## HP ALM Performance Center

Software Version: 11.52

Installation Guide

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The title page of this document contains the following identifying information:

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To find more information about access levels, go to:
http://h20230.www2.hp.com/new_access_levels.jsp

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Table of Contents

## Welcome to This Guide

Welcome to the HP Performance Center Installation Guide. This guide describes how to install HP ALM Performance Center components. To install HP ALM Performance Center, you must first install HP ALM, as described in the HP Application Lifecycle Management Installation and Upgrade Guide.

## How This Guide is Organized

The HP Performance Center Installation Guide describes the system prerequisites and installation process for HP ALM Performance Center.

It contains the following parts:

## Part I Getting Started

Provides an overview of the installation flow, the system components, and the data flow. In addition provides installation prerequisites and considerations for the Performance Center components, and outlines required services.

## Part II Installation and Configuration

Describes how to install HP ALM Performance Center components and provides initial and optional configuration instructions.

## Part III Working with Previously Created Performance Center Projects

Describes how to upgrade from earlier versions of Performance Center to the current version, including data and project migration.

## Part IV Working with Firewalls

Describes how to set up the ALM Performance Center components to communicate with other ALM Performance Center components that are located over a firewall.

## Part V Troubleshooting

Troubleshoots issues that may arise related to the installation of the Performance Center components.

## ALM Help

ALM Help is an online help system that describes how to use ALM. You can access ALM Help in the following ways:

- Click Documentation Library in the ALM Help menu to open the ALM Help home page. The home page provides quick links to the main help topics.
- Click Help on this page in the ALM Help menu to open the ALM Help to the topic that describes the current page.


## ALM Help Guides

The ALM Help consists of the following guides and references, available online, in PDF format, or both. PDFs can be read and printed using Adobe Reader, which can be downloaded from the Adobe Web site (http://www.adobe.com).

| Reference | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Using ALM Help | Explains how to use ALM Help and how it is organized. |
| What's New? | Describes the newest features in the latest version of <br> ALM. To access, select Help $>$ What's New. |
| Movies | Short movies that demonstrate the main product <br> features. To access, select Help > Movies. |
| Readme | Provides last-minute news and information about ALM. |

HP Application Lifecycle Management (ALM) Guides

| Guide | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP ALM User Guide | Explains how to use ALM to organize and execute all <br> phases of the application lifecycle management process. <br> It describes how to specify releases, define requirements, <br> plan tests, run tests, and track defects. |
| HP ALM <br> Administrator Guide | Explains how to create and maintain projects using Site <br> Administration, and how to customize projects using <br> Project Customization. |
| HP ALM Lab <br> Management Guide | Explains how to use Lab Management to manage lab <br> resources used for functional and performance testing on <br> remote hosts. |
| HP ALM Tutorial | A self-paced guide teaching you how to use ALM to <br> manage the application lifecycle management process. |
| HP ALM Installation <br> and Upgrade Guide | Describes the installation and configuration processes for <br> setting up ALM Server, and the project upgrade process. |


| Guide | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP ALM Lab <br> Management <br> Troubleshooting <br> Guide | Provides information for troubleshooting problems while <br> working with HP ALM Lab Management. |
| HP ALM Business <br> Views Microsoft <br> Excel Add-in User <br> Guide | Explains how to install and use the Business Views <br> Microsoft Excel Add-in to create and configure business <br> view Excel reports. |
| HP Business Process <br> Testing User Guide | Explains how to use Business Process Testing to create <br> business process tests. |

## HP ALM Performance Center Guides

| Guide | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP ALM Performance <br> Center Quick Start | A self-paced guide giving the Performance Center user a <br> high level overview of creating and running performance <br> tests. |
| HP ALM Performance <br> Center Guide | Explains to the Performance Center user how to create, <br> schedule, run, and monitor performance tests. Explains <br> to the Performance Center administrator how to <br> configure and manage Performance Center projects. |
| HP ALM Performance <br> Center Installation <br> Guide | Describes the installation processes for setting up <br> Performance Center Servers, Performance Center Hosts <br> and other Performance Center components. |
| HP ALM Performance <br> Center <br> Troubleshooting <br> Guide | Provides information for troubleshooting problems while <br> working with HP ALM Performance Center. |

## HP ALM Best Practices Guides

| Guide | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP ALM Agile <br> Testing Best Practices <br> Guide | Provides best practices for implementing agile testing <br> principles. |
| HP ALM Business <br> Models Module Best <br> Practices Guide | Provides best practices for working with the Business <br> Models module. |
| HP ALM Database <br> Best Practices Guide | Provides best practices for deploying ALM on database <br> servers. |
| HP ALM Entities <br> Sharing Best <br> Practices Guide | Provides best practices for sharing entities. |
| HP ALM Project <br> Planning and <br> Tracking Best <br> Practices Guide | Provides best practices for managing and tracking <br> releases. |
| HP ALM Project <br> Topology Best <br> Practices Guide | Provides best practices for structuring projects. |
| HP ALM Upgrade <br> Best Practices Guide | Provides methodologies for preparing and planning your <br> ALM upgrade. |
| HP ALM Versioning <br> and Baselining Best <br> Practices Guide | Provides best practices for implementing version control <br> and for creating baselines. |
| HP ALM Workflow <br> Best Practices Guide | Provides best practices for implementing workflows. |

## HP ALM Performance Center Best Practices Guides

| Guide | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP Performance <br> Center of Excellence <br> Best Practices | Provides best practices for successfully building and <br> operating Performance Centers of Excellence. |
| HP Performance <br> Monitoring Best <br> Practices | Provides best practices for monitoring the performance of <br> applications under test. |

## HP ALM API References

| Guide | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP ALM Project <br> Database Reference | Provides an online reference for the project database <br> tables and fields. |
| HP ALM Open Test <br> Architecture API <br> Reference | Provides an online reference for the ALM COM-based <br> API. You can use the ALM open test architecture to <br> integrate your own configuration management, defect <br> tracking, and home-grown testing tools with an ALM <br> project. |
| HP ALM Site <br> Administration API <br> Reference | Provides an online reference for the Site Administration <br> COM-based API. You can use the Site Administration API <br> to enable your application to organize, manage, and <br> maintain ALM users, projects, domains, connections, and <br> site configuration parameters. |
| HP ALM REST API <br> Reference <br> (Technology <br> Preview) | Provides an online reference for the ALM REST-based API. <br> You can use the REST API to access and work with ALM <br> data. |
| HP ALM COM <br> Custom Test Type <br> Developer Guide | Provides an online guide for creating your own testing <br> tool and integrating it into the ALM environment using <br> native COM development tools. |
| HP ALM .NET <br> Custom Test Type <br> Developer Guide | Provides an online guide for creating your own testing <br> tool and integrating it into the ALM environment using a <br> combination of DCOM and .NET classes. |

## Additional Online Resources

The following additional online resources are available from the ALM Help menu:

| Part | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
|  <br> Knowledge Base | Opens the Troubleshooting page on the HP Software <br> Support Web site where you can search the Self-solve <br>  <br> Knowledge Base. The URL for this Web site is <br> http://h20230.www2.hp.com/troubleshooting.jsp. |
| HP Software Support | Opens the HP Software Support Web site. This site <br> enables you to browse the Self-solve knowledge base. You <br> can also post to and search user discussion forums, <br> submit support requests, download patches and updated <br> documentation, and more. Choose Help > HP Software <br> Support. The URL for this Web site is <br> www.hp.com/go/hpsoftwaresupport. |
| Most of the support areas require that you register as an <br> HP Passport user and sign in. Many also require a support <br> contract. <br> To find more information about access levels, go to: <br> http://h20230.www2.hp.com/new access levels.jsp |  |
| HP Software Web site | To register for an HP Passport user ID, go to: <br> http://h20229.www2.hp.com/passport-registration.html |
| Opens the HP Software Web site. This site provides you <br> with the most up-to-date information on HP Software <br> products. This includes new software releases, seminars <br> and trade shows, customer support, and more. Choose <br> Help > HP Software Web site. The URL for this Web site <br> is www.hp.com/go/software. |  |


| Part | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Add-ins | Opens the HP Application Lifecycle Management Add- <br> ins Page, which offers integration and synchronization <br> solutions with HP and third-party tools. |
| Tools | Opens the HP Application Lifecycle Management Tools <br> Page, which offers integration and synchronization <br> solutions with HP and third-party tools that are installed <br> with the ALM server. |

## HP ALM Extension Guides

Extensions provide added functionality to ALM. If you have a license for an ALM extension, you can utilitize the added functionality by enabling the extension on a per project basis. For more details on enabling extensions, refer to the HP Application Lifecycle Management Administrator Guide.

To view the list of extensions available with ALM, or to download documentation for ALM extensions, visit the HP ALM Add-ins Page, accessible from the main ALM Help menu.

## Part I

## Getting Started

## Before You Install

This chapter provides information that will help you prepare for the Performance Center component installations.

## This chapter includes:

> Performance Center Components and Data Flow on page 22
> System Component Considerations on page 30
> General Pre-installation Considerations on page 34

- Required Services on page 36
- Performance Center Prerequisite Software on page 37


## Performance Center Components and Data Flow

This section describes the HP ALM Performance Center system.
This section includes:
> "Architecture and Components" on page 23
> "Applications" on page 25
> "Communication Paths" on page 26
> "Coexistence of Installed Components" on page 28
> "Load Considerations" on page 28

## Architecture and Components

This section describes the architecture and components of HP ALM Performance Center.

| Architecture/Component | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| ALM server | Provides a platform for core ALM functionality. <br> > ALM Client. Users log in to ALM (user site), Site <br> Administration (project and user management), <br> or Lab Management from their client machine. <br> > ALM server Repository. Used for file storage. <br> > ALM Database. Contains a schema per <br> Performance Center project, as well as a separate <br> schema for Lab Management and Site <br> Administration. |
|  | For more details about ALM technology, see the <br> HP Application Lifecycle Management Installation and <br> Upgrade Guide. |
| HP Performance Center <br> Server | Hosts the Performance Center Web pages that <br> enable you to design performance tests, configure <br> monitors, reserve testing resources, run and <br> monitor test runs, and analyze test results. |


| Architecture/Component | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lab Management | The center for managing lab resources (such as hosts <br> and host pools), and for managing Performance <br> Center assets (such as Performance Center server, <br> licenses, and usage reports). |
| HP Performance Center <br> Hosts | Used to control performance tests, generate load, <br> and analyze data. Performance Center hosts can be <br> configured as Controllers, load generators, or data <br> processors: <br> $>$ |
|  | Controller. The manager of a performance test. <br> The Controller receives scripts, runtime settings, <br> and a list of load generators to use. The <br> Controller issues instructions to the load <br> generators including which scripts to run, how <br> many Vusers to run per script, and scheduler <br> settings. At the conclusion of the test run, the <br> Controller collates the data. There is only one <br> Controller per performance test. |
|  | Load Generator. Generate load by running <br> virtual users (Vusers). The Controller dictates the <br> manner in which they start and stop running. <br> There can be any number of load generators for a <br> given test. |
| $\gg$Data Processor. Used for analyzing and <br> publishing performance test results. |  |
|  |  |

## Applications

The following standalone applications integrate with your Performance Center system:

| Application | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP Virtual User Generator <br> (VuGen) | Generates Vusers by recording actions that typical <br> end-users would perform on your application. <br> VuGen records your actions into automated Vuser <br> scripts which form the foundation of your <br> performance tests. |
| HP Analysis | Provides graphs and reports with in-depth <br> performance analysis information. Using these <br> graphs and reports, you can pinpoint and identify <br> the bottlenecks in your application and determine <br> what changes need to be made to your system to <br> improve its performance. |
| MI Listener | Needed when running Vusers and monitoring <br> applications over a firewall. |
| Monitors Over Firewall | Used to monitor servers that are located over a <br> firewall. |
| Agent |  |

Use the diagram and table in the "Communication Paths" and "Load Considerations" sections, to determine which machines to allocate for which performance testing tasks.

For example, you can combine a number of components that have a light load on a single machine. For details on which components can be installed together, see "Coexistence of Installed Components" on page 28.

## Communication Paths

When installing HP ALM Performance Center, it is important to consider the communication paths between the various components, and their resource demands. This information helps you configure your system to evenly distribute the load, and prevent overloading any particular resource.

When running a performance test, Performance Center components share information with ALM components via a distinct system of communication. Understanding which components communicate with one another and the method of communication is essential for configuring your system.

The following diagram illustrates the communication paths and protocols of the ALM Performance Center system:


The following table displays the connection ports that are opened by default on the various ALM Performance Center components:

| Component | Ports |
| :---: | :---: |
| ALM server | HTTP (8080/80) *: <br> > For Jetty Web server: 8080 <br> > For IIS Web server: 80 |
| Performance Center Server | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HTTP }(80) \text { * } \\ & \text { TCP }(3333,54245) \end{aligned}$ |
| Performance Center Host | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HTTP }(8731) \\ & \text { TCP }(3333,5001,5002,5003,54245,54345) \end{aligned}$ |
| Database | TCP (1433 (SQL)), 1521 (Oracle)) |
| Repository | NetBIOS |
| Diagnostics Server | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HTTP }(80,2006) \text { * } \\ & \text { TCP }(54345) \end{aligned}$ |
| Standalone Load Generator | TCP (5001, 5002, 5003, 54245, 54345) |
| MI Listener | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HTTP/TCP (443) } \\ & \text { TCP (50500) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Application under test | Any; HTTP (Random) |
| SiteScope - Topology | HTTP (8080) * |
| SiteScope - Monitor Profiles | HTTP (8888) * |

* HTTPS is also supported on this component.


## Coexistence of Installed Components

The following table describes which components can and cannot coexist on the same machine.

| $\underbrace{$ Need  <br>  to install }$_{\substack{\text { Installed } \\ \text { Application }}}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Analysis } \\ \text { SA } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { SAGe } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{LG} \\ & \mathrm{SA} \end{aligned}$ | MoFw | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { MI } \\ \text { Listener } \end{array}$ | Diagnostics | Snapshot Viewor | LR | PCS | Host |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analysis SA | -- | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | (2) | (2) | $\checkmark$ | * | ( | ( |
| VuGen SA | $\checkmark$ | -- | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | (2) | (\%) | $\checkmark$ | * | ( | ( ) |
| Load Generator SA | ( | (2) | -- | ( | (2) | ( | (2) | ( | ( | ( ) |
| MoFw | ( | ( | ® | -- | \% | ( | (\%) | * | ( | ( ) |
| MIL Listener | ( | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | -- | ( | ( | $\otimes$ | * | * |
| Diagnostics Mediator | \% | ( | (2) | (2) | (2) | -- | ( | ® | ( | ( ) |
| Snapshot Viewer | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | ( | ( | ( | ( | -- | ( | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ( |
| LoadRunner (LR) | (2) | \% | (2) | (2) | (2) | ( | ( | -- | ( | ( |
| PCServer (PCS) | (2) | \% | ® | (2) | (2) | (2) | ( | \% | -- | ( |
| Host | (2) | ® | ® | (2) | (2) | ( | (2) | ( | ( | -- |
| $\checkmark$ Supported $\otimes_{\text {Blocked }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Load Considerations

The following table provides some basic installation considerations for each Performance Center component:

| Machine | Quantity in <br> the system | Load Considerations |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Performance <br> Center Server | At least two | Heavy load. <br> To balance the load, ALM has built in load <br> balancing capabilities. <br> For additional load balancing support, you can <br> install multiple Performance Center Servers. |
|  |  | For more information on load balancing, see HP <br> Software Self-solve knowledge base article <br> KM1052520 <br> (http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/ <br> document/KM1052520). |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Machine } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Quantity in } \\ \text { the system }\end{array} & \text { Load Considerations } \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Performance } \\ \text { Center Hosts: } \\ \text { Controller } \\ \text { Load } \\ \text { Generator } \\ \text { Data } \\ \text { Processor }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { At least one } \\ \text { of each }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Controller has heavy load. } \\ \text { Load generator has medium load. } \\ \text { Data processor has medium to high load. } \\ \text { It is recommended to designate spare }\end{array} \\ \text { Controllers and load generators for fault- } \\ \text { tolerance and high availability purposes. } \\ \text { Note: } \\ \text { You can configure a host as a Controller + } \\ \text { Load Generator, but this is not recommended } \\ \text { because running Vusers consumes a lot of } \\ \text { resources. Running Vusers on the Controller } \\ \text { host is only appropriate for performance tests } \\ \text { that have a very small number of Vusers. } \\ \text { You can configure a host as a Controller + } \\ \text { Data Processor, but this is not recommended } \\ \text { because data processing might consume high } \\ \text { amounts of CPU and resources. }\end{array}\right\}$

## System Component Considerations

The Performance Center system includes several components. This section provides pre-installation considerations for each of the components.

For system requirement details for each component, see the HP Application Lifecycle Management Readme.
> "Performance Center Server" on page 30
> "Performance Center Host" on page 32
> "Standalone Load Generator (Windows)" on page 32
> "Standalone Load Generator (Linux)" on page 32
> "Standalone VuGen and Standalone Analysis" on page 33
> "MI Listener" on page 33
> "Monitor Over Firewall Machine" on page 33
> "ERP and CRM Mediator" on page 33
> "SiteScope Server" on page 34

## Performance Center Server

- Uninstall any previous installations of the Performance Center Server from your machine.
- We strongly recommend installing the Performance Center Server on a clean machine with a new image.
> Performance Center Servers conduct Performance Center administration, test design, run operations, monitoring, and the user interface services for these operations. Because performance test run operations create heavy load on the Performance Center Server, we recommend installing at least two Performance Center Servers in your system. Using built-in load balancers, calls to and from ALM are balanced among the Performance Center Servers in a round-robin fashion.
- Before you install the Performance Center Server, you must install Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS 6/7/7.5).
> During installation, the following Web Service Extensions are enabled on all Performance Center Servers using IIS:
- Active Server Pages
> ASP.NET
- IIS 7 or 7.5 Management Compatibility
> On all Performance Center Servers using IIS 6.0, IWAM_<machine_name> must exist, and must belong to the Administrators or IIS Worker Process groups.
- To install a Performance Center Server, you must have full local administrative rights on the designated machine.
> During installation of the Performance Center Server, the default Performance Center system user, IUSR_METRO (password P3rfoRm@1nce), is created in the Administrators user group of the machine. Ensure that there is no security system in place that will remove the system user from the Administrators group.
- If Performance Center is working with an Oracle database, ensure that the Oracle client installed on the Performance Center Server machine is at least the same version as on the Oracle server, and that connectivity is established with the Oracle Server. For details, see "Establishing Connectivity with Oracle" on page 133.
- You must install the 32-bit Oracle client installation, regardless of whether you are running the Performance Center Server on a 32-bit or 64bit operating system.
- If you install the Oracle client after installing the Performance Center Server, you must restart the machine after installing the Oracle client.
- Oracle Monitoring: If you need to define Oracle monitors, ensure that you install the Performance Center Server in a directory whose path does not include any of the following characters: ( ) : ; * / " ~ \& ? \{\} \$ \% | < > $+=\wedge$ [ ]. For example, on a 64-bit machine, do not install the Performance Center Server in the default installation directory (C: $\backslash$ Program Files (x86) \....), as this path includes illegal characters.
> Microsoft Windows Script Host should be version 5.6 or later. To verify the version number, navigate to the $<$ Windows installation directory> \Windows $\backslash$ system32 directory. Right-click wscript.exe and select Properties. In the Version tab, verify the file version number.


## Performance Center Host

- Uninstall any previous installations of Performance Center hosts from your machine.
- To install a Performance Center Host, you must have full local administrative rights on the designated machine.
> During installation of Performance Center hosts, a default Performance Center system user, IUSR_METRO (password P3rfoRm@1nce), is created in the Administrators user group of the machine. Ensure that there is no security system in place that will remove the system user from the Administrators group.


## Standalone Load Generator (Windows)

> You cannot install the Standalone Load Generator on the same machine as the Performance Center Server or Performance Center host.

- If both Standalone VuGen and Standalone Analysis are to be installed on the machine where you want to install the Standalone Load Generator, make sure to install the Standalone Load Generator last.
> During installation of the Standalone Load Generator, the default Performance Center system user, IUSR_METRO (password P3rfoRm@1nce), is created in the Administrators user group of the machine. Ensure that there is no security system in place that will remove the system user from the Administrators group.


## Standalone Load Generator (Linux)

> You can install the Standalone Load Generator on Linux to run Vusers. The Linux Vusers interact with the Controller that is installed on a Windows machine. For more information, see "Installing HP Load Generator on Linux" on page 82.

## Standalone VuGen and Standalone Analysis

- If you are installing the Standalone Load Generator on the same machine as Standalone applications (VuGen or Analysis), install the Standalone applications first, and the Standalone Load Generator last.


## MI Listener

> The MI Listener must be installed on a standalone machine.
> The MI Listener cannot be installed on a machine running IIS.

## Monitor Over Firewall Machine

- The Monitor Over Firewall agent must be installed on a standalone machine.


## ERP and CRM Mediator

> The ERP and CRM Mediator must be installed on a machine that resides in the same LAN as the monitored ERP/CRM server, preferably on a dedicated machine. It is not recommended to install the Mediator on a Siebel or Oracle server that is involved in the performance test.

Note: When using SAP Diagnostics, ensure that a SAPGUI client is installed on the same machine as the ERP/CRM Mediator.

- By default, the ERP/CRM Mediator agent is installed to run as a service. After installing the agent, verify that it is running as a service and not as a process. If it is running as a process, you must stop the process and run the agent as a service.
- For information about configuring the ERP/CRM Mediator after installation and using the ERP and CRM Mediator to collect diagnostics data, see the HP ALM Performance Center Guide.


## SiteScope Server

- SiteScope is used for monitoring applications.
> Refer to the HP SiteScope Deployment Guide for minimum requirements.


## General Pre-installation Considerations

This section includes pre-installation considerations for all
Performance Center components.

- Before you begin installing, you should decide which machine is to be used for what purpose. Consider the expected load on each machine when determining which components to install on which machines. For more details, see "Coexistence of Installed Components" on page 28, and "Load Considerations" on page 28.
> Ensure that the server time on the ALM server and Performance Center component machines is synchronized.
- Default Web Site must be configured on the machines that have IIS installed on them. To check if this is configured, right-click My Computer, and select Manage. The Computer Management console opens. Expand the Services and Applications node, check that Default Web Site is displayed in the Internet Information Services folder, and that its ID=1. If it is not defined there, or if the ID is not defined as 1 , you should contact your system administrator or reinstall IIS.
- For installation of standalone applications, you must manually install the prerequisite software. For the list of required prerequisites, see "Performance Center Prerequisite Software" on page 37. For details on installing the prerequisites in silent mode, see "Installing Performance Center Silently" on page 69.
- You cannot install Performance Center components on machines with existing LoadRunner installations. Before installing Performance Center, ensure that you have removed all versions of LoadRunner from the machine.
- Hyper-Threading must be disabled. Performance Center does not support Intel Hyper-Threading technology. Hyper-Threading can be disabled in the BIOS.
- Ensure that the operating system and the database are both configured for the same language. If not, some texts displayed in Performance Center will be corrupted. For example, if you are working with German, ensure that you are working on a German operating system, and that the database is configured for German.
> IUSR_<machine_name> must exist on the Performance Center Server.


## Required Services

Before you install Performance Center components, check that the services defined in the table below are running on each component machine and that the startup type for each service is defined as Automatic.

Note: The default settings for running the services on the operating system may differ from one version to another. You should go through all of the services on each machine to ensure that the required services are running.
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Machine } & \text { Services } \\ \hline \text { All Performance Center } \\ \text { Servers and Hosts } & >\text { IPSEC Services (for TCP/IP security) } \\ & >\text { NTLM Security support provider } \\ > & >\text { Remote Procedure Call (RPC) } \\ >\text { Management Instrumentation (for } \\ \text { Performance Center health check) } \\ & >\text { Event Log (optional— used for debugging) } \\ & >\text { COM+ services (Event System and System } \\ \text { application) }\end{array}\right)$

## Performance Center Prerequisite Software

Before you can install Performance Center, some prerequisite software (for example, .NET Framework 4.0) must be installed on your machine. During installation, Performance Center checks whether the prerequisite software is installed on your machine. Performance Center enables you to automatically install missing software from the Performance Center disk.

The following table provides a list of the prerequisite software and how Performance Center detects whether the software is installed.

| Prerequisite Software | Machines | Means of detection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NET <br> Framework 3.5 <br> SP1 | > All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Searches the registry key: <br> HKLMISoftwarelMicrosoftINET <br> Framework SetuplNDPlv3.5 |
| .NET <br> Framework 4.0 | - All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Searches the registry key: <br> HKLMISoftware\MicrosoftINET <br> Framework SetuplNDPIv4.0 |
| Microsoft Data Access Components (MDAC) 2.8 SP1 (or later) | - All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Searches the registry key: <br> HKLMISoftwarelMicrosoftlData Access |
| Microsoft Core XML Services (MSXML) 6.0 | > All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Queries the existence and version of: <br> \%systemroot\%lsystem32lmsxml <br> 6.dII |


| Prerequisite Software | Machines | Means of detection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Microsoft <br> Visual C++ <br> 2005 Service <br> Pack 1 <br> Redistributable <br> Package MFC <br> Security <br> Update (x86) | All Performance Center machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{86C9D5AA-F00C-4921-B3F2C60AF92E2844\} |
| Microsoft <br> Visual C++ <br> 2005 Service <br> Pack 1 <br> Redistributable <br> Package MFC <br> Security <br> Update (x64) | All Performance Center machines <br> Standalone VuGen | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{A8D19029-8E5C-4E22-801148070F9E796E\} |
| Microsoft <br> Visual C++ <br> 2008 Service <br> Pack 1 <br> Redistributable <br> Package MFC <br> Security <br> Update (x86) | All Performance Center machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{DE2C306F-A067-38EF-B86C03DE4B0312F9\} |
| Microsoft <br> Visual C++ <br> 2008 Service <br> Pack 1 <br> Redistributable <br> Package MFC <br> Security <br> Update (x64) | All Performance Center machines <br> Standalone VuGen | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{FDA45DDF-8E17-336F-A3ED356B7B7C688A\} |

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| Prerequisite Software | Machines | Means of detection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Microsoft <br> Visual C++ <br> 2010 Service <br> Pack 1 <br> Redistributable <br> Package MFC <br> Security <br> Update (x86) | > All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> > Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{1F4F1D2A-D9DA-32CF-990948485DA06DD5\} |
| Microsoft Windows Installer 3.1 | All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis | Looks for one of the following: <br> Registration of the WindowsInstaller. Installer.com object version 3 or later <br> - MSI.dll version 3 or later in the \%systemroot\% |
| Web Services Enhancements (WSE) 3.0 for Microsoft .NET Redistributable Runtime MSI | > All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{E3E71D07-CD27-46CB-8448- <br> 16D4FB29AA13\} |
| Web Services Enhancements (WSE) 2.0 SP 3 for Microsoft .NET Redistributable Runtime MSI | - All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Runtime installation GUID \{F3CA9611-CD42-4562-ADABA554CF8E17F1\} <br> Full installation GUID \{6F 396FFB-CC3A-4335-BC0B2AEF38F4492C\} |


| Prerequisite Software | Machines | Means of detection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internet Information Services (IIS) | > Performance Center Server | HKLMISOFTWAREIMicrosoftlIn etStp <br> Looks for both Major and Minor numbers. <br> Supports the following versions: <br> 6.0 (Windows 2003) <br> 7.0 (Windows 2008) <br> 7.5 (Windows 2008R2) |
| Strawberry <br> Pearl 5.10.1 | - Standalone VuGen | Queries the MSI manager for the GUID: <br> \{C977182F-221A-337A-B681963808E0023A\} |
| Windows <br> Imaging <br> Component (WIC) | > All Performance Center Server and Host machines <br> - Standalone VuGen <br> - Standalone Analysis <br> - Standalone Load Generator | Queries the version of: \%systemroot\%\|system32\Windo wsCodecs.dII |

## Part II

## Installation and Configuration

## Installing HP ALM Performance Center

This chapter describes how to install HP ALM Performance Center.
This chapter includes:

- Installation Flow on page 44
> Installing HP Application Lifecycle Management on page 46
- Installing and Configuring Performance Center Servers and Hosts on page 47
- Installing the Performance Center Server and Host Patch on page 62
- Installing Performance Center Silently on page 69
- Installing Standalone Components (Windows) on page 79
> Installing HP Load Generator on Linux on page 82
> Installing Additional Components on page 100
- Repairing the Performance Center Installation on page 103
> Uninstalling Performance Center Components on page 104


## Installation Flow

This section describes the steps required to install HP ALM Performance Center 11.50 components and patches.

