

# HPE Network Automation Software

Software Version: 10.11 Windows® and Linux® operating systems

## Hardening Guide

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# Using this Guide

This document provides information for increasing the security of your NA installation. The information in this document applies to NA 10.11. For security configuration for another version of the product, see the appropriate documentation for that version.

Unless otherwise specified within a procedure, the expected use model for the content in this document is as follows:

- 1. Stop all NA services (see "Start, stop, or restart all NA services" on page 28).
- 2. Apply the desired configurations as described in this document.

**Note:** Remember to back up each configuration file to a location outside the NA directory structure before making any changes.

- 3. Start all NA services (see "Start, stop, or restart all NA services" on page 28).
- 4. In an NA satellite environment, restart all NA remote agents:

/etc/init.d/nassat restart

## Communication Configuration

This topic describes the default security configurations for encryption, hashing, and secure communication within NA.

During installation, NA generates a self-signed certificate using a 2048-bit encryption key, SHA 256, and RSA.

Note: HP recommends using a CA-signed certificate instead of the self-signed certificate provided by NA.

For a new installation or an upgraded installation that was previously using the NA-provided self-signed certificate, you can install a CA-signed certificate as described in the "Adding a CA-Signed Certificate to NA" section of the "Using Certificates with NA" chapter of the NA Administration Guide.

For an upgraded installation that was previously using a CA-signed certificate, the upgrade process backed up that certificate before installing the self-signed certificate. You must re-enable the CA-signed certificate as described in "Configuring the User-added CA-signed Certificate in NA after Upgrade" of the NA Installation and Upgrade Guide.

The default SSL protocols for HTTPS communication with the NA web server are TLSv1.0, TSLv1.1 and TLSv1.2.

**Note:** It is recommended to disable TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 unless they are needed for communicating with applications that do not support TLSv1.2. For instructions, see "Configure TLS Protocols" below.

- For local authentication into NA, NA uses the SHA 512 algorithm for hashing and storing NA user passwords.
- For encryption of database and device passwords, NA uses the AES 256 algorithm.
- For SSH communication to the NA proxy:
  - Default ciphers: 3des-cbc, aes128-cbc, aes128-ctr, aes192-cbc, aes192-ctr, aes256-cbc, aes256-ctr
  - Default hmac: hmac-sha2-256, hmac-sha256@ssh.com
  - Default key exchange cipher: diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256

For communications from the NA core server to devices, NA supports the following methods:

- Default compression algorithms: none, zlib, zlib@openssh.com/
- Default public keys: ssh-dss, ssh-rsal
- Default hmac: hmac-sha1, hmac-md5, hmac-md5-96, hmac-sha1-96|
- Default ciphers: aes128-cbc, 3des-cbc, blowfish-cbc, aes128-ctr, aes192-cbc, aes192-ctr, aes256-cbc, aes256-cbc, twofish128-cbc, twofish192-cbc, twofish256-cbc, cast128-cbc|
- Default key exchange ciphers: diffie-hellman-group1-sha1, diffie-hellman-group14-sha1, diffie-hellman-groupexchange-sha1

### Configure TLS Protocols

It is recommended to disable TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 unless they are needed for communicating with applications that do not support TLSv1.2.

To do so, follow the steps outlined here. Complete the steps in the presented order:

- 1. Configure all NA remote agents.
- 2. Configure all NA gateways (core and remote).
- 3. On all NA core servers, configure the protocol for NA interactions with HP Server Automation (SA).

Note: Stop, start, and restart the various processes as described throughout these procedures.

### Remote Agents on NA Satellites

In an NA satellite environment, to configure the protocol for the NA remote agent on an NA remote gateway server, do the following:

In the /opt/opsware/nassat/server/ext/tomcat/conf/server.xml file, locate the HTTP connector element.
 For example, the HTTP connector element for an NA satellite might look like:

Revise the sslEnabledProtocols list as appropriate.

