

# HP OpenView Select Identity Connector

Connector Version: 3.8

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## Installation and Configuration Guide for the Connector for Tru64 UNIX® 5.1A with SSH

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- Element Construction Set (ecs)
- Jakarta-poi
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# 1 Installing the Connector

The Tru64 SSH connector enables HP OpenView Select Identity to perform the following tasks on Tru64 UNIX 5.1A servers running SSH:

- Add, update, and remove users
- Retrieve user attributes
- Enable and disable users
- Verify a user's existence
- Change user passwords
- Reset user passwords
- Retrieve all entitlements
- Retrieve a list of supported user attributes
- Assign and unassign entitlements to and from users



Do not use the user's primary group as an entitlement. If the primary group is changed, it remains as an entitlement in Select Identity but not on the resource.

The Tru64 SSH connector is a one-way connector. It pushes the changes made to user data in the Select Identity database to a target server. The mapping file maps Select Identity fields to Tru64 UNIX 5.1A fields.

This connector is i18n compliant provided `/etc/passwd` and `/etc/group` are in ASCII.

The Tru64 SSH connector is packaged with the following files

- `UnixTelnetConnector.rar` — contains the connector binary files.
- `unixtelschema.jar` — contains the mapping files.
- `expect.tru64.ssh.scripts.zip` — contains the scripts used to communicate with the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A server.

These are located in the `Unix Tru64 - SSH` directory on the Select Identity Connector CD.

# System Requirements

The Tru64 SSH connector is supported in the following environment:

Select Identity Version	Application Server	Database
3.0.2	WebLogic 8.1.2 on Windows 2003	SQL Server 2000
	WebLogic 8.1.2 on Solaris 9	Oracle 9i
	WebLogic 8.1.2 on HP-UX 11i	Oracle 9i
	WebSphere 5.1.1 on Solaris 9	DB2 8.2 (or DB2 8.1 Service Pack 7)
3.3	WebLogic 8.1.4 on Windows 2003	SQL Server 2000
	WebLogic 8.1.4 on Solaris 9	Oracle 9i
3.3.1	WebLogic 8.1.4 on Windows 2003	SQL Server 2000
	WebSphere 5.1.1 on HP-UX 11i	Oracle 9i
4.0	The Tru64 SSH connector is supported on all the platform configurations of Select Identity 4.0.	

This connector is supported on Tru64 UNIX 5.1A. Ensure that the SSH daemon runs on the systems where you have to provision users by using the connector. The SSH client must be installed on the Select Identity server.

## Deploying on the Application Server

To install the Tru64 SSH connector on Select Identity, you must deploy the connector on the web application server. To deploy the connector on a web application server, complete the following tasks:

- 1 Create a subdirectory in the Select Identity home directory where you can store the connector's Resource Adapter Archive (.rar) file.  
For example, you can create `<OVSI_HOME_DIR>/connectors`  
where `<OVSI_HOME_DIR> = /opt/Select_Identity` in Linux  
and `<OVSI_HOME_DIR> = C:\Select_Identity` in Windows (A connector subdirectory may already exist.)
- 2 Copy the `UnixTelnetConnector.rar` file from the Select Identity Connector CD to the connector subdirectory
- 3 Perform the following steps to deploy the connector on WebLogic. If deploying on WebSphere, skip to [step 4](#) on page 9.
  - a Create a schema subdirectory in the Select Identity home directory where you can store the connector's mapping files.  
For example, you can create `<OVSI_HOME_DIR>/Schema`  
where `<OVSI_HOME_DIR> = /opt/Select_Identity` in Linux  
and `<OVSI_HOME_DIR> = C:\Select_Identity` in Windows (A schema subdirectory may already exist.)



- b Extract the contents of the `unixtelschema.jar` file (on the Select Identity Connector CD) to the schema subdirectory.
  - c Ensure that the `CLASSPATH` environment variable in the WebLogic server startup script refers to the schema subdirectory.
  - d Start the application server if it is not currently running, and log on to the WebLogic Server Console.
  - e In the left pane, expand Deployments folder, and then right click on Connector Modules, and select **Deploy a New Connector Module**.  
  