Note: To install HP ALM Performance Center, you must have full local administrative rights on the designated machines.


## To install HP ALM Performance Center:

1 Install the components and patches according to the following checklists:
> Checklist for installing HP ALM Performance Center 11.50:

| $\boldsymbol{\checkmark}$ | Component | Action | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | ALM Server | Install ALM server | 46 |
|  | Performance Center Server | Install Performance Center <br> server | 47 |
|  | Performance Center Hosts | Install Performance Center <br> host | 47 |
| Standalone Components <br> (optional) | Install Performance Center <br> Standalone applications <br> (Windows) | 79 |  |
|  | HP Load Generator on Linux | 82 |  |

> Checklist for installing a patch on HP ALM Performance Center 11.50:

| $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ | Component | Action | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | ALM Server | Install ALM latest compatible <br> patch for Performance Center | 46 |
|  | Performance Center Server | Install Performance Center <br> Server - latest patch | 62 |
|  | Performance Center Hosts | Install Performance Center <br> host - latest patch | 62 |
| Standalone Components <br> (optional) | Install Performance Center <br> Standalone applications - <br> latest patch (Windows) | 81 |  |
|  | HP Load Generator on UNIX - <br> latest patch | 82 |  |
|  | ALM Server <br> updates your Lab <br> Management project to the <br> latest patch. | 103 |  |

## 2 Ensure that the ALM client browser's Trusted Sites list includes Performance Center Server.

For details, see step 14 on page 62.
3 Verify that the installation was successful.
For details, see Chapter 3, "Post Installation Verification."

## Installing HP Application Lifecycle Management

As a prerequisite to installing HP ALM Performance Center 11.50 components, you must install HP Application Lifecycle Management 11.50 and the latest patch.

Note: Each HP ALM Performance Center version is certified with a specific HP ALM version. Ensure you are installing Performance Center on a corresponding version of HP ALM. Corresponding versions are published on the HP download site. For more details, contact HP Software Support.

## To install HP Application Lifecycle Management 11.50:

1 Install the appropriate version of HP ALM for your system. For details refer to the HP Application Lifecycle Management Installation and Upgrade Guide.

Note: Ensure that ALM is installed on a certified operating system. Consult the ALM System Configurations section of the HP ALM Readme for a full list of recommended and supported operating systems for HP ALM Performance Center.

2 Install the latest HP ALM Patch on the ALM server machine. For details, see the relevant HP ALM Patch Readme.

3 Set up the HP ALM client machine with the correct browser configuration. For details, refer to the HP Application Lifecycle Management Installation and Upgrade Guide.

## Installing and Configuring Performance Center Servers and Hosts

This section describes how to install and configure the Performance Center Server and Performance Center hosts.

> Note: If you are upgrading or migrating from an earlier version of Performance Center, follow the instructions in Chapter 5, "Working with Previously Created Projects."

## Pre-Installation Considerations:

- Before you install the Performance Center components, review the preinstallation information, described in Chapter 1, "Before You Install."
> To install a Performance Center Server or Performance Center host, you must have full local administrative rights on the designated machine.
> If the Performance Center installation directory is located on a network drive, it is recommended to map the network drive before you run the installation.
- To enable running the installation from a network location, make sure that the network location path is added to the Trusted Sites of the machine on which you are running the installation.
> If you are installing a Performance Center Server or Performance Center host using a Remote Desktop connection (RDP), you must install through the console.
- If you are working with an Oracle database, ensure that the Oracle client is installed on the Performance Center Server (with Administrator installation type), and that connectivity has been established with the Oracle Server. Ensure that the tnsnames.ora file contains the same TNS entry for the source and target database server.

Note: You must install the 32-bit Oracle client installation, regardless of whether you are running the Performance Center Server on a 32-bit or 64bit operating system.
> The Performance Center Server and the Performance Center host cannot be installed on the same machine.

## To install a Performance Center Server or Performance Center host:

## 1 Launch the Performance Center installer.

Insert the HP ALM Performance Center installation DVD and run setup.exe (<installation disk root directory> \setup.exe).

2 Select an installation option.
The setup program starts and displays the installation menu page.


Select Performance Center Server or Performance Center Host.

Note: If you know in advance that a particular host machine is to be used as a load generator only, we recommend that you install the Standalone Load Generator for the following reasons:

- The installation requires less disk space
- Moving the Load Generator's setup files is less time consuming than moving the setup files of the Performance Center Host

For details on installing the Standalone Load Generator, see "Installing Standalone Components (Windows)" on page 79.

To install a load generator on Linux, see "Installing HP Load Generator on Linux" on page 82.

## 3 If necessary, install prerequisite software.

Some prerequisite software must be installed on the machine before installing the Performance Center component. If any of the prerequisite software is not already installed on the machine, the following dialog box opens:

## HP Performance Center Server 11.50

The following prerequisite programs must be installed before you can install: HP Performance Center Server 11.50:

Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) (should be installed separately)


Description:
Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) (should be installed separately)

[^0]
## Note:

> Performance Center Server installation: If Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) 6/7/7.5 is listed on this page, it is recommended that you close the installation, install IIS, and restart the installation. However, if you choose to continue with the installation, you will have to re-run the post installation configuration before the server machine can be used. To re-run the configuration wizard, choose Start menu > Programs > HP Software > HP Performance Center Server > Tools (for more details, see 9 on page 56).

- If you are working with Windows 2008 64-bit R2 Operating System, you must install .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 from the Server Manager Feature list.

Click OK and follow the on-screen instructions to install the prerequisite software before continuing with the Performance Center component installation. You cannot continue with the Performance Center component installation unless all the prerequisite software is installed.

> Note: If you are prompted to restart the machine after installing the prerequisite software, you must do so before continuing with the installation. After rebooting the machine, run setup.exe again to continue with the installation. If the installation continues from where it left off before rebooting, we recommend starting the setup again-the installer will detect the installed prerequisites and continue with the installation.

For a full list of prerequisite software, see "Performance Center Prerequisite Software" on page 37.

## 4 Start the installation.

The Performance Center Setup Wizard opens, displaying the Welcome page for the relevant Performance Center component. Click Next.

5 Review the License agreement.
To accept the terms of the license agreement, select I Agree. Click Next.

## 6 Register your customer information on your computer.

On the Customer Information page, enter your name and organization name, and click Next.


## 7 Select an installation folder.

Specify the location in which to install the Performance Center component. To browse possible locations, click the Browse button, select a location, and click OK.

To check required and available disk space on each drive, click Disk Cost.


[^1]
## 8 Start the installation process.

The wizard prompts you to confirm the details and start the installation. To review or change any settings, click Back.

Click Next to start the installation. The wizard displays the installation progress.


## 9 Upon completion of the installation, configure the component.

The Welcome page of the Configuration wizard opens.


## Click Next.

## 10 Confirm the configuration.

The Confirm Configuration page opens.


## Click Next.

## 11 Performance Center Server only: Enter the Communication Security passphrase.

Enter the Communication Security passphrase for secure communication between the Performance Center Server and ALM. This must be identical to the passphrase defined during the ALM installation. You can view the passphrase in Site Administration > Site Configuration tab > COMMUNICATION_SECURITY_PASSPHRASE parameter. For more details, refer to the HP Application Lifecycle Management Administrator Guide.


[^2]
## 12 The background configuration starts.

The wizard displays the progress bar as it performs the configurations on the relevant component.


The wizard performs the following configurations on the relevant component:

| Configuration | PC Server | PC Host |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Copies and registers files on the machine | Yes | Yes |
| Creates the Performance Center system user, <br> IUSR_METRO (default password: P3rfoRm@1nce), <br> and adds it to the machine's Administrators group. | Yes | Yes |
| For information about changing the system user, <br> see the HP ALM Performance Center Guide. |  |  |
| Configures DCOM objects | Yes | Yes |


| Configuration | PC Server | PC Host |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adds the Performance Center path to the environment variables | Yes | Yes |
| Installs Performance Center services <br> - DataCollectionAgent <br> > RemoteManagement Agent Service | Yes | Yes |
| Installs Performance Center services <br> - Performance Center Agent Service <br> - Performance Center Load Testing Service | -- | Yes |
| Configures IIS: <br> Creates virtual directories and application pools <br> - Configures IIS application pools to work as 32-bit application pools <br> Sets the .Net version for the application pools to .Net 4 (v4.0.30319). <br> IIS6: <br> Installs extensions (if not already installed): ASP .Net, Active Server Pages, and enables them IIS7: <br> - Enables Windows communication foundation <br> - Adds rules: Web-ASP, Web-Asp-Net, Web-MgmtCompat, Web-Metabase, web-static-content | Yes | -- |

13 Close the configuration wizard and exit the Performance Center Installer.
When the configuration is complete, the wizard confirms the configuration status.


Click View Summary to view a summary of the configuration.
Click Finish to exit the Configuration wizard.
Click Finish to exit the Installation wizard.
On the Performance Center installation menu page, click Exit.

Note: If prompted, restart the computer.

14 Add the Performance Center Server to the Trusted Sites of the ALM client browser.

Ensure that the Performance Center Server is listed in the Trusted Sites of the ALM client browser.
a In Internet Explorer, select Tools > Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box opens.
b In the Security tab, select Trusted Sites, and click Sites.
c If you are not using SSL, ensure that the Require Server verification (https:) for all sites in this zone option is not selected.
d In the Add this website to the zone box, enter the Performance Center Server internal URL (http://<ALM server name>[<:port number>]/qcbin), and click Add.

15 Perform additional Performance Center configuration steps.
a Define Performance Center servers on ALM. For more details, see Adding the Performance Center Server to the System on page 66.
b Define Performance Center license and host keys. For more details, see Setting the License Keys on page 67.
c Define Performance Center hosts. For more details, see Adding Performance Center Hosts on page 68.

## Installing the Performance Center Server and Host Patch

The section describes how to install the Performance Center patch on the Performance Center Server and Performance Center hosts.

To install the patch on the Performance Center Server:
On the Performance Center Server, run the relevant patch installation file (.msp) and follow the onscreen installation and deployment instructions.

## To install the patch on Performance Center hosts:

There are two alternate methods of installing the patch on the hosts: direct installation or remote installation.

Direct installation. You install the patch directly on the host. To install the patch, on the host, run the relevant patch installation file (.msp) and follow the onscreen installation and deployment instructions.

Alternatively, you can install the patch from the command line. This option is useful when installing the patch on multiple machines (for example, when working with Microsoft SMS), or when installing in silent mode. Run the following command from the command line:
msiexec.exe /update <full path to the msp file> [/qn] [//*vx <full path to the log file>]
where /qn for setting in silent mode and /I*vx for setting the logging mode.
Remote Installation. You install the patch on the host remotely from Lab Management. The advantage of this installation method is that it allows you to install the patch on more than one host simultaneously.

To install the patch remotely, perform the following steps:
1 Prerequisite step: On the host that you intend to use the remote installation method, make sure that the Remote Procedure Call (RPC) service is started, as follows: Select Start > Run and type services.msc. Then in the Services window, locate Remote Procedure Call (RPC) and verify that its status is Started. If the status is not started, right-click it and select Start.

2 Log in to Lab Management.
3 On the Lab Management sidebar, under Performance Center, select Patches.

4 Click the New Patch button. The Select Patch dialog box opens.
5 Navigate to the location of the patch file, and click Open. The New Patch dialog box opens.

6 Enter the details for the new patch and click OK. The patch is added to the system and appears in the Patches grid. For an explanation of the New Patch dialog box fields, see the "Patch Management" chapter in the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.

7 On the Lab Management sidebar, under Lab Resources, select Hosts.
8 Click the New Testing Host button. The New Testing Host dialog box opens.

9 Enter the details for the host on which you will install the patch. Then click OK. For an explanation of the New Testing Host dialog box fields, see the "Lab Resources" chapter in the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.

## Note:

> When adding the Performance Center host, its version must be the same as the Performance Center Server installed version. Therefore, in order to add the host and then install the patch from Lab Management, you must define its status as Unavailable.
> If the host is not added successfully, make sure that the Performance Center Load Testing Service is running on the host: Select Start > Run, and type services.msc. The Services window opens. Verify that the Performance Center Load Testing services is started.

10 Right-click the host in the grid on which you want to install the patch and select Install Patch. To view the installation progress, in Lab Management select Tools > Task Manager.

Tip: You can install the patch on multiple hosts simultaneously. To select multiple hosts, hold down the CTRL key on your keyboard while selecting the hosts.

11 When the patch installation process is complete, on the Lab Management sidebar, under Lab Resources select Hosts. Select the host on which you installed the patch, and click Reconfigure Host.

12 Verify the patch installation:

- In the host's event log, verify that the patch installation was successful. For more information about the Event Log, see the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.
- You can also verify that patch was installed on the host in Control Panel > Add or Remove Programs or Control Panel > Programs and Features $>$ View Installed Updates on the host machine.


## Configuring Performance Center in Lab Management

After running the Performance Center Server installation and the Performance Center Server Configuration wizard, you must perform additional configuration steps in Lab Management before you can use the product.

This section includes:
> "Logging In to Lab Management" on page 65
> "Adding the Performance Center Server to the System" on page 66
> "Setting the License Keys" on page 67
> "Adding Performance Center Hosts" on page 68

## Logging In to Lab Management

All Performance Center administration tasks are done in Lab Management.

## To log in to Lab Management:

1 Open the Web browser and type the ALM URL http://<ALM server name>[<:port number>]/qcbin.

The ALM Options window opens.
2 Click Lab Management, enter the user name and password of a Site Administrator, and click Login.

## Adding the Performance Center Server to the System

To use the Performance Center Server, it must be defined in ALM.

Note: From a performance and fault tolerance perspective, it is strongly recommended to define at least two Performance Center Servers.

## To define the Performance Center Server:

1 Log in to Lab Management. See "Logging In to Lab Management" on page 65.

2 On the Lab Management sidebar, under Servers, select PC Servers.
3 For each Performance Center Server:
a In the PC Servers module, click New PC Server.
b Enter the details of the Performance Center Server as follows:

Note: To allow for proper communication between ALM and Performance Center servers, make sure that you validate the correct internal and external URLs of the Performance Center Servers. The internal URL must be accessible from within ALM and the Performance Center Servers. The external URL can include the relevant port, unless it was defined as part of the URL.

| Field | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | The name of the Performance Center Server. |
| External URL | The URL for accessing the Performance Center Server <br> from external sources. |


| Field | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Internal URL | The URL for accessing the Performance Center Server <br> from within the system. For example, the <br> Performance Center Server and ALM communicate <br> with each other through this URL. |
| Status | Make sure that the Performance Center Server's status <br> is Operational so that ALM and other <br> Performance Center components can access it. |

## Setting the License Keys

After you add the Performance Center Server to ALM, you are required to enter your license.

- The Performance Center license enables you to use the product and run load tests. This license determines the number of performance tests that you can run concurrently, and the total number of Vusers available for the performance tests.
- The Performance Center Host license defines the Vuser protocols, monitors, and modules that are available on each host machine. This license also determines the number of Vusers available per protocol.


## Note:

To activate your license, visit the HP Software Licensing Portal (http://www.hp.com/software/licensing) and enter your Entitlement Order Number.

The license file has a .dat file extension by default. Make a note of where you save the file, as during the configuration process you need to refer to the file.

If you do not have a license, visit the HP Software Licensing Portal (http://www.hp.com/software/licensing) and click the Contact Licensing Support link.

To set the license keys:
1 Log in to Lab Management. See "Logging In to Lab Management" on page 65.

2 On the Lab Management sidebar, under Performance Center, select PC Licenses.

3 Click Add License Key to add a single license key. Alternatively, click Add License from File to add multiple license keys simultaneously.

## Adding Performance Center Hosts

To work with the Performance Center hosts, you must first add them to ALM. To add a host, you must first define the host's location in ALM. If the host is a load generator over a firewall, you must define the MI Listener through which the load generator will communicate with the Performance Center Server.

## Note:

- Before adding a host, ensure that at least one Performance Center server is in an operational state.
> When adding the hosts, fields in red marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory, including the type of operating system, and the purpose of the host. For details, see the HP ALM Performance Center Guide.


## To add hosts:

## 1 Log in to Lab Management.

See "Logging In to Lab Management" on page 65.

## 2 Add the host's location.

a Under Lab Resources, select Locations.
b In the Host Locations module, click the New Host Location button, and enter the host location's details.

3 For a host over a firewall, add the MI Listener.
a Under Performance Center, select MI Listeners.
b In the MI Listeners module, click the New MI Listener button, and enter the MI Listener's details.

## 4 Add the host.

a Under Lab Resources, select Hosts.
b In the Hosts module, click the New Testing Host button, and enter the host's details. In particular:
> In the Installation field, select the type of host installation: Windows Host; Windows Standalone LG; UNIX Load Generator.
> In the Purpose field, select a purpose for the host.

## Installing Performance Center Silently

A silent installation is an installation that is performed automatically, without the need for user interaction. This section describes how to perform a silent installation of Performance Center components.

Before you perform the installation, review the pre-installation information, including the system requirements, described in Chapter 1, "Before You Install."

This section includes:
> "Silent Installation of Prerequisite Software" on page 70
> "Setting Up the Silent Configuration" on page 74
> "Silent Installation of Performance Center Server and Performance Center Hosts" on page 75
> "Silent Installation of the Standalone Load Generator" on page 77

## Silent Installation of Prerequisite Software

Install the prerequisite software silently by running the relevant commands as follows:

Note: Some of the paths in the table below include the <environment> parameter, which represents the language of the environment on which you are working. Replace this parameter as follows:

- For an English environment, replace with EN
- For a Korean environment, replace with KOR
- For a Japanese environment, replace with JPN
> For a Chinese environment, replace with CHS

| Prerequisite Software | Command |
| :---: | :---: |
| .NET Framework 4.0 | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>ISetuplCommonldot net40ldotnetfx40.exe /LCID /q /norestart /c:"install /q" <br> Note: If you are prompted to restart the computer after installing this software, you must do so before continuing with the installation. |
| .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 | For Windows Server 2008 and earlier: <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\|SetuplCommon\ dotnet35_sp11dotnetfx35_sp1.exe /quiet <br> For Windows 2008 R2: <br> > 32-bit: \%windir\%\|SysNativeldism.exe /Online /Enable-Feature /FeatureName:NetFx3 /norestart <br> > 64-bit: \%windir\%ldism.exe /Online /EnableFeature /FeatureName:NetFx3 /norestart <br> Note: If you are prompted to restart the computer after installing this software, you must do so before continuing with the installation. |
| Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package MFC Security Update (x86) | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonlvc 2010sp1_mfc_security_update_x86lvcredist_x86.exe/q /norestart |
| Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package MFC Security Update | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonlvc 2005sp1_mfc_security_update_x86lvcredist_x86.exe /q:a /c:"msiexec /i vcredist.msi /qn"" " |
| Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package MFC Security Update (x64) | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonlvc 2005sp1_mfc_security_update_x64lvcredist_x64.exe /q:a /c:"msiexec /i vcredist.msi /qn"" " |


| Prerequisite Software | Command |
| :---: | :---: |
| Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package MFC Security Update (x86) | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonlvc 2008sp1_mfc_security_update_x86lvcredist_x86.exe /q:a /c:"msiexec /i vc_red.msi /qn"" " |
| Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package MFC Security Update (x64) | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonlvc 2008sp1_mfc_security_update_x64lvcredist_x64.exe /q:a/c:"msiexec /i vc_red.msi /qn"" " |
| Windows Imaging Component (WIC) | For 32-bit machine: <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>ISetuplCommon\ dotnet40lwic_x86_enu.exe /q /norestart <br> For 64-bit machine: <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>ISetuplCommon\ dotnet40lwic_x64_enu.exe /q/norestart |
| Microsoft Data Access Components (MDAC) 2.8 SP1 (or later) | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>ISetupl<environmen $\mathrm{t}>$ \prerequisites\mdac28\mdac28.exe /q:A /C:"setup /QNT" |
| Microsoft Core XML Services (MSXML) 6.0 | For $\mathbf{x 8 6}$ : msiexec /log c: Imsxml.log /quiet // <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Common\msxml6\ msxml6.msi <br> For x64: msiexec /log c:Imsxml.log /quiet // <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Common\msxmI6\ msxml6_x64.msi <br> For ia64: msiexec /log c:Imsxml.log /quiet /I <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>1Common\msxmI6\ msxml6_ia64.msi |
| Microsoft Windows Installer 3.1 | <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonlms i311WindowsInstaller-KB893803-v2-x86.exe /q /norestart |


| Prerequisite Software | Command |
| :---: | :---: |
| Web Services <br> Enhancements (WSE) 3.0 <br> for Microsoft .NET <br> Redistributable Runtime <br> MSI | msiexec /log c:IWSE3.log /quiet /I <br> <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>1SetuplCommonlws <br> e30\MicrosoftWSE3.0Runtime.msi /quiet /norestart |
| Web Services <br> Enhancements (WSE) 2.0 SP3 for Microsoft .NET Redistributable Runtime MSI | msiexec /log c:IWSE2.log /qn /i <br> <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>1SetuplCommonlws e20sp3lMicrosoftWSE2.0SP3Runtime.msi /quiet /norestart |
| Internet Information <br> Services (IIS) <br> Note: <br> Performance Center <br> Server only! | Use the following to install IIS6 on Windows 2003: <br> Sysocmgr.exe /i:sysoc.inf/r/q <br> C: $\backslash<$ WINDOWS directory>/Microsoft.NET $\backslash$ <br> Frameworklv2.0.50727laspnet_regiis.exe -i <br> Use the following to install IIS7 on Windows 2008: <br> start /w pkgmgr /iu:IIS-WebServerRole;WAS-WindowsActivationService;WAS- <br> ProcessModel;WAS-NetFxEnvironment;WASConfigurationAPI <br> For more details, see: <br> http://learn.iis.net/page.aspx/136/install-typical-iisworkloads/ |

## Setting Up the Silent Configuration

This section describes how to customize the file used for silent configuration of the Performance Center Server. The UserInput.xml file—installed with the Performance Center Extension-contains parameters for the Performance Center Server and Performance Center Host configurations.

For the Performance Center Server configuration, you can customize the parameters in the UserInput.xml file. You then instruct the Installer to use the customized file for the silent configuration input.

To configure the properties in the UserInput.xml file:
1 Copy the UserInput.xml file from the installation DVD (.. $\backslash$ Setup $\backslash$ Install $\backslash$ Server $\backslash$ TARGETDIR $\backslash$ dat $\backslash$ Setup $\backslash$ PCS $\backslash$ XmI $\backslash$ ) to another location.

2 Open the copy of the file and enter a user-defined value for the following property:

| Property | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| LW_CRYPTO_INIT_STRING | The Communication Security passphrase <br> used for secure communication between the <br> Performance Center Server and ALM. |
| Note: This passphrase must be identical to <br> the passphrase defined during the ALM <br> installation. |  |

3 Save the UserInput.xml file.
4 Specify the location of the saved file when running the silent installation command.

## Silent Installation of Performance Center Server and Performance Center Hosts

This section describes how to run the silent installation of the Performance Center Server and Performance Center hosts on a Windows platform.

The silent installation is followed by the silent configuration which calls the UserInput.xml file for configuration parameters. You can customize the parameters in this file for the Performance Center Server configuration.

## To perform a silent installation of Performance Center:

1 For the Performance Center Server installation: Set up the .xml file that provides the input for the initial Performance Center Server configuration that runs directly after the installation. For details, see "Installing Standalone Components (Windows)" on page 79.

2 Install the prerequisite software and the Performance Center component.
a Install the prerequisite software. For instructions, see "Installing Standalone Components (Windows)" on page 79.

Note: If you are prompted to restart the computer after installing the prerequisite software, you must do so before continuing with the installation.
b After you have installed all the prerequisite software, install the Performance Center component by running the appropriate command from the command line.

## Performance Center Server:

| SIlent installation with noncustomized UserInput.xml | msiexec/i <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>ISetup\Install\| Server|PCServer.msi <br> ADDLOCAL=PCCore <br> TARGETDIR="<Target_Installation_Directory>" /qnb |
| :---: | :---: |
| Silent <br> installation <br> with <br> customized <br> UserInput.xml | msiexec /i <br> <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\Install\|Server\} <br> PCServer.msi <br> ADDLOCAL=Core USER_CONFIG_FILE_PATH="<full path to Userlnput file>" <br> TARGETDIR="<Target_Installation_Directory>" /qnb |

where <full path to UserInput file> is the path to your customized UserInput.xml file and <Target_Installation_Directory> is the directory in which to install the Performance Center Server.

## Performance Center Host:

| For 32-bit | msiexec /i <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\} InstalllHostlPCHost_x86.msi <br> ADDLOCAL=Core <br> TARGETDIR="<Target_Installation_Directory>" /qnb |
| :---: | :---: |
| For 64-bit | msiexec /i <Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>1Setup\Install \HostlPCHost_x64.msi <br> ADDLOCAL=Core <br> TARGETDIR="<Target_Installation_Directory>" /qnb |

where <Target_Installation_Directory> is the directory in which you want to install the Performance Center host.

## Note:

You can also install in silent mode using the setup.exe file. This enables you to install the prerequisites in silent mode automatically before running the MSI installation in silent mode. Using this option also invokes the correct MSI file depending on the operating system platform.

## Server installation:

```
<Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\En\setup_server.exe /s
USER_CONFIG_FILE_PATH="<full path to UserInput file>"
TARGETDIR="<Target_Installation_Directory>" /qnb
Host installation:
<Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\En\setup_host.exe /s
TARGETDIR="<Target_Installation_Directory>" /qnb
```

where <full path to UserInput file> is the path to your customized UserInput.xml file and <Target_Installation_Directory> is the directory in which to install the Performance Center Server or Host.

