HP Anywhere

Windows

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Administrator Guide

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Chapter 1

Overview

Before using this guide, download the latest version of this guide from http://developer.hpanywhere.com/guides-and-assets/.

This guide is intended for HP Anywhere administrators.

HP Anywhere is a next-generation mobility platform that introduces a new and innovative approach for developing, managing, and consuming enterprise applications. It is designed for developing granular applications (apps) that can be accessed on various types of media—desktop, tablet, and smartphone. This enables end users to consume only the information they need, wherever they may be.

In addition, HP Anywhere places collaboration at the heart of any successful workflow by combining structured processes with unstructured discussions into organized, context-specific activity streams.

You use the Administrator Console to manage your organization's apps, and to perform most administrator tasks.

This guide describes the Administrator Console and the tasks required to manage apps, the HP Anywhere platform backend, and HP Anywhere end users.

HP Anywhere Architecture

HP Anywhere architecture comprises:

- Apps:
 - Client side. The interface that the end user sees on a smartphone, tablet, or desktop.
 - Server side. The interface that act as a proxy between the client device and the backend.
- HP Anywhere Runtime Server Tomcat. The platform for connecting to apps.
- **Backend System.** The data source for an app in an enterprise's system. (Not supplied with HP Anywhere)
- **Cassandra.** A highly scalable, distributed, structured, key-value store. HP Anywhere uses this store as a high-speed distributed caching layer.
- **Email Server.** The interface for sending and receiving emails from the Timeline. (Not supplied with HP Anywhere)
- Load Balancer and Reverse Proxy. Used to distribute load between the HP Anywhere runtime servers in high availability environments, and to provide failover for crashes. (Optional component. Not supplied with HP Anywhere)
- Directory Server. Stores the organization's users. (Not supplied with HP Anywhere)
- Oracle/SQL Server. Stores the HP Anywhere service data. (Not supplied with HP Anywhere)
- **Catalogs.** Store the client-side apps used by the enterprise. Developers provide the apps to administrators, who upload them to the relevant catalog. Apps are automatically transferred to the HP Anywhere runtime server from the catalog.

The following diagram provides an overview of the HP Anywhere architecture and flow.



HP Anywhere Login Security with SiteMinder

The HP Anywhere client container contains:

- HP Anywhere screens and client side logic.
- Dynamically loaded apps.
- A JavaScript-based Login page and logic that creates the HTTPS POST request in order to initiate the login flow. This library is loaded dynamically from a public URL.

Security Design



The flow:

- The client-side JavaScript connects to SiteMinder (or any other authentication provider) with a login request using HTTPS POST.
- SiteMinder responds with an SMSESSION token upon successful login. From now until the token expires, the SMSESSION token is sent with every request to the server.
- The client connects to HP Anywhere server with a login request that includes the SMSESSION token. The request passes this token to the DMZ for authentication with HP Anywhere. The request is sent to a single, public URL that allows login on HP Anywhere.
- HP Anywhere sends a response to the client with the HPA_SESSION token to be used with any subsequent request.
- HP Anywhere connects to the enterprise user repository (LDAP in the diagram) and requests basic user information and the LDAP group to which the user belongs. This information can be used later on the server side for authorization.
- The client-side of the app connects to the server-side of the app with two tokens because the HP Anywhere client container adds these headers to every request. The server-side of the app connects to the the backend and forwards SMSESSION (or HP-LWSSO if the backend is an HP software product).
- The response from the backend is returned to the client-side of the app.

Chapter 2

LDAP Configuration Prerequisites for HP Anywhere

HP Anywhere interacts with users via LDAP. Therefore, you must assign administrator privileges to at least one LDAP user before you can begin working with the HP Anywhere Administrator Console. You must also make sure that the HP Anywhere users in your organization are assigned to relevant LDAP groups.

For details, see:

- "LDAP Admin Users for HP Anywhere" below
- "Defining LDAP Groups for HP Anywhere" below

LDAP Admin Users for HP Anywhere

Before you can log on to the Administrator Console, you need to assign administrator privileges to at least one LDAP user. You can create as many administrators as needed.

To assign administrator privileges to an LDAP user:

1. Open a command-line interface and run the following:

<HP Anywhere installation folder>\conf\population>assign-admin-role.bat <user name>

For example:

C:\HP\HPAnywhere\conf\population>assign-admin-role.bat alex@mycompany.com

2. Repeat for each LDAP user that needs administrator privileges.

Defining LDAP Groups for HP Anywhere

Any LDAP user in your organization can log in to HP Anywhere. However, only authorized LDAP users can view and access apps.

HP Anywhere uses LDAP groups to authorize app users. To enable users to view and access relevant apps in the catalog, you must associate each app with a dedicated LDAP group, and assign users to that group.

The first step is to define a root authorization group in LDAP. This group serves as a parent group for any sub-LDAP group that you may define. For example, you may want to create a dedicated sub-group for salespeople, and a dedicated sub-group for their managers.

LDAP groups are organized hierarchically, so that users can access any app that is associated with their assigned LDAP group or with a parent LDAP group.

After you define the root authorization group in LDAP, you instruct HP Anywhere to use that group by setting a parameter in the Administrator Console.

To define the root authorization group:

- 1. Define the root authorization group in LDAP.
- 2. Make sure that the Administrator Console is open. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 3. In the HP Anywhere Administrator Console, select **Settings > General Settings**.
- 4. In the Authorization section, enter the group name in the **Authorization groups root** text box. **Note:** The name is case-sensitive.

Note: If the expected path length from the root node to the furthest sub-node (leaf) is greater than 10, you must modify the value in the **Authorization groups tree max height** text box (in the Authorization section).

Chapter 3

Understanding the Administrator Console

You use the Administrator Console to :

- Manage and configure your apps, including:
 - Installing apps on the HP Anywhere server
 - Viewing and enabling apps
 - Associating apps with authorized LDAP groups
 - Configuring backend data sources for your apps
- Configure system settings
- View the devices associated with end users that are currently logged in to HP Anywhere

Logging In and Out of the Administrator Console

To log into the Administrator Console:

1. Browse to http(s)://<hostname>:<port>/admin/. The login page opens.



2. Enter your administrator login credentials (user name and password) and click **Login**. After your login is authenticated, the Administrator Console opens.

To log out of the Administrator Console:

In the top-right corner of the Administrator Console, click Log Out.

User: admin Log Out Help

Administrator Console User Interface

You use the Administrator Console to manage various HP Anywhere components. This section provides an overview of the Administrator Console user interface.



| 0 | Apps | View and filter list of installed apps |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | Upload new apps and overwrite previous versions of installed apps |
| | | View the details for a selected app in the right pane |
| | | Manage LDAP group associations, data sources, and settings for apps |
| | | For details, see "Uploading Apps to the Default Catalog" on page 45 |
| 2 Data Sources / Data | | View and manage the data sources for a selected app |
| | Source Configuration | For details, see"Defining a Data Source for an App" on page 50. |
| 8 | User Profiles | View and filter list of users that are logged into HP Anywhere, as well as their devices |
| 4 | Settings | View and configure: |
| | | App-specific settings |
| | | Global system settings |
| | | For details, see "Defining Global and App-Specific Settings" on page 49. |
| 6 | Associated Authorization | View and manage the associated LDAP authorization group for each app |
| | Groups | For details, see "Defining LDAP Groups for HP Anywhere" on page 11. |
| | | |

General Settings

This section describes many of the fields in the General Settings pane (Settings tab) of the Administrator Console.

For details on opening the Administrator Console, see "Logging In and Out of the Administrator Console" on page 13.

