# HP Database and Middleware Automation

For Red Hat Enterprise Linux and SUSE Enterprise Linux Software Version: 10.20

Installation Guide

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# **Documentation Updates**

The title page of this document contains the following identifying information:

- Software Version number, which indicates the software version.
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The following table indicates changes made to this document since the last released major edition.

Chapter	Version	Changes
Pre-Installation Requirements	10.01	Instructed user to check online for updated versions. Added a supported operating system.
How to Install HP DMA	10.01	Reorganized chapter to clarify what tasks are done by the SA administrator.
How to Upgrade HP DMA	10.01	Added instructions to upgrade from HP DMA 10.00 to 10.01.
How to Link HP DMA into HP Server Automation	10.01	Replaced the "How to Deactivate Outdated Versions of HP DMA" chapter with this chapter.
Special Configurations	10.01	Added new chapter.
Troubleshooting	10.01	Added new chapter.
Title Page	10.10	Updated version number, software release date,
Legal Notices		document release date, and copyright date range.
Pre-Installation Requirements	10.10	Added requirement to obtain an SSL Certificate.

#### Document Changes

Version	Changes
10.10	Modified the instructions. Updated screen shots. Added instructions to configure SSL.
10.10	Modified the instructions to upgrade from 10.01 (or 10.00) and to revert back to 10.01.
10.10	Added additional configurations.
10.10	Added additional troubleshooting information.
10.10	Added new section of troubleshooting information.
10.20	Updated version number, software release date, document release date, and copyright date range.
	Added SUSE platform.
10.20	Added information that HP DMA and SA servers can be collocated.
10.20	Included support for HP Server Automation SAVA and Enterprise Edition.
	HP DMA can be installed on SUSE Enterprise Linux.
	Only supported on Oracle 11g R2.
10.20	Added instructions to use the HP Live Network connector to update westAPX with the additional Update WestAPX
	for Windows User.
10.20	The TNS listener needs to be started after database creation. If the TNS listener is not running, an error in the Oracle Server or Oracle SID Name will occur.
10.20	Described what happens when incorrect credentials are entered.
	10.10         10.10         10.10         10.10         10.20         10.20         10.20         10.20         10.20         10.20         10.20         10.20         10.20

#### **Document Changes (continued)**

Chapter	Version	Changes
DMA Client Files Policy Error	10.20	Added troubleshooting information if the /DMA_Client directory does not exist or is not writable.
Other Requirements	10.20	Default SA port is 443.
Install the HP DMA Server	10.20	Clarified that the servers cannot be localhost.
Installation Media Contents	10.20	Updated contents of installation media.
Troubleshooting	10.20	Added information about turning on debug.
Pre-Installation Requirements	10.20	Oracle Database Enterprise or Standard Edition can be used as the backend database tool.

#### **Document Changes (continued)**

# Support

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- Submit and track support cases and enhancement requests
- Download software patches
- Manage support contracts
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- · Enter into discussions with other software customers
- · Research and register for software training

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http://h20229.www2.hp.com/passport-registration.html

To find more information about access levels, go to:

http://h20230.www2.hp.com/new\_access\_levels.jsp

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# Introduction

This document shows you how to perform various installation tasks for HP Database and Middleware Automation (HP DMA) version 10.20:

- How to do a complete installation of HP DMA 10.20 from scratch: Install the HP DMA server, install the HP DMA Client for SA, integrate with HP Server Automation, and set up the initial HP DMA operating environment
- How to uninstall HP DMA
- How to upgrade from HP DMA version 10.10 (or 10.01) to version 10.20
- How to link HP DMA version 10.20 into HP Server Automation
- How to troubleshoot problems that can arise during installation and initial configuration of HP DMA

This guide also provides information about various Special Configurations that may be pertinent to your environment.

# Audience

This guide is intended for system administrators who want to install or upgrade HP Database and Middleware Automation (HP DMA) version 10.20.

# **Document Map**

The following table shows you how to navigate this guide:

Торіс	Description
Pre-Installation Requirements	Information about the requirements to install HP DMA, including what is on the installation media, supported products and platforms, sizing requirements, how to set up the Oracle database, how to obtain a signed server certificate, and other requirements.
How to Install	Detailed instructions for how to install HP DMA 10.20, including:
HP DMA	How to install the HP DMA server
	How to configure SSL on the HP DMA server
	How to install the HP DMA Client for SA
	How to integrate with HP Server Automation
	How to start HP Database and Middleware Automation
	How to do the initial set up of HP Database and Middleware Automation
How to Uninstall HP DMA	Instructions for how to uninstall HP DMA.
How to Upgrade HP DMA	Instructions for how to upgrade from HP DMA version 10.10 (or 10.01) to 10.20.
How to Link HP DMA into HP Server Automation	Instructions for how to disable outdated versions of HP DMA that came with HP Server Automation (SA) and redirect SA to call HP DMA 10.20 instead.
Special Configurations	How to configure HP DMA for certain non-default scenarios.
Troubleshooting	Tips for solving common problems.
Reference Information	Links to more information about HP DMA, HP Server Automation, reference information for the HP DMA baseline command, and information about the SA Client.

# Chapter 1

# **Pre-Installation Requirements**

You must meet the following requirements before you can install the HP DMA 10.20:

Торіс	Description
Installation Media Contents	A description of the contents of the HP DMA 10.20 installation media that is required for the installation.
Supported Products and Platforms	A list of the required products, platforms, hardware, and software.
Sizing Recommendations	Information about the minimum recommended CPU count, RAM, and disk space for the HP DMA server and the HP DMA database server.
Create and Configure the Oracle Database	A description of how the Oracle Database needs to be configured before it can be used by HP DMA 10.20.
Obtain a Signed Server Certificate	Information about obtaining a server certificate signed by a trusted Certificate Authority.
Other Requirements	A list of all other pre-installation requirements for HP DMA 10.20.

### **Installation Media Contents**

This topic describes the contents of the purchased HP DMA 10.20 installation media—DVD or ISO file. When you mount the media you will see the following folders and files:

Top level folder			
readme.txt	Last minute corrections to instructions and information about files on the media		
DMA_10.20_Open_Source_ Licenses.zip	This file contains the license agreements for the Open Source software used by HP DMA.		
DMA_10.20_Server_and_Client folder			
dma-server-10.20-0.x86_64.rpm	The rpm file that will install the HP DMA 10.20 server.		
dma-sa-client-10.20-0.x86_64.rpm	The rpm file that will install the HP DMA 10.20 client that enables HP DMA to integrate with HP Server Automation (SA).		
Discovery.zip	Solution pack containing workflows that you can use to discover:		
	<ul> <li>Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, and DB2 databases on target servers.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>IBM WebSphere and Oracle Weblogic middleware applications on target servers.</li> </ul>		
Promote.zip	Solution pack containing workflows that you can use to promote HP DMA workflows (and related automation items) from a source HP DMA server to a destination HP DMA server.		
DMA_10.20_Documentation			
buildinfo.txt	Information about how the installation media was constructed		
DMA_10.20_Installation_Guide.pdf	HP DMA Installation Guide—this document		
DMA_10.20_Administrator_Guide.pdf	HP DMA Administrator Guide		
DMA_10.20_User_Guide.pdf	HP DMA User Guide		
DMA_10.20_Release_Notes.pdf	HP DMA Release Notes		
DMA_10.20_Open_Source_Third_ Party_Licenses.pdf	HP DMA Open Source and Third-Party Software License Agreements		

AdvancedDBPatching.zip	Tools that you can use to automate Oracle Database
	patching CRS or Grid Home, RAC Home, CRS Patchset, Grid Standalone Patch, and Standalone Grid.
AdvancedDBProvisioning.zip	Tools that you can use to automate Oracle Database provisioning, including CRS, ASM, RAC, and Dataguard.
DBCompliance.zip	Tools that you can use to audit your database environment for compliance with a specific security benchmark— for Oracle, MS SQL, Sybase, and DB2 databases.
DBPatching.zip	Tools that you can use to patch database components in an efficient, automated way—for Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, and DB2 databases.
DBProvisioning.zip	Tools that you can use to create and install new databases—for Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, and DB2 databases.
DBRefresh.zip	Tools that you can use to move the contents of a database. For Oracle databases you can use RMAN or Data Pump. For SQL Server databases you can backup and restore. For Sybase Databases you can dump and load.
DBReleaseManagement.zip	Tools that you can use to update any schema, data, server configuration, or security settings—for Oracle, SQL Server, and Sybase databases.

#### DMA\_10.20\_Database\_Solution\_Packs folder

#### DMA\_10.20\_Middleware\_Solution\_Packs folder

ASConfigManagement.zip	Tools that you can use to manage the configuration of application servers, including clusters, data sources, and web servers—for IBM WebSphere.
ASPatching.zip	Tools that you can use to automate the process of applying fixes and updates to application servers—for IBM WebSphere and Oracle WebLogic.
ASProvisioning.zip	Tools that you can use to automate the process of installing application servers—for IBM WebSphere, Oracle WebLogic, and JBoss.
ASReleaseManagement.zip	Tools that you can use to automate the process of backing up, deploying, and restoring IBM WebSphere application servers and deploying and configuring Oracle WebLogic application servers.

**Tip:** Always check to see if there are more recent versions of the HP DMA documentation or solution packs available online. Due to frequent releases, it is possible that the files provided on the HP DMA 10.20 installation media have since been updated.

HP DMA solution pack documentation is only available online.

#### To get the most recent version of HP DMA documentation or solution packs:

- 1. Go to the following web site: HP Software Support Online
- 2. Go to the Self-Solve tab, and sign in using your HP Passport credentials (see Support on page 6 for more information).
- 3. On the Advanced Search page, specify the following search criteria:

Product:	Database and Middleware Automation
Version:	All Versions
Operating System:	All Operating Systems
Document Type:	Manuals and Patches

- 4. Click Search.
- 5. If there is a more recent version of documentation or you want a solution pack user guide (not included on the installation media), do the following:
  - a. Click the link for the manual that you want to view.
  - b. Click the 🛃 button or the manual name to open the manual in your browser.
- 6. If there is a more recent version of a solution pack, do the following:
  - a. Click the link for the solution pack.
  - b. Click the **DOWNLOAD PATCH** link, and download the ZIP file that contains the patch.
  - c. From the patch ZIP file, extract the ZIP file that contains the solution pack.

**Note:** This ZIP file may be included in a larger ZIP file that contains multiple solution packs.

### **Supported Products and Platforms**

#### **Operating System Requirements**

HP DMA 10.20 can be installed on the following platforms:

- Red Hat Enterprise Linux versions 5.8 and 6.1 (or later) 64-bit
- SUSE Enterprise Linux version 11 (or later) 64-bit

**Note:** Although HP DMA will work on other Linux operating systems, HP will only support these certified versions.

#### Hardware Requirements

See the Sizing Recommendations on the next page.

**Note:** HP DMA is fully supported to be installed and run on VMware versions 5 and 5.1 virtual machines.

#### Software Requirements

• HP Server Automation Virtual Appliance 10 (SAVA)—Standard Edition 10.0—or HP Server Automation Enterprise Edition version 10.0, 9.1x, or 9.06

Note: You must purchase this license separately.

Oracle Database Enterprise or Standard Edition version 11g R2

Note: HP does not provide the Oracle Database license to run HP DMA.

### **Sizing Recommendations**

This topic suggests deployment sizing guidelines to help you decide the hardware and infrastructure that you need to deploy HP DMA in your environment. This topic suggests the minimum recommended CPU count, RAM, and disk space for the HP DMA server and the HP DMA database server—the server that houses your Oracle database.

**Tip:** This topic does not give sizing recommendations for HP Server Automation (SA). The assumption is that SA is already up and running in your environment.

#### **HP DMA Deployment Modes**

HP DMA supports the following deployment options:

- Single Server: Install both the HP DMA server and the HP DMA database on a single server
- Dual Server: Install HP DMA on one server and create the HP DMA database on a separate server

#### **Deployment sizing categories**

Category	Number of HP DMA Clients
Small	<100
Medium	<500
Large	1,500+

**Note:** The number of clients is not an exact measure for sizing. Sizing depends greatly on what you do with the operational system.

#### **Recommended Sizing for HP DMA Components**

#### Sizing recommendations for deploying the HP DMA server:

Category	Number of CPUs (2.66 GHz )	RAM	Disk Space
Small	1	4 GB	25 GB
Medium	2	8 GB	50 GB
Large	4	16 GB	100 GB

**Note:** The recommendations are minimum requirements for what will be installed. These recommendations are based on dual core installation.

If you install HP DMA on a virtual machine you must ensure that the actual available CPUs and RAM for the HP DMA server virtual machine meets the same requirements.

Category	Number of CPUs (2.66 GHz )	RAM	Disk Space
Small	4	4 GB	50 GB
Medium	4	8 GB	100 GB
Large	4	16 GB	250 GB

#### Sizing recommendations for deploying the HP DMA database server:

**Note:** When considering sizing for these types of deployments, each sizing recommendation should be considered independently of whether or not the components are installed on the same server or on different servers. In other words, these sizing recommendations are additive.

If you install the HP DMA database on a virtual machine you must ensure that the actual available CPUs and RAM for the HP DMA database virtual machine meets the same requirements.

### **Create and Configure the Oracle Database**

This section describes how to create and configure the Oracle database that will be used by HP DMA.

You need a username and password for this Oracle database.

Depending on how your company manages Oracle Database, do one of the following things:

- Have your Oracle database administrator (DBA) create the Oracle Instance and the two tablespaces.
- Perform the Steps to Create and Configure the Oracle Database below.

Your Oracle Database database must be up and running before installing HP DMA.

### Steps to Create and Configure the Oracle Database

This topic shows you how to create and configure an Oracle database that will be used by HP DMA 10.20.

In the commands that follow, replace the variables (found within <>'s) with values appropriate for your environment:

Variable	Example	Description
<database_ usemame&gt;</database_ 	dma	Oracle database username
<database_ password&gt;</database_ 	myOraclePassword	Oracle database password
<oracle_sid></oracle_sid>	dma	Oracle Database Instance
<dma_data_file></dma_data_file>	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/ dma/dma_data1.ora	Fully qualified path to the hpdma_ data file
<file_size></file_size>	100	File size in MB, a number from 1 to 10000
<dma_indx_file></dma_indx_file>	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/ dma/dma_indx.ora	Fully qualified path to the hpdma_ indx file

On your Oracle Database system do the following:

- 1. Have your DBA create an Oracle Database Enterprise or Standard Edition version 11g R2 database to be used by HP DMA. Make sure the Oracle Listener and database are up and running.
- 2. Connect to the Oracle database and create the hpdma data and hpdma indx tablespaces.

Tip: Consult your DBA on the autoextends options.