Alternatively, at the right-hand panel of the Server Console homepage, click on **Connector Modules** link, which is under Your Deployed Resources column of Domain Configurations section. Resource Connectors page appears. Click on **Deploy a New Connector Module** link on this page.
  - f Click the link in the Location field, locate, and select the `UnixTelnetConnector.rar` file from the list. It is stored in the connector subdirectory.
  - g Click **Target Module**.
  - h If only one server is configured, skip to next step. If more than one server is configured, the next page prompts you to select the servers on which you want to deploy the connector. Select the server instance (for instance, My Server), and then click **Continue**.
  - i Review the settings. Keep all the default settings and click **Deploy**. The Status of Last Action column should display Success.
- 4 If you want to deploy the connector on WebSphere, perform the following steps:
- a Stop the application server.
  - b Extract the contents of the `unixtelschema.jar` file (on the Select Identity Connector CD) to `WebSphere\AppServer\lib\ext`, and then start the application server.
  - c Start the application server.
  - d Log on to the WebSphere Application Server Console.
  - e Navigate to **Resources** → **Resource Adapters**.
  - f Click **Install RAR**.
  - g In the Server path field, enter the path to the `UnixTelnetConnector.rar` file. It is stored in the subdirectory created in [step 1](#).
  - h Click **Next**.
  - i In the Name field, enter a name for the connector, and then click **OK**.
  - j Click the **Save** link (at the top of the page).
  - k On the Save to Master Configuration dialog, click **Save**.
  - l Click **Resources** → **Resource Adapters**.
  - m Click the new connector.
  - n Click **J2C Connection Factories** in the Additional Properties table.
  - o Click **New**.
  - p In the Name field, enter the name of the factory for the connector. For the Tru64 SSH connector, enter **eis/UnixTelnetCon**.

- q Click **OK**.
- r Click the **Save** link.
- s On the Save to Master Configuraton dialog, click the **Save** button.
- t Restart WebSphere.

After installation, refer to [Configuring the Connector](#) on page 17 for information about registering and configuring the connector in Select Identity.

## Installing Expect, SSH, and the Scripts

The Tru64 SSH connector performs operations over SSH using a tool called Expect, which must be installed on the application server running Select Identity. Perform the following steps to install:

### Install Expect and SSH

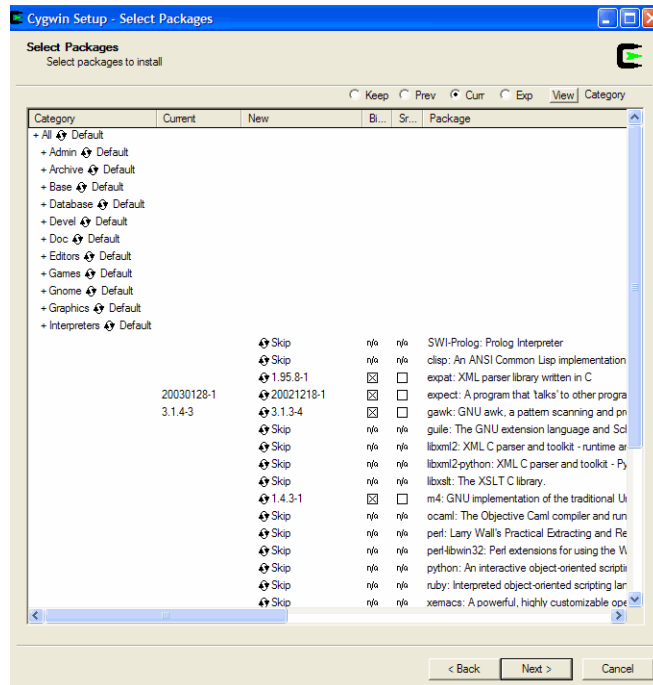
On Select Identity installed on UNIX:

- 1 Obtain Expect from **<http://expect.nist.gov>**
- 2 Install Expect (the `expect-5.43` package) on UNIX server
- 3 Install the SSH client from the operating system's installation CD
- 4 When deploying a UNIX system as a resource in the Select Identity interface, provide the location of the Expect executable on the Access Info page. TCL/TK (the `tcltk-8.4.9` package) and GCC are prerequisites for running Expect.