General Text Field Limitation

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Max short text field length | The maximum number of characters allowed in a short text field. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: Integer from 1 -4000 |
| | Default: 100 |
| Max long text field length | The maximum number of characters allowed in a long text field. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: Integer from 1-4000 |
| | Default: 2000 |
| Max medium text field length | The maximum number of characters allowed in a medium length text field. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: Integer from 1-4000 |
| | Default: 500 |

Email

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Enable SSL when sending email | Specifies whether to send via HTTP or HTTPS. If HTTPS, requires a certificate for the server. |
| | When you install HP Anywhere, the installation automatically generates a certificate for the server. |
| | If you need to manually generate a certificate, go to the JMX-Console (Host/diamond/jmx-console > diamond > CertificateJMX service > fetching certificate from trusted server). Make sure to restart all of the HP Anywhere nodes to make the certificate available. (Requires restart) |
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: False |

Email, continued

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Separator between | Separator between email threads. |
| emails (exact match) | Default: \r\nOriginal Message;\r\nFrom;\r\nSent from my;\r\n |
| HP Anywhere user name for | The user name for the HP Anywhere email account that is used to send emails. |
| sending email | Default: N/A |
| | Example: <server>@<company.com></company.com></server> |
| Prefix of email | The prefix to include in the subject line of the email (the title of the activity). |
| subject | Default: HPA |
| | Example: |
| | From: myserver@mycompany.com Date: Thursday, September 15, 2013 12:57 PM To: Lee.Johnson@mycompany.com Subject: HPA: An important activity |
| Send email when urgent, regardless | Specifies whether to always send urgent emails (regardless of whether the addressee is online or offline). |
| of online presence | Default: False |
| Email signature format to be | Specifies the format of the company email signature to remove from replies before sending the email. |
| removed | Default: \${email};\${firstName} \${lastName} |
| Email subject | The prefix to include in the subject line of the email (the title of the activity). |
| prefix when failed to add participant | Default: Can't add participants - |
| Email sending | The URL of the SMTP email server. |
| host | You can either use the default port or you can specify a port, as follows: <server>:<port></port></server> |
| HP Anywhere user password for | The password for the HP Anywhere email account that is used for replies to emails. |
| receiving email | Default: N/A |

Chapter 3: Understanding the Administrator Console

Email, continued

| Field | Description |
|--|---|
| Enable SSL when receiving email | Specifies whether to receive via POP3/IMAP or POP3S/IMAPS. If POP3S/IMAPS, requires a certificate for the server. |
| | When you install HP Anywhere, the installation automatically generates a certificate for the server. |
| | If you need to manually generate a certificate, go to the JMX-Console (Host/diamond/jmx-console > diamond > CertificateJMX service > fetching certificate from trusted server). Make sure to restart all of the HP Anywhere nodes to make the certificate available. (Requires restart) |
| | Possible values: |
| | True: Sends emails via POP3S/IMAPS |
| | False: Sends emails via POP3/IMAP |
| | Default: False |
| HP Anywhere user name for | The user name for the HP Anywhere email account that is used for replies to emails. |
| receiving email | Default: N/A |
| Allow adding participants by | Specifies whether HP Anywhere should add email email addresses that are in the CC of a reply to the activity as participants . |
| Email CC | Default: False |
| Send email from a | Specifies the email user ID. Possible values: |
| general name | • True: Email is sent from a general (fake) email address. |
| | • False: Email is sent from the email of the user that posted the message. Applicable only if supported by email server. |
| | Default: False |
| Prefix of Snooze/Wake up | The prefix to include in the subject line of the email (the title of the activity) when a snoozed activity times out. |
| Email subject | Default: HPA: Reminder- |
| Timeout from last post until sending | The number of minutes from the last post until an email is sent to offline participants. |
| an email in required mode (in minutes) | Default: 5 |
| HP Anywhere user password for | The user password for the HP Anywhere email account that is used to send emails. |
| sending email | Default: N/A |

Email, continued

| Field | Description |
|---|--|
| Maximum timeout until sending an email (in minutes) | The number of minutes from the last email that was sent until another email is sent to offline participants. |
| | Default: 20 |
| Email receiving host | The URL of the receiving email server. |
| | You can either use the default port or you can specify a port, as follows: <server>:<port></port></server> |
| Email subject when activity ID is | Relevant for replies to email. Used only if HP Anywhere cannot match the incoming email to an activity. |
| not found | Default: RE: Message delivery problem |

Activities

| Field | Description |
|---|---|
| Maximum limitation of activity search results | The maximum number of activities to return when searching for an activity. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: Integer from 1-2000 |
| | Default : 1000 |
| Max number of activities to return on request | The maximum number of activities to display per page in the search results when searching for an activity. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: 1-100 |
| | Default: 50 |

Activities, continued

| Field | Description |
|--|---|
| Allow private activities only | Specifies whether end users can |
| Activity visibility settings are privacy settings that specify whether activities are visible to all users in your | Required: Yes |
| organization or only to actual activity participants. Activities can be set to: | Possible values: |
| Private . Only participants that are currently included in the activity can view the activity. Search results for private activities are displayed only to activity participants. | True. All activities that end users create are private and are accessible only to activity |
| Public . Any user can search for and view an activity that is defined as public. | participants. |
| | End users cannot change private activities to public. |
| | False. (Default) End users can set an activity to public or private. |
| | Default: False |
| Default number of activities to return on request | The default number of activities to display per page in the search results when searching for an activity. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: 1-100 |
| | Default: 10 |
| Activity indexing bulk size | The bulk size for indexing activities in index server. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: 100-5000 |
| | Default: 500 |

Activities, continued

| Field | Description |
|--|---|
| Default created activity visibility | The default for all new activities. |
| Activity visibility settings are privacy settings that specify whether activities are visible to all users in your organization or only to actual activity participants. Activities can be set to: | PRIVATE. All new activities are set to private. |
| Private. Only participants that are currently included in the activity can view the activity. Search results for private activities are displayed only to activity participante. | If Allow private activities only is set to False, users can set an activity to public, if needed. |
| Public. Any user can search for and view an activity that is defined as public. | PUBLIC. All new activities are set to public. |
| Default: PUBLIC | Allow private activities only (described above) must be set to False. |
| | Users can set an activity to private, if needed. |
| | Default: PUBLIC |
| Minimum interval for activity indexing (in minutes) | The minimum interval in minutes between activity indexing operations. |
| | Default: 1 |
| What's next visibility | Specifies whether to show or hide What's Next in an activity workspace. |
| | Default: True |

Profile

| Field | Description |
|---|---|
| Maximum results for profile search | The maximum number of results to return when searching for a user. |
| | Default: 50 |
| Profile thumbnail image width (in pixels) | The width in pixels of the image displayed for activity participants. Default: 60 |

Profile, continued

| Field | Description |
|---|---|
| Take profile display name from LDAP | Specifies whether to display a participant's LDAP profile name, for example, <i>Smith, Alex.</i> If set to False , the email address of the participant is displayed instead, for example, <i>alex.smith@mycompany.com.</i> Default: False |
| Profile search fields priority | The priority of each search criterium |
| | Default: firstName,lastName,email |
| Max profile image upload size (in MB) | The maximum size of a profile image to upload. |
| | Default: 10 |
| Non-person name regular expression (for search optimization) | The regular expression that can be used when searching for anything other than a user name. |
| | Default: ^[^0-9@!@#\$%^&*()<>{}"?~.;:/]*\$ |
| Profile small image width (in pixels) | The size in pixels of a small profile image |
| | Default: 60 |
| Minimum number of letters for profile search | The minimum number of characters to enter in a search for a user. |
| | Default: 3 |
| Profile cache size | The number of users that are stored in the cache after a search |
| | Default: 1000 |
| Profile large image | The size in pixels of a large profile image |
| width (in pixels) | Default: 200 |

