# Quick Reference: Pre-Installation Requirements for Opsware SAS 6.5

This reference document is intended to quickly familiarize you with the basic requirements for installing Opsware SAS, including the supported operating systems and their required packages, supported versions of Oracle, network requirements, and time and locale requirements.

This document discusses the following topics:

- Hardware Requirements for Opsware Core Servers
- · Supported Operating Systems
- · Supported Versions of Oracle
- · SAS Core Server Package Requirements
  - · Solaris Requirements
  - · Linux Requirements
- Network Requirements
  - · Network Requirements Within a Facility
  - · Open Ports
- Core Time Requirements

For more detailed documentation about any of these topics, see the *Opsware*<sup>®</sup> *SAS Planning and Installation Guide*.

## **Hardware Requirements for Opsware Core Servers**

An Opsware core server is a computer running one or more Opsware core components. You can install all of the Opsware core components on a single server or you can distribute the components across multiple servers. This section describes the hardware requirements for Opsware core servers.

### **Disk Space Requirements**

On each core server, the root directory must have at least 72 GB of hard disk space. Opsware components are installed in the /opt/opsware directory.

Table 1-1 lists the recommended disk space requirements for installing and running Opsware components. These sizes are recommended for the primary production data. Additional storage for backups should be calculated separately.

Table 1-1: Opsware Disk Space Requirements

OPSWARE COMPONENT DIRECTORY	RECOMMENDED DISK SPACE	REQUIREMENT ORIGIN
/etc/opt/opsware	50 MB	Configuration information for all Opsware core services. (Fixed disk usage)
/media*	15 GB	The media directory holds the OS installation media that is shared over NFS or CIFS. The initial size for this directory depends on the total size of all OS installation media sets that you plan on provisioning, such as Windows 2003 CD (700mb), Redhat AS3 CDs (2GB), and Suse 9 SP3 (10GB). The network OS install shares do not need to reside on Opsware core systems and are typically dispersed across multiple servers as the Opsware mesh grows. (Bounded disk usage that grows quickly in large increments)
/opt/opsware	15 GB	The base directory for all Opsware core services. (Fixed disk usage)

Table 1-1: Opsware Disk Space Requirements (continued)

OPSWARE COMPONENT DIRECTORY	RECOMMENDED DISK SPACE	REQUIREMENT ORIGIN
/u01/oradata*	20 GB	The Oracle tablespace directory that contains all model and job history information. Known sizes range from 5GB to 50GB of space, depending on the frequency and type of work, the amount of software and servers managed, and the garbage collection frequency settings. (Bounded disk usage that grows slowly in small increments)
/var/log/opsware	10 GB	The total log space used by all Opsware components. (Fixed disk usage)
/var/opt/opsware	10 GB	The total run space used by all Opsware components, including instances, pid files, lock files, and so on. (Fixed disk usage)
/var/opt/opsware/ word*	80 GB	The total disk space used by software that is imported into Opsware. Theoretically, this is infinite disk usage depending on how much software you import. Initial size calculation is based on the total size of all packages and patches that you want managed by Opsware. Known sizes range from 10GB to 250GB.
/var/opt/opsware/ ogfs/mnt	20 GB	The home directory for Global Shell enabled Opsware user accounts.

## **Opsware Core Scalability for Performance**

You can scale the Opsware SAS core components vertically, by adding additional CPUs and memory, or horizontally, by distributing the components on multiple servers.

### **CPU Requirements**

The CPU for core servers has the following requirements:

- Single-server: 4 dual-core CPUs (or equivalent)
- Multiple-server: 2 dual-core CPUs (or equivalent)

### **Memory Requirements**

The memory for core servers has the following requirements:

- Single-server: 8 GB RAM (1 GB per CPU core)
- Multiple-server: 4 GB RAM (1 GB per CPU core)

### **Supported Operating Systems**

Table 1-2 lists the platform-specific requirements for installing Opsware SAS.

Table 1-2: Opsware Core Supported Operating Systems

SUPPORTED OS FOR OPSWARE CORE	VERSION	ARCHITECTURE	OPSWARE COMPONENTS
Sun Solaris	Solaris 8	Sun SPARC	All components, excluding the Opsware Global File System Server (OGFS) component
Sun Solaris	Solaris 9	Sun SPARC	All components
Sun Solaris	Solaris 10	Sun SPARC, Niagara	All components
Red Hat Linux	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4 AS	64 bit x86	All components
Red Hat Linux	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 3 AS	32 bit x86	All components

## **Supported Versions of Oracle**

Support for the Model Repository (truth) is limited to certain versions of Oracle running on certain versions of operating systems. Table 1-3 lists the supported Oracle versions.