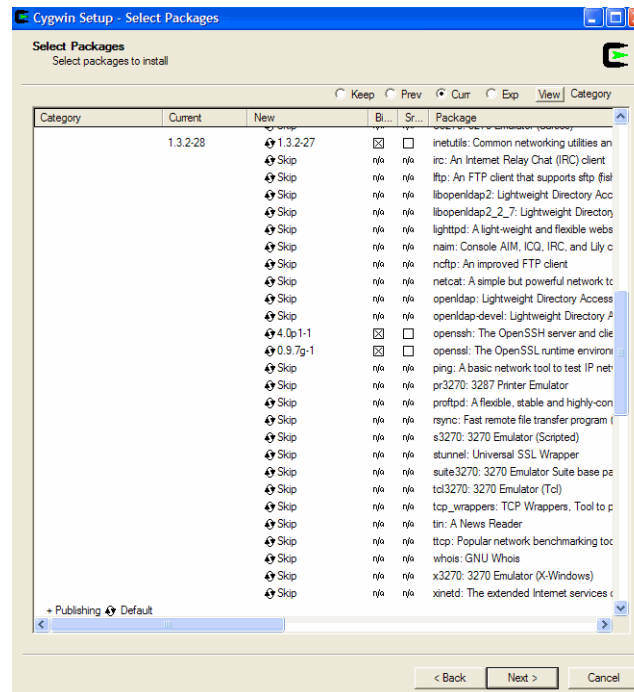
On Select Identity installed on Windows:

- 1 Download the Cygwin setup wizard from **<http://www.cygwin.com/setup.exe>**

- 2 Install Expect (version 5.26), which is listed in the Interpreters category in Cygwin's installer:



### 3 Install SSH client, which is listed in the Net category



► Ensure that Cygwin's bin directory is included in the Windows server PATH environment variable.

## Install the scripts

Install the scripts on the application server. Copy `expect.tru64.ssh.scripts.zip` from the Select Identity Connector CD and extract the scripts onto the application server.

## 2 Configuring the Connector

After you deploy the connector on the application server, you must configure Select Identity to use the connector by deploying it in the Select Identity client.

### Deploying the Connector with Select Identity

Complete the following steps to deploy and configure the connector with Select Identity:

- Register a new connector with Select Identity.
  - Add a resource to Select Identity.
  - Link the resource attributes to the Select Identity attributes.
  - Create a service that uses the newly created resource
- 1 To register the connector with Select Identity, perform the following steps:
    - a Click **Service Studio** → **Resources**. The Resources page appears.
    - b Click **Manage Connectors** on Resources page and add the connector. Refer to *Service Studio* chapter of *HP OpenView Select Identity Administrator Guide* for more information. While adding the connector, enter pool name as **eis/UnixTelnetCon**. Select Identity displays the connector properties in the following format:

Current Resource Connectors		
Connector Name:	Pool Name:	Mapper Available:
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
<input type="button" value="Add"/>		
<input type="radio"/> BoksConnector	eis/BoksConnector	No
<input checked="" type="radio"/> UnixConnector	eis/UnixTelnetCon	No
<input type="radio"/> Gen-SQL2000Connector	eis/Gen-SQL2000Connector	Yes

- 2 To deploy a resource that uses the newly created connector, perform the following steps:
  - a Click **Service Studio** → **Resources**. Resources page appears.
  - b Click **Add New Resource**. When configuring the resource, refer to the following table for parameters specific to this connector:

Field Name	Sample Values	Description
Resource Name	Tru64_Server	Name given to the resource.
Resource Type	Tru64	The connector that was deployed in <a href="#">step 1</a> on page 13.