Attachments

| Field | Description |
|---|--|
| Maximum attachment description size (in characters) | Maximum number of characters that can be used in the description of an attachment. Required: Yes Possible values: 1-260 Default: 256 |

Attachments, continued

| Field | Description |
|--|--|
| White list of allowed attachment types | Comma-separated list of attachment types (not extensions) that are allowed. |
| | Required: No |
| | Possible values: |
| | image - All types of images |
| | text - Text files (including logs) |
| | application/x-tika-ooxml - Word documents (.doc and .docx formats) |
| | application/xml - XML files |
| | application/pdf - PDF files |
| | application/x-tika-msoffice - Power point, Excel files (.ppt, .xls) |
| | application/x-tika-ooxml - Power point, Excel files (.pptx, .xlsx) |
| | application/x-rar-compressed - Archive (rar) |
| | application/zip - Archive (zip) |
| | Default: image,text,application/pdf,application/zip,application/x-tika-ooxml,application/x-tika-msoffice,application/x-tika-ooxml |
| Maximum attachment size (in MB) | Maximum size of an attachment in megabytes. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible Values: 1-1000 |
| | Default: 50 |
| Maximum attachment file | Maximum number of characters in file name. |
| name size (in characters) | Required: Yes |
| | Possible Values: 1-260 |
| | Default: 256 |
| Maximum amount of attachments per activity | Maximum number of attachments that can be included in an activity. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: 1-100 |
| | Default: 50 |

Presence

| Field | Description |
|--|---|
| Number of seconds from Comet disconnection to offline presence | Number of seconds after Comet disconnection after which user is considered offline. |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Possible values: 1-60 |
| | Default: 10 |

Foundation Settings

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| User repository | The type of user repository |
| type | Possible values: LDAP, SAAS, DB |
| | Default: Idap |
| Open the JMX to HTTP | Specifies whether HTTP access to JMX console is allowed. |
| | Note: If you set this to False , you must connect to JMX via the JConsole To do this, you must set the remote connection to: localhost:29601 |
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: True |
| Enable audit logs | Specifies whether to write audit logs |
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: True |
| User repository case-sensitive | Specifies whether the user names in user repository are case-sensitive (is "Jack" and "jack" the same user or two different user names). |
| | Note: You must set this to True if your user repository is case-sensitive. |
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: False |
| SAAS base | The URL of the SAAS server. |
| URL | Possible values: N/A |
| | Default: N/A |

| Apple rush notifications (Arns) | Apple | Push | Notifications | (APNS) |
|---------------------------------|-------|------|----------------------|--------|
|---------------------------------|-------|------|----------------------|--------|

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| SOCKS Proxy port | SOCKS proxy port for sending notifications to iOS devices. |
| | Required: No |
| | Possible values: Integer from 1 to 65535 |
| | Default: N/A |
| SOCKS Proxy URL | SOCKS proxy URL for sending notifications to iOS devices. |
| | Required: No |
| | Possible values: Enter a URL string |
| | Default: N/A |
| APNS thread pool size | The maximum number of notifications that can be processed simultaneously on the HP Anywhere backend server for sending to iOS devices. |
| | Required: No |
| | Possible values: Integer from 1 to 500 |
| | Default: 20 |
| APNS certificate password | Apple's certificate password |
| | Required: No |
| | Possible values: Enter a password |
| | Default: N/A |
| APNS certification file path | The location where the Apple certificate is stored in the file system on the HP Anywhere server. |
| | Required: No |
| | Possible values : <i>Enter a file path on the HP</i> <i>Anywhere server</i> |
| | Default: N/A |

Google Push Notifications (GCM)

| Field | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| HTTP Proxy port | The port number of the proxy server behind which the HP Anywhere backend server runs. |
| | Default: 8080 |

Google Push Notifications (GCM), continued

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Google Cloud Messaging API Key | Default: N/A |
| HTTP Proxy URL | The host name of the proxy server behind which the HP Anywhere backend server runs. Default: N/A |

Entry Points

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Max entry point state size (in KB) | The maximum size of an entry point state to transfer to the server in kilobytes |
| | Default: 100 |

Default Notification Channels

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Default notification channels for | Specifies how to send notifications to participants. |
| app alerts | Possible values : FRONTPAGE, EMAIL, PUSH_ NOTIFICATION, NONE |
| | Default: FRONTPAGE |

Tenant Email

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| External white list for sending email | A list of approved domains for sending emails. Separate the domains using a semicolon (;) (for example: hp.com;google.com) |
| | Default: N/A |
| Email sending to external | Specifies whether to send email to external users (non-enterprise email addresses, for example, <i>John.Doe@gmail.com</i>). |
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: True |

Catalog Settings

| Field | Description |
|--|--|
| Catalog integration resources location | The URL of the resources used by the integrated catalog. Default: N/A |

Catalog Settings, continued

| Field | Description | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Enable Installed Applications Sync | Enable the HP Anywhere catalog to synchronize the installed applications when users log in. | | |
| | Possible values: True, False | | |
| | Default: True | | |
| Catalog flavor | Defines the catalog to use for this HP Anywhere server. | | |
| | Possible values: WEB_OS, NONE, DEFAULT, INTEGRATED | | |
| | Default: Default | | |
| Catalog sync authorization interval (in minutes) | The time interval after which the HP Anywhere server synchronizes with the LDAP group structure. | | |
| | Default: 1440 (24 hours) | | |

Server

| Field | Description | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| External URL of HP Anywhere server | The URL for external users that need to access HP Anywhere from outside of the enterprise, for example, the URL for load balancers. | | |
| | Default: The URL of the HP Anywhere server | | |
| Application Name | The title that appears at the top of the HP Anywhere application. You can use this to set your own company name, for example. | | |

Apps

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Common web context for apps | Used to simplify URL mapping for load balancer configuration, and so on. This enables multiple apps to run their calls under one context. |
| | Possible values: Context can include up to 20 characters (letters and digits only). |
| | Default: N/A |

Single Sign-On Settings

| Field | Description |
|-------------|---|
| Init string | Init string for the Single Sign-On that is used to connect to many HP products. |

Authorization

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Authorization groups root | The parent LDAP root group. For details, see "Defining LDAP Groups for HP Anywhere" on page 11 |
| | Required: Yes |
| | Default: N/A |
| Authorization groups | The maximum number of groups that can be retrieved from LDAP. |
| retrieval size | Default: 50 |
| Authorization groups tree max height | The path length in LDAP from the root node to the furthest sub-node (leaf). |
| | Default: 10 |

Publish Channels

| Field | Description | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Push notifications | Specifies whether push notifications are allowed. | | | |
| | Possible values:: True, False | | | |
| | Default: True | | | |
| Publish emails | Specifies whether email notifications are allowed. | | | |
| | Possible values: True, False | | | |
| | Default: False | | | |

Chapter 4

Catalogs - What Administrators Need to Know

The **catalog** contains a collection of apps that are available for your end users. The administrator is responsible for maintaining the catalog. Each HP Anywhere server works with one catalog.

There are several types of catalogs. This guide focuses on:

- "WebOS Catalog" on page 29.
- "Default Catalog" on page 42.

Chapter 5

WebOS Catalog

The HP Anywhere administrator is responsible for managing the HP Anywhere apps in the WebOS catalog and the HP Anywhere server (via the Administrator Console).

Note: Before you can use the WebOS catalog, you need to integrate the Enterprise Portal with HP Anywhere. For details, please email us at contactus@hpanywhere.com.