- In most cases run this command: sqlplus / as sysdba
- If you have multiple databases set up with remote authentication configured, run the following command instead: sqlplus /@<Oracle SID> as sysdba

create tablespace hpdma\_data datafile '<DMA\_data\_file>' size
<file size>M autoextend on;

create tablespace hpdma\_indx datafile '<DMA\_indx\_file>' size
<file size>M autoextend on;

exit;

3. If you do not already have an existing user, create the user, and give the user permissions. For example:

create user <database\_username> identified by <database\_password>
default tablespace hpdma\_data;

grant connect, resource to <database\_username>;

grant create public synonym to <database username>;

4. Start the TNS listener after creating the database.

# **Obtain a Signed Server Certificate**

In a production environment, you should always use a server certificate signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA) in accordance with your company's security policy.

Tip: Make sure you check your company's security policy for the correct procedure.

To obtain a signed certificate, you must generate a certificate signing request for your HP DMA server and submit it to your CA. The CA will send you a digitally signed certificate via email. You can then import the signed certificate into the keystore. (See Configure SSL on the HP DMA Server on page 28 for more information.)

### **Other Requirements**

#### HP Server Automation (SA)

HP Server Automation needs to be up and running.

The person who integrates HP DMA with SA—probably your SA administrator—needs the following:

- Root access to the SA server
- · Ability to create users, groups, and permissions
- OGSH (SA Global Shell) access

This person should have the highest possible administrative rights. Although these rights may not be needed for all steps, they will help the process go smoothly.

#### Servers

HP DMA and SA can run on the same server (OS instance). HP DMA and SA can use the same Oracle installation, but each product needs to be configured to use a different database instance.

#### Ports

The following ports need to be available:

- HP DMA: 8443 is the default port, but HP DMA can be configured to use a different port if necessary.
- Oracle Database: The Oracle port needs to match how the database is configured—1521 is the default.
- SA: The SA port is 443.

#### Firewalls

The firewalls need to have the following ports open:

- Incoming on the port configured for HP DMA
- Outgoing on the ports configured for Oracle Database and SA

The firewalls need to allow SA managed servers running HP DMA workflows to access the HP DMA server on port 8443—or a proxy server can be used.

**Tip:** See Use a Proxy Server with HP DMA on page 66 for more information about how to set up a proxy server with HP DMA.

#### Privileges

To install packages on all UNIX®-type machines you must log on as a user that has root access.

# Chapter 2

# How to Install HP DMA

This chapter contains the following topics and should be performed in order:

Торіс	Description
Install the HP DMA Server	Step-by-step instructions about how to install the HP DMA 10.20 server.
Configure SSL on the HP DMA Server	Step-by-step instructions about how to configure SSL on the HP DMA 10.20 server.
Install the HP DMA Client for SA	Step-by-step instructions about how to install the HP DMA 10.20 client.
Integrate HP DMA with HP Server Automation	Step-by-step instructions about how to integrate HP DMA 10.20 with HP Server Automation. These steps should be performed by the SA administrator.
Start HP DMA	Directions to start HP DMA 10.20.
Set Up HP DMA	General information about how to use HP DMA 10.20 to set up the connector, roles, capabilities, and targets, and to import a solution pack.

# Install the HP DMA Server

This stage shows you how to install the HP DMA server.

In the commands that follow, replace the variables (found within <>'s) with values appropriate for your environment:

Variable	Example	Description
<database_ username&gt;</database_ 	dma	Oracle Database username—must be the same username that you used when you created your Oracle database in Steps to Create and Configure the Oracle Database
<database_ password&gt;</database_ 	myOraclePassword	Oracle Database password—must be the same password that you used when you created your Oracle database in Steps to Create and Configure the Oracle Database
<dma_< td=""><td>dma.mycompany.com</td><td>Fully qualified host name of the HP DMA server</td></dma_<>	dma.mycompany.com	Fully qualified host name of the HP DMA server
server>		Note: This cannot be localhost.
<oracle_ SID&gt;</oracle_ 	dma	Oracle Database Instance—must be the same instance that you used when you created your Oracle database in Steps to Create and Configure the Oracle Database
<oracle_ Server&gt;</oracle_ 	oracle.mycompany.com	Fully qualified host name of the Oracle Database server—must be the same server that you used when you created your Oracle database in Steps to Create and Configure the Oracle Database
		Note: This cannot be localhost.
<pre><jdbc_ jdbc:oracle:thin:@="" string=""> oracle.mycompany.co 1521:dma</jdbc_></pre>	oracle.mycompany.com:	Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connection string in the following format:
		<pre>jdbc:oracle:thin:@<oracle_server>: 1521:<oracle_sid></oracle_sid></oracle_server></pre>
		<b>Note:</b> Other connection string syntax is possible. Consult your Oracle DBA for the company standard.
<sa_ Server&gt;</sa_ 	saserver.mycompany.com	Fully qualified host name of the HP Server Automation server

On your Red Hat Enterprise Linux HP DMA server (<DMA\_server>) do the following:

- 1. Get the dma-server-10.20-0.x86\_64.rpm file from the HP DMA 10.20 installation media under the DMA 10.20 Server and Client folder.
- 2. Run the following commands as root to install the HP DMA server:

```
$ cd DMA 10.20 Server and Client
```

```
$ rpm -ivh dma-server-10.20-0.x86_64.rpm
```

Note: Only run the installation command one time.

3. Baseline your database. This will create your schema and put the database into the default state. Run the following commands as root. For example:

```
$ cd /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF
```

**Note:** Replace the arguments in the following command with values appropriate for your environment. For readability, the options are listed on separate lines—you must build the command in a single line. If you cut and paste from this PDF, make sure that the dashes (--) copy correctly.

For a full description of all the baseline options, see HP DMA Baseline Options on page 107.

This command does not baseline the connector. You will configure the connector later (see Configure the Connector on page 48).

```
$ sh ./dmaBaselineData.sh --create-tables
--create-context
--database-username <database_username>
--database-password <database_password>
--jdbc-connection-string <jdbc_string>
--dma-hostname <DMA_server>
```

Note: If you receive an error, see Troubleshooting on page 79.

4. On your HP DMA server, run the following script command to copy the required JAR files from the SA server to the HP DMA server. For example (enter as a single line):

\$ sh /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF/copyJars.sh <SA Server>

Note: Whenever the SA Core is upgraded you need to rerun this command.

**Note:** You have completed installing the initial stage—the command line setup—of the HP DMA server.

In the next stage you will configure SSL on the HP DMA server.

### Configure SSL on the HP DMA Server

To configure SSL on the HP DMA server, you must complete the following steps:

- 1. Generate a Private Key for the Server below
- 2. Generate the Certificate Signing Request to Obtain Signed Server Certificates on page 30
- 3. Import the SSL Server Certificates on page 31
- 4. Configure the HP DMA Server to Use Your Certificate on page 34
- 5. Verify the SSL Connection on page 37

For a production environment, you should have the server certificate signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA).

**Caution:** If you are using an SA gateway infrastructure as a proxy network (see Use a Proxy Server with HP DMA), you must have a subject alternate name (SAN) as part of your signed certificate:

- The SAN must be type IP.
- The SAN value must be the IP address—not the domain name—of the HP DMA server.

**Tip:** The process of producing a PDF file inserts line breaks in long lines of text, including commands that should be entered on a single line. When you execute the commands shown in this document, be sure to first remove any line breaks that might be present.

### About keytool

Many procedures in this section use the keytool utility, which is located in the following directory on the HP DMA server:

/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin

**Caution:** To follow the procedures in this document as written, add /opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin to your path before executing the keytool command.

Run the following command to verify which keytool will be used:

which keytool

#### Generate a Private Key for the Server

The first step in configuring SSL on the HP DMA server is to generate a private key for that server. You can do this by using the keytool utility that is part of the Java Runtime Environment (JRE).

If the keystore already exists on the server, you can add the key to it. If the keystore does not yet exist, keytool will create it.

#### To generate a private key for the server:

- 1. Log in to the HP DMA server as the root user.
- 2. Execute the following command (all on one line):

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -genkey -alias <keyalias>
-keyalg RSA -keysize 2048 -dname "CN=<DMAserver>,OU=<orgunit>,
O=<org>,L=<location>,S=<state>,C=<country>" -keypass <password>
-keystore <storefile> -storepass <password> -validity <numberdays>
```

The variables used here refer to the following information:

Variable	Description
<keyalias></keyalias>	Unique alias for the server's private key. This will be used to associate the server certificate with its private key.
<dmaserver></dmaserver>	Fully qualified host name of the server hosting the HP DMA server.
<orgunit></orgunit>	The organizational unit (business unit) that owns this server.
<org></org>	The organization (company) that owns this server.
<location></location>	The city in which this server physically resides.
<state></state>	The state or province in which this server physically resides.
<country></country>	The country in which this server physically resides.
<password></password>	The password for both the keystore and this private key.
<storefile></storefile>	Keystore file name. For example: /opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore
<numberdays></numberdays>	The number of days that the key will be valid.

#### For example:

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -genkey -alias myserver
-keyalg RSA -keysize 1024 -dname "CN=myserver.mycompany.com,
OU=IT,O=mycompany,L=Fort Collins,S=Colorado,C=US"
-keypass mypassword -keystore /opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore
-storepass mypassword -validity 365
```

Note: You must use the same password for the -keypass and -storepass settings.

3. To verify that the private key was created, execute the following command (all on one line):

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -list -v
-keystore <storeFile> -storepass <password>
```

# Generate the Certificate Signing Request to Obtain Signed Server Certificates

In a production environment, you should always use a server certificate signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA) in accordance with your company's security policy.

Tip: Make sure you check your company's security policy for the correct procedure.

If you have not already obtained signed certificates, generate a certificate signing request for your HP DMA server and submit it to your CA. The CA will send you digitally signed certificates via email. You can then import the signed certificates into the keystore.

#### To generate the certificate signing request for the private-public key pair:

- 1. Log in to the HP DMA server as the root user.
- 2. Execute the following command (all on one line):

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -certreq -v -alias <keyalias>
-keypass <password> -keystore <storefile> -storepass <password>
```

#### For example:

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -certreq -v -alias myserver
-keypass mypassword -keystore /opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore
-storepass mypassword
```

You certificate request will appear on stdout.

3. Submit the certificate signing request (the output of the keytool -certreq command) to your CA. The CA will provide instructions for submitting this request.

#### To receive the certificates from your CA:

In response to your request, the CA will send you a signed server certificate. Your CA may also send you the root certificate and any intermediate certificates required.

**Note:** The root and intermediate certificates may be bundled in a single file, or they may be delivered as separate files. Your CA will provide instructions for importing the root and any intermediate certificates into the keystore.

If your certificates are delivered in the body of an email message (versus a file), copy the certificates into a file. For example: myserver.mycompany.com.cer

Caution: Before you proceed, make a copy of your keystore.

Note: Next, you will import the contents of this file into the keystore.

### Import the SSL Server Certificates

**Note:** The order of operations is important–you must import the root certificate and any intermediate certificates before you import your signed server certificate. This will enable you to properly chain your server certificate to the root certificate.

Follow the instructions that your CA provided for importing the root and any intermediate certificates into the keystore.

To import the signed server certificate into your keystore, do the following:

1. To import the root and intermediate certificates, execute the following command (all on one line) for each of the certificates that your CA provided:

Note: Your CA may provide any or all of these certificates:

- Root certificate
- Primary intermediate certificate
- Secondary intermediate certificate

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -import -v -noprompt
-trustcacerts -alias <keyalias> -file <CAcert>
-keystore <storefile> -storepass <password>
```

```
The variables used here refer to the following information:
```

Variable	Description	Examples
<keyalias></keyalias>	<pre><keyalias> Unique alias for the server's private key. This will be used to associate the server certificate with its private key.</keyalias></pre>	For root certificate: my-root-cert
		For primary intermediate certificate: my-cert-pri
		For secondary intermediate certificate: my-cert-sec
<cacert></cacert>	File that contains the contents of the certificate.	For root certificate: CA-root-cert.cer
		For primary intermediate certificate: CA-cert-pri.cer
		For secondary intermediate certificate: CA-cert-sec.cer
<storefile></storefile>	Fully qualified keystore file name.	/opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore
<password></password>	The password for both the keystore and the private key.	mypassword

2. To import your signed server certificate, execute the following command (all on one line):

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -import -v -noprompt -alias
<keyalias>
-file <my-cert> -keystore <storefile> -storepass <password>
-trustcacerts
```

Here, <my-cert> is the file that contains your signed certificate and <keyalias> is the same alias as for the private key. For example:

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -import -v -noprompt
-alias myserver -file myserver.mycompany.com.cer
-keypass mypassword -keystore /opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore
-storepass mypassword -trustcacerts
```

3. Run the following command to verify the contents of your keystore (all on one line):

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -list -keystore <storeFile>
-storepass <password>
```

#### For example:

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -list
-keystore /opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore -storepass mypassword
```

You should see the following type of output:

```
Keystore type: JKS
Keystore provider: SUN
Your keystore contains 2 entries
myrootcert, Aug 15, 2011, trustedCertEntry,
Certificate fingerprint (MD5): B5:95:C3:7C:61:A2:60:48:43:84:D5:
70:29:F1:AC:E9
myserver, Aug 15, 2011, PrivateKeyEntry,
Certificate fingerprint (MD5): A4:E5:D7:3D:10:12:11:C2:F8:8B:29:
E4:9B:97:21:07
```

In this example, only the root certificate was used-there was no intermediate certificate. If a single intermediate certificate is used, your keystore will contain three entries.

Tip: To view more detailed information, you can use the -v option with this command:

```
/opt/hp/dma/server/jre/bin/keytool -list -v
-keystore <storeFile> -storepass <password>
```

### Configure the HP DMA Server to Use Your Certificate

After you add your server certificate to the keystore, do the following:

- Edit the <Connector> element in the server.xml file for the HP DMA Web Server
- Change the trustAllCertificates value in the dma.xml file to false
- 1. As root, stop the HP DMA Server using the following command:

service dma stop

2. Open the following file in a text editor:

/opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/server.xml

3. Identify the default SSL Connector element:

```
<Connector port="8443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"
maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true"
clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS"
keystoreFile="/opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore"/
```

- 4. If commented out, remove the comment delimiters (<!-- and -->) around the SSL Connector element.
- 5. Specify the following attributes:

```
<Connector port="<SSLport>" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="tru
e"
scheme="https" secure="true" sslProtocol="TLS"
keystoreFile="<storefile>"
keyAlias="<keyalias>" keystorePass="<password>"/>
```

The variables used here represent the following information:

Variable	Description
<keyalias></keyalias>	Unique alias for the server's private key (see Generate a Private Key for the Server on page 28).
<sslport></sslport>	Port that will be used for:
	<ul> <li>SSL communication between the HP DMA Server and the HP DMA clients</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Accessing the HP DMA user interface</li> </ul>
<storefile></storefile>	Keystore file name. For example: /opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore
<password></password>	The password for both the keystore and this private key.

#### For example:

```
<Connector port="443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"
scheme="https" secure="true" sslProtocol="TLS"
keystoreFile="/opt/hp/dma/server/.mykeystore"
keyAlias="myserver" keystorePass="mypassword"/>
```

- 6. Save the server.xml file.
- 7. Open the following file in a text editor:

/opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml

8. Identify the following line:

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.trustAllCertificates" value="true"/>
```

9. Set the value to false.

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.trustAllCertificates" value="false"/>
```

If the line does not exist, add it.

