HP Storage Essentials

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CLI Guide

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Chapter 1

Overview of the CLI

Depending on your license, the Command Line Interface (CLI) might not be available. See the List of Features to determine if you have access to the CLI. The List of Features is accessible from the Documentation Center (Help > Documentation Center in HP Storage Essentials).

The CLI provides an alternate way for you to manage elements that the management server monitors. You can use the CLI commands in scripts to manage your storage. For example, you can use the appiqlist -event -all command in a script to obtain a listing of the events.

Before you can use the CLI, you must install it. Install the CLI on a remote server. See the *Release Notes* for the version requirements. For more information on how to install the CLI, see <u>"Installing</u> the CLI" (on page 31).

Before you can use the CLI interface, you must make a connection to the management server (see "Before Using the CLI" (on page 28)).

The following special characters are not supported:

- %
- ^
- ۍ ۱

To enter parameters that include those characters, enter the values against prompts after invoking the appiqconfig command without any parameters; for example:

- C:\cli\bin>appiqconfig
- Username: test user
- Password: test^user1
- Server: <IPAddress/DNS name>
- Transport [optional]:
- Port [optional]:
- ErrorOutput [optional]:
- CLI configuration is set; ready to issue commands

On Solaris or AIX, CLI commands must be entered in lowercase letters.

If the UNIX shell environment variable \$PATH is not set with the current directory, prefix the command with . / when running it on UNIX.

If **\$PATH** is set to include /opt/APPQcli/bin, you can run the CLI commands from any directory.

You must use root permissions to run the CLI on Solaris and Linux operating systems because the CLI was installed with root permissions.

You can run the CLI commands anywhere as long as you provide the path to the bin directory:

Microsoft Windows:

C:\\CLI\bin

UNIX:

/opt/APPQcli/bin

Some of the things that CLI commands can do include identifying and managing the following.

Identify:

- Backup information
- Interconnects between the various components in the domain
- Detailed configuration of each component
- · Capacity, performance, status, and event information from each device and its components
- Information about zone, zone aliases, and zone sets
- Volume information

Manage:

- Get Details
- Events
- LUNs
- Pools
- Volumes
- Zone aliases
- Zone sets
- Zones

To exit the CLI, enter exit or quit.

Before Using the CLI

Before you can use the CLI, you must configure the CLI environment. To connect to the management server, enter the following command on the computer from which you will run the CLI commands. This computer must already have the CLI installed.

Run the CLI only from a remote server. Do not use the CLI that is installed with the management server. The CLI on the management server is intended only for internal use by the software. See <u>"Installing the CLI" (on page 31)</u>.

Microsoft Windows:

```
appiqconfig -username <name> -password <passwd> -server <ip/name> -
transport <transport> -erroroutput <erroroutput> -port <port>
```

UNIX:

```
./appiqconfig -username <name> -password <passwd> -server <ip/name>
-transport <transport> -erroroutput <erroroutput> -port <port>
```

In this instance:

- <name> is the user name you use to log on to the management server. Also include its domain name; for example, domain\Administrator, especially if you are using Active Directory or LDAP.
- <passwd> is the password you use to log on to the management server.
- <ip/name> is the IP address or server name of the server running the management server.

Optional: <transport> is the transport to be used for the CLI commands. The management server supports the following transport types:

- https Default setting if the transport type is not specified.
- http
- RMI

Optional: <erroroutput> determines how much information is provided in error messages. The options are:

- none Withholds information about errors.
- **minimal (min)** Displays numeric return code, no-exception messaging, or stack trace produced. Use either min or minimal.
- **standard (std)** The default setting, which displays numeric error return code as well as a brief textual message (if available) describing the error. You can also use std for standard.
- maximum (max) The "debug" level setting, which, aside from the numeric error code, dumps a stack trace for any thrown exception. Use either max or maximum.

