HP Operations Analytics

For the Linux Operating System

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Operations Analytics Installation Guide

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Chapter 1: About this Guide

Read this guide to understand the concepts required to install, configure, and use Operations Analytics most effectively, including helpful tips and how to set up collections after installation.

For Information about Operations Analytics

To obtain a complete set of information about Operations Analytics (OpsA), use this guide along with other OpsA documentation. The table below shows all OpsA documents to date.

Documentation for Operations Analytics

What do you want to do?	Where to find more information
I want to quickly install OpsA	Operations Analytics Quick Start Guide
I want to install OpsA	Operations Analytics Installation Guide
I want to configure and maintain OpsA	Operations Analytics Configuration Guide
I want to upgrade OpsA 2.00 to OpsA 2.10	Operations Analytics Upgrade Guide
I want to obtain help about the Operations Analytics console	Operations Analytics Help
I want to find the hardware and operating system requirements for OpsA	Operations Analytics Support Matrix
I want to read a list of the new features and review any last minute issues for OpsA	Operations Analytics Release Notes
I want to open a view from HP OMi to OpsA	Integration with HP Operations Manager i: Operations Analytics 2.00 White Paper
I want to view a list of software products integrated with OpsA	See the list of integrations for Operations Analytics and other HP products at http://support.openview.hp.com/sc/solutions/index.jsp#tab=tab3

Environment Variables used in this Document

This document refers to the following environment variables and other useful directories when explaining installation and configuration instructions for the Operations Analytics (OpsA) Software, including the OpsA Server Appliance and the OpsA Collector Appliance. The environment variables are set automatically for the opsa user who can use all OpsA functionality, and has access to data at the tenant level. See *Configuring Tenants and Collections* in the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide* for more information.

Table 1: Environment Variables

Variable Name	Path	Operations AnalyticsServer Appliance or Collector Appliance
OPSA_HOME	/opt/HP/opsa	Server and Collector Appliances
JAVA_HOME	/opt/HP/opsa/jdk	Server and Collector Appliances

Table 2: Other Useful Directories

Folder Name	Path	Operations AnalyticsServer Appliance or Collector Appliance
JBOSS Home Directory	/opt/HP/opsa/jboss	Server Appliance
JDK Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/jdk	Server and Collector Appliances
scripts Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/scripts	Server and Collector Appliances
conf Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/conf	Server and Collector Appliances
data Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/data	Server and Collector Appliances
log Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/log	Server and Collector Appliances
lib Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/lib	Server and Collector Appliances
bin Folder	/opt/HP/opsa/bin	Server and Collector Appliances
Vertica Database Installation Folder	/opt/vertica	Server and Collector Appliances have the Vertica client installed in this folder

System Requirements

See the Operations Analytics Support Matrix for the hardware and operating system requirements for Operations Analytics.

Note: Any command examples shown in this document as being run by an opsa user can also be run by a root user.

Note: \$OPSA HOME is set to /opt/HP/opsa in the OpsA Server Appliance

Terminology Used in this Document

Collection: Structured logs are fragments of log file data read by Operations Analytics (OpsA) from HP ArcSight Logger. This log information is stored (as collections) in OpsA. These collections exist so that users can perform analytics on the log file contents. For example, users might want to query for all outliers by host name and application for a particular time range.

Collector Appliance: This virtual appliance is the server used to manage the data collections.

Data Sources: OpsA collects metrics, topology, event, and log file data from a diverse set of possible data sources.

Server Appliance: This virtual appliance is the OpsA Server.

Tenant: OpsA gathers metrics, topology, event, and log file data from a diverse set of possible data sources. Tenants enable you to separate information from these data sources into groups, such as collections, user accounts, and user groups. Collections can be separated by tenant and collection information cannot be shared among tenants. See *Creating Tenants* in the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide* for more information.

Virtual Appliance: A virtual appliance, also referred to as **appliance** in this document, is a self contained system that is made by combining a software application, such as OpsA software, with just enough operating system for it to run optimally on industry standard hardware or a virtual machine, such as VMWare.

Chapter 2: Deployment Prerequisites

Study the information in the following section before deploying Operations Analytics.

Supported Deployments

Review the information shown in the following diagram to begin understanding the data sources supported by Operations Analytics (OpsA) and how they are configured together to better plan your OpsA installation. After installation, add to the initial information being collected by adding more data collections. See the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide* for more information.

Note: For optimal results, configure the OpsA Server Appliance and the OpsA Collector Appliances to all be in UTC timezone.

Operations Database Operations Analytics Collected Analytics Collector Data Server Available **Appliance Appliance** for Network Queries View Operations Access Database Analytics Server or Servers Dashboards Vertica Information Database from Collector Sources Collection Data from Collector Sources HPOM with HP Operations Agent and HP ArcSight Logger HP BSM RTSM Custom CSV Files **HP Operations Smart** Log Information Topology Plug-in for Oracle Server **HPOM** HP ArcSight Housing Custom HP BSM Server and CSV Files Logger Server Server Events NNM iSPI Performance for Metrics HP SiteScope-NNMi plus NNM iSPI Performance HP OMi Server HP SiteScope for Metrics and HP OMi Server (Interface and Events and SiteScope Events Component Health Extension Packs)

System Deployment Infrastructure

Operations Analytics Security Hardening

The following information is a summary of the security hardening recommendations for Operations Analytics (OpsA).

Operations Analytics Port Mapping

The well-known network ports described in the section need to be open in a secured environment for OpsA to be able to function and collect data from the data collections you configured or plan to configure.

The OpsA Server and Collector Appliances, as well as the other component applications used by OpsA must be installed on the same subnet with full network access among them.

OpsA also utilizes a Vertica database for big data storage and HP ArcSight Logger for log collection and management. You might install and deploy these two components as part of your OpsA deployment, or you might choose to connect to existing instances of these components that currently exist in your environment. If you deploy these components as part of OpsA, they will typically reside on the same subnet with no network restrictions between them. If you choose to leverage your existing component instances, you must enable communication between them using information from the table shown below.

Note: The log collections are done by HP ArcSight Logger and the HP ArcSight Logger Syslog Connector, so any connections from ArcSight connectors or the systems sending syslog messages should be enabled to these components, respectively.

Also, you must enable communication from other collectors that communicate with the OpsA Collector Appliance.

Well-Known Port Mapping

Port	Initiator	Sender	Receiver	Comments
383	OpsA	OM Performance Agent and Database SPI	OpsA Collector Appliance	
443 or 9000	ArcSight Connectors	HP ArcSight Logger, Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger, ArcSight Connectors	HP ArcSight Logger	Can be configured in HP ArcSight Logger. By default, if installed as a privileged user it is 443, otherwise, it is 9000. Operations Analyticsdefault installation is 443
1433, 1521	OpsA	OM or OMi Event	OpsA Collector Appliance	1443 if using MSSQL, 1521 if using Oracle. This port might have been changed by the OM or OMi database administrator.
514 UDP and 515 TCP	Managed system (the system initiating the Syslog messages)	Syslog messages to HP ArcSight Logger Syslog Connector	HP ArcSight Logger Syslog Connector	These are the default values. These values might be changed by the ArcSight administrator.

Well-Known Port Mapping, continued

Port	Initiator	Sender	Receiver	Comments
2181 TCP	OpsA Server Appliance	Twitter Storm	OpsA Collector Appliance	Apache ZooKeeper connected by Twitter Storm instances running on OpsA Collector Appliances.
2506, 2507	OpsA	Business Process Monitor(BPM)	OpsA Collector Appliance	
5433	OpsA	Vertica	OpsA Collector and Server Appliances.	The default Vertica port is 5433. This default value can be changed by the Vertica administrator.
8080	OpsA	SiteScope Collection Configuration	OpsA Collector Appliance	Configuration utility communicates with Sitescope. This port might have been configured differently by Sitescope administrator. 8080 is the default port.
8089	OpsA	Splunk	OpsA Collector Appliance	
9443	SiteScope	SiteScope Data Collection	OpsA Collector Appliance	
21212	OpsA	RTSM Inventory	OpsA Collector Appliance	
No Port Requirements	No Port Requirement	NNM iSPI Performance for Metrics	OpsA Collector Appliance	This communication is by CSV. The requirement is for CSV files exported from NNMi to be put in a folder where OpsA can obtain them.
No Port Requirement	No Port Requirement	NNMi Custom Poller	OpsA Collector Appliance	This communication is by CSV. The requirement is for CSV files exported from NNMi to be put in a folder where OpsA can obtain them.