Table 1-3: Supported Oracle Versions for the Model Repository

ORACLE EDITION	ORACLE VERSION
Oracle Standard Edition	9.2.0.4
	9.2.0.6
	9.2.0.7
	9.2.0.8
	10.2.0.2
Oracle Standard Edition One	10.2.0.2
Oracle Enterprise Edition	9.2.0.4
	9.2.0.6
	9.2.0.7
	9.2.0.8
	10.2.0.2

## **SAS Core Server Package Requirements**

### **Solaris Requirements**

For Solaris, the Opsware core servers must meet the requirements listed in Table 1-4, Table 1-5, and Table 1-6.

Table 1-4: Packages Required for Solaris

REQ	JIRED PACKAGES FO	OR SOLARIS
SUNWCreq (cluster)	SUNWeurf	SUNWeudiv
SUNWadmap	SUNWi2rf	SUNWeudlg
SUNWadmc	SUNWi4rf	SUNWeudmg
SUNWdoc	SUNWi5rf	SUNWeuezt
SUNWesu	SUNWi7rf	SUNWeuhed
SUNWman	SUNWi8rf	SUNWeuluf
SUNWmkcdS	SUNWi9rf	SUNWeulux
SUNWswmt	SUNWi13rf	SUNWeuodf
SUNWtoo	SUNWi15rf	SUNWeuxwe
SUNWtoox**	SUNWtxfnt	SUNWuiu8
SUNWadmfw	SUNWinttf	SUNWuiu8x
SUNWlibC	SUNW5xmft	SUNWulcf
SUNWlibCx**	SUNWcxmft	SUNWulcfx
SUNWinst	SUNWjxmft	SUNWulocf
SUNWucbt	SUNWkxmft	SUNWuxlcf
SUNWucbtx**	SUNWeu8df	SUNWuxlcx
SUNWscpu	SUNWeu8os	SUNWeudbd
SUNWscpux**	SUNWeu8ox	SUNWeudhs
SUNWtcsh	SUNWeudba	SUNWeusru
SUNWsacom	SUNWeudda	SUNWuium
SUNWntpr	SUNWeudhr	NSCPeu8cm
SUNWntpu	SUNWeudis	
SUNWarrf		

<sup>\*\*</sup> These packages are required only for Solaris 8 and Solaris 9.

Table 1-5: Packages Recommended for Solaris

RECOMMENDED PACKAGES FOR SOLARIS			
SUNWisolc	SUNWjiu8	SUNWkiu8x	
SUNWisolx	SUNWkiu8	SUNWtiu8x	
SUNWislcc	SUNWtiu8	SUNWi1of	
SUNWislcx	SUNWciu8x	SUNWiniu8	
SUNWciu8	SUNWhiu8x	SUNWiniu8x	
SUNWhiu8	SUNWjiu8x		

Table 1-6: Packages That Must Be Removed for Solaris

PACKAGES THAT MUST BE REMOVED FROM SOLARIS	
SUNWCpm	

### **Other Solaris Requirements**

For Solaris, the Opsware core servers must also meet the following requirements:

- On the server where you will install the SAS Web Client component, you must install
  the J2SE Cluster Patches for Solaris. To download these patches, search for "J2SE
  Cluster Patches" for your version of Solaris at http://www.sun.com/.
- On all core servers, verify that the Network File System (NFS) is configured and running.
- For Daylight Saving Time (DST) on Solaris 9 servers, you must install the time zone patch 113225-07 or later, and libc patch 112874-33 or later. To download these patches, search for the patch ID at http://www.sun.com/.
- For Daylight Saving Time (DST) on Solaris 10 servers, you must install the time zone patch 122032-03 or later, and libc patch 119689-07 or later. To download these patches, search for the patch ID at http://www.sun.com/.

For more information about DST changes, search for "Daylight Saving Time (DST)" at http://www.sun.com/.

### **Linux Requirements**

For Linux, the Opsware core servers must meet the requirements listed in Table 1-7, Table 1-8, and Table 1-9.