Field Name	Sample Values	Description
Authoritative Source	No	Whether this resource is a system that is considered to be the authoritative source for user data in your environment. You must specify <b>No</b> because the connector cannot synchronize account data with the Select Identity server.
Associate to Group	Selected	Whether the system uses the concept of groups. For this connector, select this option.
Host Name	server.company.com	IP Address or host name of the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A machine.
User Name	accountadmin	Login account on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A machine.
User Password	Password123	Password for the User Name account.
Admin Password	rootPassword	The password to gain administrator privileges.
Executable	<i>On UNIX:</i> /tools/expect-5.21/ expect.exe <i>On Windows:</i> d:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe	Path name of the Expect executable, required to run scripts.
Script Location	<i>On UNIX:</i> /connectorScripts/expect/ Tru64/ssh/ <i>On Windows:</i> /cygdrive/c/selectidentity/ scripts/	Location of the scripts that are used by the connector. Note that on Windows, you should include a trailing slash in the path.
Mapping File	UnixConnector-tel.xml	Location of the connector mapping file used to map resource attributes to Select Identity attributes.

Refer to *Service Studio* chapter of *HP OpenView Select Identity Administrator Guide* for information on managing resource. After deploying the resource for the connector, Select Identity displays the Resource Access Information page in the following format:

**linuxSSHRes: Resource Access Information**

Modify the fields below as necessary and click Apply.

*Required Field \**

HostName: \* 15.76.112.186

User Name: \* sluser

User Password: \* \*\*\*\*\*

Admin Password: \* \*\*\*\*\*


Executable: \* /usr/bin/expect


Script Location: \* /space/unix/expect.solaris.linux.ssh.scripts

Mapping File: \* UnixConnector-tel.xml ([View](#))

- 3 Link the resource attributes to the Select Identity attributes.. To do this, perform the following steps.
  - a Click **Service Studio** → **Resources**. The Resources page appears.
  - b Select the newly created resource from the Resource List, and then click **Modify**. Basic Information page appears.
  - c Click **Resource Attribute Mapping** link on left pane. Resource Attribute Mapping page appears.
  - d Map each resource attribute to Select Identity Attribute using drop-down list.

Refer to the *Service Studio* chapter in *HP OpenView Select Identity Administrator Guide* for more information

 In future, if you replace the old mapping file with a new one, you need to un-map the attributes, which are not present in the new mapping file, to complete the mapping successfully.

 You cannot un-map an attribute, if services are associated to the resource and users are added to the service using that attribute. In that case, add the attribute to the new mapping file, even though it is no longer used by the connector.

After creating the attributes for the Tru64 SSH connector, the View Attributes page for the resource looks like this:

**Attribute Mapping for linuxSSHRes**

Modify the fields below as necessary and click Apply.

Resource Attribute	Attribute	Sync In	Sync Out
Directory	HomeDirectory	false	false
First Name	FirstName	false	false
Last Name	LastName	false	false
Password	Password	false	false
Shell	Shell	false	false
UserName	UserName	false	false
defaultgroup	DefaultGroup	false	false
linuxSSHRes_ENTITLEMENTS	linuxSSHRes_ENTITLEMENTS	true	true
linuxSSHRes_KEY	linuxSSHRes_KEY	true	true

- 4 To create a Service that uses the newly created resource, perform the following steps.

- a click **Service Studio** → **Services**. The Service List page appears.
- b Click **Add New Service**. Refer to *Service Studio* chapter in *HP OpenView Select Identity Administrator Guide* for more information. Reference the new resource created in [step 2](#) while creating this service.

If the attributes in the resource do not match with the attributes defined in the xml mapping file of the connector (available in .jar file), you need to modify the mapping file as needed. See [Understanding the Mapping File](#) on page 23 for details.



## Configuring Connector on Non-English Platforms

If you install the connector on non-English platform, you will have the following limitations while configuring the connector:

- When entering user attributes to provision (in the Select Identity client), you can enter local language characters except for the following attributes
  - UserName
  - Password
  - Email
- The attribute names on the resource cannot contain non-English characters. Thus, you cannot include non-English characters in the mapping file.
- Non-English entitlements are not supported by the connector.
- All configuration and property file names must be in English.
- The exception messages from the resource are in English only.
- The log messages are in English only.
- The Select Identity resource name, which is included in the reverse synchronization configuration of the agent, must be in English.



