

# HP Network Node Manager i Software

For the Windows<sup>®</sup>, HP-UX, Linux, and Solaris operating systems

Software Version: NNMi 9.22

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## HP Network Node Manager i Software—HP Business Service Management Integration Guide

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### Acknowledgements

This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation.  
(<http://www.apache.org>)

This product includes software developed by the Indiana University Extreme! Lab.  
(<http://www.extreme.indiana.edu>)

## Available Product Documentation

In addition to this guide, the following documentation is available for NNMi:

- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Documentation List*—Available on the HP manuals web site. Use this file to track additions to and revisions within the NNMi documentation set for this version of NNMi. Click a link to access a document on the HP manuals web site.
- *NNMi Installation Guide*—This is an interactive document, and is available on the NNMI 9.20 product media. See the `nnmi_interactive_installation_en_README.txt` file, located on the product media, for more information.
- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Upgrade Reference*—Available on the HP manuals web site.
- *HP Network Node Manager i Software Release Notes*—Available on the product media and the NNMi management server.
- *HP Network Node Manager i Software System and Device Support Matrix*—Available on the product media and the NNMi management server.
- *HP Network Node Manager iSPI Network Engineering Toolset Planning and Installation Guide*—Available on the NNM iSPI NET diagnostics server product media.

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# HP Business Service Management Overview

The HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) platform provides tools for managing the availability of applications in production, monitoring system performance, monitoring infrastructure performance, and proactively resolving problems when they arise.

For information about purchasing HP BSM, contact your HP sales representative.

This chapter introduces the available integrations between HP NNMi and HP BSM. It contains the following topics:

- [HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology Integration](#) on page 10
- [HP NNMi—HP Universal UCMDB Integration](#) on page 10
- [Comparison of HP BSM Topology and HP UCMDB Integrations](#) on page 10
- [Comparison of Approaches to Integrating HP NNMi with HP BSM Operations Management](#) on page 12
- [HP NNMi–HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 13
- [HP NNMi Integrated with HPOM Integrated with HP BSM Operations Management](#) on page 13
- [NNMi Visualizations in BSM](#) on page 14

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## HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology Integration

The HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology integration is different from the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration. HP recommends using the HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology integration for HP NNMi 9.0 or newer.

The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration populates the HP BSM Run-time Service Model (RTSM) with the NNMi topology. HP BSM stores each device, interface, IP address, and a few other artifacts in the network topology as Configuration Items (CI) and includes them in the relevant views. HP BSM users and integrated applications can see the relationships between network devices. For more information, see [HP Business Service Management Topology](#) on page 15.

HP recommends the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration, summarized in [HP NNMi–HP Universal UCMDB Integration](#), for backward compatibility with HP NNMi product versions older than HP NNMi 9.00.

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## HP NNMi–HP Universal UCMDB Integration

The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration method is different from the HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology integration. HP recommends the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration for backward compatibility with HP NNMi product versions older than HP NNMi 9.00.

HP Universal CMDB (HP UCMDB) automatically maintains accurate, up-to-date information on infrastructure and application relationships through native integration to HP Discovery and Dependency mapping (DDM). For more information, see [HP Universal CMDB](#) on page 25.

HP recommends the HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology integration, summarized in [HP NNMi–HP BSM RTSM Topology Integration](#), for HP NNMi 9.00 or newer.

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## Comparison of HP BSM Topology and HP UCMDB Integrations

The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB and HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integrations support different customer needs:

- HP recommends using the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration for HP NNMi 9.00 or newer. The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration is a real-time monitoring based synchronization tool using health indicators and key performance indicator (KPI) calculations.
- The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration uses a more static snapshot of NNMi inventory, is more useful for configuration or asset management, and is used for backward compatibility with HP NNMi product versions older than HP NNMi 9.00.

[Table 1](#) on page 11 describes the primary differences between the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration and the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration.

**Table 1 Comparison of NNMi Integrations with Topology Databases**

<b>Comparison Item</b>	<b>HP NNMi-HP BSM Topology Integration</b>	<b>HP NNMi-HP UCMDB Integration</b>
Use Case	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For operations and monitoring purposes</li> <li>• Use for HP NNMi product versions 9.0 or newer.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For configuration or asset management</li> <li>• Use for backward compatibility with HP NNMi product versions older than HP NNMi 9.0.</li> </ul>
Timing	Near real time updates	Scheduled information updates
Objects	Topology Objects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Node</li> <li>• Layer2Connection</li> <li>• Interface</li> <li>• IPAddress</li> <li>• IpSubnet</li> <li>• VLAN</li> <li>• HardwareBoard</li> <li>• PhysicalPort</li> </ul>	Configuration Item Type (CIT) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Node</li> <li>• Layer2Connection</li> <li>• IPAddress</li> <li>• IpSubnet</li> <li>• VLAN</li> <li>• HardwareBoard</li> <li>• PhysicalPort</li> </ul>
Approach to topology synchronization	NNMi topology pushed to the BSM RTSM (near real-time information). For NNMi incidents to be reliably resolved to the correct CIs in HP BSM, you must configure the Topology Synchronization from the same NNMi management server that is forwarding the NNMi incidents.	Scheduled DDM-based network topology synchronization (not real-time information)
Impact analysis available in the NNMi console	No	Yes
URL launch to configuration item detail from the NNMi console	No	Yes
NNMi management servers	It is possible to integrate several NNMi management servers, as long they are integrated with a single BSM instance.	If the UCMDB server has CP11 or higher installed, is possible to integrate several NNMi management servers.

## Comparison of Approaches to Integrating HP NNMi with HP BSM Operations Management

Table 2 compares the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management with the HP NNMi—HPOM integration.

See [HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 13 for information about integrating HP NNMi with HP BSM Operations Management.

See the *HP Network Node Manager i Software—HP Operations Manager Integration Guide* for information about integrating HP NNMi with HPOM.

**Table 2 Comparison of NNMi Integrations with HP BSM Operations Management and HPOM**

Comparison Item	Direct Integration with the BSM Connector	Indirect Integration Through HPOM
Instruction text	Events cannot contain instruction text. You could create a tool to launch user-defined instructions as a URL. (You would need to create external documentation for this tool).	Events can contain instruction text.
Actions	Events cannot contain operator-initiated actions or automatic actions. You could create tools for these purposes.	Events can contain operator-initiated, automatic actions, or both.
NNMi management server monitoring	The BSM Connector serves as an event forwarder only. It does not monitor the NNMi management server.	The NNMi management server can be fully monitored by an HP Operations agent and policies.
Policy management	If your environment contains multiple NNMi management servers, you must manually exchange policies among the BSM Connectors on the NNMi management servers.	For the agent implementation of the HP NNMi—HPOM integration: If your environment contains multiple NNMi management servers, HPOM can centrally manage the policies for the events forwarded from HP NNMi.
Licensing costs	The BSM Connector is not licensed, so there is no licensing cost.	The HP Operations Agent license adds customer cost per NNMi management server.
Communication	If an event's lifecycle state changes to the closed state in BSM, it can be synchronized back to the event source through the BSM Connector.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The agent implementation of the HP NNMi—HPOM integration is unidirectional.</li> <li>The web services implementations of the HP NNMi—HPOM integration provides bidirectional event handling.</li> </ul>

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## HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration forwards NNMi management event incidents as SNMPv2c traps to the BSM Connector on the NNMi management server. The BSM Connector filters the NNMi traps and forwards them to the HP BSM Operations Management event browser. If you have an Event Management Foundation license, NNMi events are displayed in the Event Browser in Operations Management. You can also access the NNMi console from the Operations Management Event Browser.

The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration can also forward the SNMP traps that HP NNMi receives to the BSM Connector.

If the NNMi events have corresponding health indicators defined, these health indicators affect the status of the relevant CIs in BSM applications, such as Service Health and Service Level Management.

If you enable northbound forwarding as recommended (using the `-omi_hi` option to `nmmpcexport.ovpl`), the events visible in the HP BSM Operations Management event browser can include health indicators. If you enable the NNMi- BSM topology sync, the events are matched to CI's in the BSM RTSM inventory. For more information, see [Health Indicators](#) on page 36.

For more information, see [HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 29.

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## HP NNMi Integrated with HPOM Integrated with HP BSM Operations Management

If you want NNMi incidents to appear in the HPOM active messages browser as well as the BSM Operations Management event browser, do *both* of the following in any order:

- Configure the agent implementation of the HP NNMi—HPOM integration, as described in the *HP NNMi—HPOM Integration (Agent Implementation)* section of the *HP Network Node Manager i Software - HP Operations Manager Integration Guide*
- Configure the HPOM integration with the BSM Operations Management event browser as described in the *HP BSM - Operations Manager Integration Guide*.

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## NNMi Visualizations in BSM

When both HP NNMi and HP BSM are running in your environment, proper integration between the two products provides access to the following visualizations of NNMi data within HP BSM:

- NNMi components in the MyBSM portal. For more information, see [MyBSM Portal](#) on page 47.
- NNMi console views launched from events in the BSM Operations Management event browser. For more information, see [Using the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 35.

# HP Business Service Management Topology

HP recommends using the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration method (explained in this chapter) for HP NNMi 9.0 or newer. This recommended integration is different from the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration explained in [HP NNMi–HP UCMDB Integration](#) on page 25.

HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) software provides tools for managing the availability of applications in production, monitoring system performance, monitoring infrastructure performance, and proactively resolving problems when they arise.

For information about purchasing HP BSM, contact your HP sales representative.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#)
- [Enabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#)
- [Using the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#)
- [Changing the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration](#)
- [Disabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#)
- [Troubleshooting the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#)
- [Application Failover and the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#)
- [HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration Form Reference](#)

## HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration

The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration populates the BSM Run-time Service Model (RTSM) with the NNMi topology. HP BSM stores each device in the NNMi topology as a configuration item (CI). BSM RTSM Users and integrated applications can see the relationships between network devices.