Table 1-7: Packages Required for Linux AS3 32-bit x86

REQUIRED PACKAGES FOR LINUX AS3 32-BIT X86			
at	iptables	patch	
compat-db	kernel-source	patchutils	
compat-libstdc++	libcap	sharutils	
coreutils	libxml2-python	strace	
срр	libstdc++	tcl	
expat	libstdc++-devel	unzip	
gcc	mkisofs	XFree86-libs	
glibc-devel	ncompress (contains	XFree86-libs-data	
glibc-headers	uncompress utility)	XFree86-Mesa-libGL	
glibc-kernheaders	nfs-utils	xinetd	
	ntp	zip	

Table 1-8: Packages Required for Linux AS4 64-bit x86

## **REQUIRED PACKAGES FOR LINUX AS4 64-BIT X86** binutils-2.15.92.0.2-21.x86 64.rpm chkfontpath-1.10.0-2.x86 64.rpm compat-db-4.1.25-9.i386.rpm compat-db-4.1.25-9.x86 64.rpm compat-libstdc++-33-3.2.3-47.3.i386.rpm compat-libstdc++-33-3.2.3-47.3.x86 64.rpm control-center-2.8.0-12.rhel4.5.x86 64.rpm cpp-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm desktop-file-utils-0.9-2.x86 64.rpm expat-1.95.7-4.i386.rpm expat-1.95.7-4.x86 64.rpm expat-devel-1.95.7-4.x86 64.rpm gamin-0.1.1-4.EL4.i386.rpm gamin-0.1.1-4.EL4.x86 64.rpm gamin-devel-0.1.1-4.EL4.x86 64.rpm gamin-python-0.1.1-4.EL4.x86 64.rpm gamin-devel-0.1.1-4.EL4.x86 64.rpm gcc-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm gcc-c++-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm gcc-g77-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm gcc-gnat-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm gcc-java-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm gcc-objc-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm gcc4-4.1.0-18.EL4.x86 64.rpm gcc4-c++-4.1.0-18.EL4.x86 64.rpm gcc4-gfortran-4.1.0-18.EL4.x86 64.rpm gcc4-java-4.1.0-18.EL4.x86 64.rpm gcc-c++-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm glibc-2.3.4-2.25.i686.rpm glibc-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm glibc-common-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm glibc-devel-2.3.4-2.25.i386.rpm glibc-devel-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm glibc-headers-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm glibc-kernheaders-2.4-9.1.98.EL.x86 64.rpm

Table 1-8: Packages Required for Linux AS4 64-bit x86 (continued)

glibc-profile-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm

glibc-utils-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm

glibc-common-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm

glibc-devel-2.3.4-2.25.i386.rpm

glibc-devel-2.3.4-2.25.x86\_64.rpm

glibc-headers-2.3.4-2.25.x86 64.rpm

glibc-kernheaders-2.4-9.1.98.EL.x86 64.rpm

gnome-libs-1.4.1.2.90-44.1.x86\_64.rpm

gnome-libs-devel-1.4.1.2.90-44.1.x86\_64.rpm

kernel-smp-2.6.9-55.EL.x86 64.rpm

kernel-smp-devel-2.6.9-55.EL.x86\_64.rpm

libaio-0.3.105-2.i386.rpm

libaio-0.3.105-2.x86 64.rpm

libaio-devel-0.3.105-2.x86 64.rpm

libcap-1.10-20.i386.rpm

libcap-1.10-20.x86 64.rpm

libcap-devel-1.10-20.x86 64.rpm

libgcc-3.4.6-3.i386.rpm

libgcc-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm

libpng-1.2.7-1.el4.2.i386.rpm

libpng-1.2.7-1.el4.2.x86 64.rpm

libpng-devel-1.2.7-1.el4.2.x86 64.rpm

libpng10-1.0.16-1.i386.rpm

libpng10-1.0.16-1.x86 64.rpm

libpng10-devel-1.0.16-1.x86 64.rpm

libstdc++-3.4.6-3.i386.rpm

libstdc++-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm

libstdc++-devel-3.4.6-3.i386.rpm

libstdc++-devel-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm

libstdc++-devel-3.4.6-3.i386.rpm

libstdc++-devel-3.4.6-3.x86 64.rpm

libtermcap-2.0.8-39.i386.rpm

libtermcap-2.0.8-39.x86 64.rpm

Table 1-8: Packages Required for Linux AS4 64-bit x86 (continued)