## Silent Installation of the Standalone Load Generator

This section describes how to perform a silent installation of the standalone load generator.

Note: For instructions on installing the HP Load Generator silently on Linux, see "Silent Installation of the HP Load Generator on Linux" on page 88.

## To perform a silent installation of the standalone load generator:

1 Install all the prerequisite software except for IIS. For details, see "Silent Installation of Prerequisite Software" on page 70.

2 Extract the Load Generator installation files to a local directory:
a Insert the DVD labeled HP ALM Performance Center 11.50Standalone Applications, and click Load Generator.
b In the Save files in folder box, enter the name of the local directory where you want to save the installation files.

3 Run the following command from the command line:

```
msiexec /i "<Installation_Folder>\HP_LoadGenerator.msi" /qb
```

where <Installation_Folder> is the local directory where you saved the installation files.

4 After you silently install the load generator, you need to install the Performance Center agent service and the Remote Management agent service.
a To install the Performance Center agent service, run the following command from the command line:
"<load_generator_installation_directory>1Load
Generatorllaunch_servicelbinlmagentservice.exe" -install
b To install the Remote Management agent service, run the following command from the command line:

```
"<load_generator_installation_directory>\Load
Generatorlal_agent\binlalagentservice.exe" -install IUSR_METRO
<IUSR_METRO Password>
```


## Installing Standalone Components (Windows)

You can install standalone components that provide advanced features for working with HP ALM Performance Center.

To install a load generator on Linux, see "Installing HP Load Generator on Linux" on page 82.

Note: For all standalone applications, you must first manually install the prerequisite applications. For more details, see "Silent Installation of Prerequisite Software" on page 70

This section includes:
> "Available Standalone Components for Windows" on page 80
> "Installing Standalone Components" on page 81

## Available Standalone Components for Windows

The following standalone components are available. To install these components, see "Installing Standalone Components" on page 81.
> HP Load Generator. Instead of installing a Performance Center Host and then configuring it as a load generator, you can install a standalone version of the load generator. This host can behave only as a load generator, unlike the Performance Center host, which can also be configured as a Controller or data processor.

Note: If you know in advance that a particular host machine is to be used as a load generator only, we recommend that you install the standalone Load Generator for the following reasons:

- The installation requires less disk space
- Moving the Load Generator's setup files is less time consuming than moving the setup files of the Performance Center Host
- HP Virtual User Generator. HP Virtual User Generator (VuGen) generates virtual users, or Vusers, by recording actions that typical end-users would perform on your application. VuGen records your actions into automated Vuser scripts which form the foundation of your performance tests.
- HP LoadRunner Analysis. HP Analysis provides graphs and reports with in-depth performance analysis information. Using these graphs and reports, you can pinpoint and identify the bottlenecks in your application and determine what changes need to be made to your system in order to improve its performance.
- MI Listener. The MI Listener is one of the components needed to run Vusers and monitor applications over a firewall. To install, run SetupMIListener.exe. For more information about firewalls in Performance Center, see Part IV, "Working with Firewalls."
- Monitor Over Firewall Agent. Used to monitor servers that are located over a firewall. For more information about firewalls in Performance Center, see Part IV, "Working with Firewalls."


## Installing Standalone Components

This section describes the installation process for standalone components.
To install any of the standalone components:
1 Insert the HP ALM Performance Center Additional Components installation disk (DVD 2) and run the setup (<installation disk root directory> \setup.exe). The setup program displays the installation menu page.

2 Select one of the following options:

- Load Generator. Installs the standalone Load Generator for Windows.
- Virtual User Generator. Installs Standalone VuGen. For more details, see the HP LoadRunner Installation Guide.
- Analysis. Installs Standalone Analysis. For more details, see the HP LoadRunner Installation Guide.
- MI Listener. Installs the MI Listener component. For more details, see the HP LoadRunner Installation Guide.
> Monitor Over Firewall. Installs the Monitor Over Firewall component. For more details, see the HP LoadRunner Installation Guide.

3 MI Listener/Monitor Over Firewall installations only: Follow the instructions in the installation wizard. After installation, the configuration wizard opens, requesting the name of the product you are working with. Select Performance Center.

## Installing the Patch for Standalone Components

This section describes how to install the patch on the standalone applications needed for working with Performance Center (HP Virtual User Generator and HP LoadRunner Analysis, Standalone Load Generator).

To install the patch on standalone components:
To install the patch, on the machine where the application is installed, run the relevant patch installation file (.msp) and follow the onscreen installation and deployment instructions.

## Installing HP Load Generator on Linux

This section describes how to install the HP Load Generator on Linux. It includes the following steps:


## 1 Review system requirements

Before you install the HP Load Generator on a Linux platform, review the system requirements as described in "Linux System Requirements" on page 83.

## 2 Install the HP Load Generator

> You install HP Load Generator using the HP Load Generator Setup Wizard. For more information, see "Running the Linux Load Generator Setup Wizard" on page 87.
> To install the HP Load Generator on Linux silently, see "Silent Installation of the HP Load Generator on Linux" on page 88.

## 3 Configure your environment

Before you can begin working with the load generator you need to configure your environment. This involves setting the appropriate environment variables, checking access to the load generator, and verifying the installation. See "Configuring the Linux Environment" on page 89.

Note: For troubleshooting tasks relating to the setup of the Linux Load Generator, see "Linux Load Generator Troubleshooting" on page 95.

## Linux System Requirements

This section describes the system requirements necessary for installing the HP Load Generator on a Linux platform.

## Hardware Requirements

| Memory (RAM) | 256 MB minimum <br> Note: The exact memory depends on the types of <br> Vuser protocols that are run, and the system under <br> test, and can vary greatly. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Available Hard Disk Space | 500 MB minimum |
| CPU Type | Intel Core, Pentium, AMD or compatible |
| CPU Speed | 1 GHz minimum. 2 GHz or higher recommended |

## Software Requirements

The following table lists the software requirements necessary for installing the 32 -bit or 64 -bit version of HP Load Generator.

| Software | How to install | How to configure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RSH server | yum install rsh-server | 1 Start rsh-server, type chkconfig rsh on. <br> 2 Edit the /etc/xinetd.d/rsh file. Change disable to no. <br> 3 Edit the /etc/securetty file. Add a new line at the top and type rsh. <br> 4 Edit the ~/.rhosts file. Add the PC Server and the Controller FQDN hostnames to the list. Change file permission by running chmod 0600 ~/.rhosts. <br> 5 Edit the /etc/pam.d/rsh file to include auth required pam_rhosts_auth.so promiscuous. <br> 6 Run service xinetd restart to restart the xinetd service. <br> 7 Set C Shell as the default shell by editing the $\sim /$. .profile file. Add the following lines: <br> > set SHELL=/bin/csh <br> > export SHELL |
| RSH | yum install rsh |  |

## Supported Linux Distributions

The following table lists the Linux distributions on which you can install a Linux Load Generator. Both 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the distributions are supported.

Note: The HP Load Generator supports all X Servers.

| Distribution | Version |
| :--- | :--- |
| Red Hat <br> Enterprise Linux | $>$ Red Hat Kernel 5.0 <br> $>$ Red Hat Kernel 6.0 |
| Oracle Enterprise <br> Linux | $>$ Enterprise Linux 5.0 <br> $>$ Enterprise Linux 6.0 <br> $>$ Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel 5.6 <br> $>$ Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel 6.0 |
| Ubuntu Server | $>10.04$ LTS <br> $>12.04$ LTS |
| Amazon Linux | 2012.03 or later |

## Prerequisite Packages for 64-bit Installations

The following table lists the packages that must be installed before installing the 64 -bit version of HP Load Generator.

| Distribution | Prerequisites* | How to check if it is installed | How to install |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Red Hat <br> family <br> including <br> Oracle <br> Linux and <br> Amazon <br> Linux | > glibc.i686 | rpm -qa --qf '\%\{NAME\}.\% \{ARCH\}\n' \| grep -E 'glibcl.(i686|i386)' | yum install <br> <package_name> |
|  | libstdc++.i686 <br> (Oralce Linux 6) <br> libstdc++. 1686 <br> (Redhat Linux 5, <br> Oralce Linux 5) <br> libstdc++47.i686 <br> (Amazon Linux) | ```rpm -qa --qf '%{NAME}.% {ARCH}\n' \| grep -E 'libstdcl+\+ [0-9]*\.(i686|i386)'``` |  |
|  | ncurses-libs.i686 <br> (needed by <br> SecurityConsole) <br> ncurses.i386 <br> (Redhat Linux 5) | rpm -qa --qf '\%\{NAME\}. \% \{ARCH\}\n' \| grep -E 'ncurses(libs)? ?.(i686|i386)' |  |
| Ubuntu Server | > libc6-i386 <br> $\rightarrow$ lib32stdc++6 | > dpkg - libc6-i386 <br> > dpkg - lib32stdc++6 |  |
|  | lib32ncurses5 (needed by SecurityConsole) |  | apt-getinstall <package_name> |

Note: * The prerequisites listed in the table above indicate the naming patterns for the required packages. Actual names may vary depending on the exact system architecture.

## Running the Linux Load Generator Setup Wizard

This section describes how to use the Load Generator Setup Wizard to install the HP Load Generator on a Linux platform.

For details on how to perform a silent installation, see "Silent Installation of the HP Load Generator on Linux" on page 88.

Note: There are two versions of the Load Generator Setup Wizard, a 32-bit version and a 64 -bit version. Make sure that you run the correct version for your Linux installation.
> The 64-bit version checks that the required pre-requisite software is installed on the computer. If any pre-requisite software is missing, a message is displayed, and the setup wizard will abort. Install the required package and then re-run the setup wizard.

- The 32-bit version of the setup wizard does not check that the prerequisite software is installed.

To run the Load Generator Setup Wizard:
1 Change the directory to:
/<installation root directory>/InstData/Linux/VM

2 Use chmod -R a+x to add execute permissions to all files and subfolders in the installation directory.

3 [sh and bash shells] Launch the setup wizard by typing:

```
source ./installer.sh
```

[csh and tcsh shells] Launch the setup wizard by typing:

```
./installer.sh
```

Note: It is recommended that you use the source command to run the setup wizard, as shown above. If you run the setup wizard without using the source command, you must set up the environment variables for the current shell session. For details, see "Setting Environment Variables" on page 90.

Follow the online instructions to install the HP Load Generator.

Note: If you encounter an error during the installation, see "Linux Load Generator Troubleshooting" on page 95 for a possible solution.

4 After you install the load generator, configure your environment as described in "Configuring the Linux Environment" on page 89.

## Silent Installation of the HP Load Generator on Linux

This section describes how to install the HP Load Generator on Linux silently.

To install the HP Load Generator on Linux silently:
1 Change the current directory to the installer directory:

```
cd <path_to_installer_cd>/InstData/Linux/VM
```

2 Run the following command to silent-install the Load Generator:

```
source ./installer.sh -i silent
```

Note: It is recommended that you use the source command to perform the silent installation, as shown above. If you perform the installation without using the source command, you must set up the environmental variables after installing the Load Generator. For details, see "Setting Environment Variables" on page 90.

If you encounter an error during the installation, see "Linux Load Generator Troubleshooting" on page 95 for a possible solution.

By default, the Load Generator will be launched at the end of the installation. If you do not want to automatically launch the Load Generator, run the source command using the following command-line option:

```
source ./installer.sh -i silent -DSTART_PRODUCT _AFTER_
INSTALL=No
```


## Configuring the Linux Environment

This section describes the configuration steps you need to complete before you can begin working with the HP Load Generator on Linux.

## To complete the setup process:

1 Set the appropriate environment variables. See "Setting Environment Variables" on page 90.

Note: If you used the source command to install the Load Generator, the setup wizard automatically sets the appropriate environment variables and there is therefore no need to perform this step.

2 Verify the Load Generator installation. See "Verifying the HP Load Generator Installation on Linux" on page 91.

3 Check that the Controller can access the Load Generator. See "Checking Controller Connection" on page 93.

## Setting Environment Variables

Note: This topic is applicable only if you ran the Load Generator Setup Wizard without using the source command. If you used the source command, there is no need to perform any of the procedures described below.
> To enable the Load Generator to run, the following environment variables must be defined:
> M_LROOT. The location of the Linux Load Generator installation directory.

- PATH. The location of the Linux Load Generator bin directory.
- The Load Generator Setup Wizard performs the following tasks relating to the environment variables:
> Adds the environment variable definitions to the system-wide startup scripts.

If the variable definitions were not correctly set during the setup, see "Linux Load Generator Troubleshooting" on page 95 for possible solutions.

- Sets environment variables for the current shell session if the source command was used to run the setup wizard.

This topic describes how to set the environment variables for the current shell session if the source command was not used to run the setup wizard.
> To determine if environment variables are set, run verify_generator (see "Running verify_generator" on page 92) or use the following command:

```
echo $M_LROOT
```

- If the name of the Load Generator installation folder is returned, then the environment variables are correctly set for current shell. If the name of the Load Generator installation folder is not returned, then manually set the variables as described below.

To manually set the environment variables for the current shell session (if the source command was not used to run the setup wizard), execute one of the following commands:

- Bash users:

```
source <Load Generator installation directory>/env.sh
```

- C Shell users:

```
source <Load Generator installation directory>/env.csh
```


## Verifying the HP Load Generator Installation on Linux

The Load Generator installation includes a setup verification utility, verify_generator, that checks the Load Generator setup on your Linux machine. The verification utility checks environment variables and your startup scripts (/etc/csh. cshrc, \$\{HOME\}/.cshrc or /etc/profile, $\$\{H O M E\} / . p r o f i l e)$ to verify that they are set up correctly.

It is strongly recommended that you run the verify_generator utility after installing the HP Load Generator, before attempting to invoke the Load Generator. For details on how to run the verify_generator utility, see "Running verify_generator" on page 92.

The verify_generator utility checks the following items:

- All the prerequisite software is installed. (This check is performed for 64bit installations only.)
- There are at least 128 file descriptors.
- The .rhosts permissions have been defined properly: -rw-r--r--
- The host can be contacted by using rsh to the host. If not, it checks for the host name in .rhosts.
> M_LROOT is defined.
> .cshrc or .profile defines the correct M_LROOT.
> /etc/csh.cshrc, \$\{HOME\}/.cshrc or /etc/profile, \$\{HOME\}/.profile defines the correct M_LROOT.
> .cshrc or .profile exists in the home directory.
> The current user is the owner of the .cshrc or .profile.
- A Linux Load Generator installation exists in \$M_LROOT.
- The executables have executable permissions.
> PATH contains \$M_LROOT/bin, and /usr/bin.
- The rstatd daemon exists and is running.


## Running verify_generator

It is recommended that you run the verify_generator utility after installing the HP Load Generator, before attempting to invoke the Load Generator. For details on what is checked by the verify_generator utility, see "Verifying the HP Load Generator Installation on Linux" on page 91.

Note: To run this command, you must be a "normal" user and not root user.

## To run the verify_generator utility:

1 From the <load generator installation directory>/bin, run the following command:

```
verify_generator
```

For example:

```
/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator/bin/verify_generator
```

If you want to receive detailed information about the checks you can use the -v option, as follows:

```
verify_generator -v
```

2 View the results.
> If the settings are correct, verify_generator returns OK.
> If they are incorrect, verify_generator returns Failed and a suggestion on how to correct the setup.

## Checking Controller Connection

If the LoadRunner Controller will connect remotely to the Load Generator using rsh (remote shell), you need to make sure that the Load Generator can be remotely accessed by the Controller.

1 On the Load Generator machine, locate the .rhosts file which is located in the user home directory.

2 In the .rhosts file, verify that the Controller is included in the list of machines. If it is not listed, add it to the list.

3 If the Controller still cannot connect to the Load Generator, contact your system administrator.

## Connecting to a Linux Load Generator Without Using rsh

You can configure the Controller to connect to the Load Generator without using rsh. In this case, you need to activate the agent daemon on the Load Generator, as described below.

To connect to a Linux Load Generator without using rsh:
1 On the Linux Load Generator, run the agent daemon by entering the following command from <Load Generator installation directory>/bin:

```
m_daemon_setup -install
```

This runs a daemon called $\mathbf{m}$ _agent_daemon, and if successful, you receive a message: $\mathbf{m}$ _agent_daemon <process ID>.

The agent now keeps running, even if the user is logged off. You can stop the agent by using the command explained in step 9 on page 94 , or by rebooting the machine.

Note: If you look at the $\mathbf{m}$ _agent_daemon[xxx].log log file in the temp directory, you may see communication errors, even if the installation succeeded.

2 In the Controller, select Scenario > Load Generators. The Load Generators dialog box opens.

3 Click Add. The Load Generators dialog box opens.
4 In the Name box, enter the name of the computer on which the Load Generator is running.

5 From the Platform list, select Linux.
6 Click More.
7 Click the Linux Environment tab, and make sure that the Don't use RSH check box is selected.

8 Connect as usual.
9 To stop the agent daemon, run the following command from the <LR_root>/bin directory:
m_daemon_setup -remove

This stops the m_agent_daemon daemon, and if successful, you receive a message: $\mathbf{m}$ _agent_daemon is down.

## Linux Load Generator Troubleshooting

This topic describes troubleshooting tasks relating to the setup of the Linux Load Generator.

## Environment variables were not set correctly in the system-wide startup scripts

To enable the Load Generator to run, the system-wide startup scripts must be modified to set specific environment variables. The required modifications to the startup scripts are made by the Load Generator Setup Wizard. If the startup scripts were not correctly modified during the setup of the Load Generator, you can manually make the required changes to the startup scripts as described below. The required changes differ slightly between C shell users, and Bourne and Korn shell users.

## Solution:

## - Manually modifying the startup scripts for C shell users

During the Load Generator installation process, the setup wizard creates the env.csh script. This script includes the commands to set the required environment variables for $C$ shell users. A sample env.csh script is shown below.

```
setenv PRODUCT_DIR <Load Generator installation directory>
setenv M_LROOT ${PRODUCT_DIR}
if (!$?PATH ) then
setenv PATH ""
endif
setenv PATH ${M_LROOT}/bin:${PATH}"
```

Add the following line to the /etc/csh.cshrc or ~/.cshrc startup script to execute the env.csh script during the shell startup:

```
source <Load Generator installation directory>/env.csh
```

For example:

```
source /opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator/env.csh
```

The effect of making the above modification to the startup script is similar to the modifications that are made by the setup wizard. A sample of the modifications that the setup wizard makes to the /etc/csh.cshrc startup script is shown below:

```
# New environment setting added by HP_LoadGenerator on Wed Jan 30
16:20:10 IST 20132.
# The unmodified version of this file is saved in /etc/.login1557000131.
# Do NOT modify these lines; they are used to uninstall.
setenv PRODUCT_DIR "/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator"
# End comments by InstallAnywhere on Wed Jan 30 16:20:10 IST 20132.
# New environment setting added by HP_LoadGenerator on Wed Jan 30
16:20:10 IST 2013 5.
# The unmodified version of this file is saved in /etc/.login1557000131.
# Do NOT modify these lines; they are used to uninstall.
setenv M_LROOT "/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator"
# End comments by InstallAnywhere on Wed Jan 30 16:20:10 IST 2013 5.
# New environment setting added by HP_LoadGenerator on Wed Jan 30
16:20:10 IST 20138.
# The unmodified version of this file is saved in /etc/.login1557000131.
# Do NOT modify these lines; they are used to uninstall.
if (! $?PATH ) then
setenv PATH ""
endif
setenv PATH "/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator/bin:${PATH}"
# End comments by InstallAnywhere on Wed Jan 30 16:20:10 IST 2013 }8
```


## - Manually modifying the startup scripts for Bourne and Korn shell users

During the Load Generator installation, the setup wizard creates the env.sh script. This script includes commands to set the required environment variables for Bourne shell and Korn shell users.

Add the following line to the /etc/profile or $\sim /$. profile startup script to execute the env.sh script during the shell startup:

```
source <Load Generator installation directory>/env.sh
```

For example:

```
source /opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator/env.sh
```

The effect of making the above modification to the startup script is similar to the modifications that are made by the setup wizard. A sample of the modifications that the setup wizard makes to the /etc/profile startup script is shown below:

```
# New environment setting added by HP_LoadGenerator on Fri Jan 18
11:14:24 IST 2013 }1
# The unmodified version of this file is saved in /etc/profile1806316421.
# Do NOT modify these lines; they are used to uninstall.
PRODUCT_DIR=/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator export PRODUCT_DIR
# End comments by InstallAnywhere on Fri Jan 18 11:14:24 IST 20131.
# New environment setting added by HP_LoadGenerator on Fri Jan 18
11:14:24 IST 2013 4.
# The unmodified version of this file is saved in /etc/profile1806316421.
# Do NOT modify these lines; they are used to uninstall.
M_LROOT=/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator export M_LROOT
# End comments by InstallAnywhere on Fri Jan 18 11:14:24 IST 2013 4.
# New environment setting added by HP_LoadGenerator on Fri Jan 18
11:14:24 IST 2013 }7
# The unmodified version of this file is saved in /etc/profile1806316421.
# Do NOT modify these lines; they are used to uninstall.
PATH="/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator/bin:${PATH}"
export PATH
# End comments by InstallAnywhere on Fri Jan 18 11:14:24 IST 2013
7. LoadRunner settings #PATH=${M_LROOT}/bin:$PATH; export PATH
```


## Error when installing the Load Generator on a Linux platform

When you use the source installer.sh command to install the Load Generator [version 11.52] on a Linux machine on which the Load Generator [version 11.52] was previously installed, you may receive the following error message: "An error occurred while trying to manage the selected instance."

## Solution:

1 Open the registry file /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml and locate the element "product" with attribute "name"="HP_LoadGenerator".

For example: <product name="HP_LoadGenerator" id="77f695c1-1f0c-11b2-883dc486a85f6555" version="11.52.0.0" copyright="2012" info_url="http://www.hp.com" support_url="http://www.hp.com" location="/opt/HP/HP_LoadGenerator" last_modified="2013-01-21 13:12:14">

2 Record the value of the location attribute.
3 Remove the entire directory that is referred to by the location attribute.
4 Delete the registry file /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml.
5 Rerun the source installer.sh command.

## Environment variables are not removed after uninstalling the Load Generator

When you uninstall the Load Generator, the Load Generator environment variables (M_LROOT, PRODUCT_DIR and PATH) may not be removed for the current shell.

## Solution:

To remove the environment variables, close the current shell session and invoke a new one, or manually unset the variables using the unset command.

## Unable to run Vusers on the Load Generator

If you are unable to run Vusers on the Load Generator, no specific error is reported, and the Vuser protocol requires a third-party application or client to be present on Load Generator side, check the dynamic libraries used by the application. This will enable you to establish if any shared objects cannot be found. A shared object that cannot be found may indicate either a missing prerequisite package or an environment variable issue.

## Solution:

To check the dynamic libraries used by an application, type:

Idd application_name
For example, type Idd mdrv to determine if all the dependencies of the mdrv executable can be found. If any dependencies are not found, run verify_generator as described in "Running verify_generator" on page 92.

Note: If you are running Vusers for a protocol that requires a client installation (for example, Oracle), make sure that the path for the client libraries is included in the dynamic library path environment variable (LD_LIBRARY_PATH or SHLIB_PATH).

## Installing Additional Components

You can install additional components that provide advanced features for working with Performance Center. You install these components from the Additional Components directory, located in the root directory of the installation disk. The following components are available:

| Component | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agent for Citrix Server | Installs an optional component on the server <br> machine that enhances VuGen's capabilities in <br> identifying Citrix client objects. |
| Agent for Microsoft <br> Terminal Server. | Used for extended RDP protocol record-replay. This <br> component runs on the server side, and is used to <br> create and run enhanced RDP scripts. |
| Assembly Crawler for <br> Analysis API | Installs a command-line utility to build a .NET <br> configuration file for a LoadRunner Analysis API <br> application. For more information, refer to the <br> Analysis API Reference. |
| HP Diagnostics Mediator | Gathers and correlates offline transaction data for <br> the ERP/CRM diagnostics modules. |
| HP Performance Validation <br> SDK | Provides the tools to create a custom protocol for <br> running performance tests on a previously <br> unsupported application. For more information, <br> see the HP Performance Validation SDK Developer's <br> Guide. |
| IDE Add-ins | Installs a component that enables you to create <br> and run scripts written in your standard <br> development environment, in the application's <br> native language. Select an add-in from the IDE <br> Add-ins directory, and run the add-in's executable <br> file. |
| LRTCPDump | A trace file containing a log of all TCP traffic over <br> the network. Using a sniffer application, you <br> obtain a dump of all of the network traffic. The <br> sniffer captures all of the events on the network <br> and saves them to a capture file. |


| Component | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mobile Sniffer Agent | The sniffer captures all of the events on the network and saves them to a capture file. |
| Monitor Probe for Microsoft COM+ Server Components | Configures the server machine for $\mathrm{COM}+$ monitoring. |
| MQ Tester | Installs a component on the VuGen machine to generate scripts that load IBM MQ Series. |
| SAP Tools | The following SAP tools are available: <br> SAPGUI Spy. Helps examine the hierarchy of GUI Scripting objects on open windows of SAPGUI Client for Windows. To install the SAPGUI Spy component, copy the three files mscomctl.ocx, Msflxgrd.ocx, and msvbvm60.dII from the SAP_Tools $\backslash$ SapGuiSpy $\backslash$ System32VBdIls directory to your C: $\backslash$ WINNT $\backslash$ system 32 directory, and register the files. To register each file, select Run from the Windows Start menu and type: regsvr32 <File name>. Run SapSpy.exe from the SAP_Tools directory. <br> SAPGUI Verify Scripting. Helps you verify whether the SAPGUI Scripting API is enabled. To install the Verify Scripting component, run VerifyScripting.exe from the SAP_Tools\VerifySAPGUI directory. <br> Verify RFC User. Determines whether the SAP user you specified to connect to the SAP system has permissions to invoke the required RFC functions necessary for working with SAP Diagnostics. To install the Verify RFC User component, copy RFCFunctionsCollection.dII from the Verify RFC User directory to your local hard drive. Then register the file by selecting Run from the Windows Start menu and typing: regsvr32 RFCFunctionsCollection.dII. In the Verify RFC User directory, load AddMTSDestinationsFolder.reg by doubleclicking the file. Then run VerifyRFCUser.exe. |


| Component | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Snapshot Viewer | The Snapshot Viewer enables you to view <br> snapshot-on-error pages captured from Web Vusers <br> during performance test runs. The viewer displays <br> snapshots from files with .SOE and .INF extensions. <br> A Snapshot on Error (.SOE) file is a zipped file <br> containing one or more snapshots in .INF format. <br> To install, run <br> \Applications $\backslash$ SetupSnapshotViewer.exe. |
| WebtrendsExporter | This tool enables you to export Webtrends data <br> (Data Extraction API) into a PAL data set file. <br> Run \Additional Components $\backslash$ WebtrendsExporter <br> \WebtrendsExporter.exe. Enter the Webtrends <br> host name, user name (must have permissions to <br> access Data Extraction API), and password. Click <br> Login. In the Webtrends Data Extractor, select the <br> Webtrends profile. Set the date and time for <br> exporting the file. Click Export Dataset. |
| WinPcap | Installs the WinPcap utility. WinPcap allows the <br> user to capture network traffic into a file for later <br> analysis. WinPcap is used in the Server Side <br> Recording feature in the VuGen Web Services <br> protocol. For more details on WinPcap, see. <br> http://www.winpcap.org/. |

## Updating Lab Management Projects to the Latest Patch

If you are upgrading from HP ALM Performance Center 11.50 to the latest patch, ALM automatically updates your Lab Management project to the latest patch. For more details, see the "Upgrading Projects to a New Version" chapter in the HP Application Lifecycle Management Administrator Guide.

