domain] From the domains section of the Azure AD directory

You can also get the Tenant ID and Domain from the portal diagnostics file.

1. Click help Icon > Show Diagnostics > Save > Open Folder.

	* ×	Settings	Help
lest 🛅 Delete	(Help + support
~	Application ID 267d1136-8f73-4841-9fa9-65151675949b Object ID 05dfc2a5-c09e-4ad7-8718-1212e3caf78c	GENERAL	support ticket and monitor health.
	Managed application in local directory My Video Test	E Reply URLs	Launch guided tour Keyboard shortcuts Show diagnostics [2]
		🍰 Owners	Privacy + terms 🗹
		API ACCESS	_
		📍 Keys	
		TROUBLESHOOTING + SUPPORT	_
		New support request	
hat do you want to	o do with PortalDiagnostics (3).json (1019 KB)?	Open Save	Cancel XII of 11 yrini

The PortalDiagnostics.JSON is displayed.



Starting the Web Client

At this point, you should be ready to run the Content Manager Web Client by navigating to the appropriate URL (e.g. https://mywebserver/ContentManager/). Two things to note:

- Azure AD authentication will only work when you including the trailing slash (/) in the URL
- The first time you access the Web Client URL after following these instructions will probably result in an error, this is part of the setup process. Refresh the page and this error should go away.

Configuring Office/Outlook Addins

Authentication from a client side application, such as the Office and Outlook add-ins, requires that the application be registered in Azure AD and that the registration information be supplied to Azure AD by each client. This section details how to configure this.

Background

Creating the Azure Native Client Application

To create the native client application:

- 1. Go to your Azure AD directory.
- 2. From Applications, click Add.
- 3. Select Add an application my organization is developing
- 4. Type (or copy and paste) the application name, e.g. My CM Web Client for Office.

- 5. Select native client application as the Type.
- 6. Type (or copy and paste) a valid URI in Redirect URI, e.g. http://MyCMWebClient

Give Permission to the Web Application

For the native application (created above) to work you must give it permission to access the AD web application created in the first part of this document. To do this:

- 1. Go to the **Configure** tab of the native application
- 2. Find the Permission to other applications section
- 3. Add the AD web application.

For example:

permissions to other applications

RMCloudWeb	Delegated Permissions: 1
https://rmcloudweb.testteam.local/CMWebClient/	Delegated Permissions: 1 × ×
Windows Azure Active Directory	Access https://mcloudweb.testteam.local/Cl
Add application	

Updating hprmServiceAPI.config

Copy the following XML into the hprmServiceAPI.config and copy and paste the App ID URI from the AD web application created in the first part of this document into the audience, copy the Federation metadata document URL into the metadataEndpoint.

```
<authentication>
<activeDirectory>
<add name="azure" audience="" metadataEndpoint=""/>
</activeDirectory>
</authentication>
```

Configure Client Details

Once the Content Manager Web Client is configured to talk to Azure AD we need to configure the clients (e.g. the thin Office and Outlook add-ins) to also connect to Azure AD. The method we use to do this is to place the required information in an XML file beneath the Web Client folder on the web server,

0

the Office and Outlook add-ins will look for this information and if it is found attempt to use Azure AD to authenticate. To configure this:

- 1. Open the Content Manager Web Client install folder and find the folder ADFS (e.g. C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client\ADFS)
- 2. Open the file config.xml file in Edit mode.
- 3. Set the values of the contained elements as follows:

Element	Source
clientAuthority	The following URL replacing [Domain] with your Azure Ad domain: https://login.windows.net/[Domain]
clientResourceUri	The App Id URI from the Azure AD web application.
clientID	Client Id from the Azure AD native client application.
clientRetumUri	A Redirect Uri from the Azure AD native client application (in the configuration section.

Example

```
<adfsClient>
```

```
<clientAuthority>https://login.windows.net/cmdevtest.onmicrosoft.com</clientAuthori
ty>
```

```
<clientResourceUri>http://rmcloudweb/ContentManager/</clientResourceUri>
<clientID>6ee05ae2-fc8e-4120-a0d1-b43f31263d8d</clientID>
<clientReturnUri>http://RMCloudWeb</clientReturnUri>
```

```
</adfsClient>
```

Appendix E Office Online Integration

Introduction

The Office Online integration is built into the Content Manager Web Client using Web Application Open Platform Interface (WOPI).

From the Web Client interface, it allows online editing of supported Microsoft Office documents to users with an Office Online subscription that includes editing ability.

