

Step-by-Step Guide to Configuring Node Groups and Node Group Maps

This document steps through a set of recommended steps for configuring node groups and node group maps. The node groups are based on the following geographic hierarchy.

My Network

Europe

USA

Colorado

Note the following:

- It is recommended that you design your node group map layout ahead of time, although this is not required.
- In this example, the only node group that contains nodes is Colorado.
- NNMi provides more than one way to configure node groups and node group maps. After you become familiar with the steps described in this document, you might find more efficient ways to create subsequent node groups and node group maps.
- Some screen captures might be different than those that appear in the NNMi console.

This document guides you through the following steps for configuring node groups and node group maps:

Create Node Groups

- Step 1: Create the My Network Node Group
- Step 2: Create the USA and Europe Node Groups
- Step 3: Create the Colorado Node Group Using Filters
- Step 4: View the Node Group Members to Check the Node Group Filter Results
- Step 5: Set Up the Node Group Hierarchy for the My Network Node Group
- Step 6: Establish the Node Group Hierarchy for the USA Node Group



Parent node groups might not contain any nodes. Instead they contain only child node groups in the definition. In this example, the My Network and USA node groups are parent node groups that contain only child node groups.

Configure Node Group Maps


- Step 1: Create Node Group Maps
- Step 2: View the Node Group Maps
- Step 3: Configure Node Group Status
- Step 4: Configure Node Group Map Ordering
- Step 5: Add a Background Image to a Node Group Map

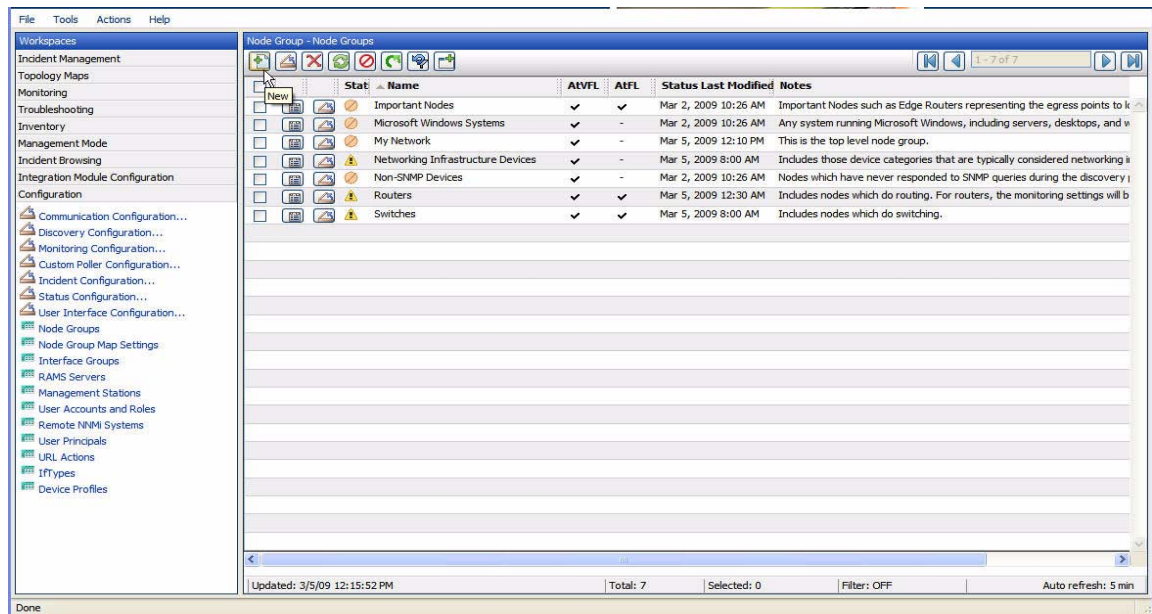
Create Node Groups

We begin by creating the Node Groups to include in our Node Group maps.

Step 1: Create the My Network Node Group

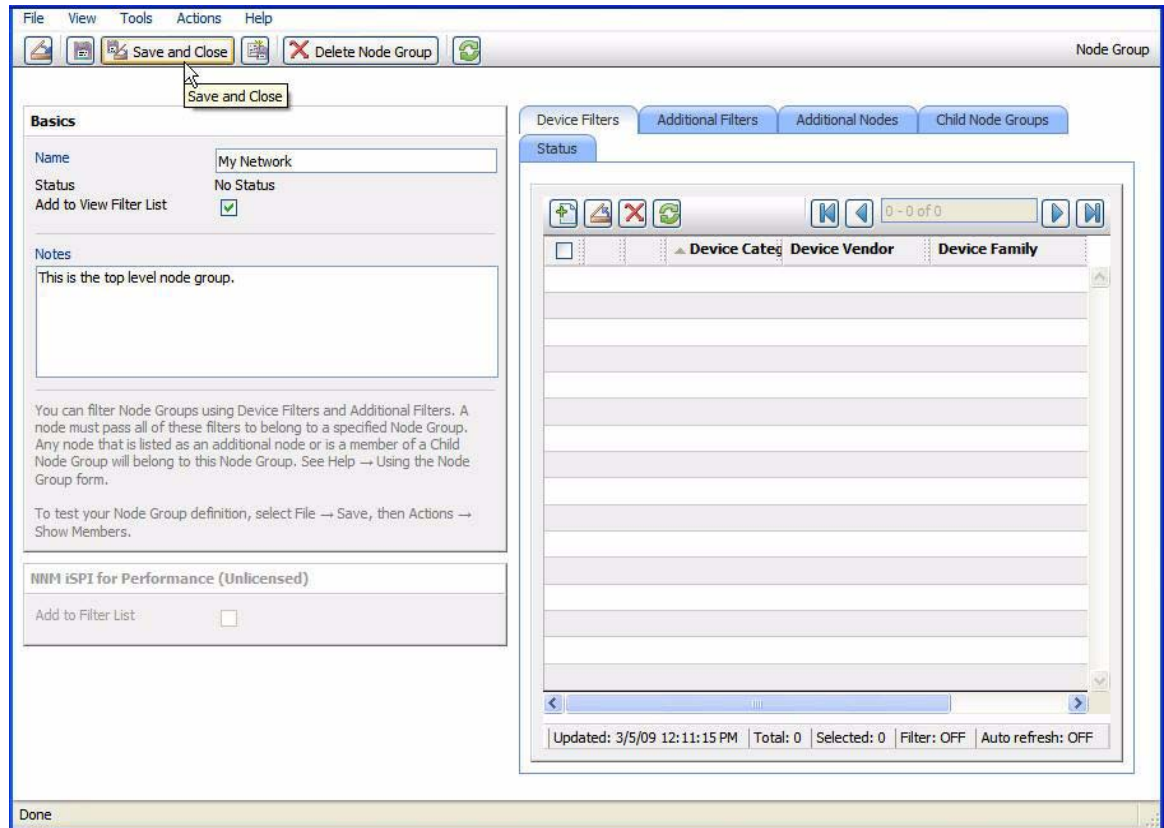
To create the **My Network** node group:

- 1 Navigate to the **Configuration** workspace.
- 2 Select **Node Groups**.
- 3 Click  **New**.




- 4 In the **Name** attribute, enter: **My Network**.
- 5 In the **Notes** attribute, enter: **This is the top level node group**.
- 6 Click **Save and Close** to save this configuration.

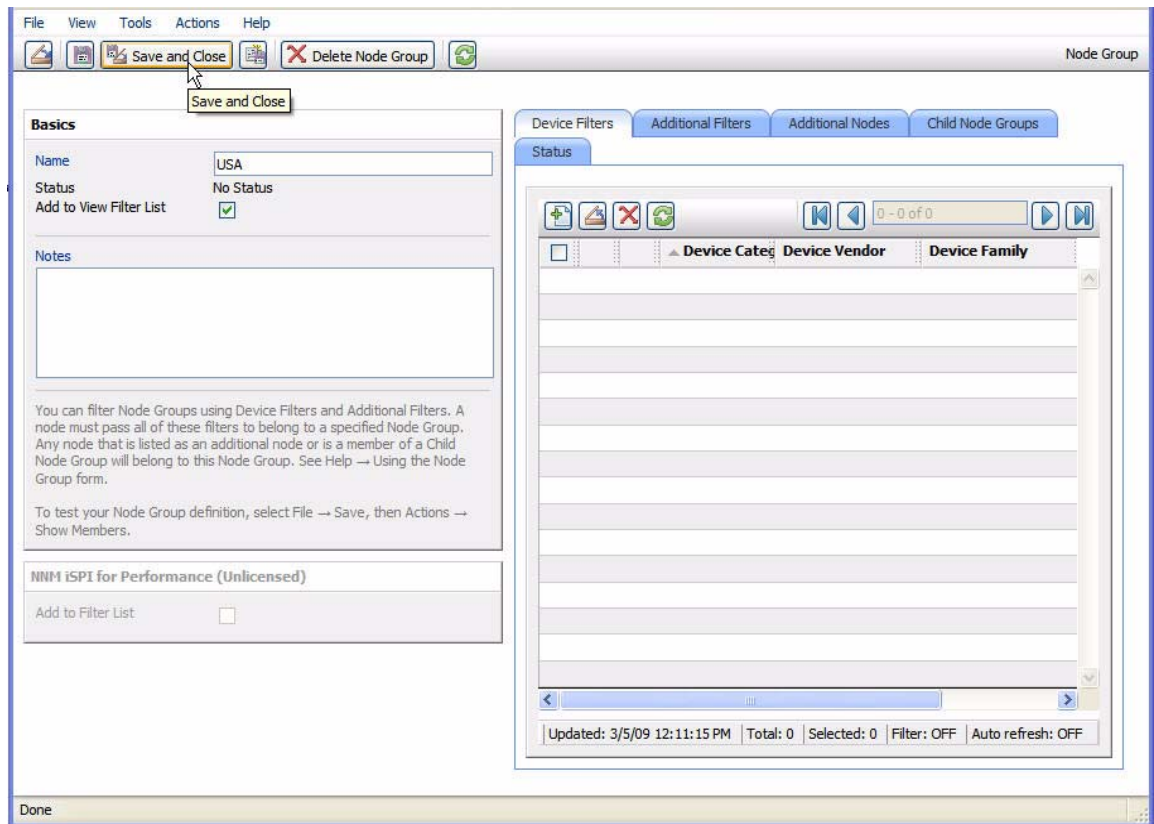
Next, create the **USA** and **Europe** node groups.