Although the Enterprise Portal supports multiple versions for the same app, HP Anywhere supports only one version for end users. Therefore, each time you upload a new version of an app to the Administrator Console, it overwrites the previous version, so that only the latest installed version is available.

Note: HP Anywhere never uninstalls an app from the HP Anywhere server, only upgrades/updates it. However, you can suspend or disable it in your end users catalogs as required.

Apps in WebOS Catalog—from Developer to End User

The administrator manages the app lifecycle for end users via the HP Anywhere Administrator Console and the HP Enterprise Portal. This section describes the development-to-delivery flow for apps and the steps that you need to perform to provide your end users with access to each app.

Development-to-Delivery

The following chart illustrates how your organization's apps reach end users.



Administrator Tasks for Delivering WebOS Apps to End Users

The following chart illustrates your role in enabling your organization's apps to reach end users.



For details, see "Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog" on the next page.

Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog

After you integrate the Enterprise Portal with HP Anywhere (as described in "WebOS Catalog" on page 29), you can deploy apps to the WebOS catalog and enable end users to access them.

To deploy an app to the WebOS Catalog:

- 1. Submit the app to the Enterprise Portal.
 - a. Log in to the Enterprise Portal using the credentials you received when setting up the integration between the Enterprise Portal and HP Anywhere.
 - b. Click the **Applications** tab at the top of the window if it is not already open. The App Management tab opens by default.

| Enterprise Portal | Applications | Groups | | |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| APPLICATIONS | | APP LIST | | Applications > App Management |
| App Submissions | | Avi Version:1.1.1 | > | |
| App Management | | Roy MA 1 | | |
| App Reports | | Version.2.0.0, 1.0.0 | | |
| | | Second MA Version:1.0.0 | > | |

c. In the Applications pane, click the **App Submissions** tab. The Application Submission pane opens.

| Enterprise Portal | Application | s Groups | |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| IN PROGRESS | | Applications > App Submission | is > New Submission |
| Start New Submission | 0 | APPLICATION S | UBMISSION |
| | | Upload Application | |
| | | O Upload App | Browse * |
| | | O Link App | * |
| | | | Cancel Save |

d. Click the + button next to **Start New Submission**. Then select **Upload App** and click **Browse** to browse to the app package in the file system and upload it.

Note: Make sure that the app name matches the naming conventions for app

packages (see "Naming Conventions for Apps in the WebOS Catalog" on page 41) and that it has an **.mna** extension. (Rename the app in the file system prior to upload, if needed.)

Example: my-app.mna

- e. Click **Save**. Then click **Yes** in the confirmation box to begin the submission process. The Enterprise Portal validates the app and performs checks, such as:
 - Verifies that the file type is MNA
 - Verifies that the file structure and folders are valid
 - Verifies that the app ID is unique in the Enterprise Portal
- f. In the Application Submission pane, enter the relevant information.

| Enterprise Portal | Applications | Groups | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---|----------------------------------|
| IN PROGRESS | | Applications > App Submissions > my-app.mna > Edit Metadata | |
| Start New Submission | • | APPLICATION SUBMISSION | |
| wy-app.mna Version:1.0.0 | | my-app Version: 1.0.0 Status: In Progress | |
| | | Public Application Information | |
| | | Application Title | * Please input the app's title. |
| | | Company Name | * Please input the company name. |
| | | Description | * Please input the description. |
| | | | |
| | | Technical Application Information | |
| | | Pub App ID my-app | |
| | | Device Small Normal | |

g. Click **Save**. Then click **Yes** in the confirmation box to complete the submission process. The app is added to the **App List** under **App Management**.

| Enterprise Portal | Application | s | Groups | | |
|-------------------|-------------|--------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| APPLICATIONS | | | APP LIST | | Applications > App Management |
| App Submissions | | 1 | Avi Version:1.1.1 | > | |
| App Management | | | My App Version: 1.0.0 | | |
| App Reports | | C. | Version. 1.0.0 | | |
| | | Nin or | Roy MA 1 Version:2.0.0, 1.0.0 | > | |
| | | 9 | Second MA Version:1.0.0 | > | |
| | | | | | |

- 2. Define the groups that can access the app:
 - a. In the Applications pane, select App Management.
 - b. In the App List pane, select the submitted app. The app is displayed in the App View pane.

| Enterprise Portal | Applicati | pus Groups | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---|-------------------|-----------|
| APP LIST | | Applications > App Management > My App > View | | |
| Avi Version:1.1.1 | > | APP VIEW | App View | App Admin |
| Wy App Version:1.0.0 | > | US | | Language: |
| Roy MA 1 Version:2.0.0, 1.0.0 | > | Wy App Price: 0 USD Version: 1.0.0 | 0 Ratings ★ 🛧 🛧 🛧 | English |

c. In the App View pane, click App Admin. The App Admin pane opens.



d. Click **Edit Groups**. The **Groups Able to View This App** box opens displaying the list of user groups. This list is populated by HP Anywhere and is synchronized every 24 hours.

| GROUPS ABLE TO VIEW THIS A | рр | | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|
| SELECT USER GROUPS | MOVE ALL | SELECTED USER GROUPS | MOVE ALL |
| FUN-MOBILITYAPPS-panHP-Mo | bility > | | |
| TEAM_MOBILITYAPPS_L4Suppo | rt > | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Cancel | | | Update |

e. Move the relevant groups to the Selected User Groups pane on the right and click **Update**.

The groups are added to the App Admin pane.

| APP ADMIN | |
|---|---|
| Wy App Version: 1.0.0 Status: Pre-Published | |
| Technical Information Filename: Filesize: Created: Updated Last: Public AppID: Developer: | my-app_1.0.0.mna 8.39 KB 2013-02-27 10:56:44 2013-02-27 10:56:44 my-app hpitgda@hp.com |
| Groups able to view app on client | Edit Groups |
| FUN-MOBILITYAPPS-panHP-Mobility | |
| TEAM_MOBILITYAPPS_L4Support | |

Note: If needed, notify the person responsible for adding apps to the HP Anywhere WebOS catalog that the app is ready to be deployed on HP Anywhere.

- 3. Download the app from the Enterprise Portal:
 - a. In the Applications pane, select App Management.
 - b. In the App List pane, select the submitted app. The app is displayed in the App View pane.



c. In the App View pane, click App Admin. The App Admin pane opens.

| Ø | Enterprise Portal | Applicati | nes Groups | - |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------------|
| > | APP LIST | | Applications > App Management > My App > Admin | |
| 1 | Avi Version:1.1.1 | > | APP ADMIN | App View App Admin |
| | My App Version:1.0.0 | > | Version: 1.0.0 Status: Pre-Published | Download App Change Status - |
| | Roy MA 1 | | | |

- d. Click **Download App** and save the app to a convenient location in the file system. The app is saved with an appended version number (as defined in the <a pr /> app __ name >- descriptor.xml file), for example, my-app __ 1.0.0.mna.
- e. Rename the app's .mna extension to .zip.
- 4. Upload the app to the Administrator Console.
 - a. Open the Administrator Console. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
 - b. The first time you upload an app: In the General Settings tab of the Administrator Console, navigate to Catalog settings and verify that Catalog flavor is set to WEBOS. If you change this value, you must restart the server for the change to take effect.
 - c. In the Apps tab of the Administrator Console, click the **Browse** button. In the Open dialog box, browse to and select the relevant *<app name>.zip* file and click **Open**.