Reverse synchronization of local language characters is supported. When provisioning users on the LDAP resource, you can enter local language characters as input data. These characters are reconciled with Select Identity through SPML communication. However, the following user attributes must contain English characters:

- UserName
- Password
- Email

## Advanced Configuration

The Tru64 SSH connector supports passing of all mapped attributes to the find user (`findUser.exp`) and delete user (`deleteUser.exp`) expect scripts.

This advanced configuration is enabled by setting the following property in the `TruAccess.properties` file, which is present in `<OVSI_Home>/sysArchive` directory:

```
com.hp.ovsi.connector.unix.showAttributes=true
```

## 3 Understanding the Mapping File

The Tru64 SSH connector is deployed with the `UnixConnector-tel.xml` mapping file, which describes the attributes required by the system. The file is created in XML, according to SPML standards, and is bundled in a JAR file called `unixtelschema.jar`. The mapping file is used to map user account additions and modifications from Select Identity to the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A resource. When you deploy a resource using the Resources page of the Select Identity client, you can review this file.

You can create attributes that are specific to Select Identity using the Attributes page in the Select Identity client. These attributes can be used to associate Select Identity user accounts with system resources by editing the connector mapping file described in this chapter. This process becomes necessary because, for example, a single attribute `username` can have a different name on different resources, such as `login` for UNIX, `UID` for a database, and `userID` on a Windows server.

This file does not need to be edited unless you want to map additional attributes to your resource. If attributes and values are not defined in this mapping file, they cannot be saved to the resource through Select Identity.

### General Information

The following operations can be performed in the mapping file:

- Add a new attribute mapping
- Delete an existing attribute mapping
- Modify attribute mappings

Here is an explanation of the elements in the XML mapping file:

- **<Schema>**, **<providerID>**, and **<schemaID>**

Provide standard elements for header information.

- **<objectClassDefinition>**

Defines the actions that can be performed on a specified object as defined by name attribute (in `<properties>` element block) and Select Identity-to-resource field mappings for the object (in `<memberAttributes>` block). For example, the object class definition for users defines that users can be created, read, updated, deleted, reset, and expired in UNIX.

- **<properties>**

Defines the operations that are supported on the object. This can be used to control the operations that are performed through Select Identity. The following operations can be controlled:

- Create (CREATE)
- Read (READ)
- Update (UPDATE)
- Delete (DELETE)
- Enable (ENABLE)
- Disable (DISABLE)
- Reset password (RESET\_PASSWORD)
- Expire password (EXPIRE\_PASSWORD)
- Change password (CHANGE\_PASSWORD)

The operation is assigned as the name of the <attr> element and access to the operation is assigned to a corresponding <value> element. You can set the values as follows:

- true — the operation is supported by the connector
- false — the operation is not supported by the connector
- bypass — the operation is not supported by the connector

Here is an example:

```
<objectClassDefinition name="SIUser" description="Unix User">
<properties>
<attr name="CREATE">
<value>true</value>
</attr>
<attr name="READ">
<value>true</value>
</attr>
```

- **<memberAttributes>**

Defines the attribute mappings. This element contains <attributeDefinitionReference> elements that describe the mapping for each attribute. Each <attributeDefinitionReference> must be followed by an <attributeDefinition> element that specifies details such as minimum length, maximum length, and so on.

Each <attributeDefinitionReference> element contains the following attributes:

- name — The name of the reference.
- required— Whether this attribute is required in the provisioning process (set to true or false).
- concero:tafield — The name of the attribute in Select Identity. In general, the attribute assigned to tafield should be same as the physical resource attribute, or at least the connector attribute. For example, it is recommended to have the following:

```
<attributeDefinitionReference name="FirstName" required="false"
concero:tafield="[givenname]" concero:resfield="givenname"
concero:init="true" concero:isMulti="true"/>
```

instead of this:

```
<attributeDefinitionReference name="FirstName" required="false"
concero:tafield="[FirstName]" concero:resfield="givenname"
concero:init="true" concero:isMulti="true"/>
```

- `concero:resfield` — The name of the attribute from the resource schema. If the resource does not support an explicit schema (such as UNIX), this can be a tag field that indicates a resource attribute mapping.