2. Restart the NA remote agent (/etc/init.d/nassat restart).

### NA Core and Remote Gateways

In an NA satellite environment, to configure the protocol for an NA core gateway or an NA remote gateway, do the following:

1. In the /var/opt/opsware/crypto/opswgw-<gateway\_name>/opswgw-admin.pem file, locate the following line: opswgw.crypto.SSLVersion=TLSv1,SSLv3,SSLv2-hello Edit this line to read:

```
opswgw.crypto.SSLVersion=TLSv1
```

2. Restart the NA gateway (/etc/init.d/opswgw-<gateway\_name> restart).

### NA Integrated with HP Server Automation

When NA is integrated with HP Server Automation (SA), on all NA core servers, configure the NA Twist client to use TLS as follows:

### For example:

```
<option name="twist/client/sslprotocol">TLSv1.2</option>
```

2. Restart all NA services (see "Start, stop, or restart all NA services" on page 28).

### **Enable SSL Communications over RMI**

To secure the RMI communications by passing them through secure socket layer (SSL) sockets, follow these steps:

1. On *each*NA core server, make all of the following changes in the <NA\_HOME>/server/ext/jboss/server/default/deploy/remoting-jboss-beans.xml file:

**Note:** Perform this step in a single-core as well as multi-core NA environments.

a. Within the deployment block, add the following lines:

On Windows:

```
<bean name="sslServerSocketFactoryEJB2"</pre>
class="org.jboss.security.ssl.DomainServerSocketFactory">
   <constructor>
       <parameter><inject bean="EJB2SSLDomain"/></parameter>
   </constructor>
   cproperty name="protocols">TLSv1.2
   WITH AES 256 CBC SHA256,TLS RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256,TLS RSA WITH AES 256 CBC
SHA256, TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA</property>
</bean>
<bean name="EJB2SSLDomain" class="org.jboss.security.plugins.JaasSecurityDomain">
   <constructor>
        <parameter>EJB2SSLDomain
   </constructor>
   cproperty name="keyStoreURL"><NA</pre>
Home>\server\ext\jboss\server\default\conf\truecontrol.keystore</property>
   cproperty name="keyStorePass">sentinel
cproperty name="trustStoreURL"><NA</pre>
Home>\server\ext\jboss\server\default\conf\truecontrol.truststore</property>
cproperty name="trustStorePass">sentinel
</bean>
```

#### On Linux:

```
<bean name="sslServerSocketFactoryEJB2"</pre>
class="org.jboss.security.ssl.DomainServerSocketFactory">
    <constructor>
       <parameter><inject bean="EJB2SSLDomain"/></parameter>
    </constructor>
    cproperty name="protocols">TLSv1.2
    cproperty name="cipherSuites">TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256,TLS_DHE_RSA_
WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256,TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256,TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_
SHA256, TLS RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA</property>
</bean>
<bean name="EJB2SSLDomain" class="org.jboss.security.plugins.JaasSecurityDomain">
   <constructor>
        <parameter>EJB2SSLDomain
   </constructor>
   property
name="keyStoreURL">/opt/NA/server/ext/jboss/server/default/conf/truecontrol.keystore
</property>
    cproperty name="keyStorePass">sentinel
cproperty name="trustStoreURL"><NA</pre>
Home>/server/ext/jboss/server/default/conf/truecontrol.truststore
cproperty name="trustStorePass">sentinel
</bean>
```

```
b. In the <bean name="UnifiedInvokerConnector"</p>
   class="org.jboss.remoting.transport.Connector"> block, add the following lines:
   <!-- added to configure the SSL socket for the UnifiedInvoker -->
   cproperty name="serverSocketFactory"><inject</pre>
   bean="sslServerSocketFactoryEJB2"/></property>
   For example:
   <bean name="UnifiedInvokerConnector" class="org.jboss.remoting.transport.Connector">
       <annotation>@org.jboss.aop.microcontainer.aspects.jmx.JMX
   (name="jboss.remoting:service=Connector,transport=socket",
   exposedInterface=org.jboss.remoting.transport.ConnectorMBean.class,registerDirectly=tru
   e)
       </annotation>
       cproperty name="serverConfiguration"><inject</pre>
   bean="UnifiedInvokerConnector"/></property>
       <!-- added to configure the SSL socket for the UnifiedInvoker -->
       cyroperty name="serverSocketFactory"><inject</pre>
   bean="sslServerSocketFactoryEJB2"/></property>
   </bean>
```

