

# **HP Real User Monitor**

For the Windows and Linux operating systems

Software Version: 9.23

## **Real User Monitor Installation and Upgrade Guide**

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# Contents

Contents .....	4
Real User Monitor Installation and Upgrade Overview .....	6
Part 1: RUM System Requirements and Compatibility .....	7
Chapter 1: RUM System Requirements .....	8
Chapter 2: RUM Compatibility Matrixes .....	16
Part 2: Installing RUM .....	17
Chapter 3: Installing the RUM Engine .....	18
The RUM Engine Setup File .....	18
How to Install the RUM Engine .....	18
RUM Configuration Wizard .....	23
Import User Configuration Data Page .....	23
Import Source Directory Page .....	25
MySQL Database Properties Page (Import Settings from Previous Distributed Installation) .....	26
MySQL Database Properties Page .....	27
Connect to Database Page .....	28
RUM Database Connection Parameters Page .....	30
RUM Engine Credentials Page .....	31
Finish Page .....	33
Installing RUM on Windows Server 2008 Using Windows Remote Desktop .....	34
Running a Silent Installation .....	36
Chapter 4: Installing the RUM Sniffer Probe .....	41
Physically Connecting the Probe .....	41
How to Install the RUM Sniffer Probe .....	42
Running a Silent Installation .....	47
Stopping and Starting the Probe .....	47
Connecting the Probe to the RUM Engine .....	48
Installing an nCipher Card on the RUM Probe .....	48
Chapter 5: Installing the RUM Browser Probe .....	51

The RUM Browser Probe Setup File .....	51
How to Install the RUM Browser Probe .....	52
Stopping and Starting the Probe .....	53
Connecting the RUM Browser Probe to the RUM Engine .....	53
Installing the JavaScript Snippet .....	54
Instrumenting Mobile Apps for Android .....	57
Instrumenting Mobile Apps for iOS .....	62
Monitoring Hybrid Applications .....	63
Chapter 6: Uninstalling RUM .....	65
Uninstalling the RUM Engine on a Windows Platform .....	65
How to Uninstall the RUM Engine Using the Windows Control Panel .....	65
RUM Configuration Wizard .....	66
Export User Configuration Data Page .....	66
Export Target Directory Page .....	67
Finish Page .....	68
Running a Silent Uninstall .....	69
Uninstalling the RUM Sniffer Probe .....	69
Part 3: Upgrading RUM .....	71
Chapter 7: Upgrading the RUM Engine .....	72
Upgrading from a Typical Installation to a Distributed Installation .....	72
Upgrading from RUM Versions 8.x or Earlier, 9.02, 9.1x or Later .....	73
Upgrading from RUM Versions 9.00 or 9.01 .....	74
Upgrading Database Data .....	76
Chapter 8: Upgrading the RUM Sniffer Probe .....	78
Chapter 9: Upgrading the RUM Browser Probe .....	80
Chapter 10: Upgrading RUM - Notes and Limitations .....	81
Renaming a MySQL Database Schema .....	82
We appreciate your feedback! .....	86

# Real User Monitor Installation and Upgrade Overview

This guide provides detailed instructions on how to install and upgrade the HP Real User Monitor (RUM) data collector.

For details on administering and working with RUM, see the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

If you are an HP Software-as-a-Service customer, you must contact an HP Software Support representative to receive connection information that enables you to work with RUM.

This guide contains the following parts:

- ["RUM System Requirements and Compatibility" on page 7](#)

Describes the system requirements necessary for installing RUM and the compatibility between the different versions of RUM and Business Service Management.

- ["Installing RUM" on page 17](#)

Explains how to install and uninstall the RUM Engine. Also explains how to install one or more RUM Probes.

- ["Upgrading RUM" on page 71](#)

Describes the procedures for upgrading the RUM Engine and Probe. Also includes upgrade notes and limitations.

# **Part 1: RUM System Requirements and Compatibility**

# Chapter 1: RUM System Requirements

This chapter describes the recommended system requirements for running RUM.

**Caution:** For production systems, you must install the RUM Engine, Probe, and database on separate physical disks.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- ["RUM Engine Requirements" below](#)
- ["RUM Repository \(MySQL Database\) Requirements" on the next page](#)
- ["Requirements for Installing the RUM Engine and Repository \(MySQL Database\) on the Same Machine" on the next page](#)
- ["Client Requirements for Viewing the RUM Engine Web Console" on page 10](#)
- ["RUM Sniffer Probe Requirements" on page 10](#)
- ["RUM Browser Probe Requirements" on page 13](#)
- ["RUM on Virtual Platforms" on page 15](#)

## RUM Engine Requirements

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Computer/Processor</b>	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Dual-Core Server
<b>Operating System</b>	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions
<b>Memory</b>	<b>32 bit:</b> 2 GB  <b>64 bit:</b> 4 GB	8 GB



	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Hard Drive</b>	70 GB	70 GB
<b>Network Card</b>	Gigabit network adapter	2 Gigabit network adapters (one for database connectivity and one for probe connectivity)

### RUM Repository (MySQL Database) Requirements

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Computer/Processor</b>	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server
<b>Operating System</b>	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions
<b>Memory</b>	<b>32 bit:</b> 2 GB  <b>64 bit:</b> 4 GB	8 GB
<b>Hard Drive</b>	200 GB fast hard drive	2 TB SCSI disks RAID 0 (RAID 0 + 1 for high availability)
<b>Network Card</b>	Gigabit network adapter	Gigabit network adapter
<b>MySQL Version</b>	5.5.31 (installed by the RUM installation program)	5.5.31 (installed by the RUM installation program)

### Requirements for Installing the RUM Engine and Repository (MySQL Database) on the Same Machine

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Computer/Processor</b>	Quad-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server	Quad Core CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Operating System</b>	<b>Windows:</b> Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions	<b>Windows:</b> Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions
<b>Memory</b>	<b>32 bit:</b> 4 GB <b>64 bit:</b> 4 GB	8 GB
<b>Hard Drive</b>	2 Disks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>70 GB for the RUM Engine installation</li> <li>200 GB fast hard drive for the RUM repository</li> </ul>	2 Disks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>70 GB for the RUM Engine installation</li> <li>2 TB SCSI disks RAID 0 (RAID 0 + 1 for high availability) for the RUM repository.</li> </ul>
	<b>Note:</b> It is important not to install the RUM Engine on the same disk as the RUM repository. You must select a different disk for the RUM repository during the installation.	
<b>Network Card</b>	Gigabit network adapter	Gigabit network adapter
<b>MySQL Version</b>	5.5.31 (installed by the RUM installation program)	5.5.31 (installed by the RUM installation program)

### Client Requirements for Viewing the RUM Engine Web Console

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Supported Browsers</b>	Microsoft Internet Explorer (IE) 8.0, 9.0	Microsoft Internet Explorer (IE) 9.0

### RUM Sniffer Probe Requirements

- **Hardware and Operating System Requirements**

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Computer/Processor</b>	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server
<b>Operating System</b>	<b>Linux:</b>  Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5.x (RHEL5) – 64 and 32 bit versions  Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 6.x (RHEL6) – 64 bit version	<b>Linux:</b>  Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 6.x (RHEL6) – 64 bit version
	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2 (32/64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions
<b>Memory</b>	<b>32 bit:</b> 2 GB  <b>64 bit:</b> 4 GB	<b>32 bit:</b> 4 GB  <b>64 bit:</b> 8 GB
<b>Hard Drive</b>	70 GB IDE/SATA	150 GB SCSI  SCSI required for high traffic levels of more than 15 MB.  Large disk space required for more than one page back on Snapshot on Error (SSOE).

	Minimum	Recommended
	<b>Note:</b> For Linux installations, it is recommended to allocate most of the disk space to the <code>/var/spool/rum_probe</code> directory, as this directory contains the majority of the probe data. It is sufficient to allocate 10 GB of space each to the <code>/var/log/rum_probe</code> and <code>/etc/rum_probe</code> directories.	
<b>Network Card</b>  <b>Note:</b> Dedicated network cards are only required for the RUM Sniffer Probe.	<b>For connecting port mirrored cable:</b>  1 standard network card of either 1 or 10 GB.  <b>For connecting to management port (used by RUM Engine):</b>  1 Intel Pro/100 (10/100 auto-sensing) set for full duplex  For copper connections, MT type card required.  For fiber optic connections, MF type card required.	<b>For connecting tap:</b>  2 standard network cards of either 1 or 10 GB.  <b>Caution:</b> Two network cards are required if the TAP to which the RUM Probe is connected uses different ports for transmitting and receiving data. You can also use two network cards to monitor traffic from two separate sources, providing bandwidth restrictions are not exceeded.  <b>For connecting to management port (used by RUM Engine):</b>  1 Intel Pro/100 (10/100 auto-sensing) set for full duplex.  For copper connections, MT type card required.  For fiber optic connections, MF type card required.
<b>PCI Slot</b>		1 free 133/100/66 MHz 64 bit PCI slot

## • Environment and System Requirements

Requirement	Description
Linux installations only:	
<b>Probe watchdog prerequisites</b>	<p>The following are required for the probe watchdog and must be installed on the Linux machine prior to installing the RUM Probe:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ libcrypto.so</li> <li>■ libssl.so</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> These libraries are part of the openssl package.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Perl must be installed with the following libraries: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ LWP::UserAgent</li> <li>○ URI::URL</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Python (an interpreted, interactive, object-oriented programming language)</li> </ul>
<b>rum_probe user</b>	<p>A user called <b>rum_probe</b> is automatically created during installation, but you must manually configure a password for this user. When entering the RUM Probe user and password in End User Management Administration, you must use either the <b>root</b> or <b>rum_probe</b> user (for details, see "New/Edit Real User Monitor Engine Page" in the BSM Application Administration Guide).</p>
<b>Permissions</b>	<p>The following directories must have <b>2770</b> permissions, be owned by <b>rum_probe</b> and belong to the <b>rum_probe</b> group:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ /var/spool/rum_probe (and subdirectories)</li> <li>■ /etc/rum_probe</li> <li>■ /var/log/rum_probe</li> </ul>

## RUM Browser Probe Requirements

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Computer/Processor</b>	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server	Dual-CPU Xeon 3.0 GHz Server

	Minimum	Recommended
<b>Operating System</b>	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions	<b>Windows:</b>  Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64 bit) Standard and Enterprise Editions
<b>Memory</b>	4 GB	8 GB
<b>Hard Drive</b>	50 GB	70 GB
<b>Network Card</b>	Gigabit network adapter	2 Gigabit network adapters (one for RUM Engine connectivity and one for client data connectivity)

## RUM on Virtual Platforms

We recommend installing RUM on physical servers when possible. However, when necessary, you can install both the RUM Engine and Probe on a virtual platform. The following virtualization platforms are supported:

- VMware ESX 3.x
- VMware ESX 4.x
- VMware ESX 5.x

For details on duplicating traffic for a RUM Probe on a virtual machine, see "Duplicating Traffic for RUM with VMware" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

### Note:

- For production systems, you must install the RUM Engine, Probe, and database on separate physical disks, or on any high performance storage system.
- For the RUM database, the default VMware disk performance is usually not sufficient as one physical disk is shared between several virtual machines.
- RUM installed on VMware with NAS (Network-attached storage) has been tested with a Netapp iSCSI connection with a latency of less than 10 milliseconds.

## Chapter 2: RUM Compatibility Matrixes

### RUM–BSM Compatibility Matrix

The following table shows the compatibility between the different versions of RUM and BSM:

Compatibility Matrix	HP Business Service Management								
	9.23	9.22	9.21	9.20	9.13	9.12	9.10	9.0x	8.0x
RUM 9.23	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	x
RUM 9.22	x	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	x
RUM 9.21	x	x	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	x
RUM 9.20	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	x
RUM 9.13	x	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓	x	x
RUM 9.12	x	x	x	x	x	✓	✓	x	x
RUM 9.10	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x	x
RUM 9.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x
RUM 9.01	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x
RUM 9.00	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x
RUM 8.0x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓

### RUM Probe–RUM Engine Compatibility

- **RUM Sniffer Probe.** The RUM Sniffer Probe version must be greater than or equal to the RUM Engine version.
- **RUM Browser Probe.** The RUM Browser Probe version must be the same as the RUM Engine version.



## Part 2: Installing RUM

## Chapter 3: Installing the RUM Engine

To monitor real user activity, you must first install the RUM Engine on a Windows platform.

The RUM installation procedure installs both the RUM Engine and the MySQL database. You can install both the engine and the database on the same machine, or on different machines. To install the engine and database on different machines, install the MySQL database first and then install the engine and connect it to the database.

**Note:** Before beginning the installation, review the information in the RUM Release Notes PDF (rum\_readme\_<version number>.pdf) for any last minute notes and limitations, as well as for upgrade and service pack install instructions.

This section includes:

- "The RUM Engine Setup File" below
- "How to Install the RUM Engine" below
- "RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23
- "Installing RUM on Windows Server 2008 Using Windows Remote Desktop" on page 34
- "Running a Silent Installation" on page 36

### The RUM Engine Setup File

The RUM Engine setup file can be accessed from one of the following locations:

- The RUM installation package.
- The HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpssoftwaresupport>). Go to **Software Support Online > Downloads > Software Patches** and select Application Performance Management as the product. For each version, check for RUM as a sub-product.
- The Downloads page in BSM Platform Administration. For details, see the BSM Platform Administration Guide.

**Note:** There may be more recent versions of RUM than the version included in the BSM Downloads page. For details, check the HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpssoftwaresupport>).

### How to Install the RUM Engine

For details on the system requirements for installing the RUM Engine, see "[RUM System Requirements](#)" on page 8.

**Note:**

- For production systems, you must install the RUM Engine, Probe, and database on separate physical disks.
- For better performance, we recommend installing the RUM Engine and the RUM Probe on the same local area network (LAN).
- Before installing the RUM Engine on Windows Server 2008 using Windows Remote Desktop, refer to ["Installing RUM on Windows Server 2008 Using Windows Remote Desktop" on page 34](#).