Disabling Unnecessary CentOS Services

Complete the following actions to make your OpsA installation more secure:

- If you are not planning to use Virtual Appliance Management Infrastructure services, disable the vami-lighttp and vami-sfcbd services using the following commands:
 - a. chkconfig --level 35 vami-lighttp off
 - b. service vami-lighttp stop
 - C. chkconfig --level 35 vami-sfcb off
 - d. service vami-lighttp stop
- If you are not planning to use Network File System (NFS) mapping to the OpsA Server Appliance, disable the rpcgssd, rpcsvcgssd, rpcidmapd, and nfslock services using the following commands:
 - a. chkconfig --level 345 rpcgssd off
 - b. service rpcgssd stop
 - C. chkconfig --level 345 rpcsvcgssd off
 - d. service rpcsvcgssd stop
 - e. chkconfig --level 345 rpcidmapd off
 - f. service vami-rpcidmapd stop
 - g. chkconfig --level 345 nfslock off
 - h. service nfslock stop
- It is highly recommended that you disable the SSH login for the root account. Before doing that, you must add the OpsA default user name, opsa, to the sudoers file using the following commands:
 - a. vi /etc/sudoers
 - b. Add the following line to the file (just as an example): opsa ALL=(ALL) ALL.
 - c. Save your changes.
 - d. vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
 - e. Add the following line to the file: PermitRootLogin no

- f. Save your changes.
- g. service sshd restart
- It is highly recommended that you use a secure protocol (HTTPS) to access OpsA.
- Enable the CentOS firewall (iptables) allowing, at a minimum, the following traffic:
 - Allow all traffic from and to Loopback adapter: iptables -A INPUT -i lo -j ACCEPT
 - Allow traffic from anywhere to SSH port: iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport ssh
 -j
 - Allow traffic from and to Vertica DB: iptables -A INPUT -s [Vertica DB IP] -j ACCEPT
 - Allow traffic from DNS servers:

```
iptables -A INPUT -p udp --sport 53 -j ACCEPT iptables -A INPUT -p udp --dport 53 -j ACCEPT
```

Allow traffic to OpsA web server:

```
HTTP: iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 8080 -j ACCEPT HTTPS: iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 8080 -j ACCEPT
```

If you do not have any other special requirements, drop all other traffic: I iptables -A
 INPUT -j DROP

Encrypting Operations Analytics

Each OpsA Server Appliance uses a separate encryption key to provide secure data for each OpsA deployment.

OpsA provides the opsa-key-manager.sh script. If you want to modify the encryption password and salt for an OpsA installation, do the following from the OpsA Server Appliance:

- 1. Run the opsa-key-manager.sh script as a user with super-admin credentials.
- 2. When prompted, follow the instructions shown by the opsa-key-manager.sh script.
- After the opsa-key-manager.sh script completes, OpsA has a new encryption key and salt

See the opsa-key-manager.sh reference page (or the Linux manpage), for more information.

Other Security Considerations

Below are some other security items to consider.

- Deploy JBoss according to the security guidelines in your organization.
- Remove all external devices from your environment. These should include, but not be limited to, USB ports, CD drives, and other external media).
- Make it a regular habit to empty the temp drives on your servers.
- Keep your VMware tools updated.
- When selecting credentials to connect to the OMi database, it is recommended that you select a
 user with minimal credentials for reading the required information. Selecting a more powerful
 user could present a security vulnerability.

Predefined User Groups

Operations Analytics (OpsA) provides the following predefined User Groups:

- Super Admin: During installation, the opsaadmin user gets created, and assigned to the Super Admin user group. The default password for the opsaadmin user is opsaadmin. The primary responsibility of users assigned to the Super Admin user group is to add, modify, and delete tenants and users assigned to the Tenant Admin user group. See the opsa-tenantmanager.sh reference page (or the Linux manpage) for information about creating and managing tenants.
- Tenant Admin: During installation, the opsatenantadmin user gets created, and assigned to the
 Tenant Admin user group. The default password for the opsatenantadmin user is
 opsatenantadmin. Only a user assigned to the Super admin user group is permitted to create a
 user assigned to the Tenant Admin user group. The primary responsibility of the Tenant Admin
 user is to add, modify, and delete users for a specific tenant. See the opsa-tenant-manager.sh
 reference page (or the Linux manpage) for information about creating and managing users for a
 tenant.
- User: During installation, the opsa user gets created, and assigned a normal user role. The default password for the opsa user is opsa. Only a user assigned to the Tenant admin user group is permitted to create a user having a normal user role. This role is for the normal user who can use the Operations Analytics console and has access to data for the user group to which it is assigned. This user account must be unique across all tenants. See Manage Users and Tenants in the Operations Analytics Help for more information.

Installation Overview

The following section provides an overview of the Operations Analytics (OpsA) installation environment.

This section includes:

- "Operations Analytics Components" below
- "Collection Sources" below
- "Setting up Your Operations Analytics System" on the next page

Operations Analytics Components

OpsA is made up of the following main components:

- Operations Analytics Server:
 - Provides the business logic and presentation capabilities of OpsA.
 - Deployed as an OVA appliance.
 - OpsA can have one or more OpsA Servers, depending on the amount of users the system needs to support.
 - The server is JBoss-based.
- Operations Analytics Collector Appliance:
 - Connects to the different data sources and aggregates the data collected from them.
 - This data is pushed to the OpsA Database.
 - Deployed as an OVA appliance.
 - OpsA can have one or more OpsA Collector Appliances, depending on the data sources to which the system is connected.
- Operations Analytics Database:
 - A Vertica database is used to support the big data analysis requirements of OpsA.
 - An existing Vertica database installation can be used. The OpsA database (OPSADB) needs to be created on it.
 - A dedicated Vertica database can also be installed as part of OpsA. In this case the OpsA database (OPSADB) will be created during the process.

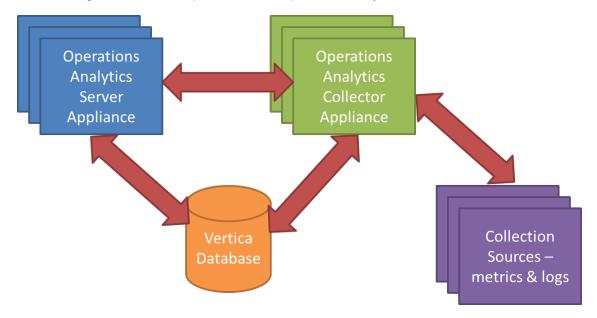
Collection Sources

Data from the collection sources is brought into OpsA using the OpsA Collector Appliance.

These sources include:

- BSM Portfolio metric collectors. OpsA supports data collection from various BSM sources.
 These include HP Operations Manager (OM) and HP OMi (Operations Manager i), HP Network Node Manager (NNM) and NNMi, SiteScope, HP Business Process Monitor (BPM), and RTSM.
- HP ArcSight Logger Server:
 - An ArcSight Logger server is used to bring in log data.
 - The server retrieves data from agents that are located on different machines in the IT environment. These agents include (but are not limited to) SmartConnectors and Flex Connectors which provide access to different types of logs.
- Splunk. Can also be connected to OpsA as a source of log files.
- Custom CSV files. These can be leveraged to support data collection from additional sources.

The following is a schematic representation of Operations Analytics:



Setting up Your Operations Analytics System

System setup includes the following steps:

- 1. Installation:
 - Install the OpsA Server Appliance (mandatory).
 - Install the OpsA Collector Appliance (mandatory).

Install the Vertica Database (optional - you can connect to an existing Vertica instance).
 Note that if you are using an existing Vertica installation, you must manually create the OPSADB database before running the post-install.

2. Post-Install Configuration:

- Create the default tenant, opsa_default, and the opsa_default schema (for the opsa_default tenant) on the OPSADB database on Vertica.
- Connect the OpsA Server Appliances to the Vertica Database
- Connect the OpsA Collector Appliance to the Vertica Database
- Configure the various passwords for the default OpsA users (opsatenantadmin, opsaadmin, and opsa); this is important for securing the system
- Configure a Logger Flex Connector on the OpsA Collector Appliance to collect system log data for self-monitoring (OpsA logs are collected) – optional.

3. Configure Collection Sources:

You may configure one or more of the following collection sources following a successful installation. See the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide* for more information.

- Configure the connection to various BSM data sources in order to collect metrics. Note that collection configuration creates a link between the OpsA Server Appliance and the OpsA Collector Appliance.
- Install ArcSight Logger Server to collect logs, and then configure its connection to the OpsA Collector Appliance.
- Install Logger connectors (agents) on the different IT systems so they forward log information to the Logger Server, and subsequently into Operations Analytics.
- Configure collection from Splunk.
- Configure collection from additional data sources using the custom CSV capabilities.

Obtaining Licenses

After purchasing Operations Analytics, you will need to download three licenses, one each for Operations Analytics (OpsA), Vertica, and HP ArcSight Logger, and apply these licenses later. To obtain your licenses, do the following:

 Using your browser, navigate to the licensing link shown in the license email you received (www.hp.com/software/licensing).

- 2. Log on using **HP Passport** credentials. You will need to register if you do not have HP Passport credentials .
- 3. When prompted, enter your order number.
- 4. Follow the instructions to download your OpsA, Vertica, and HP ArcSight Logger license. Save these licenses, as you must apply them later.

Chapter 3: Installing Operations Analytics

This chapter guides you through the process of installing and configuring Operations Analytics. There are five main categories for the tasks to complete shown below:

- 1. "Task 1: Planning your Deployment" below
- 2. "Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software" on the next page
- 3. "Task 3: Installing and Configuring HP ArcSight Logger" on page 33
- 4. "Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client" on page 48
- "Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client" on page 50

Task 1: Planning your Deployment

Task 1: Planning your Deployment	Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software	Task 3: Installing and Configuring ArcSight Logger	Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance	Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance
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Use the following checklist to prepare for configuring Operations Analytics (OpsA):

- 1. Review the following Topics:
 - "Terminology Used in this Document" on page 7
 - "Supported Deployments" on page 8
- 2. Review the information in "Operations Analytics Security Hardening" on page 9 and open the well-known ports discussed in that section before installing OpsA).