Step 2: Create the USA and Europe Node Groups

- 1 Navigate to the **Configuration Workspace**.
- 2 Select **Node Groups**.
- 3 Click  **New**.
- 4 In the **Name** attribute, enter: **USA**.

- 5 Click **Save and Close** to save this configuration.




- 6 Click  **New**.
- 7 In the **Name** attribute, enter: **Europe**.
- 8 Click **Save and Close** to save this configuration.

Step 3: Create the Colorado Node Group Using Filters

Now, you are ready to create the **Colorado** node group. To create this node group, use the Filter Editor to establish a filter to select the nodes.



When possible, use the **Additional Filters** tab rather than specifying a list of nodes using the **Additional Nodes** tab. Using a node group filter enables NNMi to automatically place a node into the correct node group as new nodes are added to the network.

- 1 Navigate to the **Configuration Workspace**.
- 2 Select **Node Groups**.
- 3 Click  **New**.
- 4 In the **Name** attribute, enter: **Colorado**.
- 5 Select the **Additional Filters** tab.
- 6 In the Filter Editor **Attribute** field, select `hostname`.

Selecting hostname specifies that NNMi should match hostname values when determining whether a node belongs to this node group.

- 7 In the **Operator** field, select like.

Selecting like allows you to use wildcard characters in the search.

- 8 In the Value field, enter: **cisco*.ntc.example.com**

- 9 Click **OR** to specify that you want NNMi to match a node if the node matches either of the hostname values you enter.

- 10 In the **Attribute** field, make sure hostname is selected.

- 11 In the **Operator** field, make sure like is selected.

- 12 In the **Value** field, enter **cisco?***

File View Tools Actions Help

Save and Close Delete Node Group

Node Group

Basics

Name Colorado

Status No Status

Add to View Filter List ☒

Notes

You can filter Node Groups using Device Filters and Additional Filters. A node must pass all of these filters to belong to a specified Node Group. Any node that is listed as an additional node or is a member of a Child Node Group will belong to this Node Group. See Help → Using the Node Group form.

To test your Node Group definition, select File → Save, then Actions → Show Members.

NNM iSPI for Performance (Unlicensed)

Add to Filter List ☐

Device Filters Additional Filters Additional Nodes Child Node Groups

Status

When using the like or not like operators, use an * (asterisk) to match zero or more characters in a string and a ? (question mark) to match exactly one character in a string. Valid examples for hostname: *.hp.com, cisco?.hp.com, *cisco*.hp.com, ??ftc??gs??.*.hp.com

To create an inclusive IP address range, use the between operator. Valid example: hostedIPAddress between 10.10.1.1 AND 10.10.1.255

Filter Editor

Attribute	Operator	Value
hostname	like	cisco?*

Append Replace

• OR

- hostname like cisco*.ntc.example.com
- hostname like cisco?*

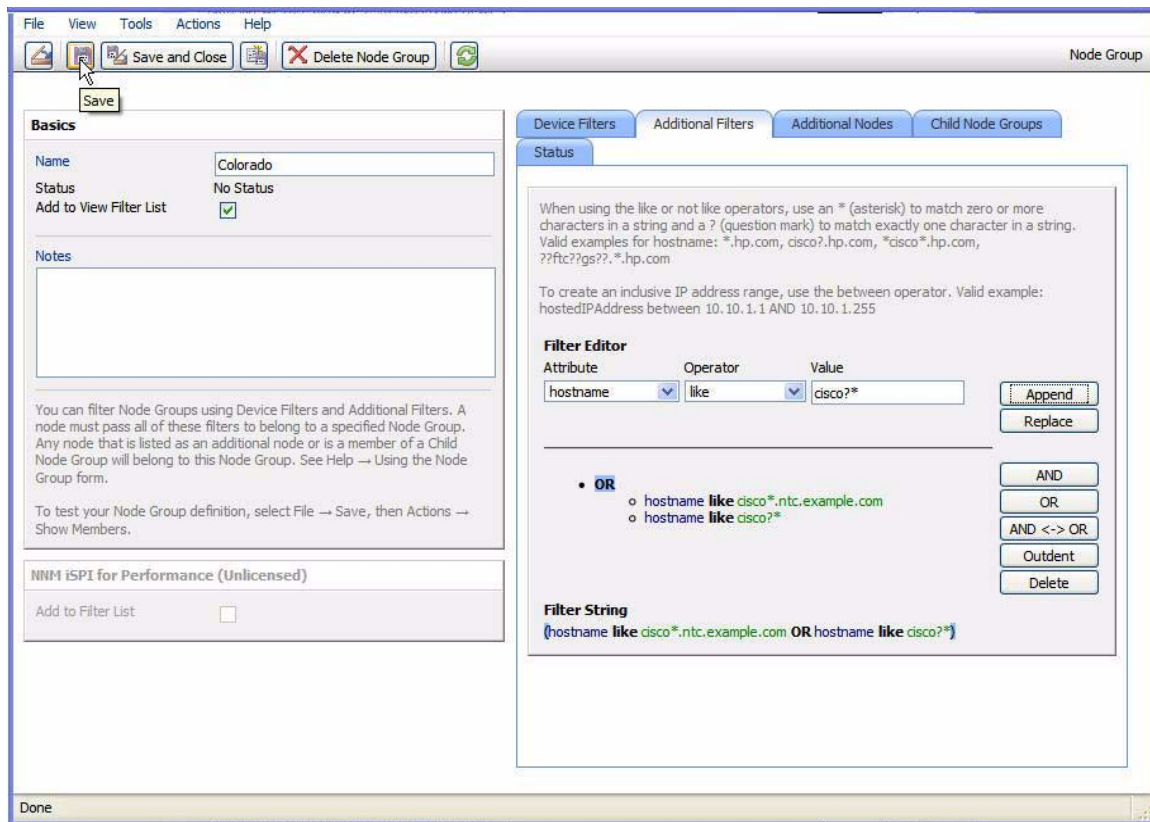
AND OR AND <-> OR Outdent Delete

Filter String

(hostname like cisco*.ntc.example.com OR hostname like cisco?*)

Done

- 13 Click **Save** to save the node group without closing the window.



Next, test the filter by viewing the node group members.

Step 4: View the Node Group Members to Check the Node Group Filter Results

To test the node group filter, you can view the members of the node group you just created.


[illegible]

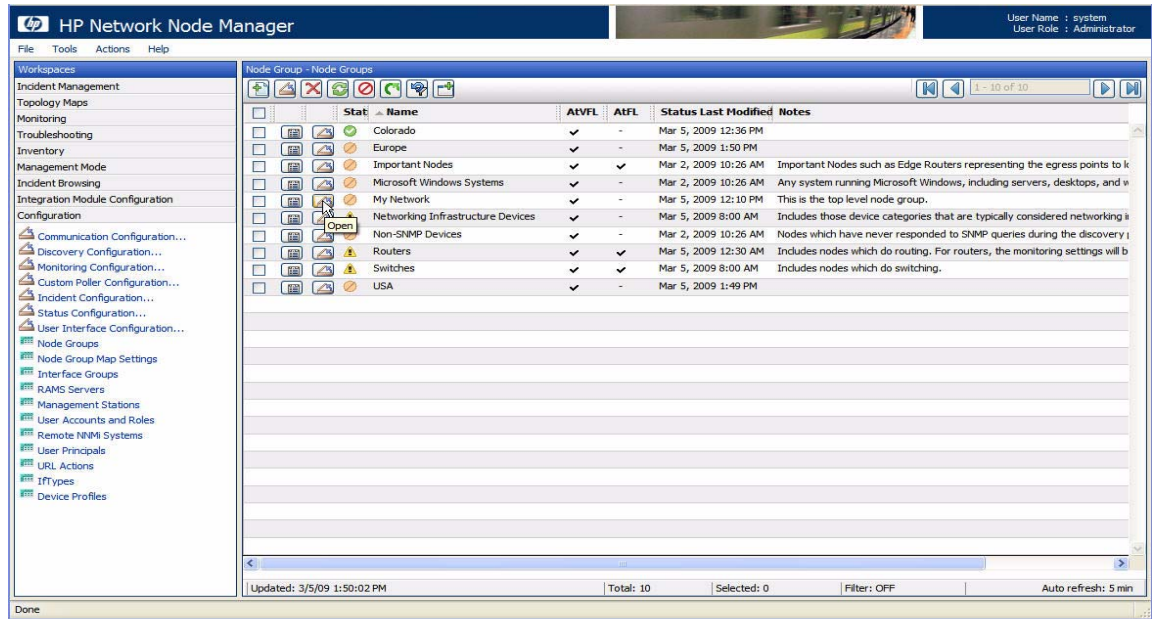
Examine the node group filter definition results until you are confident the node group filter is correct.