libtermcap-devel-2.0.8-39.x86 64.rpm

libxml2-2.6.16-6.i386.rpm

libxml2-2.6.16-6.x86 64.rpm

libxml2-devel-2.6.16-6.x86 64.rpm

libxml2-python-2.6.16-6.x86\_64.rpm

make-3.80-6.EL4.x86 64.rpm

mkisofs-2.01.1-5.x86 64.rpm

ncompress-4.2.4-41.rhel4.x86\_64.rpm

nfs-utils-1.0.6-70.EL4.x86 64.rpm

nfs-utils-lib-1.0.6-3.x86 64.rpm

nfs-utils-lib-devel-1.0.6-3.x86 64.rpm

ntp-4.2.0.a.20040617-4.EL4.1.x86 64.rpm

openmotif21-2.1.30-11.RHEL4.6.i386.rpm

patch-2.5.4-20.x86 64.rpm

patchutils-0.2.30-1.x86\_64.rpm

pdksh-5.2.14-30.3.x86 64.rpm

popt-1.9.1-18 nonptl.i386.rpm

popt-1.9.1-18 nonptl.x86 64.rpm

readline-4.3-13.i386.rpm

readline-4.3-13.x86 64.rpm

readline-devel-4.3-13.x86 64.rpm

rpm-build-4.3.3-18 nonptl.x86 64.rpm

screen-4.0.2-5.x86 64.rpm

sharutils-4.2.1-22.2.x86 64.rpm

strace-4.5.14-0.EL4.1.x86 64.rpm

switchdesk-4.0.6-3.noarch.rpm

switchdesk-gui-4.0.6-3.noarch.rpm

sysstat-5.0.5-11.rhel4.x86 64.rpm

tcl-8.4.7-2.i386.rpm

tcl-8.4.7-2.x86 64.rpm

tcl-devel-8.4.7-2.x86\_64.rpm

tcl-html-8.4.7-2.x86\_64.rpm

tclx-8.3.5-4.i386.rpm

tclx-8.3.5-4.x86 64.rpm

tclx-devel-8.3.5-4.x86 64.rpm

Table 1-8: Packages Required for Linux AS4 64-bit x86 (continued)

tclx-doc-8.3.5-4.x86 64.rpm

tcp wrappers-7.6-37.2.i386.rpm

tcp\_wrappers-7.6-37.2.x86\_64.rpm

ttmkfdir-3.0.9-14.1.EL.x86 64.rpm

unzip-5.51-7.x86 64.rpm

vim-enhanced-6.3.046-0.40E.7.x86 64.rpm

vnc-4.0-8.1.x86 64.rpm

vnc-server-4.0-8.1.x86 64.rpm

xinetd-2.3.13-4.4E.1.x86 64.rpm

xinitrc-4.0.14.3-1.noarch.rpm

xorg-x11-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86\_64.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGL-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGL-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGLU-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGLU-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86\_64.rpm

xorg-x11-Xdmx-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-Xnest-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-Xvfb-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-deprecated-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-deprecated-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-deprecated-libs-devel-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-devel-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-devel-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-doc-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-font-utils-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-sdk-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-tools-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-twm-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-xauth-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-xdm-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86\_64.rpm

xorg-x11-xfs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGL-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

Table 1-8: Packages Required for Linux AS4 64-bit x86 (continued)

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGL-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGLU-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-Mesa-libGLU-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-Xvfb-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-deprecated-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-deprecated-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-deprecated-libs-devel-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-font-utils-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.i386.rpm

xorg-x11-libs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-twm-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86\_64.rpm

xorg-x11-xauth-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xorg-x11-xfs-6.8.2-1.EL.13.36.x86 64.rpm

xscreensaver-4.18-5.rhel4.11.x86 64.rpm

xterm-192-4.EL4.x86 64.rpm

zip-2.3-27.x86 64.rpm

zlib-1.2.1.2-1.2.i386.rpm

zlib-1.2.1.2-1.2.x86 64.rpm

zlib-devel-1.2.1.2-1.2.i386.rpm

zlib-devel-1.2.1.2-1.2.x86 64.rpm

Table 1-9: Packages That Must Be Removed for Linux

PACKAGES THAT MUST BE REMOVED FROM LINUX		
samba	rsync	tftp
apache	httpd	dhcp

### **Network Requirements**

This section discusses the following network requirements within a facility, open ports required for core components, and name resolution requirements. These requirements must be met for both standalone and multimaster cores.