Continue your installation at "Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software" on the next page

Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software

Task 1: Planning your Deployment	Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software	Task 3: Installing and Configuring ArcSight Logger	Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance	Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance
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Vertica is the database in which Operations Analytics (OpsA) stores configurations and collected data. The instructions in this section explain two ways to use Vertica with OpsA. Use only one of the following Vertica installation approaches:

 Approach 1: Use an existing Vertica application, and use the R Language Pack from Vertica: Complete the instructions shown in "Use an Existing Vertica Installation and use the R Language Pack from Vertica" below.

Note: Log Analytics is a forensic tool in Operations Analytics that scans your log messages over a given time range and generates a list of the most significant ones. To use Log Analytics you must install the R Language Pack from Vertica as explained in the above link.

 Approach 2: Install the Vertica application included with OpsA, which already includes the R Language Pack from Vertica. Using this approach installs Vertica as a single node. Complete the instructions shown in "Install Vertica and use the R Language Pack from Vertica" on page 23.

Use an Existing Vertica Installation and use the R Language Pack from Vertica

If you want to use an existing Vertica installation (a Vertica that you had installed before deciding to purchase OpsA), along with the R Language Pack from Vertica (to build analytics functions written in R and deploy those functions on the HP Vertica platform), you must install the R Language Pack. Do the following:

Log Analytics is a forensic tool in Operations Analytics that scans your log messages over a given time range and generates a list of the most significant ones. To use Log Analytics you must install the R Language Pack from Vertica.

Note: The R Language Pack from Vertica consumes a moderate amount of disk space once you have it running, so put it on a large disk.

Do the following:

1. As a root user, run the following commands to install libgfortran:

Note: The following commands will not work without an Internet connection. Make sure you have an Internet connection before running the following commands.

- RHEL 6 and CentOS6: yum install compat-libgfortran-41
- RHEL 5 and CentOS 5: yum install libgfortran
- Download the R Language Pack for Vertica. The R Language Pack must match the version of Vertica you plan to use. For example, suppose you have Vertica version 6.1.1 installed, and that Operations Analytics supports that Vertica version. You must use R Language Pack version 6.1.1, as it matches the Vertica version you are using.
 - Using a browser, navigate to the following URL: https://my.vertica.com/downloadcommunity-edition

Note: This URL varies depending on your Vertica account type. Use the URL for the Vertica product you purchased.

- b. Log on and download the R Language Pack.
- 3. Copy the following files from the /package folder in the DVD bundle to the /home directory:
 - GammaDistribution.R
 - MASS_7.3-23.tar.gz
 - libgfortran-4.1.2-52.el5 8.1.x86 64.rpm
 - create R GammaDist.sh
 - vertica-R-lang-6.1.2-0.x86 64.RHEL5.rpm

Note: This file must contain the Vertica version in the file name. The Vertica version must be the same version as the Vertica that is installed.

- 4. If step 1 failed due to a connection error, run the following command: yum install /usr/lib64/libgfortran.so.1
- 5. Run the following command to create the link to the R-Vertica function: ln -s /home/dbadmin /home_vertica

Note: This command will not work without an Internet connection. Make sure you have an Internet connection before running this command.

6. Run the following command to set the correct folder permissions: chmod 770 /home_vertica

7. Run the following command from the /home directory to copy the GammaDistribution.R file to the /home vertica directory:

```
cp GammaDistribution.R /home vertica
```

8. Run the following command to install a group package to enable the MASS statistics Library to compile:

```
yum groupinstall 'Development tools'
```

Note: This command will not work without an Internet connection. Make sure you have an Internet connection before running this command. The alternative approach is to download the R Language Pack using a computer that has an Internet connection and install it manually.

9. Run the following command to start the R Language Pack installation:

```
rpm -Uvh vertica-R-lang_VERSION.rpm
After the installation completes, the R Language Pack installation is done.
```

- 10. Verification: To verify the R Language Pack installation, do the following:
 - a. Run the following command: a. rpm -qa | grep -i vertica-R
 - b. If you see a message similar to the following, the installation was successful: vertica-R-lang-VERSION
- 11. Complete the following steps to install the MASS package:
 - a. Run the following command to set the correct permissions: chmod 770 MASS_7.3-23.tar.gz
 - b. Copy the /home/MASS_7.3-23.tar.gz file to /root/MASS_7.3-23.tar.gz
 - c. Run the following command: /opt/vertica/R/bin/R CMD INSTALL /root/MASS 7.3-23.tar.gz
- 12. Run the following command to set the correct permissions:

```
chmod 777 /home/create R GammaDist.sh
```

- 13. Run the following command to switch to the dbadmin user: su dbadmin
- 14. From the /home directory, run the following command: ./create R GammaDist.sh

You can now use the R Language Pack along with your existing Vertica software. There is no need to install the Vertica application included with OpsA. Continue your OpsA installation at "Task 3: Installing and Configuring HP ArcSight Logger" on page 33.

Install Vertica and use the R Language Pack from Vertica

To install Vertica as a single node, which already includes the R Language Pack from Vertica, do the following:

1. Copy the following compressed Vertica installation file from the downloaded installation files to a temporary location:

```
opsa-vertica-2.00.tar.gz
```

2. From the temporary location, extract the opsa-vertica-2.00.tar.gz file using the following command:

```
tar -zxvf opsa-vertica-2.00.tar.gz
```

Note: After extracting the <code>opsa-vertica-2.00.tar.gz</code> file, you will see the <code>packages</code> folder and the <code>opsa-vertica_2.00_setup.bin</code> file. Open the <code>packages</code> folder to find a list of rpms that you can use to install Vertica in cluster node. Running <code>opsa-vertica_2.00_setup.bin</code> as explained in the remaining steps installs Vertica as a single node. If you need to install Veritica in a cluster, see the <code>Vertica Installation Guide</code> and use the rpms included in the <code>packages</code> folder. You can find the <code>Vertica Installation Guide</code> in the following location:

https://my.vertica.com/docs/6.1.x/HTML/index.htm#1318.htm

- 3. Copy the following files from the /package folder in the DVD bundle to the /home directory:
 - GammaDistribution.R
 - MASS_7.3-23.tar.gz
 - libgfortran-4.1.2-52.el5 8.1.x86 64.rpm
 - create R GammaDist.sh
 - vertica-R-lang-6.1.2-0.x86 64.RHEL5.rpm

Note: This file must contain the Vertica version in the file name. The Vertica version must be the same version as the Vertica that is installed.

4. From the temporary location, run the following command to begin the Vertica installation:

```
./opsa-vertica 2.00 setup.bin
```

Follow the interactive instructions until the Vertica installation is complete.

Note: When completing the steps in this section, ignore the warning messages regarding the existing packages.

Note: The installation process results in the creation of the opsadb database.

5. Run the following command to create the link to the R-Vertica function: ln -s /home/dbadmin /home vertica

Note: This command will not work without an Internet connection. Make sure you have an Internet connection before running this command.

- 6. Run the following command to set the correct folder permissions: chmod 770 /home_vertica
- 7. Run the following command from the /home directory to copy the GammaDistribution.R file to the /home vertica directory:

```
cp GammaDistribution.R /home vertica
```

8. Run the following command to install a group package to enable the MASS statistics Library to compile:

```
yum groupinstall 'Development tools'
```

Note: This command will not work without an Internet connection. Make sure you have an Internet connection before running this command. The alternative approach is to download the R Language Pack using a computer that has an Internet connection and install it manually.

9. Run the following command to start the R Language Pack installation:

```
rpm -Uvh vertica-R-lang_VERSION.rpm
```

After the installation completes, the R Language Pack installation is done.

- 10. Verification: To verify the R Language Pack installation, do the following:
 - a. Run the following command: a. rpm -qa | grep -i vertica-R
 - If you see a message similar to the following, the installation was successful: vertica-R-lang-VERSION
- 11. Complete the following steps to install the MASS package:
 - a. Run the following command to set the correct permissions: chmod 770 MASS_7.3-23.tar.gz
 - b. Copy the /home/MASS 7.3-23.tar.gz file to /root/MASS 7.3-23.tar.gz
 - c. Run the following command: /opt/vertica/R/bin/R CMD INSTALL /root/MASS 7.3-23.tar.gz
- 12. Run the following command to set the correct permissions:

```
chmod 777 /home/create R GammaDist.sh
```

- 13. Run the following command to switch to the dbadmin user: su dbadmin
- 14. From the /home directory, run the following command: ./create R GammaDist.sh

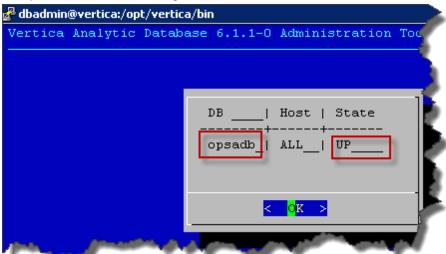
- 15. The Vertica database admin user is dbadmin, and its default password is dbadmin. It is recommended that you change the default password now. Do the following to change the password:
 - a. Run the following command to log on to the opsadb database using the vsql tool: /opt/vertica/bin/vsql -h hostname -p 5433 -U dbadmin -w dbadmin -d opsadb

Note: opsadb is the Vertica database created during the Vertica installation.

- b. Run the following command to change the password: alter user dbadmin identified by '<new password>';
- c. Enter \q to quit the vsql tool.
- 4. Do the following to check the database:
 - a. Run the su -dbadmin command.
 - b. Run the /opt/vertica/bin/adminTools command. You should see a screen similar to the following:



c. The opsadb database should have been created during the installation. Enter 1 to view the state of the database; then click **OK**. You should see a screen similar to the following if the opsadb database is running:



Click **OK** twice to exit the adminTools interactive command.