**To install the RUM Engine:**

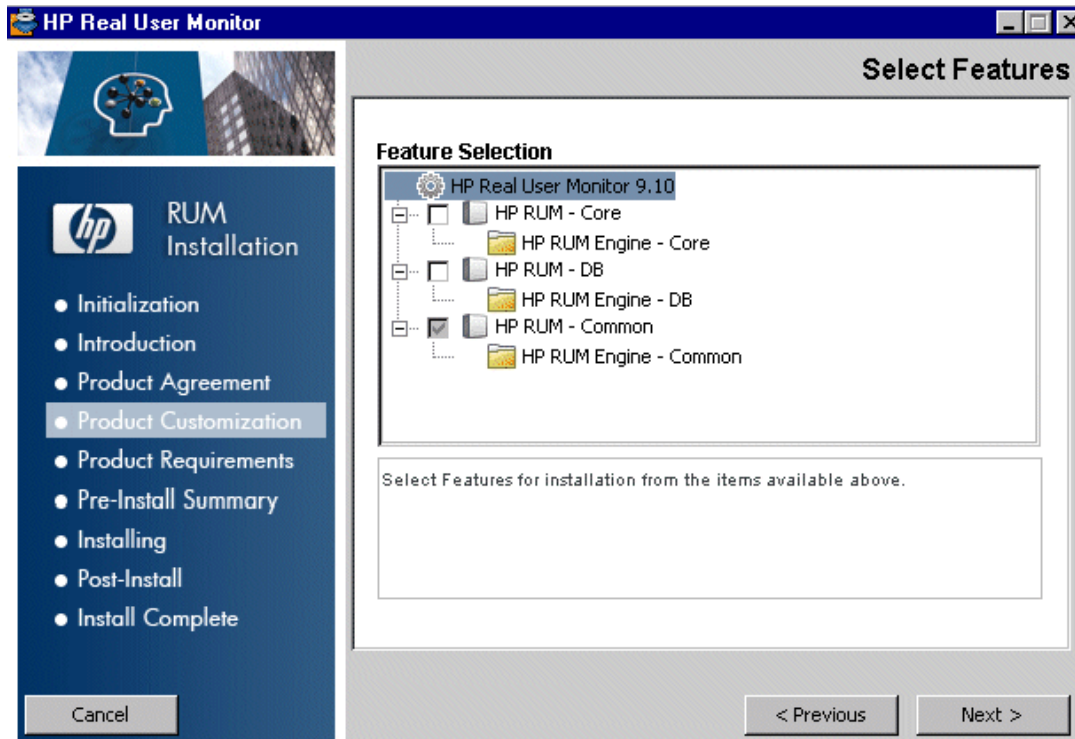
1. Save the RUM setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are installing RUM. For more details on the location of the RUM setup file, see ["The RUM Engine Setup File" on the previous page](#).
2. On this machine, navigate to the downloaded file and double-click **HPRUMEngine\_<version number>\_setup.exe**.
3. When prompted, select the installation language (default English) and click **OK**. The RUM Engine Setup wizard begins.
4. When the Introduction page is displayed, click **Next**.
5. Accept the terms of the license agreement and click **Next**.
6. Select whether to run a typical installation (which installs both the RUM Engine and the MySQL database), or a custom installation (in which you select specific features to install). Click **Next**.

If you select **Typical** installation, skip to step 8 below to continue.

**Note:** You are able to select the installation path in both types of installations (typical and custom).

7. Select the features you want to install from the following, by checking the box to the left of the required feature:
  - **HP RUM - Core.** Installs the RUM Engine.
  - **HP RUM - DB.** Installs the MySQL database.
  - **HP RUM - Common.** Installs common components required by both the RUM Engine and

the MySQL database. (This feature is selected by default and you cannot change the selection.)



Click **Next**.

**Note:** If you select **HP RUM DB** only, the MySQL database is installed in the specified location, but no database schema is created.

8. Select the path of the folder in which you want to install the RUM Engine. Either accept the default path (**C:\HPRUM**), or click **Browse** to create a new folder in a different path. (You can reset the path to the default folder by clicking **Reset**.) Click **Next**.

**Note:**

- Do not use non-ASCII characters in the RUM installation path.
- Do not select an existing folder.

9. The Setup wizard verifies the following system parameters and displays the verification details:

- Free disk space
- Previous RUM installations
- Selected components for installation
- The installation directory (which should be a new directory)

If any of the verification checks fail, go back and make the necessary corrections according to the information displayed (for example, free up more disk space, or change the selected components).

10. Read the pre-install summary information. If it is correct, click **Install** to continue with the installation. If it is not correct, click **Previous** to correct the information you previously provided.
11. The installation begins and its progress is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed progress data, by clicking the appropriate tab.



When the installation has finished, the HP RUM Configuration wizard is automatically started. The wizard includes the following pages:

Page	Enables you to ...	For user interface details, see ...
Import User Configuration Data	Select whether you want to import user data settings from a previous RUM installation.	<a href="#">"Import User Configuration Data Page" on the next page</a>
Import Source Directory	Select the path from which to import user data settings from a previous RUM installation.	<a href="#">"Import Source Directory Page" on page 25</a>
MySQL Database Properties	Configure the path in which the MySQL database is installed, as well as the user name and password for accessing the database.	<a href="#">"MySQL Database Properties Page" on page 27</a>
Connect to Database	Configure whether to connect the RUM Engine to a MySQL database.	<a href="#">"Connect to Database Page" on page 28</a>
RUM Database Connection Parameters	Configure the parameters used by the RUM Engine to connect to its MySQL database.	<a href="#">"RUM Database Connection Parameters Page" on page 30</a>
RUM Engine Credentials	Configure the credentials that the RUM Engine uses to connect to the JMX and web consoles.	<a href="#">"RUM Engine Credentials Page" on page 31</a>
Finish	View the status of the Configuration wizard.	<a href="#">"Finish Page" on page 33</a>

12. When the RUM Configuration wizard has finished, the status of the HP RUM Engine Setup wizard is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed status data. You can view the installation log file by clicking the **View log file** link.
13. Click **Done** to exit the Setup wizard.

After successfully installing the RUM Engine and connecting the engine to the MySQL database, start RUM on the machine on which it is installed and configure the connection settings to BSM.

**To start RUM and configure connection settings:**

1. Start RUM by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Enable HP Real User Monitor**.

**Note:** You can stop RUM by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Disable HP Real User Monitor**.

For additional information on starting and stopping RUM, see "Administering HP Real User Monitor" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

2. Configure the connection settings to BSM in the RUM web console. For details, see "BSM Connection Settings" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

## RUM Configuration Wizard

This wizard enables you to import configuration data from a previous installation, as well as to configure various connection parameters.

<b>To access</b>	The RUM Configuration wizard is automatically launched during a RUM installation, after the setup program has installed the RUM application.
<b>Wizard Map</b>	The RUM Configuration wizard contains:  "Import User Configuration Data Page" below > "Import Source Directory Page" on page 25 > "MySQL Database Properties Page (Import Settings from Previous Distributed Installation)" on page 26 > "MySQL Database Properties Page" on page 27 > "Connect to Database Page" on page 28 > "RUM Database Connection Parameters Page" on page 30 > "RUM Engine Credentials Page" on page 31 > "Finish Page" on page 33
<b>Useful Links</b>	"Installing the RUM Engine" on page 18

### *Import User Configuration Data Page*

This page enables you to select whether you want to import user data settings from a previous installation. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to "[RUM Configuration Wizard](#)" [above](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the Import User Configuration Data page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. The title bar is blue with white text. The left sidebar is grey with a list of steps: 'Import User Configuration Data' (selected), 'Import Source Directory', 'MySQL Database Properties', 'Connect to Database', 'RUM Database Connection Parameters', 'RUM Engine Credentials', and 'Finish'. The main content area has a title 'Import User Configuration Data' and a subtitle 'Importing user configuration data enables you to use the data from a previous HP Real User Monitor installation'. Below this is a question 'Do you want to import user configuration data ?' with two radio buttons: 'Import' (selected) and 'Do not import'. At the bottom right are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<b>Import</b>	<p>Select this radio button if you want to import user data settings that you exported when uninstalling a previous version of RUM.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If you want to include settings from an earlier version as part of a RUM upgrade, you must import the user data settings you saved when uninstalling the previous version.</li><li>• The &lt;MySQL data path&gt; must be located in the same path in which it was located in the RUM installation from which you are importing.</li><li>• If you import user data settings from a previous installation of RUM, the RUM Engine Credentials page is not accessed in the wizard.</li></ul>
<b>Do not import</b>	<p>Select this radio button if you do not want to import configuration settings from a previous version of RUM.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you select this option, the wizard continues with the <a href="#">"MySQL Database Properties Page" on page 27</a>.</p>



## Import Source Directory Page

This page enables you to select the path from which to import user data settings from a previous RUM installation. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to "[RUM Configuration Wizard](#)" on page 23 for general information.

The following is an example of the Import Source Directory page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. On the left is a vertical navigation pane with the following options: 'Import User Configuration Data', 'Import Source Directory' (which is selected and highlighted with a blue arrow), 'MySQL Database Properties', 'Connect to Database', 'RUM Database Connection Parameters', 'RUM Engine Credentials', and 'Finish'. The main area of the wizard is titled 'Import Source Directory' and contains the text: 'The import tool will import all the configuration files from the specified location'. Below this text is a label 'Enter the source directory from which user configuration data will be imported:' followed by a text input field and a 'Browse' button. At the bottom of the wizard window are five buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

The following elements are included (unlabeled UI elements are shown in angle brackets>):

UI Element	Description
<Source directory>	<p>Enter the source directory from which user configuration data will be imported. You can click <b>Browse</b> to locate and select a directory.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Importing data from an earlier version of RUM as part of an upgrade only changes the database structure, but does not copy old data. New, empty tables with the new database structure are created and the old tables are renamed by appending <b>_old</b> to their name. A warning about this is displayed when relevant. For details on copying the data from the old tables to the new ones, see "<a href="#">Upgrading Database Data</a>" on page 76.</p>

If you are installing the MySQL database in a distributed installation (that is, a system in which the engine and database are installed on separate machines), the Configuration Wizard continues with the next step. Otherwise, it continues with the Finish page (for details, see ["Finish Page" on page 33](#)).

## ***MySQL Database Properties Page (Import Settings from Previous Distributed Installation)***

This page enables you to configure the user name and password for accessing the database, if you import user data settings from a previous RUM installation when installing the MySQL database in a distributed installation (that is, a system in which the engine and the database are installed on separate machines). This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the MySQL Database Properties page, if you import user data settings from a previous RUM installation when installing the MySQL database in a distributed installation (that is, a system in which the engine and the database are installed on separate machines).

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. On the left is a vertical navigation pane with the following items: 'Import User Configuration Data', 'Import Source Directory', 'MySQL Database Properties' (which is selected and highlighted with a blue arrow), and 'Finish'. The main area of the window is titled 'MySQL Database Properties' and contains the subtitle 'Configure the RUM engine's MySQL database properties'. Below this, it says 'Enter MySQL root user name and password'. There are two input fields: 'User name:' with the text 'rum\_user' entered, and 'Password:' with a masked password '\*\*\*\*\*'. At the bottom of the window, there is a row of five buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
User name	The user name for accessing the MySQL database.
Password	The password for accessing the MySQL database.

The Configuration Wizard continues with the Finish page. For details, see ["Finish Page" on page 33](#).

## MySQL Database Properties Page

This page enables you to configure the path in which the MySQL database data files are placed, as well as the user name and password for accessing the database. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#) for general information.

<b>Important Information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If you are installing the MySQL database only, after completing this page and clicking <b>Next</b>, the wizard continues with the Finish page and the other wizard pages are not accessed.</li><li>• If you are installing the RUM Engine only, this wizard page is not accessed.</li></ul>
------------------------------	---

The following is an example of the MySQL Database Properties page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. The title bar is blue with white text. The main window has a light gray background. On the left is a vertical sidebar with a tree view containing the following items: 'Import User Configuration Data', 'Import Source Directory', 'MySQL Database Properties' (which is selected and highlighted with a blue arrow), 'Connect to Database', 'RUM Database Connection Parameters', 'RUM Engine Credentials', and 'Finish'. The main content area has a title 'MySQL Database Properties' and a subtitle 'Configure the RUM engine's MySQL database properties'. Below the subtitle, there is a text box for 'MySQL data path' containing 'C:\HPRUM\_DATA' and a 'Browse' button. Below that, there is a section titled 'Enter the MySQL root user name and password' with three text boxes labeled 'User name:', 'Password:', and 'Verify password:'. At the bottom of the window is a horizontal bar with five buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<b>MySQL data path</b>	<p>The path in which to install the MySQL database.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The path should be for a directory that does not already exist, or for a directory that already contains a MySQL database.</li><li>• If you enter an existing path, RUM uses the data in this directory and does not construct a new schema.</li><li>• We recommend that you exclude this directory from anti-virus software scanning.</li></ul>
<b>User name</b>	The user name for accessing the MySQL database.
<b>Password</b>	The password for accessing the MySQL database.
<b>Verify password</b>	Retype the password for verification.