| 🧄 НР А | nywhere - Admir | nistrator Cons | sole |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Apps | Data Sources | User Profiles | s Settings |
| Installed A | pps | | |
| All | | | ¥ |
| Tweet HP | er - TWEETER Product V1. | 0 | |
| EnyoSe HP | ervice - ENYO.product.na | me V1.0 | 0 |
| Notes HP | - Notes V1.0.13 | | |
| 4 4 P | age 1 of 1 🕨 | ▶ 2 | Displaying 1 - 3 of 3 |
| C:\fakepath | n\my-app_1.0.0.zip | | Browse |
| | | | Upload |

- d. Click Upload.
- e. In the confirmation box, click **Yes**. The app uploads and is deployed automatically, and the new app is added to the list of **Installed Apps**

Note: If the deployment fails, check the **hpanywhere-stderr** log in: *<HP* Anywhere *installation folder >*\tomcat\logs

- 5. Set the data source for the app, as described in "Defining a Data Source for an App" on page 50.
- 6. Define any app-specific settings:
 - a. In the Apps pane of the Administrator Console, select the app you want to enable.
 - b. In the right pane, select **Settings** and modify the values, as needed.
- 7. Enable the app in the HP Anywhere Administrator console:
 - a. In the Apps pane of the Administrator Console, select the app you want to enable.
 - b. In the right pane, click **Enable**. The app is accessible to end users after the next

synchronization between the Enterprise Portal and HP Anywhere.

- 8. Publish the app to the WebOS catalog for end users via the Enterprise Portal.
 - a. In the Applications pane of the Enterprise Portal, select App Management.
 - b. In the App List pane, select the submitted app. The app is displayed in the App View pane.

| Ø | Enterprise Portal | Applicati | nas Groups | | • |
|----------|----------------------------------|-----------|---|-------------------|-----------|
| > | APP LIST | | Applications > App Management > My App > View | | |
| T | Avi Version:1.1.1 | > | APP VIEW | App View | App Admin |
| | My App Version:1.0.0 | > | 05 | | Language: |
| Hannes (| Roy MA 1 Version:2.0.0, 1.0.0 | > | Wy App Price: 0USD Version: 1.0.0 | O Ratings ★ 🛧 🛧 ★ | English |

c. In the App View pane, click App Admin. The App Admin pane opens.

| Ø | Enterprise Portal | Applicati | ons Groups | | |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|---|--------------|-----------------|
| | APP LIST | | Applications > App Management > My App > Admin | | |
| 1 | Avi Version:1.1.1 | > | APP ADMIN | App View | App Admin |
| | My App Version:1.0.0 | > | Wy App Version: 1.0.0 Status: Pre-Published | Download App | Change Status 🗸 |
| And and | Roy MA 1 | | Status, Fleerubusileu | | |

d. Click Change Status and select Activate.

| Enterpris | ie Portal Applica | tions Grou | ψs | | | - |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|---|----------|--------------|-----------------|
| > A | IPP LIST | Applications | > App Management > My App > Admin | | | |
| Avi Version:1 | .1.1 > | APP A | DMIN | | App View | App Admin |
| My App Version: 1 | .0.0 | | My App Version: 1.0.0 Status: Pre-Published | Activate | Download App | Change Status 👻 |
| Roy MA 1 Version:2 | l 2.0.0, 1.0.0 | | Status. The Hubbaned | Juspena | | |

The app will be available on HP Anywhere after the next synchronization with HP Anywhere, which occurs every 24 hours.

Creating SAML Certificates for the WebOS Catalog

To work with a WebOS catalog, you need to use SAML certificates.

To create SAML certificates:

- 1. Run CreateSamlSelfSignedCertificate.bat from <HP Anywhere installation folder>/scripts directory. This batch file creates two certificate files under ../jre/lib/security:
 - keystore.jks contains the full certificate (public/private peer)
 - hpapublic.cer (password hpapwd) contains public key for WEBOS
- 2. To apply the newly generated certificate (or if you have your own certificates), set the relevant properties in **<HP Anywhere installation folder>/conf/saml.properties** file. For example:

```
keyStoreType=JKS
keystoreName= hpasaml
keyStorePassword=hpapwd
privateKeyPassword= hpapwd
algorithmName=http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1
lookForKeyStoreInClasspath=false
privateKeyDefaultAliasName=hpasaml
certificateDefaultAliasName=hpasaml
keyStorePath=../jre/lib/security/keystore.jks
recipient=https://token.palmws.com
audienceURI=https://www.palmws.com
issuer=https://HPAnywhere.com
```

Upgrading App Versions in the WebOS Catalog

You can update the WebOS catalog to include an upgraded (replacement) app version, when needed.

To upgrade an app version in the WebOS catalog:

- Open the Enterprise Catalog, select the app you want to upgrade, and navigate to the App Admin pane. For details, see steps 1 and 2 in "Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog" on page 32
- 2. Click **Full Update**. (Available only if the app was activated (set to Published status) at least once.)
- 3. Submit the replacement version to the WebOS catalog. For details, see step 1 in "Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog" on page 32.
- 4. Download the app from the Enterprise Portal in preparation for upload to the Administrator Console and the WebOS catalog in HP Anywhere. For details, see step 4 in "Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog" on page 32.
- 5. In the HP Anywhere Administrator Console, disable the app by selecting it in the Apps tab, and, on the right side of the window, clicking **Disable**.
- 6. Remove files from the previous app version from the HP Anywhere server, as follows: a. Stop the HP Anywhere server.
 - b. Browse to: <HP Anywhereinstallation folder>/tomcat/webapps
 - c. Delete the following:
 - <app_name> folder
 - o <app_name>.WAR file
 - o <app_name>.ZIP file
 - d. Start the HP Anywhere server.
- 7. Upload the app to the Administrator Console. For details, see step 5 in "Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog" on page 32.

Note: Make sure the version of the app you are uploading is different from the previously uploaded version.

- 8. In the Administrator Console, enable the app by selecting it in the Apps tab, and, on the right side of the window, clicking **Enable**.
- 9. Publish the app in the Enterprise Portal if you suspended it. For details, see step 3 in "Deploying Apps to the WebOS Catalog" on page 32.

Remove an App from the End User WebOS Catalog

After you install an app on the HP Anywhere server or the Enterprise Portal, you cannot uninstall it, but you can make it unavailable to non-administrator end users in any of the following ways:

- Disable the app for all end users simultaneously via the HP Anywhere Administrator Console.
 - a. In the Administrator Console, select the app in the Apps tab.
 - b. On the right side of the window, click **Disable**. This removes the app from the My Apps page in the HP Anywhere client.
- Disable the app for all end users simultaneously via the Enterprise Portal.
 - a. In the Applications pane, select **App Management**. Then, in the App List pane, select the app that you want to remove.
 - b. On the right side of the window, click Change Status and then click Suspend.
- Remove the association with specific user groups in the Enterprise Portal. a. In the Applications pane, select App Management.
 - b. In the App List pane, select the app that you want to remove.
 - c. On the right-side of the window, click **App Admin**.
 - d. Click Edit Groups. Move the groups you want to remove to the left pane and click Update.

Note: When you disable an app, it is no longer available to end users, but you can still see the app in the list of **Installed Apps** in the Administrator Console, and you can still access it, for example, if you want to test it, or re-enable it.