Note: If you need to stop or restart the database, you can always do it from the first screen shown in this step. You can also (carefully) complete other administrative operations using this tool.

In Vertica, load balancing supports multiple client connections through a single Virtual IP (VIP) address that is shared among all nodes in a cluster. This is useful for balancing incoming client requests across nodes, as well as preventing node exclusion from clients in the case of node failure.

If you do not plan to use the optional Vertica Load Balancer, continue your installation at "Task 3: Installing and Configuring HP ArcSight Logger" on page 33.

Optional: Installing and Configuring the Load Balancer

In Vertica, load balancing supports multiple client connections through a single Virtual IP (VIP) address that is shared among all nodes in a cluster. This is useful for balancing incoming client requests across nodes, as well as preventing node exclusion from clients in the case of node failure.

Note: See the *Vertica Enterprise Edition 6.1 Administrator's Guide* for more information about Load Balancing.

To configure the Load Balancer, use the information in the following sections:

"Configuring Vertica Nodes" on the next page

"Configuring the Directors" on page 30

"Connecting to the Virtual IP" on page 33

Configuring Vertica Nodes

This section describes how to configure a Vertica cluster of nodes for load balancing. You'll set up two directors in a master/slave configuration and include a third node for K-safety.

A Vertica cluster designed for load balancing uses the following configuration:

- Real IP (RIP) address is the public interface and includes:
- The master director/node, which handles the routing of requests. The master is collocated with one of the database cluster nodes.
- The slave director/node, which communicates with the master and takes over routing requests if a master node failure occurs. The slave is collocated with another database cluster node database cluster, such as at least one failover node to provide the minimum configuration for high availability. (K-safety).
- Virtual IP (VIP) address (generally assigned to eth0 in Linux) is the public network interface over which database clients connect.

Note: The VIP must be public so that clients outside the cluster can contact it.

After you have set up a Vertica cluster and created a database, you can choose the nodes that will be directors. To achieve the best high-availability load balancing result when K-safety is set to 1, ensure that the IPVS master node and the slave node are located on Vertica database nodes with a buddy projections pair. (See High Availability Through Projections for information about buddy projections.)

The instructions in this section use the following node configuration:

Pre-configured IP	Node assignment	Public IPs	Private IPs
VIP	shared among all nodes	10.10.51.180	
RIP master director	node01	10.10.51.55	192.168.51.1
RIP slave director	node02	10.10.51.6	192.168.51.2
RIP failover node	node03	10.10.51.57	192.168.51.3

Notes

- In the above table, the private IPs determine which node to send a request to. They are not the same as the RIPs.
- The VIP must be on the same subnet as the nodes in the Vertica cluster.

- Both the master and slave nodes (node01 and node02 in this section) require additional installation and configuration, as described in "Configuring the Directors" on page 30.
- Use the cat /etc/hosts command to display a list of all hosts in your cluster.

See Also

The following external web sites might be useful. The links worked at the last date of publication, but Vertica does not manage this content.

Linux Virtual Server Web site: http://www.linux-vs.org/ LVS-HOWTO Page: http://www.austintek.com/LVS/LVS-HOWTO/HOWTO Keepalived.conf(5) man page: http://linux.die.net/man/5/keepalived.conf ipvsadm man page:

http://at.gnucash.org/.vhost/linuxcommand.org/man_pages/ipvsadm8.html

Set Up the Loopback Interface

This procedure sets up the loopback (lo) interface with an alias on each node.

- 1. Log on as root on the master director (node01): su root
- 2. Use the text editor of your choice to open ifcfg-lo:
 [root@node01]# vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-lo
- Set up the loopback adapter with an alias for the VIP by adding the following block to the end of the file:

```
## vip device
DEVICE=lo:0
IPADDR=10.10.51.180
NETMASK=255.255.255.255
ONBOOT=
NAME=loopback
```

Note: When you add the above block to your file, be careful not to overwrite the 127.0.0.1 parameter, which is required for proper system operations.

- 4. Start the device: [root@node01] # ifup lo:0
- 5. Repeat steps 1-4 on each node in the Vertica cluster.

Disable Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

This procedure disables ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) for the VIP.

- 1. Log on as root on the master director (node01): su root
- 2. Use the text editor of your choice to open the sysctlo configuration file:

```
[[root@node01]# vi /etc/sysctl.conf
```

3. Add the following block to the end of the file:

```
#LVS
net.ipv4.conf.eth0.arp_ignore =1
net.ipv4.conf.eth0.arp_announce = 2
# Enables packet forwarding
net.ipv4.ip forward =1
```

Note: For additional details, see the LVS-HOWTO Page: http://www.austintek.com/LVS/LVS-HOWTO/HOWTO/.

You might also see the Linux Virtual Server Wiki page:
http://kb.linuxvirtualserver.org/wiki/Using_arp_announce/arp_ignore_to_disable_ARP
The Linux Virtual Server Wiki page provides information about using arp

announce/arp ignore to disable the Address Resolution Protocol.

4. Use if config to verify that the interface is on the same subnet as the VIP: [root@node01] # /sbin/ifconfig

In the following output, the eth0 inet addr is the VIP, and subnet 51 matches the private RIP under the eth1 heading:

```
eth0
Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 84:2B:2B:55:4B:BE
inet addr:10.10.51.55 Bcast:10.10.51.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
inet6 addr: fe80::862b:2bff:fe55:4bbe/64 Scope:Link
UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
RX packets:91694543 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
TX packets:373212 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
RX bytes:49294294011 (45.9 GiB) TX bytes:66149943 (63.0 MiB)
Interrupt:15 Memory:da000000-da012800
et.h1
Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 84:2B:2B:55:4B:BF
inet addr:192.168.51.55 Bcast:192.168.51.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
 inet6 addr: fe80::862b:2bff:fe55:4bbf/64 Scope:Link
UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
 RX packets:937079543 errors:0 dropped:2780 overruns:0 frame:0
TX packets:477401433 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
 RX bytes:449050544237 (418.2 GiB) TX bytes:46302821625 (43.1 GiB)
 Interrupt:14 Memory:dc000000-dc012800
10
Link encap:Local Loopback
inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
 inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
RX packets:6604 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
TX packets:6604 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
```

```
collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
RX bytes:21956498 (20.9 MiB) TX bytes:21956498 (20.9 MiB)
lo:0
Link encap:Local Loopback
inet addr:10.10.51.180 Mask:255.255.255
UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
```

5. Use if config to verify that the loopback interface is up:

```
[root@node01]# /sbin/ifconfig lo:0
```

You should see output similar to the following:

```
lo:0 Link encap:Local Loopback
inet addr:10.10.51.180 Mask:255.255.255
UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
```

If you do not see UP LOOPBACK RUNNING, bring up the loopback interface: [root@node01]# /sbin/ifup lo

6. Issue the following command to commit changes to the kernel from the configuration file:

```
[root@node01]# /sbin/sysctl -p
```

7. Repeat steps 1-6 on all nodes in the Vertica cluster.

Configuring the Directors

Now you are ready to install the Vertica IPVS Load Balancer package and configure the master (node01) and slave (node02) directors.

1. Copy the following compressed Vertica installation file from the downloaded installation files to a temporary location:

```
opsa-vertica-1.00.tar.gz
```

2. Extract the opsa-vertica-1.00.tar.gz file using the following command:

```
tar -zxvf opsa-vertica-1.00.tar.gz
```

- 3. Navigate to the packages directory.
- 4. Run one of the following commands to install the Load Balancer:
 - rpm -ivh VerticaIPVSLoadBalancer-6.1-0.RHEL6.x86 64.rpm
 - rpm -ivh <packages folder path>/VerticaIPVSLoadBalancer-6.1-0.RHEL6.x86_64.rpm

Configure the Vertica IPVS Load Balancer

Vertica provides a script called configure-keepalived.pl in the IPVS Load Balancer package. The script is located in /sbin, and if you run it with no options, it prints a usage summary:

```
--ripips | Comma separated list of Vertica nodes; public IPs (for
```

```
example, 10.10.50.116, and other addresses.)
--priv ips | Comma separated list of Vertica nodes; private IPs (for
example, 192.168.51.116, and other addresses)
--ripport | Port on which Vertica runs. Default is 5433
--iface | Public ethernet interface Vertica is configured to use (for
example, eth0)
--emailto | Address that should get alerts (for example,
user@server.com)
--emailfrom | Address that mail should come from (for example,
user@server.com)
--mailserver | E-mail server IP or hostname (for example,
mail.server.com)
--master | If this director is the master (default), specify --master
--slave | If this director is the slave, specify --slave
--authpass | Password for keepalived
--vip | Virtual IP address (for example, 10.10.51.180)
--delayloop | Seconds keepalived waits between healthchecks. Default
is 2
--algo | Sets the algorithm to use: rr, wrr, lc (default), wlc, lblc,
lblcr, dh, sh, sed, nq
--kind | Sets the routing method to use. Default is DR.
--priority | By default, master has priority of 100 and the backup
(slave) has priority of 50
```

For details about each of these parameters, see the ipvsadm(8) - Linux man page http://at.gnucash.org/.vhost/linuxcommand.org/man_pages/ipvsadm8.html.

Public and Private IPs

If your cluster uses private interfaces for spread cluster communication, you must use the --priv_ips switch to enter the private IP addresses that correspond to the public IP addresses (or RIPs). The IPVS keepalive daemon uses these private IPs to determine when a node has left the cluster.