## ***Connect to Database Page***

This page enables you to configure whether to connect the RUM Engine to a MySQL database. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the Connect to Database page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. On the left is a vertical navigation pane with the following items: 'Import User Configuration Data', 'Import Source Directory', 'MySQL Database Properties', 'Connect to Database' (which is highlighted with a blue arrow), 'RUM Database Connection Parameters', 'RUM Engine Credentials', and 'Finish'. The main area of the wizard is titled 'Connect to Database' and contains the text 'Real User Monitor will connect to the MySQL database using the configured parameters'. Below this, it asks 'Do you want to set RUM database connection parameters ?' with two radio button options: 'Connect to RUM database' (which is selected) and 'Do not connect to RUM database'. At the bottom right of the window are five buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<b>Connect to RUM database</b>	Select this radio button to configure connection parameters and connect the RUM Engine to a MySQL database.
<b>Do not connect to RUM database</b>	<p>Select this radio button if you do not want to connect the RUM Engine to a MySQL database.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>If you select this option, the wizard continues with the <a href="#">"RUM Engine Credentials Page" on page 31</a>.</li><li>You can connect to a MySQL database, or change an existing connection, after installing RUM, by running the RUM Configuration wizard (<b>Start &gt; All Programs &gt; HP Real User Monitor &gt; Administration &gt; HP Real User Monitor Configuration Tool</b>).</li></ul>

## ***RUM Database Connection Parameters Page***

This page enables you to configure the parameters used by the RUM Engine to connect to its MySQL database. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the RUM Database Connection Parameters page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. The title bar is blue with white text. On the left is a vertical navigation pane with a tree view containing the following items: 'Import User Configuration Data', 'Import Source Directory', 'MySQL Database Properties', 'Connect to Database', 'RUM Database Connection Parameters' (which is selected and highlighted with a blue arrow), 'RUM Engine Credentials', and 'Finish'. The main content area has a title 'RUM Database Connection Parameters' and a subtitle 'Real User Monitor will use the following parameters to connect to the MySQL database'. Below the subtitle is a checkbox labeled 'Connect to an existing schema'. Underneath are five text input fields: 'Host name:' with 'localhost', 'Port:' with '3306', 'User name:' with 'rum\_user', 'Password:' with '\*\*\*\*\*', and 'Schema name:' which is empty. At the bottom of the window is a horizontal bar with five buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard

**RUM Database Connection Parameters**

Real User Monitor will use the following parameters to connect to the MySQL database

☐ Connect to an existing schema

Host name:

Port:

User name:

Password:

Schema name:

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel   Help

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<b>Connect to an existing schema</b>	<p>Select this check box if you want to connect to an existing schema. Clear this check box if you want to create a new schema.</p> <p><b>Default value:</b> Not selected</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• When upgrading from an earlier version of RUM, you must connect to the previous, existing schema.</li><li>• If you connect to a schema from an earlier RUM version, RUM automatically upgrades the schema so that it is compatible with the current version.</li></ul>
<b>Host name</b>	<p>The host name of the machine where the MySQL database resides.</p> <p><b>Default value:</b> localhost</p>
<b>Port</b>	<p>The port number for accessing the host machine.</p> <p><b>Default value:</b> 3306</p>
<b>User name</b>	<p>The configured user name for connecting to the MySQL database. This must match the user name that you configured as part of the database parameters in the <a href="#">"MySQL Database Properties Page" on page 27</a>.</p>
<b>Password</b>	<p>The configured password for connecting to the MySQL database. This must match the password that you configured as part of the database parameters in the <a href="#">"MySQL Database Properties Page" on page 27</a>.</p>
<b>Schema name</b>	<p>The name for the existing MySQL database schema to which you want the RUM Engine to connect, or the name of the new schema you want it to create.</p> <p><b>Syntax exceptions:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The name must begin with a letter or digit.</li><li>• The only valid special character is an underscore (_).</li><li>• The name cannot end with a space.</li></ul>

## ***RUM Engine Credentials Page***

This page enables you to configure the credentials for the RUM JMX interface and the RUM web console. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#) for general information.

**Note:** If you imported user data settings from a previous RUM installation, this wizard page is not accessed.

The following is an example of the RUM Engine Credentials page:

**HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard**

**RUM Engine Credentials**

Real User Monitor will use the following credentials

JMX console and Gateway password:

☐ Enter password

The JMX console and Gateway password must match the password configured in BSM for connecting to the RUM engine

Password:

Verify password:

☒ Use default password (note: this may cause system security issues)

RUM Web Console admin user name:

RUM Web Console admin password:

Verify password:

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel   Help

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<b>JMX console and Gateway Password</b>	<p>The password for the JMX console and BSM Gateway user.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enter password:</b> Select this radio button to enter a password of choice.</li> <li>• <b>Use default password:</b> Select this radio button to use the default password (admin).</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The JMX console and Gateway password must match the password configured for the RUM Engine connection settings in End User Management Administration in BSM. If they do not match, BSM is unable to communicate with the RUM Engine to obtain data for End User Management reports. For details on configuring RUM Engine connection settings in End User Management Administration, see "Edit Real User Monitor Engine Properties Dialog Box" in the BSM Application Administration Guide.</p>

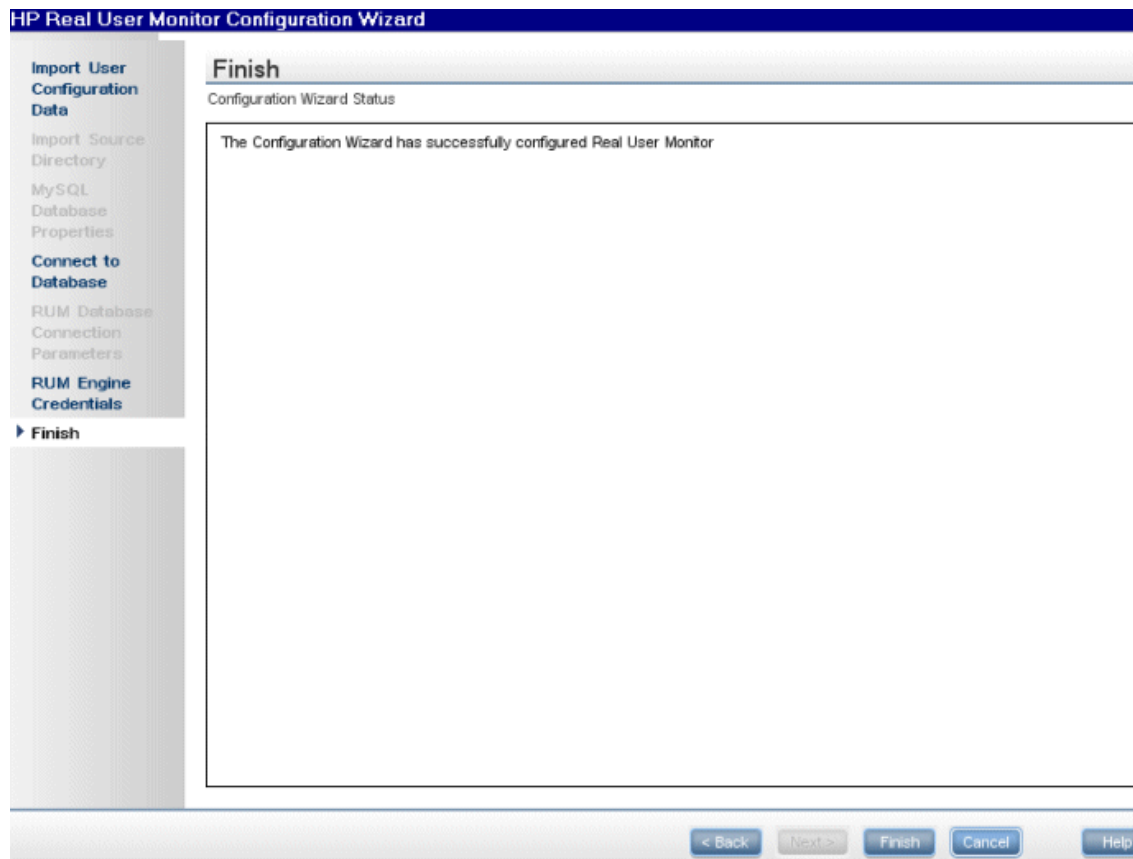


UI Element	Description
<b>RUM Web Console admin user name</b>	The user name you use for accessing the RUM web console.
<b>RUM Web Console admin password</b>	The password for the RUM web console user.
<b>Verify password</b>	Retype the password (JMX console and Gateway user password, or RUM web console password) for verification.

## ***Finish Page***

This page displays a message showing the status of the Configuration wizard. Click **Finish** to exit and return to the RUM Setup wizard. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to "[RUM Configuration Wizard](#)" on [page 23](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the Finish page:



## Installing RUM on Windows Server 2008 Using Windows Remote Desktop

If you try to install the RUM Engine and/or MySQL database on Windows Server 2008 using Windows Remote Desktop, the installation may not run and an error message is displayed. In such cases, you must first install Terminal Server Role Service on the remote machine on which you want to install engine or database and then carry out the installation using the Terminal Server.

This section includes the following topics:

- ["To install the Terminal Server Role Service" below](#)
- ["To install RUM using Terminal Server" on page 36](#)

### To install the Terminal Server Role Service

1. Open **Server Manager** (Start > Administrative Tools > Server Manager).
2. In the left pane, right-click **Roles** and select **Add Roles**.
3. On the **Add Roles** wizard > **Before You Begin** page, click **Next**.

4. On the **Select Server Roles** page, under **Roles**, select the **Terminal Services** check box and click **Next**.

**Note:** If Terminal Services is already installed on the server, the **Terminal Services** check box is selected and dimmed.

5. On the **Terminal Services** page, click **Next**.
6. On the **Select Role Services** page, select the **Terminal Server** check box and click **Next**.

**Note:** Installing the Terminal Server role service on a domain controller is not recommended. If you are installing the Terminal Server role service on a domain controller, a warning message is displayed. For more information, see Installing Terminal Server on a Domain Controller in the Windows Server 2008 Technical Library (<http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=109277>).

7. On the **Uninstall and Reinstall Applications for Compatibility** page, click **Next**.
8. On the **Specify Authentication Method for Terminal Server** page, select the appropriate authentication method for the terminal server and click **Next**. For more information about authentication methods, see Configure the Network Level Authentication Setting for a Terminal Server in the Terminal Server Help in the Windows Server 2008 Technical Library (<http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=109280>).
9. On the **Specify Licensing Mode** page, select the appropriate licensing mode for the terminal server and click **Next**. For more information about licensing modes, see Specify the Terminal Services Licensing Mode in the Windows Server 2008 Technical Library (<http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=101638>).
10. On the **Select User Groups Allowed Access To This Terminal Server** page, add the users or user groups that you want to be able to remotely connect to this terminal server and click **Next**. For more information, see Configure the Remote Desktop User Group in the Windows Server 2008 Technical Library (<http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=109278>).
11. On the **Confirm Installation Selections** page, verify that the Terminal Server role service will be installed and click **Install**.
12. The installation progress is displayed on the **Installation Progress** page.
13. On the **Installation Results** page, you are prompted to restart the server to finish the installation process. Click **Close** and then click **Yes** to restart the server.
14. If you are prompted that other programs are still running, do one of the following:
  - To close the programs manually and restart the server later, click **Cancel**.
  - To automatically close the programs and restart the server, click **Restart now**.

After the server restarts and you log on to the remote machine, the remaining installation steps are automatically completed. When the **Installation Results** page is displayed, verify that the installation was successful.

**Note:** You can also confirm that Terminal Server is installed using the following steps:

- Start **Server Manager**.
- Under **Roles Summary**, click **Terminal Services**.
- Under **System Services**, confirm that Terminal Services has a status of **Running**.
- Under **Role Services**, confirm that Terminal Server has a status of **Installed**.

### To install RUM using Terminal Server

On the remote machine on which you are installing RUM, in the **Control Panel** select **Install using Terminal Server** and then select the RUM installation file.

Follow the installation process as described in ["How to Install the RUM Engine" on page 18](#).

## Running a Silent Installation

You can use a silent installation procedure to run the RUM setup. A silent installation is an installation that is performed automatically, without the need for user interaction. Instead, all configuration parameters are allocated predetermined values that are stored in a configuration file.

**Note:** When running an installation in silent mode, no messages are displayed. Instead, you can view installation information in the log files, including information on whether the installation was successful.

This section includes:

- ["How a Silent Installation Assigns Values" below](#)
- ["Prerequisites" on the next page](#)
- ["Silent Installation for Windows" on the next page](#)
- ["Configuring the RUMInstallationDefaults.properties File" on page 38](#)

### How a Silent Installation Assigns Values

A silent installation uses the following files to obtain parameter values for use during the installation:

- **<temp directory>\ovinstallparams.ini**. This file contains values for the settings used by the setup program such as the original setup file path, the installation path, the installation type, the default maintenance mode selection, and so forth. The installation process copies this file to the machine's temp directory, if a file with the same name does not already exist in that location.

- **<temp directory>\RUMInstallationDefaults.properties**. This file contains the parameter values used by the RUM Configuration wizard (for details, see ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#)).

The installation process copies this file to the **<RUM installation directory>\bin directory**. (The default RUM installation directory is **C:\HPRUM**.) For a silent installation, edit this file and set the values you want the silent installation to use, and then copy the file to the machine's temp directory. For details on configuring the **RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file, see ["Configuring the RUMInstallationDefaults.properties File" on the next page](#).

## Prerequisites

Before you begin a silent installation of RUM, make sure of the following:

- You must uninstall any previous versions of RUM from the machine on which you run the silent installation. For details on uninstalling RUM, see ["Uninstalling RUM" on page 65](#).
- You must have administration privileges for the machine on which you are installing RUM.
- If you want to configure specific settings to be used by a silent installation, edit the **RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file accordingly. Make sure that the file is located in the machine's temp directory or the **<RUM installation directory>\bin** directory on the machine on which you run the silent installation, and that no other copy of this file exists in either directory. For details on configuring the **RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file, see ["Configuring the RUMInstallationDefaults.properties File" on the next page](#).

## Silent Installation for Windows

To run a silent installation, use the following procedure:

1. Download and start installing the RUM Engine. For details, see ["Installing the RUM Engine" on page 18](#).
2. When the Real User Monitor Configuration wizard opens, click **Cancel** and then quit the RUM installation.
3. Copy the **\HPRUM\bin\RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file to the location of your choice.
4. Uninstall RUM. For details, see ["Uninstalling RUM" on page 65](#).
5. Configure the saved **RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file with the values you want the silent installation to use, and copy the file to the machine's temp directory.
6. Run the setup program (downloaded in step 1) using the following command:

```
HPRum_<version number>_setup.exe -i silent
```

The silent installation begins.

**Caution:** If the same version of RUM as the one you are installing already exists on the machine, the silent installation automatically runs in uninstall mode and removes the existing installation.

## Configuring the RUMInstallationDefaults.properties File

The **RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file is used by a silent installation to obtain the parameter values required by the RUM Configuration wizard during the installation of a specific RUM machine. For details on how the silent installation assigns values, see ["How a Silent Installation Assigns Values" on page 36](#).