Step 5: Set Up the Node Group Hierarchy for the My Network Node Group

Next, establish a hierarchy for the node groups, starting with the top level node group, **My Network**.

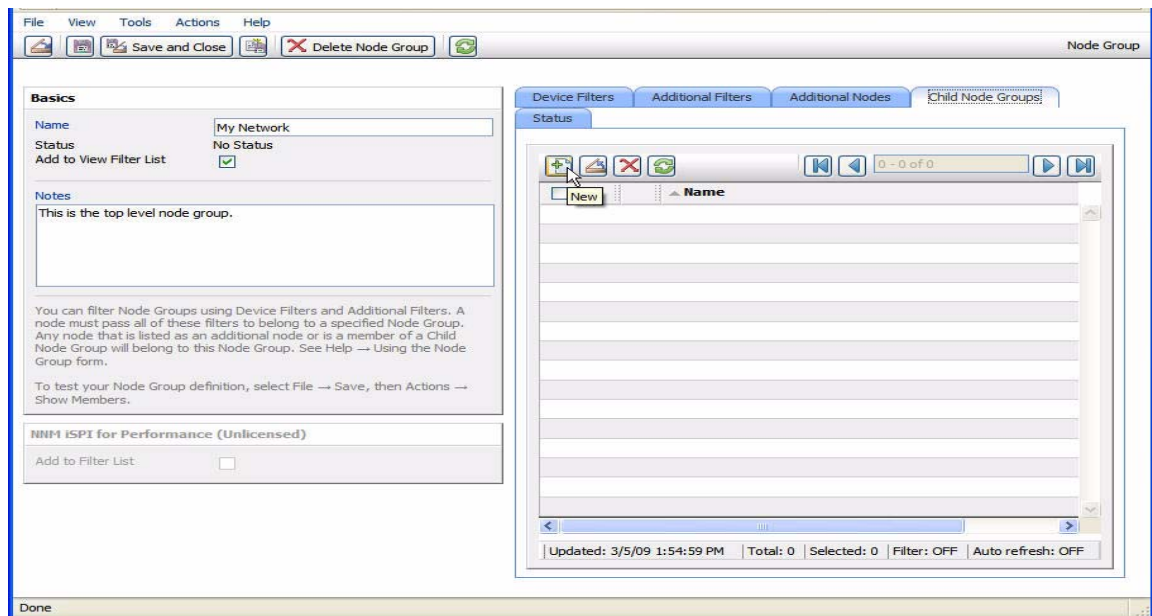
- 1 Return to the **Node Groups** option in the **Configuration** workspace to view a list of the node groups that have been created.


- 2 Navigate to the **My Network** node group and click  **Open**.




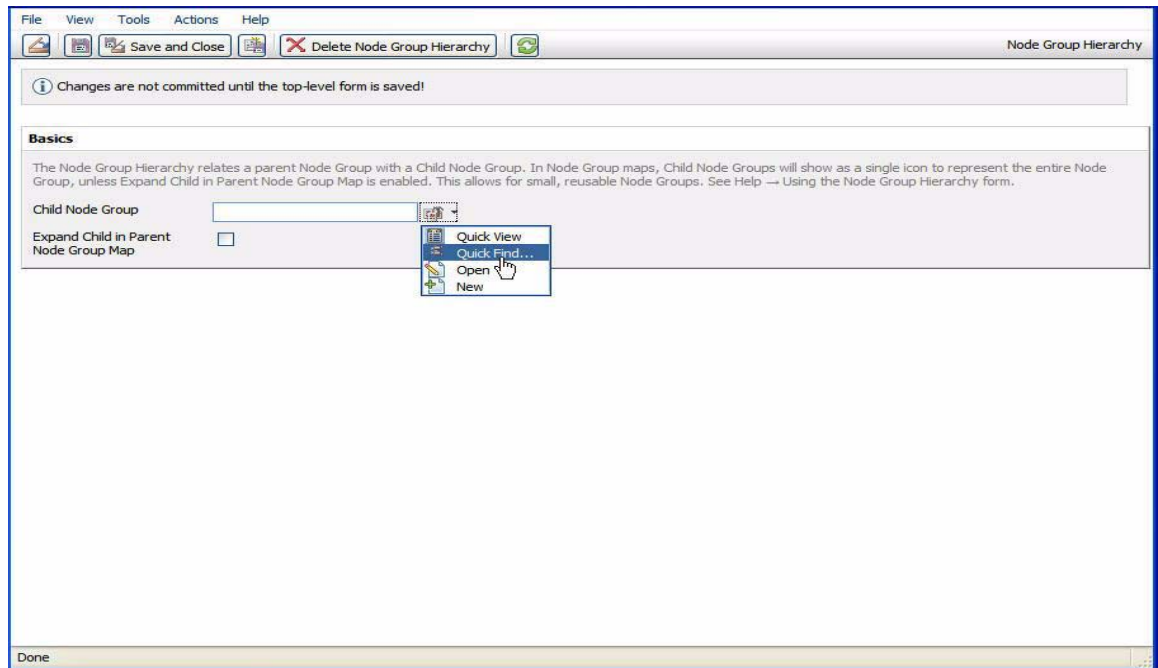
- 3 Navigate to the **Child Node Groups** tab.

- 4 Click  **New**.

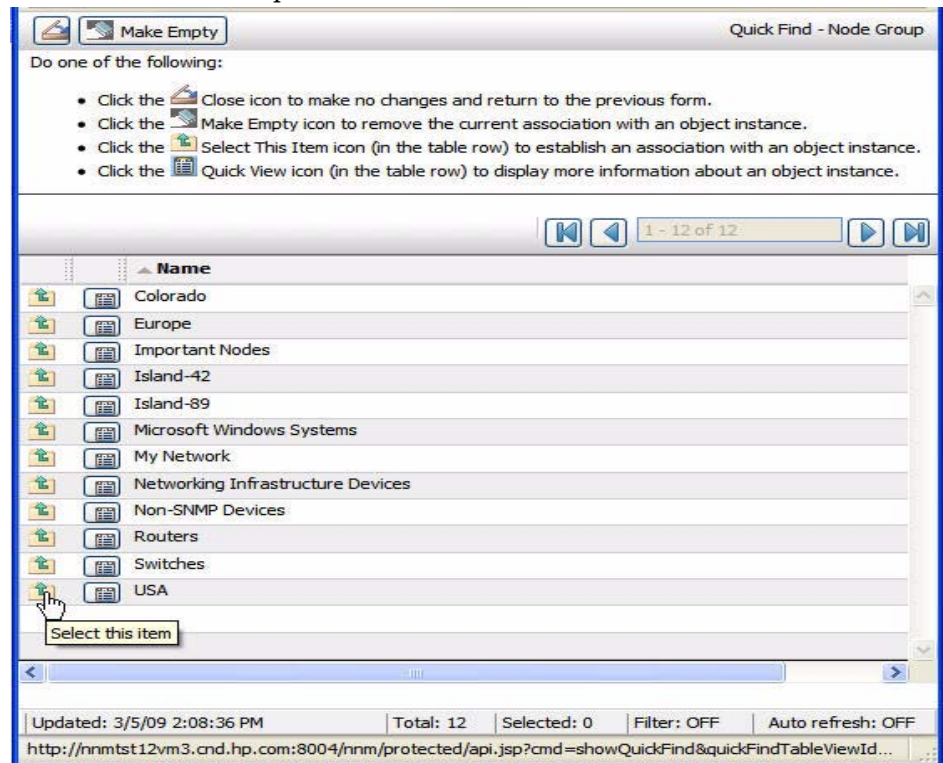


- 5 In the **Child Node Group** attribute, click the  **Lookup** icon and select **Quick Find**.

 Use **Quick Find** to select an object, such as a node group, when it already exists.