The IP host ID of the RIPs must correspond to the IP host ID of the private interfaces. For example, given the following IP address mappings:

```
Public Private (for spread)
10.10.50.116 192.168.51.116
10.10.50.117 192.168.51.117
10.10.50.118 192.168.51.118
```

you must enter the IP addresses in the following order:

```
--ripips 10.10.50.116,10.10.50.117,10.10.50.118
--priv_ips 192.168.51.116,192.168.51.117,192.168.51.118
```

You must use IP addresses, not node names, or the spread.pl script could fail.

If you do not specify private interfaces, Vertica uses the public RIPs for the MISC check, as shown in step 3 below.

Set up the Vertica IPVS Load Balancer Configuration File

1. On the master director (node01), log on as root:

```
$ su- root
```

2. Run the Vertica-supplied configuration script with the appropriate switches; for example:

```
# /sbin/configure-keepalived.pl --ripips
10.10.50.116,10.10.50.117,10.10.50.118
--priv_ips 192.168.51.116,192.168.51.117,192.168.51.118 --ripport
5433
--iface eth0 --emailto dbadmin@companyname.com
--emailfrom dbadmin@companyname.com --mailserver mail.server.com
--master --authpass password --vip 10.10.51.180 --delayloop 2
--algo lc --kind DR --priority 100
```

CAUTION: The --authpass (password) switch must be the same on both the master and slave directors.

3. Check keepalived.conf file to verify private and public IP settings for the --ripips and -priv ips switches, and make sure the real server IP address is public.

```
# cat /etc/keepalived/keepalived.conf
```

An entry in the keepalived.conf file would resemble the following:

```
real_server 10.10.50.116 5433 {
MISC_CHECK {
  misc_path "/etc/keepalived/check.pl 192.168.51.116"
}
}
```

4. Start spread:

```
# /etc/init.d/spread.pl start
```

The spread.pl script writes to the check.txt file, which is rewritten to include only the remaining nodes if a node failure occurs. Thus, the virtual server knows to stop sending vsql requests to the failed node.

Start keepalived on node01:

```
# /etc/init.d/keepalived start
```

6. If not already started, start sendmail to permit mail messages to be sent by the directors:

```
# /etc/init.d/sendmail start
```

7. Repeat steps 1-5 on the slave director (node02), using the same switches, except (IMPORTANT) replace the --master switch with the --slave switch. Tip:

Tip: Use a lower priority for the slave --priority switch. Vertica currently suggests 50.

```
# /sbin/configure-keepalived.pl --ripips
10.10.50.116,10.10.50.117,10.10.50.118
--priv_ips 192.168.51.116,192.168.51.117,192.168.51.118 --ripport
5433
--iface eth0 --emailto dbadmin@companyname.com
--emailfrom dbadmin@companyname.com --mailserver mail.server.com
--slave --authpass password --vip 10.10.51.180 --delayloop 2
--algo lc --kind DR --priority 100
```

See Also

Keepalived.conf(5) -Linux man page http://linux.die.net/man/5/keepalived.conf

Connecting to the Virtual IP

To connect to the Virtual IP address using vsql, issue a command similar to the following. The IP address, which could also be a DNS address, is the VIP that is shared among all nodes in the Vertica cluster.

```
$ /opt/vertica/bin/vsql -h 10.10.51.180 -U dbadmin
```

To verify connection distribution over multiple nodes, repeat the following statement multiple times and observe connection distribution in an lc (least amount of connections) fashion.

```
$ vsql -h <VIP> -c "SELECT node_name FROM sessions"
Replace <VIP> in the above script with the IP address of your virtual server; for example:
$ vsql -h 10.10.51.180 -c "SELECT node_name FROM sessions"
node_name
------
v_ipvs_node01
v_ipvs_node02
v_ipvs_node03
(3 rows)
```

See the *Vertica Enterprise Edition 6.1 Administrator's Guide* for more information about performing other tasks related to the Load Balancer.

Task 3: Installing and Configuring HP ArcSight Logger

Follow the instructions in this section to install HP ArcSight Logger for use with Operations Analytics (OpsA).

Note:If you plan to use an existing installation of HP ArcSight Logger with OpsA, skip this task and continue with "Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client" on page 48

Task 1: Planning your Deployment	Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software	Task 3: Installing and Configuring ArcSight Logger	Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance	Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance
---	--	---	--	---

Review the *HP Operations Analytics Software Support Matrix* for the supported platforms and browsers for HP ArcSight Logger.

You can be logged in as a root user or a non-root user on the system on which you are installing the software. When you install the software as a root user, you can select the port on which HP ArcSight Logger listens for secure web connections. However, when you install it as a non-root user, HP ArcSight Logger can only listen for connections on port 9000. You cannot configure the port to a different value. Additionally, you can configure HP ArcSight Logger to start as a service when you install as a root user.

Prerequisites for Installation

Carefully read the following prerequisites and complete any required actions before installing HP ArcSight Logger:

- You must have downloaded the HP ArcSight Logger installation package.
- You need a separate license file for each instance of HP ArcSight Logger. A license file is uniquely generated for each Enterprise version download.
- Make sure a non-root user account exists on the system on which you are installing HP ArcSight Logger. The non-root user must also be a non-system user with login permissions.
- Decide whether to install Logger while logged in as root or as a non-root user. Your installation
 options vary depending on which user you choose.
 - When you install as root, a non-root user account is still required.
 - When you install as root, you can choose to configure HP ArcSight Logger to start as a service and select the port on which HP ArcSight Logger listens for secure web connections.
 - When you install as a non-root user, HP ArcSight Logger can only listen for connections on port 9000. You cannot configure the port to a different value.
 - When upgrading, you cannot change the previous installation to a root-user installation. You
 will need to use the previously configured port 9000 for accessing HP ArcSight Logger
 software.
- The hostname of the server on which you are installing HP ArcSight Logger cannot be localhost.
 If it is, change the hostname before proceeding with the installation.
- Important: You must not have an instance of MySQL installed on the Linux server on which you
 will install HP ArcSight Logger. If an instance of MySQL exists on that server, uninstall it before
 installing HP ArcSight Logger.
- If you want to use the GUI mode of installation and will be installing HP ArcSight Logger over an SSH connection, make sure that you have enabled X window forwarding using the -X option so that you can view the screens of the installation wizard. If you will be using PuTTY, you will also need an X client on the machine from which you are connecting to the Linux machine.

• Installation on 64-bit systems requires glibc-2.12-1.25.el6.i686 and nsssoftokn-freebl-3.12.9-3.el6.i686. Install these packages if the installation fails with the following error message:

Installation requirements not met. Pre-install check failed: 32-bit compatibility libraries not found.

Installation Modes

HP ArcSight Logger can be installed in the following modes:

- GUI: In this mode, a wizard steps you through the installation and configuration of HP ArcSight Logger. See "Using the GUI Mode to Install HP ArcSight Logger" below for more information.
- Console: In this mode, a command-line process steps you through the installation and configuration of HP ArcSight Logger. See "Using the Console Mode to Install HP ArcSight Logger" on page 38 for more information.

HP ArcSight Logger Installation Steps

This section describes two modes of HP ArcSight Logger installation.

Using the GUI Mode to Install HP ArcSight Logger

- 1. Obtain a copy of HP ArcSight Logger version 5.5 and copy the software into a separate directory.
- 2. Run the following two commands from the directory where you copied the HP ArcSight Logger software:

```
chmod +x ArcSight-logger-5.5.0.XXXX.0.bin
./ArcSight-logger-5.5.0.XXXX.0.bin
```



3. The installation wizard launches, as shown in the following figure. Click Next

You can click Cancel to exit the installer at any point during the installation process.

Caution: Do not use the Ctrl+C to close the installer. If you use Ctrl+C to exit the installer and then uninstall HP ArcSight Logger, uninstallation may delete your /tmp directory.

- The License Agreement screen is displayed. Scroll to the bottom of the license agreement to review the agreement and enable the I accept the terms of the License Agreement button.
- 5. Select I accept the terms of the License Agreement and click Next.
- If HP ArcSight Logger is currently running on this server, an Intervention Required message is displayed. Click **Continue** to stop all current HP ArcSight Logger processes and proceed with the installation, or click or **Quit** to exit the installer.

The installer stops the running HP ArcSight Logger processes and checks for other installation prerequisites. A message is displayed asking you to wait. Once all HP ArcSight Logger processes are stopped and the checks complete, the next screen is displayed.

7. Navigate to or specify the location where you want to install HP ArcSight Logger. By default, the /opt directory is specified.

Note: The user as which you are installing can access the parent directory of the install directory. Otherwise, users will not be able to connect to the HP ArcSight Logger UI and will see the following error message when they try to connect, ${\tt Error}~403~{\tt Forbidden}$. You don't have permission to access / on this server.

- 8. If there is not enough space to install the software at the location you specify, a message is displayed. To proceed with the installation, specify a different location or make sufficient space at the location you specified. Click **Previous** to specify another location or **Quit** to exit the installer.
- If HP ArcSight Logger is already installed at the location you specify, a message is displayed.
 Click **Upgrade** to continue or **Previous** to specify another location. For upgrade instructions and information, refer to the Release Notes for your version.
- 10. Indicate the type of license that you want to use.
 - To evaluate Logger using the trial license, select No, use the trial license, then click Next.