Optional: <port> sets the port for the CLI. Use this when you want to use a nonstandard port for the CLI. If you do not set this option, the management server uses the following standard communication ports:

- HTTP 80
- HTTPS-443
- RMI 1099

Accessing the CLI Help from the CLI

Online help for the command line interface (CLI) is accessible not only by clicking the Help button on the management server, but also from the CLI window. Help can be accessed from the CLI window by appending -help or -h to the command. For example, assume you want to list all the statistics for a host, but you don't know the full command. You could enter a portion of the command and append it with -help, as shown in the following example:

Microsoft Windows:

appiqstats -help

UNIX:

./appiqstats -help

The software would provide information about the appiqstats command.

To view the overall help for the CLI, enter the following at the command prompt:

cli -help

Before you can use the CLI, you must make a connection to the management server (see <u>"Before</u> Using the CLI" (on page 28)).

About Error Codes

The management server provides error codes to help you in determining what went wrong. Each error code corresponds to one of the descriptions listed in the following table:

Error Code	Description
0	No Error
1	Unknown Operation
2	Unsupported Operation
3	Bad Parameter List
4	Bad ID Parameter
5	Bad Parameter Value
6	Bad Command
7	API Error
8	CLI Configuration Error
9	Help Error
10	General Error

Accessing Error Codes

To access error codes, enter one of the following at the command prompt after you enter a CLI command:

Microsoft Windows:

echo %errorlevel%

UNIX (C shell):

echo \$status

UNIX (Bourne shell, Bourne Again shell, and Korn shell)

echo \$?

The error code is returned, for example 0, which means there is no error.

Chapter 2

Installing the CLI

Install the CLI on a remote server that can access the management server. Do not install the CLI on the management server.

If you have a previous version of the CLI, you must upgrade it to match the current version of the management server. See <u>"Upgrading the CLI" (on page 35)</u> for more information.

Note: Install the CLI in a directory

Related Topics:

"Installing the CLI on Microsoft Windows" (on page 31)

"Installing the CLI on Sun Solaris" (on page 32)

"Installing the CLI on Linux" (on page 33)

"Installing the CLI on IBM AIX" (on page 34)

"Upgrading the CLI" (on page 35)

Installing the CLI on Microsoft Windows

To install the CLI on Microsoft Windows:

- 1. Go to the Windows directory on the Utilities CD-ROM.
- 2. Double-click InstallCli.exe.

When you see the introduction screen, click Next.

3. When you are asked for an installation directory, you can select the default or choose your own. To choose your own directory, click **Choose**. You can always display the default directory by clicking **Restore Default Folder**.

When you are done, click Next.

- 4. Check the notes for any information that applies to your installation. Click Next.
- 5. Check the pre-installation summary. You are shown the following:
 - Product Name
 - Installation Folder
 - Disk Space Required
 - Disk Space Available
- 6. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Install** if you agree with the pre-installation summary.

Or

• Click **Previous** if you want to modify your selections.

The CLI is installed.

- 7. When you are told the installation was successful, click **Done** to quit the installation.
- 8. Go to the following directory:

```
C:\APPQ\CLI\bin
```

 Configure the CLI workstation to point to the management server. See <u>"Before Using the CLI"</u> (on page 28)).

Installing the CLI on Sun Solaris

You must have root privileges to install this software.

There are several installation options. One is an interactive option, which lets you select the installation directory. Another is a silent installation, which installs with no user input. The silent installation assumes the default installation directory. Both options install on computers with or without X Windows.

To install the CLI on Sun Solaris:

1. Go to the /Solaris directory on the Utilities CD-ROM by entering the following at the command prompt:

cd /cdrom/Solaris

In this instance, /cdrom is the directory where you mounted the CD-ROM.

2. To install the software, do one of the following:

If you receive a message saying there is not enough room in the temp directory to perform the installation, set the IATEMPDIR variable to another directory. The installation uses this directory to extract the installation files. See the documentation for your operating system for information on how to set this variable.