- c. In the <bean name="UnifiedInvokerConnector" class="org.jboss.remoting.ServerConfiguration"> block, make both of the following edits:
  - Change the transport parameter to sslsocket.
  - After the <entry><key>dataType</key> <value>invocation</value></entry> line, add the following line:

<entry><key>enabledProtocols</key> <value>TLSv1.2</value></entry>

For example:

2. On eachNA core server, add the following lines under the # Java Additional Parameters section in the <NA HOME>/server/ext/jboss/server/default/conf/syslog wrapper.conf file:

Note: Perform this step in a single-core as well as multi-core NA environments.

• On Windows, add the following lines:

```
wrapper.java.additional.3 = -Djavax.net.ssl.keyStore=<NA_
Home>\server\ext\jboss\server\default\conf\truecontrol.keystore
wrapper.java.additional.4 = -Djavax.net.ssl.keyStorePassword=sentinel
wrapper.java.additional.5=-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=<NA_
Home>\server\ext\jboss\server\default\conf\truecontrol.truststore
wrapper.java.additional.6=-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=sentinel
```

On Linux, add the following lines:

```
wrapper.java.additional.3 = -Djavax.net.ssl.keyStore=<NA_
Home>/server/ext/jboss/server/default/conf/truecontrol.keystore
wrapper.java.additional.4 = -Djavax.net.ssl.keyStorePassword=sentinel
wrapper.java.additional.5=-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=<NA_
Home>/server/ext/jboss/server/default/conf/truecontrol.truststore
wrapper.java.additional.6=-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=sentinel
```

- 3. In distributed NA environments with multiple NA cores, follow these steps:
  - a. On the NA core 1 server, export the NA certificate to a file.

Change to the directory that contains the truecontrol.keystore and truecontrol.truststore files:

i. (missing or bad snippet)

- ii. Run the keytool command. For example:
  - · Windows:

```
<NA_HOME>\jre\bin\keytool.exe -export -alias sentinel \
-file na1cert.cer -keystore truecontrol.keystore
```

• Linux:

```
<NA_HOME>/jre/bin/keytool -export -alias sentinel -file na1cert.cer \
-keystore truecontrol.keystore
```

When prompted for the key store password, enter: sentinel

**Tip:** The output file (for example, na1cert.cer) is created in the location from which the command is run.

The command output is of the following form:

Certificate stored in file na1cert.cer

b. On the remaining NA core servers in the distributed environment, import the NA core 1 server certificate into the truecontrol.truststore file as follows:

Copy the exported file (for example, na1cert.cer) from its current location on the NA core 1 server to another NA core server in the distributed environment. Place the file in the directory that contains the truecontrol.keystore and truecontrol.truststore files:

- i. (missing or bad snippet)
- ii. Change to that directory.
- iii. Run the keytool command. For example:
  - Windows:

```
<NA_HOME>\jre\bin\keytool.exe -import -alias na1cert \
-file na1cert.cer -keystore truecontrol.truststore
```

• Linux:

```
<NA_HOME>/jre/bin/keytool -import -alias na1cert -file na1cert.cer \
-keystore truecontrol.truststore
```

When prompted for the key store password, enter: **sentinel** 

When prompted to trust the certificate, type **yes**, and then press **Enter**.

**Tip:** Specify the file (for example, na1cert.cer) created in step a.

The alias is the identifier of the new certificate in the truecontrol.truststore file on the additional NA core server. It does not need to match the alias in the truecontrol.keystore file on NA core 1 server.