If you start with a trial license, you can upload the license file for the Enterprise HP ArcSight Logger later. You do not need to upload a license to use the trial HP ArcSight Logger.

 Selecting Yes requires that you have already purchased the Enterprise HP ArcSight Logger for a production environment and acquired a license file.

If you have a valid license file, select **Yes**, then click **Next**.

Click **Choose**, navigate to the license file for this HP ArcSight Logger software, then click **Next**.

- 11. Review the Pre-Installation Summary and click **Install**. Installation may take a few minutes. Please wait. Once installation is complete, the next screen is displayed.
- 12. If you are logged in as a root user on the system on which you are installing HP ArcSight Logger software, fill in the following fields and click **Next**.

Field	Notes
Non-root user name	This user must already exist on the system.
HTTPS port	The port number to use when accessing the HP ArcSight Logger UI. You can keep the default HTTPS port (443) or enter any other port that suits your needs. If you specify any port except 443, users will need to enter that port number in the URL they use to access the HP ArcSight Logger UI.
Configure HP ArcSight Logger as a service	Indicate whether to configure HP ArcSight Logger to run as a service. Select this option to create a service called arcsight_HP ArcSight Logger, and enable it to run at levels 2, 3, 4, and 5. If you do not enable HP ArcSight Logger to start as service during the installation process, you can still do so later. For instructions on how to enable HP ArcSight Logger to start as a service, see <i>System Settings</i> in the <i>ArcSight Logger Quick Start Guide</i> .

- 13. Select the locale of this installation and click **Next**.
- 14. Click **Next** to initialize HP ArcSight Logger components.

Initialization may take a few minutes. Please wait. Once initialization is complete, the next screen is displayed.

Click Next to configure storage groups and storage volume and restart HP ArcSight Logger.

Configuration may take a few minutes. Please wait. Once configuration is complete, HP ArcSight Logger starts up and the next screen is displayed.

16. Click **Done** to exit the installer.

Note: Ensure that HP ArcSight Logger's publicly-accessible ports are allowed through any firewall rules that you have configured.

For root installs, access to the port 443 must be allowed, plus the ports for any protocol that the logger receivers need, such as port 514 for the UDP receiver and port 515 for the TCP receiver.

For non-root installs, access to port 9000 must be allowed, plus the ports for any protocol that the logger receivers need, such as port 8514 for the UDP receiver and port 8515 for the TCP receiver.

The ports listed here are the default ports. Your Logger may use different ports.

Now that you are done installing and initializing HP ArcSight Logger, you can connect, log on, and start configuring HP ArcSight Logger to receive events.

Using the Console Mode to Install HP ArcSight Logger

Make sure the server on which you will be installing HP ArcSight Logger complies with the platform requirements listed in the Release Notes for your version, and that the prerequisites listed in "Prerequisites for Installation" on page 34 are met.

You can install HP ArcSight Logger as a root user or as a non-root user. See "Prerequisites for Installation" on page 34 for details and restrictions.

To install HP ArcSight Logger on a separate server from the Operations Analytics server, use the following instructions:

1. Run these commands from the directory where you copied the HP ArcSight Logger software:

```
chmod +x ArcSight-logger-5.5.0.XXXX.0.bin
./ArcSight-logger-5.5.0.XXXX.0.bin -i console
```

2. The installation wizard launches in command-line mode, as shown below. Press **Enter** to continue.

Introduction

InstallAnywhere will guide you through the installation of HP ArcSight Logger 5.5.

It is strongly recommended that you quit all programs before continuing with this installation.

Respond to each prompt to proceed to the next step in the installation. If you want to change something on a previous step, type 'back'.

You may cancel this installation at any time by typing 'quit'

PRESS < ENTER > TO CONTINUE:

3. The next screens display license information. Installation and use of HP ArcSight Logger 5.5 requires acceptance of the license agreement. Press Enter to display each part of the license agreement, until you reach the following prompt:

```
DO YOU ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT? (Y/N):
```

- 4. Type Y and press Enter to accept the terms of the License Agreement.
- The subsequent prompts are similar to the ones described for the GUI mode installation shown in "Using the GUI Mode to Install HP ArcSight Logger" on page 35. Follow the instructions provided for the GUI mode install to complete the installation.

Configuration Steps: Connecting to HP ArcSight Logger for the First Time

The HP ArcSight Logger user interface is a web browser application using Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) encryption. Users must be authenticated with a name and password before they can use the interface. See the Release Notes document to find out the browsers and their versions supported for this release.

To connect and log into Logger, do the following:

1. Use the following URL to connect to Logger through a supported browser:

```
https://<hostname or IP address>:<configured port>
```

where the hostname or IP address is the system on which Logger is installed, and configured port is the port specified during the HP ArcSight Logger installation.

After you connect, the following Log on screen is displayed.



2. Enter your user name and password, and click **Login**.

3. Use the following default credentials if you are connecting for the first time or have not yet changed the default credentials:

Username: admin
Password: password

 After you have successfully logged in, go to the Configuring Logger section of the HP ArcSight Logger Administrator's Guide for information about how to set up Logger to start receiving events.

Note: For security reasons, be sure to change the default credentials as soon as possible after connecting to Logger for the first time. See "Changing Logger Passwords" on the next page for instructions.

Note: You will need to configure HP ArcSight Logger to collect the log files in which you are interested. This includes setting up the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger. See the *Configuring Logger* section of the *HP ArcSight Logger Administrator's Guide* and the *Configuring the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger* section of the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide* for more information.

Note: If there is an ArcSight connector available to collect the type of log file you must collect, use that connector. Only use the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger if an existing ArcSight connector does not meet your needs.

After you configure HP ArcSight Logger to receive the log files you are interested in, continue the installation at "Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client" on page 48

Changing Logger Passwords

You can use the **Change Password** menu to change your password. This feature is available to all users for changing their passwords, unlike the **Reset Password** feature that enables a system administrator to reset the password of users without knowing the password. Passwords are subject to the password policy specified by the Admin user.

To change your password, do the following:

- 1. Click System Admin from the top-level menu bar.
- 2. Click Change Password in the Users/Groups section in the left panel to display the Change Password for <User Name> page.
- Enter the Old Password, the New Password, and enter the New Password a second time to confirm.
- 4. Click Change Password.

Configuring Multiple HP ArcSight Loggers

To configure OpsA to support multiple HP ArcSight Loggers, use the <code>\$OPSA_HOME/bin/opsa-logger-config-manager.sh</code> reference page (or the Linux manpage) for more information.

Understanding the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger

During installation, the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger is installed automatically. It is also automatically configured for the Operations Analytics Collector and Server Appliances to collect Operations Analytics log events. If you want to make additional configuration changes for the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger, see the Configuring the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger section of the Operations Analytics Configuration Guide.

Note: The Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger is supported on the Windows and Linux platforms operating system.

Out of the Box Log Content

In order to see the out of the box content in Operations Analytics (OpsA) Dashboards, you need to install SmartConnectors that are pre-configured for standard Windows, Linux, and Apache logs.

Out of the Box SmartConnector Types

The Out of the Box SmartConnector types shown in the following table are available:

Platform	Connector Type	Description
Microsoft Windows	Microsoft Windows Event Log - Local	Monitors the following Windows logs: • Windows Application Log • Windows Security Log • Window System Event Log If required, you can configure additional logs with this connector.
Linux	Linux Audit File	Monitors the audit log.
	Linux Syslog File	Monitors predefined system files, including the following: Syslog, Cron, Mail, and Secure.
		Note: If you need to monitor more than one log, for example both the Syslog and Cron logs, you need to install this SmartConnector type separately for each log.
Apache	Apache HTTP Server Access File	
	Apache HTTP Server Error File	

Installing the Out of the Box SmartConnectors

You need to install the SmartConnectors on each computer that you want to monitor.

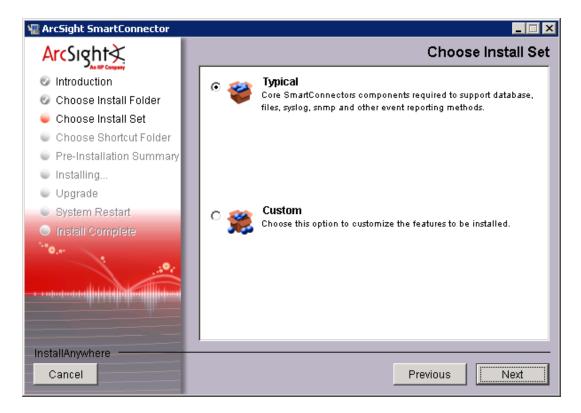
Note: For general information about installing SmartConnectors, see the ArcSight Logger Configuration Guides.

Note: The Out of the Box SmartConnectors are located on the OpsA Collector Appliance in the $OpsA_HOME/logfile$ folder.

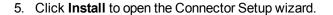
- 1. Open the ArcSight Logger Smart Connector Installation wizard.
- 2. In the Choose Install Folder window, navigate to or specify the location where you want to install the SmartConnector and click **Next**.