Additionally, the integration stores the identifier of populated CIs in the NNMi database. Uses for the CIs of the NNMi-managed devices include the following:

- NNMi components in the MyBSM portal.
- Path health views available from the BSM Real User Monitor (RUM).
- Using the agent implementation of the HP NNMi–HPOM integration, and pointing to a BSM Connector, results in an HP NNMi–HP BSM Operations Management integration that associates incidents regarding NNMi-managed devices with BSM CIs. For more information, see [Configuration Item Identifiers](#) on page 35.
- Using the agent implementation of the HP NNMi–HPOM integration, and pointing to an HPOM agent on the NNMi management server, can associate incidents regarding NNMi-managed devices with BSM CIs. For more information, see the *Configuration Item Identifiers* section of the *HP Network Node Manager i Software - HP Operations Manager Integration Guide*

### Value

The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration sets up HP NNMi as the authoritative source for network device status and relationship information. The integration is an enabler for other integrations with HP BSM. It does not provide access to the HP BSM user interface from the NNMi console.

### Integrated Products

The information in this chapter applies to the following products:

- HP BSM



For the list of supported versions, see the *NNMi System and Device Support Matrix*.

- HP NNMi 9.20

HP NNMi and HP BSM must be installed on separate computers. The NNMi management server and the BSM gateway server computer can be of the same or different operating systems.

For the most recent information about supported hardware platforms and operating systems, see the support matrices for both products.

### Documentation

This chapter describes how to configure HP NNMi to communicate with HP BSM.



The BSM documentation suite describes the BSM features and capabilities in detail. The documentation suite is included on the BSM product media.

## Enabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration



HP NNMi cannot simultaneously integrate with HP BSM topology and HP Universal CMDB (HP UCMDDB). If the HP NNMi–HP UCMDDB integration is configured on this NNMi management server, disable that configuration before enabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration. If you want NNMi information in both databases, do *both* of the following in any order:

- Configure the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration, as described in this chapter.
- Configure the BSM integration with UCMDDB, as described in the *UCMDDB Data Flow Management Guide*, which is included on the UCMDDB product media. This manual is also available for the UCMDDB product at:  
**<http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals>**

On the NNMi management server, configure the connection between HP NNMi and HP BSM by following these steps:

- 1 *Prerequisite:* Make sure you have the HP BSM and HP NNMi licenses installed. For details, see *License Management Overview* in the *BSM Platform Administration Guide*.
- 2 *Optional.* Update the RTSM for interfaces to set the interface display label to prefer interface name over MAC address:
  - a In the BSM user interface, open the **CI Type Manager** page (**Admin > RTSM Administration > Modeling > CI Type Manager**).
  - b In the **CI Types** pane, select **Interface** (**Configuration Item > Infrastructure Element > Node Element > Interface**).
  - c On the **Default Label** tab in the editing pane, under **CI Type Attributes**, select **InterfaceName**.
  - d Under **CI Type Label Definition Format**, set the format to:
 

```
interface_name | mac_address
```
- 3 In the NNMi console, open the **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form (**Integration Module Configuration > HP BSM Topology**).
- 4 Select the **Enable Integration** check box to make the remaining fields on the form available.
- 5 Enter the information for connecting to the NNMi management server. For information about these fields, see [NNMi management server Connection](#) on page 21.
- 6 Enter the information for connecting to the BSM gateway server. For information about these fields, see [BSM Gateway Server Connection](#) on page 22.
- 7 *Optional:* Select **Only synchronize managed objects** if you want to exclude unmanaged CIs and unconnected interfaces from the integration.

- 8 *Optional:* Enter the information that describes which NNMi nodes should be maintained in HP BSM. For information about these fields, see [BSM Topology Filter](#) on page 23.
- 9 Click **Submit** at the bottom of the form.

A new window displays a status message. If the message indicates a problem with connecting to the NNMi management server, click **Return**, and then adjust the values as suggested by the text of the error message.



If you cannot connect to the NNMi management server, and suspect a problem with certificates, see *Working with Certificates for NNMi* in the *NNMi 9.22 Deployment Reference*.

- 10 Make sure that single sign-on is configured in both HP BSM and HP NNMi with the same initialization string values. For details on how to configure the initialization string values in HP BSM, see *Authentication Wizard* in the *BSM Platform Administration Guide*. For details on how to configure the initialization string values in NNMi, see [Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP BSM](#) on page 49.
- 11 Connect HP NNMi to another HP BSM instance: As HP NNMi stores the RTSM IDs after the first run of the topology integration, the reconciliation works only partially on the RTSM, and the NNMi log files still include several reconciliation errors, which are caused by the non-existing RTSM IDs. To fix this problem, complete the following steps:
  - a Change the integration to the new BSM system.
  - b Log on to the NNMi JMX console at `http://<NNMi_fqdn_and_port>/jmx-console` using the system account and password.
  - c Go to `mbean NnmBsmModule`.
  - d Run `java.lang.String resetNnmBsmIds()`.  
You should see a list of devices from which the RTSM ID has been removed.
  - e Disable and enable the topology Integration to get the CIs into RTSM.
- 12 To display NNMi data in HP BSM and to access the NNMi components in MyBSM, complete the steps shown in [Enabling NNMi Visualizations from HP BSM](#) on page 55.
- 13 You can view NNMi data in MyBSM and EUM, as described in [NNMi Components Available in MyBSM](#) on page 48 and [End User Management Reports with Drilldown to HP NNMi](#) on page 54.

---

## Using the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration

The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration populates the following CI types in the BSM RTSM:

- InfrastructureElement > Node

The nodes in the NNMi topology. You can limit the set of nodes as described in [BSM Topology Filter](#) on page 23.

- InfrastructureElement > NodeElement> Interface  
The interfaces associated with the Node CIs that the integration populates in 3.
- InfrastructureElement > NetworkEntity > IPAddress  
The IP addresses of the interfaces associated with the Node CIs that the integration populates in HP BSM.
- InfrastructureElement > NodeElement> HardwareBoard  
The cards associated with the Node CIs that the integration populates in BSM.
- InfrastructureElement > NodeElement> PhysicalPort  
The ports associated with the Node CIs that the integration populates in HP BSM.
- InfrastructureElement > NetworkEntity > IpSubnet  
All subnets in the NNMi topology.
- InfrastructureElement > NetworkEntity > Layer2Connection  
The NNMi Layer 2 connections with at least two connection ends that the integration populates as Node CIs in HP BSM.

For each CI created in the BSM RTSM, the integration stores the RTSM identifier in the NNMi database.



By default, HP NNMi does not discover end nodes. Update the NNMi discovery and monitoring configuration to include the end nodes that you want to see in HP BSM.

The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration forwards NNMi information and updates to the BSM RTSM as a one-way communication. Because HP NNMi does not know or control how the BSM CI information is used, the integration relies on the BSM CI aging settings to delete CIs that have not been updated for a set period of time.



For information about the CI Lifecycle, including instructions about enabling and running the aging mechanism, see *CI Lifecycle and the Aging Mechanism* and the related links in the *BSM Help*. To navigate to the *CI Lifecycle and the Aging Mechanism* section in the *BSM Help*, use the following menu located in the BSM console: **RTSM Administration > Administration > CI Lifecycle and the Aging Mechanism**.

To enable aging and configure aging attributes from the CI Type Manager, see the *CI Lifecycle* chapter in the *RTSM Administration Guide*.

The HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration enables other products to use the NNMi topology information when they integrate with HP BSM. There is no direct user interaction with this integration.



If the NNMi topology is not synchronized with the BSM RTSM topology, the **Monitored by** property of the BSM CIs corresponding to the NNMi CIs is empty, and these CIs are not displayed in the System Monitors only Perspective, System Hardware Monitoring, and System Software Monitoring views.

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## Changing the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration

- 1 In the NNMi console, open the **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form (**Integration Module Configuration > HP BSM Topology**).
- 2 Modify the values as appropriate. For information about the fields on this form, see [HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration Form Reference](#) on page 21.
- 3 Verify that the **Enable Integration** check box at the top of the form is selected, and then click **Submit** at the bottom of the form.

➤ The changes take effect immediately. You do not need to restart `ovjboss`.

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## Disabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration

- 1 In the NNMi console, open the **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form (**Integration Module Configuration > HP BSM Topology**).
- 2 Clear the **Enable Integration** check box at the top of the form, and then click **Submit** at the bottom of the form. The integration URL actions are no longer available.

➤ The changes take effect immediately. You do not need to restart `ovjboss`.

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## Troubleshooting the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration

This section contains the following topics:

- [Interface Labels Appear as MAC Addresses in the BSM User Interface](#) on page 20
- [Duplicate CIs for Managed Nodes in the RTSM](#) on page 21

For information about troubleshooting the connection to the RTSM, see the BSM documentation suite.

### Interface Labels Appear as MAC Addresses in the BSM User Interface

By default, the RTSM prefers MAC addresses over interface names for an interface label. To display interface names in the BSM user interface, edit the interface model as described in [step 1](#) on page 17.

## Duplicate CIs for Managed Nodes in the RTSM

If HP Operations Manager also synchronizes with the RTSM, you might see duplicate CIs for managed nodes in the RTSM. Nodes discovered by HPOM are of CI type Computer, while nodes discovered by NNM iSPI NET are of CI type Node. This duplication does not affect product performance.

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## Application Failover and the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration

If the NNMi management server participates in NNMi application failover, the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology continues with the new NNMi management server hostname after failover occurs. Failover should be transparent to users of the integration.

The integration does not support automatic failover of the BSM server.

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## HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration Form Reference

The **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form contains the parameters for configuring communications between HP NNMi and HP BSM. This form is available from the **Integration Module Configuration** workspace.



Only NNMi users with the Administrator role can access the **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form.

The **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form collects information for the following areas:

- [NNMi management server Connection](#) on page 21
- [BSM Gateway Server Connection](#) on page 22
- [BSM Topology Filter](#) on page 23

To apply changes to the integration configuration, update the values on the **HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration Configuration** form, and then click **Submit**.