10. Locate the following line:

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl" value="https://<DMAServer>:8443/dma"/>
```

For example:

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl"
value="https://dmaserver.mycompany.com:8443/dma"/>
```

- 11. Ensure that the *<DMAServer>* specified in the webServiceUrl value matches the *<DMAServer>* configured in the public certificate. They must both be IP addresses or both be host names.
- 12. If you changed the <SSLport> in the server.xml file, also change the <SSLport> specified in the webServiceUrl value:

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl" value="https://<DMAServer>:<SSLport>/dma"/>
```

Here, <SSLport> must match the <SSLport> configured in the server.xml file. For example:

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl"
value="https://dmaserver.mycompany.com:443/dma"/>
```

- 13. Save the dma.xml file.
- 14. As root, start the HP DMA Server by using the following command:

service dma start

## Verify the SSL Connection

To verify your SSL connection, do the following:

- 1. Log in to your HP DMA server.
- 2. HTTPS protocol indicates that the HP DMA Server is communicating with the HP DMA Client using SSL.
- 3. The lock icon (<sup>1</sup>) in the address bar indicates that the HP DMA Server is communicating with the HP DMA Client using SSL.

If there is a problem with the website security certificate, you will see a shield icon (<sup>2</sup>) with a warning message.

- 4. For a test, execute an HP DMA deployment.
- 5. When it finishes, navigate to the Automation > History page.
- 6. Select your deployment and then choose the Step Output tab in the bottom pane.
- 7. Verify that the deployment ended in SUCCESS—or at least did not have any errors indicating client-server communication issues.
- 8. Choose the Connector Output tab in the bottom pane.
- 9. Check that the following line is not in the output:

Warning: DMA Client is trusting all HTTPS Certificates

If it is in the output, go back to Configure the HP DMA Server to Use Your Certificate on page 34, make the change in the dma.xml file, and then execute the deployment again.

If the above tests all pass, your SSL certificate is properly configured.

Note: You have completed configuring SSL on the HP DMA server.

In the next stage you will install the HP DMA client for SA.

## Install the HP DMA Client for SA

This stage shows you how to install the HP DMA Client for SA on the HP DMA server.

**Note:** The HP DMA Client for SA is used to create an HP DMA software policy in HP Server Automation (SA). This needs to be done once per SA mesh.

On the HP DMA server, get the dma-sa-client-10.20-0.x86\_64.rpm file from the HP DMA 10.20 installation media under the DMA\_10.20\_Server\_and\_Client folder, and then run the following commands as root:

```
$ cd DMA_10.20_Server_and_Client
```

```
$ rpm -ivh dma-sa-client-10.20-0.x86_64.rpm
```

Note: You have completed installing the HP DMA Client for SA.

In the next stage you will integrate HP DMA with HP Server Automation.

## Integrate HP DMA with HP Server Automation

**Caution:** This stage of the installation process integrates HP DMA with HP Server Automation (SA) and should be performed by an SA administrator—someone with SA administrator privileges and access.

HP DMA uses HP Server Automation (SA) as an agent infrastructure. HP DMA integrates with SA to authenticate users, associate users with groups, and determine user privileges. HP DMA uses SA to acquire knowledge of servers and to send requests to execute workflows on servers. Before HP DMA can actually work, you have to perform a series of integration steps on your SA system as well as on your new HP DMA server.

You should work closely with your SA administrator to perform the tasks listed below. Your SA administrator may have guidelines or policies for specific aspects of the integration—for example, setting up SA users with HP DMA access privileges. Furthermore, your SA administrator may have implemented a fine-grained security model requiring different users to perform different tasks in the list below. It is a good idea to delegate the actual SA integration to your SA administrator.

**Note:** Any server that will be used as an HP DMA target needs to be managed by SA. It must also have the DMA Client Files software policy.

Торіс	Description
SA Integration Requirements	Information about the requirements that must be satisfied before integrating HP DMA with SA.
Overview of the HP DMA and HP Server Automation Integration Process	Overview of the steps to integrate with SA—to be performed by the SA administrator.
Import the HP DMA APX	Detailed instructions for the SA administrator to configure the SA Automation Platform Extension (APX) to be used by HP DMA.
Install the DMA Client Files Policy	Detailed instructions for the SA administrator to install and remediate the DMA Client Files policy.
Set Up the SA Groups and Users	Detailed instructions about the SA groups and SA users that need to be set up by the SA administrator along with their required permissions.

This section contains the following topics and should be performed in order:

## **SA Integration Requirements**

You must meet the following requirements before you can integrate HP DMA 10.20 with HP Server Automation (SA):

- Make sure that you have met all the general HP DMA installation requirements in Pre-Installation Requirements on page 14.
- You have already installed and configured the HP DMA server software. If you have not done so, see Install the HP DMA Server on page 26.
- You have already installed and configured the HP DMA Client for SA. If you have not done so, see Install the HP DMA Client for SA on page 38.
- The HP DMA server software and the HP DMA Client for SA software must be installed on the same system. This system will be referred to as the HP DMA server in the following instructions.

## Overview of the HP DMA and HP Server Automation Integration Process

The SA administrator needs to perform the following general steps:

- 1. Install the HP DMA Automation Platform Extension (APX) on the SA server.
- 2. Install the DMA Client Files policy on the SA server.
- 3. Attach and remediate the DMA Client Files policy on all SA managed servers that will be used as HP DMA targets.
- 4. Set up the SA groups that will have HP DMA access privileges.
- 5. Set up the SA user that HP DMA will use to connect to SA. This user must be permitted to access SA APIs.

In the commands that follow, replace the variables (found within <>'s) with values appropriate for your environment:

Variable	Example	Description
<sa_ Server&gt;</sa_ 	saserver.mycompany.com	Fully qualified host name of the HP Server Automation server
<dma_ server&gt;</dma_ 	dma.mycompany.com	Fully qualified host name of the HP DMA server

### Import the HP DMA APX

This topic shows you how to configure the SA Automation Platform Extension (APX) for HP DMA.

The HP DMA APX can be imported into HP Server Automation Virtual Appliance 10 (SAVA) or HP Server Automation Enterprise Edition (Enterprise SA):

- For SAVA: The HP Live Network connector (LNc) must be used.
- For Enterprise SA: LNc can be used or the APX can be imported manually.

### **HP Live Network Connector Overview**

Follow the SAVA or Enterprise SA instructions for configuring the HP Live Network connector. The APX is contained in the content.sa\_dma HP LN Stream. SAVA uses the "Command-line Web Utilities Launcher" to configure LNc. Enterprise SA uses an installation of HP Live Network connector (LNc) as described in the LNc documentation (see HP Software Documentation).

After the stream is loaded, the following APXs will be visible in the /DMA APX folder:

- Update West Apx user on Windows
- westApx

**Note:** This user who will run the Update West APX must have read, write, and execute permission on the objects within the /DMA APX folder.

### SAVA Installation of the HP DMA APX

Note: This method can only be used for SAVA.

From the SA client, as a user with list and execute permission on the objects in the /Opsware/Tools/Administrative Extensions folder, do the following:

- 1. Go to the Library > By Type tab, and then select Extensions > Web.
- 2. From Web, select the Command-line Web Utilities Launcher.
- 3. Select HP Live Network Connect (the default).
- 4. To write the configuration to SAVA, execute the following command:

```
/opt/opsware/hpln/lnc/bin/live-network-connector write-config
--username=<username> --password=<password> --stream=content.sa dma
```

Here <username> and <password> are your HP Passport user name and password. (See Support on page 6 for more information about obtaining an HP Passport account.)

**Note:** Additional configuration can be added to the configuration using the --add option in the live-network-connector command. See *HP Live Network connector User Guide* for more information.

5. To download and import using the saved configuration, execute the following command:

/opt/opsware/hpln/lnc/bin/live-network-connector download-import

The default is download-import, so after the configuration is set up download-import is not required for this HP Live Network connector command.

### Enterprise SA Manual Import of the HP DMA APX

Tip: The following steps must be performed by an SA administrator.

The SA user (*SA\_APX\_User*) who imports the HP DMA APX must belong to a group with the following privileges:

- SA Global Shell (OGSH) permission to Launch Global Shell.
- Manage Extensions (Read & Write) permission under Automation Platform Extension.
- List, Read, and Write permission on the /DMA APX folder.

If the /DMA\_APX folder does not yet exist, this user must have List, Read, and Write permission on the / (root) folder, where the /DMA\_APX folder will be created.

**Note:** This method can only be used for Enterprise SA.

If HP Live Network connector is configured for content.sa\_dma, then you do not need to manually import the HP DMA APX.

1. Work with the HP DMA user with root-level access to the HP DMA server (or the user that installed the RPMs on the HP DMA server) to do the following:

On the HP DMA server, copy the HP DMA APX to the SA server Global Shell. For example:

```
$ scp -P 2222 /opt/hp/dma/server/client_bits/westapx.zip
<SA APX user>@<SA Server>:~
```

```
$ scp -P 2222 /opt/hp/dma/server/client_bits/updateWinAdmin.zip
<SA APX user>@<SA Server>:~
```

- Log in to the SA server Global Shell, and install the HP DMA APX using the defaults, for example:
  - \$ ssh -p 2222 <SA APX user>@<SA Server>
  - \$ apxtool import westapx.zip
  - \$ apxtool import updateWinAdmin.zip

By default this places the APX in /DMA\_APX. If you want to place it somewhere else use the -f <folder> option.

To skip the prompts, add -F to the end of the command or else respond Y to all Y/N prompts.

Note: This creates the / DMA APX (or < folder>) folder.

## Install the DMA Client Files Policy

This topic shows you how to install the DMA Client Files policy on the SA server and then to attach and remediate the DMA Client Files policy on all SA managed servers that will be used as HP DMA targets.

Tip: The following steps must be performed by an SA administrator.

The SA user (*SA\_Policy\_User>*) who installs the policy must belong to a group with the following privileges:

- Manage Software Policy—Read & Write under Policy Management.
- Manage Package—Read & Write under Package Management.
- List, Read, Write, and Execute permissions on the folder (/DMA\_Client) that will contain the HP DMA packages and policy.

**Note:** The following instructions assume that the HP DMA Client for SA is installed on the HP DMA server.

Follow these steps to install the DMA Client Files policy on your SA server, <SA\_Server>:

- 1. In the SA Client (see About the SA Client for more information), create a /DMA Client folder.
- 2. As root on the HP DMA server, go to the client\_bits folder and then run the dma\_upload script using your <SA\_Policy\_User> account. For example:
  - \$ cd /opt/hp/dma/server/client\_bits
  - \$ sh ./dma\_upload.sh -host <SA\_Server> -user <SA\_Policy\_User>
    -password <SA\_Policy\_Password>
    -keyFile /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF/publicKey
    -folderName /DMA\_Client

Note: If you omit the password option (-password), you will be prompted for the password.

3. *Optional:* To verify that the policy has been properly uploaded, perform the following steps in the SA Client:

Go to Library > By Folder > DMA Client

The  ${\tt DMA\_Client}$  folder should be populated. Verify that the DMA Client Files policy is included.

4. For each server that will be used as an HP DMA target, attach and remediate the DMA Client Files policy.

## Set Up the SA Groups and Users

This topic shows you how to set up the necessary SA groups and users for HP DMA.

Tip: The following steps must be performed by an SA administrator.

Your SA administrator may have a security model that is more finely grained. Follow your SA policies for naming and granting permissions to groups.

### HP DMA User Groups

The following table provides examples of the types of user groups that you will need to use and manage HP DMA in your environment.

Group Type	Example Name	Capability Required	Description
HP DMA administrators	DMA Admins	Administrator	Users in this group will perform HP DMA administrative duties.
Users who will create HP DMA workflows	DMA Workflow Creators	Workflow Creator	Users in this group will have the ability to create HP DMA workflows. <b>Note:</b> Once a workflow is created, it can be modified using Role Based Access (RBAC) as needed.
Users who will run HP DMA workflows	DMA Workflow Runners	Login Access	Users in this group will have the ability to run HP DMA workflows.

#### To set up your HP DMA user groups:

- 1. On the SA server to which HP DMA will connect, create each of the groups listed in the table and any additional groups that you need.
- 2. Grant the following permissions to each group:
  - List, Read, and Execute permission for the /DMA APX folder
  - Managed Servers and Groups
  - READ access to all managed servers that will be added to HP DMA

In order to add servers to HP DMA organizations, a user must also have permission to see those servers in SA. This requires either Read permission on the pertinent customer or facility or Read permission on the device group (or groups) where the servers reside, depending on how your SA administrator manages permissions. **Note:** Use the SA Client to grant these permissions. (See About the SA Client for more information.)

3. Add at least one user to each group.

Later, you will register these groups as HP DMA roles (see Register HP DMA Roles) and assign each role the appropriate HP DMA capability (see Assign HP DMA Capabilities).

### The HP DMA Connector User

An additional SA user, <*dma\_connector\_user*>, is required to configure the HP DMA connector to SA (see Configure the Connector).

Note: This user does not need to be a member of any of the SA groups that you just created.

This user will be used by HP DMA to connect to SA whenever a specific, personalized SA account cannot be used—for example, to verify whether a login is allowed.

#### To create the HP DMA connector user:

- On the SA server to which HP DMA will connect, create a new SA user (for example: dma\_ connector\_user).
- 2. Grant this new user the following permissions:
  - List, Read, and Execute permission for the /DMA Client folder
  - List permission for all parent folders of the /DMA Client folder
  - Managed Servers and Groups
  - Manage Software Policy (READ)
  - READ access to all managed servers that will be added to HP DMA

This requires either Read permission on the pertinent customer or facility or Read permission on the device group (or groups) where the servers reside, depending on how your SA administrator manages permissions.

**Note:** This completes the SA installation and integration steps that must be done by the SA administrator.

Next you should start HP DMA.

## Start HP DMA

The first time you start HP DMA you must log in as the default initial HP DMA administrator (dma\_initial admin) to configure the operating environment.

1. As root, start the HP DMA 10.20 server. For example:

\$ service dma start

2. Use a web browser to connect to the HP DMA server:

https://<DMA\_Server>:8443/dma

where <DMA\_Server> is the fully qualified host name of your HP DMA server.

3. Accept the certificates.

You will see the following page:



- 4. Enter an initial password for the dma\_initial\_admin user, retype the password, and then click **Submit**.
- 5. To log in, enter dma\_initial\_admin for the username, enter the new password for the password, and then click Login.

If you enter incorrect credentials 1-4 times	You will receive the message: Credentials are incorrect or do not allow login.
If you enter incorrect credentials 5 times	You will receive the message: Max Number of logins attempted. Locking account.
If you enter incorrect credentials more than 5 times	The account will be locked for one hour and you will receive the message: Account is locked.

Note: Next you will perform the initial HP DMA setup using the HP DMA user interface.

## Set Up HP DMA

This section shows you how to initially set up HP DMA.

Two different HP DMA administrators must configure the HP DMA operating environment.