6 Select the Child Node Group: **USA**.

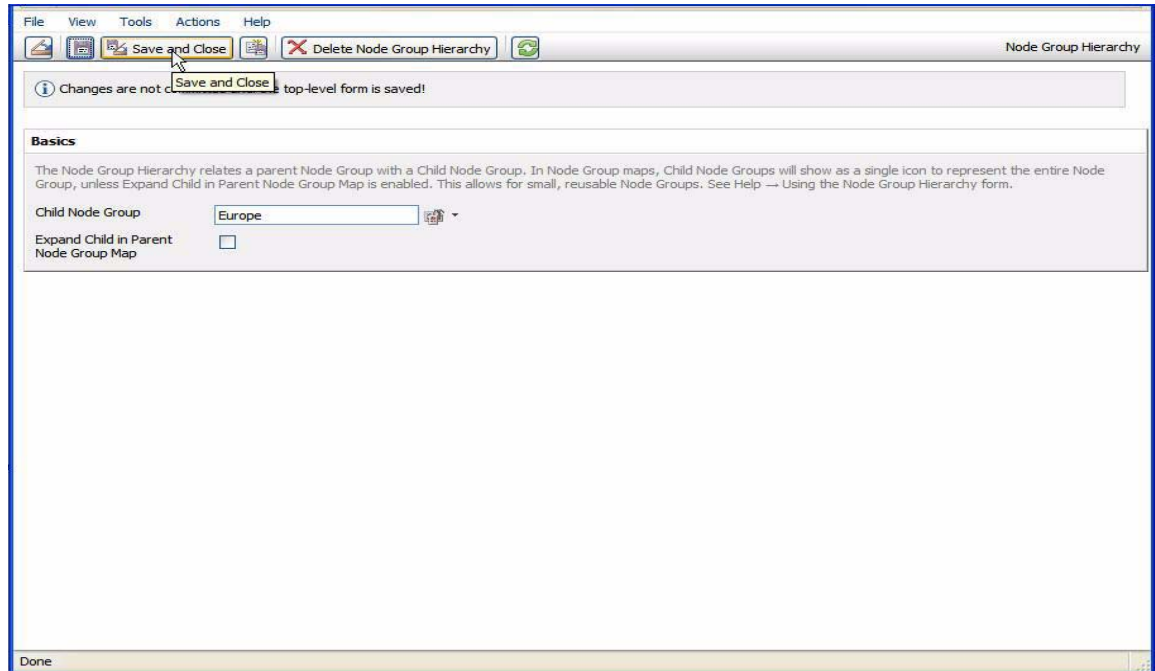


7 Click **Save**.

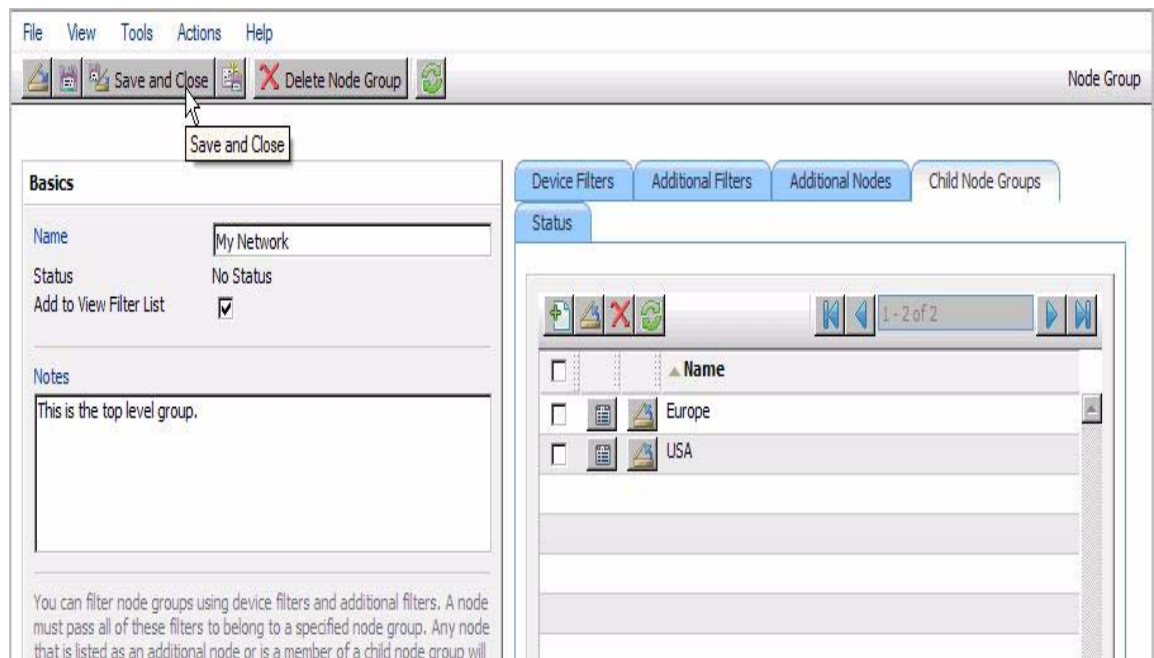
8 Repeat steps 4 and 5.

9 Select the Child Node Group **Europe**.

10 Click **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the **Node Group Hierarchy** form.






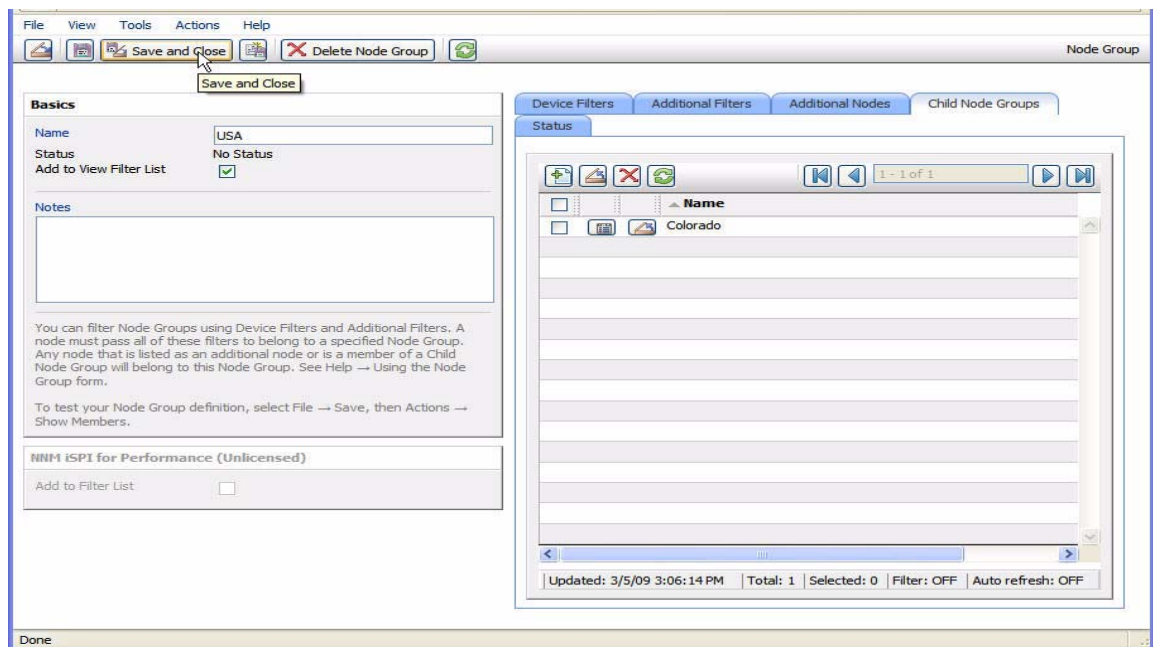
11 Click **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the **Node Group** form.



Step 6: Establish the Node Group Hierarchy for the USA Node Group

Next, establish **Colorado** as a child node group of the **USA** node group. We will repeat the same steps described in **Step 5: Set Up the Node Group Hierarchy for My Network** to make the Colorado node group a child of the USA node group.

- 1 Return to the **Node Groups** option in the **Configuration** workspace to view a list of the node groups that have been created.
- 2 Navigate to the **USA** node group and click  **Open**.
- 3 Navigate to the **Child Node Groups** tab.
- 4 Click  **New**.
- 5 In the **Child Node Group** attribute, click  **Lookup** icon and select **Quick Find**.
- 6 Select the Child Node Group: **Colorado**.
- 7 Click **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the **Node Group Hierarchy** form.
- 8 Click **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the **Node Group** form.




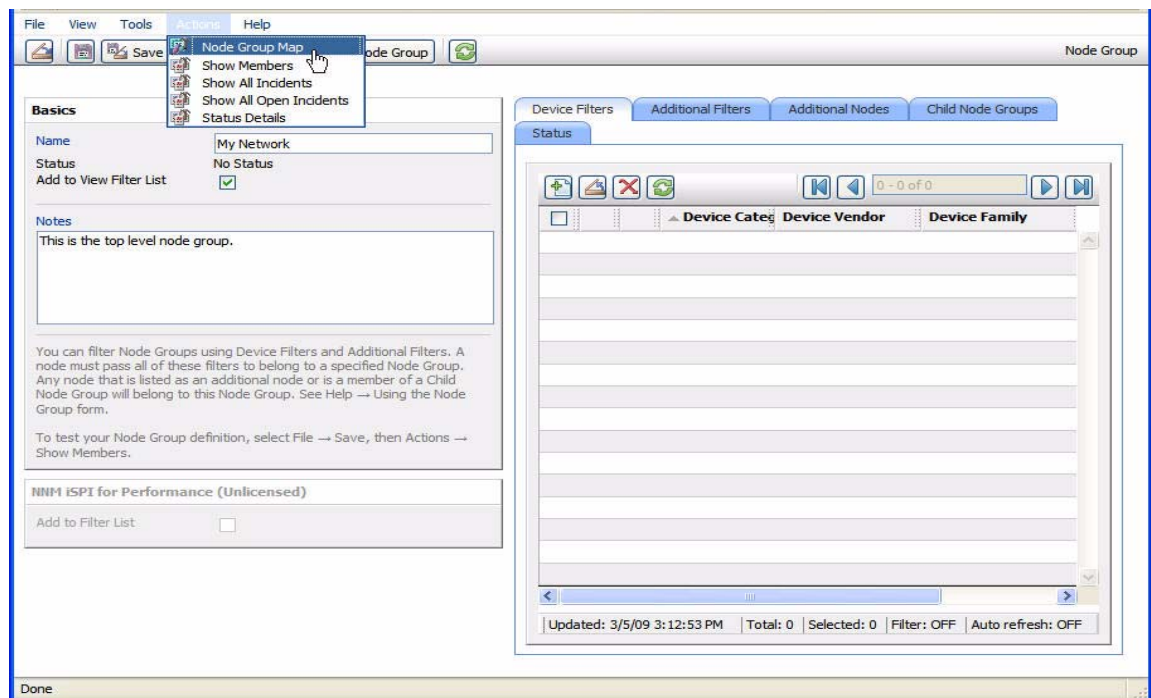
You are ready to create the node group maps for each node group that you created.

Configure the Node Group Maps

Step 1: Create the Node Group Maps

To create the node group maps for each node group, use the **Actions** menu.