Naming Conventions for Apps in the WebOS Catalog

This section lists the Enterprise Portal naming conventions for apps in the WebOS catalog.

| Item | Naming Conventions |
|-----------------|--|
| App Packages | Must be unique in the Enterprise Portal and in the HP Anywhere Administrator Console's list of apps |
| | Must not exceed 2048 characters |
| | File name must be in the following format: <appid>_<version>_*.mna</version></appid> |
| | Can contain the following characters: lower-case letters (a-z), upper-case letters (A-Z), digits (0-9), period (.), and hyphen (-) |
| | Can use an underscore (_) only to separate the public app ID and version |
| App Names | Must be unique in the Enterprise Portal and in the HP Anywhere Administrator Console's list of apps |
| | Must begin with a lower-case letter |
| | Must not exceed 128 characters |
| | Can contain the following characters: lower-case letters (a-z), upper-case letters (A-Z), digits (0-9), period (.), and hyphen (-) |
| Version | • Must contain three, period-separated sets of numbers, for example: 1.0.32 |
| Numbers | • Each set must contain between 1-4 digits, for example: 1.234.5678 |
| | 0.0.0 is not allowed |

Chapter 6

Default Catalog

The HP Anywhere administrator is responsible for managing the Default catalog, including:

- Uploading apps to the HP Anywhere server via the Administrator Console to add them to the catalog
- Enabling apps after configuring their required data sources and settings (if any)
- Associating apps with LDAP groups so that end users can access the apps
- Disabling any apps that you do not want end users to access

Each time you upload a new version of an app to add to the catalog, it overwrites the previous version, so that only the latest installed version is available.

Note: HP Anywhere never uninstalls an app, only upgrades/updates it. However, you can change the configuration of an app, or disable it as required.

To add an app to the default catalog:

- 1. Open the Administrator Console. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. Install the app, as described in "Uploading Apps to the Default Catalog" on page 45.
- 3. Define a data source for the app, if needed. For details, see "Defining a Data Source for an App" on page 50.
- 4. Modify the app settings, if needed, as described in "Defining Global and App-Specific Settings" on page 49.
- 5. Associate LDAP authorization groups with each app, as described in "Defining LDAP Groups for HP Anywhere" on page 11
- 6. Enable the app, as described in "Enabling an App for End Users" on page 47.

Apps in Default Catalog—from Developer to End User

The administrator manages the app lifecycle for end users via the Administrator Console. This section describes the development-to-delivery flow for apps and the steps that you need to perform to provide your end users with access to each app.

Development-to-Delivery

The following chart illustrates how your organization's apps reach end users.



Administrator Tasks for Delivering Apps to End Users

The following chart illustrates your role in enabling your organization's apps to reach end users.



For details, see:

- "Uploading Apps to the Default Catalog" on the next page
- "Defining Global and App-Specific Settings" on page 49
- "Defining a Data Source for an App" on page 50
- "Associating LDAP Authorization Groups with Apps" on page 46
- "Enabling an App for End Users" on page 47

Uploading Apps to the Default Catalog

The first step in making apps available to end users is to upload them to the HP Anywhere server. You do this in the Administrator Console.

After you upload an app, it is immediately available to users with administrator privileges. This enables you to test it, or otherwise use the app before you enable it for other, non-administrator end users.

To upload an app to the HP Anywhere server:

- 1. Open the Administrator Console. For details, see "Logging In and Out of the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. The first time you upload an app:
 - a. In the General Settings tab of the Administrator Console, navigate to **Catalog settings** and verify that **Catalog flavor** is set to **DEFAULT**.
 - b. Make sure that the LDAP prerequisites are met. For details, see "LDAP Configuration Prerequisites for HP Anywhere" on page 11.
- 3. Get the app .zip file from the developer.
- 4. In the Apps tab of the Administrator Console, click the **Browse** button. In the Open dialog box, browse to and select the relevant <*App name*>.*zip* file and click **Open**.

| 🕼 HP Anyw | here - Administr | ator Console | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Apps | Data Sources | User Profiles | Settings |
| Installed Apps | | | |
| All | | | * |
| Tweeter - TW | ETER Product V1.0 | | U |
| EnyoService | - ENYO.product.name V | 1.0 | 0 |
| Notes - Notes HP | V1.0 | | 0 |
| 🗐 🖣 Page | 1 of1 ▶ ▶ | Nisplayin 🔁 | g 1 - 3 of 3 |
| C:\fakepath\MyA | pp-cp.zip | | Browse |
| | | | Upload |

5. Click Upload.

6. In the confirmation box, click **Yes**. The app uploads and is deployed automatically, and the new app is added to the list of **Installed Apps**.

Tip: If the deployment fails, check the **hpanywhere-stderr** log in *<HP Anywhere installation folder>*\tomcat\logs.

Upgrading App Versions in the Default Catalog

You can update the WebOS catalog to include an upgraded (replacement) app version, when needed.

To upload a different app version to the HP Anywhere server:

- 1. Stop the HP Anywhere server.
- 2. Browse to: <HP Anywhereinstallation folder>/tomcat/webapps
- 3. Delete the following:
 - <app_name> folder
 - <app_name>.WAR file
 - <app_name>.ZIP file
- 4. Start the HP Anywhere server.
- 5. Upload the replacement app, as described in "Uploading Apps to the Default Catalog" on the previous page.

Note: Make sure the version of the app you are uploading is different from the previously uploaded version.

Tip: If the deployment fails, check the **hpanywhere-stderr** log in *<HP Anywhere installation folder>*\tomcat\logs.

Associating LDAP Authorization Groups with Apps

Apps are mapped to end users via LDAP authorization groups. This enables you to assign apps to end users according to their organizational roles or other relevant criteria, instead of assigning apps to end users individually.

For details on defining LDAP groups, see "Defining LDAP Groups for HP Anywhere" on page 11.

To associate one or more LDAP authorization groups with an app:

- 1. Make sure that the Administrator Console is open. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. In the Apps tab, select an app.
- 3. On the right-side of the window, select the **Associated Authorization Groups** tab and click **Add Groups**. The Add Authorization Groups dialog box opens.

4. Select the LDAP groups that you want to associate with the app and click **Add**.

Tip: You can select multiple groups by pressing and holding the Ctrl key.

All users that are assigned to the groups you selected can access the app when it is set to Enable.

Enabling an App for End Users

When you enable an app, it becomes available to end users in any LDAP authorization group with which the app is associated.

Before enabling an app, you must ensure that the relevant configuration is set. For example, you may need to configure an app's data source or modify app-specific settings.

Note: After you install an app on the HP Anywhere server, you cannot uninstall it, but you can make it unavailable to end users, as described below.

To enable an app so that users can access it from the default catalog:

- 1. Make sure that that the Administrator Console is open. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. In the Apps pane of the Administrator Console, select the app you want to enable.
- 3. Make sure that all relevant app configurations are set. For example, you may need to:
 - Define any app-specific settings by modifying the values for the app in the Settings tab in the right pane.
 - Set the data source for the app, as described in "Defining a Data Source for an App" on page 50.
- 4. Make sure that the app is selected in the Apps tab. Then, in the right pane, click Enable.

How to remove an app from a user's default catalog:

- 1. Make sure that the Administrator Console is open. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. Do one of the following:
 - Disable the association with the app for all end users simultaneously.
 - i. In the Administrator Console, select the app in the Apps tab.
 - ii. On the right side of the window, click **Disable**. This removes the app from the catalog and the My Apps page in the HP Anywhere client.
 - Remove the association with any or all LDAP authorization groups.
 - i. In the Apps tab of the Administrator Console, select the app that you want to remove.
 - ii. On the right-side of the window, select the Associated Authorization Groups tab.
 - iii. Position your mouse over an authorization group and click the **X** next to the group name. The LDAP authorization group is no longer associated with the app. This removes the app from the catalog and the My Apps page in the HP Anywhere client.

Note: When you disable an app, it is no longer available to end users, but you can still see the app in the list of **Installed Apps** in the Administrator Console, and you can still access it, for example, if you want to test it, or re-enable it.

Defining Global and App-Specific Settings

Before you enable apps for end users, you must ensure that all required settings are defined. You do this in the Settings area of the Administrator Console, where you can view and define:

- General Settings. Global HP Anywhere settings that affect the entire system.
- **<App>.** Each app can have its own system settings, which are created by the app developer.