## Repairing the Performance Center Installation

If you have errors in your original Performance Center installation, such as missing or corrupt files, shortcuts and registry entries, you can repair them using the Performance Center Setup Wizard.

To repair your Performance Center installation:
1 Insert the Performance Center installation disk into your disk drive.
2 From the Windows Control Panel, open the Add/Remove Programs dialog box.

3 Select HP Performance Center <component> from the list of currently installed programs and click Change. The Performance Center Setup Wizard opens, displaying the Welcome page. Click Next.

4 On the Maintenance Type page that opens, select Repair.
Click Next and follow the instructions in the wizard to complete the repair process.

## Uninstalling Performance Center Components

This section describes how to uninstall Performance Center components from Windows and UNIX machines.

## Uninstalling the Performance Center Server and Hosts

You can uninstall Performance Center servers and hosts using the Performance Center Setup Wizard or using the silent commands.

To uninstall Performance Center components using the setup wizard:
1 From the Windows Control Panel, open the Add/Remove Programs dialog box.

2 From the list of currently installed programs, select HP Performance Center and click Remove.

3 Follow the instructions in the wizard to complete the uninstall process.
To uninstall Performance Center components silently:
> Run the applicable command from the command line.
> Performance Center Server:

```
msiexec/uninstall
"<Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\Install\Server\PCServer.msi" /qnb
```


## Performance Center Host:

```
msiexec/uninstall
"<Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\Install\Host\PCHost_x64.msi" /qnb
Or
msiexec/uninstall
"<Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\Setup\Install\Host\ PCHost_x86" /qnb
```


## Uninstalling the HP Load Generator from Linux

You can use the Load Generator Setup Wizard to uninstall the HP Load Generator, as described below. Note that the last step in the procedure enables you to perform either a regular uninstall or a silent uninstall.

## To uninstall the HP Load Generator from Linux:

1 Make sure that you are logged in as the same user who installed the HP Load Generator.

2 Change the current directory to the installation directory:
cd <path_to_installation_folder>/_HP_LoadGenerator_Installation

3 Run the following command, and then follow the instructions in the wizard to uninstall the HP Load Generator:

```
sh ./Change_HP_LoadGenerator_Installation
```

To perform a silent uninstall, run the following command:

```
sh ./Change_HP_LoadGenerator_Installation -i silent
```

Chapter 2 • Installing HP ALM Performance Center

## 3

## Post Installation Verification

This section describes how to verify that the installation of the Performance Center Server and hosts was successful. The environment for this process should be a staging environment, including a Performance Center Server and two to three Performance Center hosts.

Note: You can run a full validation on your ALM-Performance Center system from Lab Management, in the System Health module's System Check tab. For more details, see the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.

## This chapter includes:

- Administrator Workflow on page 107
> Performance Tester Workflow on page 111


## Administrator Workflow

This section describes the workflow for the Performance Center administrator.

## 1 Log on to Site Administration.

a Open the Web browser and type the ALM URL http://<ALM platform server>[<:port number>]/qcbin.

The ALM Options window opens.
b Click Site Administration, enter the user name and password of a Site Administrator, and click Login.

## 2 Create a project administrator user.

a In Site Administration, select the Site Users tab and click New User. The New User dialog box opens.
b Enter the details of the project administrator user, and click OK.
c Select the user, click Password, enter the password, and click OK.

## 3 Create a domain.

a In Site Administration, select the Site Projects tab and click Create Domain. The Create Domain dialog box opens.
b Enter a name for the new domain, and click OK.
4 Create a new project.
In the Site Projects tab, select the domain you just created, and click Create Project. Follow the steps to create the project. When prompted:
a Add the project administrator user you created above to the Selected Project Administrators list.
b HP ALM (consolidated license): Select ALM Lab Extension.
5 Assign more project administrators to the project - optional.
a Click the Site Projects tab.
b In the Projects list on the left, select the project you created.
c In the right pane, click the Project Users tab.
d Add another user, and select Project Administrator.

## 6 Log on to Lab Management.

a Open the Web browser and type the ALM URL http://<ALM platform server>[<:port number>]/qcbin.

The ALM Options window opens.
b Click Lab Management, enter the user name and password of a Site Administrator, and click Login.

7 Verify the Performance Center configuration.
On the Lab Management sidebar:
> Under Servers, select PC Servers and verify that the Performance Center Server is listed.

- Under Performance Center, select PC Licenses and verify the license details.

For more details, see "Configuring Performance Center in Lab Management" on page 65.

## 8 Define additional hosts for the staging environment.

For the staging environment, you should have two to three Performance Center hosts, where at least one host purpose is configured as Controller, and at least one host purpose is configured as Load Generator.

Note: When adding hosts, fields in red marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory. Make sure to include the operating system type, and the purpose of the host. For more details, see the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.
a In Lab Management, under Lab Resources, select Hosts.
b Click the New Testing Host button. The New Host dialog box opens, enabling you to define the host details.

## 9 Create host pools.

a In Lab Management, under Lab Resources, select Pools.
b Click the New Host Pool button. The New Host Pool dialog box opens, enabling you to define a new host pool.
c In the Host Pools module, right-click the new host pool and select Host Pools Details.
d In the Host Pool Details dialog box, select Linked Hosts, and click the Add Hosts to Pool button.
e In the Add Hosts to Pools dialog box, select the hosts to add to the pool, and click Add. The hosts are added to the pool.

10 Define project settings.
a In Lab Management, select Project Settings.
b Right-click the project and select Project Settings Details. In the Project Settings Details dialog box, define the project's settings. In particular, set the Vuser limit, Host limit, and Concurrent run limit. Also, select the host pool you created above for the project.

## Performance Tester Workflow

This section describes the workflow for the Performance Center tester.

## 1 Log on to a Performance Center project.

Log on to the project you created in the administration workflow with the user credentials you created.

2 Create a monitor profile.

Note: The monitor profile is selected for a performance test when you design the test.
a On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Resources.
b Click the New Resources Folder button and specify a name for the folder.
c In the tree, right-click the new folder, and select New Resource.
d In the New Resource dialog box, in the Type box, select Monitor Profile, and give the profile a name.
e In the tree, select the new monitor profile, and in the right pane, click the Monitors Configuration tab.
f Click the Add Monitor button.
g In the Add New Monitors dialog box, select the monitor that you want to add to the profile. The relevant Edit Monitor dialog box opens.
h Enter the details of the server to be monitored, and select the counters that you want to monitor.

## 3 Create a topology.

Note: The topology is selected for a performance test when you design the test.

You can create a topology that graphically displays the logical components that make up the application under test (AUT) and the relationships between the components.

This provides a useful method for managing your inventory of AUT hosts and enables topology-oriented monitoring and analysis.
a On the ALM sidebar, under Performance Center, select Topologies.
b Click the New Topology button. The New Topology dialog box opens.
c Enter the topology details. If you want to add SiteScope monitors to the topology, specify the SiteScope server details. Click OK. The Topology Designer window opens.
d (Optional) Define your AUT hosts. For each host, click the New AUT Host button on the toolbar, and enter the AUT host's details. These hosts are automatically added to your project's AUT host pool.

Note: An AUT host pool is created automatically as soon as you add an AUT host.
e From the palette on the left, select relevant server/component nodes for your topology, and drag them onto the Topology canvas.
f To connect two nodes, click one node and drag the mouse to another node.
g (Optional) For each node, select the node and enter the relevant properties in the Properties pane in the top-right corner of the Topology Designer.
h To configure a SiteScope monitor on a node, select the node and click the Configure Monitors button. The Configure Monitors dialog box opens.
i Create a new SiteScope monitor: Define the monitor type, the instance (where necessary), and the data collection interval.

Note: If an AUT host is assigned to the node, it is passed to SiteScope as a remote host and inserted as a default monitored server for all monitors created on the node.
j Click Save and Close to save the topology.

## 4 Create a performance test.

You create performance tests in the Test Plan module.
a On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Plan.
b Click the New Folder button, and specify a name for the folder.
c In the tree, right-click the new folder and select New Test.
d In the New Test dialog box, in the Type box, select Performance Test, and enter a name for the test.

## 5 Upload Vuser scripts.

You can upload Vuser scripts either directly from VuGen or from within the Test Plan module.

## Note:

- You select scripts for a performance test when you design the test.
- When uploading a script in the Test Plan module, the script must be zipped and must be saved locally.

To upload scripts in the Test Plan module:
a On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Plan module.
b Click the Upload VuGen Script button.
c In the Upload Scripts dialog box, in the Select Folder box, select the folder you created in step 4 above as the location to save the script.
d In the Select Scripts fields, click Select to navigate to the location of the scripts. You can upload five scripts at a time.
e Click Upload.

## 6 Design the performance test.

The following steps guide you through designing a performance test with a basic workload, using default settings. Some options and steps may vary if you change any of the default settings.
a Open the Performance Test Designer.
On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Plan. In the tree, rightclick the test that you created above, and select Edit Test. The Performance Test Designer window opens, displaying the Workload tab.
b Select a workload.
In the Workload Types dialog box, select the default workload type: Basic Schedule, by test, by number.

## c Assign a Controller.

By default, a dedicated Automatch Controller is selected.

[^3]d Add Vuser scripts.
Click the Select Scripts button. The scripts you uploaded are displayed in the Scripts Tree in the right pane. Select scripts for the test, and click the left arrow button to add them to the test. A Vuser group is created for each script, with a default of 10 Vusers.
e Distribute load generators among the Vuser groups.
In the LG Distribution box, keep the default selection, Assign all to each group, and in the LG box, enter the desired number of load generators to be assigned to each group-enter 1.
f Define a test schedule.
In the Global Scheduler pane, keep the default scheduler actions or modify them as desired. The available scheduler actions are:
> Initialize. Instructs the Scheduler to prepare the Vusers so that they are ready to run.

- Start Vusers. Instructs the Scheduler to start running the Vusers.
> Duration. Instructs the Scheduler to continue running the current action for the specified amount of time.
- Stop Vusers. Instructs the Scheduler to stop the running Vusers.

Tip: The schedule graph on the right of the Scheduler pane provides a graphical representation of the schedule actions defined in the Actions grid.

## g Select monitor profiles.

Click the Monitors tab and click Add Monitor Profile. The defined monitor profiles are displayed in the Monitor Profiles Tree in the right pane. Select monitor profiles for the test, and click the left arrow button to add them to the Monitor Profiles grid.

## h Select a topology.

Click the Topology tab and click Select Topology. The topology you created earlier appears in the Topologies Tree in the right pane. Select the topology, and click the left arrow button to select it for the test.
i Save the test.
When you are finished designing the test, click Save. A message is displayed in the bottom-left corner of the Performance Test Designer window. Verify that the test was saved without errors and is valid.

## 7 Add the test to a test set.

a On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Lab.
b Click the New Folder button. Specify a name for the folder.
c In the tree, right-click the new folder, and select New Test Set. The New Test Set dialog box opens.
d Enter a name for the test set, and in the Type box, select Performance.
e In the tree, select the new test set, and in the right pane, click the Execution Grid tab.
f Click Select Tests. The performance tests defined in the Test Plan module are displayed on the right, under the Test Plan Tree tab. Select the desired test and drag it to the execution grid.

## 8 Reserve a timeslot for the test.

Decide on a time in the future to run the test, and reserve a timeslot to ensure that the required resources are available.
a Under Testing, select Timeslots.
b In the Timeslots module calendar view, click the New Timeslot button. The Timeslot Reservation dialog box opens.
c Define the following information:
> Name. Enter a name for the timeslot.

- Start Time. Enter a start time for the timeslot.
- Duration. Set the duration for the performance test.
- Test. Navigate to the test set you created above, and link the test instance to the timeslot. The number of Vusers and the hosts (Controller and load generators) defined in the test are displayed under Vusers and Requested Hosts respectively.
> Vusers. You can reserve more Vusers in addition to those defined for the test.
d To set the test to start running at the beginning of the timeslot, select Autostart.
e (Optional) Click Add Automatch Host or Add Specific Host to reserve additional load generators for the timeslot. There must be a Controller and at least one load generator requested for the timeslot.
f Click Calculate Availability. ALM calculates the availability of the requested resources during the selected timeslot. The result of this calculation is displayed in the Timeslot Status tab, as well as graphically on the time chart.

If the timeslot cannot be reserved, reselect your resources taking into account the reasons displayed in the Timeslot Status tab.
g If the requested resources are available, click Submit to save the timeslot.

## 9 Run the test.

a Under Testing, select Test Plan.
b Right-click the test in the tree, and select Run Test. The Select Timeslot dialog box opens, displaying available timeslots for running the test, including the timeslot you created above.

Note: If no timeslot was reserved in the Timeslots module, the Select Timeslot dialog box can be used to create one.
c Select a timeslot in the grid and click Run.

Note: Running a test directly from the Test Plan module should only be used as a shortcut option, and not as a complete test execution method. The Test Lab module is specifically designed to manage test execution, and it is recommended to always first add the test to a test set before considering using the shortcut provided. The main purpose of the shortcut is to enable running previously designed tests without having to return each time to the Test Lab module.

## 10 Track existing performance test runs.

Under Testing, select Test Lab, and click the Test Runs tab. In this tab, you can track the state of existing test runs, as well as perform other post-run actions, such as collate, analyze, recalculate the SLA, and generate and view HTML reports.

## 4

## Performance Center Configuration Options

The Performance Center system comes with default configuration settings. These settings enable you to use Performance Center for its intended purpose. This chapter describes additional tuning and configuration to help you get the most out of your Performance Center system.

Note: Not all the procedures in this chapter are suitable for all usage scenarios. You should assess which procedures are suitable to your system's needs.

## This chapter includes:

- Configuring Host Security Settings on page 120
> Configuration for Windows XP Professional on page 121
> Configuring IIS on Performance Center Machines to Use SSL on page 122
- Working with Performance Center Agent on page 129
- Configuration for HP Load Generator (Linux) on page 131
- Establishing Connectivity with Oracle on page 133
- Enabling Downloading Standalone Applications on page 134
> Enabling MS-SQL Windows Authentication on page 137


## Configuring Host Security Settings

The need to secure communication channels from hackers attacking the corporate networks is critical. The ability to secure communication channels ensures confidentiality, integrity, and the user's authenticity within the scope of the testing application.

Secure communication is established between Performance Center hosts using a security key. This security key must be defined on each host. Then, as long there is one host with security enforced, secure channels can be established between that host and other hosts.

You configure initial security settings locally on the host using the Host Security Setup utility. To run this utility, on the host machine select Start > Program Files > Performance Center Host > Tools > Host Security Setup.

Another utility, the Host Security Manager, which is installed on the Performance Center Server machine, can be used to remotely and simultaneously update security settings on all the hosts. You can use the Host Security Manager to:

- Update the security key of all the hosts in the system simultaneously.
> Change the mode of security on selected hosts. That is, you can enforce selected hosts to communicate over secure channels, or allow selected hosts to communicate over non-secure channels.

Note: Initial security settings must be set locally on each host using the Host Security Setup utility. After that, the Host Security Manager utility can be used to update security settings on all of the hosts.

For more information about configuring secure host communication, see the HP ALM Performance Center Guide.

## Configuration for Windows XP Professional

If you are running Windows XP, the Windows Firewall is turned on by default. The firewall does not allow Performance Center components to function as designed and must be turned off on all host machines on which the upload/download features are used.

Note: Turning off the Windows Firewall increases the risk to your computer's security.

To turn off the Windows Firewall:
1 Select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Security Center (not in Advanced look of Control Panel).

2 Click Windows Firewall.
3 In the General tab select Off.

For each process that needs the firewall, you can unblock the process by:
> clicking the unblock button in the popup window that indicates that the program needs it
> tuning the Windows Firewall manually from the Exceptions tab

## Configuring IIS on Performance Center Machines to Use SSL

IIS (Microsoft Internet Information Server) is a prerequisite software for the Performance Center Servers. You can configure the IIS Performance Center virtual directories (PCS and LoadTest) to use SSL (Secure Socket Layer).

This section describes how to configure IIS Performance Center virtual directories to use SSL.

## Before You Configure IIS

IIS uses port 443 to work over SSL. However, certain Performance Center components may also be configured to use this port. Therefore, you need to ensure that port 443 is available to be used by IIS and configure these Performance Center components to use a port other than 443.

Note: The Remote Management agent may be configured to use port 443.

## Changing the Port on the Remote Management Agent

On all Performance Center Server machines, you need to change the port being used by the Remote Management agent for over firewall communication.

To change the port on the Remote Management agent:
1 On the Performance Center Server machine, open <Performance Center Server installation directory>\al_agent $\backslash$ dat $\backslash$ mdrv.dat in a text editor.
2 In the [launcher] section add the following line:
OFWPort=<port_number>
where <port_number> is the port you want to open. Enter a number other than 443.

3 In the same directory, open the file channel_configure.dat in a text editor.

4 In the [General] section add the following line:
OFWPort=<port_number>
where <port_number> is the port you want to open. Enter the same number that you entered in step 2.

5 Restart the Remote Management agent service for the configuration changes to take effect. To restart the service, select Start > Run and type services.msc. The Services dialog box opens. Locate the service RemoteManagement Agent Service and restart it.

## Configuring IIS to Work Over SSL

This section describes the basic steps involved in setting up IIS on the Performance Center Server machine to use SSL.

To configure IIS to use SSL on the Performance Center Server machine:
1 Create the SSL certificate.
2 Install the certificate you created onto the relevant machine that you are configuring for SSL.

3 Install the certificate on the Performance Center Server that needs to communicate with the relevant machine that you are configuring for SSL.

The certificate should appear in the Microsoft Management Console under Certificates (Local Computer) $>$ Trusted Root Certification.

Note: For more information about how to configure IIS with SSL, see http://support.microsoft.com/

## Configure IIS to Support Internal Communication

The following steps must be performed to enable secure internal communication on the Performance Center Server and Hosts.

## To support internal communication on the Performance Center Server:

1 Configure IIS to support SSL on port 443 as described above.
2 Edit the web.config file located in the following path: <install path> 2 PCS
a Under the <system.servicemodel><services> tag, there are six areas where the following comment appears: Uncomment to enable SSL. Uncomment the XML lines which appear thereafter. For example:

Before:

```
<!- Uncomment to enable SSL ->
<!-- endpoint binding="basicHttpBinding"
bindingConfiguration="BasicHttpBinding_TransportSecurity"
contract="HP.PC.PCS.ILabService">
<identity><dns value="localhost"/></identity>
</endpoint -->
```

After:

```
<!-- Uncomment to enable SSL -->
<endpoint binding="basicHttpBinding"
bindingConfiguration="BasicHttpBinding_TransportSecurity"
contract="HP.PC.PCS.ILabService">
<identity><dns value="localhost"/></identity>
</endpoint>
```

b Under the <system.servicemodel><behaviors> tag, there are six areas where the httpsGetEnabled parameter is set to false. Change each one so that the parameter is set to true. For example:

Before:

```
<serviceMetadata httpGetEnabled="true" httpsGetEnabled="false" />
```

After:

```
<serviceMetadata httpGetEnabled="true" httpsGetEnabled="true" />
```

3 Add the Performance Center Server to ALM and define the Internal URL to connect through port 443. The URL must begin with https.

To support internal communication on a host:
1 Configure SSL on the host for port 8731. For details, refer to the Microsoft Web Site: How To Configure a Port with an SSL Certificate, using the following URL: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms733791.aspx.

2 Edit the LtopSvc.exe.config file located in the following path: <install path $>\backslash$ bin
a Under the <system.servicemodel><bindings><basicHttpBinding> tag, there are two areas where the following comment appears:
Uncomment to enable SSL. Uncomment the XML lines which appear thereafter. For example:

Before:

```
<binding name="BasicHttpBinding_ILoadTestingService"
closeTimeout="00:10:00"
        openTimeout="00:01:00" receiveTimeout="00:20:00"
sendTimeout="00:10:00"
        allowCookies="false" bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
        maxBufferSize="2147483647" maxBufferPoolSize="2147483647"
maxReceivedMessageSize="2147483647"
        messageEncoding="Text" textEncoding="utf-8" transferMode="Buffered"
        useDefaultWebProxy="true">
        <readerQuotas maxDepth="2147483647"
maxStringContentLength="2147483647" maxArrayLength="2147483647"
    maxBytesPerRead="2147483647"
maxNameTableCharCount="2147483647" />
    <!-- Uncomment to enable SSL -->
    <!--<security mode="Transport">
        <transport clientCredentialType="None"/>
        </security>-->
    </binding>
```

After:

```
<binding name="BasicHttpBinding_ILoadTestingService"
closeTimeout="00:10:00"
    openTimeout="00:01:00" receiveTimeout="00:20:00"
sendTimeout="00:10:00"
    allowCookies="false" bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
    maxBufferSize="2147483647" maxBufferPoolSize="2147483647"
maxReceivedMessageSize="2147483647"
    messageEncoding="Text" textEncoding="utf-8" transferMode="Buffered"
    useDefaultWebProxy="true">
    <readerQuotas maxDepth="2147483647"
maxStringContentLength="2147483647" maxArrayLength="2147483647"
    maxBytesPerRead="2147483647"
maxNameTableCharCount="2147483647" />
    <!-- Uncomment to enable SSL -->
    <security mode="Transport">
    <transport clientCredentialType="None"/>
    </security>
    </binding>
```

b Under the <system.servicemodel><services> tag, switch between the non-secured and secured endpoints and base addresses. For example:

Before:

```
<endpoint contract="HP.PC.LTOP.Services.ILoadTestingService"
address="LoadTestingService" name="basicHttp" binding="basicHttpBinding"
bindingConfiguration="BasicHttpBinding_ILoadTestingService"/>
    <!-- Use the first endpoint for regular communication and the second
endpoint for SSL
    <endpoint contract="IMetadataExchange" binding="mexHttpBinding"
name="mex" />
    <!--<endpoint contract="IMetadataExchange" binding="mexHttpsBinding"
name="mex" />-->
    <host>
        <baseAddresses>
        <!-- Use the first address for regular communication and the second
address for SSL
        <add baseAddress="http://localhost:8731/LTOP/LoadTestingService"/>
        <!--<add
baseAddress="https://localhost:8731/LTOP/LoadTestingService"/>-->
    </baseAddresses>
    </host>
    </service>
```

After:

```
<service name="HP.PC.LTOP.Services.LoadTestingService"
behaviorConfiguration="CommonBasicHTTPBehavior">
    <endpoint contract="HP.PC.LTOP.Services.ILoadTestingService"
address="LoadTestingService" name="basicHttp" binding="basicHttpBinding"
bindingConfiguration="BasicHttpBinding_ILoadTestingService"/>
    <!-- Use the first endpoint for regular communication and the second
endpoint for SSL -->
    <!-- <endpoint contract="IMetadataExchange" binding="mexHttpBinding"
name="mex" />-->
    <endpoint contract="IMetadataExchange" binding="mexHttpsBinding"
name="mex" />
    <host>
        <baseAddresses>
        <!-- Use the first address for regular communication and the second
address for SSL -->
        <!--<add
baseAddress="http://localhost:8731/LTOP/LoadTestingService"/>-->
        <add baseAddress="https://localhost:8731/LTOP/LoadTestingService"/>
        </baseAddresses>
    </host>
    </service>
```

c Under the
<system.servicemodel><behaviors><serviceBehaviors><behaviorname ="CommonBasicHTTPBehavior" $>$ tag, change the httpGetEnabled parameter to false, and the httpsGetEnabled parameter to true. For example:

Before:
<serviceMetadata httpGetEnabled="true" httpsGetEnabled="false" />

After:
<serviceMetadata httpGetEnabled="false" httpsGetEnabled="true" />

3 Restart Windows on the host.

4 On the Performance Center Server, edit the PCS.config file, located in the <install path>\dat path, as follows: Change the value of the ItoplsSecured parameter to true. For example:

Before:
<PCSSettings ItopPortNumber="8731" ItoplsSecured="false" StartRunMaxRetry="3" DataProcessorPendingTimeoutMinutes="2880"/>

After:
<PCSSettings ItopPortNumber="8731" ItopIsSecured="true"
StartRunMaxRetry="3" DataProcessorPendingTimeoutMinutes="2880"/>

5 Restart IIS on the Performance Center Server.

## Working with Performance Center Agent

The Performance Center Agent runs on the Load Generators and enables communication between the Controller, Load Generators, and MI Listeners (in over firewall configurations). The agent receives instructions from the Controller to initialize, run, pause, and stop Vusers. At the same time, the agent also relays data on the status of the Vusers back to the Controller.

To check the agent's current configuration, move your mouse over the Agent's icon in the Task Bar area, and read the description. The description will display either Performance Center Agent Service or Performance Center Agent Process.

## Running the Performance Center Agent as a Process

In some cases, such as SAPGUI replay, running GUI Vusers on remote machines, or terminal sessions, the Performance Center Agent must run as a process.

To change the Performance Center Agent from a service to a process:
> On the host machine, select Start > Programs > HP Software > HP Performance Center Host > Tools > Performance Center Runtime Settings Configuration, and select Manual log in to this machine.

## Running the Performance Center Agent as a Service

In most cases, the Performance Center Agent runs as a service.
To change the Performance Center Agent from a process to a service:
> On the host machine, select Start > Programs > HP Software > HP Performance Center Host > Tools > Performance Center Runtime Settings Configuration, and select Allow virtual users to run on this machine without user login, and enter a valid user name and password.

## Configuring the Agent on Load Generator Machines

When working with protocols that use network files or Web protocol Vusers that access the Internet through a proxy server, the Load Generator agent must have network privileges. Note that the default user created by Performance Center, IUSR_METRO, does not have network privileges.

By default, the agent runs as a service on the Load Generator machines. You can either run the agent as a process or you can continue running the agent as a service. To continue running it as a service, configure it to run the session using the local system account or another user account with network access privileges.

## Running SAPGUI Vusers

To run SAPGUI Vusers on a remote host, make sure of the following:
> The Performance Center agent is configured to run as a process (as described in "Running the Performance Center Agent as a Process" on page 129).

- A user with administrative privileges is logged on to the host machine during run-time.


## Mapping Network Drives when Running Agent as Service

For all Windows platforms, when the user is logged off, the service cannot resolve the mapping of network drives. For Windows XP, the service also cannot resolve the mapping of network drives when the user is logged on.

In cases when the service cannot work with mapped network drives, use the full path to the directory, for example, <l|<machine-name>|<directory>1>.

## Configuration for HP Load Generator (Linux)

You can increase the number of file descriptors, process entries, and amount of swap space by configuring the kernel, as described in this section.