Overview

Supported Versions of Office Online

The supported version of Office Online Server is 16.0.7766.8550 and later.

If you are installing your own Office Online instance on a local network, then configure to it use either HTTP or HTTPS, but not both. It is recommended you configure it to use HTTPS. Microsoft's own Office 365 online servers only support HTTPS communication

Supported File Types

Office Online Server delivers browser-based versions of Word, PowerPoint, Excel, and OneNote. Editing is supported for the newer XML style documents (i.e. .docx, .pptx, .xlsx). Older formats such as .doc can be converted to the newer native formats so that they may be edited. This conversion process is usually lossless, but is not guaranteed to be so, and may produce a newer version that is missing certain content or formatting.

The Office Online server broadcasts its capabilities about which actions may be performed on which formats as an XML feed via a HTTP request. The process of determining a server's capabilities via the XML feed is known as 'Discovery'. These capabilities are subject to change - and are highly likely to change - with successive revisions. The Content Manager integration will regularly try to rediscover the capabilities of the Office Online instance, determine which can be used and make them available to Content Manager users when the Office Online instance is upgraded.

Security

Users are issued tokens by the integration that grant them access to view/edit a document from Content Manager. When the Office server communicates with Content Manager on behalf of the user, it presents this token which is decrypted and verified. This token provides all the information we need to manipulate records in Content Manager. The encryption key is configured in one of the web server's configuration files. It is recommended that this is changed frequently to minimize the chance of security being compromised.

Configuring Office Online integration

Content Manager Web Server Configuration

NOTE: If configuring multiple instances of the Content Manager Web Server in order to use with a load balancer, then each instance within the load balanced cluster must be configured with the same values following the steps below.

• Once you have installed the Content Manager Web Client, from the Web Client installation directory, open the **HPRMServiceAPI.config** file using a text editor and find the section that includes:

<pluginAssemblies>

```
<!-- <add name="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WOPI"/> -->
```

```
<!-- <add name="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WebDAV"/> -->
```

</pluginAssemblies>

To enable the WOPI service handler and required buttons within the Web Client, uncomment the <add name="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WOPI"/> line in HPRMServiceAPI.config, and save the changes.

• In HPRMServiceAPI.config, find the section with the below attributes:

```
<officeOnlineServer host="" useSSL="true" allowSelfSignedSSL="false"
tokenEncKey="" tokenEncIV=""/>
```

Change the values of the attributes above to reflect your environment, so that 'host' is the **host name** of the Office Online Server, e.g. "myofficeonline.mynetwork.com".

Change the value of 'useSSL' to "false" if you have configured your Office Online Server instance to Allow HTTP and do not wish to use SSL.

Change the value of 'allowSelfSignedSSL' to "true" if you have configured your Office Online Server to use SSL with a Self Signed Certificate - Self Signed Certificates will otherwise be rejected.

Change the value of 'tokenEncKey' to be a 32 byte/64 character hexadecimal string which will be used as an encryption key to encrypt security tokens. As an example, you could use 'b12df00db1

Change the value of 'tokenEncIV' to be a 16 byte/32 character hexadecimal string which will be used as an initialization vector for security token encryption. As an example, you could use 'b12df00db12df00db12df00db12df00db12df00db'.

Save the changes.

• Open the **web.config** file in the Content Manager Web Client directory using a text editor and find the below section:

```
<modules runAllManagedModulesForAllRequests="true">
```

```
<!-- <add name="WOPIModule" type="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WOPI.WOPIModule" /> -->
```

</modules>

To authenticate the requests from the Office Online server on behalf of the Content Manager user, uncomment <add name="WOPIModule" type="HP.HPTRIM.WebClient.WOPI.WOPIModule" /> in web.config, and save the changes.

User Client Configuration

 The client PC web browsers must be configured to allow pop up windows from the Content Manager Web Client. If pop up windows are not enabled users will be prompted to allow them each time they edit a document, or depending on the settings, they will not be prompted at all, and will not be able to edit their documents using the Office Online editing functionality.

To configure Internet Explorer to allow pop windows from the Content Manager Web Client, add the Content Manager Web Client address to the list of trusted sites in the Pop-up Blocker Settings Exceptions list.

• If the Office Online Server is using SSL, the certificate must be trusted by client PCs.

Appendix F Multi Tenancy Configuration

Scope

This document outlines the steps required to configure Content Manager (CM) 9.2 or later Web Client to support multiple CM datasets.