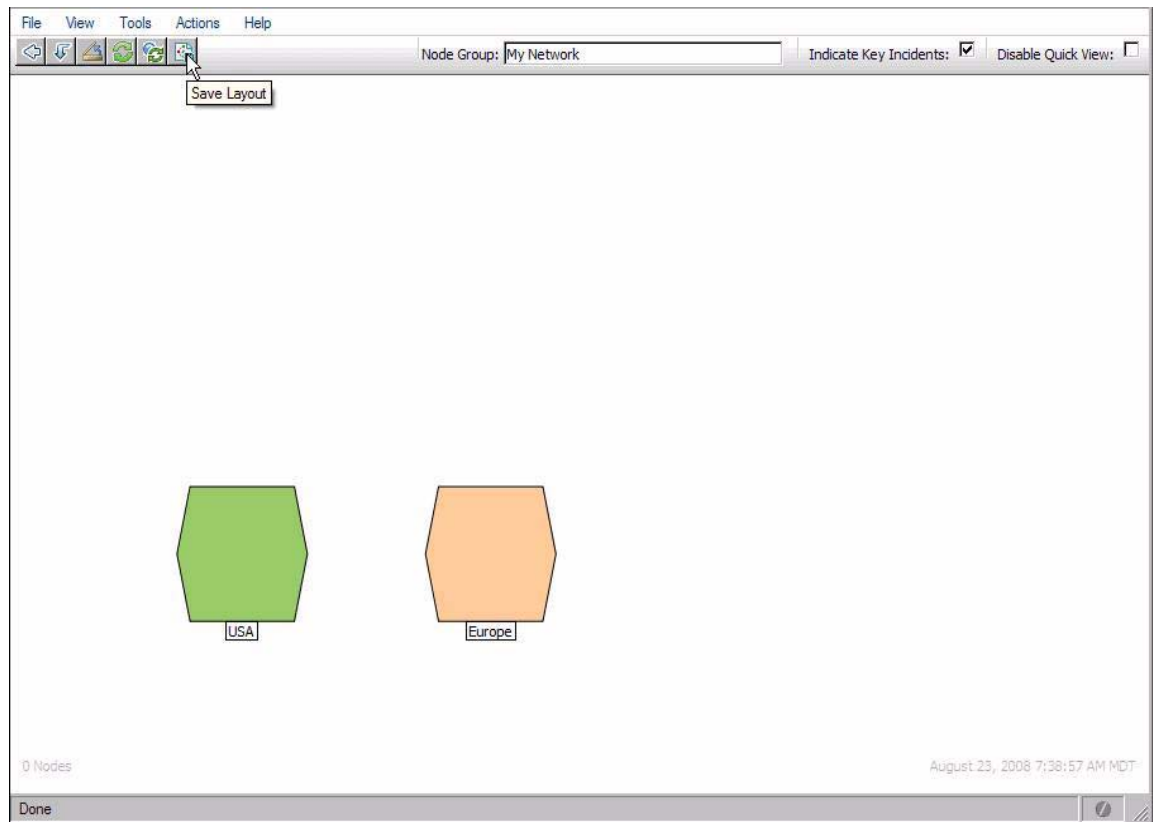
- 1 Open the node group for which you want to create a map. For example:
 - a Return to the **Node Groups** option in the **Configuration** workspace to view a list of the node groups that have been created.
 - b Navigate to the node group you want and click  **Open**.
- 2 Select the **Actions** menu, and then select **Node Group Map** to display a node group map.



- 3 Position the nodes and Node Group Map icons.
- 4 Click **Save Layout** to create the node group map.

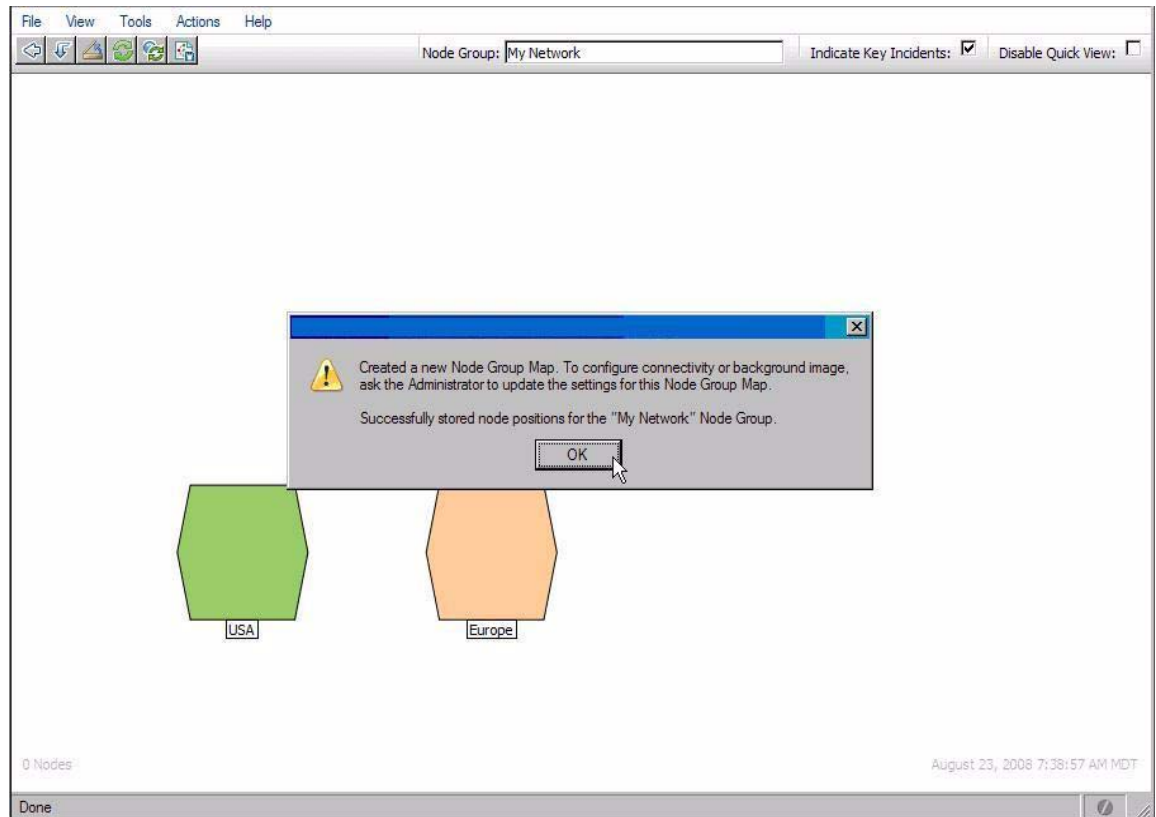


Always use **Save Layout** to create the node group map, even if you do not change the node positions. **Save Layout** creates the node group map.



A dialog box appears confirming that the node group map was created.

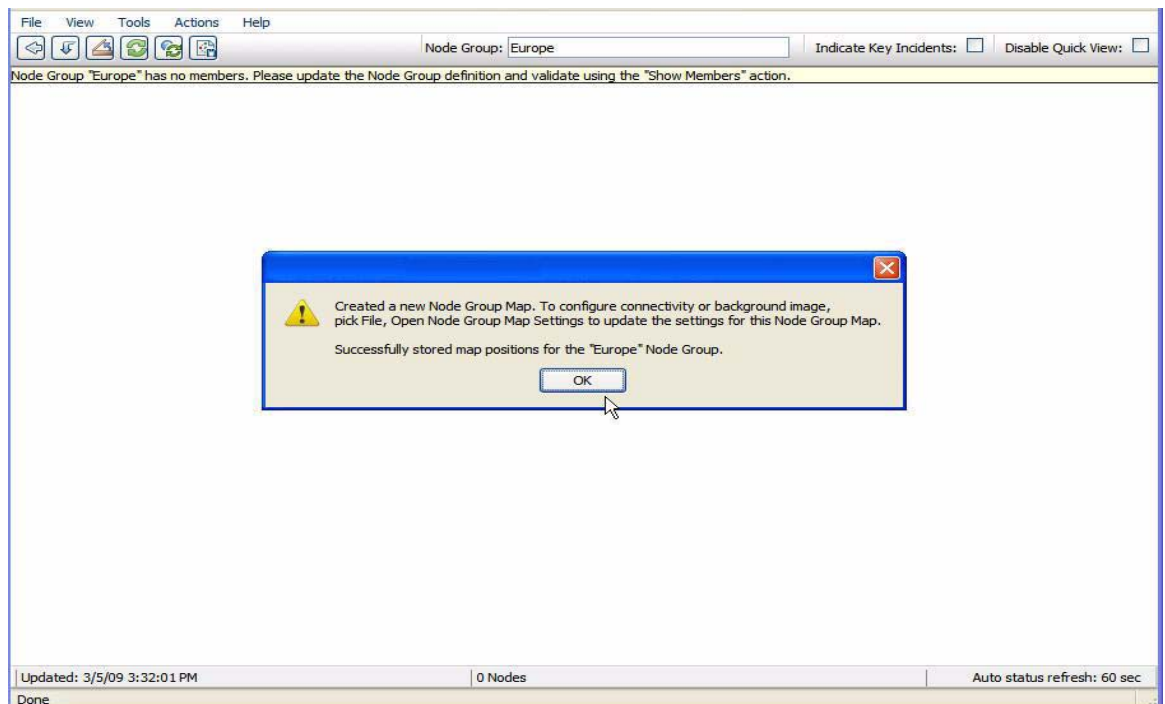
5 Click **OK**.