The initial default administrator, dma\_initial\_admin, must perform the following steps:

- Configure the Connector on the next page
- Register HP DMA Roles on page 49
- Assign HP DMA Capabilities on page 50

Next, an HP DMA user whose role has Administrator capability—for example, the DMA Admins role—must perform the following steps :

- Add Available Targets on page 51
- Import an HP DMA Solution Pack on page 54

## **Configure the Connector**

This topic shows you how to configure the connector that enables HP DMA and SA to communicate.

Note: You only do this once.

While you are logged in as dma\_initial\_admin, do the following:

- 1. On the Setup > Connector page, click the Add Connector button in the lower right corner.
- 2. Specify a name for your connector, and then click Enter.
- 3. Specify the Server Automation Host, Server Automation Username, and Server Automation Password for your connector:

The Server Automation Username is the SA user that you created in Set Up the SA Groups and Users—for example, dma\_connector\_user.

Database & Middleware Automation	
Home Automation Reports Environment Solutions Setup	
Configuration Permissions Capabilities Roles Connector	
Connector	۷
MySAconnector	
Server Auton	nation Host: saserver.mycompany.com
Server Automation	n Username: dma_connector_user
Server Automatio	n Password: ••••••

4. Click Save.

You will receive the following message:

🛩 Successfully configured connector. Please restart DMA Server by entering 'service dma restart' at command-line.

Note: If you receive an error, see Troubleshooting on page 79.

5. As root, restart the HP DMA 10.20 server. For example:

\$ service dma restart

6. Use a web browser to connect to the HP DMA server:

https://<DMA\_Server>:8443/dma

where <DMA\_Server> is the fully qualified host name of your HP DMA server.

7. To log in, enter dma\_initial\_admin for the username, enter your password, and then click Login.

Save or CANCEL

## **Register HP DMA Roles**

This topic shows you how to register HP DMA roles.

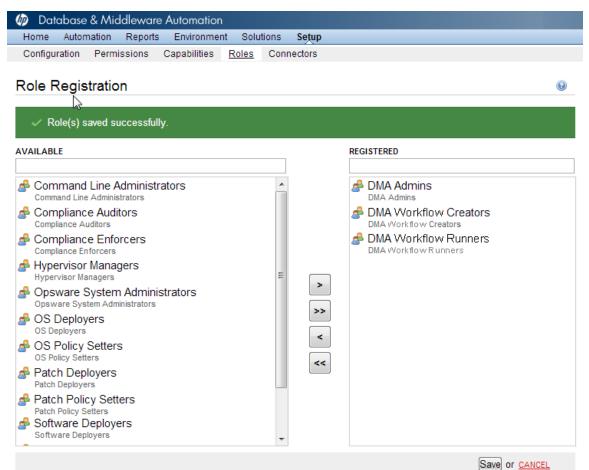
HP DMA obtains the complete set of available roles from HP Server Automation—including the groups that your SA administrator configured in Set Up the SA Groups and Users.

While you are logged in as dma\_initial\_admin, do the following to register the roles that you want to use:

1. Go to **Setup > Roles**.

The roles that are available to be registered are listed on the left. The roles that are already registered are listed on the right.

2. Select an AVAILABLE user-group on the left and then click the button. The selected role moves to the REGISTERED list on the right.



3. Click the **Save** button to save your changes.

## **Assign HP DMA Capabilities**

This topic shows you how to assign HP DMA capabilities.

Capabilities are collections of related privileges. You must assign capabilities to each role that you registered in the previous step.

While you are logged in as dma\_initial\_admin, do the following to assign capabilities to roles:

- 1. Go to Setup > Capabilities .
- 2. Select a role on the left.
- 3. To assign a capability to a role, select the desired capabilities.

Capabilities			
Role	Login Access	Workflow Creator	Administrator
DMA Admins		$\checkmark$	
DMA Workflow Creators			
DMA Workflow Runners	<b>V</b>		
	LOGIN ALL CRE		MINISTRATOR ALL

Note: Only users whose roles have Administrator capability can import solution packs.

- 4. Click **Save** in the lower right corner.
- 5. Log out of HP DMA.

**Note:** This will log you out as the default initial administrator, dma\_initial\_admin.

## Add Available Targets

This topic shows you how to make target servers available to HP DMA users.

Log in to HP DMA as a user with Administrator capabiliity—for example, a user with the DMA Admins role.

Note: If you receive an error, see Troubleshooting on page 79.

To add servers:

- 1. Go to the **Environment** page.
- 2. In the top Environment box, click **Default**.

**Note:** If you want to create and use other organizations, refer to the *HP DMA Administrator Guide*.

Ø Database & Middleware	e Automation		
Home Automation Reports	Environment Solutions	Setup	
Dashboard Smart Groups	Custom Fields		
Environment			0
ali Default			
			NEW ORGANIZATION
a Default			
Properties Custom F	ields Roles		
General			
Name: Defeu	14		
Name: Defau	IL		
X <u>DELETE</u>			Add servers Save or CANCEL

3. Click Add servers in the lower right corner. A new page will appear.

4. Select any servers that you want to use as HP DMA targets.

add servers to organization	×
Sear	ch
server1	
server2	
server3	
server4	
server5	
server6	
server7	
server8 server9	
5617613	
only servers with the Policy 'DMA Client Files' attached are displayed. A maximum of 500 servers are displayed.	Add

**Note:** If no servers are available to add to the organization, see Troubleshooting on page 79.

5. Click **Add** and then click **Save** in the lower right corner.

To grant user roles permission to access the servers:

- 1. Go to **Setup > Permissions**.
- 2. Select the name of the role to which you want to grant server permissions, for example: DMA Admins.
- 3. Click **Organizations**.
- 4. Select the appropriate permissions for this role, for example: Read, Write, and Deploy.

🕼 Database & N	Aiddleware A	Vutomation					
Home Automatio	n Reports	Environment	Solutions	Setup			
Configuration Pe	rmissions C	apabilities R	oles Conr	ector			
DMA Admins							
Deployments	Workflows	s Steps	Policies	Organizations			
Organization					Read	Write	Deploy
Default					<b>v</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>v</b>
							DEDLOV ALL
					READ ALL V	VRITE ALL	DEPLOY ALL
						Save or	CANCEL

5. Click **Save** in the lower right corner.

### Import an HP DMA Solution Pack

This topic shows you how to import solution packs. These instructions apply to any solution pack.

**Tip:** You should import the Discovery solution pack first. It is not automatically installed in HP DMA. You must import it if you want to use the discovery workflows.

### To access the solution pack:

The HP DMA 10.20 installation media provides solution packs in the following folders:

- DMA\_10.20\_Server\_and\_Client contains the Discovery solution pack (Discovery.zip).
- DMA\_10.20\_Database\_Solution\_Packs contains all of the database solution packs (provisioning, advanced provisioning, patching, advanced patching, compliance, refresh, and release management).
- DMA\_10.20\_Middleware\_Solution\_Packs contains all of the application server solution packs (provisioning, patching, configuration management, and release management).

**Caution:** Always check to see if there are more recent versions of the HP DMA solution packs available online. Due to frequent releases, it is possible that the solution packs provided on the HP DMA 10.20 installation media have since been updated.

#### To get the most recent version of a solution pack:

- 1. Go to the following web site: HP Software Support Online
- 2. Go to the Self-Solve tab, and sign in using your HP Passport credentials (see Support on page 6 for more information).
- 3. On the Advanced Search page, specify the following search criteria:

Product:	Database and Middleware Automation
Version:	All Versions
Operating System:	All Operating Systems
Document Type:	Patches

- 4. Click Search.
- 5. If there is a more recent version of the solution pack that you want to import, do the following:
  - a. Click the link for the solution pack that you want to import (for example: discovery 10.20).
  - b. Click the **DOWNLOAD PATCH** link, and download the ZIP file that contains the patch.
  - c. From the patch ZIP file, extract the ZIP file that contains the solution pack.

**Note:** This ZIP file may be included in a larger ZIP file that contains multiple solution packs.

### To import the solution pack:

- 1. Log in to HP DMA as an HP DMA administrator (a user who has at least one role with Administrator capability).
- 2. On the Solutions > Installed tab, click the **Browse** button in the lower right corner. The Choose File dialog opens.

**Note:** This button and the dialog that subsequently opens may have different names depending on the browser that you are using.

- 3. Locate and select the desired solution pack ZIP file—either from the HP DMA 10.20 installation media or from HP Software Support Online—then click **Open**.
- 4. Click Import solution pack.

🐲 Database & Middleware Automation		
Home Automation Reports Environment Solut	utions Setup	
Installed History		
Installed Solutions		0
✓ Successfully imported <u>HP DMA Discovery Soluti</u>	tion Pack	
SOLUTION PACKS	DETAILS	
HP DMA Discovery Solution Pack Version 10.20.0	Highlight a solution pack on the left to view its details here.	
	Browse Import solution pa	ck

To view basic information about the solution pack, hover your mouse over its name in the left pane:

Ø Database & Middleware Automation		
Home Automation Reports Environment	Solutions Setup	
Installed History		
Installed Solutions		<b>9</b>
✓ Successfully imported <u>HP DMA Discovery</u>	Solution Pack	
SOLUTION PACKS	DETAILS	
	Name:	HP DMA Discovery Solution Pack
HP DMA Discovery Solution Pack Version 10.20.0	Version:	10.20.0
	Targets:	1
	Installed:	23 Sep, 2013
	Description:	Discovers Oracle, Sybase and SQL Server databases on target servers. Also discovers WebSphere and WebLogic middleware applications on target servers. Build 31742
		Browse Import solution pack

To view detailed information about the solution pack, click its name in the left pane. To view a list of the workflows that the solution pack contains, go to the Workflows tab.

🐲 Database & Middleware Automation			
Home Automation Reports Enviror	nment Soluțions Setup		
Installed History			
HP DMA Discovery Solution I Version 10.20.0	Pack		
General Policies Workflow	vs Steps Reports		
Discovery     Sybase Deep Instance Discovery	<ul> <li>Discovery Parameters</li> <li>Discover WebSphere</li> <li>Discover Oracle Databases</li> <li>Discover SQL Databases</li> <li>Discover WebLogic</li> <li>Discover Sybase Databases</li> <li>6</li> </ul>		
	• Failure 7		
	Failure		
	Discovery Gather Step Statuses		
	• Failure		
	• Failure 11		
	• Failure		

X DELETE

Note: This completes the initial set up process.

Your HP DMA is now ready to use. Refer to the *HP DMA Administrator Guide* and the *HP DMA User Guide* for additional information on using HP DMA.

# Chapter 3

## How to Uninstall HP DMA

This chapter shows you how to uninstall HP DMA 10.20 from the HP DMA Server and the HP DMA managed servers.

### Uninstall HP DMA from the HP DMA Server

To uninstall HP DMA from the HP DMA Server, do the following:

- 1. As root, stop the HP DMA service, for example:
  - \$ service dma stop
- 2. Run the following query to verify the HP DMA RPM installation:

```
$ rpm -qa | grep dma
```

You can locate the current version of HP DMA in the results:

```
dma-server-<DMA_Version>-0.x86_64
dma-sa-client-<DMA Version>-0.x86 64
```

For example: If your current version of HP DMA is 10.20, your results will look like this:

```
dma-server-10.20-0.x86_64
dma-sa-client-10.20-0.x86 64
```

3. Run the following commands as root to uninstall HP DMA:

```
$ rpm -e dma-server-<DMA Version>-0.x86 64
```

```
$ rpm -e dma-sa-client-<DMA_Version>-0.x86_64
```

In these lines, replace <DMA\_Version> with the HP DMA version from your query.

4. To finish cleaning up after you uninstall HP DMA, you can remove the following folders:

/opt/hp/dma/server

/var/opt/hp/dma/work/dma

/var/log/hp/dma

### Uninstall HP DMA from the Managed Servers

To uninstall HP DMA from the managed servers (the HP DMA Client):

- In SA, detach the managed server from the DMA Client Files policy and then remediate the target.
- 2. To completely remove HP DMA from the target execute the appropriate command:
  - For Linux: rm -rf /opt/hp/dma/client/
  - For Windows: rmdir /S /Q %SYSTEMDRIVE%\Progra~1\HP\DMA\Client

# Chapter 4

# How to Upgrade HP DMA

This chapter shows you how to upgrade from HP DMA version 10.10 (or 10.01) to 10.20.

Note: Refer to the HP DMA Release Notes for information about backward compatibility.

**Tip:** To take advantage of the features and enhancements of the new HP DMA 10.20 workflows, after you have upgraded the HP DMA server you must import the HP DMA 10.20 solution pack, make a copy of the pertinent HP DMA 10.20 workflow, and then merge your customizations into it.

### To upgrade to HP DMA 10.20

The following steps must be performed as root:

1. Create a backup of the database before starting this process.

**Caution:** You **MUST** create a backup of the database to be able to revert back to HP DMA 10.10.

- 2. Stop HP DMA:
  - \$ service dma stop

**Tip:** If there are multiple HP DMA servers configured to connect to a single database, you must stop all of them.

- 3. Go to the HP DMA 10.20 installation media under the DMA\_10.20\_Server\_and\_Client folder.
- 4. On each HP DMA server to be upgraded do the following to upgrade the HP DMA server:

Note: If you cut and paste from this PDF, make sure that the dashes (--) copy correctly.

\$ rpm --upgrade dma-server-10.20-0.x86 64.rpm

Note: The new upload classes are in the server RPM file.

5. On one HP DMA server per SA server, use the baseline command to upgrade your database. Run the following commands as root. For example:

\$ cd /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF

**Note:** When you upgrade HP DMA you only need to use the baseline -context option because the following information is in the context file: <*database\_username*>, <*database\_password*>, and the JDBC connection string.

For readability, the option is listed on a separate line—you must build the command in a single line.

For a full description of all the baseline options, see HP DMA Baseline Options on page 107.

**Caution:** When you run the baseline command exactly as given you will maintain your HP DMA database. If you use the --erase option you will lose your customized HP DMA data.

```
$ sh ./dmaBaselineData.sh
-context /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml
```

**Note:** If you run this command on more than one server or run it more than once, it will not harm anything.

Note: If you receive an error, see Troubleshooting on page 79.

- 6. Go to the HP DMA 10.20 installation media under the DMA\_10.20\_Server\_and\_Client folder.
- 7. On one HP DMA server per SA server, do the following to upgrade the HP DMA Client for SA:

Note: If you cut and paste from this PDF, make sure that the dashes (--) copy correctly.

\$ rpm --upgrade dma-sa-client-10.20-0.x86 64.rpm

8. Have your SA administrator reinstall the HP DMA APX on the SA core.

To do this, follow the instructions in Import the HP DMA APX on page 41. Note: The /DMA\_ APX folder will not be created since it already exists.

9. Have your SA administrator reinstall the DMA Client Files policy on the SA core.

To do this, follow the instructions in Install the DMA Client Files Policy on page 43:

- a. Use the same folder (/DMA\_Client) as in step 1.
- b. Do steps 2 and 3.

10. Have your SA administrator remediate the DMA Client Files policy on all managed servers that use that policy:

Note: All servers attached to the policy that has changed must be remediated.