The following table describes the **RUMInstallationDefaults.properties** file and the values that can be set:

Parameter	Description	Default Value
dolImport	Import user data settings from a previous RUM installation.	false
importSourceDirectory	The path from which to import user data settings from a previous RUM installation.	
dbPath	The path in which the MySQL database is installed.	c:\
dbUserName	The user name for accessing the MySQL database.	
dbPassword	The password for accessing the MySQL database.	
doConnectToDB	Connect the RUM Engine to a MySQL database.	true
dbConnectionHostName	The host name of the machine where the MySQL database resides.	
dbConnectionPort	The port number for accessing the host machine.	
dbConnectionUserName	The configured user name for connecting to the MySQL database. This must match the user name that you configured for the <b>dbUserName</b> parameter.	

Parameter	Description	Default Value
dbConnectionPassword	The configured password for connecting to the MySQL database. This must match the user name that you configured for the <b>dbPassword</b> parameter.	
dbConnectionSchema	The name for the existing MySQL database schema to which you want the RUM Engine to connect, or the name of the new schema you want it to create.	
connectToExistingSchema	Connect to an existing schema.	false
webConsoleUserName	The user name you use for accessing the RUM web console.	
webConsolePassword	The password for the RUM web console user.	
jmxPassword	<p>The password for the JMX and Gateway user.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The JMX and Gateway password must match the password configured for the connection settings of the RUM Engine in End User Management Administration. If they do not match, BSM is unable to communicate with the RUM Engine to obtain data for End User Management reports. For details on configuring RUM Engine connection settings in End User Management Administration, see "Edit Real User Monitor Engine Properties Dialog Box" in the BSM Application Administration Guide.</p>	

Parameter	Description	Default Value
doExport	Export user data settings for use by a future RUM installation.  <b>Note:</b> This parameter is used when running a silent uninstall.	true
exportDestDirectory	The path to which to export RUM user data settings.  <b>Note:</b> This parameter is used when running a silent uninstall.	



## Chapter 4: Installing the RUM Sniffer Probe

After installing the RUM Engine, you must install at least one RUM Probe. You must then set up the probe to collect real-user data and report this data to the engine.

This section describes the installation of the RUM Sniffer Probe. For details on installing a RUM Browser Probe, see ["Installing the RUM Browser Probe" on page 51](#).

### Note:

- Before beginning the installation, review the information in the RUM Release Notes PDF (rum\_readme\_<version number>.pdf) for any last minute notes and limitations, as well as for upgrade and service pack install instructions.
- For production systems, you must install the RUM Engine, Probe, and database on separate physical disks.
- For details on installing and working with a probe on a VMware platform, see "Duplicating Traffic for HP Real User Monitor with VMware" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

This section includes:

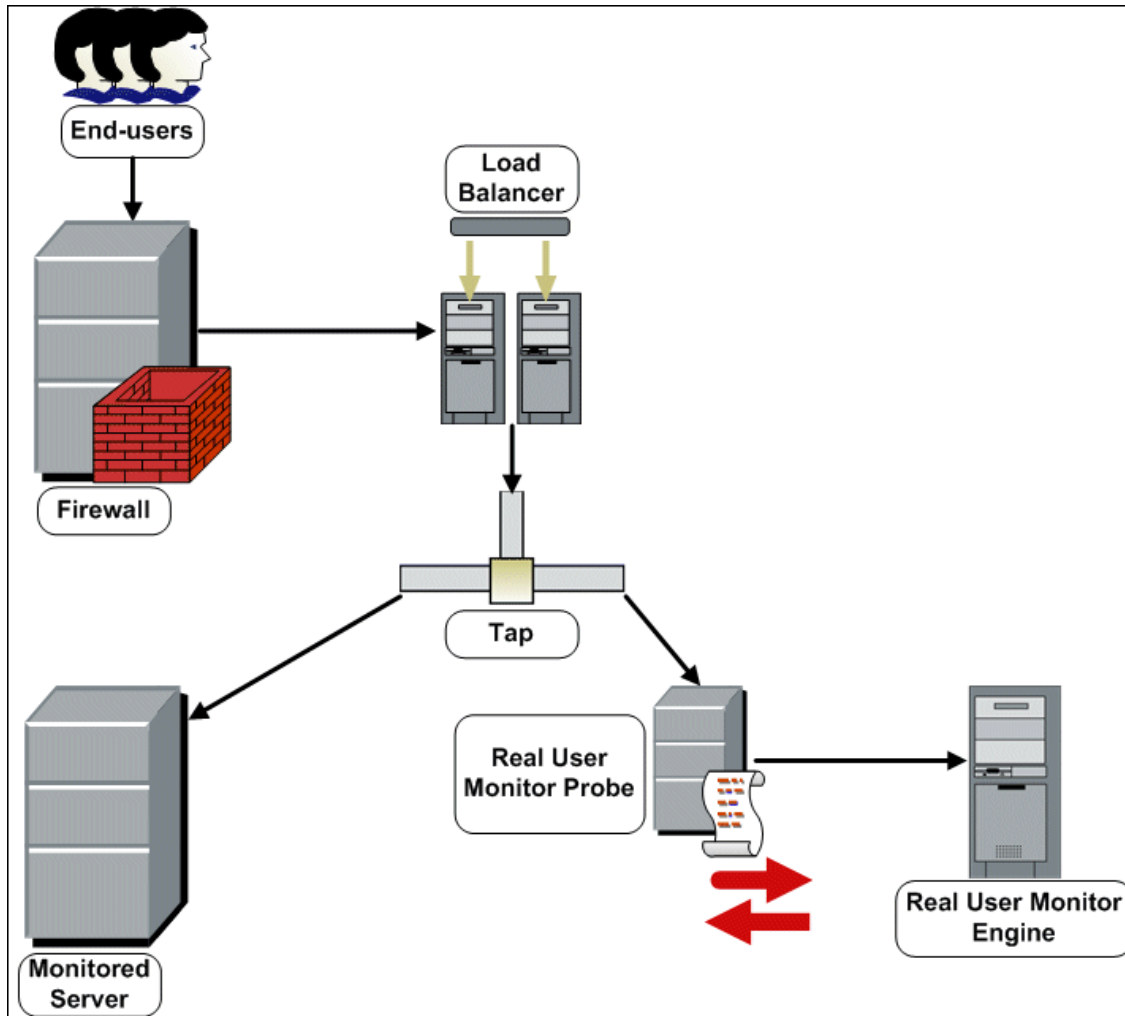
- ["Physically Connecting the Probe" below](#)
- ["How to Install the RUM Sniffer Probe" on the next page](#)
- ["Running a Silent Installation" on page 47](#)
- ["Stopping and Starting the Probe" on page 47](#)
- ["Connecting the Probe to the RUM Engine" on page 48](#)
- ["Installing an nCipher Card on the RUM Probe" on page 48](#)

## Physically Connecting the Probe

This section describes how to physically connect the RUM Probe to the network.

The RUM Probe runs on a Linux or Windows machine and uses two network interfaces; one assigned to sniffing and the other assigned to management (which the RUM Engine uses to connect to the probe machine). The interface used for sniffing should not have an IP address assigned to it. For details on the system requirements for the RUM Probe, see ["RUM Sniffer Probe Requirements" on page 10](#).

Using taps or port spanning, the sniffer interface listens to the traffic on the servers you are monitoring.



**Note:**

- If you are using a load balancer, it is recommended to place the network tap behind the load balancer.
- Load balancers should be configured to use the **x-forward-for** header to preserve end-user IP addresses for use by RUM.
- For small installations with a low amount of network traffic, instead of using a network tap, an Ethernet port of the RUM Probe can be connected to a switch that is configured for port mirroring for the monitored server.

## How to Install the RUM Sniffer Probe

This section describes how to install the probe.

The RUM Probe is installed on a machine running either the Linux or Windows operating system. For details on the system requirements for the RUM Probe, see "[RUM Sniffer Probe Requirements](#)" on page 10.

**Tip:** For better performance, it is recommended to install the RUM Engine and the RUM Probe on the same local area network (LAN).

This section includes the following topics:

- "[The RUM Probe Setup File](#)" below
- "[Installing the RUM Probe on a Linux System](#)" below
- "[Installing the RUM Probe on a Windows System](#)" on the next page

## The RUM Probe Setup File

The RUM Probe setup file can be accessed from one of the following locations:

- The RUM installation package.
- The HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport>). Go to **Software Support Online > Downloads > Software Patches** and select Application Performance Management as the product. For each version, check for RUM as a sub-product.
- The Downloads page in BSM Platform Administration. For details, see the BSM Platform Administration Guide.

**Note:** There may be more recent versions of RUM than the version included in the BSM Downloads page. For details, check the HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport>).

There are different versions of the RUM Probe setup file for Windows and Linux, as well as different versions for 32 bit and 64 bit operating systems. The name of the setup file reflects the applicable operating system.

### Examples:

- **HPRUMProbe\_<version number>\_linux64.bin** is the Probe setup file for a Linux 64 bit operating system.
- **HPRUMProbe\_<version number>\_win32\_setup.exe** is the Probe setup file for a Windows 32 bit operating system.

## Installing the RUM Probe on a Linux System

**Note:** The RUM Probe installation must be carried out as the root user.

### To install the RUM Probe:

1. Save the RUM Probe setup file for Linux to the **/var/tmp** directory on the machine on which you want to install the probe. Note that if you cannot save this file directly on the Linux machine on which you are installing the probe, make sure that you save it on a machine from which you can later FTP (in binary mode) the file to the Linux machine. For details on the location of the setup file, see ["The RUM Probe Setup File" on the previous page](#).
2. Run the installation script with the following commands:

- **cd /var/tmp**

- **chmod 777 <Probe setup file name>**

For example: **chmod 777 HPRUMProbe\_v<version number>\_linux32.bin**

- **<Probe setup file name>**

For example: **HPRUMProbe\_v<version number>\_linux32.bin**

**Note:** You can install the probe to a non-default path using the following command:

**<Probe setup file name> -prefix=/**<full path name>**/**

3. Start the RUM Probe with the command

**/etc/init.d/rum\_probe-capture start.**

4. Verify that the RUM Probe has successfully started with the command **/etc/init.d/rum\_probe-capture status**. The following is displayed:

```
# /etc/init.d/rum_probe-capture status
HPRUMProbe is responding properly.
```

## Installing the RUM Probe on a Windows System

### Note:

- The RUM Probe installation must be carried out as an administrator.
- The Windows local system must be enabled to run services. (By default, it is enabled.)
- SSL keystore files from previous probe installations that are located in **<HP Real User Monitor probe root directory>\etc\rum\_probe\keystore**, are retained.

For details on the system requirements for installing the RUM Probe, see ["RUM Sniffer Probe Requirements" on page 10](#).

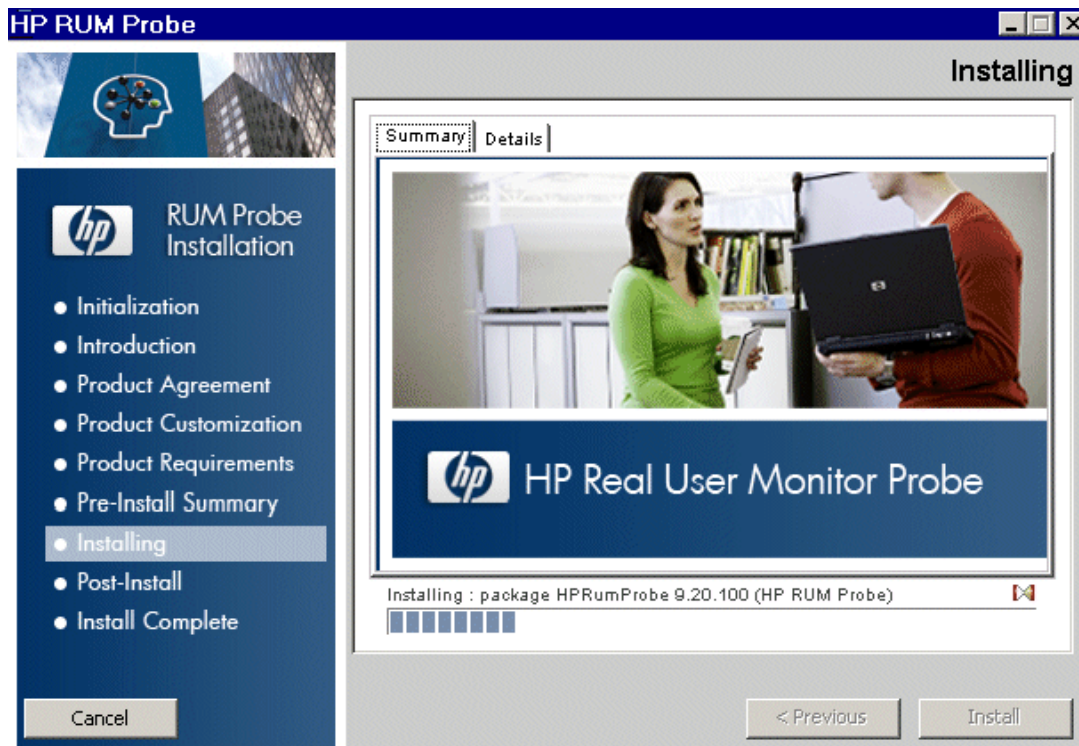
**Tip:** For better performance, we recommend installing the RUM Engine and the RUM Probe on the same local area network (LAN).

**To install the RUM probe:**

1. Save the RUM Probe setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are installing the RUM Probe. For details on the location of the RUM Probe setup file, see "[The RUM Probe Setup File](#)" on page 43.
2. On this machine, navigate to the downloaded file and double click **HPRUMProbe\_<version number>\_win64\_setup.exe** (or the 32-bit version of the setup.exe file).
3. When prompted, select the installation language (default English) and click **OK**. The RUM Probe Setup wizard begins.
4. When the Introduction page is displayed, click **Next**.
5. Accept the terms of the license agreement and click **Next**.
6. Select the path of the folder in which you want to install the RUM probe. Either accept the default path (**C:\HPRumProbe**), or click **Browse** to create a new folder in a different path. (You can reset the path to the default folder by clicking **Reset**.) Click **Next**.

**Note:**

- Do not use non-ASCII characters in the RUM installation path.
  - If you have saved SSL keystore files from a previous installation, select the same path as the previous installation.
7. The Setup wizard verifies that you have enough free disk space for the installation. If this check fails, go back and free up more disk space before continuing with the installation.
  8. Read the pre-install summary information. If it is correct, click **Install** to continue with the installation. If it is not correct, click **Previous** to correct the information you previously provided.
  9. The installation begins and its progress is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed progress data, by clicking the appropriate tab.