The command output is of the following form:

Version: 3
Trust this certificate? [no]: yes
Certificate was added to truststore

iv. Repeat step i through step iii as needed until the truecontrol.truststore files on all NA core servers contain the NA core 1 server certificate.

# Enable Secure Communication with Satellites

**Note:** Use this procedure only after installing the NA 10.11.011 patch. The steps provided in this section fail to work when the patch is not installed.

This section provides a procedure to enable a more secure mode of communication between NA cores and satellites.

In an environment with a single NA core:

- 1. Open the adjustable\_options.rcx file from the following location:
  - Windows: <NA\_HOME>\jre
  - Linux: <NA\_HOME>/jre
- 2. Add the following line:

<option name="rpc/isnextgenprotocol">true</option>

- 3. Save the file.
- 4. Restart the NA services:
  - Windows: Open the Services control panel. In the list of services, right-click each of the following services, and then click Restart:
    - TrueControl ManagementEngine
    - TrueControl SA Client
    - TrueControl FTP Server
    - TrueControl Syslog Server
    - TrueControl TFTP Server
  - Linux: Run the following command:

/etc/init.d/truecontrol restart

5. Redeploy the NA remote agent on all the satellites.

In a Horizontal Scalability environment:

- 1. Follow these steps on each NA core:
  - a. Open the adjustable options.rcx file from the following location:
    - Windows:<NA\_HOME>\jre
    - Linux:<NA\_HOME>/jre
  - b. Add the following line:

<option name="rpc/isnextgenprotocol">true</option>

- c. Save the file.
- d. Restart the NA services:

- Windows: Open the Services control panel. In the list of services, right-click each of the following services, and then click Restart:
  - TrueControl ManagementEngine
  - TrueControl SA Client
  - TrueControl FTP Server
  - TrueControl Syslog Server
  - TrueControl TFTP Server
- Linux: Run the following command:

#### /etc/init.d/truecontrol restart

2. Redeploy the NA remote agent on all the satellites of any one NA core.

This procedure creates additional keystore and truststore files (corerpc.keystore, corerpc.truststore, satelliterpc.keystore, and satelliterpc.truststore) on the NA core. These files are placed in the following directory:

- Windows:<NA\_HOME>\server\ext\jboss\server\default\conf
- Linux:<NA\_HOME>/server/ext/jboss/server/default/conf
- 3. Copy these newly generated files and place them in the same directory on all other NA cores.
- 4. Redeploy the NA remote agent on all the satellites of all other NA cores.

### **User Authentication**

Users can authenticate into the NA console by using a local user account or by using one of several external authentication components. Each approach requires administrative setup.

#### Local user accounts

Local user accounts are specific to the NA installation only. An NA administrator can set the following general behaviors that apply to all local user accounts:

- · Minimum password length
- · Password complexity
- · Password expiration
- Password reuse
- System lock out after a configured number of consecutive failed log-in attempts

**Note:** If this level of user authentication configuration is not sufficient for the security standards of your environment, it is recommended to use an external mechanism for user authentication. See "External authentication" below.

Additionally, during user account creation, an NA administrator can set password options for that user account.

Tip: For local accounts, NA requires each new user to reset their password on first login.

For information about configuring the security behaviors of local NA user accounts, see "User Authentication Page Fields," "Password Expiration," and "Password Reuse" in the *NA User Guide*.

For information about creating local NA user accounts, see "Managing Users" in the NA User Guide.

Note: It is recommended to require long passwords (at least 8 characters) with the following characteristics:

- At least one upper case letter and one lower case letter
- · At least one digit
- At least one special character (for the supported special characters, see ...)

Additionally, it is recommended to enable system lock out after a configured number of consecutive failed log-in attempts.

#### **External authentication**

The administrator of the external authentication component determines the security behaviors for all users and all applications that use that component.

- For information about the authentication components and versions that NA supports, see "Additional Compatibility Information" in the NA Support Matrix.
- For information about external authentication components and how to enable their use in NA, see "User Authentication" in the NA User Guide.