### NNMi management server Connection

**Table 3** on page 22 lists the parameters for connecting to the NNMi management server. This is the same information that you use to open the NNMi console. You can determine many of these values by examining the URL that invokes an NNMi console session. Coordinate with the NNMi administrator to determine the appropriate values for this section of the configuration form.

**Table 3 NNMi Management Server Information**

Field	Description
NNMi SSL Enabled	<p>The connection protocol specification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the NNMi console is configured to use HTTPS, select the <b>NNMi SSL Enabled</b> check box. This is the default configuration.</li> <li>If the NNMi console is configured to use HTTP, clear the <b>NNMi SSL Enabled</b> check box.</li> </ul> <p>The integration selects the port for connecting to the NNMi console based on this specification.</p>
NNMi Host	The official fully-qualified domain name of the NNMi management server. This field is read-only.
NNMi User	The user name for connecting to the NNMi web services. This user must have the NNMi Administrator or Web Service Client role.
NNMi Password	The password for the specified NNMi user.

## BSM Gateway Server Connection

Table 4 lists the parameters for connecting to the BSM gateway server to communicate with the BSM RTSM. Coordinate with the BSM administrator to determine the appropriate values for this section of the configuration.

**Table 4 BSM Gateway Server Information**

BSM Gateway Server Parameter	Description
BSM SSL Enabled	<p>The connection protocol specification for connecting to HP BSM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If HP BSM is configured to use HTTPS, select the <b>BSM SSL Enabled</b> check box. This is the default configuration.</li> <li>If HP BSM is configured to use HTTP, clear the <b>BSM SSL Enabled</b> check box.</li> <li>If you cannot connect to the NNMi management server, and suspect a problem with certificates, see <i>Working with Certificates for NNMi</i> in the <i>NNMi 9.22 Deployment Reference</i>.</li> </ul>
BSM Host	The fully-qualified domain name of the BSM gateway server.
BSM Port	<p>The port for connecting to HP BSM.</p> <p>If you are using the default BSM configuration, use port 80 (for non-SSL connections to HP BSM).</p>

**Table 4 BSM Gateway Server Information (cont'd)**

<b>BSM Gateway Server Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
BSM RTSM User	The user name for the BSM RTSM administrator.
BSM RTSM password	<p>The password for the BSM RTSM administrator.</p> <p>The BSM RTSM administrator is not a BSM administrator, but is an RTSM administrator for the internal RTSM. A BSM Administrator must configure the RTSM user with the administrator role. To access the internal RTSM and configure the RTSM user, complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Open the BSM fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) on port 21212 using the following URL: <b>http://&lt;BSM_hostname&gt;:21212/ucmdb-ui/applet/applet.jsp</b></li> <li>2 On the left panel, select <b>Users and Roles</b> to see the see the RTSM users.</li> <li>3 Create a new user for every client you plan to use. For the Roles List fields, give each new user the Administrator role.</li> </ol>

## BSM Topology Filter

By default, the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration conveys information about all nodes and interfaces in the NNMi topology to HP BSM. If you want the integration to maintain only a subset of the NNMi topology information in HP BSM, specify one or both of the optional node groups as described in this section.

The scenarios for the filtering NNMi topology information are as follows:

- **Definitive**—In HP NNMi, create one node group that explicitly defines every NNMi node to be included in the BSM topology. This approach requires an intimate knowledge of your network topology.

For example, you might create a node group called `BSM_Topology` containing the following types of devices:

- The application servers in the managed environment
- The routers and switches that connect the application servers

In this case, specify the node group (for example, `BSM_Topology`) as the topology filter node group. Do not specify an additional connections node group.

The integration forwards information about every node in the specified topology filter node group (for example, `BSM_Topology`) and ignores all other nodes in the NNMi topology.

- **Additive**—In HP NNMi, identify (or create) a node group that defines the core infrastructure of the monitored network, and then create another node group that defines the end nodes of interest.

For example, you might create the following NNMi node groups:

- The `BSM_Core` group that contains the Networking Infrastructure Devices node group and other key connective devices
- The `BSM_End_Nodes` group that contains the application servers in the managed network

In this case, specify the first node group (for example, BSM\_Core) as the topology filter node group. Also, specify the second node group (for example, BSM\_End\_Nodes) as the additional connections node group.

The integration forwards information about every node in the topology filter node group (for example, BSM\_Core). The integration then examines each node in the additional connections node group (for example, BSM\_End\_Nodes) as follows:

- If the node is connected to one or more nodes in the topology filter node group, the integration forwards the information about that node to HP BSM.
- If the node is not connected to any of the nodes in the topology filter node group, the integration ignores that node.

Table 5 lists the optional parameters for specifying a BSM topology filter and provides information about entering values for these parameters.

**Table 5 BSM Topology Filter Information**

<b>BSM Topology Filter Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Topology Filter Node Group	<p>The NNMi node group containing the primary set of nodes to populate in HP BSM. The integration populates the RTSM with information about every node in this node group.</p> <p>Enter the name of the node group exactly as it is written (with no quotation marks or extra characters) in the <b>Name</b> field of the <b>Node Group</b> form in HP NNMi.</p> <p>If you do not specify a topology filter node group, the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration populates the RTSM with all nodes and interfaces in the NNMi topology. In this case, the integration ignores the value of the <b>Additional Connections Node Group</b> field.</p>
Additional Connections Node Group	<p>The NNMi node group containing hints of additional nodes to populate in HP BSM. The integration populates the RTSM with information about only those nodes in this node group that are connected (in the NNMi topology) to one or more nodes in the topology filter node group.</p> <p>Enter the name of the node group exactly as it is written (with no quotation marks or extra characters) in the <b>Name</b> field of the <b>Node Group</b> form in HP NNMi.</p> <p>If you specify a topology filter node group and specify an additional connections node group, the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration forwards information about the nodes and interfaces in the topology filter node group and the connected nodes in the additional connections node group.</p> <p>If you specify a topology filter node group but do not specify an additional connections node group, the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration forwards information about the nodes and interfaces in the topology filter node group only.</p> <p>If you do not specify a topology filter node group, the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration populates the RTSM with all nodes and interfaces in the NNMi topology. In this case, the integration ignores the value of the <b>Additional Connections Node Group</b> field.</p>



# HP Universal CMDB

HP recommends the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration for backward compatibility with HP NNMi product versions older than HP NNMi 9.00. This recommended integration is different from the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration explained in [HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#) on page 16. The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration uses a more static snapshot of NNMi inventory and is more useful for configuration or asset management.

HP Universal CMDB (HP UCMDB) periodically maintains information on infrastructure and application relationships through native integration to HP Discovery and Dependency mapping (DDM).

HP UCMDB is beneficial for the following tasks:

- Using impact modeling to show the rippling effect of infrastructure and application changes before they occur.
- Tracking actual planned and unplanned changes through discovered change history.
- Gaining a shared, authoritative view of the environment through awareness of existing data repositories.

For information about purchasing HP UCMDB, contact your HP sales representative.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [HP NNMi–HP UCMDB Integration](#)
- [Using the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB Integration](#)
- [Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP UCMDB](#)

---

## HP NNMi–HP UCMDB Integration

The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration shares NNMi topology information with HP UCMDB. HP UCMDB stores each device in the NNMi topology as a configuration item (CI). HP UCMDB applies Discovery and Dependency Mapping (DDM) patterns

to the CIs for the NNMi topology to predict the impact of a device failure. This impact analysis is available from the HP UCMDB user interface and also from the NNMi console.



The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration information included in this chapter refers to the integration between NNMi and HP Universal CMDB version 9.0x.

Additionally, the integration stores the identifier of populated CIs in the NNMi database. Uses for the CIs of the NNMi-managed devices include the following:

- The HP NNMi–HP BSM Operations Management integration can associate incidents regarding NNMi-managed devices with UCMDB CIs. For more information, see [Configuration Item Identifiers](#) on page 35.
- The agent implementation of the HP NNMi–HPOM integration can associate incidents regarding NNMi-managed devices with UCMDB CIs. For more information, see [Configuration Item Identifiers](#) on page 35.

## Value

The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration sets up HP NNMi as the authoritative source for network device relationships. The integration provides access to UCMDB impact analysis and CI details from the NNMi console.

## Integrated Products

The information in this chapter applies to the following products:

- HP UCMDB.



For the list of supported versions, see the *NNMi System and Device Support Matrix*.

- NNMi 9.20

HP NNMi and HP UCMDB 9.0x cannot be installed on the same computer. The two products must be installed on different computers in either of the following configurations:

- Different operating systems. For example, the NNMi management server is a Linux system, and the UCMDB 9.0x server is a Windows system.
- The same operating system. For example, the NNMi management server is a Windows system, and the UCMDB 9.0x server is a second Windows system.

For the most recent information about supported hardware platforms and operating systems, see the support matrices for both products.

## Documentation

The HP NNMi–HP UCMDB Integration is fully described in the *HP Network Node Manager (NNMi) Integration* section of the HP UCMDB Online Help (version 10.0 or newer).

## Using the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB Integration



HP NNMi cannot simultaneously integrate with HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) topology and HP UCMDB. If the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration is configured on this NNMi management server, disable that configuration before enabling the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration. If you want NNMi information in both databases, do *both* of the following in any order:

- Configure the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology integration, as described in [HP Business Service Management Topology](#) on page 15.
- Configure the BSM integration with HP UCMDB, as described in the *UCMDB Data Flow Management Guide*, which is included on the UCMDB product media. This manual is also available for the HP UCMDB product at: <http://h20230.www2.hp.com/selfsolve/manuals>

For information about enabling, u sing, disabling, and troubleshooting the HP NNMi–HP UCMDB integration, see the *HP Universal CMDB–HP Network Node Manager (NNMi) Integration Guide*.

## Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP UCMDB

Single sign-on is available for all HP enterprise applications that use identical initialization string values and also share a common network domain name.

If the HP NNMi and HP Universal CMDB (HP UCMDB) user names are exactly the same for a particular individual, that person can log on to the NNMi console and launch HP UCMDB views without also logging on to HP UCMDB. This single sign-on feature maps user names, but not passwords, between the two products. The passwords for logging on to HP NNMi and HP UCMDB can be different. Single sign-on does not map user roles, so the user can have different privileges in each application. For example, a user might have normal privileges in HP NNMi and administrator privileges in HP UCMDB.