Make sure that you have the following:

- All of the managed servers are visible to you.
- You have write permission.
- a. Open the policy.
- b. Go to **Server Usage** and select all of the servers that have the policy attached to them.
- c. Right-click and choose Remediate.

Tip: If you have hundreds of servers, it will be easier to do this using groups.

d. Click Start Job.

**Tip:** If you do not remediate the policy for a server you will receive an error "Policy must be remediated" when you run a workflow that uses that server as a target.

- 11. Restart all HP DMA servers using the following command:
  - \$ service dma start

### To revert an upgrade from the HP DMA Server

**Caution:** You can only revert an upgrade if you created a backup of your database **BEFORE** you upgraded to version 10.20.

If you wish to revert the HP DMA 10.20 upgrade back to version 10.10 do the following:

- 1. Stop the HP DMA server, as root:
  - \$ service dma stop
- 2. Restore the database from the backup.
- 3. Run the following command to revert back to HP DMA 10.10.

Note: If you cut and paste from this PDF, make sure that the dashes (--) copy correctly.

\$ rpm --upgrade --oldpackage dma-server-10.10-0.x86 64.rpm

- 4. Upload and reinstall the HP DMA10.10 APX.
- 5. Detach the DMA Client Files policy from all managed servers and then remediate.
- 6. Delete the DMA Client Files policy and all packages in the /DMA\_Client folder and then reinstall the policy using the policy install process from HP DMA 10.10.
- 7. Attach the DMA Client Files policy to all desired managed servers and then remediate again.
- 8. Restart the HP DMA server:
  - \$ service dma start

# Chapter 5

## How to Link HP DMA into HP Server Automation

This chapter shows you how to disable outdated versions of HP DMA that came with HP Server Automation (SA) and redirect SA to call HP DMA 10.20 instead.

**Note:** When SA 9.1x was installed, HP DMA 9.1x was automatically installed with it. HP DMA 10.20 supersedes HP DMA 9.1x. To avoid confusion you may want to deactive HP DMA 9.1x in your SA installation and link SA to the most recent version of HP DMA.

If you are using HP DMA 9.1x, it is possible to run HP DMA 9.1x and HP DMA 10.20 in parallel. Make sure to update your HP DMA 10.20 before deactivating HP DMA 9.1x.

You must perform these steps on the SA server.

### To disable HP DMA 9.1x

1. Disable HP DMA 9.1x by renaming the dma.xml file and the META-INF directory. For example:

\$ mv /opt/opsware/da/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml
/opt/opsware/da/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml.disabled

\$ mv /opt/opsware/da/webapps/dma/META-INF /opt/opsware/da/webapps/dma/META-INF.disabled

2. Restart the Application Deployment Manager (ADM)—without restarting HP DMA:

\$ /etc/init.d/opsware-sas restart da

#### To link SA to the most recent HP DMA—version 10.20

1. Edit this file :

/etc/opt/opsware/httpsProxy/httpd.conf

2. Locate the following two lines in the <VirtualHost \*:4433> grouping:

RewriteRule ^/dma/(.\*)\$ http://localhost:7080/dma/\$1 [P,L]

ProxyPassReverse /dma/ http://localhost:7080/dma/

3. Change the two lines using the following example:

RewriteRule ^/dma/(.\*)\$ https://<DMA\_Server>:8443/dma/\$1 [P,L]
ProxyPassReverse /dma/ https://<DMA Server>:8443/dma/

In these lines  $<DMA\_Server>$  is the fully qualified host name of the HP DMA server, for example dma.mycompany.com.

- 4. Save the file.
- 5. Restart the httpsProxy as root:
  - % /etc/init.d/opsware-sas restart httpsProxy
- 6. You can now access your HP DMA server using the following URL:

https://<DMA\_Server>:8443/dma

**Tip:** To reactivate HP DMA 9.1x, reverse the steps above. Rename dma.xml.disabled back to dma.xml, rename META-INF.disabled back to META-INF, and change the two lines in httpd.conf back to their original state.

# Chapter 6

# **Special Configurations**

This chapter contains information about non-default HP DMA configurations:

Change the Default Port on the next page Use a Proxy Server with HP DMA on page 66 Run as a Windows Domain User on page 76 Specify a Renamed Windows Administrator User on page 73 Change the Number of Active Connections on page 78

## **Change the Default Port**

HP DMA uses port 8443 by default. You can change this to another port if you prefer.

To change the HP DMA port:

- 1. Stop HP DMA:
  - # service dma stop
- 2. Open the server.xml file in a text editor. For example:
  - # vi /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/server.xml
- 3. On line 84, change the port from 8443, to the port that you prefer:

```
<Connector port="8443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"
maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true"
clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS"
keystoreFile="/opt/hp/dma/server/.keystore"/>
```

- 4. Save your changes to the server.xml file.
- 5. Open the dma.xml file in a text editor. For example:
  - # vi /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml
- 6. Change the port number specified in the value of the webServiceUrl parameter to the same port that you specified in step 3.

<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl" value="https://dma01.mycompany.com:8443/dma"/>

- 7. Save your changes to the dma.xml file.
- 8. Start HP DMA:
  - # service dma start

## Use a Proxy Server with HP DMA

A proxy server can be used to provide additional security for HP DMA communications. This topic shows you how to use an HP Server Automation (SA) Satellite as a proxy server.

**Caution:** If the trustAllCertificates value in the dma.xml file is set to false (see Configure SSL on the HP DMA Server), you must have a subject alternate name (SAN) as part of your signed certificate:

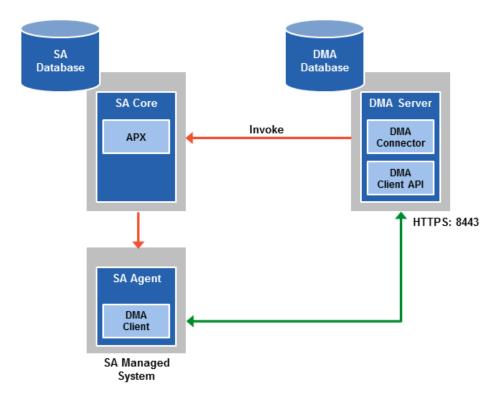
- The SAN must be type IP.
- The SAN value must be the IP address—not the domain name—of the HP DMA server.

**Note:** The diagrams in this topic show simplified configurations of servers and communication paths. Real-world situations are much more complex with multiple SA Cores mapped to multiple SA Managed Servers. Multiple SA Satellites may also be configured.

## **Default HP DMA Communications**

The following diagram shows how HP DMA communications work by default (without a proxy server):

- 1. HP DMA invokes SA to run the DMA Client on the target SA managed server.
- 2. SA communicates with the SA agent on the target server.
- 3. The SA agent invokes the DMA Client.
- 4. The DMA Client communicates with the DMA Server using HTTPS on port 8443.

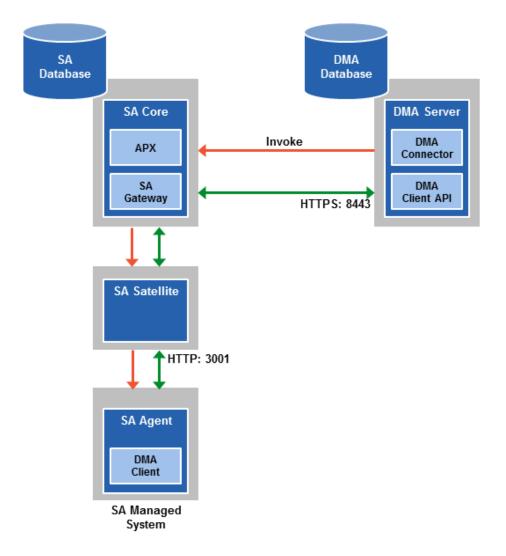


## Using an SA Satellite as a Proxy Server

The following diagram shows how HP DMA communications work with an SA Satellite serving as a proxy:

- 1. HP DMA invokes SA to run the DMA Client on the target SA managed server.
- 2. SA communicates across the SA Satellite to the SA agent on the target server.
- 3. The SA agent invokes the DMA Client.
- 4. The DMA Client communicates using HTTPS via the SA Satellite proxy.

In this case, the DMA Client uses the same port used by SA on the SA Satellite to forward information to the SA Gateway. The SA Gateway then forwards the information to the DMA Server.



## How HP DMA Manages Proxy Communication

HP DMA uses two Custom Fields to control proxy communication:

• west\_proxy\_address contains the full URL of the proxy including the proxy port (or the keyword SA\_auto\_select).

**Note:** Set the west\_proxy\_address to SA\_auto\_select if you want the target server to determine which SA Satellite to use as a proxy.

• west\_proxy\_in\_use tells HP DMA whether a proxy server will be used. Valid values are:

TRUE	Use the proxy specified in the <pre>west_proxy_address</pre>
FALSE	Do not use a proxy
not set	Do not use a proxy, or defer to the organization or server level
anything else	Implies true

**Tip:** It is best practice to only use values of TRUE, FALSE, and field not set. Note that west\_proxy\_in\_use is not case-sensitive.

These Custom Fields can be defined at both the organization level and the server level. This enables you to use a proxy server for communication with some targets but not others—or use different proxy servers to communicate with different targets.

If the proxy Custom Fields are defined at both the organization level and the server level, the server level proxy information takes precedence over the organization level proxy information.

The following table shows how HP DMA will communicate if west\_proxy\_in\_use has values at both the organization level and the server level.

Proxy Precedence	Server value is TRUE	Server value is FALSE	Server value is not set
Organization value is TRUE	Use the proxy specified for the server	Do not use a proxy for this server	Use the proxy specified for the organization
Organization value is FALSE	Use the proxy specified for the server	Do not use a proxy for this server	Do not use a proxy for this server
Organization value is not set	Use the proxy specified for the server	Do not use a proxy for this server	Do not use a proxy for this server

## How to Set Up a Proxy Server

To set up a proxy server for HP DMA, you must make two changes to the HP DMA infrastructure:

- 1. Add a new Egress rule to the SA Gateway configuration to allow forwarding to port 8443 on the DMA Server. This involves updating a configuration file that resides on the SA Core and restarting the SA Gateway.
- 2. Create and configure the two Custom Fields that instruct HP DMA to route traffic through the proxy server. This procedure is performed in the HP DMA UI.
- 3. If your SA Satellite environment uses SA realms, specify the saRealm connector parameter in the dma.xml configuration file.

Instructions for making each of these changes are provided here. For more information about the SA Satellite and SA Gateway, see the HP Server Automation documentation library, which is available on the HP Software Product Manuals web site:

http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

### Add a New Egress Rule

On the SA Core, add a new Egress rule to the SA Gateway configuration to allow forwarding to port 8443 on the DMA Server. This procedure must be performed by an SA administrator.

#### To add the new Egress rule:

- 1. For every facility that is not a Satellite facility, perform the following steps to add a new EgressFilter entry to the gateway configuration file:
  - a. Create or edit the gateway configuration file:

/etc/opt/opsware/opswgw-cgws1-<facilityName>/opswgw.custom

Here <facilityName> is the name given to the facility when it was created. For example: DATACENTER1

b. Add the following line:

opswgw.EgressFilter=tcp:<DMAServer>:<DMAPort>:\*:\*

Here *<DMAServer>* is the resolvable host name of your DMA Server and *<DMAPort>* is the port configured for DMA (default is 8443).

- c. Save the file.
- 2. Restart the SA Gateway by using the following command:

```
/etc/init.d/opsware-sas restart opswgw-cgws
```

**Caution:** Restarting the SA Gateway will disrupt traffic—be sure to restart it at a safe time.

### Add and Configure the HP DMA Custom Fields

In the HP DMA web UI, create (if necessary) and configure the proxy communication Custom Fields.

You can specify proxy information for both organizations and individual servers. If both are specified, the server level proxy information takes precedence over the organization level proxy information (see Proxy Precedence).

### To create the Custom Fields for proxy communication:

- 1. Decide whether your proxy is at the organization level or the server level.
- 2. Perform the following steps to add the west\_proxy\_in\_use and west\_proxy\_address
   Custom Fields to each pertinent organization or server:
  - a. Go to Environment > Dashboard > <organization\_name>.
  - b. Optional: Go to <server\_name>.
  - c. Go to the Custom Fields tab.
  - d. Click NEW CUSTOM FIELD.
  - e. Specify the Custom Field name (west\_proxy\_in\_use or west\_proxy\_address).
  - f. Set the Object to Organization or Server, as appropriate.
  - g. Set the Type to Text. For example:

### New custom field

	Attributes	s Usage	
Pro	perties		
	Name:	west_proxy_in_use	
	Object:	· Organization ·	
	Type:	Text -	
	Options:		
		Option is in use and cannot be removed from the list.	

h. Click Save.

### To specify the Custom Field values:

You can specify the Custom Field values at the organization level, the server level, or both (see Proxy Precedence).

- 1. Go to Environment > Dashboard > <organization\_name>.
- 2. Optional: Go to <server\_name>.
- 3. Go to the Custom Fields tab.
- 4. Set west proxy address to the full URL of the proxy, including the port, in this format:

```
http://<proxy_hostname>:<proxy_port>
```

If you have multiple SA Satellites, and you want the target server to determine which SA Satellite to use as a proxy, set <code>west\_proxy\_address</code> to SA\_auto\_select.

- 5. Set west\_proxy\_in\_use to TRUE, FALSE, or blank.
- 6. Click Save.

Example 1: Use a specific proxy server for all servers in an organization

<b>A</b> -1		<u> </u>		1.1
	M۱	/ Or	ganiza	ation

Properties	Custom Fields	Roles
Custom fields		NEW CUSTOM FIELD
west_proxy_address: http://p		proxy.mycompany.com:3001
west_pr	oxy_in_use: TRUE	

**Example 2:** Have the target server determine which SA Satellite to use as a proxy

### & My Organization

Properties	Custom Fields	Roles
Custom fields		NEW CUSTOM FIELD
west_proxy_address: SA_auto_select		
west_pr	oxy_in_use: TRUE	

Note: You can easily adjust how the proxy server will be used. To stop using the proxy, simply set the value of west\_proxy\_in\_use to FALSE. You do not need to delete the west\_proxy\_address value, because the west\_proxy\_in\_use value controls whether or not the proxy is used.

### **Specify the Server Automation Realm**

When installed in a Satellite configuration, SA can manage servers with overlapping IP addresses. This situation can occur when servers are behind NAT devices or firewalls. Servers with overlapping IP addresses must reside in different SA realms.

If your environment uses SA realms, you must specify the saRealm connector parameter to enable HP DMA to correctly route traffic through the SA Gateway network.

**Caution:** If you specify the saRealm parameter, you must specify the IP address (not the host name) of your HP DMA server in the webServiceUrl parameter.

#### To specify the SA realm:

- 1. Stop the DMA service: service dma stop
- Open the /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml file in a text editor.