10. The status of the RUM Probe Setup wizard is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed status data. You can view the installation log file by clicking the **View log file** link.
11. Click **Done** to exit the Setup wizard.
12. Start the RUM Probe.
13. On the RUM Engine machine, edit (or create if it does not exist) the **probe.<IP address of the probe machine>.properties** file in the **HPRUM\conf\probes** directory. Change (or add if it does not exist) the **channelReader.type** setting to **http** (the default value is **remote**). For example: `channelReader.type=http`.
14. If you are installing the RUM Probe on Windows Server 2008:
  - a. Open **Windows Services** (In My Computer, right-click Manage and select Configuration > Services)
  - b. Edit the properties of **HPRUMProbeService**
  - c. In the **Log on** tab select **This account**
  - d. Set an administrator user
  - e. Apply the changes

## Running a Silent Installation

You can use a silent installation procedure to run the RUM Probe setup for Windows. A silent installation is an installation that is performed automatically, without the need for user interaction. Instead, all configuration parameters are allocated predetermined, default values.

**Note:** When running an installation in silent mode, no messages are displayed. Instead, you can view installation information in the log files, including information on whether the installation was successful.

### Prerequisites

- The RUM Probe installation must be carried out as an administrator.
- The Windows local system must be enabled to run services. (By default, it is enabled.)
- **%temp%** must be a valid directory on the machine on which you are running the silent installation.
- For details on the system requirements for installing the RUM Probe, see ["RUM Sniffer Probe Requirements" on page 10](#).

**Tip:** For better performance, we recommend installing the RUM Engine and the RUM Probe on the same local area network (LAN).

### Silent Installation for Windows

**Caution:** If a previous installation of the RUM Probe already exists on the machine, the silent installation automatically runs in **uninstall** mode and removes the previous installation.

#### To run a silent installation:

1. Save the RUM Probe setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are installing the RUM Probe. For details on the location of the RUM Probe Setup file, see ["The RUM Probe Setup File" on page 43](#).
2. On this machine, run the following command:

```
start /wait <the RUM probe setup.exe file as downloaded in step 1>  
-DSKIPALL=true -i silent
```

## Stopping and Starting the Probe

The RUM Probe is started automatically each time the machine on which it is installed is started. You can also manually start and stop the RUM Probe.

#### To start the RUM Probe manually on a Linux machine:

1. Log on to the RUM Probe machine as the root user.
2. Start the RUM Probe with the command `/etc/init.d/rum_probe-capture start`.

**To start the RUM Probe manually on a Windows machine:**

Select **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Probe > Start RUMProbe**.

**To stop the RUM Probe manually on a Linux machine:**

1. Log on to the RUM Probe machine as the root user.
2. Stop the RUM Probe with the command `/etc/init.d/rum_probe-capture stop`.

**To stop the RUM Probe manually on a Windows machine:**

Select **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Probe > Stop RUMProbe**.

## Connecting the Probe to the RUM Engine

After you have installed and started the RUM Probe, you must connect it to a RUM Engine. You configure the connection using **Probe Management** in the RUM Engine web console. For details, see "Probe Management" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

## Installing an nCipher Card on the RUM Probe

**Note:** This section applies to the RUM Probe only when it is installed on a Linux system.

You can install an nCipher card on the RUM Probe to enable the probe to use high level security when monitoring SSL encrypted traffic. For details on installing and configuring the nCipher card, refer to the nCipher documentation.

This section describes:

- ["Recommendations for Uploading Keys to an nCipher Probe" below](#)
- ["Customizing RUM" on the next page](#)
- ["Troubleshooting" on page 50](#)

### Recommendations for Uploading Keys to an nCipher Probe

It is recommended to load the application server keys to the nCipher module (the PCI card) without a password.

The keys must be loaded with application embed (openSSL option in kSafe).



## Customizing RUM

To customize RUM to work with the nCipher card, you must configure both the RUM Engine and Probe machines and send the updated engine configuration to the probe.

### To configure the RUM Engine machine:

1. Edit the `\<HP Real User Monitor root directory>\conf\configurationmanager\Beatbox_Default_Const_Configuration.xml` file.

In the **static\_global\_params** section, under the global heading, add the line **ssl\_hardware chil**.

#### For example:

```
<static_global_params>
<![CDATA[
[global]
max_field_length 2048
collect_server_stats false
collect_website_stats false
ssl_hardware chil
]]>
</static_global_params>
```

2. Add the PEM file created by nCipher to the keystore. For details see, "SSL Keystore Management" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

### To configure the RUM Probe machine:

1. Edit the `/usr/bin/rp_run_probe.sh` file.

Change the environment variable definition for **NFAST\_HOME** to:

```
export NFAST_HOME=/opt/nfast
```

**Note:** `/opt/nfast` is the default location of the nCipher installation. If you install nCipher in a different path, use the relevant path in the export command.

2. If application server keys were not previously loaded to the nCipher module (the PCI card), edit the `/usr/bin/rp_run_probe.sh` file and modify the following line:

**From:** `${BEATBOX_ROOT}/bin/HPRUMProbe -D`

**To:** `${NFAST_HOME}/bin/preload <nCipher parameters>  
${BEATBOX_ROOT}/bin/HPRUMProbe -D`

**Note:**

- If the preload command requires you to enter a password, the RUM Probe cannot run as a service. Running the RUM Probe not as a service is not supported.
- Consult your nCipher administrator for the parameters to add to the preload command.

3. Restart the probe with the following command:

```
/etc/init.d/rum_probe-capture restart
```

**To send the updated RUM Engine configuration to the RUM Probe:**

Force an update of the RUM Probe configuration by accessing the RUM Engine web console and selecting **Tools > Monitoring Configuration Information > Sync All Configuration**. For details on working with the RUM Engine web console, see "Using the HP Real User Monitor Web Console" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

## Troubleshooting

### The probe is unable to decrypt traffic

If the probe is unable to decrypt traffic, verify if the problem is in the probe by installing the Apache Web Server and trying to connect it to the nCipher card. (The Apache Web Server connects to the nCipher card in the same way as the probe.) For details on integrating the nCipher components with the Apache Web Server installation on the RUM Probe, refer to the [Integration Guide for Apache HTTP Server](#) on the nCipher web site.

### Check security world status

You can use the following commands to check the security world status:

- Check the status of the nCipher module (the PCI card): **/opt/nfast/bin/enquiry**
- Check if there are nCipher cards in the security world: **/opt/nfast/bin/nfkminfo -c**
- Check which keys are loaded in the security world: **/opt/nfast/bin/nfkminfo -l**

## Chapter 5: Installing the RUM Browser Probe

After installing the RUM Engine, you must install at least one RUM Probe. You must then set up the probe to collect real-user data and report this data to the engine.

This section describes the installation of the RUM Browser Probe. For details on installing a RUM Sniffer Probe, see ["Installing the RUM Sniffer Probe" on page 41](#).

### Note:

- For production systems, you must install the RUM Engine, Probe, and database on separate physical disks.
- Before beginning the installation, review the information in the RUM Release Notes for any last minute notes and limitations, as well as for upgrade and service pack install instructions.

The RUM Browser Probe is installed on a machine running the Windows operating system. For details on the system requirements for the RUM Browser Probe, see ["RUM Browser Probe Requirements" on page 13](#).

**Tip:** For better performance, it is recommended to install the RUM Engine and the RUM Browser Probe on the same local area network (LAN).

This section includes:

- ["The RUM Browser Probe Setup File" below](#)
- ["How to Install the RUM Browser Probe" on the next page](#)
- ["Stopping and Starting the Probe" on page 47](#)
- ["Connecting the Probe to the RUM Engine" on page 48](#)
- ["Installing the JavaScript Snippet" on page 54](#)
- ["Instrumenting Mobile Apps for Android" on page 57](#)
- ["Instrumenting Mobile Apps for iOS" on page 62](#)
- ["Monitoring Hybrid Applications" on page 63](#)

## The RUM Browser Probe Setup File

The RUM Browser Probe setup file can be accessed from one of the following locations:

- The RUM installation package.
- The HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport>). Go to **Software Support Online > Downloads > Software Patches** and select Application Performance Management as the product. For each version, check for RUM as a sub-product.
- The Downloads page in BSM Platform Administration. For details, see the BSM Platform Administration Guide.

**Note:** There may be more recent versions of RUM than the version included in the BSM Downloads page. For details, check the HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport>).

## How to Install the RUM Browser Probe

**Note:**

- The RUM Browser Probe installation must be carried out as an administrator.
- The Windows local system must be enabled to run services. (By default, it is enabled.)

For details on the system requirements for installing the RUM Browser Probe, see "[RUM Browser Probe Requirements](#)" on page 13.

**Tip:** For better performance, we recommend installing the RUM Engine and the RUM Browser Probe on the same local area network (LAN).

**To install the RUM Browser Probe:**

1. Save the RUM Browser Probe setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are installing the probe. For details on the location of the RUM Browser Probe setup file, see "[The RUM Browser Probe Setup File](#)" on the previous page.
2. On this machine, navigate to the downloaded setup file (**HPRUMBrowser\_<version number>\_setup.exe**) and double-click it.
3. When prompted, select the installation language (default English) and click **OK**. The RUM Browser Probe Setup wizard begins.
4. When the Introduction page is displayed, click **Next**.
5. Accept the terms of the license agreement and click **Next**.
6. The features to be installed are displayed (by default, all features are selected). Click **Next**.

7. Select the path of the folder in which you want to install the RUM Browser Probe. Either accept the default path (**C:\HPRUMBrowser**), or click **Browse** to create a new folder in a different path. (You can reset the path to the default folder by clicking **Reset**.) Click **Next**.

**Note:** Do not use non-ASCII characters in the installation path.

8. The Setup wizard performs a number of system checks (free disk space, previous installations, and port availability). If any of these checks fails, go back and make the necessary changes before continuing with the installation.
9. Read the pre-install summary information. If it is correct, click **Install** to continue with the installation. If it is not correct, click **Previous** to correct the information you previously provided.
10. The installation begins and its progress is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed progress data, by clicking the appropriate tab.
11. The status of the RUM Browser Probe Setup wizard is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed status data. You can view the installation log file by clicking the **View log file** link.
12. Click **Done** to exit the Setup wizard.

The RUM Browser Probe starts automatically when the installation is completed.

## Stopping and Starting the Probe

The RUM Browser Probe is started automatically each time the machine on which it is installed is started. You can also manually start and stop the RUM Browser Probe.

- **To start the RUM Browser Probe manually on a Windows machine:**

Select **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > HP RUM Browser > Start HP RUM Browser**.

- **To stop the RUM Browser Probe manually on a Windows machine:**

Select **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > HP RUM Browser > Stop HP RUM Browser**.

## Connecting the RUM Browser Probe to the RUM Engine

After you have installed and started the RUM Browser Probe, you must connect it to a RUM Engine. You configure the connection using **Probe Management** in the RUM Engine web console. For details, see "Probe Management" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.

When you configure the connection between the RUM Engine and the RUM Browser Probe, the RUM Engine port 2020 is used for the connection by default. If you change this port number when

configuring the connection in the RUM Engine web console, you must update the new port number in the following files on the RUM Browser Probe machine:

- **HPRUMBROWSER\apache-tomcat\conf\server.xml** (change port 2020 to the new port number)
- **C:\HPRUMBROWSER\conf\cm.properties** (change the value of the **enginePort** parameter to the new port number)

## Installing the JavaScript Snippet

You use the RUM browser solution to enable the RUM Browser Probe to acquire web application data through Internet browsers. This requires you to install a small JavaScript snippet in each of the specific HTML pages you want to monitor.

**Tip:** Multiple pages in a web site may share a common component. For example, the header part of pages may derive from the same source. In such instances, it may be possible to find a single location for the snippet that updates all the other pages you want to monitor.

The snippet must be added immediately after the **HEAD** opening tag of the page. The following is an example of the snippet:

```
<html>
  <head>
    <script type="text/javascript" src="/cm-app/clientmon.js"
id="id_hp_cmMonitorJsEl"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      cm_impl.init({ probeURL: "cm_probe_url" });
    </script>
    ...
    ...
  </head>
  ...
  ...
</html>
```

The JavaScript snippet comprises two lines:

- The first line imports the RUM Browser JavaScript file (clientmon.js). This file includes the code for performing the monitoring of the pages's data and its components, and for sending the monitored data to the RUM Browser Probe for processing and analysis.
- The second line sets the parameters (mandatory and optional) used by the JavaScript file. Parameters must be separated by a comma. The following table describes the valid parameters:

Parameter Name	Description	Mandatory/Optional
<b>probeURL</b>	<p>The URL of the RUM Browser Probe to which the monitored client data is sent. The format for the parameter is: <b>&lt;protocol&gt;://&lt;host&gt;:&lt;port&gt;/hpclientmon/data</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> The value must be enclosed with quotation marks ("value").</p> <p><b>Example:</b> "http://probeHostName:8080/hpclientmon/data"</p>	Mandatory
<b>sProbeURL</b>	<p>The URL of the RUM Browser Probe to which the monitored client data is sent, if using https. The format for the parameter is: <b>&lt;protocol&gt;://&lt;host&gt;:&lt;port&gt;/hpclientmon/data</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> The value must be enclosed with quotation marks ("value").</p> <p><b>Example:</b> "https://probeHostName:2021/hpclientmon/data"</p>	If any of the application pages are (or may be) accessed using https, this parameter is mandatory.
<b>Monitoring Parameters</b>		
<b>enableCbd</b>	If set to <b>true</b> , collects component breakdown information for each page.	Optional
<b>cmRespContLen</b>	If specified, this parameter represents the total number of bytes sent in the entire response data, including SSL bytes.	Optional
<b>cmReqContLen</b>	If specified, this parameter represents the total number of bytes sent in the entire request data, including SSL bytes.	Optional
<b>cmCPort</b>	If specified, this parameter represents the port number on the client machine that sent the request.	Optional
<b>cmCMethod</b>	<p>If specified, this parameter represents the HTTP request method used (for example: GET, POST, HEAD).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The value must be enclosed with quotation marks ("value").</p>	Optional

Parameter Name	Description	Mandatory/Optional
<b>cmUserName</b>	If specified, this parameter represents the user name that activated the page. The user name is used in reports.  <b>Note:</b> The value must be enclosed with quotation marks ("value").	Optional
<b>cmPageEvents</b>	If specified, this parameter represents specific events that occurred on the page.  <b>Note:</b> You configure a list of the required event IDs. To locate an event ID, in the RUM web console select <b>Tools &gt; Monitoring Configuration Information &gt; Events</b> and use the search box to locate an event by name.	Optional
<b>Integration Parameters</b>		
<b>cmHpCamColor</b>	If specified, this parameter represents the X-HP-CAM-COLOR header that is sent at the request.  <b>Note:</b> The value must be enclosed with quotation marks ("value").	Optional
<b>cmHpTvColor</b>	If specified, this parameter represents the X-HP-TV-COLOR header that is sent at the request.  <b>Note:</b> The value must be enclosed with quotation marks ("value").	Optional

You can also set the above parameters dynamically, using the **set\_cm\_value** method within JavaScript code. While you can do this for any of the parameters, the most common use cases are for dynamically setting user names and events. The following are examples of the scripts for such use cases.