To configure single sign-on access from NNMi UCMDB, make sure that both applications use the same initialization string. You can copy the string from either application to the other. Consider all applications that interact when choosing which initialization string value to use. If necessary, also update the initialization string configuration for other applications.

UCMDB initialization  
string

Locate the UCMDB initialization string as follows:

- 1 Access the JMX console for UCMDB at:  
**`http://<UCMDB_hostname>:<UCMDB_JMX_port>/jmx-console/`**
- 2 Select **service=LW-SSO Configuration** (under Topaz).  
The initialization string is the value of the **InitString** parameter.
- 3 If you change the value of the **InitString** parameter, click **Apply Changes**.

NNMi initialization  
string

Locate the NNMi initialization string as follows:

- 1 Open the following file in a text editor:
  - *Windows:* %NNM\_PROPS%\nms-ui.properties

- *UNIX*: \$NNM\_PROPS/nms-ui.properties
- 2 Search for the string `initString`.  
The initialization string is the value of the `initString` parameter without the quotation marks.  
For example, if the `nms-ui.properties` file contains the following text:  

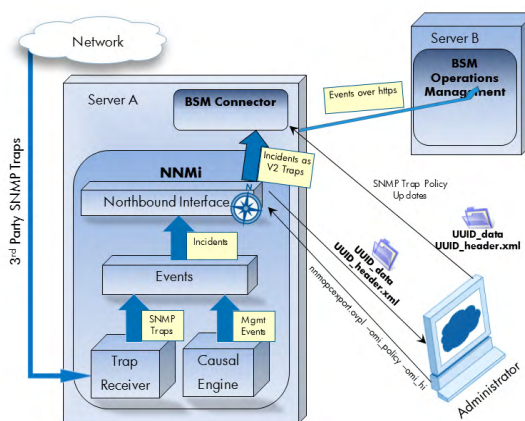
```
initString=E091F3BA8AE47032B3B35F1D40F704B4
```

the initialization string is:  

```
E091F3BA8AE47032B3B35F1D40F704B4
```
  - 3 If you change the value of the `initString` parameter, run the following command to commit the changes:  

```
nmssso.ovpl -reload
```
-

# HP BSM Operations Management



The Operations Management functionality of the HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) platform provides comprehensive event management; proactive

performance monitoring; and automated alerting, reporting, and graphing for management operating systems, middleware, and application infrastructure. HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management consolidates events from a wide range of sources into a single view.

For information about purchasing HP BSM, contact your HP sales representative.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 29
- [Enabling the HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 31
- [Configuring HP NNMI to Close Incidents After the Corresponding HP BSM Events are Closed](#) on page 34
- [Using the HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 35
- [Changing the HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 37
- [Disabling the HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 39
- [Troubleshooting the HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 39
- [HP NNMI—HPOM Agent Destination Form Reference \(BSM Operations Management Integration\)](#) on page 42

## HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

The HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management integration forwards NNMI management event incidents as SNMPv2c traps to the BSM Connector on the NNMI management server. The BSM Connector filters the NNMI traps and forwards them to the BSM Operations Management event browser.

The HP NNMI—HP BSM Operations Management integration can also forward the SNMP traps that HP NNMI receives to the BSM Connector.

The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration also provides for accessing the NNMi console from within the BSM Operations Management event browser.



This chapter describes the direct integration between HP NNMi and the BSM Operations Management event browser.

The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration is a specific implementation of the NNMi northbound interface, which is described in the *NNMi Northbound Interface* chapter of the *NNMi Deployment Reference*.

The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration consists of the following components:

- nnmi-hpom agent integration module
- nnmopexport.ovpl tool

## Value

The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration provides event consolidation in the BSM Operations Management event browser for the network management, system management, and application management domains, so that users of the BSM Operations Management event browser can detect and investigate potential network problems.

The primary features of the integration are as follows:

- Automatic incident forwarding from HP NNMi to the BSM Connector. Forwarded incidents appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser.
- Access to the NNMi console from the BSM Operations Management event browser.
  - Open the NNMi **Incident** form in the context of a selected event.
  - Open an NNMi view (for example, the Layer 2 Neighbor view) in the context of a selected event and node.
  - Launch an NNMi tool (for example, status poll) in the context of a selected event and node.

## Integrated Products

The information in this chapter applies to the following products:

- HP BSM with the HP Operations Manager i license



For the list of supported versions, see the *NNMi System and Device Support Matrix*.

- NNMi 9.20 on the Windows or Linux operating system only

HP NNMi and HP BSM must be installed on separate computers. The NNMi management server and the BSM server computer can be of the same or different operating systems.

The BSM Connector must be installed on the NNMi management server computer *after* NNMi installation.

For the most recent information about supported hardware platforms and operating systems, see the support matrices for all products.

## Documentation

This chapter describes how to configure HP NNMi to communicate with the BSM Operations Management event browser.

The BSM documentation describes how to install and use the BSM Connector and the applications that access the NNMi console from the BSM Operations Management event browser.

- *BSM Application Administration Guide*
- *BSM Connector Installation and Upgrade Guide*
- *BSM Connector User Guide*
- *BSM Connector Help*
- *BSM Extensibility Guide*

---

## Enabling the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

It is recommended that an experienced BSM Connector user complete the procedure for enabling the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration.



When HP NNMi integrates with the HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) topology database, the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration can associate incidents regarding NNMi-managed devices with BSM configuration items (CIs). This information is not available with the standard NNMi northbound interface. For more information, see [Configuration Item Identifiers](#) on page 35.

To enable the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration, follow these steps:

- 1 On the NNMi management server, generate an SNMP trap policy file for the traps that HP NNMi forwards:

- a Verify that the NNMi services are running:

```
ovstatus -c
```

All NNMi services should show the state RUNNING.

- b Generate the SNMP trap policy file by entering the following command:

```
nnmopcexport.ovpl -u <username> -p <password> \  
-template "NNMi Management Events" -application "NNMi" \  
-omi_policy -omi_hi
```

The values for **<username>** and **<password>** correspond to an NNMi console user with the Administrator role.

This command creates two files in the current directory:

- The `<UUID>_data` file is the SNMP trap policy file, where `<UUID>` is a universally unique identifier.
- The `<UUID>_header.xml` file identifies the `<UUID>_data` file to the BSM Connector.



Do not edit or rename these output files, as doing so renders them unusable by the BSM Connector.

The SNMP trap policy file includes a policy condition for each management event and SNMP trap configuration in the current NNMi incident configuration. For information about customizing the output of this command, see the *nnmopcxport.ovpl* reference page, or the UNIX manpage.

For information about the default policy conditions and customizing conditions, see [Using the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 35.

- 2 Install and configure the BSM Connector:
  - a On the NNMi management server, install the BSM Connector as described in the *BSM Connector Installation and Upgrade Guide*.
  - b In BSM, configure the BSM Connector integration with BSM as described in the *BSM Application Administration Guide*.



The HP Operations agent from HPOM and the BSM Connector can run simultaneously on one system. See the *BSM Connector User Guide* for more information.

- c Use the BSM Connector user interface to import the header and policy files created in [step 1](#) of this procedure.
 

For more information, see *Working with BSM Connector > Policy Management > How to Import Policies* in the *BSM Connector Help*.
  - d Use the BSM Connector user interface to activate the new policies.
 

For more information, see *Working with BSM Connector > Policy Management > How to Activate and Deactivate Policies* in the *BSM Connector Help*.

- 3 Identify an available port for SNMP communications between HP NNMi and the BSM Connector.

The BSM Connector will listen on this port for the SNMP traps that HP NNMi forwards to this port. While enabling the integration, this port number is used in both [step 4](#) (for the BSM Connector) and [step 5](#) (for HP NNMi) of this procedure.



The SNMP communications port is different from the HTTP and HTTPS ports for the Apache Tomcat server you specified when using the BSM Connector Configuration Wizard during the post-installation phase.

Because the BSM Connector is installed on the NNMi management server, this port number must be different from the port on which HP NNMi receives SNMP traps.

- a From the NNMi management server, run the `nnmtrapconfig.ovpl -showProp` command. Look for the current `trapPort` value in the command output. This value is typically 162, which is the standard UDP port for receiving SNMP traps. Do not use this `trapPort` value when configuring SNMP communications between HP NNMi and the BSM Connector.





- f Click **Submit** at the bottom of the form.

A new window displays a status message. If the message indicates a problem with the settings, click **Return**, and then adjust the values as suggested by the text of the error message.

- 6 *Optional.* On the BSM server, install and configure the HPOprInf infrastructure content pack.

For information, see the *BSM Extensibility Guide*.

---

## Configuring HP NNMi to Close Incidents After the Corresponding HP BSM Events are Closed

You can configure HP NNMi to permit NNMi incidents to close automatically after the corresponding event is closed in HP BSM Operations Management.

After installing NNMi 9.21 patch 1, do the following to modify existing policies for the BSM Connector using the `nnmopcexport.ovpl` script:

- 1 Copy the `OMBackSync.pl` script to the correct location:

*Windows:* Copy `%ovdatadir%\conf\nnm\backsync\OMBackSync.pl` to `%ovdatadir%\conf\backsync\OMBackSync.pl`

*Linux:* Copy `/var/opt/OV/conf/nnm/backsync/OMBackSync.pl` to `/var/opt/OV/conf/backsync/OMBackSync.pl`

- 2 Modify the `OMBackSync.pl` script. Use the following example as a guide to modify the script parameters:

```
my $nnmi_server = 'localhost';
my $nnmi_port   = <http port used to access NNMi>;
my $nnmi_user   = '<administrator user name>';
my $nnmi_pass   = '<administrator password>';
my $logfilepath = OV_DATA_DIR.'/log/OMBacksync-NNMi.log';
my $verbosity   = 2
```

- 3 Edit the `OMBackSync.pl` script and search for the following line:

**\_\_END\_\_**

Remove all of the text from **\_\_END\_\_** to the end of the script in the `OMBackSync.pl` script. Make sure to save your work.