6 Repeat steps 1 through 5 for each node group created.



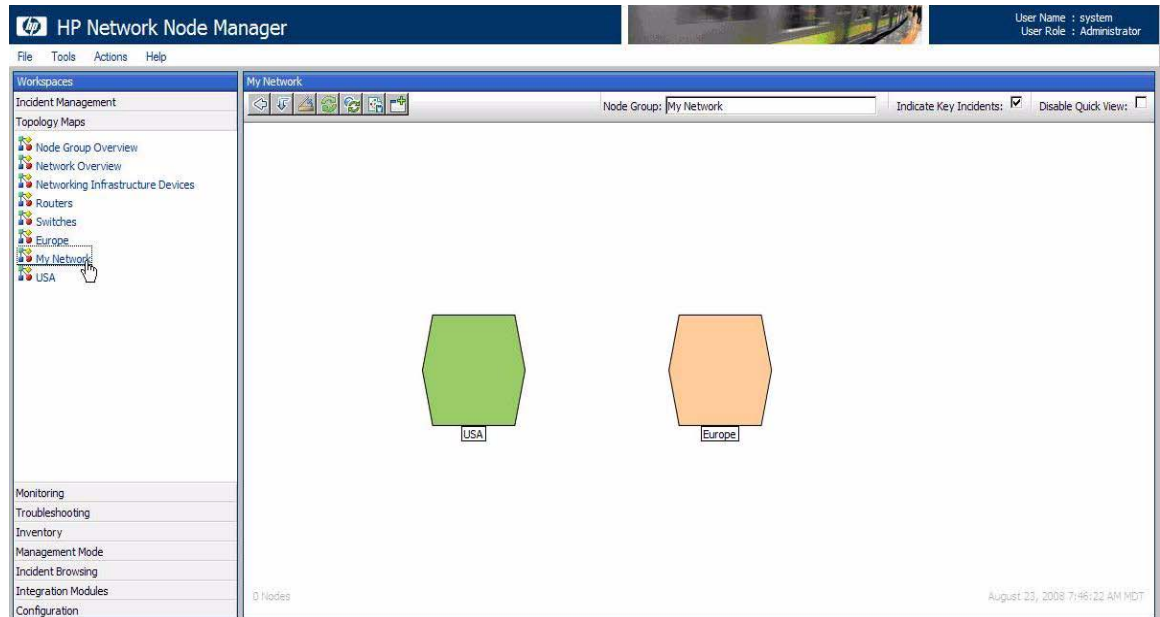
Remember, you must use **Save Layout** to save each node group map, even when the map does not contain nodes.



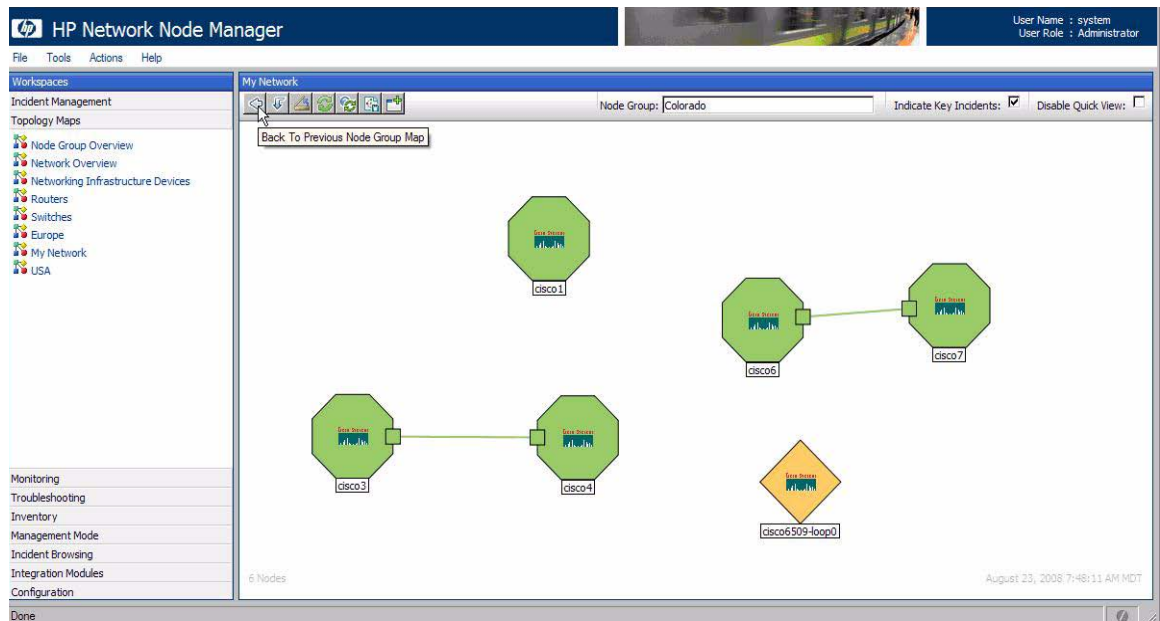
Step 2: View the Node Group Maps

Now that you have created the node group maps, view the maps to check the contents.

- 1 Navigate to the **Topology Maps** workspace.
- 2 Select the top level map: **My Network**.



- 3 Navigate to the child node group maps by double clicking its icon.
- 4 Use the **Back** button to return to the previous map.



Step 3: Configure Node Group Status

NNMi enables you to configure how status is calculated for a node group. When you configure node group status, you determine which of the following method NNMi should use:

- Use the most severe status of the nodes in the node group.
- Specify the percentage calculation NNMi should use.



Status Configuration is a global configuration. By default, NNMi uses the most severe status of the nodes in the node group.

- 1 Navigate to the **Configuration** workspace.
- 2 Select **Status Configuration**.

	Stat	Name	AtvFL	AtFL	Status	Last Modified	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>		Colorado	✓	-	OK	Mar 5, 2009 12:36 PM	
<input type="checkbox"/>		Europe	✓	-	OK	Mar 5, 2009 1:50 PM	
<input type="checkbox"/>		Important Nodes	✓	✓	OK	Mar 2, 2009 10:26 AM	Important Nodes such as Edge Routers representing the egress points to k
<input type="checkbox"/>		Microsoft Windows Systems	✓	-	OK	Mar 2, 2009 10:26 AM	Any system running Microsoft Windows, including servers, desktops, and v
<input type="checkbox"/>		My Network	✓	-	OK	Mar 5, 2009 12:10 PM	This is the top level node group.
<input type="checkbox"/>		Networking Infrastructure Devices	✓	-	OK	Mar 5, 2009 8:00 AM	Includes those device categories that are typically considered networking i
<input type="checkbox"/>		Non-SNMP Devices	✓	-	Warning	Mar 2, 2009 10:26 AM	Nodes which have never responded to SNMP queries during the discovery i
<input type="checkbox"/>		Routers	✓	✓	OK	Mar 5, 2009 12:30 AM	Includes nodes which do routing. For routers, the monitoring settings will b
<input type="checkbox"/>		Switches	✓	✓	OK	Mar 5, 2009 8:00 AM	Includes nodes which do switching.
<input type="checkbox"/>		USA	✓	-	OK	Mar 5, 2009 1:49 PM	

- 3 Examine the **Status Configuration** form to become familiar with the default percentages. To use percentages, you must click to clear the **Propagate Most Severe Status** option.

File View Tools Actions Help

Save and Close

Status Configuration

NNMI calculates Node Group status based on the algorithm settings configured using this form. See Help → Using the Status Configuration form.

Global Control

If unchecked, the settings stored in the status settings tabs will be used for status calculation. See Help → Using the Status Configuration form.

Propagate Most Severe Status ☒

Registration

Last Modified March 2, 2009 10:26:55 AM MST

Node Group Status Settings

Use this tab to configure Node Group status based on percentage thresholds.

	Target S	C%	M%	W%	N%	U%	CwA
<input type="checkbox"/> Warning				30.0			-
<input type="checkbox"/> Minor			20.0				-
<input type="checkbox"/> Major			10.0				-
<input type="checkbox"/> Critical		5.0					-

Updated: 3/5/09 3:50:42 PM Total: 4 Selected: 0 Filter: OFF Auto refresh: OFF

Done

Step 4: Configure Node Group Map Ordering

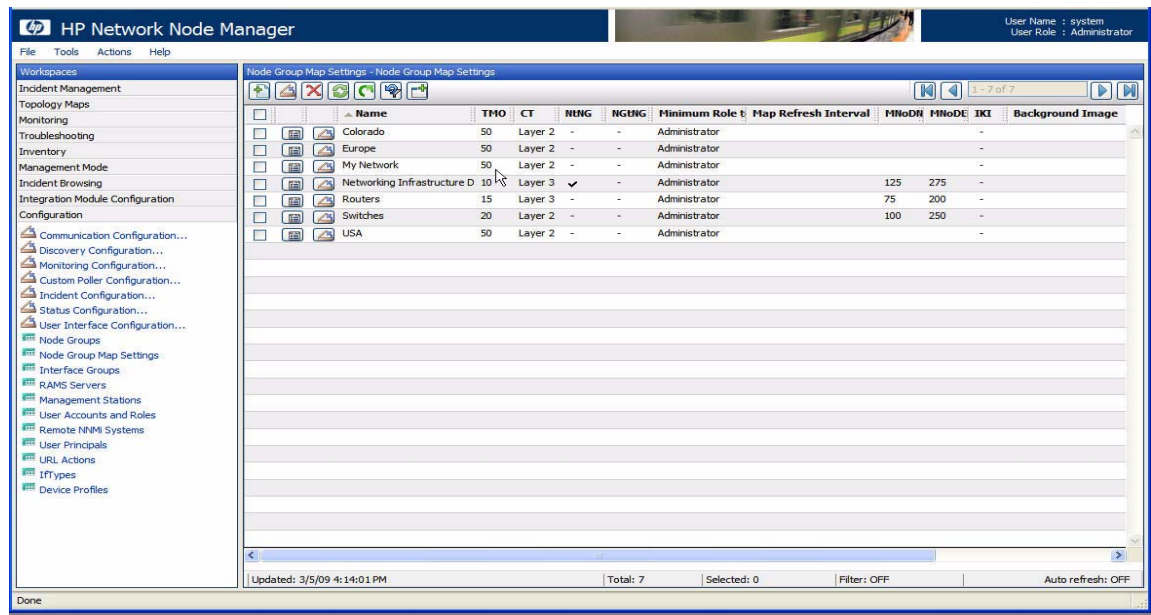
Node group map ordering is used to help determine in what order a map is displayed under the **Topology Maps** workspace.