Interactive installation (without X Windows or Telnet terminal session)

You must enter -i console; otherwise, you are shown a traceback error. Enter the following at the command prompt:

./InstallCli.bin -i console

Interactive installation (with X Windows)

Enter the following at the command prompt:

./InstallCli.bin

Silent installation (X Windows not required)

Enter the following at the command prompt, and then go to step 6. You cannot change the installation directory.

./InstallCli.bin -i silent

The CLI is automatically installed in the /opt/APPQcli directory.

- 3. During the installation, you are asked for the installation directory. For best results, select the default installation directory.
- 4. Go to a directory other than one on the CD-ROM.
- 5. Unmount the CD-ROM by entering the following at the command prompt:
 - # umount /cdrom

In this instance, /cdrom is the name of the directory where you mounted the CD-ROM.

- 6. Go to the [*CLI_installation_directory*]/bin directory. In this instance, [*CLI_installation_directory*] is the directory that contans the *CLI* program.
- Configure the CLI workstation to point to the management server (see <u>"Before Using the CLI"</u> (on page 28)).

Installing the CLI on Linux

You must have root privileges to install this software.

You are provided several installation options. One is an interactive option, which lets you select the installation directory. Another is a silent installation, which installs with no user input. The silent installation assumes the default installation directory. Both options install on computers with or without X Windows.

To install the CLI on Linux:

- 1. Insert the Utilities CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Mount the CD-ROM drive by entering the following commands at the command prompt:
 - # mkdir -p /mnt/extensions
 - # mount /dev/cdrom /mnt/extensions

In this instance, /dev/cdrom is the CD device.

- 3. Go to the /linux directory on the Utilities CD by entering the following at the command prompt:
 - # cd /mnt/extensions/linux

In this instance, /mnt/extensions is the directory where you mounted the CD-ROM.

4. To install the software, do one of the following:

If you receive a message saying there is not enough room in the temp directory to perform the installation, set the IATEMPDIR variable to another directory. The installation uses this directory to extract the installation files. See the documentation for your operating system for information on how to set this variable.

Interactive installation (without X Windows or Telnet terminal session)

You must enter -i console; otherwise, you are shown a traceback error. Enter the following at the command prompt:

./InstallCli.bin -i console

Interactive installation (with X Windows)

Set the DISPLAY environment variable using the following commands:

DISPLAY=<ip-address>:displaynumber.screennumber

In this instance, <ip-address> is the address of the client from where the Installer script is launched.

```
# export DISPLAY
```

For example: # DISPLAY=172.168.10.15:0.0

export DISPLAY

Enter the following at the command prompt:

./InstallCli.bin

Silent installation (X Windows not required)

Enter the following at the command prompt, and then go to step 6. You cannot change the installation directory.

```
# ./InstallCli.bin -i silent
```

The CLI is automatically installed in the /opt/APPQcli directory.

- 5. During the installation, you are asked for the installation directory. For best results, select the default installation directory.
- 6. Go to a directory other than one on the CD-ROM.
- 7. Unmount the CD-ROM by entering the following at the command prompt:

umount /mnt/extensions

8. Go to the [CLI_installation_directory]/bin directory.

In this instance, [CLI_installation_directory] is the directory that contans the CLI program.

 Configure the CLI workstation to point to the management server. See <u>"Before Using the CLI"</u> (on page 28).

Installing the CLI on IBM AIX

You are provided several installation options. One is an interactive option, which lets you select the installation directory. Another is a silent installation, which installs with no user input. The silent installation assumes the default installation directory. Both options install on computers with or without X Windows.

To install the CLI on IBM AIX:

- 1. Insert the Utilities CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Mount the CD-ROM drive by entering the following at the command prompt:
 - # mount -rv cdrfs /dev/cd0 /cdrom

In this instance, /dev/cd0 is the name of the CD-ROM drive.

If necessary, create a /cdrom directory first.

3. Go to the /aix directory on the CD-ROM by entering the following at the command prompt:

```
# cd /cdrom/aix
```

In this instance, /cdrom is the directory where you mounted the CD-ROM.