For most external authentication methods (but not Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)), you can enable authentication failover to use the local NA user account when the external authentication server is unavailable. This approach requires that you create a local NA user account for each user who normally authenticates through an external authentication server. Authentication failover is disabled by default.

### NA console session timeout

By default, the NA console session timeout is 30 minutes (1800 seconds). An NA administrator can change this value for all NA console users in the **Session Timeout** field on the Administrative Settings - User Interface page (**Admin > Administrative Settings > User Interface**).

Note: It is recommended to configure the session timeout in accordance with the policy for your environment.

# **Compliance Features**

#### **FIPS**

As of NA 10.10:

- FIPS mode is enabled by default for the following types of connections to the NA core:
  - SSL (HTTPS)
  - SSH
  - SCP
  - SFTP
- FIPS mode is disabled by default for SSH connections from the NA core to devices.
   For information about enabling FIPS mode to devices, see "Enabling FIPS Mode" in the NA Administration Guide.

**Note:** If FIPS mode was explicitly disabled in the adjustable\_options.rcx file prior to upgrading to NA 10.10, the upgrade honors that setting and FIPS remains disabled.

### NA console logon banner

You can enable a banner page that appears and must be acknowledged before a user can access the NA console login page. For information about enabling this functionality, see "Enabling the Logon Banner" in the NA User Guide.

#### **User authentication events**

As of NA 10.10, NA generates an event for every user login, logout, or failed log-in attempt. For the event names, see "Event Descriptions" in the *NA User Guide*.

# **Clickjacking Protection**

The default NA configuration supports running NA in a portal. For this reason, the default NA is unable to protect against clickjacking. If you do not integrate NA with a portal, enable clickjacking protection by adding the following lines to the adjustable\_options.rcx file:

<option name="security/check\_clickjacking/enable">true</option>
<option name="security/check\_clickjacking/x\_frame\_options">DENY</option>

**Tip:** The value DENY is case-insensitive.

**Note:** It is recommended to enable clickjacking protection as described here.

# **Prevent Web Browser Caching**

Some companies have requirements that web browser caching not be used with NA.

By default, the web browser caches NA content for faster loading of pages in the NA console. To disable all caching of NA content, add the following line to the adjustable\_options.rcx file:

<option name="security/cache\_control/enabled">true</option>

**Note:** Enabling this options sets all NA cache-control responses to no-cache, no-store, which means that NA must completely build each NA console page each time a user requests the page. This behavior change could impact NA performance at higher scale.

## Restrict Email Forwarding

**Note:** It is recommended to configure the SMTP server used by NA to limit the domains that the email server sends messages to. This configuration occurs outside NA and applies to all applications that use the SMTP server.

By default, NA does not verify email addresses before sending email messages from the NA core server. It is recommended to configure NA to send email messages only within your company's domain. Alternatively, you can configure NA to accept only specific email addresses.

Restrict the email addresses to which NA sends email messages by adding a customized version of one of the following line groups to the adjustable options.rcx file:

• The following lines restrict NA to sending email messages to only the specified domains:

```
<!-- e-mail restrictions -->
<option name="email/allowed/prefs">domain</option>
<option name="email/domain/allowed">*</option>
```

Set email/domain/allowed to a comma-separated list of the permitted domains.

The following lines restrict NA to sending email messages to only the specified email addresses:

```
<!-- e-mail restrictions -->
<option name="email/allowed/prefs">address</option>
<option name="email/addresses/allowed">*</option>
```

Set email/addresses/allowed to a comma-separated list of the permitted email addresses.

The following lines restrict NA to sending email messages to only the specified domains and email addresses:

```
<!-- e-mail restrictions -->
<option name="email/allowed/prefs">both</option>
<option name="email/domain/allowed">*</option>
<option name="email/addresses/allowed">*</option>
```

Set email/domain/allowed to a comma-separated list of the permitted domains.