### **Network Requirements Within a Facility**

Before running the Opsware Installer, your environment must meet the following network requirements:

- The Opsware core servers must be on the same Local Area Network (LAN or VLAN).
- The Opsware core servers must have network connectivity to the servers that the Opsware core manages, and vice versa.
- The Opsware core servers cannot use the Network Information Service (NIS) for
  password and group databases. The Opsware components check for the existence of
  certain target accounts before creating them during installation.
- When using network storage for Opsware components, such as the Software Repository or Media Server, the network storage configuration must allow the root user to have write access over NFS to the directories where the components are to be installed.
- The speed and duplex mode of the NIC adapters of the Opsware core and managed servers must match the switch they are connected to. A mismatch causes poor network performance between the core and managed servers, making Opsware SAS unusable.

#### **Open Ports**

Table 1-10 shows the ports that must be open on firewalls that protect the Opsware core components. The Gateway ports listed are the default values, which can be changed during the installation.

Table 1-10: Open Ports on a Firewall Protecting an Opsware Core

PORT	COMPONENT	PURPOSE
80 (TCP)	Opsware Command Center	HTTP redirector
443 (TCP)	Opsware Command Center	HTTPS Proxy for SAS Web Client UI, SAS Client, Opsware Web Services (2.2)

Table 1-10: Open Ports on a Firewall Protecting an Opsware Core (continued)

PORT	COMPONENT	PURPOSE
2001 (TCP)	Core Gateway	Inbound tunnels from other Gateways
2222 (TCP)	Opsware Global File System	Global shell session from an SSH client
3001 (TCP)	Agent Gateway	Inbound Agent connections
7580, 7581 (TCP)	Model Repository Multimaster Component	TIBCO Rendezvous web client
8017 (UDP, TCP)	Agent Gateway	Interface to the Build Manager
8080 (TCP)	Opsware Command Center	Load Balancing Gateway for the SAS Client

Table 1-11 shows the ports for the OS provisioning components that are accessed by servers during the provisioning process. (In Opsware SAS, provisioning refers to the installation of an operating system on a server.)

Table 1-11: Open Ports for the OS Provisioning Components

PORT	COMPONENT	SERVICE
67 (UDP)	Boot Server	DHCP
69 (UDP)	Boot Server	TFTP
111 (UDP, TCP)	Boot Server, Media Server	RPC (portmapper), required for NFS
Dynamic*	Boot Server, Media Server	rpc.mountd, required for NFS
2049 (UDP, TCP)	Boot Server, Media Server	NFS

<sup>\*</sup> The rpc.mountd process runs on a dynamic port and is not fixed. Therefore, if a firewall is in place, it must be an application layer firewall that can understand the RPC request that the client uses to locate the port for mountd. The firewall must dynamically open that port.

Table 1-12 shows the ports that must be open on managed servers so that Opsware core servers can connect to managed servers.

Table 1-12: Open Ports on Managed Servers

PORT	COMPONENT
1002 (TCP)	Opsware Agent

### **DHCP Proxying**

If network provisioning occurs on a separate network from the Opsware core components, you must set up DHCP proxying (for example, with Cisco IP Helper) to the DHCP server. If you set up DHCP proxying, the server/router performing the DHCP proxying must be the router for the network so that PXE will function correctly in the Opsware OS Provisioning Feature.

The Opsware Boot Server component includes a DHCP server, but does not include a DHCP proxy. You configure the DHCP server after installation by using the Opsware DHCP Network Configuration Tool.

#### **DMZ Network**

The Boot Server and Media Server run various services (such as portmapper and rpc.mountd) that have been susceptible to network attacks. Opsware Inc. recommends that you segregrate the OS Provisioning Boot Server and Media Server components onto their own DMZ network. When you segregate these components, the ports listed previously) should be opened to the DMZ network from the installation client network. Additionally, the Boot Server and Media Server should have all vendor-recommended security patches applied.

## **Core Time Requirements**

Opsware core servers (either standalone or multimaster) and Opsware Satellite servers must meet the following requirements. These time requirements do not apply to managed servers (that is, servers with Opsware Agents).

 Opsware core servers must maintain synchronized clocks. For example, you can synchronize the system clocks with an external server that uses NTP (Network Time Protocol) services.  Opsware core servers must have their time zone set to Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

On Linux servers, to configure the time zone, perform the following steps:

- Copy or link /usr/share/zoneinfo/UTC to /etc/localtime.
- Make sure that /etc/sysconfig/clock contains the following lines:

```
ZONE="UTC"
UTC=true
```

On Solaris servers, to configure the time zone, verify that /etc/TIMEZONE contains the following line: TZ=UTC

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