In this example, we use node group map ordering to specify that the **My Network** node group map should appear first in the list in the **Topology Maps** workspace.


- 1 Navigate to the **Configuration** workspace.
- 2 Select **Node Group Map Settings**.



As shown in the following example, the default **Topology Maps Ordering** value is 50 for all user-defined maps.



To indicate that NNMi should list **My Network** as the first map under the **Topology Maps** workspace, change the **Topology Maps Ordering** value to a number that is less than the **Topology Maps Ordering** value for any other maps in the list; for example **5**.

- 1 Navigate to **Configuration** workspace.
- 2 Select **Node Group Map Settings**.
- 3 Click the  **Open** icon that precedes the **My Network** node group map.
- 4 In the **Topology Maps Ordering** attribute, change the value to **5**.

- Click **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the form.

Basics

Node Group:

Optional, Topology Maps Ordering displays this map in the Topology Maps workspace list (after Node Group Overview and Network Overview). 1= the map shortcut is third in the list. Empty = no shortcut to this map in the list. Changes take effect at next sign-in.

Topology Maps Ordering:

Minimum Role to Save Layout:

Optional, Use these attributes to override the values set in the User Interface Configuration form.

Map Refresh Interval: Minutes Seconds

Maximum Number of Displayed Nodes:

Maximum Number of Displayed End Points:

Select to indicate Key Incidents by enlarging the source map object in the Node Group map.

Indicate Key Incidents: ☐

Connectivity

Connectivity Type:

Only for Layer 3 or None Connectivity Types

Add L2 Subnet Connections: ☐

Add L2 User Connection Edits: ☐

End Points Filter

Optional, Select an Interface Group to reduce all connectivity end points. NNMi displays Layer 2 end points that are interfaces in the group. NNMi displays Layer 3 end points that are IP addresses associated with interfaces in the group.

Interface Group:

Node Group Connectivity

Nodes to Node Groups: ☐

Node Groups to Node Groups: ☐

You can also specify whether the map is initially displayed in the NNMi console. To do so, use the **User Interface Configuration** option from the **Configuration** workspace.

- Navigate to the **Configuration** workspace.
- Select **User Interface Configuration**.

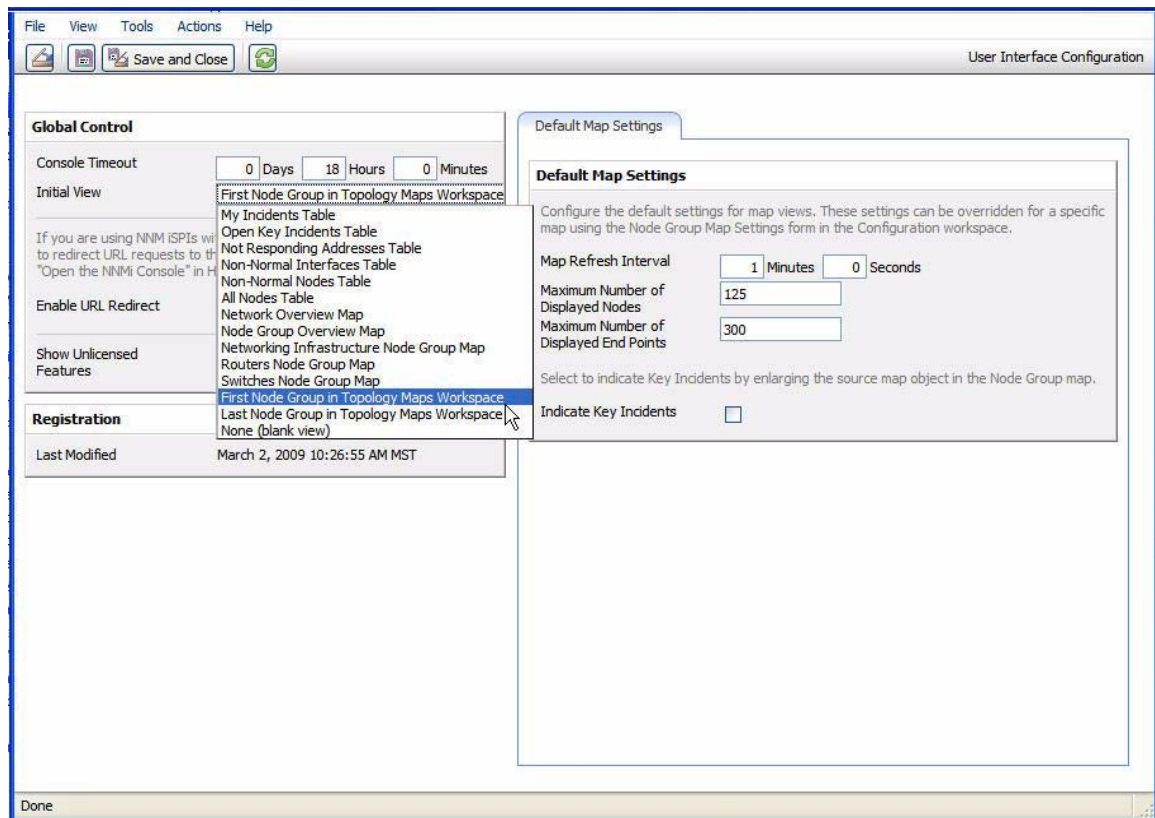
	Name	TMO	CT	NNMG	NNMG	Minimum Role to	Map Refresh Interval	MNoDN	MNoDE	DKI	Background Image
<input type="checkbox"/>	Colorado	50	Layer 2	-	-	Administrator					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Europe	50	Layer 2	-	-	Administrator					
<input type="checkbox"/>	My Network	50	Layer 2	-	-	Administrator					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Networking Infrastructure D	10	Layer 3	✓	-	Administrator	125	275	-		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Routers	15	Layer 3	-	-	Administrator	75	200	-		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Switches	20	Layer 2	-	-	Administrator	100	250	-		
<input type="checkbox"/>	USA	50	Layer 2	-	-	Administrator					

Updated: 3/5/09 4:25:12 PM | Total: 7 | Selected: 0 | Filter: OFF | Auto refresh: OFF

- In the **Initial View** attribute, use the drop-down menu to select **First Node Group in Topology Maps Workspace**.

This will make the **My Network** map the initial view.

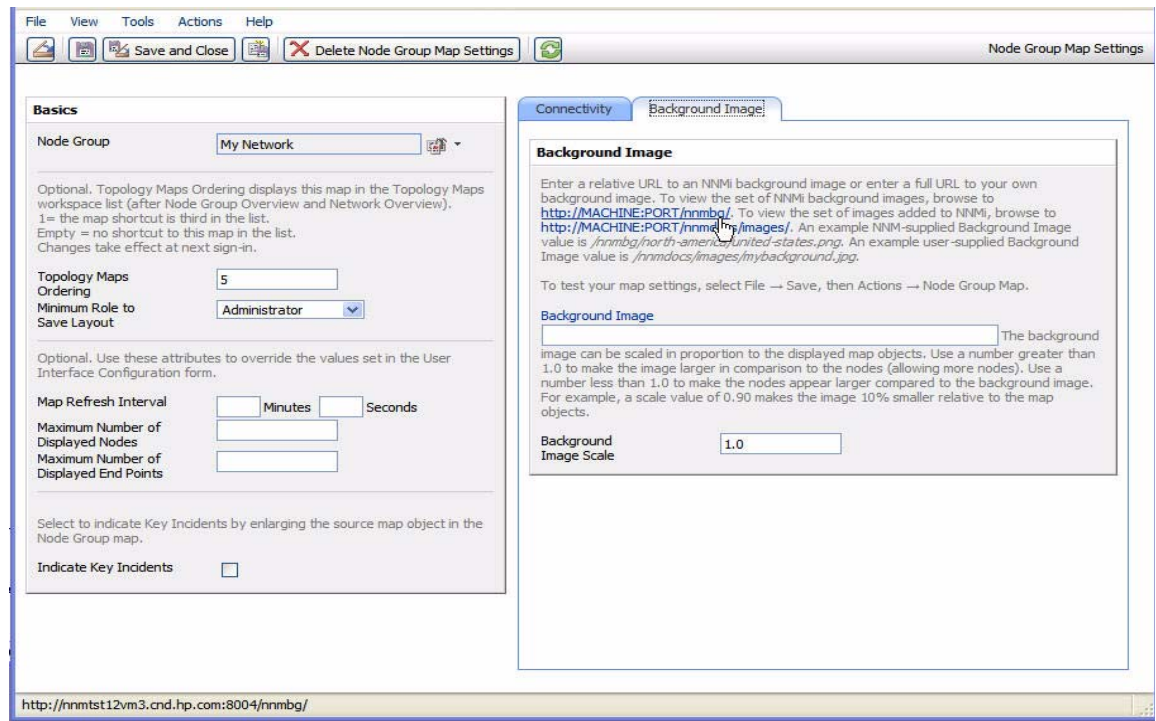
To verify the initial view, sign out of NNMi and sign back in. The **My Network** map should be the view you see in the NNMi console.