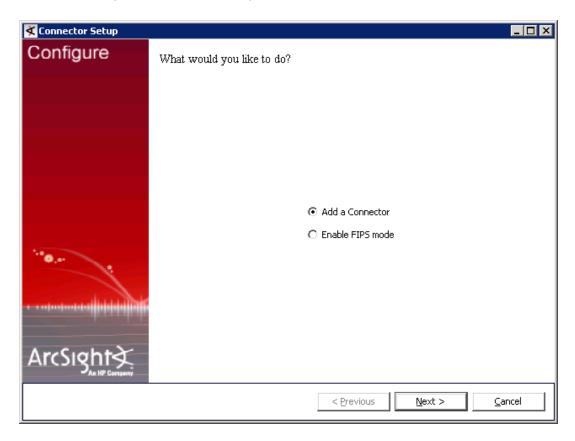
Note: If you need to install more than one SmartConnector, each SmartConnector must be installed in a different folder.

The Choose Install Set window opens.



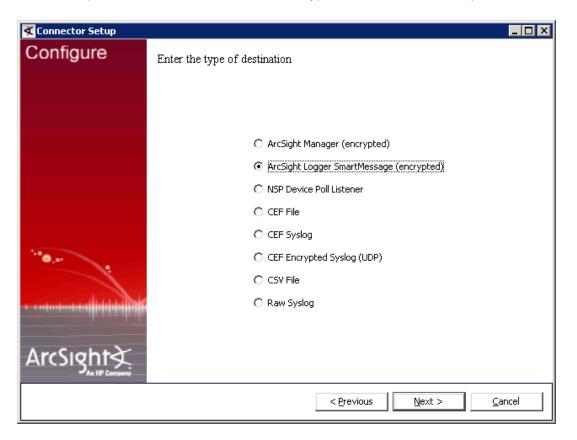
- 3. Select Typical and click Next. The Choose Shortcut Folder window opens.
- 4. Select the required locations for the ArcSight icons, and click **Next**. The Pre-Install Summary window opens.



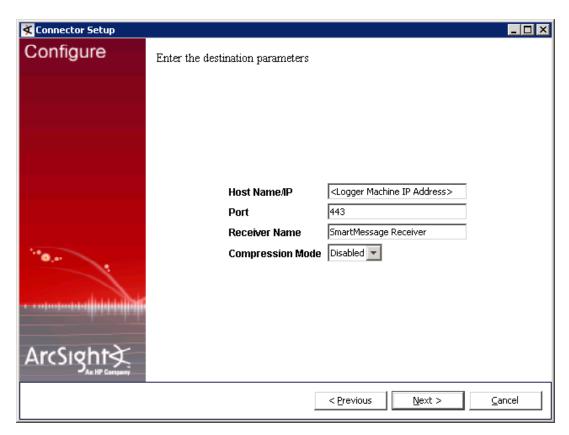


- 6. Select Add a Connector and click Next.
- 7. Select the required SmartConnector type. The following pre-configured types are available:
 - Microsoft Windows Event Log Local (monitors the following Windows logs: Windows Application Log, Windows Security Log, Window System Event Log.)
 - Linux Audit File (monitors the audit log)
 - Linux Syslog File (monitors predefined system files, including the following: Syslog, Cron, Mail, Secure.If you need to monitor more than one log, you need to install this SmartConnector type separately for each log.)
 - Apache HTTP Server Access File
 - Apache HTTP Server Error File
- 8. Click Next.
 - If you are installing a Linux connector, enter the required path and log. Following are typical paths for the supported logs:

- /var/log/audit/audit.log
- /var/log/messages
- /var/log/cron
- /var/log/maillog
- /var/log/secure
- If you are installing an Apache connector, the wizard prompts you for the Log File Name.
- If you are installing the Windows Event Log connector, the wizard prompts you for the Event Log Types and Batch Query Buffer Size.
- 9. Enter the required information and click **Next**. The Type of Destination window opens.



10. Select **ArcSight Logger SmartMessage (encrypted)** and click **Next**. The Destination Parameters window opens.



- 11. Enter the following information:
 - Host Name/IP The Host Name or IP address of the logger machine.
 - **Port** 443
 - Receiver Name SmartMessage Receiver

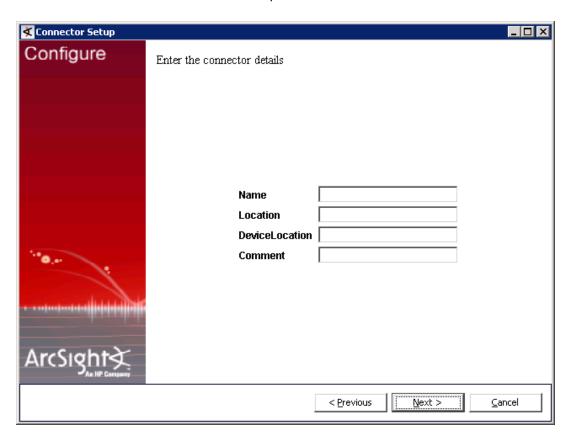
Note:

SmartMessage Receiver is the default receiver name for this receiver type. If this default name does not work, you can check the correct receiver name:

- i. In ArcSight Logger, select **Configuration > Event Input**.
- ii. On the **Receivers** tab, identify the name of the receiver of type **SmartMessage Receiver**.

The SmartMessage receiver is configured to work with these SmartConnectors. If required, you can create a different receiver in ArcSight Logger. For details, see the ArcSight Logger documentation.

- Compression Mode Disabled
- 12. Click **Next**. The Connector Details window opens.



- 13. Enter the following information:
 - Name Name of the host monitor
 - Location The location of the host monitor
 - Device Location The host name or IP address
 - Comment

The above information will be displayed in ArcSight Logger. For details of how this information will be displayed in ArcSight Logger, see the relevant Smart Connector ArcSight Logger document.

- 14. Click **Next** to register the connector and complete the installation process.
- 15. After the installation process is complete, you need to manually start the service.
 - a. Click the Windows Start button and in the Start Search field type Services and press enter.
 - b. Right-click on the required service and select **Start**.

After installing the SmartConnector, you will need to manually configure and publish it. For details, see *Out of the Box SmartConnector Types* in the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide*.

Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client

Task 1: Planning your Deployment	Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software	Task 3: Installing and Configuring ArcSight Logger	Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance	Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance
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The Operations Analytics (OpsA) Server Appliance is installed as a virtual appliance using the HP_opsa_Server_OVF10.ova file. You must deploy the HP_opsa_Server_OVF10.ova file in the VMWare virtual center before you can use OpsA.

During the deployment process, you will be asked to specify the network parameters (IP address, network mask, gateway, DNS servers, hostname and domain name).

Complete the following tasks to deploy the OpsA Server Appliance.

- 1. Log on to the VMware vSphere Client.
- 2. Select File -> Deploy OVF Template.
- 3. Enter the URL or the file path of the HP_opsa_Server_OVF10.ova file, based on where the OVA file is located; then click **Next**.
- 4. Specify a name and location for the deployed template.
- 5. Follow the instructions to select the host or cluster on which you want to deploy the Server Appliance; then click **Next**.
- 6. Select a resource pool.

- 7. Select the destination storage for the Server Appliance files; then click **Next**.
- 8. Select the format on which you want to store the virtual disks; then click **Next**.
- 9. Enter the network properties by specifying the field values shown in the following table.

Note: If you are using VMWare Vcenter 5.x for this installation, a User Interface appears to help you enter these values. If the User Interface does not appear, see the *User's Guide to Deploying vApps and Virtual Appliances*, available from http://www.vmware.com/support/developer/studio/studio26/va_user.pdf (page 17) for network configuration instructions.

Network Properties

Address Type	Field	Value
DHCP	All Fields	Leave all fields blank.
		Note : The Operations Analytics installation needs either static IP addresses or permanently-leased DHCP IP addresses.
Static	DNS	The fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the DNS Server.
	Default Gateway	The fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the network's default gateway.
	IP Address	The IP address of the server.
	Network Mask	The network mask for your network.

- 10. Specify the VA Host Name and Timezone settings; then click Next.
- 11. Select the Power on after deployment option; then click Finish.

Installing the Operations Analytics License

OpsA licensing is based on the number of OpsA (OA) nodes for which data is collected. An OA node is a real or virtual computer system, or a device (for example a printer, router, or bridge) within a network.

The following types of licenses can be applied to the OpsA Server Appliance:

An *Instant On* license gets applied during the OpsA Server Appliance installation. This **Instant On** license is valid for 60 days and has a capacity for 500 OA nodes.

A *Permanent* license is a license that you apply after your purchase OpsA, and is based on the quantity of OA nodes.

When installing the OpsA license, note the following:

- You can install either an Evaluation or Permanent license even though an Instant On license is already installed.
- Installing either of these licenses disables the *Instant On* license.
- OpsA license entitlements aggregate if you apply the same kind of license in addition to the existing licenses.

For example, installing an OpsA Permanent license for 100 OA nodes on top of an existing OpsA Permanent license for 200 OA nodes, will aggregate the license capacity to 300 OA nodes.

There is no license for the OpsA Collector Appliance.

To install the OpsA license, do the following:

- 1. Run the following command from the OpsA Server Appliance to install the OpsA license: \$OPSA_HOME/bin/opsa-license-manager.sh -add <path to license file> You should see a message that, among other information, includes the following: Added license from file /opt/HP/opsa/license/Neutron_License.txt successfully
- 2. Run the following command to verify that the OpsA license installed correctly: \$OPSA_HOME/bin/opsa-license-manager.sh -list See the opsa-license-manager.sh reference page (or the Linux manpage) for more information.

Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client

Task 1: Planning your Deployment	Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software	Task 3: Installing and Configuring ArcSight Logger	Task 4: Installing and Licensing the Operations Analytics Server Appliance	Task 5: Installing and Configuring the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance
---	--	---	--	---

Complete the following configuration steps for each Operations Analytics (OpsA) Collector Appliance you plan to install.