Also, the attribute name may be case-sensitive. For example, if the attribute is defined in all uppercase letters on the resource, make sure to specify it in all uppercase letters here.

- `concero:isKey` — An optional attribute that, when set to true, specifies that this is the key field to identify the object on the resource. Only one `<attributeDefinitionReference>` can be specified where `isKey="true"`. This key field does not need to be the same as the key field of the identity object in Select Identity.

Note that for a key field mapping, where `isKey="true"` and `tafield` is not assigned the `UserName` attribute, `UserName` should not be used in any other mapping. `UserName` can be assigned to `tafield` only in cases where it is mapped to the key field in the resource. Example:

```
<attributeDefinitionReference name="UserName" required="true"
concero:tafield="[UserName]" concero:resfield="uid"
concero:isKey="true" concero:init="true"/>
```

- `concero:init` — Set this to true if this attribute needs to be passed as part of the creation of the user. You can use this parameter to control which attributes must be specified during creation and which must be specified when a user is modified.
- `concero:isPassword` — Set this to true if the attribute is password.
- `concero:isMulti` — Set this to true if the resource attribute is multi-valued.
- `concero:isSensitive` — Set this to true if the attribute is case-sensitive.

Here is an example:

```
<memberAttributes>
<attributeDefinitionReference name="GroupName"
required="true" concero:tafield="GroupName"
concero:resfield="gname" concero:isKey="true" />
</memberAttributes>
```

The interpretation of the mapping between the connector field (as specified by the `Concero:tafield` attribute) and the resource field (as specified by the `Concero:resfield` attribute) is determined by the connector. The Tru64 SSH connector has code to interpret the mappings in one way, as follows:

- The connector attribute names are specified in square braces, like this: `[xyz]`. The value of attribute `xyz` is taken from the `SIUserModel` class in Select Identity during provisioning.
- Composite attributes can be specified in the Tru64 SSH connector mapping file. To do this, specify `[attr1] xxxx [attr2]` as the connector attribute. This specifies that the value of the `attr1` and `attr2` attributes should be combined with the string `xxxx` to form a mapping for the specified resource field. Tru64 SSH connector has code to handle these composite mappings.

- **<attributeDefinition>**

Defines the properties of each object's attribute. For example, the attribute definition for the Directory attribute defines that it must be between one and 50 characters in length and can contain the following letters, numbers, and characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, +, and a space.

Here is an excerpt from the `UnixConnector-tel.xml` file:

```
<attributeDefinition name="Directory" description="Directory"
  type="xsd:string">
  <properties>
    <attr name="minLength">
      <value>1</value>
    </attr>
    <attr name="maxLength">
      <value>50</value>
    </attr>
    <attr name="pattern">
      <value>
        <![CDATA[ [a-zA-Z0-9/]+ ]]>
      </value>
    </attr>
  </properties>
</attributeDefinition>
```

#### **<conzero:entitlementMappingDefinition>**

Defines how entitlements are mapped to users.

- **<conzero:objectStatus>**

Defines how to assign status to a user.

- **<conzero:relationshipDefinition>**

Defines how to create relationships between users.

## Tru64 SSH Mapping Information

The Tru64 SSH connector supports the following identify information to be provisioned on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. You can add, modify, or delete attributes once you are familiar with the contents of this file. You can edit the Select Identity resource attributes; they reflect the identity information as seen in Select Identity. The physical resource attributes are literal attributes of user accounts on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A server. These attributes cannot be changed.



When adding a user in Select Identity, do not specify an entitlement value (secondary group) that is the same value as the Default Group for the system resource. This may cause an entitlement to be removed inadvertently from the user if the user is modified and the Default Group value is changed for that user.