This section includes recommendations for improving Load Generator performance. This section includes:
> "Increasing File Descriptors" on page 131
> "Increasing Process Entries" on page 132
> "Increasing Swap Space" on page 133

## Increasing File Descriptors

A Load Generator uses the following File Descriptor resources:
> 14 file descriptors for the launch service
> 20 file descriptors for the agent

- 30 file descriptors for each Vuser driver. By default, there is a driver for every 50 Vusers.
> File descriptors for the running Vusers. Each Vuser requires two descriptors.

For example, to compute the number of file descriptors used in running 100 threaded Vusers, the Load Generator requires:

| 14 | for the launcher |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20 | for the agent |
| 60 | for 2 drivers (30 x 2, each one drives 50 Vusers) |
| 200 | for 100 Vusers (each Vuser requires 2) |

Total: 294 File Descriptors
If Vusers are run as processes instead of threads, one driver is run per Vuser. Therefore, each Vuser requires 30 file descriptors.

The procedure to increase the number of file descriptors differs between shells.

In these examples, the number of descriptors is increased to the maximum of 1024 .

- For sh and ksh users, type:

```
ulimit -n 1024
```

- For csh users type:
limit descriptors 1024

The following section describes some alternate procedures to increase file descriptors on Linux operating systems. In these examples, the number of descriptors is increased to the maximum of 8192.

To increase file descriptors on Linux operating systems:
1 Add the following line to the /etc/security/limits.conf file:
hard nfile 8192

2 Add the following line to the /etc/sysctl.comf file:

```
fs.file-max = 8192
```

3 Reboot the machine.

## Increasing Process Entries

Each Vuser requires several free process entries. To increase the number of process entries on your system, you must reconfigure the kernel.

This section describes how to reconfigure the kernel for Linux.
1 Locate the /etc/security/limits.conf file.
2 Set the maximum number of processes in the limits file. Type:
hard nproc 8192

3 Reboot the machine.

## Increasing Swap Space

Each Vuser requires swap space ranging from 200 KB to 4 MB . Before adding space to your system configuration, you should determine your paging requirements. For environments running programs with very large memory requirements, it is recommended to have paging space of four times the physical memory. If you do not have enough paging space, certain processes may be killed, and others will be unable to start.

## Establishing Connectivity with Oracle

When working with Oracle, ensure that the Oracle client is installed on the same machine as the Performance Center Server and that connectivity is established with the Oracle Server.

The tnsnames.ora file located on the Performance Center Server (for example: .. \oracle $\backslash$ product $\backslash 10.2 .0 \backslash$ client_1 $\backslash$ NETWORK $\backslash$ ADMIN $\backslash$ tnsnames.ora) must contain a TNS entry for the source and target database servers. This entry can be copied from the tnsnames.ora file on the Oracle server to the Oracle client machine.

For example, for the Oracle database instance, ALMInst, the tnsnames.ora file, should contain the following entry:

```
ALMInst =
    (DESCRIPTION =
        (ADDRESS_LIST =
        (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = <db_host>)(PORT = 1521))
    )
    (CONNECT_DATA =
        (SERVICE_NAME = ALMInst)
    )
    )t
```

To test that the TNS name entry is properly configured:
1 On the Performance Center Server machine, open a command prompt.

2 Type:
sqlplus <user/password>@<instancename>
where <instancename> is the name of the current instance.
3 Verify that you are successfully connected to the Oracle server.

## Enabling Downloading Standalone Applications

This section explains the steps necessary to enable you to download standalone applications from the Download Applications window.

Note: To access the Download Applications window, in Lab Management or in the ALM project, select Tools > Download Standalone Applications.

## To enable downloading standalone applications:

1 Insert the HP ALM Performance Center Additional Components installation disk (DVD 2) and navigate to the Additional Components directory. This directory contains the applications' execution (.exe) files.

Note: The necessary .exe files for downloading VuGen, Analysis, Snapshot Viewer, Standalone Load Generator, Monitor over Firewall, and MI Listener, are located in the Applications directory, which is contained within the Additional Components directory.

2 On the Performance Center server, navigate to the Downloads directory, which is located in C: $\backslash$ Program files $\backslash H P \backslash$ Performance Center Server $\backslash$ PCWEB $\backslash$ Downloads.

3 To enable downloading an application, copy the relevant execution file (.exe) from the Additional Components directory on the DVD to the Downloads directory on the Performance Center server.

Note: You may need to refresh the Download Applications window for the changes to take effect.

## Customizing the Download Applications Window

You can edit and customize the appearance of the Downloads Applications window. To customize the window, edit the downloads.xml file located in the Downloads directory on the Performance Center server.

The following tags in the downloads file control the following features on the window. Edit the tags as desired to change the appearance of the window.

- App Name. The name of the application.
- Image. Whether the application's icon appears to the left or to the right of the name.
- File Name. If you changed the name of the application's execution file, you must update this section so that it matches the new name of the execution file.
- Description. The application's description.


## Enabling MS-SQL Windows Authentication

This section describes how to configure an MS-SQL database with Windows authentication.

Note: The procedure below requires you to make changes to the MS-SQL database. It is strongly recommended that you make these changes using the SQL Server Management Studio tool.

## To enable Windows authentication:

1 Verify that the Performance Center Server, ALM Server, and database server, all belong to the same domain, and that there is a domain user with administrator privileges common to all the machines.

2 Change users to domain users using the System Identity Utility. For more information, see the "Performance Center System Administration" chapter in the HP ALM Performance Center Guide.

3 Download the SQL Server Management Studio tool from the Microsoft Download Center (http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/en/default.aspx).

4 In SQL Server Management Studio, perform the following actions:
a In the Object Explorer pane, expand the Security folder.
b Right-click Logins and select New Login.
c Enter the domain user in the Login name box, and make sure that Windows Authentication is selected.

Note: Verify that the domain user is assigned the same Server Roles as the database administrative user (td_db_admin).

5 Make sure that the relevant project is created in Site Administration with the MS-SQL (Win Auth) database type. For more information, see the "Configuring Servers and Parameters" chapter in the HP Application Lifecycle Management Administrator Guide.

Chapter 4 • Performance Center Configuration Options

Working with Previously Created Performance Center Projects

## 5

## Working with Previously Created Projects

This chapter provides instructions for working with previously created projects.

## This chapter includes:

- About Working with Previously Created Projects on page 142
> The Migration Process: Basic Steps on page 143
> Pre-Migration Preparation and Considerations on page 144
- Backing Up Performance Center Data on page 146
> Uninstalling Earlier Versions of Performance Center on page 147
> Installing and Configuring the Latest Version of Performance Center on page 150
> Verifying Successful Installation on page 150
- Migrating Performance Center Data on page 150
> Post-Migration Verification on page 177
> Post Migration Considerations on page 179


## About Working with Previously Created Projects

To work with a project from a previous version, you may need to upgrade or migrate your project to HP ALM Performance Center 11.52. The following table describes the process required for working with a previously created project.

| From Version | To ALM Performance Center 11.52 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Performance Center 11.50 | Upgrade to Performance Center 11.52. For details, <br> see the "Upgrading Projects to a New Version" <br> chapter in the HP Application Lifecycle Management <br> Administrator Guide |
| Performance Center 11.00 | Upgrade to Performance Center 11.52. For details, <br> see: <br> > the upgrade section in the HP Application Lifecycle <br> Management Installation and Upgrade Guide <br> the "Upgrading Projects to a New Version" <br> chapter in the HP Application Lifecycle Management <br> Administrator Guide |
| Performance Center 9.51 | Migrate to Performance Center 11.52. For details, see <br> "The Migration Process: Basic Steps" on page 143. |
| Performance Center 9.5 <br> and earlier | 1 Migrate to Performance Center 9.51. <br> $\mathbf{2}$ Migrate to Performance Center 11.52. <br> For details, see "The Migration Process: Basic Steps" <br> on page 143. |

## The Migration Process: Basic Steps

This section provides a general outline of the steps that you need to carry out to migrate your current version of Performance Center (versions 8.1 to 9.51 ) to HP ALM Performance Center 11.52.

Note: If you are currently working with Performance Center 11.00, you will need to upgrade to Performance Center 11.52. For details, see the HP Application Lifecycle Management Installation and Upgrade Guide and the HP Application Lifecycle Management Administrator Guide.

## To migrate to Performance Center 11.52:

1 Review the process required for working with a previously created project.

For details, see "About Working with Previously Created Projects" on page 142.

2 Prepare your system for the migration process.
For details, see "Pre-Migration Preparation and Considerations" on page 144.

3 Back up Performance Center data.
For details, see "Backing Up Performance Center Data" on page 146.
4 Uninstall the current version of Performance Center.
This step is relevant only when migrating on a production environment. When migrating on a staging environment do not uninstall or clean any of the machines in your current environment.

For details, see "Uninstalling Earlier Versions of Performance Center" on page 147.

5 Install and Configure the latest version of Performance Center.
For details, see "Installing and Configuring the Latest Version of Performance Center" on page 150.

# 6 Verify that the ALM Performance Center environment was installed correctly. 

For details, see "Verifying Successful Installation" on page 150.
7 Migrate the data.
Use the Performance Center Migration tool to migrate your Performance Center data to HP Performance Center 11.52.

Performance Center 9.5 and earlier: If you are migrating from Performance Center version 8.1 through Performance Center version 9.50, you must first run the Performance Center 9.51 Migration Tool. This tool is located in a subdirectory of the ALM Performance Center 11.52 Migration Tool installation directory (.. \ALM Migration\DBMigrationTool95\DBMigration95_SP1.exe).

For details, see "Migrating Performance Center Data" on page 150.
8 Verify that the data was migrated successfully.
For details, see "Post-Migration Verification" on page 177 and "Post Migration Considerations" on page 179.

## Pre-Migration Preparation and Considerations

Before you start migrating to HP ALM Performance Center 11.52:

- Estimate how long the installation, configuration, and the migration process will take and ensure that no timeslots are reserved from the time you start the migration process until you expect it to be complete.

For example, if you start the migration process today, and expect it to take 2 days, ensure that there are no timeslots reserved for the next 2 days.

- Ensure that there are no tests with any of the following run states:
- Ready
- Collating Results
- Running
> Stopping
- Creating Analysis Data
> Deleting Temporary Results

If there are runs in any of these states, make sure that the current operation finishes before you start the migration process.

To check the run state of the test, do one of the following:
> Check in the Performance Center Administration Site, on the Test Runs page (Site Management > Test Runs)
> Run the following query on the Performance Center source database:

SELECT * FROM SessionRuns WHERE State in (1,2,3,7,8,13)

- Some tests may have finished running but may still be in the Before Collating or Before Analyzing state. To avoid losing data from these runs, you must collate and analyze the run results before performing the migration.
- Ensure that all host machines configured in the Administration Site actually exist. If a host does not exist, is turned off, or does not have a network connection, you must delete it from the Administration Site resources to prevent configuration problems later on.
- To avoid file server and database conflicts, stop IIS on all Performance Center Web server machines before backing up the data.


## Backing Up Performance Center Data

Before performing database migration you must back up your current Performance Center data.

Note: Make sure that the file system backup is synchronized with the database backup. To avoid file server and database conflicts, we recommend stopping IIS on all Performance Center Web server machines before backing up the data.

This section includes:
> "Backing Up Host Data" on page 146
> "Backing Up the File System" on page 146
> "Backing Up the MI_LRDB Database" on page 147

## Backing Up Host Data

To avoid data loss from test runs that have not yet been collated or analyzed, perform the following steps before you start migrating the system and data:

- Collate and analyze results from the load test runs on the User Site.
- Delete all unnecessary runs.
- Back up the Temp and orchidtmp directories on each host machine. To locate a machine's Temp directory, open Windows Explorer, type \%temp\% in the address bar, and press Enter. To locate the orchidtmp directory, navigate to <Performance Center directory> \orchidtmp.


## Backing Up the File System

Before migrating the Performance Center file system, you must back up the user data folders to protect your data in case of migration error.

1 On the File Server machine, open the <Performance Center directory> \LRFS directory.

2 Create a backup copy of the entire LRFS directory on a separate machine.

Note: After the file system data is backed up, this data becomes the source data for migration, and you should not continue working on your current version of Performance Center.

In addition, we strongly recommend that you copy the backed up LRFS directory to a location on the ALM server repository machine. This backed up copy is later used for migration.

## Backing Up the MI_LRDB Database

Before performing database migration, you must create a database backup to protect your data in case of migration error.

For details about backing up and restoring your database, refer to the HP ALM Database Best Practices Guide.

## Uninstalling Earlier Versions of Performance Center

After backing up relevant data, you need to uninstall earlier versions of Performance Center and clean the machines.

Note: We support uninstallation of host machines only. We strongly recommend installing the Performance Center Server and other Performance Center components on clean machines with a new image.

## To uninstall Performance Center:

1 From the Windows Control Panel, open the Add/Remove Programs dialog box.

2 Select HP Performance Center from the list of currently installed programs and click Remove.

3 Follow the instructions in the wizard to complete the uninstall process.
4 Reboot the machine.

## To clean Performance Center machines:

1 Ensure that you have backed up the relevant Performance Center subdirectories. For details, see "Backing Up Performance Center Data" on page 146.

2 Delete the Performance Center directory.
3 Ensure that the virtual directories were deleted. If they were not removed automatically, delete them manually as follows:
> On the User Site machine, in IIS:

- Under Default Web Site, delete the Loadtest virtual directory.
> Open the Default Web Site Properties window. In the ISAPI Filters tab, ensure that there are no filters. If there are filters, remove them.
- On the Administration Site machine, in IIS, delete the Admin virtual directory, located under Default Web Site.
- If you are uninstalling Performance Center 9.0: On all Performance Center machines, in IIS, delete the PCWSApplicationPool virtual directory, located under Application Pools.

4 Delete the IUSR_METRO user and the crypto key from the Crypto directory: Delete the files starting with
f9416f003254e6f10da1fbad8e4c383_ from C: $\backslash$ Documents and Settings $\backslash$ All Users $\backslash$ Application
Data $\backslash$ Microsoft $\backslash$ Crypto $\backslash$ RSA $\backslash$ MachineKeys
5 Delete cookies and temporary internet files from your browser to avoid user interface problems (Tools > Internet Options > General tab).

6 If you are uninstalling Performance Center 8.1: Remove the Performance Center folder from the Start menu. To do this, right-click Start and select Explore All Users. The Start Menu folder opens. Doubleclick the Programs folder, and delete the Performance Center folder.

7 If you are uninstalling Performance Center 8.1: Clean the environment variables.
> On all Performance Center machines: From the path system variable, delete the following paths: (These are paths that include the old Performance Center installation folder.)
$><$ Old PC Installation folder> \java $\backslash \mathrm{J}-\mathrm{INTE} \sim 1 \backslash$ com $\backslash$ bin
$><$ Old PC Installation folder> \DbSetup
> <Old PC Installation folder> \bin

Note: Some of the above paths may not exist on all of the Performance Center machines.

To edit the path system variable, right-click My Computer and select Properties. In the Advanced tab, click Environment Variables to open the Environment Variables dialog box. In the System Variables area, select the Path variable and click Edit.
> On the User Site server only: Delete the following Environment variables:
> CATALINA_HOME
> CLASSPATH

- JAVA_HOME
> JINTEGRA_HOME
8 Reboot the machine.


## Installing and Configuring the Latest Version of Performance Center

After you have backed up your Performance Center data, and cleaned your machines, install and configure the latest version of ALM Performance Center.

For details on installing and configuring ALM Performance Center, see Chapter 2, "Installing HP ALM Performance Center."

## Verifying Successful Installation

After you have installed and configured the latest version of ALM Performance Center, and before you start migrating data from your previous version of Performance Center to the new production environment, create a staging environment and verify that the components were installed successfully. For details, see Chapter 3, "Post Installation Verification."

## Migrating Performance Center Data

This section explains how to migrate the Performance Center file system and database (versions 8.1, 9.0, 9.5, and 9.51) to the latest version of ALM Performance Center.

This section includes:
> "Pre-Migration Considerations" on page 151
> "Copying and Restoring Backed Up Data" on page 151
> "Configuring the ALM Repository on a Linux system" on page 151
> "Performing the Migration" on page 157

## Pre-Migration Considerations

During the migration of the Performance Center source database, a data migration report and other tables are created and added to the source database. Check the disk space on the source database server to ensure that it can accommodate these extra tables.

Note: No users should be logged in to the system while the migration process is running.

## Copying and Restoring Backed Up Data

> If you backed up the host data (see "Backing Up Host Data" on page 146), you need to restore the orchidtmp and temp directories. To restore these directories, copy orchidtmp to the new installation directory (for example, C:\Program Files\HP\Performance Center Hostlorchidtmp), and copy the temp directory to its original location on the host machines.

- To maximize performance during the migration process, copy the file system directory (LRFS) that you saved on a separate machine (see "Backing Up the File System" on page 146) to a directory on the same machine as the ALM server repository.
- Copy the backed up database (MI_LRDB) on the database server that is to act as your source database server, and restore the database. For details about restoring your database, refer the HP ALM Database Best Practices Guide.


## Configuring the ALM Repository on a Linux system

If ALM is installed on a Linux system, you must configure the ALM server repository before migrating your Performance Center database and file system.

## To configure the ALM server repository:

1 Log in to your ALM server repository machine.
2 Make sure Samba is installed on the machine.

3 Configure the following Samba files:
Note: Separate the domain and user names with a slash '/', for example: DOMAIN/username.
a Edit the following file: /etc/samba/smb.conf
> Under the [global] section, set the following attributes:

```
workgroup = <domain name>
password server = <domain controller>
realm = <domain name>
```

Add the following section at the end of the file:

```
[slesh]
path = /
write list = user (For example: qcuser)
browseable = yes
writable = yes
```

```
7.etc/samba/smb.conf
```



```
# Global parameters
[global]
    workgroup = SAMPLE_DOMAIN
    server string = Samba %v on (%h)
    security = ADS
    encrypt passwords = Yes
    password server = PasswordsServer
    log level = 2
    log file =/var/log/samba/%m.log
    socket options = TCP_NODELAY SO_RCVBUF=8192 SO_SNDBUF=8192
    preferred master = No
    local master = No
    domain master = No
    dns proxy = No
    max open files = 10000
    username man = /et.c/samha/smbugers.map
    realm = SAMPLE DOMAIN.CORP
    # separate domaIn and username with '/', like DOMAIN/username
    winbind separator =/
    # use UIDs from 10000 to 20000 for domain users
    idmap uid = 10000-20000
    # use GIDs from 10000 to 20000 for domain groups
    idmap gid = 10000-20000
    # allow enumeration of winbind users and groups
    winbind enum users = yes
    winbind enum groups = yes
    winbind_user_default_domain = yes
[slesh]
    path = /
    write list = TestUser __Add this section
    browseable = yes
    writable = yes
```

b Create the file /etc/samba/smbusers.map with the following data:

```
root = administrator admin <username> <domain name>/<user name>
<domain>/<admin user on this domain>
```

```
曻/etc/samba (a)
[ VMMACHINE01]# cd /etc/samba/
VMMACHINE01]# ls
lmhosts secrets.tdb smb.conf smb.conf.org smbpasswd smbusers smbusers.map
[ VMMACHINE01] # more smbusers.map
# Unix_name = SMB_name1 SMB name2
root = administrator admin TestUser SAMPLE_DOMAIN/TestUser SAMPLE_DOMAIN/<Admin User>
```

c Edit the following file: /etc/krb5.conf

- Under the [libdefaults] section, set the following attribute:

```
default_realm = <domain name>
```

Under the [realms] section, set the following:

```
<domain name> = {
kdc = <server name>
admin_server = <server name>
}
```


## - Under the [domain_realm] section, set the following attributes:

```
.<full domain name> = <domain name>
.<domain name> = <domain name>
<full domain name> = <domain name>
```

目 krb5.conf
[logging]
default = FILE:/var/log/krb5libs.log
kdc = FILE:/var/log/krb5kdc.log
admin_server = FILE:/var/log/kadmind.log
[libdefaults]
default_realm = SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORP
dns_lookup_realm = false
dns_lookup_kdc $=$ false
ticket_lifetime $=24 \mathrm{~h}$
renew_lifetime $=7 \mathrm{~d}$
forwardable $=$ true
Edit the following
[realms]
SAMPLE DOMAIN.CORE
kdc $=$ ActiveDirectoryServer.SAMPLE DOMAIN.CORP
admin_server= ActiveDirectoryServer.SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORP
\}
[domain_realm]
.SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORE = SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORP
.SAMPLE_DOMAIN = SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORP
SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORP = SAMPLE_DOMAIN.CORP
d Run the following command:

```
net ads join -U <administrator username on the domain>
```


e Edit the following file: /etc/nsswitch.conf
Add the winbind option:
passwd: files nis winbind shadow: files nis winbind group: files nis winbind

```
7/etc/nsswitch.conf
```



```
#
# /etc/nsswitch.conf
#
# An example Name Service Switch config file. This file should be
# sorted with the most-used services at the beginning.
#
# The entry '[NOTFOUND=return]' means that the search for an
# entry should stop if the search in the previous entry turned
# up nothing. Note that if the search failed due to some other reason
# (like no NIS server responding) then the search continues with the
# next entry.
#
# Legal entries are:
# nisplus or nis+ Use NIS+ (NIS version 3)
# nis or yp Use NIS (NIS version 2), also called YP
# dns Use DNS (Domain Name Service)
# files Use the local files
# db Use the local database (.db) files
# compat Use NIS on compat mode
# hesiod Use Hesiod for user lookups
# [NOTFOUND=return] Stop searching if not found so far
#
# To use db, put the "db" in front of "files" for entries you want to be
# looked up first in the databases
#
# Example:
#passwd: db files nisplus nis
#shadow: db files nisplus nis
#group: db files nisplus nis
passwd: files nis winbind
shadow: files nis winbind
group: files nis winbind
f Run the following commands:
```