Settings are organized into group areas to promote ease of use.

The following screen shows an example of some of the parameters for the HP Anywhere **General Settings**:

General Text Field Limitations

| Max short text field length | 100 | \$ |
|------------------------------|------|-----------|
| Max long text field length | 2000 | ^ |
| Max medium text field length | 500 | ^ |

Email

| Enable SSL when sending Email | False | ~ |
|---|------------------------------------|------|
| Separator between Emails (exact match) | \r\nOriginal Message;\r\nFrom;\r\r | nSer |
| HPA user name for sending Email | | |
| Prefix of Email subject | HPA | |
| Send Email when urgent, regardless of onlin | False | ~ |

Each parameter displays a tooltip containing a description and an indication of when changes to this parameter take effect.

Note: If there are required settings that are not yet defined for the app, **()** is displayed to the right of the text box for that parameter.

To update the value of a parameter:

- 1. Make sure that the Administrator Console is open. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. Navigate to the relevant field and enter a value or select a value from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click Save.

| Note: Mandatory parameters are | e shown in red. For example: |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Authorization | |
| Authorization groups root | |

Defining a Data Source for an App

Apps often need to access a server to retrieve and upload data. You can define one or more servers as the data source for an app.

A data source may include information such as: *Host Name*, *Port*, *Protocol*, and *Authentication Policy*. A data source instance defines a single occurrence of the information content. For example:

| HostName: | myserver.mycon | myserver.mycompany.com | |
|-------------|----------------|------------------------|--|
| Port: | 30002 | ~ | |
| Protocol: | https | ~ | |
| AuthPolicy: | lwsso | ~ | |

Developers define the data source requirements when they create an app.

You can add, delete, or edit data source instances. If you make changes to a data source instance, all of the apps that use this data source instance are automatically updated with the new information.

Note: If no data source is defined for the app, a yellow exclamation point (!) is displayed next to the app name.

To add a new data source:

- 1. Make sure that the Administrator Console is open. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. In the Administrator Console, do one of the following:
 - In the Data Sources tab, select an app. Then, in the right pane, click the Add Instance button.
 - In the Apps pane, select an app. Then, in the right pane, select the Data Source Configuration tab and click the Add Instance button.
- 3. In the dialog box that opens, enter the parameter values.

The following example shows some of the possible fields:

| Add new 'APPROVER-DS' instance | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Name: | Approvals - Data Source | |
| HostName: | myserver.mycompany.com | |
| Port: | 30002 | ~ |
| Protocol: | https | ~ |
| AuthPolicy: | lwsso | * |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Add Cance | |

4. Click **Add**. The instance is displayed in the Data Source Configuration tab and is now available for the app's use.

Visibility Settings for Activities

Activity visibility settings are privacy settings that specify whether activities are visible to all users in your organization or only to actual activity participants. Activities can be set to:

Private. Only participants that are currently included in the activity can view the activity. Search results for private activities are displayed only to activity participants.

Public. Any user can search for and view an activity that is defined as public.

You set the global visibility settings for activities using the Administrator Console. You can specify the default visibility settings, and whether users are allowed to change the visibility settings for an activity.

To set the default visibility settings for all activities:

- 1. Open the Administrator Console. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. In the Settings tab of the Administrator Console, select General Settings (in the left pane).
- 3. In the right pane, navigate to the Activities group area and set the following:

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Allow private activities only | Specifies whether end users can define activities as public. |
| | True. All activities that end users create are private and are accessible only to activity participants. |
| | End users cannot change private activities to public. |
| | • False. (Default) End users can set an activity to public or private . |
| Default created activity visibility | The default for all new activities. |
| | PRIVATE. All new activities are set to private. |
| | • If Allow private activities only is set to False , users can set an activity to public, if needed. |
| | PUBLIC. (Default) All new activities are set to public. |
| | • Allow private activities only (described above) must be set to False. |
| | Users can set an activity to private, if needed. |

Sending Emails from HP Anywhere

HP Anywhere can send emails, for example, if a user is not connected to the HP Anywhere client, and someone invited that user to participate in an activity.

You set the default email settings from the Administrator Console.

To enable HP Anywhere to send emails:

- 1. Open the Administrator Console. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. In the **Settings tab > General Settings pane**, navigate to the various fields and set their values, as needed.

Mandatory Settings

Category: Publish Channels

| Field | Description |
|----------------|--|
| Publish Emails | Specifies whether email notifications are allowed. |
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: False |

Category: Email

| Field | Description |
|---------|--|
| Email | The URL of the SMTP email server. |
| sending | You can use the default port, or you can specify a port, as follows: |
| host | <server>:<port></port></server> |

| Field | Description |
|--|--|
| Enable SSL when sending email | Specifies whether to send via SMTP or SMTPS. If SMTPS, requires a certificate for the server. |
| | When you install HP Anywhere, the installation automatically generates a certificate for the server. |
| | If you need to manually generate a certificate, go to the JMX-Console (Host/diamond/jmx-console > diamond > CertificateJMX service > fetching certificate from trusted server). Make sure to restart all of the HP Anywhere nodes to make the certificate available. (Requires restart) |
| | Possible values: |
| | True: Sends emails via SMTPS |
| | False: Sends emails via SMTP |
| | Default: False |
| НР | The user name for the HP Anywhere email account that is used to send emails. |
| Anywhere user name | Default: N/A |
| for sending | Example: <server>@<company.com></company.com></server> |
| email | |
| HP | The user password for the HP Anywhere email account that is used to send |
| password | |
| for | Default: N/A |
| email | |
| Send | Specifies the email user ID. |
| email from a general | Possible values: |
| name | True: Email is sent from a general (fake) email address. |
| | False: Email is sent from the email of the user that posted the message. Applicable only if supported by email server. |
| | Default: False |
| Email receiving host | The URL of the receiving email server. You can either use the default port or you can specify a port, as follows: <server>:<port></port></server> |

Category: Email, continued

| Field | Description |
|---|--|
| Enable SSL when receiving email | Specifies whether to receive via POP3/IMAP or POP3S/IMAPS. If POP3S/IMAPS, requires a certificate for the server. |
| | When you install HP Anywhere, the installation automatically generates a certificate for the server. |
| | If you need to manually generate a certificate, go to the JMX-Console (Host/diamond/jmx-console > diamond > CertificateJMX service > fetching certificate from trusted server). Make sure to restart all of the HP Anywhere nodes to make the certificate available. (Requires restart) |
| | Possible values: |
| | True: Sends emails via POP3S/IMAPS |
| | False: Sends emails via POP3/IMAP |
| | Default: False |
| HPA user name for receiving email | The user name for the HP Anywhere email account that is used for replies to emails. |
| | Default: N/A |
| HPA user password for receiving email | The password for the HP Anywhere email account that is used for replies to emails. |
| | Default: N/A |