- 4 *Windows Only:* Run the following command from the `%ovinstalldir%` directory:  
`newconfig\HPNmsCommon\scripts\nnm-configure-perl.ovpl -source newconfig\HPNmsCommon\perl\ -target nonOV\perl\`

- 5 Run the following command to restart the `ombacksync` process: `ovc -restart ombacksync`.

- 6 On the NNMi management server, use the `nnmopcexport.ovpl` script to regenerate each policy file for the new traps.

After modifying these existing policies, the BSM Connector finds and runs new scripts that initiates automatic incident synchronization with HP BSM Operations Management as it detects alerts being acknowledged.



If you reinstall HP NNMi 9.20, you must reinstall the BSM Connector and repeat [step 1](#) on page 34 through [step 6](#) on page 34.



If you reinstall the BSM Connector on the NNMi management server, you must repeat [step 1](#) on page 34 through [step 6](#) on page 34. Reinstalling the BSM Connector overwrites the `OMBackSync.pl` script that you copied and modified in [step 1](#) on page 34 through [step 3](#) on page 34, and you will lose all of your changes. To avoid this problem, create a backup copy of the `OMBackSync.pl` script before you reinstall the BSM Connector.

---

## Using the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

As discussed in the previous section, you can configure HP NNMi to permit NNMi incidents to close automatically after the corresponding event is closed in HP BSM Operations Management. The HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration provides a two-way flow of NNMi management events and SNMP traps to and from HP BSM and the BSM Operations Management event browser. The NNMi SNMP trap policy determines how the BSM Operations Management event browser treats and displays the incoming traps. For example, you can change a policy condition to include the value of a trap custom attribute in the event title.



HP NNMi sends only one copy of each management event or SNMP trap to the BSM Connector. This behavior is different from that of the NNM 6.x/7.x integration with HPOM.

View the forwarded NNMi incidents in the BSM Operations Management event browser. Menu commands in the BSM Operations Management event browser provide access to NNMi views in the context of the selected event. Information embedded in each event supports this cross-navigation:

- The `nnmi.server.name` and `nnmi.server.port` custom attributes in the event identify the NNMi management server.
- The `nnmi.incident.uuid` custom attribute identifies the incident in the NNMi database.

In the BSM Operations Management event browser, the original source object appears in the **Object** field on the **Additional Info** tab and in the `nnm.source.name` custom attribute.

### Configuration Item Identifiers

In HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) and HP Universal CMDB Software (HP UCMDB), a configuration item (CI) is a database representation of a component in the IT environment. A CI can be a line of business, business process, application, server hardware, or a service.

When HP NNMi integrates with the BSM topology database or HP UCMDB, HP NNMi shares CI information with HP BSM or HP UCMDB for the devices that HP NNMi manages. In this case, the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration can associate incidents regarding NNMi-managed devices with HP BSM or HP UCMDB CIs. The SNMP trap policy conditions enable this association.

For information about the integrations with HP BSM and HP UCMDB, see:

- [HP Business Service Management Topology](#) on page 15
- [HP Universal CMDB](#) on page 25

## Health Indicators

Because the NNMi SNMP trap policy file was created with the `-omi_hi` option to `nnmopcexport.ovpl`, the policy file associates a health indicator with each standard NNMi management event in the SNMP trap policy file, as appropriate. (Not all management event types have health indicators.) The health indicator is available in the `EtiHint` custom attribute.

For the specific health indicators, see the SNMP trap policy file.

## Default Policy Conditions

The default integration behavior varies with the integration content, as described here:

- NNMi management event incidents
  - The NNMi SNMP trap policy file includes conditions for all NNMi management event configurations defined in the NNMi incident configuration when the file was generated.
  - The events created from NNMi management events appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser.
  - These traps include the CI information described in [Configuration Item Identifiers](#) on page 35.
  - The events created from these traps include health indicators described in [Health Indicators](#) on page 36.
- Third-party SNMP traps
  - The NNMi SNMP trap policy file includes conditions for all SNMP trap configurations defined in the NNMi incident configuration when the file was generated.
  - The events created from third-party traps appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser.
  - These traps include the CI information described in [Configuration Item Identifiers](#) on page 35.
  - The events created from these traps do not include health indicators.
  - If you configure the integration to forward all received SNMP traps and the BSM Operations Management event browser receives SNMP traps directly from devices that HP NNMi manages, the BSM Operations Management event browser receives duplicate device traps. You can set the policies to correlate SNMP traps from HP NNMi with those that the BSM Operations Management event browser receives directly from managed devices.
- Syslog
  - HP NNMi forwards both NNMi-generated management events and SNMP traps that HP NNMi receives from managed devices to the BSM Connector.
- EventLifecycleStateClosed traps
  - The BSM Connector logs the events created from these traps. Generally, they do not appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser.

- The NNMi SNMP trap policy file causes the BSM Connector to acknowledge the event that corresponds to the closed NNMi incident in the BSM Operations Management event browser.
- LifecycleStateChangeEvent traps
  - The NNMi SNMP trap policy file does not include conditions for processing these traps. The BSM Connector does not forward these traps to the BSM Operations Management event browser.
- EventDeleted traps
  - The NNMi SNMP trap policy file does not include conditions for processing these traps. The BSM Connector does not forward these traps to the BSM Operations Management event browser.
- Correlation notification traps
  - The BSM Connector logs the events created from these traps. They do not appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser.
  - The BSM Connector processes the NNMi correlation traps to replicate NNMi incident correlation in the BSM Operations Management event browser.

## Customizing Policy Conditions

Use the BSM Connector user interface to customize the default policy conditions. For more information, see *Integrating Data With BSM Connector > SNMP Trap Policies > SNMP Policy User Interface > Configuring Rules in SNMP Policies* in the *BSM Connector help*.

## More Information

For more information about the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration, see the following references:

- For descriptions of the trap types that the integration sends to the BSM Connector, see the *Using the NNMi Northbound Interface* section contained in the *NNMi Northbound Interface* chapter of the *NNMi Deployment Reference*.
- For information about the format of the traps that HP NNMi sends to the BSM Connector, see the `hp-nnmi-nbi.mib` file.
- For detailed information about using the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration, see the *BSM Extensibility Guide*.

---

## Changing the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

This section contains the following topics:

- [Update the SNMP Trap Policy Conditions for New NNMi Traps](#) on page 38
- [Change the Configuration Parameters](#) on page 38

## Update the SNMP Trap Policy Conditions for New NNMi Traps

If new SNMP trap incident configurations have been added to HP NNMi since the integration was configured, follow these steps:

- 1 On the NNMi management server, use the `nnmopcexport.ovpl` command to create an SNMP trap policy file for the new traps.

For the `-template` option, specify a name that is different from the names of the existing SNMP trap policy files.

Use the `-omi_policy` and `-omi_hi` options.

You can limit the file contents to a specific author or OID prefix value. For more information, see the `nnmopcexport.ovpl` reference page, or the UNIX manpage.

- 2 Use the BSM Connector user interface to import and activate the new header and policy files.

Alternatively, you can re-create the SNMP trap policy file for all NNMi management events and SNMP traps. If you take this approach, delete the old policies from the BSM Connector user interface.



If the BSM Connector configuration includes multiple policy conditions for one NNMi incident, duplicate messages appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser.

## Change the Configuration Parameters

To change the integration configuration parameters, follow these steps:

- 1 In the NNMi console, open the **HP NNMi–HPOM Integration Selection** form (**Integration Module Configuration > HPOM**).
- 2 Click **HPOM agent implementation**.
- 3 Select a destination, and then click **Edit**.
- 4 Modify the values as appropriate.

For information about the fields on this form, see [HP NNMi–HPOM Agent Destination Form Reference \(BSM Operations Management Integration\)](#) on page 42.

- 5 Verify that the **Enable Integration** check box at the top of the form is selected, and then click **Submit** at the bottom of the form.

The changes take effect immediately.

---

## Disabling the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

No SNMP trap queuing occurs while a destination is disabled.

To discontinue the forwarding of NNMi incidents to the BSM Connector, follow these steps:

- 1 In the NNMi console, open the **HP NNMi–HPOM Integration Selection** form (**Integration Module Configuration > HPOM**).
- 2 Click **HPOM agent implementation**.
- 3 Select a destination, and then click **Edit**.  
Alternatively, click **Delete** to entirely remove the configuration for the selected destination.
- 4 Clear the **Enable Integration** check box at the top of the form, and then click **Submit** at the bottom of the form.

The changes take effect immediately.

Optionally deactivate or delete the SNMP trap policy as described in the *BSM Connector help*.

---

## Troubleshooting the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration

This section contains the following topics:

- [BSM Operations Management Event Browser Contains No Forwarded Incidents](#) on page 39
- [BSM Operations Management Event Browser Contains Only Some Forwarded Incidents](#) on page 42

### BSM Operations Management Event Browser Contains No Forwarded Incidents



In the following procedure, the `OVBIN` environment variable refers to the `bin` directory containing the commands for configuring the agent inside the BSM Connector. The `OVBIN` environment variable defaults to the following value:

- **Windows:** `<drive>\Program Files (x86)\HP\HP BTO Software\bin`
- **Linux:** `/opt/OV/bin`

If the BSM Operations Management event browser does not contain any incidents from NNMi, follow these steps:

- 1 On the NNMi management server, verify the agent configuration:

- *Windows* NNMi management server:

```
%OVBIN%\ovconfget eaagt
```

- *Linux* NNMi management server:

```
$OVBIN/ovconfget eaagt
```

The command output should include the following information:

- *Windows:*

```
SNMP_SESSION_MODE=NNM_LIBS
SNMP_TRAP_PORT=<custom_port>
```

- *Linux:*

```
SNMP_SESSION_MODE=NO_TRAPD
SNMP_TRAP_PORT=<custom_port>
```

The value of *<custom\_port>* should *not* be 162 and should match the value of the **Port** field on the **HP NNMi-HPOM Agent Destination** form.