## Setting a User Name

```
<script>
  var username = '-';
  var match = /Logged user: (.*) -
/g.exec(document.getElementById('loginDataBar').innerHTML);
  if(match.length > 0){
    username = match[1];
  }
  set_cm_value('cmUserName', username);
</script>
```



## Setting an Event

Setting an event without extracting text:

```
<script>
  set_cm_value('cmPageEvents','554');
</script>
```

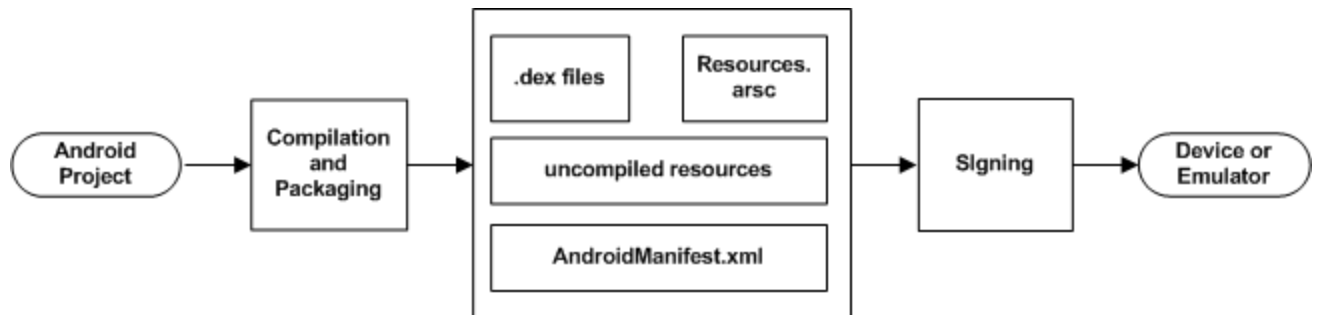
Setting an event extracting text:

```
<script>
  set_cm_value('cmPageEvents','554{39$}');
</script>
```

## Instrumenting Mobile Apps for Android

You use the RUM mobile solution to enable the RUM Browser Probe to acquire mobile application data through mobile devices. This requires you to instrument the mobile apps. This section describes how to instrument Android APKs. For details on instrumenting iOS apps, see ["Instrumenting Mobile Apps for iOS" on page 62](#).

The following diagram shows the development flow of an Android application:



You use the ApkInfuser to instrument an APK. The instrumentation is made to the compiled Java classes in the APK and does not modify any source code, as it is done in the post-build stage.

You can instrument an APK using:

- The RUM web console. For details, see "Mobile Application Instrumentation" in the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.
- The **ApkInfuser.bat** file.

The **ApkInfuser.bat** file is located in the **<RUM installation directory>\tools\ApkInfuser** directory on the RUM Engine machine. You run the ApkInfuser.bat file from a command line in the following format:

```
<RUM installation directory>\tools\ApkInfuser\ApkInfuser.bat <parameters> <path and name of the APK you are instrumenting>
```

You must specify the following parameters:

- **-u <Probe URL>**. The URL of the RUM Browser service on the RUM Browser Probe (for example, `https://123.12.1.2:2021/hpmobilemon/data`).
- **-h <Probe host>**. The RUM Browser Probe's host name or IP address.

**Note:** Either the Probe URL (-u) or Probe host (-h) must be included in the command options.

- **-o <Output file>**. The full path and name of the new APK that is generated.

**Note:** The file name must include the file type (**.apk**) or instrumentation will fail.

- **<Source APK file>**. The full path and name of the source APK you are instrumenting.

**Note:**

- This parameter must be the last one in the command line or instrumentation will fail.
- The file name must include the file type (**.apk**) or instrumentation will fail.

- **<Signing option>**. For details, see ["Signing an APK" on the next page](#).
- **-ak <Application key>**. An application key is assigned to a mobile application configured in BSM. The application key is used by the RUM Browser Probe to associate monitored data of a mobile application to the configured application in BSM. For details on configuring an application key in BSM, see "Real User Monitor Administration User Interface > Monitoring Settings Page" in the BSM Application Administration Guide.

You can also include additional, optional parameters. To display a list of all the valid parameters, run the `ApkInfuser.bat` file without any parameters.

The following is an example of the command line for running the `ApkInfuser.bat` file:

```
<RUM installation directory>\tools\ApkInfuser.bat -u https://123.12.1.2:2021/hpmobilemon/data -signdebug -ak appkey1234 -o c:\MyInstrumentedAPK.apk c:\MySourceAPK.apk
```

**Note:**

- After instrumenting a mobile app for monitoring by RUM, you must test the instrumented app to ensure that it functions properly before uploading it to the app store.
- You can only instrument an APK once. If you want to make changes to the properties of an

already instrumented APK, you must instrument the original source (non-instrumented) APK again.

## Signing an APK

When you instrument an APK, you must specify a signing option. You can choose to skip the signing process completely, sign the APK with a self-signed, debug certificate that is dynamically generated by the ApkInfuser, or fully sign the APK using a Java keystore file containing a private key. Using a self-signed, debug certificate is satisfactory for testing the APK, but to be able to upload the APK to the Google Play store it must be fully signed.

The following table explains the signing parameter options:

Command Line Parameter	Description	Mandatory	Example
You must include one of the following three options in the APKInfuser command line:			

Command Line Parameter	Description	Mandatory	Example
<b>-skipsigning</b>	Do not sign the APK after instrumentation. The user is responsible to sign the APK before uploading it to the Google Play store or installing it on a device.	One of these three options must be included in the APKInfuser command line.	<RUM installation directory>\tools\ApkInfuser\ApkInfuser.bat -u https://123.12.1.2:2021/hpmobilemon/data -skipsigning -ak appkey1234 -o c:\MyInstrumentedAPK.apk c:\MySourceAPK.apk
<b>-signdebug</b>	Sign the APK with a self-signed debug certificate. This is sufficient for testing the APK on a device, but not for uploading it to the Google Play store.		<RUM installation directory>\tools\ApkInfuser\ApkInfuser.bat -u https://123.12.1.2:2021/hpmobilemon/data -signdebug -ak appkey1234 -o c:\MyInstrumentedAPK.apk c:\MySourceAPK.apk
<b>-keystore &lt;Keystore File&gt;</b>	Fully sign the APK using a Java keystore file with a private key. You must include the path and name of the keystore file.  <b>Note:</b> The keystore file name must include the file type (.jks) or instrumentation will fail.		<RUM installation directory>\tools\ApkInfuser\ApkInfuser.bat -u https://123.12.1.2:2021/hpmobilemon/data -keystore C:\KeyStores\MyKeyStore.jks -alias MyAlias -storepass MyKeyStorePassword -keypass MyPrivateKeyPassword -ak appkey1234 -o c:\MyInstrumentedAPK.apk c:\MySourceAPK.apk

Command Line Parameter	Description	Mandatory	Example
<p><b>If you select the -keystore signing option in the APKInfuser command line, the following parameters are applicable:</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> When using the -keystore signing option and the mandatory -alias option, we recommend setting passwords for both the keystore and for the private key.</p>			
<b>-alias</b> <b>&lt;Private Key alias&gt;</b>	An alias to the private key entry in the keystore.	Mandatory	<pre>&lt;RUM installation directory&gt;\tools\ApkInfuser\ApkInfuser. bat -u https://123.12.1.2:2021/hpmobilemon/dat a -keystore C:\KeyStores\MyKeyStore.jks -alias MyAlias -storepass MyKeyStorePassword -keypass MyPrivateKeyPassword -ak appkey1234 -o c:\MyInstrumentedAPK.apk c:\MySourceAPK.apk</pre>
<b>-storepass</b> <b>&lt;Keystore password&gt;</b>	A password for the keystore.	Optional	
<b>-keypass</b> <b>&lt;Private Key password&gt;</b>	A password for the private key entry in the keystore.	Optional <b>Note:</b> If you set a keystore password (recommended) this option is then mandatory.	

## Storing URL Request Data

When instrumenting an APK, you can add the **-data** parameter to the ApkInfuser.bat file command line. This option causes the application's URL network data (such as Method, Headers, Post Data, and Response Headers) to be stored to a local file on the mobile device, rather than being sent to the RUM Probe (and subsequently to the RUM Engine and to BSM). This is a debug option that enables you to analyze the data to help determine what data to use to extract user names and parameters when configuring an application in BSM. (For details on configuring data extraction for an application in BSM, see **Real User Monitor Administration User Interface > Search Area** in the BSM Application Administration Guide.

When you include the **-data** parameter, the URL request data is saved on the mobile device in **android\data\application ID\files\hp-app-network-data.txt**.

**Note:** If you use the **-data** parameter, the only other parameter you can use in the command line is a signing option. For details, see ["Signing an APK" on page 59](#).

## Notes and Limitations

There are number of known limitations when instrumenting Android applications. In the following cases, APK instrumentation will fail:

- ProGuard obfuscation that did not use the "-dontusemixedcaseclassnames" switch (may have mixed-case class names, for example class com.my.aa and com.my.AA).
- Some bytecode obfuscation techniques that employ "junk byte injection" technique.

## Instrumenting Mobile Apps for iOS

You use the RUM mobile solution to enable the RUM Browser Probe to acquire mobile application data through mobile devices. This requires you to instrument the mobile apps. This section describes how to instrument iOS apps. For details on instrumenting Android apps, see "[Instrumenting Mobile Apps for Android](#)" on page 57.

To instrument an iOS app, you must make changes to the project Xcode. The changes include adding a number of frameworks to the project, but no code changes are made.

### To instrument an iOS app for RUM:

1. Download the RUMService.framework package and the sample hprummonitor.plist file from one of the following locations:
  - The RUM Engine machine, in the <Real User Monitor engine root>\tools\mobile\ios\ directory.
  - The HP Software Support Online web site (<http://www.hp.com/go/hpsupportsupport>).

**Note:** Alternatively, using CocoaPods you can add the RUMService.framework as a dependency to the project. To do this, edit the Podfile in your project and add **pod 'HPRumService', '1.2'**.

2. Add the RUMService.framework to your project's libraries.
3. In the build phase, add the following native libraries to the project:
  - -SystemConfiguration.framework
  - -CoreTelephony.framework
  - -AdSupport.framework
4. In the build settings, under Other Linker Flags, add the **-all\_load** linker flag.
5. Copy the hprummonitor.plist file that you downloaded in step 1 and add it as a supporting file to the project.

**Note:** If working with a CocoaPod dependency, create a new hprummonitor.plist file in your project.

6. In the hprummonitor.plist file, set the following:

#### ■ **Mandatory Parameters**

- **ApplId.** The application key. An application key is assigned to a mobile application configured in BSM. The application key is used by the RUM Browser Probe to associate monitored data of a mobile application to the configured application in BSM. For details on configuring an application key in BSM, see "Real User Monitor Administration User Interface > Monitoring Settings Page" in the BSM Application Administration Guide.
- **cmUrl .** The URL of the RUM Browser Probe to which monitored data is sent. The format is:

`https://<RUM Browser Probe host name>:443/<path to the RUM Browser Probe on the host>`

#### ■ **Optional Parameters**

- **EnableDynamicConfiguration.** Enable the application to use any extracted content (parameter settings, username detection, or allowed POST parameters) configured for it in BSM, when the application runs.

**Default value:** YES

- **Data.** – Set to YES to test the application offline and collect data locally only. Collected network data is not sent to the probe and is stored locally in the application folder on the mobile device. This data includes the POST content of requests, which can assist you in defining extracted parameters for the application in BSM. For details on extracted parameters, see "Parameter Extraction Area" in the Real User Monitor Application General Page in the BSM Application Administration Guide.

**Default value:** NO

7. Compile the app. The compiled app includes all the necessary components to enable RUM to monitor the mobile application and monitoring is automatically activated when you run the app.

**Note:** After instrumenting a mobile app for monitoring by RUM, you must test the instrumented app to ensure that it functions properly before uploading it to the app store.

## Monitoring Hybrid Applications

A hybrid application is a cross-platform app that runs inside an embedded browser and implements web technologies such as JavaScript. Such apps usually include Ajax technology over JavaScript.

When instrumenting a hybrid app, the required operations to monitor every page load and Ajax network operation are automatically included. This means that no manual server-side instrumentation is required.

**Note:** By default, RUM monitors Ajax operations so that it can report on the network. However, if Java is disabled for an app, Ajax is also disabled so RUM will not be able to

monitor the Ajax operations or page loads.

For details on instrumenting apps for Android, see ["Instrumenting Mobile Apps for Android" on page 57](#) and for details on instrumenting apps for iOS, see ["Instrumenting Mobile Apps for iOS" on page 62](#).



## Chapter 6: Uninstalling RUM

If you no longer want to use RUM, you can uninstall the engine and probe.

This section includes:

- ["Uninstalling the RUM Engine on a Windows Platform" below](#)
- ["Uninstalling the RUM Sniffer Probe" on page 69](#)

### Uninstalling the RUM Engine on a Windows Platform

You can uninstall the RUM Engine using the Windows Control Panel, or by running a silent installation.