Category: Email, continued

Optional Settings

Category: Email

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Prefix of email subject | The prefix to include in the subject line of the email (the title of the activity). |
| | Default: HPA |
| | Example: |
| | From: myserver@mycompany.com Date: Thursday, September 15, 2013 12:57 PM To: Lee.Johnson@mycompany.com Subject: HPA: An important activity |

| Field | Description |
|--|--|
| Email subject prefix when failed to add | The prefix to include in the subject line of the email (the title of the activity). |
| participant | Default: Can't add participants - |
| Email subject when activity ID is not found | Relevant for replies to email. Used only if HP Anywhere cannot match the incoming email to an activity. |
| | Default: RE: Message delivery problem |
| Prefix of Snooze/Wake up email subject | The prefix to include in the subject line of the email (the title of the activity) when a snoozed activity times out. |
| | Default: HPA: Reminder- |
| Allow adding participants by email | Specifies whether HP Anywhere should add email email addresses that are in the CC of a reply to the activity as participants . |
| CC | Default: False |
| Email signature format to be removed | Specifies the format of the company email signature to remove from replies before sending the email. |
| | Default: \${email};\${firstName} \${lastName} |
| Timeout from last post until sending an email (in minutes) | The number of minutes from the last post until an email is sent to offline participants. |
| | Default: 5 |
| Maximum timeout until sending an email (in | The number of minutes from the last email that was sent until another email is sent to offline participants. |
| minutes) | Default: 20 |

Category: Email, continued

Category: Tenant Email

| Email sending to external | Specifies whether to send email to external users (non-enterprise email addresses, for example, <i>John.Doe@gmail.com</i>). |
|---------------------------|--|
| | Possible values: True, False |
| | Default: True |
| External white list | A list of approved domains for sending email. |
| for sending email | Separate the domains using a semicolon (;) (for example: hp.com;google.com) |
| | Default: N/A |

Load Balancer and Reverse Proxy Configurations

HP Anywhere integrates only with load balancers that are configured to use sticky sessions.

Setting the Reverse Proxy

You must open the following URLs to access HP Anywhere via the reverse proxy:

- http(s)://<load_balancer_server_name>:<port>/onebox
- http(s)://<load_balancer_server_name>:<port>/diamond
- http(s)://<load_balancer_server_name>:<port>/admin
 (Relevant only if you want to access the Administrator Console via the reverse proxy URL)

"Alive" Indicator

You can configure the URL (status page) so that it provides a basic and limited "I'm Alive" indication for the load balancer, as follows:

http(s)://<host>:<port>/diamond/status.jsp

Note: This configuration is optional and is available only for load balancers that support it.

Modifying the Application URL (Via the HP Anywhere Administrator Console)

The application URL is configured automatically during post-installation. Sometimes, after completing the installation procedure, you may need to manually adjust the URL setting to match the load balancer URL for example, if you are working with High Availability.

To instruct HP Anywhere to use a different URL for the load balancer:

- 1. Open the Administrator Console. For details, see "Understanding the Administrator Console" on page 13.
- 2. Select the Settings tab.
- 3. In the left pane, select General Settings.
- 4. Navigate to the Server group area and change the value of The external URL of HPA server to the URL of the load balancer server, for example: http(s)://<load_balancer_server_ name>:<port>/onebox

Example of jvmRoute Configuration for AJP Protocol

If your load balancer uses the AJP protocol, you must ensure that a jvmRoute matching the worker name used in the **workers.properties** file is set.

Note: The jvmRoute name is case-sensitive.

For example, if you defined the following line in the load balancer:

workers.properties file

worker.<worker_A>.host=<node_A>
worker.<worker B>.host=<node B>

You must define the following in the server.xml file on each node (HP Anywhere server side):

server.xml in <node_A>:

```
<Engine defaultHost="localhost" jvmRoute="node_A">
[...]
</Engine>
<Connector port="8009" protocol="AJP/1.3" redirectPort="8443" />
```

server.xml in <node_B>:

```
<Engine defaultHost="localhost" jvmRoute="node_B">
[...]
</Engine>
<Connector port="8009" protocol="AJP/1.3" redirectPort="8443" />
```

Email Logo Configuration

You can modify the default logo that is included in the email headers for notifications.

To change the default logo:

Replace <*HP Anywhere installation folder*>\conf\email\logotop.jpg with your logo (using the same name (logotop.jpg).

Chapter 7

Alerts and Push Notifications

HP Anywhere is supplied with an Alerts and Push Notifications engine. This feature enables end users to receive push notifications on their mobile device about information to which they are subscribed.

HP Anywhere supports Push Notifications for the following device types:

- iOS devices (iPhone, iPad). See "Configure Push Notifications for iOS Devices (Apple)" below.
- Android devices. "Configure Push Notifications for Android Devices (Google)" on the next page

To use Push notifications, you must configure each device type as described in the relevant sections.

Note: Push notifications from the HP Anywhere server require an internet connection for accessing Google and Apple services.

Configure Push Notifications for iOS Devices (Apple)

Before configuring Push notifications for iOS devices, you must update the relevant settings in the Administrator Console.

To configure push notifications:

- 1. In the Administrator Console, select the **Settings** tab.
- 2. In the General Settings pane > Publish Channels area, set Push Notifications to True.
- In the General Settings pane > Apple Push Notifications (APNS) area, set the value of the following fields:
 - SOCKS Proxy port (Optional)
 - SOCKS Proxy URL (Optional)
 - APNS certificate password
 - APNS certification file path This is the full path to the file on the HP Anywhere server, for example "C:\myCert.cer".

Note: Apple Push Notification Service requires an Internet connection. It uses SOCKS protocol with ports 2195 and 2196 for sending push notifications. You can either configure a proxy or open these ports in your firewall.

Example:

| Apple Push Notifications (APNS) | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| SOCKS Proxy port | 1080 | Ŷ |
| SOCKS Proxy URL | my-server.hp.com | |
| APNS thread pool size | 20 | Ŷ |
| APNS certificate password | ••••• | |
| APNS certification file path | C:\ <u>myCert</u> .cer | |

- 4. Use JMX to test the connection as follows:
 - a. Go to: http://<host>:<port>/diamond/jmxconsole/HtmlAdaptor?action=inspectMBean&name= Diamond%3Aname%3DPushNotificationsJMX.
 - b. Click Invoke.
 - c. Verify that the following message is shown with the value: success

If the connection test fails, try the troubleshooting tips in "Troubleshooting Push Notifications" on page 62.

Configure Push Notifications for Android Devices (Google)

Before configuring Push notifications for Android devices, you must update the relevant settings in the Administrator Console.

To configure push notifications:

- 1. In the Administrator Console, select the **Settings** tab.
- 2. In the General Settings pane > Publish Channels area, set Push Notifications to True.
- In the General Settings pane > Google Push Notifications (GCM), set the value of the following fields:
 - HTTP Proxy port (Optional). The port number of the proxy server behind which the HP Anywherebackend server runs.
 - Google Cloud Messaging API Key. API key for pushing device notifications with Google Cloud Messaging service.
 - HTTP Proxy URL (Optional). The host name of the proxy server behind which the HP Anywherebackend server runs.

Note: Google Cloud Messaging requires an Internet connection. It uses HTTPS protocol with port 443 for sending push notifications. You can either configure a proxy or open this port in your firewall.

Example:

| Google Push Notifications (GCM) | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| HTTP Proxy port | 8080 | - |
| Google Cloud Messaging API Key | AIzaaklmnefgQQwhijopHfhhvdaG4neQR0vbcd0 | |
| HTTP Proxy URL | my-web-proxy.mycompany.com | |

Troubleshooting Push Notifications

Apple

Problem: APNS test connection fails

Solution 1: You may need to define a SOCKS proxy to get an internet connection. Set the SOCKS proxy URL and port and try again.

Solution 2: Replace the Apple certificate file with a new one. If the connection still fails, you need to update the admin setting to reload the certificate. (HP Anywhere reads the certificate upon startup or when settings are updated.)

Android

Problem: GCM test connection fails

Solution: You may need to define an HTTP proxy to get an internet connection. Set the HTTP proxy URL and port and try again.

Problem: Users on Android devices do not receive Push notifications

Solution: Make sure that a Google account exists on the mobile device. You can receive push notifications only from apps on an Android device after a Google account is set.