Set the saRealm parameter:

<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.sa.SAConnector.saRealm" value="realmName"/>

#### For example:

<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.sa.SAConnector.saRealm" value="SAT1"/>

Specify the IP address of your HP DMA server in the webServiceUrl parameter:

```
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl" value="https://dmaIPaddress:8443/dma"/>
```

The dma.xml file should now look similar to this:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Context allowLinking="true" disableURLRewriting="true"
  path="/dma" privileged="true" swallowOutput="true"
   workDir="/var/opt/hp/dma/work/dma">
 <Valve className="org.apache.catalina.valves.AccessLogValve"
  directory="/var/log/hp/dma/" pattern="%h %l %u %t '%r' %s %b
   %S" prefix="localhost access." suffix=".log"/>
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl"
   value="https://192.0.2.0:8443/dma"/>
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.trustAllCertificates" value="false" />
<Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.sa.SAConnector.saRealm" value="REALM NA
ME" />
<Resource auth="container"
   driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver"
  factory="com.hp.dma.util.DmaTomcatContextHandler"
  maxActive="20" maxIdle="5" maxWait="2000" name="jdbc/dma"
  password="{AES}54dd1d97a915c4c3c8d0db986a1218db62008816fb924"
  type="javax.sql.DataSource"
  url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@dma1.mycompany.com:1521:DMA"
  username="dma"/>
</Context>
```

- 4. Save the dma.xml file.
- 5. Start the DMA service: service dma start

# Specify a Renamed Windows Administrator User

This topic shows you how to make changes necessary to accommodate Windows targets where the Windows Administrator user has been renamed.

There are two configuration changes required to accommodate these targets. These changes must be performed in the order shown.

Change Required	Where Performed	Number of Times Performed
Update the HP DMA Automation Platform Extension (APX) to allow non-default Windows Administrator user names. See Update the HP DMA APX.	On one SA Slice server	Only once
Create and configure a new HP DMA Custom Field that will be used to specify the Windows Administrator user name at either the organization or server level. See Create and Configure the HP DMA Custom Field.	In HP DMA	Once per relevant organization or server

Instructions for making each of these changes are provided here.

If you do not make these changes, any workflow executed against a Windows target where the Windows Administrator user has been renamed will be aborted, and the following connector error will be reported on the History page:

Step Output	Step Errors	Step Header	Connector Output	Connector Errors *	
Status	Ou	itput			
Server: target1.mycompany Created Time: 16:50:45 Client Exit Code: 1	y.com Ag	ent/Client sys	e (3054): Handler tem target1.mycomp cute was not succe	any.com is not respon	ding

### Update the HP DMA APX

Perform the following procedure <u>only once</u> on one SA Slice server.

**Note:** The following steps must be performed by an SA user (*SA\_APX\_User*) who belongs to a group with the following SA privileges:

- List, read, write, and execute permissions on the objects in the / DMA APX folder.
- OGSH permission to Launch Global Shell.
- Manage Extensions (Read & Write) permission under Automation Platform Extension.
- List, Read, and Write permission on the /DMA APX folder.

For more information about the SA permissions, see the HP Server Automation documentation library, which is available on the HP Software Product Manuals web site:

http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

#### To update the HP DMA APX:

- 1. Open the / DMA APX folder in the SA Library.
- 2. Double click Program Extension and select Update West Apx user on Windows.
- 3. On the Actions menu, select Run Program Extension.
- 4. Go to Run Program Extension > Program > Next.
- 5. Follow the instructions to List, Add, or Remove Windows Administrator users.
- 6. Select Start Job. The users will be listed, added, or removed according to the options that you selected.

### **Create and Configure the HP DMA Custom Field**

The final change required is to create and configure a HP DMA Custom Field called <code>agent\_username\_win</code> that will contain the Windows Administrator user name for each Windows target server.

#### To create the Custom Field:

- 1. Go to Environment > Custom Fields.
- 2. Click the New Field button.
- 3. Specify the Custom Field name agent\_username\_win.
- 4. From the Object drop-down list, select either Server or Organization.

If each Windows server has a different Windows Administrator user name, you will need to specify this user name for each server. In this case, select Server here.

If many Windows servers in the same organization have the same Windows Administrator user name, it will be more convenient to specify the user name at the organization level. In this case, select Organization here.

You can create both organization and server level Custom Fields for this purpose. If you specify a value for both the organization and the server Custom Field, HP DMA will use the server value.

- 5. From the Type drop-down list, select Text.
- 6. Click Save.

#### To configure the Custom Field:

**Note:** The following steps must be performed by an HP DMA user who has a role with Write permission for the pertinent organizations (or Administrator capability).

For each organization or server where you want to specify the Windows Administrator user name, follow these steps:

1. For an organization, go to Environment > Dashboard > organization\_name

For a server, go to Environment > Dashboard > organization\_name > server\_name

- 2. Go to the Custom Fields tab.
- Specify the Windows Administrator user name in the agent\_username\_win Custom Field.
   If you do not see this Custom Field, be sure that Show empty values is selected.
- 4. Click Save.

**Note:** If you want HP DMA to run workflows on Windows targets as a specific Windows domain user, also see Run as a Windows Domain User on the next page.

## Run as a Windows Domain User

This topic shows you how to make changes necessary to run workflows on Windows targets as a specific Windows domain user.

**Note:** If you have a Windows 2012 server as a managed client, that system needs .Net 3.5 installed when you are running with a domain user configuration.

To do this, you must create and configure the following Custom Fields:

```
domain_username_win
```

domain\_password\_win

If you create and specify valid values for these Custom Fields, all workflows executed against the pertinent targets will run as the Windows domain user that you specify.

The value of domain password win is encrypted before it is stored.

Note: The specified domain user must:

- Be a member of the Administrators group on the target server.
- Have User Account Control (UAC) disabled on the target server.
- Have login access to the pertinent database or middleware application (for example: SQL Server or IBM WebSphere Application Server) on the target server. This enables HP DMA to discover information about the target environment.

#### To create the Custom Fields:

- 1. Go to Environment > Custom Fields.
- 2. Click the New Field button.
- 3. Specify the Custom Field name: domain username win.
- 4. From the Object drop-down list, select either Server or Organization.

If each Windows server requires a different Windows domain user, you will need to specify this user name for each server. In this case, select Server here.

If many Windows servers in the same organization will use the same Windows domain user, it will be more convenient to specify the user name at the organization level. In this case, select Organization here.

You can create both organization and server level Custom Fields for this purpose. If you specify a value for both the organization and the server, HP DMA will use the server value.

- 5. From the Type drop-down list, select Text.
- 6. Click Save.
- 7. Repeat steps 2–6 to create the domain\_password\_win Custom Field. In step 5, select Password.

#### To configure the Custom Fields:

**Note:** The following steps must be performed by an HP DMA user who has a role with Write permission for the pertinent organizations (or Administrator capability).

For each organization or server where you want to run workflows on Windows targets as a specific Windows domain user, follow these steps:

1. For an organization, go to Environment > Dashboard > organization\_name

For a server, go to Environment > Dashboard > organization\_name > server\_name

- 2. Go to the Custom Fields tab.
- 3. Specify the Windows domain user name in the domain\_username\_win Custom Field.

Tip: If you do not see this Custom Field, be sure that Show empty values is selected.

- 4. Specify the Windows domain user password in the domain password win Custom Field.
- 5. Click Save.

**Note:** If you have renamed the Windows Administrator account on your Windows target servers, you must also perform the procedures required to Specify a Renamed Windows Administrator User on page 73.

# **Change the Number of Active Connections**

This topic shows you how to change the number of active database connections that HP DMA uses. This may improve workflow execution speed, depending on how many workflows are running at the same time and the complexity of those workflows.

#### To change the number of active connections:

1. As root, stop the HP DMA server:

\$ service dma stop

2. Open the following file in a text editor:

/opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml

3. Modify the following parameters:

Parameter Name	Default Value	Suggested New Value
maxActive	20	50
maxWait	2000	3000

The parameter values that will work best are highly dependent on your environment. Several iterations may be required to optimally tune these parameters.

- 4. Start the HP DMA server again:
  - \$ service dma start

# Chapter 7

# Troubleshooting

This chapter provides information that will help you troubleshoot problems that can arise during the installation and initial configuration of HP Database and Middleware Automation (HP DMA) version 10.20.

### **Debugging Tools**

HP DMA provides Custom Fields that can assist you in the debug process by providing additional output information:

- DEBUG\_LEVEL: Controls the level of workflow output to the HP DMA Console Page. The following describes the values:
  - 0 No debug
  - 1 Error debug
  - 2 Warning debug
  - 3 Success, information, and notice debug
  - 4 Debug debug
  - 5 Verbose debug
  - 99 Maximum debug
- west\_verbose: Determines whether additional debug logging is written to the HP DMA Client log. Valid values are TRUE and FALSE.

This output can be valuable if you need assistance from HP Support.

**Tip:** See the "Custom Field" section in the *HP DMA Administrator Guide* for additional information on how to create and customize Custom Fields.

#### To create the debug Custom Fields:

1. Decide whether you want debug at the organization level or the server level.

You can specify Custom Fields for both organizations and individual servers. If both are specified, the server level information takes precedence over the organization level information.

**Note:** To debug what happens on a specific target when a specific workflow runs, create the Custom Fields at the server level.

- 2. Perform the following steps to add the DEBUG\_LEVEL and west\_verbose Custom Fields to each pertinent organization or server:
  - a. Go to Environment > Custom Fields.
  - b. Click NEW CUSTOM FIELD.

- c. Set the Custom Field name to DEBUG LEVEL.
- d. Set the Object to Organization or Server, as appropriate.
- e. Set the Type to Text.
- f. Click Save.
- g. Go to Custom Fields.
- h. Click NEW CUSTOM FIELD.
- i. Set the Custom Field name to west verbose.
- j. Set the Object to Organization or Server, as appropriate.
- k. Set the Type to List.
- I. Specify the first option as TRUE and then click <sup>(3)</sup>.
- m. Specify the second option as FALSE and then click ③.
- n. Click Save.

#### To specify the debug Custom Field values:

You can specify the Custom Field values at the organization level, the server level, or both.

- 1. Go to Environment > Dashboard > <organization\_name>.
- 2. Go to <server\_name>.
- 3. Go to the Custom Fields tab.
- 4. Enable Show empty values.
- 5. Set DEBUG LEVEL to 99—the highest level of debug.
- 6. Set west verbose to TRUE.
- 7. Click Save.

#### To obtain debug information:

- 1. Run the pertinent workflow on the server that has the debug Custom Fields turned on.
- 2. After the workflow completes, the debug information will be available on the Console and History tabs for the workflow.
- 3. *Optional:* To save the history output as a CSV file, click 🗟 at the upper-right corner of the history page.

You can relay this information to HP Support for further troubleshooting.

#### To turn off debug:

When you are done debugging, you can modify the values of the Custom Fields to turn the debug off.

- 1. Go to Environment > Dashboard > <organization\_name>.
- 2. Go to <server\_name>.
- 3. Go to the Custom Fields tab.
- 4. Enable Show empty values.
- 5. Set DEBUG LEVEL to 0—no debug.
- 6. Set west verbose to FALSE.
- 7. Click Save.

*Optional:* You can also delete the DEBUG\_LEVEL and west\_verbose Custom Fields since the default values turn off the debug.

### **Troubleshooting Issues**

Each troubleshooting topic shows you how to diagnose and resolve a particular problem. The topics are grouped according to where in the HP DMA installation process each problem can occur. Pertinent log file snippets are included.

In the following table, the Installation Step column indicates where in the HP DMA installation process each type of problem becomes apparent. The Probable Cause column contains links to topics that show you how to diagnose and resolve a particular problem.

Problem	Installation Step	Probable Cause
Common Baseline	Install the HP	Oracle Database User Was Not Created
Errors	DMA Server	Oracle Listener Is Not Running
		Oracle Database Is Not Running
		Error in the Oracle Server or Oracle SID Name
		HP DMA Client Fails to Contact HP DMA Server
		Did Not Run the Baseline Command as Root User
APX Tool Configuration Error	Import the HP DMA APX	Not Pointing to Correct APX Tool Directory
DMA Client Files Policy Error	Install the DMA Client Files	DMA_Client Directory Does Not Exist or Is Not Writable
	Policy	Microsoft Patch Database Is Out of Date
Connector Errors	Configure the	The SA Core Server Is Down
	Connector	The JAR Files Are Not at the Required Locations
		Connector Errors
Login Errors	Start HP DMA	The SA Core Server Is Down
		The SA Group Does Not have Login Access
		HP DMA Started Before SA was Running

Problem	Installation Step	Probable Cause
No Servers Available to Add to	Add Available Targets	The HP DMA Connector User Does Not Have Required Permissions
HP DMA		The HP DMA Connector User Cannot Find Any Servers
		The Servers Are Already in Another HP DMA Organization
		The HP DMA User Does Not Have Correct Permissions
		The DMA Client Files Policy Is Not Attached and Remediated

# **Common Baseline Errors**

Most errors that occur when running the dmaBaselineData command can be attributed to:

- Not setting up Oracle Database as specified in Create and Configure the Oracle Database on page 21.
- The TNS listener is not running.
- Not specifying the correct values in the dmaBaselineData command.
- Not specifying the correct HP DMA server host name in the dmaBaselineData command.
- Not running the dmaBaselineData command with the correct permissions (root).

The following topics will help you identify and resolve baseline errors.

For additional information, see Install the HP DMA Server on page 26.

### **Oracle Database User Was Not Created**

To verify that your HP DMA Oracle Database user was created:

1. Log in to Oracle Database:

sqlplus / as sysdba

2. Run the following query:

select username from dba users where username like '%DMA%'

This command will list any usernames where DMA is part of the name.

If your HP DMA Oracle Database user name is not in the list, have your Oracle Database administrator (DBA) follow the instructions in Create and Configure the Oracle Database on page 21 to add the HP DMA Oracle Database user.

### **Oracle Listener Is Not Running**

To verify that the Oracle Listener is running:

1. On the Oracle Database system, run the following commands:

```
su - oracle
ps -ef | grep tns
```

2. If the Oracle Listener is running, the output of the ps command will be similar to this:

```
[oracle@oraserver ~]$ ps -ef|grep tns
oracle 3924 1 0 10:51 ? 00:00:00
/u01/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/db1/bin/tnslsnr DMALIST -inherit
oracle 3921 3632 0 10:50 pts/1 00:00:00 grep tns
```

If the Oracle Listener is not running, the output of the ps command will be similar to this:

```
[oracle@oraserver ~]$ ps -ef|grep tns
oracle 3921 3632 0 10:50 pts/1 00:00:00 grep tns
```

If the Oracle Listener is not running, have your Oracle DBA start it.

### **Oracle Database Is Not Running**

To verify that Oracle Database is running:

1. On the Oracle Database system, run the following commands:

```
su - oracle
ps -ef | grep pmon
```

2. If Oracle Database is running, the output of the ps command will be similar to this:

```
[oracle@oraserver ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 4018 1 0 10:55 ? 00:00:00 ora_pmon_dmademo
oracle 4109 3956 0 10:55 pts/1 00:00:00 grep pmon
```

If Oracle Database is not running, the output of the ps command will be similar to this:

[oracle@oraserver ~]\$ ps -ef | grep pmon oracle 3982 3956 0 10:54 pts/1 00:00:00 grep pmon

If Oracle Database is not running, have your Oracle DBA start it.

### Error in the Oracle Server or Oracle SID Name

If you specify an incorrect host name for the Oracle Database system, an incorrect Oracle SID name, or any other incorrect database connection parameters in the dmaBaselineData command, the command will fail.

For example:

```
$ sh ./dmaBaselineData.sh --create-tables
--create-context --database-username dma --database-password dma
--jdbc-connection-string jdbc:oracle:thin:@badorcl.mycompany.com:1521:
badsid
--dma-hostname dma.mycompany.com
```

This incorrect dmaBaselineData command will produce error messages similar to the following:

```
30 Jan 2005 11:28:45,901 INFO DMABaselineData - Saved context fil
e: /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF/../WEB-INF/../../.
./conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml
30 Jan 2005 11:28:45,903 INFO DMABaselineData - Context file has b
een created.
30 Jan 2005 11:28:48,016 INFO DMABaselineData - Using specified co
ntext for settings (command line overrides ignored) file: /opt/hp/d
ma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF/../WEB-INF/../../conf/Catal
ina/localhost/dma.xml
30 Jan 2005 11:28:48,834 ERROR DMABaselineData - Initial SessionFac
tory creation failed.
30 Jan 2005 11:28:48,834 ERROR DMABaselineData - Unable to establis
h connection with database using provided connection info.
java.lang.RuntimeException: Connection cannot be null when 'hiberna
te.dialect' not set
at com.hp.dma.cmdline.DMABaselineData.init(DMABaselineData.java:17
1)
at com.hp.dma.cmdline.DMABaselineData.main(DMABaselineData.java:84
8)
. . .
```

To solve this problem:

- Verify that the TNS listener is running.
- Specify the correct names for the dmaBaselineData command.

### HP DMA Client Fails to Contact HP DMA Server

If the target server cannot communicate with the HP DMA server, a workflow will appear to be running when it really is not. There are several possible causes of this problem:

- The HP DMA server name is not resolvable on the target server.
- The HP DMA server is running a different port than the one specified in the dma.xml configuration file.

If the HP DMA server host name was not specified correctly when the dmaBaselineData.sh command was executed,

#### Symptoms

If this happens, the Console page looks like this—note that there are no messages in the step output box when you select the first step, and its status never changes from Initiated to Running.

4	Date	abase & Mi	iddleware /	Automation				
	Home	Automation	Reports	Environmer	nt Solutions	Setup	)	
	Workflow	vs Steps	Functions	Policies	Deployments	Run	<u>Console</u>	History

### Console

Status	Workflow	Started	Run by	Server
RUNNING	Discovery	28 Mar 13:20	admin	target1.mycompany.com
			N 41	
Output			Nothing	here
Discove	ry Parameters		•	
1				
Neve	r changes to	Running		

The HP DMA log file on the target server will show that the target server cannot communicate with the HP DMA server:

```
2013-03-28 17:39:01,121 - INFO: Logging initiated for execution 'ff
8080813db35c1e013db35e30e60000'
2013-03-28 17:39:01,312 - ERROR: Error with HTTP POST: "Failed to
```

```
reach server: error(111, 'Connection refused')"
2013-03-28 17:40:01,328 - ERROR: Error with HTTP POST: "Failed to r
each server: error(111, 'Connection refused')"
2013-03-28 17:41:01,345 - ERROR: Error with HTTP POST: "Failed to r
each server: error(111, 'Connection refused')"
```

This log file is located here on the target server:

- UNIX targets: /var/tmp/DMA/<execution id>/execution id.log
- Windows targets: %TMPDIR%\dma\<execution-id>\<execution-id>.log

Note that that %TMPDIR% is evaluated based on the user running the workflow. If you log in as a different user, you may not see this file in your %TMPDIR%.

**Note:** You will see Connection Refused error messages (as shown above) if the specified dma-hostname is a valid and resolvable host name. If it is not a resolvable host name, you will see error messages like this one:

2013-03-28 17:48:07,026 - ERROR: Error with HTTP POST: "Failed to reach server: gaierror(20001, 'getaddrinfo failed')"

Tip: This information is also displayed on the Connector Errors tab on the History page.

#### Solution

You can solve this problem by modifying the webServiceUrl parameter in the following file:

/opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml

Perform these steps on the HP DMA server:

- 1. Stop the DMA service.
  - \$ service dma stop
- 2. In the /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml file, check the highlighted value of webServiceUrl for the following:
  - The host name is correct
  - The host name is not localhost
  - The host name is fully qualified
  - The host name is spelled correctly

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Context allowLinking="true" disableURLRewriting="true"
path="/dma" privileged="true" swallowOutput="true"
workDir="/var/opt/hp/dma/work/dma">
```

```
<Valve className="org.apache.catalina.valves.AccessLogValve"
  directory="/var/log/hp/dma/" pattern="%h %l %u %t '%r' %s %b
  %S" prefix="localhost_access." suffix=".log"/>
 <Parameter name="com.hp.dma.core.webServiceUrl"
 value="https://dmal.mycompany.com:8443/dma"/>
 <Parameter name="com.hp.dma.conn.trustAllCertificates"
  value="false" />
 <Resource auth="container"
   driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver"
   factory="com.hp.dma.util.DmaTomcatContextHandler"
  maxActive="20" maxIdle="5" maxWait="2000" name="jdbc/dma"
  password="{AES}54dd1d97a915c4c3c8d0db986a1218db62008816fb924"
   type="javax.sql.DataSource"
  url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@dma1.mycompany.com:1521:DMA"
   username="dma"/>
</Context>
```

#### 3. Start the DMA service.

\$ service dma start

**Note:** You must also terminate the HP DMA Client process on the target server (see Workflow Execution Step on Target on page 111).

### Did Not Run the Baseline Command as Root User

You must run the dmaBaselineData command as root. If you run dmaBaselineData as another user, it will fail.

For example:

```
$ sh ./dmaBaselineData.sh --create-tables
--create-context --database-username dma --database-password dma
--jdbc-connection-string jdbc:oracle:thin:@oraserver.mycompany.com:152
1:dmademo
--dma-hostname dmaserver.mycompany.com
```

If you run this correct dmaBaselineData command as a user other than root, you will see error messages similar to the following:

```
log4j:ERROR setFile(null,true) call failed.
java.io.FileNotFoundException: /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log (Permission
denied)
        at java.io.FileOutputStream.openAppend(Native Method)
        at java.io.FileOutputStream.<init>(Unknown Source)
        at java.io.FileOutputStream.<init>(Unknown Source)
        at org.apache.log4j.FileAppender.setFile(FileAppender.java:
294)
        at org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender.setFile(RollingFile
Appender.java:207)
        at org.apache.log4j.FileAppender.activateOptions(FileAppend
er.java:165)
. . .
java.io.FileNotFoundException: /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dm
a/WEB-INF/../WEB-INF/../../conf/Catalina/localhost/dma.xml (Perm
ission denied)
        at java.io.FileOutputStream.open(Native Method)
        at java.io.FileOutputStream.<init>(Unknown Source)
        at java.io.FileOutputStream.<init>(Unknown Source)
        at com.hp.dma.cmdline.DMABaselineData.saveXMLFile(DMABaseli
neData.java:713)
        at com.hp.dma.cmdline.DMABaselineData.main(DMABaselineData.
java:837)
30 Jan 2005 10:43:43,463 ERROR CmdlineExceptionHandler - Exception
java.lang.Throwable: java.io.FileNotFoundException: /opt/hp/dma/ser
ver/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-INF/../WEB-INF/../../conf/Catalina/lo
calhost/dma.xml (Permission denied
. . .
```

To solve this problem, run the dmaBaselineData command again as root.

# **APX Tool Configuration Error**

You may receive an error that you do not have a valid APX file or directory when you perform the Import the HP DMA APX step.

### Not Pointing to Correct APX Tool Directory

If you receive an error message similar to the following at the root command prompt, you are not pointing to the correct directory for the APX tool:

```
...
[root@dmaserver ~](4) $ apxtool import westapx.zip
Error: westapx.zip is not a valid APX file or directory.
...
```

If you have this problem, verify the location of the APX tool and rerun the apxtool command (see Import the HP DMA APX).

## **DMA Client Files Policy Error**

Possible errors that can occur when you install, attach, or remediate the DMA Client Files policy on the SA server are the following:

- The /DMA Client directory does not exist or is not writable
- The Microsoft Patch Database is out of date

The following topics will help you identify and resolve DMA Client Files policy issues.

For additional information, see Install the DMA Client Files Policy on page 43.

### DMA\_Client Directory Does Not Exist or Is Not Writable

#### Symptoms

If the /DMA\_Client directory does not exist or is not writable you will receive error messages similar to the following when you run dma\_upload.sh:

```
. . .
# sh ./dma_upload.sh -host sa2.mycompany.com -user myusername -pass
word mypassword -keyFile /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-
INF/publicKey -folderName /DMA Client
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time
                                                      Tim
e Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 2780k 100 2780k 0 0 120M 0 --:--:-- --:-
--:-- 142M
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Tim
e Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 1712k 100 1712k 0 0 127M 0 --:--:-- --:-
--:-- 151M
CORBA BAD PARAM 0 No; nested exception is:
org.omg.CORBA.BAD PARAM: vmcid: 0x0 minor code: 0 completed: No
```

• • •

#### Solution

Make sure that the /DMA Client directory exists and you can write to it.

If the upload is successful, you will receive messages similar to the following:

```
. . .
# sh ./dma upload.sh -host sa2.mycompany.com -user myusername -pass
word mypassword -keyFile /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dma/WEB-
INF/publicKey -folderName /DMA Client
% Total
       % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Tim
e Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 2780k 100 2780k 0 0 137M 0 --:--:-- --:-
--:-- 150M
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Tim
e Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 1712k 100 1712k 0 0 121M 0 --:--:-- --:-
--:-- 139M
Policy associations for DMA completed.
. . .
```

### **Microsoft Patch Database Is Out of Date**

It is important to have the latest Windows Patch Utilities on SA Core to support Windows 2012.

#### Symptoms

If your Windows 2012 servers are successfully managed by SA but failed to have the DMA Client Files policy installed, examine the contents of the Job Status log for Overall Server Status. If they are similar to the following, your Microsoft patch database is out of date.

```
The request to retrieve information from the Agent failed for an
unknown reason, please contact your HP Server Automation
Administrator.Execution error: Traceback (most recent call last):
File ".\base\wayfuncs.py",line 136, in evaluator
File "", line 3058, in ?
...
File ".\nt_hotfix_handler.py", line 539, in installedList
File ".\nt\nt_hotfix_handler.py", line 521, in filterMbsa20ResultBy
InstalledOrRecommended
OpswareError:
...
```

```
params: {'handler':'nt_hotfix_handler','results':'AGENT_ERROR_PATC
H_DATABASE_CERTIFICATE_ERROR'}
request: UNKNOWN
tb_change: []
...
```

#### Solution

Tip: The following steps must be performed by an SA administrator.

You should verify that you are using the current Microsoft links and files. The ones listed here were correct as of the publication of this guide.

Perform the following steps to update the Microsoft Products and install the DMA Client Files policy on Windows 2012 servers:

- 1. Using the SA Client, navigate to the Administration > Patch Settings > Patch Products page.
- 2. Update the Windows Update Redistribution Catalog (wuredist.cab) with one of the following methods:
  - a. Update Products from Vendor:

Click the Update Products from Vendor button, set the URL to http://update.microsoft.com/redist/wuredist.cab, and then update.

b. Update Product List from File:

Download the wuredist.cab file manually at http://update.microsoft.com/redist/wuredist.cab and then click the Update Product List from File button to update the wuredist.cab file that you just downloaded.

- 3. Update the Security Update Catalog (wsusscn2.cab) with one of the following methods:
  - a. Update Products from Vendor:

Click the Update Products from Vendor button to update the available products list directly from Microsoft's web site (the default URL).

b. Update Product List from File:

Download the wsusscn2.cab file manually at
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=76054 and then click the Update Product List from
File button to update the wsusscn2.cab file that you just downloaded.

This updates the catalog of available patches.

4. Navigate to the Administration > Patch Settings > Patch Database page.

- 5. Update the Windows Update Agent standalone installers with one of the following methods:
  - a. Import from Vendor:

From the Windows Patch Utilities pane—auto-populated from the Security Update Catalog—select WindowsUpdateAgent30-x86.exe, WindowsUpdateAgent30-x64, and WindowsUpdateAgent30-ia64.exe, and then click Import from Vendor.

b. Import from File:

Download the installer files manually from:

http://download.windowsupdate.com/windowsupdate/redist/standalone/7.4.7600.226/ WindowsUpdateAgent30-x86.exe

http://download.windowsupdate.com/windowsupdate/redist/standalone/7.4.7600.226/ WindowsUpdateAgent30-x64.exe

http://download.windowsupdate.com/windowsupdate/redist/standalone/7.4.7600.226/ WindowsUpdateAgent30-ia64.exe

Click the Import from File button to update the installer files that you just downloaded.

- 6. Clean up any Windows 2012 servers that indicate that the DMA Client Files policy is installed but are actually in a corrupt state.
- Install the DMA Client Files policy on the Windows 2012 servers and remediate. For more information, see Install the DMA Client Files Policy.

Examine the contents of the Job Status log for the V Succeeded status.

 To update your repository with the same patching tools, copy the files that were downloaded in steps 3 and 5 to the Windows patching utilities directory on your SA Core (for example: /root/wintools or /root/winutils).

For more information see the *White Paper: SA 9.14: SA Server Patching Update* and the *SA 9.10 User Guide: Server Patching* that are available on the HP Software Product Manuals web site:

http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

## **Connector Errors**

The HP DMA connector enables HP DMA and SA to communicate. Possible errors that can occur when you configure the connector are:

- The SA Core server is down.
- The JAR files are not at the required locations.

The following topics will help you identify and resolve connector errors.

For additional information, see Configure the Connector on page 48.

### The SA Core Server Is Down

You may see the following error when you try to add the connector:

Connector

dmaConnector		
	HP Server Automation Host:	dmaserver.mycompany.com
	HP Server Automation Username:	

If you experience this error, examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If they are similar to the following, your SA server is down:

```
...
2013-03-14 08:46:47,720 INFO [main] SAConnector$StartExceptionHandl
er.handle:962
Can't connect to Host saserver.mycompany.com on port 443
2013-03-14 08:46:47,723 INFO [main] BaseExceptionHandler.makeConnec
torExceptionException:174
Can't connect to Host 'saserver.mycompany.com' on port 443. Ensure
HP Server Automation is currently running on 'saserver.mycompany.co
m' and firewall does not block access to port 443.
org.omg.CORBA.COMM_FAILURE: vmcid: SUN minor code: 201 complete
d: No
at com.sun.corba.se.impl.logging.ORBUtilSystemException.connectFail
ure(ORBUtilSystemException.java:2200)
...
```

If your SA server is down, have your SA administrator fix the problem.