4. To install the software, do one of the following:

If you receive a message saying there is not enough room in the temp directory to perform the installation, set the IATEMPDIR variable to another directory. The installation uses this directory to extract the installation files. See the documentation for your operating system for information on how to set this variable.

Interactive installation (without X Windows or Telnet terminal session)

You must enter -i console; otherwise, you are shown a traceback error. Enter the following at the command prompt:

./InstallCli.bin -i console

Interactive installation (with X Windows)

Enter the following at the command prompt:

./InstallCli.bin

Silent installation (X Windows not required)

Enter the following at the command prompt, and then go to step 6. You cannot change the installation directory.

```
# ./InstallCli.bin -i silent
```

The CLI is automatically installed in the /opt/APPQcli directory.

- 5. During the installation, you are asked for the installation directory. For best results, select the default installation directory.
- 6. Go to a directory other than one on the CD-ROM.
- 7. Unmount the CD-ROM by entering the following at the command prompt:

umount /cdrom

In this instance, /cdrom is the name of the directory where you mounted the CD-ROM.

- 8. Go to the [*CLI_installation_directory*]/bin directory. In this instance, [*CLI_installation_directory*] is the directory that contains the CLI program.
- Configure the CLI workstation to point to the management server. See <u>"Before Using the CLI"</u> (on page 28).

Upgrading the CLI

You can upgrade the CLI by running the installation as described in the previous sections. The installation detects an existing version, and it upgrades the CLI to the same location.

Removing the CLI

To remove the CLI from Microsoft Windows:

- 1. Go to Add/Remove Programs.
- 2. Select the CLI program from the list.
- 3. Click Change/Remove.

- 4. When you are told the product is about to be uninstalled, click **Uninstall**.
- 5. When the program is done with removing the product, click **Done**.

The CLI is removed from Microsoft Windows.

To remove the CLI from UNIX:

1. Go to the following directory by entering the following at the command prompt:

cd [InstallationDirectory]/Uninstall_[company_name]_CLI
In this instance, [InstallationDirectory] is the directory that contans the CLI.

2. Remove the CLI by entering the following at the command prompt:

./Uninstall_[company_name]_CLI

Chapter 3

CLI Commands

Before you can use the CLI, you must make a connection to the management server. See <u>"Before</u> Using the CLI" (on page 28) for more information.

HP recommends that you use the CLI prompt to enter your commands instead of typing the "appiq" prefix in the CLI commands. You can avoid typing the "appiq" prefix in the CLI commands by entering **cli** at the command prompt.

Each time you use the appiq prefix in a command at the command prompt, the CLI client must reestablish a connection with the management server. In comparison, when you use the CLI command prompt, a connection with the management server is established only once, not each time you enter a command. Because the CLI command prompt only establishes a connection once, it uses fewer resources and runs faster than entering commands at the command prompt. Using the CLI command prompt to enter commands is sometimes referred to as interactive mode.

To access the CLI prompt and enter a command:

1. Enter the following:

cli

2. Enter the following:

cli> list -event -all

The appiq prefix is removed.

CLI Version

You can find the version of the CLI by entering the following:

Microsoft Windows:

```
cli -version
```

UNIX:

```
./cli -version
```

At the CLI prompt you can enter -version or version, as in the following example:

```
CLI> -version (or) version
```

Applications

Use the following CLI commands for applications:

- "appiqlist -application -all" (on page 38)
- "appiqlist -application <id>" (on page 38)
- "appiqlist -application -database -all" (on page 38)
- "appiqlist -application -exchange -all" (on page 38)

- <u>"appiqlist -application -virtual -all" (on page 38)</u>
- "appiqshow -application <id>" (on page 38)
- "appiqshow -application -all" (on page 38)
- <u>"appiqshow -application -database -all" (on page 38)</u>
- "appiqshow -application -exchange -all" (on page 38)
- <u>"appiqshow -application -virtual -all" (on page 38)</u>
- "appiqstats -application -all" (on page 39)
- <u>"appiqstats -application <id>" (on page 39)</u>

appiqlist -application -all

Description: Provides a short description of all the applications.