Set email/addresses/allowed to a comma-separated list of the permitted email addresses. The domains of the specified email addresses do not need to be included in the list of permitted domains.

# **Enable the Check for Email Injection**

By default, NA does not examine outgoing email messages to verify that no non-NA content has been added to the messages. It is recommended to enable such checking.

To configure NA to check all outgoing email messages for email injection (and prevent sending any messages that have been subjected to email injection), add the following line the adjustable options.rcx file:

<option name="security/emailInjection/check">true</option>

# Strengthen Security

You can strengthen the security of NA by applying any or all of the following changes:

- "Configure the Ciphers Used by the NA Web Server" below
- "Configure the NA SSH Server" on page 24
- "Disable FTP Access to Managed Devices" on page 27
- "Limit User Access to the NA Web Server" on page 27

# Configure the Ciphers Used by the NA Web Server

NA supports the following ciphers for secure communications with the NA web server. The ciphers in this list are known to be compatible with RSA BSAFE and FIPS mode:

- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
- SSL\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA
- SSL\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA
- SSL\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256

**Note:** At the time of this release, NA does not support elliptical curve cryptography (ECC) as it conflicts with FIPS mode.

The ciphers parameter of the Connector element in the <NA\_HOME>/server/ext/jboss/server/ default/deploy/jbossweb.sar/server.xml file specifies which ciphers NA might use. This parameter contains an ordered list of one or more ciphers. If NA is unable to use the first cipher in the list to establish a connection between the NA web server and the user's web browser, NA tries to use the next cipher, and so forth. (The preceding list shows the default cipher ordering.)

You can edit the value of the ciphers parameter to delete ciphers that NA should not use and to change the order in which NA attempts to use the available ciphers.

Note: The value of the ciphers parameter must be a comma-separated list that contains no white space and is

### one contiguous line.

HP recommends changing the order of the ciphers list to place 256-bit encryption above 128-bit encryption and to remove the weakest encryption algorithms as follows:

- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
- TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256

On an NA satellite, this configuration is in the <code>/opt/opsware/nassat/server/ext/tomcat/conf/server.xmlfile</code>.

**Note:** The web browser must support at least one of the configured ciphers.

For example, the HTTP connector element for the NA core might look like:

```
<Connector port="443" address="${jboss.bind.address}" protocol="HTTP/1.1"</pre>
     minSpareThreads="5" maxSpareThreads="75"
     enableLookups="true" disableUploadTimeout="true"
     acceptCount="100" maxThreads="200"
     scheme="https" secure="true" SSLEnabled="true"
     keystoreFile="${jboss.server.home.dir}/conf/
          truecontrol.keystore" keystorePass="sentinel"
     truststoreFile="${jboss.server.home.dir}/conf/
          truecontrol.truststore" truststorePass="sentinel"
     clientAuth="want" sslProtocol="TLS"
     useBodyEncodingForURI="true"
     compression="on" compressionMinSize="2048"
          compressableMimeType="text/html,text/xml,text/css,
          text/javascript"
     ciphers="TLS DHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA256,TLS RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA256,TLS RSA WITH
AES 256 CBC SHA,TLS RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256,TLS DHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256"
For example, the HTTP connector element for an NA satellite might look like:
<Connector port="8443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"</pre>
     maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true"
     clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS"
     keystoreFile="conf/nassat.keystore" keystorePass="sentinel"
     ciphers="TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256,TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256,TLS_RSA_WITH_
AES_256_CBC_SHA,TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256,TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256"
```

/>

### Configure the NA SSH Server

**Note:** Follow the examples in this section only after applying the NA 10.11.01 patch.

# Configure the NA SSH Server to Require a Stronger HMAC Algorithm

When FIPS mode is enabled for SSH connections to the NA core, NA uses the following keyed-hash message authentication code (HMAC) encryption algorithms:

- hmac-sha2-256
- hmac-sha256
- hmac-sha256@ssh.com

This configuration is the default behavior for new installations of NA 10.10 or later.