Step 5: Add a Background Image to a Node Group Map

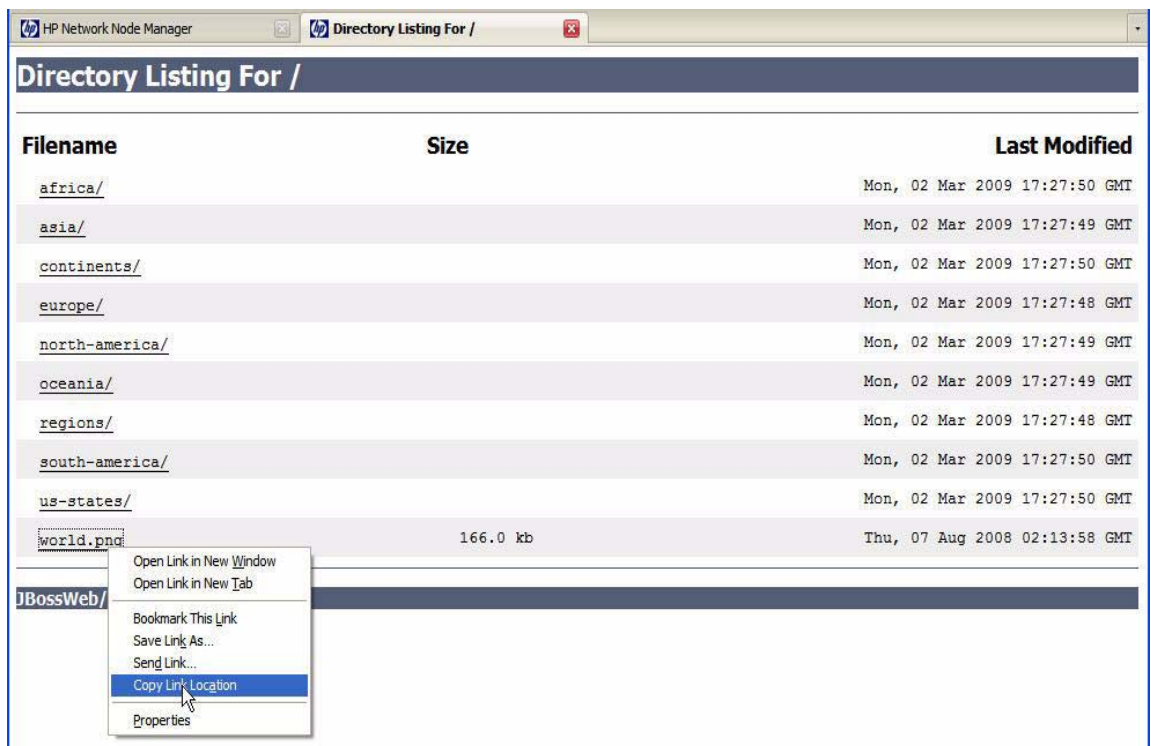
To include a background graphic on a map, use the **Node Group Map Settings** form for the selected node group map.

- 1 Navigate to the **Configuration** workspace.
- 2 Select **Node Group Map Settings**.
- 3 Open the **My Network** node group map.
- 4 Navigate to the **Background Image** tab.
- 5 Click <http://MACHINE:PORT/nnmbg>.

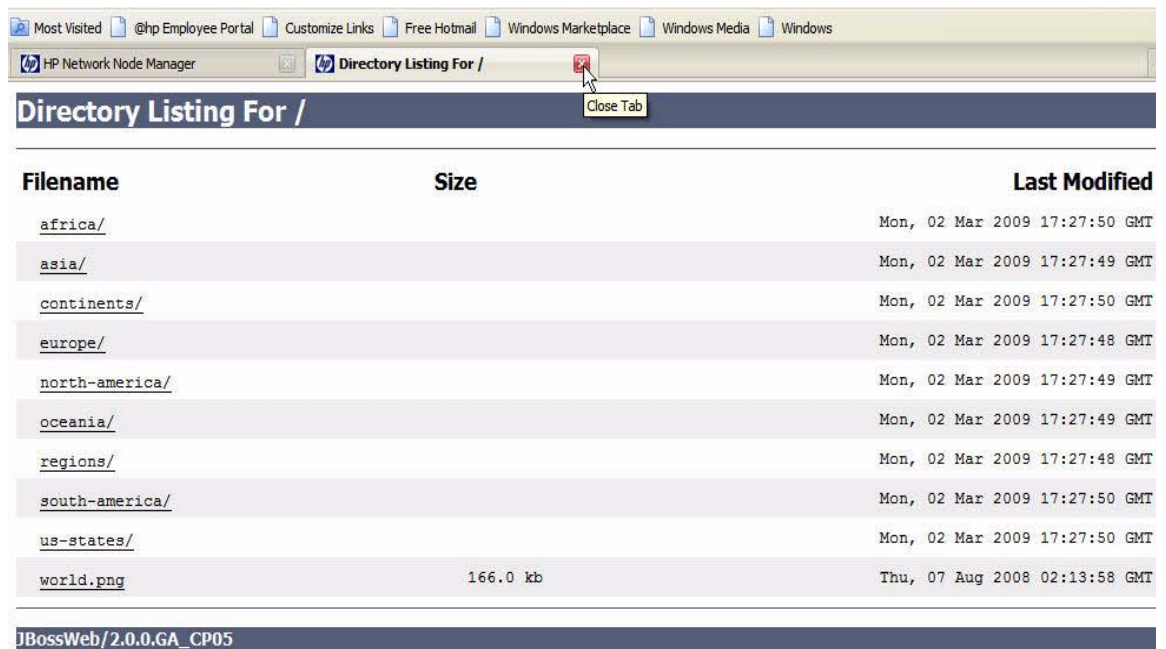


NNMi displays a list of HP supplied graphics.

- 6 Right click the **world.png** link.
- 7 Select **Copy Link Location**.



- 8 To close the directory listing window, use the **Close Tab** option as shown in the following example:

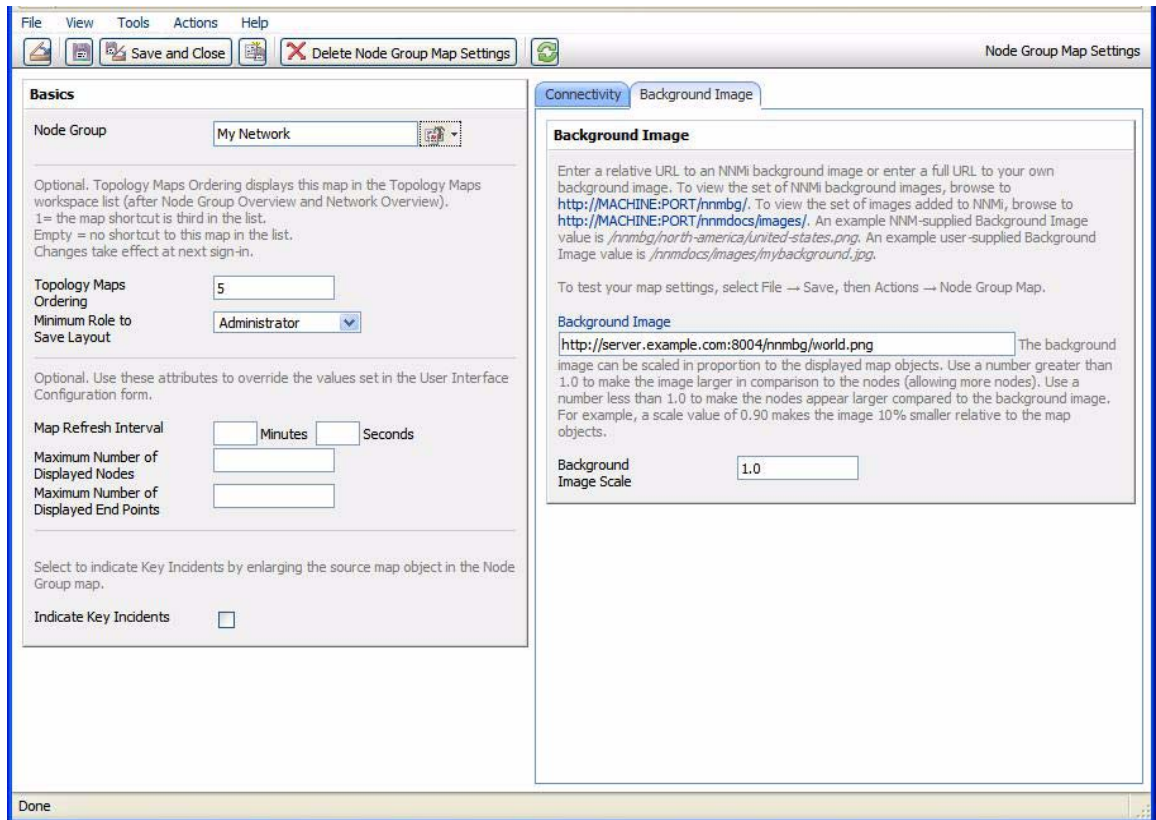


Paste the copied link into the Background Image attribute.



Note the Background Image Scale value in case you want to change it later.

- 9 Click **Save and Close** to save your changes.



- 10 Navigate to the **Topology Maps** workspace and select **My Network** to view your new map with the background graphic.