/etc/init.d/winbind start
/etc/init.d/smb start

```
g Verify successful configuration.
From a Windows machine, check that you can navigate to the ALM server repository using the UNC path and the domain user you defined. For example, I|<ALM server name>\sleshlvarlopt\HP\ALM|repository.

You can now migrate your Performance Center data using the HP ALM Performance Center Migration tool. When prompted enter the same repository path as above.


\section*{Performing the Migration}

This section describes how to install and run the HP ALM Performance Center Migration tool to migrate your Performance Center database and file system to the ALM database and repository.

Note: We recommend that you install and run the migration tool on the machine where the Performance Center Server is installed because the prerequisite software needed to run this tool is already installed on this machine.

\section*{To migrate the data:}

1 Install the prerequisite software.

Tip: If you are performing the migration from the Performance Center Server machine, skip this step as the prerequisite software is already installed on this machine.

Ensure that the following prerequisite software has been installed on the machine on which you are going to install the migration tool:
> .NET Framework 4.0.
> Oracle client: If you are working with an Oracle database, ensure that the Oracle client is installed, and that connectivity has been established with the Oracle Server. Ensure that the tnsnames.ora file contains a TNS entry for the source and target database servers.

Note: You must install the 32-bit Oracle client installation, regardless of whether you are running the Performance Center Server on a 32-bit or 64-bit operating system.

2 Access the Migration Tool.
From the latest HP ALM Performance Center Migration patch, launch MigrationToolSetup.exe from .. \Setup \(\backslash\) Install \(\backslash\) ALM Migration \(\backslash\) Setup.
a The HP ALM Performance Center 11.52 Migration Tool wizard opens on the Welcome page. Click Next.
b Select an installation location. If ALM is installed on an Oracle database, in the Destination Folder box, change the default installation location to a valid path. The path cannot contain special characters.

For example, the following path is invalid because it contains parentheses: C:IProgram Files (x86)\HP\ALM Migration.
c Click Next. The Confirm Installation page opens.
d Click Next to start the installation process.
e When the installation completes, click the View Summary button to check for errors.
f Click Finish to close the wizard. The MigrationToolStart.exe shortcut as added to your desktop.

3 Launch the ALM Performance Center 11.52 Migration Tool wizard.

Performance Center 9.5 and earlier: If you are migrating from Performance Center version 8.1 through Performance Center version 9.50, you must first run the Performance Center 9.51 Migration Tool. This tool is located in a subdirectory of the ALM Performance Center 11.52 Migration Tool installation directory (.. \ALM Migration\DBMigrationTool95\DBMigration95_SP1.exe).

Double-click the MigrationToolStart.exe shortcut on the desktop. Alternatively, navigate to the location where you installed the Migration tool, and run MigrationToolStart.exe. The ALM Performance Center 11.52 Migration Tool wizard opens on the Welcome page. Click Next.

4 Provide the details of the source database.
On the HP Performance Center Source Details - Source Database page, enter the details of the HP Performance Center Database Server that contains the source database.


Database Type. Select the type of source database: Oracle or MS-SQL.

Note: You can migrate one type of database to another. That is, if the source Performance Center database is MS-SQL, you can migrate it to a target Oracle database in ALM; if the source Performance Center database is Oracle, you can migrate it to a target MS-SQL database in ALM. It is recommended to migrate all projects to the same database or server on which the Lab project is located.
- Database Server. (MS-SQL only) Enter the path and name of the source database server.

Tip: Click the Browse button to browse to a server instance where the database is installed.
- Authentication type. (MS-SQL only) Enter the method used to connect to the database: SQL Server Authentication or Windows Authentication.
> SID. (Oracle only) Enter the Service ID of the source database server as defined in the tnsnames.ora file.
> Username and Password. Enter the user name and password:
> For Oracle: Enter the Performance Center database user (DB Name), for example, MI_LRDB, and its password.
- For MS-SQL: Enter the user name and password of the Performance Center database administrator user. When running the migration tool, always use the same database administrator user.
- Database Name. (MS-SQL only) Enter the name of the source database schema. By default, the schema name is MI_LRDB.

Click Test Connection to verify that you can connect to the source database. If the connection fails, a message displays the possible reasons. In this case, verify that the details you provided are correct and that the database server is up and running.

Click Next.

5 Provide the details of the source file system.
On the HP Performance Center Source Details - Source File System (LRFS) page, enter the details of the directory containing the backed up Performance Center source file system (LRFS).

Tip: To avoid network traffic delays and for a more reliable migration, it is strongly recommended to save a copy of this directory in a location on the same machine and parallel to the ALM server repository.

- File System Path. Enter the path and name of the backed up copy of the source file system (LRFS) that you saved on the same machine as the ALM server repository.
- Username and Password. Enter the user name and password of a user with file system administration privileges on the backed up copy of the source file system (LRFS).
- Domain. Enter the domain in which the backed up copy of the source file system is located.

Click Test Connection to verify that you can connect to the backed up copy of the source file system. If the connection fails, a message displays possible reasons for the failure. In this case, verify that the details you provided are correct.

\section*{Click Next.}

\section*{6 Provide ALM credentials.}

On the HP ALM Target Details - Site Administration Details page, enter ALM Server details, and the credentials of the user with ALM administrative privileges.

> ALM Platform URL. Enter the URL of the ALM server in the following format:
http://<ALM server name><:port number>/qcbin
For example, http://alm_server139:8080/qcbin.
> Username and Password. Enter the Site Administrator user name and password, as defined when installing ALM.
- Communication Security Passphrase. Enter the passphrase used for secure communication with ALM, as defined when installing ALM. To get this value, open Site Administration and click the Site Configuration tab. See the COMMUNICATION_SECURITY_PASSPHRASE parameter.

Click Test Connection to verify connectivity with ALM. If connectivity fails, a message displays possible reasons for the failure. In this case, verify that the details you provided are correct.

Click Next.

\section*{7 Provide the details of the target database.}

On the HP ALM Target Details - Target Database page, enter the details of the ALM database server to which the source database is to be migrated.

Note: If you are performing the migration from a remote location:
- If you are migrating to an MS-SQL database, ensure that the MS-SQL Server name defined when configuring ALM is not localhost or localhost \(\backslash\) SQLSERVER, and that its name is a full host machine name, for example, DbServerMachine23.domain.it.
- If you are migrating to an Oracle database, the client configuration file (tnsnames.ora) must include a servicename section that is exactly the same as the servicename section located on the ALM client configuration. Click the Server Details button on the HP ALM Target Details - Target Database page to view the SID that must be used.


Database Server. From the dropdown list, select a target ALM database server, as defined in ALM. Make sure to select the same database server on which the SA schema and Lab project are located.

Click the Server Details button to view the full details of the server.

Note: You can migrate one type of database to another. That is, if the source Performance Center database is MS-SQL, you can migrate it to a target Oracle database in ALM; if the source Performance Center database is Oracle, you can migrate it to a target MS-SQL database in ALM.
- DB Username and DB Password. Enter the password of the database administrator user.
> Server Name (Oracle only). The SID defined in the Server Details.
- Tablespace and Temp Tablespace (Oracle only). The tablespaces to which the projects are migrated. Verify that the tables have enough space to accommodate your migration content. The minimum free space required is 2 GB , for an empty project you need \(\sim 150 \mathrm{MB}\).

Click Test Connection to verify that you can connect to the database server. If the connection fails, a message displays possible reasons for the failure. In this case, verify that the details you provided are correct and that the database server is up and running.

Click Next.

8 Provide the details of the target file system directory.
On the HP ALM Target Details - Target File System (Repository) page, enter the details of the ALM server repository. The data in the Performance Center source file system directory (LRFS) is migrated to this repository.

> Operating System. Select Windows or UNIX.
- File System Path. The path to the ALM server repository. The source file system (LRFS) will be migrated to this repository. This value is readonly and is taken directly from the ALM.
- Username and Password. Enter the user name and password of the user with file system administration privileges on the ALM server repository. To use the same user as the source file system directory (LRFS) user, select Use the same user credentials as the PC FS.
- Domain. Enter the user domain.

Click Test Connection to verify that you can connect to the ALM server repository. If the connection fails, a message displays possible reasons for the failure. In this case, verify that the details you provided are correct.

Click Next.

\section*{9 View the migration validation.}

With all the relevant source and target details, the tool validates the feasibility of the migration. Review the list of warnings and errors. If you need to make any changes before you migrate the data, close the migration tool, and start the tool again when you are ready.


Note: If Lab Management Connection fails, open your web browser and type your ALM URL http://<ALM Platform server name>[<:port number>]/qcbin. Click the Application Lifecycle Management link. Follow the security steps required for downloading the ALM client.

To continue, click Next.

\section*{10 Specify whether to migrate administration data.}

The Data Selection - Migrate Administration Data page opens.


To migrate all of the data from the Performance Center Administration site, such as Performance Center resources (hosts, host pools, locations, MI Listeners), user-project assignments, and server data, select Migrate Lab Project Data.

If you are running the migration tool to migrate additional projects only, but you do not want to migrate the administration data again, ensure that Migrate Lab Project Data is NOT selected.

Note: The first time you run the Migration Tool, the Migrate Lab Project Data option is selected by default, and the Performance Center administration data is migrated the first time by default. In subsequent migrations, you can select whether to migrate the administration data. It is important to note that when you migrate the administration data again, all Performance Center administration data and other Performance Center projects that have already been migrated are deleted. For this reason, it is strongly recommended to ensure that the migration process is fully complete before working with new data and projects in ALM Performance Center 11.52.

HP ALM Platform Domain. Enter the name of the ALM domain to which to migrate the projects that you select in the next wizard page. You can enter the name of an existing domain, or enter a new domain name. If you enter a new domain name, the domain is created on the ALM server.

Note: When entering the name of an existing domain, if the domain contains projects with the same name as the ones you are about to migrate, they will be deleted. New projects with migrated data will be created instead.

Note: Administration data is always migrated to the LAB_PROJECT, which is located on the default domain.

\section*{Click Next.}

11 Select Performance Center projects to migrate.
On the Data Selection - Select Projects to Migrate page, select the Performance Center projects to migrate. You must select at least one project.


To select all of the projects, click the Select All button.
Projects that have already been migrated are marked Migrated in the Project Migration Status column. If you select a project that has already been migrated, the project is deleted from ALM before it is migrated again.

Tip: You can sort by double-clicking on any column header.

Note: If you are running the migration tool only to migrate additional projects, but you do not want to migrate the administration data again, ensure that the Migrate Lab Project Data option on the previous wizard page is NOT selected.

\section*{Click Next.}

\section*{12 Confirm the migration.}

The Confirm Migration page opens, displaying a summary of the options you selected in the preceding steps.


Click Next.

\section*{13 Delete existing projects with the same name.}

If a project already exists in the ALM 11.52 target domain with the same name, the Delete Projects dialog box opens.
- To delete the existing projects and continue the migration process, click OK.
- If the deletion fails, click OK to close the Delete Projects dialog box and repeat steps 12-13.

Alternatively, you can delete the project from Site Administration. For more details, see the HP Application Lifecycle Management Administrator Guide.

\section*{14 Track the migration progress.}

On the Migration Progress page, you can track the migration progress.
In addition, for each project, you can view the migration progress of project entities such as scripts, load tests, monitors, timeslots, and so on.


\section*{15 View the migration report.}

Note: After the migration, you are prompted to restart ALM before starting to work in ALM Performance Center.

To restart the machine do one of the following:
> Reboot the machine
- Go to services (services.msc), restart the HP Application Lifecycle Management service.
- From the Windows icon tray, stop and start ALM.

When the migration is complete, the Migrate Report page opens. The report displays the migration results for each project, including warnings and errors.

Note: The report may take several minutes to generate.


You can generate the following filtered reports:
- A summary for each migrated project
> Errors only (per project)
> Warnings only (per project)
You can also select to view data from all migration procedures performed on the machine, or only from the latest migration.

To save the report, click the Save button, and select a location to save the report.

If necessary, the report data can also be accessed from the source Performance Center database, from the EntityMappings table that is created and updated during migration.

To access the report, run the following SQL query:
```

select * from EntityMappings
order by CompanyID, EntityType,PCID

```

Click Finish to exit the HP ALM Performance Center Migration tool.
If you did not save the migration report, you are prompted to save it before closing the wizard.

\section*{16 Reconfigure the Performance Center hosts.}

Note: If you did not yet restart ALM after the migration, it is recommended to do so before continuing with this step. See step 15 on page 174.

After migration, the status of all migrated hosts is Unavailable.
For staging environment: Keep the migrated hosts in the Unavailable status, and add several new hosts to validate your environment.

For production environment: To change the status of the hosts after migration to Operational and set up the host license, you must reconfigure the hosts.
a Log in to Lab Management.
b Select Lab Resources > Hosts, select the migrated host, and click the Reconfigure Hosts button.

\section*{17 Verify the migration.}

After migrating the file system and database, verify that the data was migrated successfully. For details, see "Post-Migration Verification" on page 177.

\section*{Post-Migration Verification}

After migrating the files and database, verify that the data was migrated successfully.

Note: Ensure that the hosts were reconfigured as described at the end of the migration process. For details, see step 16 on page 176.

\section*{Site Administration}

1 Log in to Site Administration as Site Administrator.
2 Check that the domain you created during migration exists and that the projects you selected are listed in the domain and are active.

3 Choose two projects and check that the correct users are assigned to the projects.

4 In the Lab Management tab, check that assigned users are the same as source Performance Center administrators.

\section*{Lab Management}

1 Log in to Lab Management with your Performance Center administrator credentials.

2 Verify the following:
> On the Lab Management sidebar, under Lab Settings, select Project Settings, and verify that the migrated projects are listed and that the Pool and Vuser Limit, Concurrent Run Limit, and Host Limit details are correct.
> On the Lab Management sidebar, under Lab Resources, verify that the correct data exists in Hosts, Pools, Locations, and Timeslots (a month's worth of past timeslots and, if relevant, existing future timeslots).
> On the Lab Management sidebar, under Performance Center, verify that the correct data exists in PC Test Runs (runs from the last month), Usage Reports (reports for the last month), MI Listeners, and Diagnostics.

\section*{HP Application Lifecycle Management}

1 Log in to a migrated project in ALM, using your Performance Center administrator credentials.

2 Verify the following:
- On the ALM sidebar, under Lab Resources, verify that the Testing Hosts module contains the hosts that belong to the project you are logged in to.
- On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Resources, and review the monitor profiles listed in the tree. Verify the details and monitor configuration for a familiar monitor profile.
- On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Plan.
- Review the full tree for scripts and performance tests. Check also for failed performance tests, if you know of any that exist.
- Review one familiar VuGen script - Details and Test Script tabs.
- Review one test in the project that you are familiar with. Click the Test Design tab and check the details in the General Details section. Verify that there are no errors.

Click Edit Test. In the Workload tab, verify that the Controller, load generator distribution method, Vuser groups, runtime settings, and test schedule details are all correct. Check also that the monitor profiles selected in the Monitors tab are correct.
- On the ALM sidebar, under Testing, select Test Lab. Review the data in the Test Runs tab. If you do not see any data, ensure that the filter is clear.

3 Try to run a familiar test with its original hosts. Ensure that the hosts have been migrated to Performance Center 11.52 hosts.

\section*{Post Migration Considerations}

This section points out issues to consider after migration.
This section includes:
> "User Migration" on page 179
> "Roles (Groups) Migration" on page 180
> "Project Migration" on page 183
> "Host and Pool Migration" on page 184
> "Load Test Migration" on page 184
> "Timeslot Migration" on page 185
> "Script Migration" on page 186
> "General Notes" on page 186

\section*{User Migration}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Deleted / Non-Active / \\
Expired users in \\
Performance Center
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\boldsymbol{>}\) Shown in entities - Timeslots (Reserved By), Test \\
Runs (User Name), Event Log (not relevant, not \\
migrated), Trend Reports - Run By
\end{tabular} \\
\(>\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Shown in Lab Usage reports - Site Users Report, \\
Resource by Duration Report, Resource by Runs \\
Report in the Resource Usage by User tab
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Migrating deleted users \\
(may have the same name \\
as existing users)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
This type of user does not exist in ALM. \\
\(>\) Deleted users are not migrated.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Migrating Non-Active / \\
Expired users:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Non-Active or Expired Users - \\
Migrates the user and assigns it the groups and project. \\
Non-active users are migrated as Expired \\
Users with future expiration date are migrated as explained above and assigned the appropriate expiration date.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline User name issues & \begin{tabular}{l}
If a user name contains invalid characters, all invalid characters are replaced with an underscore (_). For details on invalid characters, see "General Notes" on page 186. \\
If ALM contains the same user name as in the migrated Performance Center project: \\
If both user definitions contain an email address, and the email address is identical, this indicates that this is the same user, and the user is not migrated. \\
If both user definitions contain a full name and they are identical, this indicates that this is the same user, and the user is not migrated. \\
If there is a user in the ALM target system with the same user name, and it has been established that the two users are not the same user, then the new (migrated) user is created with a \(01(02,03, \ldots)\) suffix appended.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Roles (Groups) Migration}
- Canned group migration
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ PC 9.5 } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ PC 11.52 } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Admin \\
Site
\end{tabular} & Administrator & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Lab \\
Management
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
TDAdmin \\
(existing ALM group)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline User Site & Guest & Project & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Viewer \\
(existing ALM group)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ PC 9.5 } & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ PC 11.52 } \\
\hline User Site & LT Adviser & Project & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Performance Adviser \\
(new ALM group, \\
customized when \\
Performance Center \\
extension is deployed)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline User Site & Tester & Project & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Performance Tester \\
(new ALM group, \\
customized when \\
Performance Center \\
extension is deployed)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline User Site & Power Tester & Project & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Performance Test Specialist \\
(new ALM group, \\
customized when \\
Performance Center \\
extension is deployed)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline User Site & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Project \\
Manager
\end{tabular} & Project & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Project Manager \\
(existing ALM group)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- Roles marked as Administration from User site only are not migrated, and users who belongs only to such roles in the scope of Performance Center are not added to Lab Management.
> Customized Groups migration
- A Performance Center Template project is created which includes all the customized groups from the source Performance Center system.
- Enabling the Performance Center extension on a project adds the canned Performance Center groups to the project.
- Migrated projects will be attached to a Performance Center Template project that will include all the customized groups defined in Performance Center 9.x.

ALM Consolidated installation:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Performance Center & Consolidated Installation & Flow \\
\hline Internal & Internal & \begin{tabular}{l}
Define match - Username, Full Name (optional) \\
Create unmatched users in ALM (with password)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Internal & LDAP & \begin{tabular}{l}
Define match - Username \\
- Create unmatched users in ALM (no password) \\
New users in ALM require LDAP lookup on the first login (no DN in ALM)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline LDAP & Internal & \begin{tabular}{l}
Define match - Username \\
> Create unmatched users in ALM (default password - Welcome)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline LDAP & LDAP & \begin{tabular}{l}
Define match - Username \\
Create unmatched users in ALM (no password) \\
New user in ALM will require LDAP lookup on the first login (no DN in ALM)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline SSO & Internal & \begin{tabular}{l}
Define match - Username \\
> Create unmatched users in ALM (default password - Welcome)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline SSO & LDAP & \begin{tabular}{l}
Define match - Username \\
- Create unmatched users in ALM (no password) \\
New users in ALM require LDAP lookup on the first login (no DN in ALM)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
> Validation stage messages regarding authentication:
> If Performance Center 9.5 x uses SSO, then warns that ALM does not support SSO.
- If Performance Center 9.5x uses LDAP or SSO and ALM is not LDAP, then warns that the user should configure LDAP in ALM before migration. If LDAP is not configured, all user passwords are reset to Welcome1.

\section*{Project Migration}
\(\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Performance Center } \\ \text { project expiration date }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { > If the Performance Center source project has } \\ \text { expired, the project is migrated as Deactivated. } \\ \text { If the Performance Center source project has not } \\ \text { expired, it is migrated as Active. If the project } \\ \text { had an expiration date, a warning is included in } \\ \text { the migration report with the expiration date. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Project names } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Invalid characters are replaced with underscores } \\ \text { (_). For details on invalid characters, see "General } \\ \text { Notes" on page 186. } \\ >\text { The user enters a domain name to which to } \\ \text { migrate the projects. If this domain already exists } \\ \text { in ALM, projects are migrated to this domain. If } \\ \text { it does not exist, then the new domain is created. }\end{array} \\ >\text { When migrating a project with the same name as } \\ \text { a project that was previously migrated, the } \\ \text { migrated project is deleted and is migrated again. } \\ >\text { When migrating a project, and a project with the } \\ \text { same name already exists, then the migration of } \\ \text { the project fails. }\end{array}\right\}\)

\section*{Host and Pool Migration}
- Merged pools are not supported in Performance Center 11.52. Hosts are migrated with direct connection to their pools.
> Host priority changes:
- In Performance Center \(9.5 x\) the priority was a number between 1 and 32000, where the lower the number the higher the priority.
> In Performance Center 11.52 the priority has a value between 1 and 9, where 1 is the lowest priority and 9 is the highest priority.
- During migration, the values are changed based on their priority relative to each other. For example: Priorities 1, 2, 3 in Performance Center 9.5 x change to \(9,5,1\) respectively.

\section*{Load Test Migration}

Performance Center 11.52 does not support the Real-World > By test > By Number scheduler mode. This needs to be changed to Real-World > By test > By percent. This change should be logged in the migration log.
- Migrating Load Generator distribution methods in Performance Test Designer:

Performance Center 9.5x had 5 distribution methods (see image below) and Performance Center 11.52 only has 2.

Migration changes the distribution method in the following way:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline PC 9.5 Distribution Method & PC 11.52 Distribution Method \\
\hline Assign all load generators to each group & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Assign all load generators to each \\
group
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Assign one load generator to each group & Manual distribution \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Assign an equal number of load \\
generators to each group
\end{tabular} & Manual distribution \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Assign virtual load generators to groups at \\
design time
\end{tabular} & Manual distribution \\
\hline Assign actual load generators to groups & Manual distribution \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following image illustrates the mapping of Performance Center 9.5x to Performance Center 11.52 load generator distribution methods:


Controller selection was not available in Performance Center 9.5x. During migration this option is set to Dedicated Controller for all tests.
- Local Monitor Profile:
> Does not exist in Performance Center 11.52. A local monitor profile is migrated to Performance Center 11.52 as a monitor profile in the Test Resources module, under the name Local_Profile_<LT_Name>.
> The test is connected to the migrated monitor profile if the test used a local monitor profile.
> Topology: Not migrated. If a test is associated with a topology, the association is removed.

\section*{Timeslot Migration}
- If the timeslot is connected to a test, then the Controller option in the new timeslot is set to Automatic. If the timeslot is not connected to a test then it is set to Allocate only Controller that is also LG or Automatic based on whether the timeslot in Performance Center 9.5x was set to allow Vusers on Controller.

\section*{Script Migration}
- URL-based scripts are migrated to regular Web (HTTP/HTML) scripts.
> When migrating script files, MDRV logs are not migrated.

\section*{General Notes}

Event logs and topologies are not migrated.
- Run states are migrated as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline ID & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Pre-Migration \\
State
\end{tabular} & Migrated State & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Migrated \\
Status
\end{tabular} & Comments \\
\hline 1 & Ready & Run Failure & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Run Failure with \\
a comment
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 2 & Collating Results & Run Failure & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Run Failure with \\
a comment
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 3 & Running & Run Failure & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Run Failure with \\
a comment
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4 & Finished & Finished & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & Same \\
\hline 5 & Run Failure & Run Failure & N/A & Same \\
\hline 7 & Stopping & Run Failure & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Run Failure with \\
a comment
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 8 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Creating \\
Analysis Data
\end{tabular} & Run Failure & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Run Failure with \\
a comment
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 9 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Before Collating \\
Results
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Before Collating \\
Results
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & Same \\
\hline 10 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Before Creating \\
Analysis Data
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Before Creating \\
Analysis Data
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & Same \\
\hline 11 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Failed Collating \\
Results
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Failed Collating \\
Results
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & Same \\
\hline 12 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Failed Creating \\
Analysis Data
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Failed Creating \\
Analysis Data
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & Same \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline ID & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Pre-Migration \\
State
\end{tabular} & Migrated State & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Migrated \\
Status
\end{tabular} & Comments \\
\hline 13 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Deleting \\
Temporary \\
Results
\end{tabular} & Finished & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & With a comment \\
\hline 14 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Temporary \\
Results Deleted
\end{tabular} & Finished & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline 15 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Failed Delete \\
Results
\end{tabular} & Finished & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline 16 & Deleted & Deleted & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Migrate only to \\
lab as deleted
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 17 & Results Deleted & Finished & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Not \\
Completed
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
> Source File System (LRFS) <=> Target File System (Smart repository) changes:

In the source file system (LRFS) all project files were located in the same folder with meaningful file names. In the new Smart Repository all project files are still located in the same folder but file names have no meaning-they are numbers.
- Special characters change as a result of migration:
> In Performance Center the following characters are invalid:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Entity & Invalid Characters \\
\hline Script name & \begin{tabular}{l}
Only "!" can be used. \\
User cannot write any other special characters.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline LT name & /\<>.|;!?\&*\# \\
\hline MP name & ;""\&!@\#\$\%*\/ \\
\hline Group name & \begin{tabular}{l}
Only "!" can be used. \\