<b>Select Identity Resource Attribute</b>	<b>Connector Attribute</b>	<b>Attribute on Tru64 UNIX 5.1A Resource</b>	<b>Description</b>
User Name	username	login (login argument)	UNIX logon name
Password	password	password	Logon password
First Name	F		First Name
Last Name	L		Last Name
[First Name] [Last Name]	comment	login comment (-c option)	Comment section in /etc/passwd
Directory	directory	login home directory (-d option)	User's home directory
Shell	shell	login shell (-s option)	UNIX logon shell
defaultgroup	defaultgroup	login primary group (-g option)	Default group membership





## 4 Understanding the Installed Scripts

The Tru64 SSH connector performs operations using a tool called Expect. This tool must be installed on the application server running Select Identity as described in [Installing Expect, SSH, and the Scripts](#) on page 13.

Each script is explained below with a description and example of its usage from the command line. Examples are tested and verified with the following arguments:

Expect executable location : E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe

Scripts directory: /cygdrive/e/telnet\_scripts/HPUX\_SSH

UNIX system name: sihpl

UNIX user name : siuser

UNIX password :abcd

UNIX root password : abcd

You can run the examples on command line by replacing the arguments with those from your environment.

- `adduser.exp`

This is the script used to add a new user to the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following arguments are required:

`directory` — User's home directory

`defaultgroup` — User's default group

`password` — User's password

`F` — User's first name

`username` — User's login name on the UNIX system

`shell` — User's default shell

`comment` — User's comment

`L` — User's last name

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
adduser.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd directory=/tmp/june0601  
defaultgroup=bin password=abcd F=FirstName username=june0601 shell=/bin/sh  
comment=FirstName LastName L=LastName
```

- `listuser.exp`

This script lists all users configured on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system.

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
listusers.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd
```

- `changepassword.exp`

This script changes the password of a user on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following arguments are required:

**username** — User's login name on the UNIX system

**password** — User's new password

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
changepasswd.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd june0601 abcd
```

- `changestatus.exp`

This script changes a users status on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following arguments are required:

**username** — User's login name on the UNIX system

**status** — User's enable (true) OR disable(false) status

**shell** — User's shell for enable and /bin/false for disable

**Examples:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
changestatus.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd username=june0601 status=false  
shell=/bin/false
```

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
changestatus.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd username=june0601 status=true  
shell=/bin/sh
```

- `deleteuser.exp`

This script deletes a user from the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following argument is required:

**username** — User's login name on the UNIX system

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
deleteuser.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd username=june0601
```

- `dotest.exp`

This script is executed whenever a new connector is created. It is responsible for validating the connection.

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/dotest.exp  
sihpl siuser abcd abcd
```

- `finduser.exp`

This script is used to search for a user on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following argument is required:

**username** — User's login name on UNIX system

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
finduser.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd june0601
```

- genericcmd.exp

This script is used to enable the execution of any command required by Select Identity. The following argument is required:

**command** — Command that needs to be executed; if a space exists in the command, quote the command

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
genericcmd.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd "/bin/cat /etc/group"
```

- modifyuser.exp

This script is used to modify a user on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following arguments are required:

**directory** — User's new home directory

**defaultgroup** — User's new default group

**password** — User's password

**F** — User's new first name

**username** — User's login name on the UNIX system

**shell** — User's new default shell

**comment** — User's new comment

**L** — User's new last name

**gname** — Group names separated by commas to which the user needs to be added

**Examples:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
modifyuser.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd directory=/home/june0601  
defaultgroup=bin password=abcd F=Ravindranatha username=june0601 shell=  
bin/ksh "comment=Ravindranatha K" L=K
```

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
modifyuser.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd gname=adm,daemon,mail,lp,root  
username=june0601
```

- getgroups.exp

This script is used to get all group names for which the current user has membership on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. The following argument is required:

**username** — User's login name on the UNIX system

**Example:**