The full list of supported HMAC algorithms is as follows:

- hmac-sha256
- hmac-md5
- hmac-sha1
- hmac-md5-96
- hmac-sha1-96
- hmac-sha2-256
- hmac-sha256@ssh.com

### Example

To limit HMAC to hmac-sha2-256, add one of the following lines to the adjustable options.rcx file:

· When the FIPS mode is enabled:

. When the FIPS mode is not enabled:

# Configure the NA SSH Server to Require a Stronger Cipher List

When FIPS mode is enabled for SSH connections to the NA core, NA uses the following cipher lists:

- 3des-cbc
- aes128-cbc
- aes128-ctr
- aes 192-cbc
- aes 192-ctr
- · aes256-cbc
- aes256-ctr

This configuration is the default behavior for new installations of NA 10.10 or later.

The complete list of supported ciphers is as follows:

- 3des-cbc
- aes128-cbc
- aes128-ctr
- aes192-cbc
- aes 192-ctr
- aes256-cbc
- aes256-ctr
- 3des-ctr
- blowfish-cbc
- arcfour
- arcfour128
- arcfour256

#### Example

To limit the cipher list to aes256-ctr, add one of the following lines to the adjustable\_options.rcx file:

When the FIPS mode is enabled:

· When the FIPS mode is not enabled:

# Configure the NA SSH Server to Require a Stronger Key Exchange Method

When FIPS mode is enabled for SSH connections to the NA core, NA uses the diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256 key exchange method.

This configuration is the default behavior for new installations of NA 10.10 or later.

The complete list of supported key exchange methods is as follows:

- diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
- diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
- diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
- diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256

### **Example**

To limit the key exchange method list to diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256, add one of the following lines to the adjustable\_options.rcx file:

• When the FIPS mode is enabled:

· When the FIPS mode is not enabled:

## Disable FTP Access to Managed Devices

Because FTP transfers information in clear text, it is considered to be a non-secure protocol. It is recommended to disable the FTP protocol if it is not required in your NA environment and to use SSH instead.

**Note:** Some managed devices may be accessible only using FTP. Disabling the NA FTP server effectively disables NA access to these devices.

Disable the NA FTP server by editing the /etc/init.d/truecontrol file to comment out the StartFTP statement near line 280 and the StopWrapper FTP "TrueControl FTP Server" statement near line 291.

For example:

```
start() {
     cd /opt/NA/server/ext/wrapper/bin
     StartTFTP
     StartSyslog
     StartJBoss
     # StartFTP
     # StartPerl
     StartSWIM
}
stop ()
     cd /opt/NA/server/ext/wrapper/bin
     StopWrapper JBoss "TrueControl Management Engine"
     StopWrapper Syslog "TrueControl Syslog Server"
     StopWrapper SWIM "TrueControl SWIM Server"
     StopWrapper TFTP "TrueControl TFTP Server"
     # StopWrapper FTP "TrueControl FTP Server"
     KillProcess wrapper swim_wrapper
}
```

After starting the NA services, disable the FTP monitor. In the NA console, on the Server Monitoring page (**Admin > Administrative Settings > Server Monitoring**), clear the **Enable the FTPMonitor** check box, and then click **Save**.

### Limit User Access to the NA Web Server

It is recommended to limit traffic to the NA web server to only those users who should have access. Possible ways to limit this traffic include:

- Configure a firewall in front of the NA core server.
   For information about the ports that NA uses, see "HP Network Automation Software Ports" in the NA Administration Guide.
- Isolate user access to the NA core server on specific network interfaces only.

### Common Procedures

This section describes procedures that are common to many HP Network Automation Software (NA) configuration and maintenance tasks. It includes the following topics:

- "Start, stop, or restart all NA services" below
- "Disable NA services" on the next page
- · "Working with .rcx files" on the next page

### Start, stop, or restart all NA services

Stopping the NA services before changing the NA configuration prevents conflicting data from being stored in the NA database. Some procedures call for restarting the NA services to read the updated configuration.