User cannot write any other special characters.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline User name & :;\&*\'/\#~,?\{\}\$\%|<>+-=`@^) \(\square^{\text {¢ }}\) \\
\hline Project name & ;:\&*\"/\#~?\{\}\$\%|<>+='@()]^ \\
\hline Roles name & </> \\
\hline Location name & No special character can be used. \\
\hline Host pools name & :;"'<>\%\$\&+" \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
> In ALM the following characters are invalid (depends on the entity):
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Entity & Invalid Characters \\
\hline Test & \/:\"?'<>|*\% \\
\hline Resource & \/:\"?'<>|*\%! \(\}\) \\
\hline Library & \/:*? \"<>| \\
\hline Project & =~!@\#\$\%^\&*()+|\{() प:";"<>?,./\- \\
\hline Domain & =~! @\#\$\%^\&*()+|\{\}()】:";"<>?,./\- \\
\hline Group & ~!@\#\$\%^\&*()+|\{\}[:";">>?,/ \\
\hline User & ()@\/\":|<>+=;",?*\%. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- If you experience problems with the migration process, check the database migration log files for any errors or relevant messages. The log files (log.txt) are located in the following paths:
\(>\).. \(\backslash\) Migration tool
Installation>bin \(\backslash\) orchidtmp \(\backslash\) LTLogger \(\backslash\) MigrationTool
> .. \(\backslash\) Migration tool
Installation>bin \(\backslash\) orchidtmp \(\backslash\) LTLogger \(\backslash\) ProjectMigrationWrapper
For example, if you installed the migration tool on the Performance Center Server machine, the log files are located at l<PC Server installation>lorchidtmplLTLoggerlMigrationToolllog.txt and l<PC Server installation>lorchidtmplLTLogger\
ProjectMigrationWrapperllog.txt.

Chapter 5 • Working with Previously Created Projects

\section*{Part IV}

\section*{Working with Firewalls}

\section*{Working with Firewalls}

You can set up your Performance Center system to run Vusers and monitor servers over a firewall.

\section*{This chapter includes:}
> About Using Firewalls in Performance Center on page 194
- Example: Over Firewall Deployment on page 196
> Setting Up the System to Use Firewalls: Basic Steps on page 197
> Installing Over Firewall Components on page 199
- Initial Configuration of the Over Firewall System on page 199
- Specifying MI Listeners in ALM on page 204

\section*{About Using Firewalls in Performance Center}

Working with a firewall means that you can prevent unauthorized access to or from a private network, on specific port numbers.

For example, you can specify that no access is allowed to any port from the outside world, with the exception of the mail port (25), or you can specify that no outside connection is allowed from any ports to the outside except from the mail port and WEB port (80). The port settings are configured by the system administrator.

In a regular performance test (not over a firewall), the Controller has direct access to the Performance Center agents running on remote machines. This enables the Controller to connect directly to those machines.


When running Vusers or monitoring applications over a firewall, this direct connection is blocked by the firewall. The connection cannot be established by the Controller, because it does not have permissions to open the firewall.


Performance Center solves this problem by using a communication configuration based on HTTPS or secured TCP/IP. This configuration uses the standard SSL port on the firewall (port 443). For more information on HTTPS and TCP/IP system configuration, see "Setting Up Your Deployment (TCP or HTTPS)" on page 200.

A Performance Center agent is installed on Load Generators running Vusers over a firewall, and on Monitor Over Firewall machines that monitor the servers that are located over a firewall. The agent communicates with the MI Listener machine through port 443 in the firewall.

The MI Listener is a component that serves as router between the Controller and the Performance Center agent.


When the Performance Center agent connects to the MI Listener, the MI Listener keeps a listing of the connection to the agent using a symbolic name that the agent passed to it.

When the Controller connects to the MI Listener, it communicates to the MI Listener through port 50500.


The Controller uses a symbolic name for the agent, and provides the MI Listener machine's name. If there has been a connection from the agent with the same symbolic name to this MI Listener, the connection is made between the Controller and the agent. Once you have a connection with the agent, you can run or monitor Vusers over a firewall.


\section*{Example: Over Firewall Deployment}

The following diagram is a basic example of a Performance Center deployment over a firewall.


As explained in the previous section, the Performance Center agent is installed on both the Load Generator machine and the Monitor Over Firewall machine. During installation, the Performance Center agent is added as a Windows service.

The MI Listener serves as a router between:
- The agent on the Load Generator machine and the Controller, enabling the Controller to run Vusers over a firewall.
- The agent on the Monitor Over Firewall machine and the Controller, enabling the Controller to monitor the servers that are located over a firewall.

\section*{Setting Up the System to Use Firewalls: Basic Steps}

Setting up the system to use firewalls involves the following stages of configuration:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Stage & Description \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Installation and initial \\
configuration
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Install the necessary components and perform \\
initial configuration settings. For details, see \\
"Installing Over Firewall Components" on page 199, \\
and "Initial Configuration of the Over Firewall \\
System" on page 199.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Enabling running Vusers \\
over a firewall
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
When there is a firewall between the Controller and \\
Load Generator host machines, set up the system to \\
run Vusers over the firewall. For details, see \\
"Running Vusers Over a Firewall" on page 207.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Enabling monitoring over \\
a firewall
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Set up your system to monitor the application \\
under test (AUT) when there is a firewall between \\
the Controller and the AUT. For details, see \\
"Monitoring Over a Firewall" on page 213.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Checking Connectivity & \begin{tabular}{l} 
After installing and configuring all the necessary \\
components, check that you are able to establish a \\
connection between the Performance Center agent, \\
the MI Listener, and the Controller machine. For \\
details, see "Checking Connectivity" on page 234.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following flow chart provides a general outline of the steps that you need to perform to set up your system to work with firewalls.


\section*{Installing Over Firewall Components}

To enable over firewall communication, ensure that you have installed the following Performance Center components:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Component & Description \\
\hline MI Listener & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Serves as a router between the Controller and the \\
Performance Center agent. You install the MI Listener \\
component on a dedicated machine. For installation \\
instructions, see "Installing Standalone Components \\
(Windows)" on page 79. \\
For instructions on configuring the MI Listener \\
machine, see "Configuring the MI Listener" on page 202.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Monitor Over Firewall \\
component
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Used to monitor the servers that are located over a \\
firewall. You install the Monitors over Firewall \\
component on a dedicated machine. For installation \\
instructions, see "Installing Standalone Components \\
(Windows)" on page 79. \\
For information about configuring the Monitor Over \\
Firewall machine, see "Monitoring Over a Firewall" on \\
page 213.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Initial Configuration of the Over Firewall System}

After you have installed the necessary components, you are ready to configure your over firewall system.

To perform initial configuration of your over firewall system:
1 Configure the system according to TCP or HTTPS.
See "Setting Up Your Deployment (TCP or HTTPS)" on page 200.
2 Modify the firewall settings to enable communication between the machines on either side of the firewall.

See "Configuring the Firewall to Allow Agent Access" on page 201.

\section*{3 Configure the MI Listener.}

See "Configuring the MI Listener" on page 202.

\section*{Setting Up Your Deployment (TCP or HTTPS)}

To run Vusers or monitor servers over the firewall, configure your system according to one of the following configurations. Note that these configurations contain a firewall on each LAN. There may also be configurations where there is a firewall for the Over Firewall LAN only.

\section*{> TCP Configuration}

The TCP configuration requires every Performance Center agent machine behind the customer's firewall to be allowed to open a port in the firewall for outgoing communication.


\section*{HTTPS Configuration}

In the HTTPS configuration, only one machine (the proxy server) is allowed to open a port in the firewall. Therefore it is necessary to tunnel all outgoing communications through the proxy server.


\section*{Configuring the Firewall to Allow Agent Access}

You modify your firewall settings to enable communication between the machines inside the firewall and machines outside the firewall.

\section*{TCP Configuration}

The Performance Center agent attempts to establish a connection with the MI Listener using port 443, at intervals specified in the Connection Timeout field in the Agent Configuration dialog box. To enable this connection, allow an outgoing connection for HTTPS service on the firewall for port 443. The agent can then connect to the MI Listener, and the MI Listener can connect back to the agent. From this point on, the agent listens to commands from the MI Listener.

\section*{HTTPS Configuration}

The Performance Center agent attempts to establish a connection with the MI Listener, using the proxy port specified in the Proxy Port field, and at intervals specified in the Connection Timeout field in the Agent Configuration dialog box. When the connection is established, the proxy server connects to the MI Listener. To enable this connection, allow an outgoing connection for HTTPS service on the firewall for port 443. The proxy server can then connect to the MI Listener, and the MI Listener can connect back to the agent through the proxy server. From this point on, the agent listens to commands from the MI Listener.

\section*{Configuring the MI Listener}

To enable running Vusers or monitoring over a firewall, you need to install the MI Listener on one or more machines in the same LAN as the Controller outside the firewall. For installation instructions, see "Installing Standalone Components (Windows)" on page 79.

Note: When installing the MI Listener:
> The MI Listener must be installed on a dedicated machine.
> Make sure that IIS is not running on the MI Listener or Monitor Over Firewall machine. IIS uses port 443 and does not allow the access required by the listening and monitoring processes.

To configure the MI Listener:
1 Open incoming HTTPS service for port 443. The port settings are set by your system administrator.

2 Stop the Performance Center agent by right-clicking its icon in the system tray and selecting Close.

3 Select Start > Programs > Performance Center > Advanced Settings > MI Listener Configuration, or open <Performance Center Host root>\launch_service \(\backslash\) bin \(\backslash\) MILsnConfig.exe.


4 Set each option as described in the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Option & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Default \\
Value
\end{tabular} & Description \\
\hline Check Client Certificates & False & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Select True to request that the client \\
send an SSL certificate when \\
connecting, and to authenticate the \\
certificate.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Private Key Password & None & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The password that may be required \\
during the SSL certificate \\
authentication process.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Click OK to save your changes or Use Defaults to use the default values.

\section*{5 Restart the Performance Center agent from Start > Programs > HP Performance Center Host.}

\section*{Specifying MI Listeners in ALM}

In Lab Management, you specify one or more MI Listeners to enable running Vusers or monitoring data over a firewall.

To add an MI Listener:
1 On the Lab Management sidebar, under Performance Center, select
MI Listeners.
2 In the MI Listeners module, click the New MI Listener button. The New MI Listener dialog box opens.

3 Enter the following details:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Field & Description \\
\hline Description & A description of the MI Listener. \\
\hline Public IP & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The public IP address of the MI Listener. \\
Note: \\
If you have two different IP addresses for the same MI \\
Listener, one for public communication with a Load \\
Generator located over a firewall and a second for \\
internal communication with the Controller, enter \\
the public IP address here. Enter the internal IP \\
address in the MI Listener Name field (see below).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline MI Listener ID & The MI Listener ID. \\
\hline MI Listener Name & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The host name of the MI Listener. \\
Note: If you have two different IP addresses for the \\
same MI Listener-one for internal communication \\
with the Controller and a second for public \\
communication with a Load Generator located over a \\
firewall-enter the internal IP address here. Enter the \\
public IP address in the Public IP field (see above).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Purpose & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The role designated to the MI Listener: \\
\(>\) \\
\(>\) \\
Diagnostics data collection over a firewall \\
\(>\) Monitoring over a firewall
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Running Vusers over a firewall
\end{tabular}

4 Click OK. The MI Listener is added to the table.

Chapter 6 • Working with Firewalls

\section*{Running Vusers Over a Firewall}

You can set up Performance Center to run Vusers over a firewall.
This chapter includes:
> Running Vusers Over a Firewall: Basic Steps on page 208
> Configuring Hosts to Run Vusers Over a Firewall on page 210

\section*{Running Vusers Over a Firewall: Basic Steps}


Note: Before you configure your system to run Vusers over the firewall, ensure that you have completed the configuration steps described in "Initial Configuration of the Over Firewall System" on page 199.

\section*{To run Vusers over a firewall:}

1 In Lab Management, specify the details of the MI Listener that will be used to run Vusers over the firewall. For details, see "Specifying MI Listeners in ALM" on page 204.

2 Configure the Performance Center agent on each Load Generator machine that will run over a firewall to communicate with the MI Listener.

For information on how to configure the Performance Center agent, see "Configuring the Performance Center Agent" on page 225.

Note: After you configure the Performance Center agent on the Load Generator machine, you can edit the configuration settings from Lab Management. For more information, see the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.

3 In Lab Management, configure the relevant Load Generator hosts to run over a firewall. For details, see "Configuring Hosts to Run Vusers Over a Firewall" on page 210.

\section*{Configuring Hosts to Run Vusers Over a Firewall}

To use a Performance Center host to run Vusers over a firewall, you need to configure the relevant hosts as Load Generators in Lab Management.

Part of the process of configuring a Performance Center host involves selecting a location for your host. For example, locations can be defined according to physical areas. The location also determines whether the host is located over a firewall.

Before you configure the host, you need to ensure that you have added a location over a firewall. When you are configuring a host to operate over a firewall, you select a location that is located over a firewall.

This section describes the basic steps of how to add a host as a Load Generator for running Vusers over a firewall. For detailed information about adding hosts in Performance Center, refer to the HP ALM Lab Management Guide.

\section*{To configure a host to run Vusers over a firewall:}

\section*{1 Add the location that is over a firewall.}
a On the Lab Management sidebar, under Lab Resources, select Locations.
b In the Host Locations module, click the New Host Location button. The New Host Location dialog box opens.
c Enter the following details:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Field & Description \\
\hline Description & A description of the host location. \\
\hline Location Name & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The name of the host location. The name should have \\
a logical connection to the host location.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Over Firewall & Indicates whether the host location is over a firewall. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{2 Add the over firewall host.}
a On the Lab Management sidebar, under Lab Resources, select Hosts.
b In the Host module, click the New Host button. The New Host dialog box opens.
c Enter the following details:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Field & Description \\
\hline Belongs to Pools & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The host pools to which the host is assigned. \\
Host pools enable you to control which hosts are \\
allocated to which projects.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Description & A description of the host. \\
\hline Host Attributes & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Attributes of the host. \\
Example: Memory, strength, installed components
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Installation & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Indicates the type of host installation. \\
For a standalone installation of the Load Generator, \\
select Windows Standalone LG.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Location & The location of the host that is over the firewall. \\
\hline MI Listener & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The IP address or host name of the MI Listener that \\
enables data collection. \\
If no MI Listener is found, it means that the Load \\
Generator Performance Center Agent was not \\
correctly configured to operate over a firewall. In this \\
case, you need to manually select an MI Listener from \\
the MI Listener list and then configure the \\
Performance Center Agent on the Load Generator \\
machine to operate over a firewall. \\
For more information about configuring the \\
Performance Center Agent to operate over a firewall, \\
see "Configuring the Performance Center Agent" \\
on page 225.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Name & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The fully qualified domain name or IP address of the \\
host that was assigned when creating the host.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Field } & \text { Description } \\ \hline \text { Password } & \begin{array}{l}\text { The password of the Performance Center system user } \\ \text { on the host machine. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Priority } & \begin{array}{l}\text { A rank assigned to the host. The higher the priority } \\ \text { you give the host, the more likely the host will be } \\ \text { allocated to a test. There are a number of criteria to } \\ \text { consider when assigning priority. The main } \\ \text { considerations are whether the host is a dedicated } \\ \text { machine or a shared resource, and the type of } \\ \text { hardware installed on the machine. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Purpose } & \begin{array}{l}\text { A host over a firewall can only have a Load Generator } \\ \text { purpose. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Enable SSL } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Indicates whether the Load Generator is to } \\ \text { communicate with the Controller via SSL (Secure } \\ \text { Socket Layer) or not. This option is available when } \\ \text { the Load Generator is located over a firewall. } \\ \text { Note: The Load Generator uses SSL to communicate } \\ \text { with the Controller during run time only. For non } \\ \text { runtime functionality (including collating results), } \\ \text { the Load Generator does not use SSL as the } \\ \text { communication protocol. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Status } & \begin{array}{l}\text { The status of the host. An indicator is displayed next } \\ \text { to the host name, representing its current status. } \\ \text { The possible statuses are: } \\ >\text { Operational. The host machine is up and running. } \\ >\text { Non-operational. The host machine is down. } \\ >\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Unavailable. There is no information available } \\ \text { about the status of the host. }\end{array}\right\}\)

\section*{Monitoring Over a Firewall}

You can set up Performance Center to monitor servers over a firewall.

\section*{This chapter includes:}
> Monitoring Over a Firewall: Basic Steps on page 214
- Configuring Monitor Settings on page 216
- Configuring the Project to Receive Monitor Over Firewall Information on page 222
- Editing Monitor Over Firewall Machines During a Test Run on page 223

\section*{Monitoring Over a Firewall: Basic Steps}


Note: Before you configure your system to monitor servers over a firewall, ensure that you have completed the configuration steps described in "Initial Configuration of the Over Firewall System" on page 199.

To set up your system to monitor servers over a firewall:
1 In Lab Management, specify the details of the MI Listener that will be used to monitor servers over the firewall. For details, see "Specifying MI Listeners in ALM" on page 204.

2 Configure the Performance Center agent on each Monitor Over Firewall machine to communicate with the MI Listener.

For details, see "Configuring the Performance Center Agent" on page 225.
3 Use the Monitor Configuration tool to configure the servers to monitor and define specific measurements that Performance Center collects for each monitored server.

For details, see "Configuring Monitor Settings" on page 216.
4 In the relevant project, establish a connection between the tests you are running and the Monitor Over Firewall machines.

For details, see "Configuring the Project to Receive Monitor Over Firewall Information" on page 222.

\section*{Configuring Monitor Settings}

You configure the monitor settings from the Monitor Over Firewall machine, using the Monitor Configuration tool. You select the type of monitors to run and the server whose resources you want to monitor, add the measurements to monitor for each server, and specify the frequency at which the monitored measurements are to be reported.

\section*{To configure monitor settings:}

1 On the Monitor Over Firewall machine, choose Start > Programs > HP LoadRunner > Advanced Settings > Monitor Configuration. For machines without the complete Performance Center installation, choose Start > Programs > Server Monitor > Monitor Configuration. The Monitor Configuration dialog box opens.


2 Click the Add Server button. The New Monitored Server Properties dialog box opens.


3 In the Monitored Server box, type the name or IP address of the server whose resources you want to monitor.

Note: To add several servers simultaneously, you can specify IP ranges, or separate the server names or IP ranges with commas. For example, 255.255.255.0-255.255.255.5, or server1, server2.

4 From the Available Monitors list, select the monitors suitable for the server being monitored.

5 Click OK to close the New Monitored Server Properties dialog box. The Monitored Servers list is displayed in the Monitor Configuration dialog box.


Default measurements are displayed for some of the monitors in the Measurements to be Monitored section. You can specify the frequency at which to report the measurements in the Measurement Properties section.

6 To add additional monitored servers to the list, repeat steps 2 through 5.
7 To edit the monitor configuration properties for a server, click the Edit button. The Monitored Server Properties dialog box opens enabling you to edit the monitors for the server whose resources you are monitoring.

8 Click Apply to save your settings.

\section*{Cloning a Monitored Server's Properties}

To monitor the same properties on different server machines, you can clone a selected server's properties using the Clone Monitored Server Properties dialog box.

To clone a monitored server's properties:
1 Open the Monitor Configuration dialog box.
2 Right-click the server you want to clone, and select Clone. The Clone Monitored Server Properties dialog box opens.


3 In the Monitored Server box, type the name or IP address of the cloned server you want to create.

Tip: To create several cloned servers simultaneously, you can specify IP ranges, or separate the server names or IP ranges with commas. For example, 255.255.255.0-255.255.255.5, or server1, server2.

4 The Available Monitors list displays the monitors that were selected for the server being cloned. Select additional suitable monitors for the cloned server.

5 Click OK to close the Clone Monitored Server Properties dialog box. The cloned server is displayed in the Monitored Servers list.

6 Click Apply to save your settings.

\section*{Adding and Removing Measurements}

After you configure one or more server machines to monitor, you add measurements to monitor for each server. If Performance Center added default measurements, you can edit them as required.

To add a measurement to monitor:
1 Open the Monitor Configuration dialog box.
2 Select a server from the Monitored Servers list.
3 Click the Add Measurement button. Select the appropriate monitor. A dialog box opens, enabling you to choose measurements for the monitor you selected.

4 Select the measurements that you want to monitor, and click OK.
5 Click Apply to save your settings.
To remove a measurement from the measurements list:
1 Select the measurement, and click the Delete button.
2 Click Apply to save your settings.

\section*{Configuring Measurement Frequency}

After you have configured monitor measurements, you set a schedule for reporting each measurement.

Schedule: report measurement every \(1 \div\) Minute[s]

To configure measurement frequency:
1 In the Monitor Configuration dialog box, under the Measurement Properties section, select the configured server measurement you want to schedule.

2 Specify the frequency at which you want Performance Center to report the measurement.

3 Click Apply to save your settings.

\section*{Configuring the Project to Receive Monitor Over Firewall Information}

After you configure the monitors, you configure the project to receive Monitor Over Firewall information during performance test runs.

Note: The steps in the section are described in more detail in the section about monitor profiles in the HP ALM Performance Center Guide.

To configure the project to receive Monitor Over Firewall information:
1 Add a monitor over firewall which can be accessed by performance tests in this project.
a On the ALM sidebar, select Test Resources.
b In the Test Resources module, right-click and select New Resource.
c In the Type box, select Monitor Over Firewall.
d Enter a name, the machine key, and select the MI Listener with which the monitor is to connect.

2 Select the Monitor Over Firewall agent to use in a specific performance test.
a In the Test Plan module, right-click a performance test, and click Edit Test to open the test in the Performance Test Designer window.
b In the Monitors tab, select the Monitor Over Firewall agent.

\section*{Editing Monitor Over Firewall Machines During a Test Run}

While a performance test is running, you can change the status of a Monitor Over Firewall agent or add another monitor to the test.

\section*{To modify the Monitor Over Firewall machines:}

1 On the Test Run page, click the Design button. The Performance Test Designer window opens.

2 Click Settings. The Settings dialog box opens.
3 In the Server Monitors tab, you can view the Monitor Over Firewall agents that are monitoring the test, as well as their connection status.
- To connect or disconnect a Monitor Over Firewall agent, click the Connect/Disconnect button.
- To add a Monitor Over Firewall agent to the test, select it from the Add Monitor Over Firewall list.

4 Click OK.
5 Click Close to close the Settings dialog box.

Chapter 8 • Monitoring Over a Firewall

Configuring the Performance Center
Agent

You can set up your Performance Center system to run Vusers and monitor servers over a firewall. As part of the process of setting up your Performance Center system to work over firewalls, you configure the Performance Center agent.

\section*{This chapter includes:}
> About Configuring Performance Center Agents Over the Firewall on page 226
> Configuring the Windows Performance Center Agent on page 227
> Configuring and Running the UNIX Performance Center Agent on page 229
- Agent Configuration Settings on page 231
> Checking Connectivity on page 234

\section*{About Configuring Performance Center Agents Over the Firewall}

As part of the process of setting up your Performance Center system to work over firewalls, you configure the Performance Center agent on each Load Generator machine that will be running over a firewall and on each Monitor Over Firewall machine.


You configure the Performance Center agent to communicate with the MI Listener. The MI Listener serves as a router between the Performance Center agent and the Controller.

\section*{Configuring the Windows Performance Center Agent}

This section describes how to configure the Performance Center Agent on Windows machines to communicate with the MI Listener.

\section*{To configure the Performance Center agent on Windows machines:}

1 Select Start > Programs > HP Performance Center Host> Advanced Settings >
Performance Center Agent Configuration, or run <Performance Center root>\launch_service \(\backslash\) bin \(\backslash\) AgentConfig.exe.

The Agent Configuration dialog box opens.


\section*{2 Select Enable Firewall Agent.}

3 Click Settings. The Agent Configuration dialog box displays a list of settings.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Agent Configuration} & x \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Over Firewall Settings} \\
\hline Property & Value & & \(\triangle\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{MI Listener Name} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Local Machine Key} \\
\hline Connection Timeout (seconds) & 20 & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{MI Listener User Name} \\
\hline MI Listener Password & xxxxx & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Server Domain} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{- Connection Type} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\(\bigcirc\) © TCP} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{- O HTTP} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Proxy Name} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Proxy Port} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Proxy User Name} \\
\hline Proxy Password & *xxxx & & \(\checkmark\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{MI Listener Name} \\
\hline & OK & Cancel & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

4 Set each option as described in "Agent Configuration Settings" on page 231. Pay careful attention to the first three settings.

Note: When specifying the Local Machine Key, you must use the format hostname_locationname where hostname is the name of the host, as defined in the Hosts module in Lab Management, and locationname is the name of the host location, as defined in the Host Location module.

5 Click OK to save your changes.
6 When prompted, click OK to restart the Performance Center agent.
7 Check the connection status between the Performance Center agent and the MI Listener.

An illuminated green light next to the Performance Center Agent icon in the system tray indicates a successful connection between the agent and the MI Listener. A red light indicates that there is no connection between the agent and the MI Listener.

\section*{Notes:}
> When you configure the Performance Center agent on Windows machines, the Remote Management agent is automatically configured with the same settings. The Remote Management agent enables you to manage remote machines from Lab Management or from ALM.
- After you have configured the Performance Center agent on the Load Generator machine, you can edit the configuration settings from Lab Management. For more information, see the HP ALM Performance Center Guide.

\section*{Configuring and Running the UNIX Performance Center Agent}

Load Generator hosts can be installed on Linux machines. This section describes how to configure and run Performance Center agents on UNIX machines.

Note: As part of the process of configuring the Performance Center Agent on UNIX machines, you also need to configure the Remote Management agent. The Remote Management agent enables you to manage remote machines from Lab Management or from ALM.

To configure the Performance Center Agent on UNIX machines:
1 Activate the firewall service for the Performance Center agent:
a Open <Performance Center root folder>/dat/br_Inch_server.cfg in a text editor.
b In the Firewall section, set FireWallServiceActive to 1 and save your changes.

2 Activate the firewall service for the Remote Management agent:
a Open <Performance Center root folder>/al_agent/dat/ br_Inch_server.cfg in a text editor.
b In the Firewall section, set FireWallServiceActive to 1 and save your changes.

3 Run agent_config from the <Performance Center root folder>/bin directory and enter the agent configuration settings (see "Agent Configuration Settings" on page 231).

Note: When you set the agent configuration settings, they are applied to both the Performance Center and Remote Management agents.

4 Restart the Performance Center agent for the configuration changes to take effect.
a To stop the Performance Center agent, run the following command from the <Performance Center root folder>/bin directory:
```