- 2 Evaluate the agent configuration by considering the results from [step 1](#):

- If the agent configuration is as expected, continue with [step 3](#) of this procedure.
- If the `SNMP_SESSION_MODE` parameter is not set correctly, repeat [step 4](#) on page 33 until the `ovconfget` command returns the expected results.
- If the value of *<custom\_port>* is 162 or does not match the value of the **Port** field on the **HP NNMi-HPOM Agent Destination** form, repeat [step 3](#) on page 32 through [step 5](#) on page 33, as appropriate, until the `ovconfget` command returns the expected results.

- 3 On the NNMi management server, verify that the agent is running:

- *Windows* NNMi management server:

```
%OVBIN%\opcagt -status
```

- *Linux* NNMi management server:

```
$OVBIN/opcagt -status
```

The command output should include an `opctrapi` entry similar to the following example:

```
opctrapi OVO SNMP Trap Interceptor AGENT,EA (4971) Running
```

If the output is not as expected, restart the agent:

```
ovc -restart opctrapi
```



- 4 On the NNMi management server, verify that the agent is listening on the expected SNMP trap port:
  - a Run the following command:
    - *Windows:* `netstat -an | findstr <custom_port>`
    - *Linux:* `netstat -an | grep <custom_port>`

Where `<custom_port>` is the value of `SNMP_TRAP_PORT` from [step 1](#) of this procedure.
  - b Verify that the output includes the state `LISTENING` or `LISTEN`.  
If the output is not as expected, restart the agent:

```
ovc -restart opctrapi
```

- 5 On the NNMi management server, verify that the SNMP trap policy file for HP NNMi has been deployed to the BSM Connector on the NNMi management server:
  - *Windows* NNMi management server:
 

```
%OVBIN%\ovpolicy -list
```
  - *Linux* NNMi management server:
 

```
$(OVBIN)/ovpolicy -list
```

The command output should include an entry similar to the following example:

Type	Name	Status	Version
trapi	"NNMi Management Events"	enabled	0001.0000

The value of the `Name` field is the name of the SNMP trap policy file from the `-template` option to `nmnopcexport.ovpl` in [step 1](#) on page 31.

- 6 On the NNMi management server, check the agent log file for any errors. The log file can be found in the following location:
  - *Windows:* `%ovdatadir%\log\System.txt`
  - *UNIX:* `/var/opt/OV/log/System.txt`
- 7 Verify that the BSM Connector is receiving traps:
  - a Verify that the BSM Connector can send events to the BSM Operations Management event browser. To do this, create a simple open message interface policy using the BSMC policy management UI. You must have **forward unmatched events to active browser** enabled on the **options** tab of the policy. **Save and activate** this new open message interface policy. After activating this open message interface policy, you can send events to the BSM Operations Management event browser using the `opcmsg` command.
  - b Enable tracing of the BSM Connector to determine whether the traps arrive at the BSM Connector. To do this, in the `options` tab of the appropriate SNMP policy, there is the possibility to configure the policy to log incoming trap events. These events are logged on the local node in the following log file:
    - *Windows:* `%ovdatadir%\log\OpC\opcmsglg`
    - *UNIX:* `/var/opt/OV/log/OpC/opcmsglg`
- 8 Verify that NNMi is forwarding management events to the BSM Connector.

For more information, see the *Troubleshooting the NNMi Northbound Interface* section contained in the *NNMi Northbound Interface* chapter of the *NNMi Deployment Reference*.

## BSM Operations Management Event Browser Contains Only Some Forwarded Incidents

If one or more NNMi incidents do not appear in the BSM Operations Management event browser, follow these steps:

- 1 On the NNMi management server, verify that the SNMP trap policy does not suppress the trap.
- 2 On the BSM server, verify that BSM Operations Management is running.



On a windows BSM server, there is a web page showing the status of the BSM server. Use the **Start > All Programs > HP Business Service Management > Administration -> HP Business Service Management Status** menu to view the status.

If the BSM server shuts down, the BSM Connector queues received traps. The BSM Connector forwards the queued traps when the BSM Operations Management event browser becomes available.

If the BSM Connector shuts down, the forwarded traps are lost. HP NNMi does not resend traps.

- 3 On the NNMi management server, verify that the NNMi processes are running:

```
ovstatus -c
```

Any traps sent to HP NNMi while it is shut down are lost.

---

## HP NNMi–HPOM Agent Destination Form Reference (BSM Operations Management Integration)

The **HP NNMi–HPOM Agent Destination** form contains the parameters for configuring communications between HP NNMi and the BSM Connector. This form is available from the **Integration Module Configuration** workspace. (On the **HP NNMi–HPOM Integration Selection** form, click **HPOM agent implementation**. Click **New**, or select a destination, and then click **Edit**.)



Only NNMi users with the Administrator role can access the **HP NNMi–HPOM Agent Destination** form.

The **HP NNMi–HPOM Agent Destination** form collects information for the following areas:

- [BSM Connector Connection](#) on page 43
- [BSM Operations Management Integration Content](#) on page 43
- [BSM Connector Destination Status Information](#) on page 45

To apply changes to the integration configuration, update the values on the **HP NNMi–HPOM Agent Destination** form, and then click **Submit**.

## BSM Connector Connection

Figure 6 on page 43 lists the parameters for configuring the connection to the BSM Connector.

**Table 6 BSM Connector Connection Information**

Field	Description
Host	<p>The fully-qualified domain name (preferred) or the IP address of the NNMi management server, which is the system on which the BSM Connector receives SNMP traps from HP NNMi.</p> <p>The integration supports the following methods for identifying the BSM Connector host:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>NNMi FQDN</b> HP NNMi manages the connection to the BSM Connector on the NNMi management server and the <b>Host</b> field becomes read-only. This is the default and recommended configuration.</li> <li>• <b>Use Loopback</b> Do not use this option.</li> <li>• <b>Other</b> Do not use this option.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> If the NNMi management server participates in NNMi application failover, see <i>Application Failover and the NNMi Northbound Interface</i> in the <i>NNMi Northbound Interface</i> chapter of the <i>NNMi Deployment Reference</i>.</p>
Port	<p>The UDP port where the BSM Connector receives SNMP traps.</p> <p>Enter the port number specific to the BSM Connector. This value is the port that you identified in <a href="#">step 3</a> on page 32.</p> <p>To determine the port, run the <code>ovconfget eaagt</code> command on the NNMi management server. The trap port is the value of the <code>SNMP_TRAP_PORT</code> variable.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> This port number must be different from the port on which HP NNMi receives SNMP traps, as set in the <b>SNMP Port</b> field on the <b>Communication Configuration</b> form in the NNMi console.</p>
Community String	<p>A read-only community string for the BSM Connector to receive traps.</p> <p>For the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management integration, use the default value, which is <code>public</code>.</p>

## BSM Operations Management Integration Content

Table 7 on page 44 lists the parameters for configuring which content HP NNMi sends to the BSM Connector

**Table 7 BSM Operations Management Integration Content Configuration Information**

Field	Description
Incidents	<p>The incident forwarding sending options.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Management</b> HP NNMi forwards only NNMi-generated management events to the BSM Connector.</li> <li>• <b>SNMP 3rd Party Trap</b> HP NNMi forwards only SNMP traps that HP NNMi receives from managed devices to the BSM Connector.</li> <li>• <b>Syslog</b> HP NNMi forwards both NNMi-generated management events and SNMP traps that HP NNMi receives from managed devices to the BSM Connector. This is the default configuration.</li> </ul> <p>For more information, see the <i>NNMi Northbound Interface</i> chapter of the <i>NNMi Deployment Reference</i>.</p>
Lifecycle State Changes	<p>The incident change notification sending options.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enhanced Closed</b> HP NNMi sends an incident closed trap to the BSM Connector for each incident that changes to the CLOSED lifecycle state. This is the default configuration.</li> <li>• <b>State Changed</b> HP NNMi sends an incident lifecycle state changed trap to the BSM Connector for each incident that changes to the IN PROGRESS, COMPLETED, or CLOSED lifecycle state.</li> <li>• <b>Both</b> HP NNMi sends an incident closed trap to the BSM Connector for each incident that changes to the CLOSED lifecycle state. Additionally, the integration sends an incident lifecycle state changed trap to the BSM Connector for each incident that changes to the IN PROGRESS, COMPLETED, or CLOSED lifecycle state. <b>NOTE:</b> In this case, each time an incident changes to the CLOSED lifecycle state, the integration sends two notification traps: an incident closed trap and an incident lifecycle state changed trap.</li> </ul>
Correlations	<p>The incident correlation sending options.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>None</b> HP NNMi does not notify the BSM Connector of incident correlations resulting from NNMi causal analysis. This is the default configuration.</li> <li>• <b>Single</b> HP NNMi sends a trap for each parent-child incident correlation relationship resulting from NNMi causal analysis.</li> <li>• <b>Group</b> HP NNMi sends one trap per correlation that lists all child incidents correlated to a parent incident. <b>NOTE:</b> HP recommends you select this value if you also want events correlated in BSM.</li> </ul>

**Table 7 BSM Operations Management Integration Content Configuration Information (cont'd)**

Field	Description
Deletions	<p>The incident deletion sending options.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>Don't Send</b>                      HP NNMi does not notify the BSM Connector when incidents are deleted in HP NNMi.                      This is the default configuration.                 </li> <li> <b>Send</b>                      HP NNMi sends a deletion trap to the BSM Connector for each incident that is deleted in HP NNMi.                 </li> </ul>
NNMi Console Access	<p>The connection protocol specification in the URL for browsing to the NNMi console from the BSM Operations Management event browser. The traps that HP NNMi sends to the BSM Connector include the NNMi URL in the NmsUrl varbind (1.3.6.1.4.1.11.2.17.19.2.2.2).</p> <p>The integration requires an HTTP connection to the NNMi console. Select the <b>HTTP</b> option.</p>
Incident Filters	<p>A list of object identifiers (OIDs) on which the integration filters the events sent to the BSM Connector. Each filter entry can be a valid numeric OID (for example, .1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.4.1.3.6.1.4.1.9) or OID prefix (for example, .1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.*).</p> <p>Select one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>None</b>                      HP NNMi sends all events to the BSM Connector.                      This is the default configuration.                 </li> <li> <b>Include</b>                      HP NNMi sends only the specific events that match the OIDs identified in the filter.                 </li> <li> <b>Exclude</b>                      HP NNMi sends all events except for the specific events that match the OIDs identified in the filter.                 </li> </ul> <p>Specify the incident filter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To add a filter entry, enter the text in the lower text box, and then click <b>Add</b>.</li> <li>To delete a filter entry, select that entry from the list in the upper box, and then click <b>Remove</b>.</li> </ul>

## BSM Connector Destination Status Information

Table 8 lists the read-only status information for the BSM Connector. This information is useful for verifying that the integration is working correctly.