This section includes:

- ["How to Uninstall the RUM Engine Using the Windows Control Panel" below](#)
- ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 23](#)
- ["Running a Silent Uninstall" on page 69](#)

### *How to Uninstall the RUM Engine Using the Windows Control Panel*

**To uninstall the RUM Engine:**

1. On the machine from which you are uninstalling the RUM Engine:
  - a. Go to the **Control Panel**
  - b. Select the option to add and remove programs
  - c. Select **HP Real User Monitor**
  - d. Select the remove option
2. When prompted, select the installation language (default English) and click **OK**. The RUM Engine Setup wizard begins.
3. When the Application Maintenance page is displayed, select **Uninstall** and click **Next**.
4. The pre-uninstall summary information displays the RUM components that will be removed. Click **Uninstall**.

The RUM Configuration wizard is automatically started. For details on the user interface, see ["RUM Configuration Wizard" below](#).

**Note:** When uninstalling a MySQL database only, the RUM Configuration wizard is not accessed and the uninstall procedure continues directly with step 5.

5. When the Real User Monitor Configuration wizard has finished, the uninstall process begins and its progress is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed progress data by clicking the appropriate tab.
6. After the RUM Engine has been uninstalled, you can view the uninstall log file by clicking the **View log file** link.
7. Click **Done** to exit the uninstall process.

**Note:** If you uninstall the MySQL database only, the RUM Engine does not work without the MySQL database.

## ***RUM Configuration Wizard***

This wizard enables you to export user configuration data for use in a future RUM installation.

<b>To access</b>	The RUM Configuration wizard is automatically launched as part of the RUM uninstall procedure.
<b>Important information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If you are uninstalling RUM as part of an upgrade, you must export the user data settings so that you can import them when installing the new version of RUM.</li><li>• If you export user data settings, do not delete the <b>hprum_data</b> directory or you will lose all the data stored in the database.</li></ul>
<b>Wizard Map</b>	The RUM Configuration wizard contains:  <a href="#">"Export User Configuration Data Page" below</a> > <a href="#">"Export Target Directory Page" on the next page</a> > <a href="#">"Finish Page" on page 68</a>
<b>Useful Links</b>	<a href="#">"Installing the RUM Engine" on page 18</a>

## ***Export User Configuration Data Page***

This page enables you to select whether you want to export user data settings for use by a future RUM installation. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" above](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the Export User Configuration Data page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. The title bar is blue with white text. The left sidebar is grey with a blue header 'Export User Configuration Data' and three sub-items: 'Export Target Directory' (highlighted in blue), 'Export', and 'Finish'. The main content area has a blue header 'Export User Configuration Data' and a subtitle 'Exporting user configuration data enables you to use the exported data from this version in a later RUM installation'. Below this is a question 'Do you want to export user configuration data ?' with two radio buttons: 'Export' (selected) and 'Do not export'. At the bottom, there is a navigation bar with buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Help'.

The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<b>Export</b>	Select this radio button if you want to export user data settings for use when installing a later version of RUM. <b>Note:</b> If you are uninstalling RUM as part of an upgrade, you must export the user data settings for importing when you install a later version of RUM.
<b>Do not export</b>	Select this radio button if you do not want to export configuration settings from a previous version of RUM. <b>Note:</b> If you select this option, the wizard continues with the <a href="#">"Finish Page" on the next page</a> .

## Export Target Directory Page

This page enables you to select the path to which to export user data settings. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on the previous page](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the Export Target Directory page:

The screenshot shows the 'HP Real User Monitor Configuration Wizard' window. The title bar is blue with white text. The left sidebar has a blue header 'Export User Configuration Data' and three items: 'Export Target Directory' (selected with a right-pointing triangle), 'Finish' (disabled), and 'Export Target Directory' (disabled). The main area has a title 'Export Target Directory' and a subtitle 'The export tool will export all the configuration files to the specified location'. Below this is a text input field with the placeholder 'Enter the destination directory to which user configuration data will be exported:' and a 'Browse' button. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back' (disabled), 'Next >' (active), 'Finish' (disabled), and 'Help' (disabled).

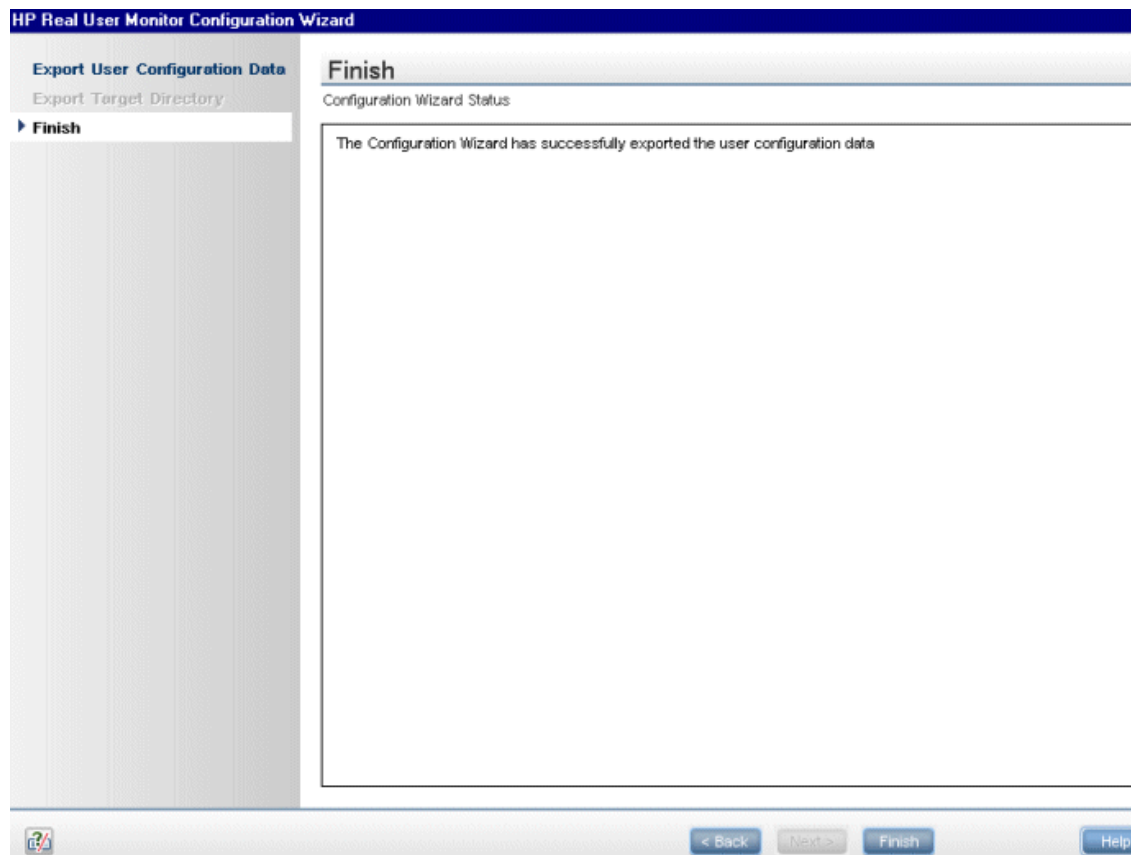
The following elements are included:

UI Element	Description
<Target directory>	Enter the target directory to which user configuration data will be exported. You can click <b>Browse</b> to locate and select a directory.

## Finish Page

This page displays a message showing the status of the Configuration wizard. Click **Finish** to exit and return to the HP RUM Engine Setup wizard. This is part of the RUM Configuration wizard; refer to ["RUM Configuration Wizard" on page 66](#) for general information.

The following is an example of the Finish page:



## ***Running a Silent Uninstall***

You can use a silent procedure to uninstall the RUM Engine. You uninstall the RUM Engine silently by running a silent installation, which automatically runs in uninstall mode when it detects a similar version of RUM already installed on the machine on which it is running. For details of the silent installation, see ["Running a Silent Installation" on page 36](#).

## **Uninstalling the RUM Sniffer Probe**

The procedure for uninstalling the RUM Sniffer Probe differs according to the operating system on which it is installed.

This section includes:

- ["Uninstalling the RUM Probe on a Windows System" on the next page](#)
- ["Uninstalling the RUM Probe on a Linux System" on the next page](#)

## Uninstalling the RUM Probe on a Windows System

To uninstall the RUM Probe:

1. On the machine from which you are uninstalling the RUM Probe:
  - a. Go to the **Control Panel**
  - b. Select the option to add and remove programs
  - c. Select **HP RUM Probe**
  - d. Select the remove option
2. When prompted, select the installation language (default English) and click **OK**. The RUM Engine Setup wizard begins.
3. When the Application Maintenance page is displayed, select **Uninstall** and click **Next**.
4. The pre-uninstall summary information displays the RUM components that will be removed. Click **Uninstall**.
5. The uninstall process begins and its progress is displayed. You can choose whether to view summary or detailed progress data by clicking the appropriate tab.
6. After the RUM Probe has been uninstalled, you can view the uninstall log file by clicking the **View log file** link.
7. Click **Done** to exit the uninstall process.

## Uninstalling the RUM Probe on a Linux System

To uninstall the RUM Probe on a Linux system, log in as a root user and run the following commands:

- `rpm -e rum_probe-capture`
- `rpm -e rum_probe-capture-geodata`

## Part 3: Upgrading RUM

## Chapter 7: Upgrading the RUM Engine

The procedure for upgrading the RUM Engine to version 9.23 differs according to the old version from which you are upgrading.

This section includes:

- ["Upgrading from a Typical Installation to a Distributed Installation" below](#)
- ["Upgrading from RUM Versions 8.x or Earlier, 9.02, 9.1x or Later" on the next page](#)
- ["Upgrading from RUM Versions 9.00 or 9.01" on page 74](#)
- ["Upgrading Database Data" on page 76](#)

### Upgrading from a Typical Installation to a Distributed Installation

Regardless of your upgrade path, if you are upgrading from a typical installation (in which both the MySQL database and the RUM Engine are installed on the same machine) to a distributed installation (in which the MySQL database and the RUM Engine are installed on separate machines), you must incorporate the following steps into the instructions detailed below for the relevant upgrade paths:

#### On the Source (Typical) Machine

When you uninstall RUM on the source machine, you must export the user data settings and configuration when prompted.

#### On the Destination MySQL Database Machine

1. Copy the exported user data settings and configuration directory, as well as the **HPRUM\_DATA** directory, from the previous version to the new MySQL database machine.

##### Note:

- You can copy the **HPRUM\_DATA** directory only after the RUM Engine is stopped, and after verifying that the MySQL Windows service is not running.
- The **HPRUM\_DATA** directory must be located in the same path on the new (MySQL database) machine as it was in the source (typical) machine.
- **HPRUM\_DATA** is the default directory used by the RUM setup program. If you changed the name of this directory in the previous version of RUM, ensure that you use the same name in the new version.

2. When installing the new version of RUM, select the option to install the MySQL database only.



3. During the installation, import the saved user data settings and configuration from the previous version, when prompted.

### On the Destination Engine Machine

1. Copy the exported user data settings and configuration directory from the previous version to the new engine machine.
2. In this directory, edit the `<export directory>\AppServer\deploy\mysql-ds.xml` file and modify the `<connection-url>` parameter setting to point to the new MySQL database machine. (Usually, this will involve changing the setting from `localhost` to the new machine name.)
3. When installing the new version of RUM, select the option to install the RUM Engine only.
4. During the installation, import the saved user data settings and configuration from the previous version, when prompted.

## Upgrading from RUM Versions 8.x or Earlier, 9.02, 9.1x or Later

**Note:** If you are upgrading from a typical installation (in which both the MySQL database and the RUM Engine are installed on the same machine) to a distributed installation (in which the MySQL database and the RUM Engine are installed on separate machines), you must incorporate the steps detailed in ["Upgrading from a Typical Installation to a Distributed Installation" on the previous page](#) into the following procedure.

1. In the RUM Engine web console, synchronize configuration data by selecting **Tools > Monitoring Configuration Data > Sync All Configuration**. Ensure that the synchronization is successful. For details, see the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.
2. Uninstall the existing version of the RUM Engine. During the uninstall process you must export the user data settings and configuration when prompted. For details on uninstalling the RUM Engine, see ["Uninstalling RUM" on page 65](#).

**Note:** Uninstalling the RUM Engine also uninstalls the MySQL schema database, but does not delete the data files. These data files are located in the `HPRUM_DATA` directory. Do not make any manual changes to this directory, or to the files in it.

3. Save the RUM setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are upgrading RUM and run the setup. For details on locating the RUM setup file and installing the RUM Engine, see ["Installing the RUM Engine" on page 18](#).

**Note:**

- As part of the installation process, you must import the saved user data settings and configuration from a previous version.
- As part of the upgrade, during the installation you must connect to the previous, existing MySQL database. The database structure is automatically upgraded.

4. Start the RUM Engine by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Enable HP Real User Monitor** on the RUM Engine machine.
5. Configure the upgraded RUM Engine to connect to the upgraded BSM system. You configure the connection settings in the RUM Engine web console by selecting **Configuration > BSM Connection Settings**.

If you have upgraded BSM using the Staging Data Replicator (SDR), ensure that the upgraded RUM Engine is configured to connect to the upgraded BSM system.

## Upgrading from RUM Versions 9.00 or 9.01

**Note:** If you are upgrading from a typical installation (in which both the MySQL database and the RUM Engine are installed on the same machine) to a distributed installation (in which the MySQL database and the RUM Engine are installed on separate machines), you must incorporate the steps detailed in ["Upgrading from a Typical Installation to a Distributed Installation" on page 72](#) into the following procedure.

**Tip:** Before upgrading the RUM Engine to version 9.23, make note of:

- The current connection settings to BSM. You can view the connection settings in the RUM Engine web console by selecting **Configuration > BSM Connection Settings**.
- Any configuration changes you made to the RUM system using the **Interfaces Configuration** or **Server Filter Settings** options in the RUM web console.

1. Stop the RUM Engine by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Disable HP Real User Monitor** on the RUM Engine machine.
2. Save the following file to a temporary folder, together with any files in the HPRUM folder that you have manually changed: **HPRUM\conf\configurationmanager\configuration\probes\_config.xml**

**Note:** Do not save the **HPRUM\conf\configurationmanager\Beatbox\_Default\_Const\_Confiugration.xml** file. If you manually changed this file for any reason, you must make

the same changes to the file after the upgrade is complete.