m_daemon_setup -remove

```
b To start the Performance Center agent, run the following command from the <Performance Center root folder>/bin directory:
```

m_daemon_setup -install

```

Note: When the Performance Center agent is configured to run over a firewall, and the agent is connected to the MI Listener, a file called <local_machine_key>_connected_to_MI_Listener is created in the temporary directory of the Performance Center agent machine. This file is deleted when the Performance Center agent disconnects from the MI Listener.

5 Restart the Remote Management agent for the configuration changes to take effect.
a To stop the Remote Management agent, run the following command from the <Performance Center root folder>/al_agent/bin directory:
```

al_daemon_setup -remove

```
b To start the Remote Management agent, run the following command from the <Performance Center root folder>/al_agent/bin directory:
```

al_daemon_setup -install

```

\section*{Agent Configuration Settings}

The following table provides an explanation of the agent configuration settings:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Setting & Default Value & Description \\
\hline MI Listener name & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The host name, fully qualified \\
domain name, or IP address of the \\
MI Listener.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Local Machine Key & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
A symbolic string identifier used \\
to establish a unique connection \\
between the Controller host and \\
the agent machine, via the MI \\
Listener machine. \\
When configuring to monitor \\
over a firewall, you can enter any \\
logical name, using lowercase \\
letters only. \\
When configuring to run Vusers \\
over a firewall, you must use the \\
format hostname_locationname \\
where: \\
> hostname is the name of the \\
host as found in Lab \\
Management's Hosts module. \\
\(>\) locationname is the name of the \\
host location as found in Lab \\
Management's Host Locations \\
module.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Connection Timeout & & 20 seconds \\
(seconds) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The length of time you want the \\
agent to wait before retrying to \\
connect to the MI Listener \\
machine. If zero, the connection \\
is kept open from the time the \\
agent is run.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Chapter 9 • Configuring the Performance Center Agent
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Setting & Default Value & Description \\
\hline MI Listener Password & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The password needed to connect \\
to the MI Listener machine.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Server Domain & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The domain name needed to \\
connect to the MI Listener \\
machine. This field is required \\
only if NTLM is used.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Connection Type - \\
TCP/HTTP
\end{tabular} & TCP & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Select either TCP or HTTP, \\
depending on the configuration \\
you are using.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Connection Type - \\
HTTP Proxy Name
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The name of the proxy server. This \\
field is mandatory if the \\
Connection Type setting is HTTP.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Connection Type - \\
HTTP Proxy Port
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The proxy server connection port. \\
This field is mandatory if the \\
Connection Type setting is HTTP.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Connection Type - \\
HTTP Proxy User Name
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The user name of a user with \\
connection rights to the proxy \\
server.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Connection Type - \\
HTTP Proxy Password
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The password of the user with \\
connection rights to the proxy \\
server.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Connection Type - \\
HTTP Proxy Domain
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The user's domain if defined in \\
the proxy server configuration. \\
This option is required only if \\
NTLM is used.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Use Secure Connection \\
(SSL)
\end{tabular} & disabled & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Enable to connect using the \\
Secure Sockets Layer protocol.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Chapter 9 • Configuring the Performance Center Agent
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Setting & Default Value & Description \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Use Secure Connection \\
(SSL) - Check Server \\
Certificates
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Authenticates the SSL certificates \\
that are sent by the server. Select \\
Medium to verify that the server \\
certificate is signed by a trusted \\
Certification Authority. Select \\
High to verify that the sender IP \\
matches the certificate \\
information. This setting is \\
available only if Use Secure \\
Connection is set to True.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Use Secure Connection \\
(SSL) - Private Key \\
Password
\end{tabular} & none & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The password that might be \\
required during the SSL certificate \\
authentication process. This \\
option is relevant only if the \\
Client Certificate Owner option is \\
enabled.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Use Secure Connection \\
(SSL) - Use Client \\
Certificate
\end{tabular} & disabled & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Enables you to upload the SSL \\
certificate (if required by the \\
server to allow the connection to \\
be made). This option is relevant \\
only if the Use Secure Connection \\
option is enabled.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Checking Connectivity}

To run Vusers or monitor servers over a firewall, you must be able to establish a connection between the Performance Center agent, MI Listener, and the Controller machine.

If you encounter connectivity problems after installing and configuring all the necessary components, check the table below for troubleshooting tips.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Check & Solution \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
To check that the Firewall \\
service was activated on the \\
agent machine:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
- \begin{tabular}{l} 
Windows Installation: There should be a \\
traffic light to the right side of the
\end{tabular} \\
Performance Center Agent icon on the \\
machine running/monitoring Vusers over \\
a firewall. If there is no traffic light, you \\
need to reconfigure the Performance \\
Center Agent on your Windows machine. \\
For details, see "Configuring the Windows \\
Performance Center Agent" on page 227. \\
Linux Installation: In the temporary \\
directory of the Performance Center Agent \\
machine, locate the \\
<local_machine_key>_connected_to_ \\
MI_Listener file. If the file is missing, this \\
indicates that the FirewallServiceActive=1 \\
is not set in the [FireWall] section of the \\
Agent Settings. For details, see
\end{tabular} \\
"Configuring and Running the UNIX \\
Performance Center Agent" on page 229.
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Check & Solution \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
To check that port 443 is \\
available:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
If a Web server is running on the MI Listener \\
or Monitor Over Firewall machine, port 443 \\
does not allow the access required by the
\end{tabular} \\
listening and monitoring processes. Contact \\
your network administrator to change the \\
Web server port.
\end{tabular}

Chapter 9 • Configuring the Performance Center Agent

\section*{Part V}

\section*{Troubleshooting}

\section*{10}

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This chapter provides troubleshooting for issues that arise when installing ALM Performance Center components and patches, when migrating data from earlier versions of Performance Center, and during initial configuration.

\section*{This chapter includes:}
> During Performance Center Server Setup Installation of a Prerequisite Fails on page 241
> Performance Center Server Installation Cannot be Completed: IIS is not Installed on page 242
- Fails to Install .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 on Windows 2008 R2 on page 243
- Cannot Connect to Performance Center Server or Host on page 243
> Performance Center Host Installation Hangs at Registering Modules on page 244
> Performance Center Server Cannot be Added to ALM Due to Mismatch in Communication Security Passphrase on page 245
> Performance Center Host Cannot be Added to Lab Management, or is Non-Operational, Due to Mismatch in Communication Security Passphrase on page 246
> Performance Center Server Cannot be Added to Lab Management: HostNotFound Error on page 247
- Connection to Controller Failed when Starting a Run and the Online Run Screen Did Not Load on page 247
- Working with Performance Center when Windows Firewall is Enabled on page 248
> Cannot Start Remote Management Agent Service Automatically on page 251
- Uninstall of Host Failed or Has Frozen on page 251
- Patch Installation Fails on page 252
- Installing a patch requires you to stop the Performance Center Load Testing Service on the host machine on page 253
- Cannot Launch ALM: Message That Software Not Installed on page 254
> Cannot Log in to Performance Center via the Client Machine: Error Regarding JavaScript on page 254
- When Starting a Test Run, the Host is Added, but the Initializing Run Page Does Not Load on page 255
- Cannot Run Performance Center Component Installation from a Network Drive on page 256
- Installing Performance Center Components Does Not Start when Selecting Them from the DVD Menu on page 257
> Installing One of the Performance Center Components Cannot Use Default Port: Port Already in Use on page 258
- Unable to Use Non-Default Ports in Microsoft SQL on page 261
- Errors in the Migration Tool Report on page 261
> Cannot Connect to Oracle Database on 64-bit Windows OS on page 263
- Cannot Migrate a Project Again Because it Cannot be Deleted on page 264
- Errors in the Migration Log on page 265
> The Migrated Project is Not Linked to the PC_PROJECT_TEMPLATE Project After the Migration on page 265
- Migration Tool Logs on page 267
- Migration Tables Not Found on page 269
- Migration Tool Report Data Not Found on page 270
- Load Test Fails to Start and Issues no Error Message on page 271
> Unable to View Topology Monitors Online on page 271

\section*{During Performance Center Server Setup Installation of a Prerequisite Fails}

\section*{Problem Description}

Some of the system components require installation of various software as a prerequisite to successful setup of the component.

For example, the setup of the Performance Center Server requires an installation of WSE 2.0. This installation may fail during installation of Performance Center components.

Example of the error:

\section*{Microsoft WSE 2.0 SP3 Runtime}

X
Error 1719. The Windows Installer Service could not be accessed. This can occur if you are running Windows in safe mode, or if the Windows Installer is not correctly installed. Contact your support personnel for assistance.

\section*{OK}

\section*{Troubleshooting}

Component setup uses MSI. This error is often related to problems with the MSI engine.

Restart the machine and try again. If the problem persists, contact Microsoft.

\title{
Performance Center Server Installation Cannot be Completed: IIS is not Installed
}

\section*{Problem Description}

The Performance Center Server installation did not complete successfully. The virtual directories are not created on the Performance Center Server.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This error occurs when IIS is not installed prior to installation of the Performance Center Server.

1 Complete the Performance Center Server installation by skipping the ALM and Performance Center Server configuration steps.

2 Install IIS.
3 Run Performance Center Server Configuration Tool from:
Start > Program Files > HP Performance Center Server > Tools > HP Performance Center Server Configuration Wizard

4 (Optional) Set Performance Center and Performance Center Host license keys.

\section*{Fails to Install .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 on Windows 2008 R2}

\section*{Problem Description}

While installing .NET 3.5 SP1 on Windows 2008 R2, the installation fails and the following error is displayed:

The installation and configuration of Microsoft. NET Framework 3.5 SP1 must be made using the role management tools.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

Enable the .Net feature from the server configuration.

\section*{Cannot Connect to Performance Center Server or Host}

\section*{Problem Description}

Connection issues may cause different errors.
These include:
- Inability to add Performance Center Server to the system
> Inability to add Performance Center Host to the system
- Cannot view Performance Center web pages (for example: License page, Performance Test Designer, and so on)

\section*{Troubleshooting}

Make sure a network connection is available from one machine to the other. To check connectivity, make sure you can ping from one machine to another, or alternatively use telnet <port number>.

\title{
Performance Center Host Installation Hangs at Registering Modules
}

\section*{Problem Description}

Both the installation and the MSI user interface hang at registering modules. This problem occurs because MSI creates a separate process for each registration action and then waits for each process to end.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

To solve this problem, do one of the following:
- Stop and restart the installation.
> Open task manager and sort the processes by name. Locate the msiexec processes that are running with the user name system. Terminate the msiexec process that is consuming the highest CPU.

\section*{Performance Center Server Cannot be Added to ALM Due to Mismatch in Communication Security Passphrase}

\section*{Problem Description}

The Communication Security passphrase on the Performance Center Server and the ALM server do not match and the servers cannot communicate.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This can occur if an incorrect Communication Security passphrase was provided during the initial configuration of the Performance Center Server, or if the passphrase on the ALM server was changed.

To solve the mismatch, update the Communication Security passphrase on the ALM server and on the Performance Center Server.

To update the Communication Security passphrase on the ALM server:
1 Log in to Site Administration.
2 In the Site Configuration tab, update the COMMUNICATION_SECURITY_PASSPHRASE parameter.

3 Restart the HP Application Lifecycle Management service on the ALM server.

To update the Communication Security passphrase on the Performance Center Server:

1 On the machine where the Performance Center Server is installed, run the Performance Center Server Configuration Wizard:

Start > Program Files > HP Performance Center Server > Tools > HP Performance Center Server Configuration Wizard

2 On the Communication Security page, enter the new Communication Security passphrase.

3 Click Next on all of the subsequent wizard pages and Finish to close the wizard.

\title{
Performance Center Host Cannot be Added to Lab Management, or is Non-Operational, Due to Mismatch in Communication Security Passphrase
}

\section*{Problem Description}

The Communication Security Passphrase should be the same on both the host and the Performance Center Server. The mismatch may occur if you run the Host Configuration wizard, since this wizard resets the Communication Security Passphrase value.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

Check that both the host and the Performance Center Server have the same Communication Security Passphrase value. If the values are not the same, you can change them directly on the Performance Center Server or host, or by reconfiguring the Performance Center Server or host from Lab Management:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
From Lab \\
Management
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
For information about reconfiguring \\
Performance Center Servers and hosts, see the \\
HP ALM Performance Center Guide.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Directly on the \\
Performance Center \\
Server
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
On the Performance Center Server, navigate to the \\
PCS.config file as follows: <Performance Center Server \\
path>\dat \(\backslash\) PCS.config. Under the <appSettings> tag, \\
the value appears by the LW_CRYPTO_INIT_STRING key. \\
For information about how to configure the \\
Communication Security Passphrase via the \\
Performance Center Server Configuration Wizard, see \\
"Performance Center Server Cannot be Added to ALM \\
Due to Mismatch in Communication Security \\
Passphrase" on page 245.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Directly on the host & \begin{tabular}{l} 
On the host, navigate to the LTS.config file as follows: \\
\(<\) Performance Center Host path> \(\backslash\) dat \(\backslash\) LTS.config. \\
Under the <appSettings> tag, the value appears by the \\
LW_CRYPTO_INIT_STRING key.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Performance Center Server Cannot be Added to Lab Management: HostNotFound Error}

\section*{Problem Description}

When adding a Performance Center server, the ALM system performs a name lookup operation. At times, the system changes the IP address or the short DNS name into a full DNS name. When this situation occurs, the system fails to add the server because the name is incorrect.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

Validate that the Performance Center server URL is correct. Make sure that the server is up and that it can be reached from the ALM server.

If the problem persists, add the fully qualified name of the Performance Center server to the Host file (typically under c: \Windows \(\backslash\) System32 \drivers \(\backslash\) etc) in the ALM machine.

\section*{Connection to Controller Failed when Starting a Run and the Online Run Screen Did Not Load}

\section*{Problem Description}

A connection to a Controller must be made during run initialization in order to start the test. The initialization screen shows that the connection failed and as a result the online run screen did not open.

\section*{Troubleshooting}
- Check the Performance Center Server names and make sure they are recognized by the host.
- If the Performance Center Server and host are in separate domains, use fully qualified names.
- When using machine names, make sure the Performance Center Server and host belong to the same domain.

To verify that the Performance Center server is recognized by the host, perform the following steps on each host:

1 Open the Host machine.
2 Open the Hosts file from C: \(\backslash\) windows \(\backslash\) system \(32 \backslash\) drivers \(\backslash\) etc \(\backslash\) hosts.
3 Add the Performance Center Server machine name and IP to this file.

\section*{Working with Performance Center when Windows Firewall is Enabled}

\section*{Problem Description}

To work with Performance Center, we recommend that you disable the Windows Firewall on all host machines (see "Configuration for Windows XP Professional" on page 121). To enable Performance Center to work with the Windows Firewall enabled, the Windows Firewall must be reconfigured.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The Windows Firewall must be configured to allow inbound and outbound communication on specific ports used by Performance Center.

The following configurations are required for all Performance Center machines in the system (servers and hosts), except for Site Scope and Diagnostics.

Performance Center server:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Process / Service & Direction & Protocol & Local Port & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remote \\
Port
\end{tabular} & Path \\
\hline Datacollectionagent.exe & Inbound & ТСР & 3333 & Any & \(<\) PCS install dir> \(>\) bin \datacollectionagent.exe \\
\hline World Wide Web Services (HTTP TrafficIn) & Inbound & TCP & 80 & Any & Service \\
\hline RemoteManagement Agent Service & Inbound & TCP & 54245 & Any & \(<\) PCS install dir>\al_agent \(\backslash\) bin \alagentservice.exe \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
HP.PC.LTOP.QCOTA \\
OperationService Wrapper.exe
\end{tabular} & Outbound & TCP & Any & 8080 & \begin{tabular}{l}
< PCS install dir> \(>\) bin \\
\HP.PC.LTOP.QCOTA \\
OperationServiceWrapper.exe
\end{tabular} \\
\hline ALWrapperServer.exe & Outbound & TCP & Any & 54245 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(<\) PCS install dir> \(>\) bin \\
\(\backslash\) ALWrapperServer.exe
\end{tabular} \\
\hline w3wp.exe & Outbound & ТСР & Any & \begin{tabular}{l}
8080, \\
8731, \\
1433, \\
3333 \\
(Use port \\
1433 for \\
MS SQL \\
Server. For \\
Oracle, \\
use port \\
1521.)
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Hosts:}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Process / Service & Direction & Protocol & Local Port & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remote \\
Port
\end{tabular} & Path \\
\hline Datacollectionagent.exe & Inbound & ТСР & 3333 & Any & <Host install dir> \bin \datacollectionagent.exe \\
\hline RemoteManagement Agent Service & Inbound & TCP & 54245 & Any & <Host install dir>\al_agent \(\backslash\) bin \alagentservice.exe \\
\hline Performance Center Agent Service & Inbound & TCP & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 54345, \\
& 50500,
\end{aligned}
\] & Any & <Host install dir> \launch_service \bin\magentservice.exe \\
\hline System & Inbound & TCP & 8731 & Any & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
HP.PC.LTOP.QCOTA \\
OperationService Wrapper.exe
\end{tabular} & Outbound & TCP & Any & 8080 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(<\) Host install dir>\bin \\
\HP.PC.LTOP.QCOTAOperati \\
on \\
ServiceWrapper.exe
\end{tabular} \\
\hline LTOPSvc.exe & Outbound & TCP & Any & 80, 8080 & \(<\) Host install dir> \bin \LTOPSvc.exe \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Cannot Start Remote Management Agent Service Automatically}

\section*{Problem Description}

After installing PCS on Windows 2008 with UAC enabled, the Remote Management Agent Service is not enabled.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

Disable UAC and reboot the PCS machine. The service status should be set to Started.

\section*{Uninstall of Host Failed or Has Frozen}

\section*{Problem Description}

This error may present itself in various ways:
> Uninstall of the Performance Center host did not complete successfully.
- Uninstall of the Performance Center host is taking a long time and seems to have frozen.
> When trying to uninstall the Performance Center host again, the Performance Center host is not found in Add/Remove Programs.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

1 Try to reboot the machine and uninstall again (unless the Performance Center host no longer appears in Add/Remove Programs).

2 Open a command prompt and run:
<Host installation path>\bin \HP.PC.PCS.Configurator.exe /CFG:.. \dat \(\backslash\) setup \(\backslash\) Its \(\backslash x m I \backslash\) Configurator.xml /G:Uninstall

3 Delete the host installation folder. The default path for the host installation folder on a Windows 2008 64-bit machine is:

C: \(\backslash\) Program Files (x86) \HP \(\backslash\) Performance Center Host
4 Delete HP Performance Center Host from Start menu > Programs.

5 Delete the product from the MSI manager using the Windows Installer CleanUp Utility (http://www.windows-installer-cleanup-utility.com/).

\section*{Patch Installation Fails}

\section*{Problem Description}

Installing a patch on the Performance Center Server or host from Lab Management fails and the following message is displayed:
"Patch installation on host/server <host/server name> failed. Reason: Failed installing Patch. Abnormal termination. The installation process is not found"

\section*{Troubleshooting}

To install the patch from Lab Management, you must make sure that the Remote Procedure Call (RPC) service is started. You start the service as follows:

1 On the Performance Center Server or host, select Start > Run, and type services.msc. The Services window opens.

2 Right-click the Remote Procedure Call (RPC) service and select Start.

\section*{Installing a patch requires you to stop the Performance Center Load Testing Service on the host machine}

\section*{Problem Description}

The HP Performance Center Host Files in Use dialog box appears, displaying the following message:


\section*{Troubleshooting}

It is recommended that you click Continue and continue with the installation. Alternatively, you can perform the procedure below:

1 Select Start > Run, and type services.msc. The Services window opens.
2 Stop the Performance Center Load Testing service.
3 When the service has stopped, click Try Again.
4 When the installation is complete, manually restart the service.

\section*{Cannot Launch ALM: Message That Software Not Installed}

\section*{Problem Description}

When launching ALM, a message such as the following is displayed:
"Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 ATL Security Update Redistributable is not installed. Application will not be able to run. Contact your system administrator."

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This problems occurs if one of the client prerequisites, .NET Framework 4.0 or Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 ATL Security Update Redistributable, is not installed.

To solve this problem, install the software manually from the following locations:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline .NET Framework 4.0 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
<Installation_Disk_Root_Directory>\SetuplCommonld \\
otnet4.0
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 \\
SP1 Redistributable Package \\
(x86)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
<lnstallation_Disk_Root_Directory>1Setupl<environm \\
ent>1prerequisiteslvc2005_sp1_redistlvcredist_x86.e \\
xe
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Cannot Log in to Performance Center via the Client Machine: Error Regarding JavaScript}

\section*{Problem Description}

Login to Performance Center fails, and the following error is displayed:
JavaScript is not installed or is disabled in your browser......

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This problem is related to running JavaScript in your browser.

To resolve this issue:
1 In Internet Explorer, select Tools > Internet options >Security.
2 Select Internet zone.
3 Click Custom Level.
4 Make sure that Active Scripting is enabled.
5 Enable the following items under ActiveX controls and Plug-ins:
- Automatic prompting for ActiveX controls
- Binary and script behaviors
- Run ActiveX controls and plugins
- Script ActiveX controls marked safe for scripting

\section*{When Starting a Test Run, the Host is Added, but the Initializing Run Page Does Not Load}

\section*{Problem Description}

When starting a test run, the host is added, but the Initializing Run page does not load.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The client needs to have access to the machine. For example, if the Administrator inserted the machine name without the domain, you might need to add the IP address and machine name to the host file
(C: \WINDOWS \(\backslash\) system32 \(\backslash\) drivers \(\backslash e t c \backslash\) hosts) on the client machine.

\section*{Cannot Run Performance Center Component Installation from a Network Drive}

\section*{Problem Description}

Cannot run the setup (Performance Center Server or host) when attempting to run it from a network drive.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

To run setup.exe from a network location, you need to add the network server location to your Trusted Sites, and then run setup.exe again.

To add the network server to your Trusted Sites in Internet Explorer:
1 Open Tools > Internet Options.
2 Select the Security tab and click Trusted Sites:


3 Click Sites.
4 In the Trusted Sites dialog box, add the location of the network server where the Performance Center component setup file is located, to the list of trusted sites.

\title{
Installing Performance Center Components Does Not Start when Selecting Them from the DVD Menu
}

\section*{Problem Description}

When clicking the installation option on the DVD menu nothing happens.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

1 Make sure the user running the installation has sufficient permissions to launch executable files.

2 Restart the machine and try again.

\title{
Installing One of the Performance Center Components Cannot Use Default Port: Port Already in Use
}

\section*{Problem Description}

The installation cannot use a default port because it is already in use.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

If the installation cannot use a default port because it is already in use, change the port as per the instructions in the following table:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Component & How to change the port \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Performance Center \\
Server IIS
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
To change this port, see \\
http://support.microsoft.com/kb/149605.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Performance Center host & \begin{tabular}{l} 
To change port 8731 to a different port: \\
\(\mathbf{1}\) On each Performance Center host, open \\
LTOPSvc.exe.config (located in <Host Installation \\
directory \(\backslash\) bin \(\backslash\) ) and change all four occurrences \\
of 8731 to a new port number. Restart the \\
Performance Center Load Testing Service.
\end{tabular} \\
\(\mathbf{2}\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
On the Performance Center Server, open \\
pcs.config (located in <Performance Center \\
Server Installation directory> \(\backslash\) dat \(\backslash\) ). Under \\
PCSSettings, change ItopPortNumber to the new \\
port number.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Component & How to change the port \\
\hline MI Listener & \begin{tabular}{l}
To change port 443 to a different port, perform the following steps on the following machines: \\
- Controller machine (if used as MI Listener) \\
- Load Generator machine \\
- MI Listener \\
To change port 443: \\
1 Open <Component installation directory \(>\) launch_service \(\backslash\) dat \(\backslash m d r v . d a t\). and locate the [launcher] section. \\
2 Add OFWPort=<port>, where <port> is the new port number. \\
3 Go to <Component installation directory>\launch_service \(\backslash\) dat \(\backslash\) channel_configu re.dat and locate the [General] section. \\
4 Add OFWPort=<port>, where <port> is the new port number. \\
5 Restart the agent. \\
Note: There is no support for changing port 50500.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
LoadRunner/ \\
Performance Center \\
Agent \\
Autolab Agent
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
To change HTTP tunneling ports 5001 and 5002: \\
1 Open <LR>\launch_service \(\backslash\) dat \(\backslash\) mdrv.dat, and locate the [launcher] section. \\
2 Add the following to the ExtCmdLine= key: \\
- For port 5001 add: -Inch_http_nd_port=<port> \\
- For port 5002 add: -Inch_http_dummy_port=<port> \\
where <port> is the new port number. \\
To change HTTP tunneling port 5003: \\
1 Create or open <LR>\launch_service \dat\merc_agent.cfg \\
2 Locate the [Attributes] section, and add the following: NMMRouterPort=<port>, where <port> is the new port number. \\
Note: There is no support for changing ports 54345 and 54245.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Component & How to change the port \\
\hline SiteScope (Topology) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
In Performance Center, change the port of the \\
Topology entity to the same port as that defined \\
during the SiteScope configuration.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
SiteScope (Topology) - \\
SSL
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
In Performance Center, change the port of the \\
Topology entity to the same port as that defined \\
during the SiteScope configuration.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
SiteScope (Monitor \\
Profiles)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
In Performance Center, change the port of the \\
Monitor Profile entity to the same port as that \\
defined during the SiteScope configuration.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Diagnostics Server & \begin{tabular}{l} 
In Lab Management, change the port of the \\
Diagnostics Server entity to the same port as that \\
defined during the Diagnostics Server \\
configuration.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Diagnostics Server - SSL & \begin{tabular}{l} 
In Lab Management, change the port of the \\
Diagnostics Server entity to the same port as that \\
defined during the Diagnostics Server \\
configuration.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Unable to Use Non-Default Ports in Microsoft SQL}

\section*{Problem Description}

Performance Center does not work on non-default ports in Microsoft SQL.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The Microsoft SQL instance must use a static port. The correct port must be defined in the connection string.

\section*{Errors in the Migration Tool Report}

\section*{Problem Description}

The migration tool report may contain errors about specific entities or projects.

The errors in the migration tool report indicate two types of problems:
> The entity is corrupted in the PC 9.51 database and thus could not be migrated properly to ALM Platform.
- There was a temporary error in the environment while the migration tool was running.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The troubleshooting instructions depend on the nature of the problems.
Troubleshooting the migrated database
If the migrated database exists and it's possible to locate the problematic entity, open the ALM platform, find the problematic project and entity, and manually fix the problem.

Troubleshooting an entity problem that existed in the database before migration

1 Open the PC 9.51 environment.
2 Open the project with the problematic entity.
3 Check if the entity has errors in the PC 9.51 environment.
a Fix the errors in the PC 9.51 environment or delete the entity if it is not needed.
b Check the log files of the migration tool (MigrationTool, ProjectMigrationWrapper). The log files may contain additional data about the error. For more information about locating the log files, see the Migration Tool Logs section of this document.
c In the log files find the section containing the project with the problematic entity, based on the PC 9.51 database project ID (located in the Companies table).
d Find the problematic entity error.
4 Migrate the project again.

\section*{Troubleshooting an environment problem that existed before migration}

The following environment problems can cause migration errors:
- Network problems that caused errors while copying the script files migrate the project again, or manually upload the problematic scripts.
- Database problem (insufficient resources, connection problems) migrate the project again.

\section*{- ALM Platform errors}
> not enough memory - restart the ALM Platform and migrate the project again.
> somebody was working on the environment during the migration and caused some operations to fail - migrate the project again.
> Insufficient resources on the machine running the migration tool migrate the project again.
> Not enough disk space on the ALM Platform repository - free enough storage on the ALM Platform repository and migrate the failed projects again.

If there is a problem migrating the project again, see "Cannot Migrate a Project Again Because it Cannot be Deleted" on page 264.

\section*{Cannot Connect to Oracle Database on 64-bit Windows OS}

\section*{Problem Description}

When you began running the migration, an error appeared when trying to define an Oracle database.

The following error message appears when you define an Oracle source or target database: "Failed to connect to the database. Reason: ORA-12154: TNS: could not resolve the connect identifier specified."

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This is caused by a bug in the Oracle client. The Oracle client cannot resolve third party software applications which have "special" characters in their installation paths (including parentheses).

For example, the following path is invalid because it contains parentheses:

\section*{\(\mathrm{C}: \backslash\) Program Files (x86) \HP \(\backslash\) ALM Migration}

Check that the migration tool installation path does not contain invalid characters. If the path contains invalid characters, reinstall the migration tool to a directory without any invalid characters.

\section*{Cannot Migrate a Project Again Because it Cannot be Deleted}

\section*{Problem Description}

You may want to migrate a project again after modifying something in the project or environment.

Before migrating a project again, the migration tool deletes the first project (migrated for the first time) from the ALM Platform, including its database.

If the database has open sessions it may not be successfully deleted.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

1 Close all open sessions to the project's database schema and migrate the project again.

2 If the project still cannot be deleted, delete it from the ALM Site Administration and migrate the project again.

\section*{Errors in the Migration Log}

\section*{Problem Description}

The following error is received:
MigrationLogic.Tasks.Transformers.MonitorProfileTransformer - Error reencoding Password field for \{MONITOR_TYPE\} Monitor on \{SERVER_NAME\}, Monitor Profile \{MONITOR_PROFILE_NAME\}. Probably incompatible decryption key.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The source monitor has a password which cannot be decrypted. The encryption key originally used is different from the default key used in the Migration application. First recreate the monitor in the same Monitor Profile using a correct password and then run the migration again.

\section*{Problem Description}

The following error is received: Failed to dispose ProjectMigrationProxy

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This error can be ignored.

\title{
The Migrated Project is Not Linked to the PC_PROJECT_TEMPLATE Project After the Migration
}

\section*{Problem Description}

The following error message, "Maximum retries exceeded 2. Manual apply customization required," indicates that the project needs to be manually linked to the PC_PROJECT_TEMPLATE project.

The project may not be linked to the template if it was migrated to a different domain.

Note: This troubleshooting procedure can also be used for new projects that need to be linked to a PC_PROJECT_TEMPLATE project.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

1 In Site Administration > Site Projects tab, verify that the project appears in the Linked Projects list of the PC_PROJECT_TEMPLATE. If necessary, add it to the Linked Projects list.


2 Log in to the PC_PROJECT_TEMPLATE project in ALM.
3 Select Tools > Customize.
4 From the left menu pane, select Cross Project Customization.
5 In the Cross Project Customization table, select your project and click the Verify toolbar button.

6 Click the Apply Customization toolbar button.


\section*{Migration Tool Logs}

\section*{Problem Description}

Cannot find the Migration Tool log files.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The migration tool creates log files in two directories:
> MigrationTool directory - general migration tool logs.
- ProjectMigrationWrapper directory - log related to project and entity migration.

These directories are located in the following location: <InstallationDir>\orchidtmp \LTLogger.
> If there are other Performance Center components installed in the machine, like the Performance Center Server or Performance Center Host, the <InstallationDir> directory is the installation folder of the performance center component.
- If there are no other Performance Center components installed on the machine, the directories are located in <MigrationToolInstallation>\bin \(\backslash\) orchidtmp \(\backslash\) LTLogger.

To check the value of <InstallationDir> in the registry, find the following key:
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Mercury Interactive\LoadRunnerlCurrentVersion]

If you still cannot find the log files, check that the <InstallationDir>\dat\Itlogconf.xml file exists. If this file is missing, no logs will be written.

\section*{Problem Description}

The migration tool writes error messages to the log file by default. You can change the migration tool log level to view additional messages.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

1 Open the <InstallationDir>\dat \(\backslash\) Itlogconf.xml file with a text editor.
2 Scroll to the bottom of the file and find the <root> section:
<root>
<level value="Error" />
<appender-ref ref="ROLLING_4CHAINSAW"/>
<appender-ref ref="ROLLING" />
</root>
3 Replace the word Error with one of the following: Debug, Warn, Info.

4 Save the file.

\section*{Note:}
- Switching the log level to Debug may significantly affect the performance of the migration tool.
- When you modify the log level, it takes effect immediately. You can repeatedly modify the log level while the migration tool runs.
> Changing the log level may affect other Performance Center components installed on the machine.

\section*{Migration Tables Not Found}

\section*{Problem Description}

Tables not found: ProjectMigrationState, EntityMappings, MigrationConfiguration. These three tables are created in the source (PC 9.51) database to save the migration processing state.

If they do not exist the first time the migration runs, the log indicates that the tables are not found.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

These errors can be ignored. These tables are created by the migration process, so they will not exist the first time that migration runs.

\section*{Migration Tool Report Data Not Found}

\section*{Problem Description}

Report Data Not Found: Cannot find the report data because the migration report wasn't saved at the end of the migration.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

The status of the migration of all projects can be found in the ProjectMigrationState table.

The report data is saved on the source (PC 9.51) database, in the EntityMappings table. This table contains all of the mappings between PC 9.51 entities and the migrated ALM Platform entities.

Here are some details about entity mappings:
- CompanyID = \(\mathbf{0}\) means that this is either a LAB_PROJECT project entity (like host, pool, or location), or a Site Administration entity (like user or group).
- The EntityType field values are defined as:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline LoadTest - 1 & Host - 7 & Trending - 13 \\
\hline Reservation - 2 & MonitorProfile - 8 & MIListener - 14 \\
\hline Script - 3 & DiagnosticsServer - 9 & MonitorOfw - 15 \\
\hline Run - 4 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
DiagnosticsMediator - \\
10
\end{tabular} & Project - 16 \\
\hline Location - 5 & User - 11 & TargetIP - 17 \\
\hline Pool - 6 & Role - 12 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Load Test Fails to Start and Issues no Error Message}

\section*{Problem Description}

An error message is not issued when a load test fails to start.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

This problem is possibly caused by the configuration process. Validate the following:
> The Performance Center LoadTesting Service in running on the host machine under the system account.
- The PC user (IUSR_METRO) exists.
- In the wlrun7.ini, under the \%systemroot\% folder, make sure that IsOrchid and IsOrchid10 are both set to 1. For more information, see HP Software Self-solve knowledge base article KM1098097 (http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/document/KM1098097).

\section*{Unable to View Topology Monitors Online}

\section*{Problem Description}

When running a load test that contains topology, the topology monitors data is not shown. You may get the following error when clicking the topology tab view: This node does not have a monitor.

\section*{Troubleshooting}

1 On the Host machine, validate that EnableInUi is set to 1 in <install folder> dat \(\backslash\) online_graphs \(\backslash o n l i n e \_\)resource_graphs.rmd

2 In Sitescope, set the monitor frequency to a higher value (by default it is set to 10 minutes). Make sure it is set for less than 10 seconds. For more information, see HP Software Self-solve knowledge base article KM1357671
http://support.openview.hp.com/selfsolve/document/KM1357671

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[^0]:    Click OK to begin installing these programs now.
    Note: Some of the above installations may require you to restart your computer. If you restart your computer, run the HP Performance Center Server 11.50 Setup program again to continue.

[^1]:    Click Next.

[^2]:    Click Next.

[^3]:    Note: A dedicated Automatch Controller functions as a Controller only, and cannot perform the functions associated with other hosts, such as load generators or data processors.