**Table 8 BSM Connector Destination Status Information**

Field	Description
Trap Destination IP Address	<p>The IP address to which the BSM Connector destination host name resolves.                      This value is unique to this destination.</p>

**Table 8 BSM Connector Destination Status Information (cont'd)**

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>
Uptime (seconds)	<p>The time (in seconds) since the northbound component was last started. The traps that NNMi sends to the BSM Connector include this value in the sysUptime field (1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0).</p> <p>This value is the same for all integrations that use the NNMi northbound interface. To see the latest value, either refresh or close and re-open the form.</p>
NNMi URL	<p>The URL for connecting to the NNMi console. The traps that HP NNMi sends to the BSM Connector include this value in the NmsUrl varbind (1.3.6.1.4.1.11.2.17.19.2.2.2).</p> <p>This value is unique to this northbound destination.</p>

# NNMi Visualizations Within HP Business Service Management

The HP Business Service Management (HP BSM) platform provides tools for managing the availability of applications in production, monitoring system performance, monitoring infrastructure performance, and proactively resolving problems when they arise.

For information about purchasing HP BSM, contact your HP sales representative.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [MyBSM Portal](#) on page 47
- [Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP BSM](#) on page 49
- [Configuring an SSL Connection to HP BSM](#) on page 50
- [NNMi Data Available from BSM End User Management Reports](#) on page 54
- [Enabling NNMi Visualizations from HP BSM](#) on page 55

For information about NNMi console views launched from events in the BSM Operations Management event browser, see [Using the HP NNMi—HP BSM Operations Management Integration](#) on page 35.

---

## MyBSM Portal

MyBSM is a portal-based dashboard environment for viewing data across the HP Software portfolio. The MyBSM portal provides a collection of portal pages and portlets that display information relevant to a users specific business task

The MyBSM administrator sets up pages that include components that are of interest to specific users or groups of users. The MyBSM workspace provides smooth interactions between different BSM applications and reports.



There is a single limitation integrating multiple NNMi instances with one HP BSM: While the event and topology integrations function as expected, you should consider the functionality of other NNMi components in the MyBSM portal. These NNMi components are shown in [NNMi Components Available in MyBSM](#) on page 48. For the MyBSM integration only, you are limited to communicating with a single (pre-configured in HP BSM) NNMi instance.

To access the NNMi components, you must have the appropriate licenses installed. NNMi components are only displayed if you have configured a connection to an NNMi management server (**Admin > Platform > Setup and Maintenance > Infrastructure Settings > Foundations > Integrations with other applications > HP NNM**).

## NNMi Components Available in MyBSM

The BSM component gallery includes the following NNMi components:

- **Open Key Incidents**  
Shows the incidents that are most important to network operators, and that often require more immediate action.
- **Layer 2 Neighbor View**  
Shows a map view of a selected device and its connector devices within a specified number of hops from the selected device. This view is useful for understanding the switch connectivity between devices.
- **Layer 3 Neighbor View**  
Shows a map view of a selected device and its connector devices within a specified number of hops from the selected device. This view is useful for understanding the router connectivity between devices.
- **MPLS VPN Inventory**  
This is an enterprise customer view of how their sites are connected using service provided MPLS networks.
- **Overall Network Health (Node Group Overview)**  
Shows a map containing all (top-level) node groups that do not have parent node groups.
- **Overall Network Health - Routers**  
Shows a node group map of the router connectivity in your network.
- **Overall Network Health - Switches**  
Shows a node group map of the switches connectivity in your network.
- **Router Redundancy Groups Inventory**  
Shows the available router redundancy groups created by the NNMi administrator. Each router redundancy group is a set of two or more routers that use one or more virtual IP addresses to help ensure that information packets reach their intended destination.

## Viewing the NNMi Components in MyBSM

To view the NNMi components in MyBSM, follow these steps:

- 1 If you have not already done so, configure a connection from HP BSM to HP NNMi as described in [Enabling NNMi Visualizations from HP BSM](#) on page 55.
- 2 If you have not already done so, enable single sign-on between HP BSM and HP NNMi as described in [Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP BSM](#) on page 49.



- 3 If you have not already done so, configure HP NNMi to push topology information to the RTSM as described in [Enabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#) on page 17.
- 4 Add the NNMi components to the MyBSM portal:
  - a Within a user-defined MyBSM page, open the **Component Gallery**.
  - b Select one of the NNMi components and add it to your page.

For details, see *How to Create Your MyBSM Workspace* in the *HP BSM Using MyBSM Guide*.

---

## Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP BSM

Single sign-on is available for all HP enterprise applications that use identical initialization string values and also share a common network domain name.

If the HP NNMi and HP Business Service Management (HP BSM), user names are exactly the same for a particular individual, that person can log on to the MyBSM portal and view NNMi portlets without also logging on to HP NNMi. This single sign-on feature maps user names, but not passwords, between the two products. The passwords for logging on to MyBSM and HP NNMi can be different. Single sign-on does not map user roles, so the user can have different privileges in each application. For example, a user might have normal privileges in HP BSM and administrator privileges in HP NNMi.

To configure single sign-on access from HP BSM to HP NNMi, make sure that both applications use the same initialization string. You can copy the string from either application to the other. Consider all applications that interact when choosing which initialization string value to use. If necessary, also update the initialization string configuration for other applications.

BSM initialization string

Locate the BSM initialization string as follows:

- 1 Access the JMX console for BSM at:
 

```
http://<BSM_hostname>:<BSM_JMX_port>/jmx-console/
```
- 2 Select **service=LW-SSO Configuration** (under Topaz).
 

The initialization string is the value of the **InitString** parameter.
- 3 If you change the value of the **InitString** parameter, click **Apply Changes**.

NNMi initialization string

Locate the NNMi initialization string as follows:

- 1 Open the following file in a text editor:
  - *Windows:* %NNM\_PROPS%\nms-ui.properties
  - *UNIX:* \$NNM\_PROPS/nms-ui.properties
- 2 Search for the string `initString`.

The initialization string is the value of the `initString` parameter without the quotation marks.

For example, if the `nms-ui.properties` file contains the following text:

```
initString=E091F3BA8AE47032B3B35F1D40F704B4
```

the initialization string is:

```
E091F3BA8AE47032B3B35F1D40F704B4
```

- 3 If you change the value of the `initString` parameter shown in [step 2](#), run the following command to commit the changes:

```
nmssso.ovpl -reload
```

## Configuring an SSL Connection to HP BSM

To configure an SSL connection to HP BSM, follow these steps:

- 1 Export the NNMi certificates from the `nm.keystore` file using the following command:

- *Windows:*

```
%NnmInstallDir%\nonOV\jdk\b\bin\keytool.exe -export -alias
hostname.selfsigned -file C:\temp\cert -keystore
%NnmDataDir%\shared\nnm\certificates\nm.keystore -storepass
nmkeypass
```



If you include the full path to the `keytool.exe` command when you run it, you might see command errors due to unexpected spaces residing in the command string. To remedy this, enclose the path plus the `keytool.exe` command in quotation marks. For example, use “C:\Program Files (x86)\HP\HP BTO Software\nonOV\jdk\b\bin\keytool.exe” to avoid command errors.

- *UNIX:*

```
$NnmInstallDir/nonOV/jdk/b/bin/keytool -export -alias
hostname.selfsigned -file /tmp/cert -keystore $NnmDataDir/
shared/nnm/certificates/nm.keystore -storepass nmkeypass
```

- 2 Verify that you see the Certificate stored in file `<directory>:\cert` message.
- 3 Copy the certificate from the `cert` file you created in [step 1](#) to the BSM server.
- 4 Open a command window on the BSM server.
- 5 Change directories using the `cd C:\HPBSM\JRE64\bin` command.
- 6 Run the following command: `keytool.exe -import -keystore <directory>:\HPBSM\odb\conf\security\server.keystore -storepass hppass -trustcacerts -file <directory>\cert.`

Make sure you answer `yes` when asked whether to Trust this certificate?. The following program listing is an example of what happens after you run this command.

```
Owner: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Issuer: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Serial number: 4d525d0e
Valid from: Wed Feb 09 11:23:26 EET 2011 until: Fri Jan 16
11:23:26 EET 2111
Certificate fingerprints:
MD5: C2:45:E9:73:07:B3:A8:84:AF:5F:B5:FA:41:D0:AE:D2
SHA1:
42:84:B1:A8:45:3E:8A:9E:62:3C:7F:A4:76:78:44:C2:35:F3:50:4B
```

```
Signature algorithm name: SHA1withRSA
Version: 1
Trust this certificate? [no]: yes
Certificate was added to keystore
```

- 7 Run the command shown in [step 6](#), substituting `server.truststore` for `server.keystore`: **keytool.exe -import -keystore <directory>:\HPBSM\odb\conf\security\server.truststore -storepass hppass -trustcacerts -file <directory>:\cert.**

Make sure you answer yes when asked whether to Trust this certificate?. The following program listing is an example of what happens after you run this command.

```
Owner: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Issuer: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Serial number: 4d525d0e
Valid from: Wed Feb 09 11:23:26 EET 2011 until: Fri Jan 16 11:23:26
EET 2111
Certificate fingerprints:
    MD5: C2:45:E9:73:07:B3:A8:84:AF:5F:B5:FA:41:D0:AE:D2
    SHA1:
42:84:B1:A8:45:3E:8A:9E:62:3C:7F:A4:76:78:44:C2:35:F3:50:4B
Signature algorithm name: SHA1withRSA
Version: 1
Trust this certificate? [no]: yes
Certificate was added to keystore
```