This document is aimed at system administrators who wish to allow access to multiple CM datasets from a single server running the CM Web Client.

For the purpose of this document, a tenant consists of an application running in Internet Information Services (IIS) connecting to an existing CM dataset provided by a Workgroup server. Each CM Web Client application on IIS can access exactly one dataset.

NOTE: A CM dataset may be accessed by multiple IIS applications if required.

This document is presented as a guide showing how to set up and configure a new instance of a CM Web Client IIS application connecting to a specific dataset. This process may be repeated to create any number of applications.

This document assumes that the CM Web Client has been installed successfully and is working.

Advanced configuration of IIS applications is out of the scope of this document; for more information please consult the IIS documentation https://www.iis.net/

Configuration Steps

This section will outline the steps to create a new tenant.

Before beginning, ensure that the following information has been gathered:

- Name for the tenant (tenant name)
- Dataset Id of the CM dataset that the tenant will be accessing
- Connection information for the CM workgroup server that the tenant will be connecting to
- The name of the user account on the server that is trusted to connect to the selected CM workgroup
 server and dataset
- The IIS web site which will host the tenant
- The folder on the web server that will be used as the 'upload path' for the tenant. The upload path is the folder used to store files that are being uploaded to the server to be checked into CM.

Create Tenants folder

Underneath the installation folder of the CM web client, which is installed to by default,

C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client

Create a folder named Tenants:

C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client\Tenants

Create configuration file using sample

Copy the sample configuration file, **Tenant-sample.config** from the Web Client installation directory and paste it into the newly created **Tenants** folder.

Located in the installation folder into the tenants folder underneath the installation folder.

Rename the **Tenant-sample.config** file in the **Tenants** folder to be the name of the Tenant, e.g. ABCorp.config

Update the configuration file

The following sections **must** be updated as per installation of a standard CM Web Client:

- hptrim
- Setup
- Workgroupserver

In the **hptrim** section of the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file, the upload base path must be set to the folder that will be used as the upload path for the tenant.

In the **setup** section of the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file, ensure that the databaseld is set correctly, and the workpath has been set to a unique folder for this tenant.

In the **workgroupserver** section of the **hprmServiceAPI.config** file, ensure that the connection details, including port, workpath and name have all been set correctly.

NOTE: the workpath attribute in the WorkgroupServer section and the uploadBasePath in the hptrim section must be the same.



Create a web application

Using IIS Manager, under the selected web site for this **tenant**, add an application. The default web site is acceptable to use. Consult the IIS documentation for more information about creating and managing multiple web sites within IIS.



In the Add application dialog, set the alias, physical path and application pool for the tenant.

- Set the Alias of the application to be the Tenant name.
- The physical path of the application should be set to the location that binaries of the CM Web Client were installed, by default:

C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager\Web Client

Select an Application pool that has an identity that is trusted to connect to the dataset that this
instance will be accessing. For information on setting up Application pools in IIS please consult the
IIS documentation.

Add Application	?	×
Site name: Production Web site Path: /		
Alias: Application pool:		
ABCorp Production Web site	Select	
Example: sales		
Physical path:		
C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Content Manager		
Pass-through authentication		
Connect as Test Settings		
Enable Preload		
ОК	Cancel	

NOTE: The application name **must be the same** as the configuration file name in the Tenants folder (excluding the .config) Example – tenant named 'ABCorp':



Update logging

By default only one process can write to the log file. When setting up multiple tenants it is recommended that this is changed by changing the 'LockinModel' on Log4Net (minimalLock). Add the highlighted line to the **web.config** file in the directory containing the CM Web Client binaries.

```
<log4net>
<appender name="RollingFileAppender"
```

```
type="log4net.Appender.RollingFileAppender">
      <lockingModel type="log4net.Appender.FileAppender+MinimalLock "/>
      <file value="C:\HPTRIM\ServiceAPIWorkpath\logs\log-file.txt" />
      <appendToFile value="true" />
      <rollingStyle value="Date" />
      <maximumFileSize value="1MB" />
      <staticLogFileName value="true" />
      <maxSizeRollBackups value="10" />
      <layout type="log4net.Layout.PatternLayout,log4net">
        <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%date [%thread] %-5level %logger -</pre>
%message%newline" />
      </layout>
    </appender>
    <root>
      <level value="ERROR" />
      <appender-ref ref="RollingFileAppender" />
    </root>
  </log4net>
```