#### To start all NA services

- Windows: Open the Services control panel. In the list of services, right-click each of the following services, and then click Start:
  - TrueControl ManagementEngine
  - TrueControl FTP Server
  - TrueControl SWIM Server
  - TrueControl Syslog Server
  - TrueControl TFTP Server
- . Linux: Run the following command:

/etc/init.d/truecontrol start

### To stop all NA services:

- Windows: Open the Services control panel. In the list of services, right-click each of the following services, and then click Stop:
  - TrueControl ManagementEngine
  - TrueControl FTP Server
  - TrueControl SWIM Server
  - TrueControl Syslog Server
  - TrueControl TFTP Server
- Linux: Run the following command:

/etc/init.d/truecontrol stop

#### To restart all NA services

- Windows: Open the Services control panel. In the list of services, right-click each of the following services, and then click Restart:
  - TrueControl ManagementEngine
  - TrueControl FTP Server
  - TrueControl SWIM Server
  - TrueControl Syslog Server
  - TrueControl TFTP Server
- Linux: Run the following command:

/etc/init.d/truecontrol restart

### Disable NA services

Some procedures call for disabling automatic startup of the NA services on system boot.

#### To disable all NA services

- Windows: Open the Services control panel. In the list of services, right-click each of the following services, and then click Properties, and then set Startup Type to Disabled:
  - TrueControl ManagementEngine
  - TrueControl FTP Server
  - TrueControl SWIM Server
  - TrueControl Syslog Server
  - TrueControl TFTP Server
- Linux: Run the following command:

mv /etc/rc.d/rc5.d/S99truecontrol /etc/S99truecontrol

### Working with .rcx files

The Network Automation Software (NA) property files use the .rcx extension. NA reads .rcx files in reverse alphabetical order. If a given setting is in multiple .rcx files, NA uses the last-read value. Thus, the settings in the adjustable\_options.rcx file take precedence over the settings in the other .rcx files installed with NA.

At startup, NA reads *all* files in the jre directory and interprets their contents for NA configuration options. For this reason, save all backup copies of .rcx files outside the root NA directory.

In Horizontal Scalability environments, NA shares the actual values of most settings, not the .rcx files, across the NA cores. When a setting is modified on one NA core, that setting is replicated to the other NA cores. If an NA core is not operational during the change replication, that NA core does not receive the change. In that case, at a later time, use the Admin > Distributed > Renew Configuration Options page to pull changes to other NA cores.

The distributed system options section of the appserver.rcx file lists the settings that are specific to one NA core and are not shared across the NA cores.

Some configuration changes require .rcx file modifications. The .rcx files are located in the following directory:

- Windows: <NA\_HOME>\jre
- Linux: <NA\_HOME>/jre

Always edit .rcx files with care. These files use XML format. If a .rcx file change results in invalid XML, the NA console might not start correctly.

It is recommended to make all configuration changes in the adjustable\_options.rcx file. NA patch installations and product upgrades might overwrite any of the other NA-installed .rcx files.

The general procedure for changing .rcx files is as follows:

- Back up the .rcx file to a location outside the <NA\_HOME> directory.
   NA reads all .rcx files within the NA directory structure.
- 2. Add new content or update existing content as described in the instructions.
- 3. Save the .rcx file.
- 4. Reload the .rcx settings by doing one of the following:
  - In the NA console, on the Admin > Administrative Settings > User Interface page, click Save.
  - Run the reload server options command from the NA proxy.
  - · Restart the NA services.

Some changes do not take effect until the NA services have been restarted.

# We appreciate your feedback!

If you have comments about this document, you can contact the documentation team by email. If an email client is configured on this system, click the link above and an email window opens with the following information in the subject line:

### Feedback on Hardening Guide, January 2018 (Network Automation Software 10.11)

Just add your feedback to the email and click send.

If no email client is available, copy the information above to a new message in a web mail client, and send your feedback to network-management-doc-feedback@hpe.com.