- 8 To add the NNMi certificate to JRE, run the following command:  
**keytool.exe -import -file <directory>:\cert -keystore <directory>:\HPBSM\JRE\lib\security\cacerts -trustcacerts -storepass changeit.**

Make sure you answer yes when asked whether to Trust this certificate?. The following program listing is an example of what happens after you run this command.

```
Owner: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Issuer: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Serial number: 4d525d0e
Valid from: Wed Feb 09 11:23:26 EET 2011 until: Fri Jan 16 11:23:26
EET 2111
Certificate fingerprints:
    MD5: C2:45:E9:73:07:B3:A8:84:AF:5F:B5:FA:41:D0:AE:D2
    SHA1:
42:84:B1:A8:45:3E:8A:9E:62:3C:7F:A4:76:78:44:C2:35:F3:50:4B
Signature algorithm name: SHA1withRSA
Version: 1
Trust this certificate? [no]: yes
Certificate was added to keystore
```

- 9 To add the NNMi certificate to JRE64, run the following command:  
**keytool.exe -import -file <directory>:\cert -keystore <directory>:\HPBSM\JRE64\lib\security\cacerts -trustcacerts -storepass changeit.**

Make sure you answer yes when asked whether to Trust this certificate? The following program listing is an example of what happens after you run this command.

```
Owner: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Issuer: CN=hpbsm_server.example.com
Serial number: 4d525d0e
Valid from: Wed Feb 09 11:23:26 EET 2011 until: Fri Jan 16 11:23:26
EET 2111
Certificate fingerprints:
    MD5:  C2:45:E9:73:07:B3:A8:84:AF:5F:B5:FA:41:D0:AE:D2
    SHA1:
42:84:B1:A8:45:3E:8A:9E:62:3C:7F:A4:76:78:44:C2:35:F3:50:4B
    Signature algorithm name: SHA1withRSA
    Version: 1
Trust this certificate? [no]: yes
Certificate was added to keystore
```

- 10 To import the BSM certificates into the NNMi management server, complete the following steps:

- a Run the following command on the BSM server:
- ```
keytool.exe -export -alias clientcert -file
<directory>:\truststore -keystore
<directory>:\HPBSM\odb\conf\security\server.truststore
-storepass hppass
```

After the command finishes, the BSM truststore certificate is stored in the `<directory>:\truststore` file.

- b Run the following command on the BSM server:
- ```
keytool.exe -export -alias hpcert -file
<directory>:\keystore -keystore
<directory>:\HPBSM\odb\conf\security\server.keystore
-storepass hppass
```

After the command finishes, the BSM keystore certificate is stored in the `<directory>:\keystore` file.

- c Copy the truststore and keystore files to a temporary directory on the NNMi management server. These files are shown as residing on the NNMi management server in the `<directory>:\temp\keystore`, `<directory>:\temp\truststore`, `/tmp/keystore` and `/tmp/truststore` locations in the remaining commands.

- d To merge the keystore certificate, run the following command on the NNMi management server:

— *Windows:*

```
keytool -import -alias hpcert -keystore
%NnmDataDir%\shared\nnm\certificates\nnm.keystore
-storepass nnmkeypass -file <directory>:\temp\keystore
```

— *UNIX:*

```
keytool -import -alias hpcert -keystore $NnmDataDir/
shared/nnm/certificates/nnm.keystore -storepass
nnmkeypass -file
/tmp/keystore
```

- e To merge the truststore certificate, run the following command on the NNMi management server:
  - *Windows:*  

```
keytool -import -alias clientcert -keystore
%NnmDataDir%\shared\nnm\certificates\nnm.truststore
-storepass ovpass -file <directory>:/temp/truststore
```
  - *UNIX:*  

```
keytool -import -alias clientcert -keystore $NnmDataDir/
shared/nnm/certificates/nnm.truststore -storepass ovpass
-file
/tmp/truststore
```
- 11 *Optional:* Run the following command sequence on the NNMi management server:
  - a **ovstop**
  - b **ovstart**
- 12 *Optional:* Run the following commands on both the NNMi management server and the BSM server. Compare the outputs to make sure the keystore certificates reside on both servers:
  - *NNMi management server:*
    - *Windows:* **keytool.exe -list -keystore**  

```
%NnmDataDir%\shared\nnm\certificates\nnm.keystore
-storepass nnmkeypass
```
    - *UNIX:* **keytool -list -keystore**  

```
$NnmDataDir/shared/nnm/certificates/nnm.keystore
-storepass nnmkeypass
```
  - *BSM server:* **keytool.exe -list -keystore**  

```
<directory>:\HPBSM\odb\conf\security\server.keystore
-storepass hppass
```
- 13 *Optional:* Run the following commands on both the NNMi management server and the BSM server. Compare the outputs to make sure the truststore certificates reside on both servers:
  - *NNMi management server:*
    - *Windows:* **keytool.exe -list -keystore**  

```
%NnmDataDir%\shared\nnm\certificates\nnm.truststore
-storepass ovpass
```
    - *UNIX:* **keytool -list -keystore**  

```
$NnmDataDir/shared/nnm/certificates/nnm.truststore
-storepass ovpass
```
  - *BSM server:* **keytool.exe -list -keystore**  

```
<directory>:\HPBSM\odb\conf\security\server.truststore
-storepass hppass
```

## NNMi Data Available from BSM End User Management Reports

If you have configured a link in to an NNMi management server, BSM users can drill down from some of the End User Management reports to NNMi data. In HP NNMi, you can see Path View (trace route) information between a source (client) machine and destination (server) machine, which can help you identify the root cause of network problems and pinpoint common network problems.

BSM users can also use URL tools to launch the NNMi console for further analyzing incoming events in HP NNMi.

### End User Management Reports with Drilldown to HP NNMi

Table 9 lists the End User Management reports that provide drilldown to NNMi data. Table 9 also describes the relevant source and destination machines for which trace route data is displayed. For more information about any report type, see *Analysis Reports* in the *BSM User Guide*.

**Table 9 End User Management Reports with Drilldown to NNMi**

End User Management Report	Source and Destination Machines
Action Over Time Report	The source and destination IP addresses with the worst network time for the selected action. If more than one action is included in the filter, the first action is used.
Action Raw Data Report	The source and destination IP addresses with the worst network time for the selected action.
RUM Action Summary Report	The source and destination IP addresses with the worst network time for the selected action.
RUM End User Group Over Time Report	The source and destination IP addresses for the request-response with the worst network time in the selected application. If more than one end-user group is included in the filter, the first end-user group is used. <b>NOTE:</b> You can drill down to NNMi from this report only when it is generated for TCP applications, or Web applications with TCP data.
RUM End User Group Summary Report	The source and destination IP addresses for the request-response with the worst network time from the selected application. <b>NOTE:</b> To drill down from this report to HP NNMi, the report must be generated for TCP applications or web applications with TCP data.
RUM Tier Summary Report	The source and destination IP addresses for the request-response with the worst network time in the selected application.

**Table 9 End User Management Reports with Drilldown to NNMi (cont'd)**

End User Management Report	Source and Destination Machines
RUM Transaction Summary Report	The source and destination IP addresses with the worst network time for the selected transaction.
Session Details Report	The action server and session client IP addresses.
Tiers Over Time Report	The source and destination IP addresses for the request-response with the worst network time in the selected application.
Transaction Over Time Report	The source and destination IP addresses with the worst network time for the selected transaction. If more than one transaction is included in the filter, the first transaction is used.

## Configuring Drilldown to NNMi Data

To enable drilldown from End User Management reports to NNMi data, follow these steps:

- 1 If you have not already done so, configure a connection from HP BSM to HP NNMi as described in [Enabling NNMi Visualizations from HP BSM](#) on page 55.
- 2 If you have not already done so, enable single sign-on between HP BSM and HP NNMi as described in [Configuring Single Sign-On Between HP NNMi and HP BSM](#) on page 49.
- 3 If you have not already done so, configure HP NNMi to push topology information to the RTSM as described in [Enabling the HP NNMi–HP BSM Topology Integration](#) on page 17.
- 4 *Optional.* On the BSM server, install and configure the HPOprInf infrastructure content pack.

For information, see the *HP BSM Operations Management Extensibility Guide*.

## Enabling NNMi Visualizations from HP BSM

Configure a connection from HP BSM to HP NNMi to view the following data:

- NNMi components in MyBSM
- Drilldown to HP NNMi from End User Management reports

To configure the connection from HP BSM to HP NNMi, follow these steps:

- 1 In the BSM user interface, open the **Infrastructure Settings** page (**Admin > Platform > Setup and Maintenance > Infrastructure Settings**).
- 2 Select **Foundations**, and then select **Integrations with other applications**.

- 3 In the **HP NNM** table, locate and modify the following parameters:
- **HP NNM Integration URL:** the URL for accessing the NNMi console. Use the correct URL in the following form:  
`<protocol>://<fully_qualified_domain_name>:<port_number>`  
`<protocol>` represents either http or https.  
`<fully_qualified_domain_name>` represents the official fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) of the NNMi management server.  
`<port_number>` is the port for connecting to the NNMi console, as specified in the following file:
    - *Windows:* %NnmDataDir%\conf\nnm\props\nms-local.properties
    - *UNIX:* \$NnmDataDir/conf/nnm/props/nms-local.properties

For non-SSL connections, use the value of `jboss.http.port`, which is 80 or 8004 by default (depending on the presence of another web server when NNMi was installed).

For SSL connections, use the value of `jboss.https.port`, which is 443 by default.
  - **HP NNMi User name:** the user name for connecting to the NNMi web services. This user must have the NNMi Administrator or Web Service Client role.
  - **HP NNMi User password:** the password for the specified NNMi user name.



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**Product name and version:** NNMi 9.22

**Document title:** HP Network Node Manager i Software—HP Business Service Management Integration Guide

**Feedback:**