```
E:/cygwin/bin/expect.exe -f /cygdrive/e/telnet_scripts/HPUX_SSH/  
getgroups.exp sihpl siuser abcd abcd june0601
```



# 5 Uninstalling the Connector

If you need to uninstall a connector from Select Identity, make sure that :

- All resource dependencies are removed.
- The connector is deleted using the Select Identity client Connectors pages.

## On WebLogic

Perform the following to delete a connector on WebLogic:

- 1 Log on to the WebLogic Server Console.
- 2 Expand the Deployments folder on the left pane, and then double click on **Connector Modules**

Alternatively, at the right panel of the Server Console homepage, click on **Connector Modules** link, which is under Your Deployed Resources column of Domain Configurations section.

- 3 The right hand pane of the console displays a table showing all the deployed connectors. Click the delete icon next to the connector that you want to uninstall.
- 4 Click **Yes** to confirm the deletion.
- 5 Click **Continue**.

## On WebSphere

Perform the following steps to uninstall the connector on WebSphere:

- 1 Log on to the WebSphere Application Server Console.
- 2 Navigate to **Resources** → **Resource Adapters**.
- 3 Select the connector to uninstall.
- 4 Click **Delete**.
- 5 Click the **Save** link (at the top of the page).
- 6 On the Save to Master Configuration dialog, click the **Save** button.

After deleting the connector, you can remove the Expect scripts as well. Remove the scripts from the directory on the Select Identity server where they were extracted (see [Installing Expect, SSH, and the Scripts](#) on page 13).



# A Troubleshooting

The following information is provided to help you diagnose connectivity and configuration problems that you may encounter when using the connector to provision users on the resource. You may need to consult your system or web application administrator for detailed help.

- On the Select Identity server, if installed on a Windows system, ensure that Cygwin's `bin` directory is included in the Windows server's `PATH` environment variable.
- If an error indicating that `org.apache.log4j.Logger` could not be found is displayed while deploying the connector, be sure to exclude `log4.jar` from the Java classpath.
- Verify that the paths to SSH and Telnet are configured properly on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. Use the `which ssh` and `which telnet` commands to find the paths to SSH and Telnet. If the paths are different than the paths specified in the Expect scripts, use the paths found on the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. You may want to specify the full paths to SSH and Telnet in the scripts.
- Ensure that the SSH and Telnet daemons are configured and running on the target Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. Use `ps -ef | grep sshd` and `ps -ef | grep telnetd` to determine if the daemons are is running.
- The default UNIX prompt of resource system should be `$`, `#`, `%`, or `>`.
- Verify that SSH and Telnet allow enough connections to handle provisioning requests. The number of connections depends on the number of connections allowed by the application server for the connector. To view the connection configuration and connections on the application server, perform one of the following procedures:

*On WebLogic:*

To view the connection configuration:

- a Log on to the WebLogic Server Console.
- b Navigate to **My\_domain** → **Services** → **JDBC** → **Connection Pools** → **connection\_pool**.

To monitor current connections:

- a Navigate to **My\_domain** → **Deployments** → **Connector Modules** → **connector**.
- b Click the **Monitoring** tab to view connections.

*On WebSphere:*

To view the connection configuration:

- a Log on to the WebSphere Application Server Console.
- b Click **Resources** → **Resource Adapters**.
- c Click the connector.
- d Click **J2C Connection Factories** in the Additional Properties table.

To monitor current connections, you must use the Tivoli performance viewer and click **application\_server** → **J2C\_connection\_pool**.

Consult with your system or application server administrator for further help diagnosing problems related to connections that do not close, connections that time out, connections that cannot be opened, and so on.

- Depending on the system implementation and software versions, you may experience connectivity problems when the connector communicates with the Tru64 UNIX 5.1A system. If so, edit each script that includes the following:

```
set force_conservative 0 ;
```

Set the `force_conservative` property to **1**, as follows:

```
set force_conservative 1 ;
```

This forces Expect to pause (1/10th of second) before sending data. Some processes, such as Telnet, may ignore keystrokes if they are sent too quickly. Thus, the short delay prevents the keystroke from arriving too quickly, before Expect is prepared to receive it.