To install and configure the OpsA Collector Appliance using the VMware vSphere Client, do the following:

- Log on to the VMware vCenter server or directly to the VMWARE ESX server using the VMware vSphere Client.
- 2. Select File -> Deploy OVF Template.
- 3. Point your web browser to the following location: http://<path to file>/HP_Opsa_ Collector OVF10.ova; then click Next.
- 4. Specify a name and location for the deployed template.
- 5. Select the host or cluster on which you want to deploy the OpsA Collector Appliance; then click **Next**.
- Select a resource pool.
- Select the destination storage for the OpsA Collector Appliance files; then click Next.
- 8. Select the format on which you want to store the collector's virtual disks; then click Next.
- 9. Enter the network properties by specifying the field values shown in the following table.

Note: If you are using VMWare Vcenter 5.x for this installation, a User Interface appears to help you enter these values.

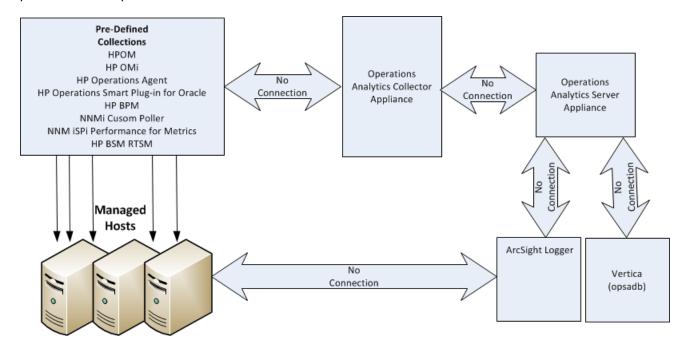
Network Properties

Address Type	Field	Value
DHCP A	All Fields	Leave all fields blank.
		Note : The Operations Analytics installation needs either static IP addresses or permanently-leased DHCP IP addresses.
Static	DNS	The fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the DNS Server.
	Default Gateway	The fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the network's default gateway.
	IP Address	The IP address of the server.
	Network Mask	The network mask for your network.

- 10. Specify the VA Host Name and Timezone settings; then click **Next**.
- 11. Select the **Power on after deployment** option; then click **Finish**.

Post-Installation Configuration Steps for Operations Analytics

The post installation script (opsa-server-postinstall.sh script) completes the final configuration steps for the different application components used by Operations Analytics (OpsA). The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script configures communication among the distributed components of OpsA. The following diagram shows the missing communication connections that the opsa-server-postinstall.sh script will soon create.



To finish the post-installation configuration steps and configure the communication connections for OpsA, complete the actions in this section.

Post-Installation Steps for the Operations Analytics Server Appliance

Complete the following post-installation configuration steps on the OpsA Server Appliance.

Important Note: If you run the <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script using an already configured Vertica database, the <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script does not complete. It shows you a message explaining how to run the <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script to remedy an already configured Vertica database.

1. Log on as an opsa user to the OpsA server (the default password is opsa).

Note: The first time you log on, you will need to change the default password. User account passwords must be a minimum of eight characters long, and must include at least one uppercase character, one lowercase character, one digit, and one special character.

- 2. Run the \$OPSA HOME/bin/opsa-server-postinstall.sh script (interactive mode).
- The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts for following information, and includes
 a default value surrounded by brackets. To accept the default value, click Enter for each
 prompt.
 - Host name of Vertica database (if it exists)
 - Port number of Vertica database
 - Database user name
 - Database password

Note: The <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script shows an error message if any of the following problems exist:

- Vertica is not installed on the specified host.
- Vertica is down.
- The port number you specified for Vertica is not open.
- You entered the wrong Vertica username or password.
- The default tenant name, opsa default, does not exist.

Correct these problems and rerun the opsa-server-postinstall.sh script.

For Vertica administration issues, run the <code>/opt/vertica/bin/adminTools</code> command and view the cluster state. If the state is <code>down</code>, you might need to restart the database. See "Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software" on page 20 for more information.

4. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts you with the following message: Is database opsadb created and running on host [yes/no]: If the opsadb database is created and running, enter yes; If the opsadb database is not created and running, enter no to stop the post install configuration script.

Note: The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script assumes the opsadb database is available on the Vertica server and does not create the opsadb database on the Vertica server.

Note: If you already have the opsadb schema installed from a previous installation, you must delete it. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script does not support connection to an existing database schema. You must drop the old opsadb database and create a new one before running the opsa-server-postinstall.sh script. See the *Vertica Enterprise Edition 6.1 Administrator's Guide* for more information

5. The <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script prompts you to change the passwords for the opsaadmin, opsatenantadmin, and opsa default application users. Follow the interactive instructions carefully to reset these passwords.

Note: See "Predefined User Groups" on page 14 for more information about the predefined user groups, default user names, and passwords used by Operations Analytics.

- 6. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts you to configure logger details for opsa_default [yes/[no].
- 7. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts you for the type of logger software you plan to use (ArcSight or Splunk).
- 8. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts you for following information, and includes a default value. To accept the default value, click **Enter** for each prompt.
 - Logger host name
 - Logger Webservice port
 - Logger Webservice username
 - Logger Webservice password

Note: These Logger details will be persisted to the database using the <code>opsa_default</code> schema. If the log management software is <code>arcsight</code>, you can configure more than one Logger using the <code>opsa_default</code> schema. The <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script prompts you with the following message: Do you want to add more Logger configuration for 'opsa_default' [yes/no]: If you enter yes, you can add one more Logger configuration for the <code>opsa_default</code> schema and tenant.

If the log management software is <code>splunk</code> you can only add one set of Splunk configuration details. The <code>opsa-server-postinstall.sh</code> script does not prompt you for more than one set of Splunk configuration details.

- 9. If the log management software is HP ArcSight Logger, you can configure more than one Logger using the opsa_default schema. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts with the following message:
 - Do you want to add more Logger configuration for 'opsa_default' [yes/no]:
 - If you enter **yes**, you can add one more Logger configuration for the opsa_default schema and tenant.
- 10. The opsa-server-postinstall.sh script prompts you to decide if you want to Configure the OPSA Flex connector for ArcSight Logger [yes/no]. For the remainder of these instructions the name for the OPSA Flex connector will be the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger. If you enter no, that completes the installation. If you enter yes, do the following:
 - a. Review the list of Logger hosts already configured for the opsa default tenant.
 - Enter the serial number of the Logger host for which you want to configure the Operations
 Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger.

That completes the post-installation configuration steps for the OpsA Server Appliance.

Post-Installation Steps for the Operations Analytics Collector Appliance

Complete the following post-installation configuration steps on the Operations Analytics (OpsA) Collector Appliance.

- 1. Log on as a opsa user to the OpsA Collector Appliance (the default password is opsa).
- 2. Run the <code>\$OPSA_HOME/bin/opsa-collector-postinstall.sh</code> script (interactive mode).
- The opsa-collector-postinstall.sh script prompts for following Vertica database
 host details (where the opsadb database is created information, and includes the default
 values shown in the following list. To accept the default value, click Enter for each prompt.
 - Host name of Vertica database (localhost)
 - Port number of Vertica database (5433)
 - User name for the Vertica database (dbadmin)
 - Password for the Vertica database (dbadmin, unless you reset this password earlier)

Note: The opsa-collector-postinstall.sh script shows an error message if any of the following problems exist:

- Vertica is not installed on the specified host.
- Vertica is down.
- The port number you specified for Vertica is not open.
- You entered the wrong Vertica username or password.
- The default tenant name, opsa default, does not exist.

Correct these problems and rerun the opsa-collector-postinstall.sh script.

For Vertica administration issues, run the /opt/vertica/bin/adminTools command and view the cluster state. If the state is down, you might need to restart the database. See "Task 2: Installing and Configuring the Vertica Software" on page 20 for more information.

- 4. The <code>opsa-collector-postinstall.sh</code> script prompts you to decide if you want to <code>Configure the OPSA Flex connector for ArcSight Logger [yes/no]. For the remainder of these instructions the name for the OPSA Flex connector will be the Operations Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger. If you enter <code>no</code>, that completes the installation. If you enter <code>yes</code>, do the following:</code>
 - Review the list of Logger hosts already configured for the opsa default tenant.
 - Enter the serial number of the Logger host for which you want to configure the Operations
 Analytics Log File Connector for HP ArcSight Logger.

That completes the post-installation configuration steps for the OpsA Collector Appliance.

Accessing Operations Analytics for the First Time

To log on to Operations Analytics (OpsA):

- Access the following URL: http://IP Address or fully-qualified domain name of the OpsA Server:8080/opsa
- After the OpsA log on screen appears, use the default user credentials to log on to OpsA: User Name: opsa Password: opsa

Click to access the Operations Analytics Help.

Click the link in the upper right to **Continue Using Application**. OpsA is not collecting data right now, but is otherwise operational.

Now you can configure your collections using information from the *Operations Analytics Configuration Guide*.

We appreciate your feedback!

If you have comments about this document, you can contact the documentation team by email. If an email client is configured on this system, click the link above and an email window opens with the following information in the subject line:

Feedback on Operations Analytics Installation Guide (Operations Analytics 2.10)

Just add your feedback to the email and click send.

If no email client is available, copy the information above to a new message in a web mail client, and send your feedback to sw-doc@hp.com.