3. Save the following file to a temporary folder: **HPRUM\conf\topologyengine\conf.properties**
4. Uninstall the existing version of the RUM Engine. During the uninstall process, do not export the user data settings and configuration when prompted. For details on uninstalling the RUM Engine, see ["Uninstalling RUM" on page 65](#).

**Note:** Uninstalling the RUM Engine does not uninstall the MySQL schema database. Do not make any manual changes to the database files, including move or rename.

5. Save the RUM setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are upgrading RUM and run the setup. For details on locating the RUM setup file and installing the RUM Engine, see ["Installing the RUM Engine" on page 18](#).

**Note:**

- As part of the installation process, do not import the user data settings and configuration from a previous version.
- As part of the upgrade, during the installation, you must connect to the previous, existing MySQL database (by selecting the **Connect to an existing schema** check box in the RUM Configuration wizard). The database structure is automatically upgraded.

6. Copy the files you saved in step 2 to the same locations in the new installation.

**Note:** Do not copy the conf.properties file that you saved in step 3.

7. Execute the following commands, individually, on the RUM schema in the MySQL database:
  - ALTER TABLE `cm\_config\_per\_data\_type` MODIFY `configuration` LONGTEXT NOT NULL;
  - ALTER TABLE `cm\_config\_per\_module` MODIFY `configuration` LONGTEXT NOT NULL;
8. Start the RUM Engine by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Enable HP Real User Monitor** on the RUM Engine machine.
9. Configure the upgraded RUM Engine to connect to the upgraded BSM system. You configure the connection settings in the RUM Engine web console by selecting **Configuration > BSM Connection Settings**.

**Tip:** If you are connecting to the same BSM machine as previously, you can use the BSM connection settings that you noted prior to the RUM upgrade.

10. Copy the values for the following fields from the **HPRUM\conf\topologyengine\conf.properties** file that you saved in step 3, to the same fields in the **HPRUM\conf\configurationmanager\configuration\BacSettings.XML** file (that was automatically created when you configured the BSM connection settings in the previous step):
  - <rtsm\_rum\_integration\_user\_name>
  - <rtsm\_rum\_integration\_password>
11. If you made any configuration changes in your pre-upgraded RUM system using the **Interfaces Configuration** or **Server Filter Settings** options in the RUM Engine web console, make the same changes in the upgraded RUM 9.23 system.
12. In the RUM Engine web console, synchronize configuration data by selecting **Tools > Monitoring Configuration Data > Sync All Configuration**. Ensure that the synchronization is successful. For details, see the Real User Monitor Administration Guide.
13. In BSM, verify that the correct RUM Engines and Probes are correctly assigned to each configured application and application tier.

## Upgrading Database Data

When upgrading to RUM 9.23 from a version earlier than RUM 9.22, if you import an old RUM Engine configuration, or connect to the existing database of an older version, new, empty database tables are created with the new structure and the old database tables are renamed by appending **\_old** to their name. However, the actual contents of the tables (that is, the RUM data) is not copied to the new tables. To copy data to the new tables, run the **upgrade\_data\_to\_new\_version.bat** batch file from a command line on the RUM Engine, using the following format:

```
<RUM installation directory>\mysql\scripts\upgrade_data_to_new_version.bat <MySQL user name> <MySQL password> <MySQL database schema name>
```

We recommend that you run this batch file during off-peak hours as depending on the size of your database, the process can take a long time and may affect RUM Engine performance.

You can stop or pause the batch file after it has been started by running the batch file:

```
<RUM installation directory>\mysql\scripts\stop_upgrade_data_to_new_version.bat <MySQL user name> <MySQL password> <MySQL database schema name>
```

To restart the batch file from the point it was stopped, re-run the **upgrade\_data\_to\_new\_version.bat** file as described above.

### Notes and Limitations:

- Until you copy the data from the old tables to the new ones, the data in the old tables is not accessible and any End User Management reports that are based on raw data will be empty (for example, the RUM Session Analyzer report).
- By default, RUM only stores raw data for two weeks back, so no more than this is copied by the batch file.
- Raw data monitored by RUM after you have upgraded to version 9.23 is automatically saved to the new database tables and is included in EUM reports.

## Chapter 8: Upgrading the RUM Sniffer Probe

The procedure for upgrading the RUM Sniffer Probe differs according to the platform on which it is installed.

This section includes:

- ["Upgrading the RUM Probe - Linux" below](#)
- ["Upgrading the RUM Probe - Windows" below](#)

### Upgrading the RUM Probe - Linux

Follow the instructions below to upgrade Linux installations of the RUM Probe:

1. Stop the RUM Probe:
  - Log in to the RUM probe machine as the root user.
  - Stop the RUM Probe with the following command: **`/etc/init.d/rum_probe-capture stop`**
2. If you are upgrading the probe from version 9.x to version 9.23, uninstall the old probe as described in ["Uninstalling RUM" on page 65](#).

**Note:** If you are upgrading the probe from version 8.x or earlier, you do not need to uninstall the old probe.

3. Save the RUM Probe Setup file for Linux to the **`/var/tmp`** directory on the RUM Probe machine. For details on the location of the RUM Probe setup file, see ["The RUM Probe Setup File" on page 43](#).
4. Run the installation script as described in ["Installing the RUM Sniffer Probe" on page 41](#).

**Note:** Install the new probe to the exact path of the old one (default `/var/HPRUMProbe`).

5. Start the RUM Probe with the following command: **`/etc/init.d/rum_probe-capture start`**

**Note:** The above procedure should take less than a minute and therefore results in minimal data loss.

### Upgrading the RUM Probe - Windows

Follow the instructions below to upgrade Windows installations of the RUM Probe:

1. Save the RUM Probe setup file for Windows on the machine on which you are upgrading the probe. For details on the location of the RUM Probe setup file, see ["The RUM Probe Setup File" on page 43](#).

2. Stop the old probe by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Probe > Stop RUMProbe**.
3. Uninstall the old probe by selecting **Start > Control Panel > Add or Remove Programs > HP RUMProbe**.
4. Install the new Windows probe as described in ["Installing the RUM Sniffer Probe" on page 41](#).

**Note:** Install the new probe to the exact path of the old one (default C:\HPRUMProbe).

5. Start the new probe by selecting **Start > Programs > HP Real User Monitor > Administration > Probe > Start RUMProbe**.

## Chapter 9: Upgrading the RUM Browser Probe

This section describes how to upgrade the RUM Browser Probe.

To upgrade the RUM Sniffer Probe:

1. Uninstall the old RUM Browser Probe.
2. Install the new RUM Browser Probe as described in ["Installing the RUM Browser Probe" on page 51](#).



## Chapter 10: Upgrading RUM - Notes and Limitations

This section describes the following notes and limitations relevant to upgrading RUM:

- If the RUM Engine is working with SSL and:
  - a customer self-signed Certification Authority (CA) certificate is being used for one of the connections;
  - the self signed CA certificate is in the default JRE truststore (cacerts), and not in a separate keystore;

You will have to export the CA certificate manually from the original JRE truststore that is saved in the exported data directory to the new JRE used by the upgraded RUM Engine. If you are using a certificate that is trusted by a well-known CA, or a self-signed certificate in a separate keystore file that is located outside of the <Real User Monitor Engine root directory>, you do not have to perform this procedure.

- If you are upgrading a RUM Engine that is running on a different port than the default one (8180), you must manually change each occurrence of port 8180 within the **<Real User Monitor Engine root directory>\EJBContainer\bin\mercury\_run.bat** file to the port that the RUM Engine is using.
- A database schema with a name containing invalid characters may cause a RUM upgrade to fail. For details on renaming a database schema, see ["Renaming a MySQL Database Schema" on the next page](#).
- After upgrading to RUM 9.23, the following locations are not supported and traffic monitored from these locations is reported with an unknown location:
  - Congo The Democratic Republic Of
  - United States Minor Outlying Islands
  - Macedonia The Former Yugoslav Republic Of
  - South Georgia And The South Sandwich Islands
  - Korea Democratic People's Republic Of
- The following limitations apply to RUM data saved in the RUM MySQL database that is upgraded from RUM 8.x to RUM 9.x:
  - Snapshots are not supported.
  - Sessions that are open during the time of the upgrade will either not be available at all, or will appear as closed sessions.

- In BSM End User Management reports:
  - Filters that did not exist in BSM 8.x cannot be applied to upgraded RUM data.
  - Entities created after the upgrade that are used in report filters cannot be applied to upgraded RUM data.
  - In the Session Analyzer report, the location field is empty for locations that do not have any related cities.
  - The following reports will not include upgraded RUM data:
    - RUM Action Summary, when filtered by transactions, end-user groups, events, or locations.
    - RUM Transaction Summary, when filtered by transactions with threshold violations or by end-user groups.
    - Production Analysis reports, when filtered by transactions with threshold violations.
    - RUM Session Analyzer, when filtered for the past week (that includes upgraded data) for a single transaction.

## Renaming a MySQL Database Schema

The only valid characters for use when naming a MySQL database schema are letters, digits, and the underscore character (\_). A schema name that contains other characters may prevent you from successfully upgrading RUM. If your schema name contains invalid characters, rename it so that only valid characters are used.

If you have already uninstalled the RUM Engine as part of an upgrade, but cannot successfully connect to the old database schema, carry out all of the steps in the following procedure. If you have not yet uninstalled the RUM Engine, start from step 3 and carry out all the subsequent steps.

### To rename a MySQL database schema

1. Copy the installation files for the old RUM Engine (from which you are upgrading and which match the old database schema version) to the machine on which the old schema is located.

**Note:** If you do not have access to the old RUM Engine installation files, continue with step 2 below.

- a. Run the RUM Engine setup file and when prompted, select “Real User Monitor – Custom installation” (distributed).
- b. Select the “HP RUM – DB” component and continue with the installation.
- c. In the Configuration Wizard:

- Select “Do not import” user configuration data.
  - Enter the path for the new MySQL database schema.
  - Use the same MySQL credentials that were configured in the previous RUM installation from which you are upgrading.
- d. When the installation is complete, select **Start Menu > Administrative Tools > Services** and stop the MySQL service.
- e. Edit the `<HP Real User Monitor root directory>\MySQL\rum_options.ini` file, and ensure that in the `[mysqld]` section, the value for the `datadir` parameter is the path to the old HPRUM\_DATA folder.
- f. Navigate to the old `<datadir>` folder (default HPRUM\_DATA) and manually delete the `ib_logfile0` and `ib_logfile1` files.
- g. Select **Start Menu > Administrative Tools > Services** and start the MySQL service.
- h. Continue with step 3 below.
2. If you do not have access to the old RUM Engine installation files, download the relevant MySQL service from the MySQL website. To determine the correct MySQL version number, search for **version** in the `<datadir>\<HOST-NAME>.err` file.
- a. Copy the MySQL installation files to the machine on which the old schema is located.
- b. In a **cmd** window, navigate to the directory containing the downloaded MySQL installation files (for example, `cd "C:\Program Files\MySQL\MySQL Server 5.1\bin\"`).
- c. Run the command `mysqld --install MySQL --defaults-file==<RUM export directory>\MySQL\rum_options.ini`.
- When completed, the message "service successfully installed" is displayed.
- d. Navigate to the old `<datadir>` folder and manually delete the `ib_logfile0` and `ib_logfile1` files.
- e. In the **cmd** window, start the mysql service with the command `net start mysql`.
- When the mysql service is running, the message "the mysql service was started successfully" is displayed.
3. Ensure that the MySQL service is started. (Open the **Task Manager** and in the **Services** tab, verify that the MySQL service is **Running**.)
4. Open any mysql editor (for example, dbeaver or mysql workbench) and connect to the old (badly named) schema.
5. Open a query tab and run the following script (if successful, a **rename\_database** folder is

created under **Routines**):

```
DELIMITER $$
DROP PROCEDURE IF EXISTS rename_database $$
CREATE PROCEDURE rename_database(oldSchemaName VARCHAR(64), newSchemaName
VARCHAR(64))
BEGIN
DECLARE done INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE tableName VARCHAR(64);
DECLARE tableListCursor CURSOR FOR
SELECT TABLE_NAME
FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA=oldSchemaName
ORDER BY TABLE_NAME;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR SQLSTATE '02000' SET done = 1;
SET @createNewSchema = CONCAT_WS(' ', ' CREATE DATABASE ', newSchemaName);
PREPARE statement from @createNewSchema;
EXECUTE statement;
DEALLOCATE PREPARE statement;
OPEN tableListCursor;
REPEAT
FETCH tableListCursor INTO tableName;
IF NOT done THEN
SET @moveTable = '';
SET @moveTable = CONCAT_WS(' ', @moveTable, ' RENAME TABLE ', tableName, old
DatabaseName, ' TO ', newSchemaName, ' \n');
SET @moveTable = CONCAT_WS(' ', @moveTable, ' TO ', newDatabaseName, ' \n');
PREPARE statement from @moveTable;
EXECUTE statement;
DEALLOCATE PREPARE statement;
END IF;
UNTIL done END REPEAT;
CLOSE tableListCursor;
END $$
```

6. Open another query tab and run the following script (if successful, a new schema is created and data is moved from the old schema to the new one, leaving the old schema empty):

```
call rename_database('<BAD SCHEMA NAME>', '<NEW GOOD SCHEMA NAME>');
```

7. After the schema has been successfully renamed:

- If you carried out step 1 of this procedure, uninstall the RUM database component using the Control Panel (**Control Panel > Programs > Uninstall HP Real User Monitor**).
- If you carried out step 2 of this procedure, uninstall the MySQL service by running the command `sc delete "MySQL"` in a **cmd** window, and then restarting the machine.

8. Continue with the RUM upgrade and when prompted, connect to the new, renamed schema.

## We appreciate your feedback!

If you have comments about this document, you can [contact the documentation team](#) by email. If an email client is configured on this system, click the link above and an email window opens with the following information in the subject line:

**Feedback on Real User Monitor Installation and Upgrade Guide (Real User Monitor 9.23)**

Just add your feedback to the email and click send.

If no email client is available, copy the information above to a new message in a web mail client, and send your feedback to [SW-doc@hp.com](mailto:SW-doc@hp.com).