0

### The JAR Files Are Not at the Required Locations

You may receive the following message when you try to add the connector:

nector			
Unable to connect to S	erver Automation because opswclient.jar and twistclient.jar	have not been copied to /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps	s/dma/WEB-INF/lib
lupulin			
	HP Server Automation Host:	saserver.mycompany.com	
	HP Server Automation Host: HP Server Automation Username:		

If you receive this error message, examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If the file contents are similar to the following, the <code>opswclient.jar</code> and <code>twistclient.jar</code> files are not at the required locations:

```
2005-01-30 16:37:54,626 INFO [main] PersistenceService:137 - Setti
ng oracle.net.tns.admin
2005-01-30 16:37:57,037 INFO [main] WorkflowStarter:107 - abortIfN
otStarted = true
2005-01-30 16:37:57,489 ERROR [main] StartupListener:114 - Unable t
o connect to Server Automation because opswclient.jar and twistclie
nt.jar have not been copied to /opt/hp/dma/server/tomcat/webapps/dm
a/WEB-INF/lib
2005-01-30 16:37:57,489 INFO [main] StartupListener:115 - Failure:
java.lang.NoClassDefFoundError: com/opsware/client/TokenFinder
...
2005-01-30 16:37:57,491 ERROR [main] StartupListener:49 - Exception
on startup
java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start DMA due to Connector fa
ilure
```

To fix this problem, run the script command to copy the required JAR files to the correct locations as described in Install the HP DMA Server on page 26.

# **Login Errors**

If you are unable to log in to HP DMA, you will see the following message:



Assuming that you have a valid username and password, the following situations may cause this problem:

- The SA server is down.
- Your role (SA group) does not have Login Access capability.
- HP DMA started before SA was running.

Use the following information to help you identify and resolve the problem.

### The SA Core Server Is Down

If your login fails, examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If they are similar to the following, the SA server is probably down:

```
2005-01-30 17:25:19,182 INFO [http-8443-1] SAConnector:176 - SA Ex
ception transformed into
com.hp.dma.conn.ConnectorException: Error calling HP Server Automat
ion Twister API on dmaserver.mycompany.com. HP Server Automation ma
y be down or core unreachable.
...
2005-01-30 17:25:19,186 INFO [http-8443-1] LoginAction:158 - User
dmausername failed to log in
```

If your SA server is down, have your SA administrator start it.

### The SA Group Does Not have Login Access

If your login fails, examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If they are similar to the following, none of the user's roles (SA groups) have Login Access capability:

```
...
2013-03-21 15:58:48,145 INFO [http-8443-6] LoginAction:136 - User
joe_user is valid in connector ff8080813d69ac23013d69ac475a0000 but
has no role allowing login
2013-03-21 15:58:48,146 INFO [http-8443-6] LoginAction:158 - User
joe_user failed to log in
...
```

If an HP DMA user's role (SA Group) does not have Login Access capability, add that user to a role (SA group) that does have Login Access capability – or register a different role, and grant that role Login Access capability.

See Set Up the SA Groups and Users on page 44 for more information.

### HP DMA Started Before SA was Running

If all of the following conditions are true, and you still see the "Credentials are incorrect or do not allow login" error message, it is possible that HP DMA started running before SA was running:

- You are certain that your credentials are correct.
- You are certain that at least one of your HP DMA roles (SA groups) has Login Access capability.
- SA is now running.

The solution to this problem is to simply stop and restart HP DMA:

- 1. Stop the DMA service.
  - \$ service dma stop
- 2. Start the DMA service.
  - \$ service dma start

# No Servers Available to Add to HP DMA

If no servers are available in the Add Available Targets step, you will see the following error when you try to add servers to an organization:

Add servers to organization	×
Sear	ch
No servers found	*
	~
Only servers with the Policy 'DMA Client Files' attached are displayed. A maximum of 500 servers are displayed.	Add

There are several situations that may cause this problem:

- The HP DMA connector user does not have the proper permissions.
- The HP DMA connector user cannot find any servers.
- The servers are already included in another HP DMA organization.
- The HP DMA user who is logged in does not have the correct permissions.
- The DMA Client Files policy is not attached and remediated on any managed servers.

Use the following information to help you identify and resolve the problem.

### The HP DMA Connector User Does Not Have Required Permissions

If you experience a "No servers found" error, examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If they are similar to the following, your HP DMA connector user (dma\_connector\_user) does not have the required permissions:

```
...
2013-03-15 14:43:43,301 ERROR [http-8080-1] DmaPolicyCacher.update:
183
DMA Client Files does not exist
2013-03-15 14:43:43,301 INFO [http-8080-1] DmaPolicyCacher.findServ
ers:94
No DMA Client Files
...
```

If you have this problem, have your SA administrator grant the dma\_connector\_user the following permissions:

- Manage Software Policy (Read)
- List, Read, and Execute permission on the folder containing the DMA Client Files policy (for example: /DMA Client)

For more information, see Set Up the SA Groups and Users.

### The HP DMA Connector User Cannot Find Any Servers

If you experience a "No servers found" error when the HP DMA connector user (dma\_connector\_user) has the required permissions on the folder containing the DMA Client Files policy (for example: /DMA\_Client), examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If they are similar to the following, either there are no servers with the DMA Client Files policy attached, or the HP DMA connector user does not have Read permission for the servers:

```
...
2013-03-15 14:59:57,377 INFO [http-8080-1] DmaPolicyCacher.getDMASo
ftwarePolicyRef:306
DMA Software Policy ref is DMA Client Files (SoftwarePolicyRef:1230
001)
...
2013-03-15 14:59:57,634 INFO [http-8080-1] DmaPolicyCacher.findServ
ers:107
User can't read any servers or no servers have policy DMA Client Fi
les
...
```

If you have this problem, have your SA administrator check two possible solutions:

- Attach and remediate the DMA Client Files policy to the servers.
- Grant the dma\_connector\_user Read permission for the servers.

For more information, see Install the DMA Client Files Policy and Set Up the SA Groups and Users.

### The Servers Are Already in Another HP DMA Organization

Servers can only be in one HP DMA organization. If they are already included in another organization, they will not be available for you to add.

If you experience a "No servers found" error, examine the contents of the /var/log/hp/dma/dma.log file. If they are similar to the following, all servers that you are able to add are already included in another organization:

```
...
2013-03-15 15:08:13,655 INFO [http-8080-1] DmaPolicyCacher.findServ
ers:126
Returning 2
...
```

If you have this problem, contact your HP DMA administrator to determine which organization the servers should belong to.

### The HP DMA User Does Not Have Correct Permissions

Another possible cause of a "No servers found" error is that the HP DMA user who is currently logged in does not have the correct permissions.

To determine whether this is the case:

- 1. Log in to HP DMA as a different user, preferably one with Administrator capability.
- 2. Have this user try to add targets (see Add Available Targets).

If the HP DMA administrator can see the servers in the Add Servers to Organization dialog, have your SA administrator grant the following permissions to the SA group to which your HP DMA user belongs:

- List, Read, and Execute permission for the /DMA APX folder
- Managed Servers and Groups
- Read access to all managed servers that will be added to HP DMA

For more information, see Set Up the SA Groups and Users.

### The DMA Client Files Policy Is Not Attached and Remediated

Another possible cause of a "No servers found" error is that the DMA Client Files policy has not been attached and remediated on the servers.

To determine whether this is the case, have your SA administrator check that the DMA Client Files policy is attached and remediated on all servers that need to be available to HP DMA, as described in Install the DMA Client Files Policy.

# Chapter 8

# **Reference Information**

This chapter contains the following information:

Торіс	Description
HP Software Documentation	Links to additional HP DMA documentation.
HP DMA Baseline Options	The complete list of all the dmaBaselineData.sh options.
About the SA Client	What the SA Client looks like and how to download it from the SA server.
Workflow Execution Step on Target	Information about the WEST program and how to terminate it, if necessary.

# **HP Software Documentation**

#### HP DMA and SA Documentation

The following documents are included in the HP DMA documentation library:

- HP DMA Installation Guide (this document)
- HP DMA Troubleshooting Guide
- HP DMA Administrator Guide
- HP DMA User Guide
- HP DMA Release Notes
- HP DMA Support Matrix
- HP DMA Solution Pack User Guides

The latest versions of these documents are available on the HP Software Product Manuals web site:

#### http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

This web site also contains documentation for HP Server Automation.

#### HP Live Network connector Documentation

The following documents are included in the HP Live Network connector documentation library:

- HP Live Network connector User Guide
- LNc Release Notes

The latest versions of these documents are available on the HP Live Network web site:

1. Go to the following HP Live Network connector page:

https://hpln.hp.com/group/hp-live-network-connector

- 2. Click the RESOURCES link.
- 3. Open Resources.
- 4. Open the Documentation folder.
- 5. Download the latest version of the documents.

**Note:** You must sign in to HP Live Network using your HP Passport credentials. (See Support on page 6 for more information about obtaining an HP Passport account.)

# **HP DMA Baseline Options**

The following table gives a complete list of all the dmaBaselineData.sh options:

Option	Example Argument Value	Description
-?,help		Print this usage message.
-c,create-tables		Create tables for database.
-cc,create-context		Create a context file with the specified settings.
-context,deployed- context-file < <i>dma.xml</i> >	dma.xml	Fully qualified path to the deployed context file to get database connection settings.
-dbh,database- hostname < <i>arg</i> >	oracle.mycompany.com	The database host name for the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connection.
-dbp,database-port <i><arg></arg></i>	1521	The database port for the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connection.
-dbpw,database- password <i><dbpasswordvalue></dbpasswordvalue></i>	dbpassword	The password used to connect to the database.
-dbs,database-sid <i><arg></arg></i>	dma	The database SID for the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connection.
-dbts,database- tablespace < <i>arg</i> >	/u01/app/oracle/oradata/dma	The base directory for the database tablespace creation.
-dbtype,database-type <arg></arg>	oracle	(optional) The underlying database type. The default is oracle.
-dbu,database- username <dbusernamevalue></dbusernamevalue>		The username used to connect to the database.
-dmah,dma-hostname <dmahostnamevalue></dmahostnamevalue>	dma.mycompany.com	Set the fully qualified host name of the HP DMA server.
		<b>Note:</b> If this value is not specified, the default is the server where the script is running.

Option	Example Argument Value	Description			
-e,erase		Erase existing data and add baseline data.			
		<b>Caution:</b> Do not do this unless instructed to by HP Support.			
-jdbccs,jdbc- connection-string <connectionstring></connectionstring>	jdbc: <i><dbtype></dbtype></i> :thin:@ <i><host>:<tns_port>:</tns_port></host></i> <i><sid></sid></i> or	The Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) Connection String used to connect to the database. The default <i><tns_port></tns_port></i> is 1521.			
	jdbc: <dbtype>:thin:@// <host>:<tns_port>/ <oracle_service_ NAME&gt;</oracle_service_ </tns_port></host></dbtype>	<b>Note:</b> Other connection string syntax is possible. Consult your Oracle DBA for the company standard.			
-okeys,overwrite-keys		Overwrite public and private key in the database if they exist			
		<b>Caution:</b> Do not do this unless instructed to by HP Support.			
-privkey,private-key- file <privatekeyfilename></privatekeyfilename>		File containing the private key.			
-pubkey,public-key-file <publickeyfilename></publickeyfilename>		File containing the public key.			
-sahostname,server- automation-hostname <i><sahostnamevalue></sahostnamevalue></i>	saserver.mycompany.com	The fully qualified host name of the SA server.			
-sapassword,server- automation-password <sapasswordvalue></sapasswordvalue>		The password used to connect to SA.			
-sausername,server- automation-username <i><sausernamevalue></sausernamevalue></i>		The username used to connect to the SA.			
-sqlfile,baseline-sqlfile <baselinesqlfile></baselinesqlfile>		The baseline file containing SQL insert statements			
-t,test		Test the underlying database connection.			

# About the SA Client

The SA Client is a powerful Java client for the HP Server Automation System. It provides the lookand-feel of a Microsoft Windows desktop application with the cross-platform flexibility of Java.

HP Server Automation - mySAserver.		x			
File Edit View Tools Window A	ction	s Help	🌌 Logged in as: admin		
Search ×	R	Library			
Server	14	🔎 Na	me	•	
		Name 🔬	Туре	Last Modified	t₽
Saved Searches 👻		DMA_APX	Folder	11/16/12 3:03 PM	-
Advanced Search		DMA_Client	Folder	11/16/12 2:57 PM	
Libram		Home	Folder	4/23/12 11:40 AM	
Library		Opsware	Folder		
By Type By Folder		Package Repository	Folder	4/9/12 2:50 PM	
E- 🏟 Library					
	-				
DMA_Client					
Home					
Dopsware					
Devices					
Cop Library					
Reports					
Jobs and Sessions					
Administration					
» *					-
				admin   3/7/13 4:0	0 PM

If you installed your SA Core on multiple servers, you can access the SA Client from any Core Server hosting a Component Slice bundle.

To access the SA Client for the first time, you must invoke the SA Client Launcher from the SA Web Client Main Page:

			x		
Hewlett-Packa	ard Server At ×				
← → C []	http://mySAserver.mycompany.com	۲	≡		
	W HP Server Automation				
	<u>U</u> ser Name:				
	Password:				
	Log In				
	Download Hewlett-Packard Launcher				
Click here to download the SA Client Launcher					

Clicking on this link will install the SA Client and the required Java Runtime Environment (JRE) on your local machine. Once it is installed, you can invoke the SA Client from the local machine rather than from the SA Web Client.

**Note:** The SA Client is a Java application that installs and runs with its own Java Runtime Environment (JRE). The SA Client will not interfere with any other versions of JRE you may have installed on your system. The JDK will not be used (and is not usable) by any other Java application on the target computer, and it will not set itself as the default JDK on the target computer.

For more information about the SA Client, see the HP Server Automation documentation library available on the HP Software Product Manuals web site:

http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals

# **Workflow Execution Step on Target**

Each HP DMA target uses a program called Workflow Execution Step on Target (WEST) to communicate with the HP DMA server. WEST does the following things:

- Executes workflow steps
- Provides the output (stdout, stderr, return code, and end time) for a specific step's execution

WEST is installed on each target server when you attach and remediate the DMA Client Files software policy on that target (see Install the DMA Client Files Policy on page 43).

Under certain circumstances, you may need to manually terminate WEST on a target server. This would be necessary, for example, if the HP DMA server name was specified incorrectly when the dmaBaselineData command was executed, and a workflow execution was subsequently attempted (see HP DMA Client Fails to Contact HP DMA Server on page 87).

#### To terminate WEST on UNIX targets:

1. Find the process ID for the HP DMA client:

ps - ef | grep west

2. Kill that process.

#### To terminate WEST on Windows targets:

- 1. In the Windows Task Manager, go to the Processes tab.
- 2. Sort the processes by Image Name.
- 3. Find the java.exe process whose Location is as follows:

<install dir>\HP\DMA\Client\jre1 7\bin

By default on Windows Server 2008 R2, for example, this is:

```
C:\Program Files\HP\DMA\Client\jre1 7\bin
```

To determine the Location of a process, right-click the process Image Name, and select **Properties**.

4. Right-click the pertinent java.exe process, and select End Process.