appiqlist -application <id>

Description: Provides a short description of the specified application identifier. In this instance, <id> is the identifier for the application. The identifier for the application can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -application -all command.

appiqlist -application -database -all

Description: Lists all the database applications.

appiqlist -application -exchange -all

Description: Lists all the Microsoft Exchange applications.

appiqlist -application -virtual -all

Description: Lists all the virtual applications.

appiqshow -application <id>

Description: Displays detailed information about the specified application. In this instance, <id> is the identifier for the application. The identifier for the application can be obtained using several methods, such as the applicit -application -all command.

appiqshow -application -all

Description: Displays detailed information about all the applications.

appiqshow -application -database -all

Description: Displays detailed information about all the database applications.

appiqshow -application -exchange -all

Description: Displays detailed information about all the Microsoft Exchange applications.

appiqshow -application -virtual -all

Description: Displays detailed information about all the virtual applications.

appiqstats -application -all

Description: Shows the statistical information about all the applications.

appiqstats -application <id>

Description: Shows the statistical information about the specified applications.

In this instance, <id> is the identifier for the application. The identifier for the application can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -application -all command.

Backups

Use the following CLI commands to manage backups:

- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager -all" (on page 40)
- <u>"appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID>" (on page 40)</u>
- <u>"appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -all" (on page 40)</u>
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager" (on page 40)
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -schedule" (on page 40)
- <u>"appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -all" (on page 40)</u>
- <u>"appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -success" (on page 40)</u>
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -failure" (on page 41)
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -partial" (on page 41)
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediapool" (on page 41)
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -media" (on page 41)
- <u>"appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -policy" (on page 41)</u>
- "appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -client" (on page 41)
- "appiqlist -backup -mediamanager <ID>" (on page 41)
- "appiqlist -backup -mediamanager <ID> -tapelibrary" (on page 41)
- "appiqlist -backup -mom -all" (on page 41)
- <u>"appiqlist -backup -mom <ID>" (on page 42)</u>
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager -all" (on page 42)
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> " (on page 42)
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -all" (on page 42)
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager" (on page 42)
- <u>"appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -schedule" (on page 42)</u>
- <u>"appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -all" (on page 42)</u>
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -success" (on page 42)
- <u>"appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -failure" (on page 42)</u>

- <u>"appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -partial" (on page 43)</u>
- <u>"appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediapool" (on page 43)</u>
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -media" (on page 43)
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -policy" (on page 43)
- "appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -client" (on page 43)
- "appiqshow -backup -mediamanager <ID>" (on page 43)
- "appiqshow -backup -mediamanager <ID> -tapelibrary" (on page 43)
- "appiqshow -backup -mom -all" (on page 44)
- "appiqshow -backup -mom <ID>" (on page 44)

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager -all

Description: Lists all the backup managers.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID>

Description: Provides the name of the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the specified backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -all

Description: Lists all the subcomponents of the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager

Description: Lists all the media managers connected to the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -schedule

Description: Lists all the backup schedules of the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -all

Description: Lists all the backup jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -success

Description: Lists all the successful jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -failure

Description: Lists all the failed jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -partial

Description: Lists all the partially success jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediapool

Description: Lists all the backup media pools configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -media

Description: Lists all the available backup media for the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -policy

Description: Lists all the backup policies configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -backupmanager <ID> -client

Description: Lists all the backup clients associated with the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqlist -backup -mediamanager <ID>

Description: Provides the name of the media manager.

appiqlist -backup -mediamanager <ID> -tapelibrary

Description: Lists all the tape libraries connected to the media manager.

You can find the identifier for the media manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager command.

appiqlist -backup -mom -all

Description: Lists all of the master of master servers.

appiqlist -backup -mom <ID>

Description: Provides the name of the specified master of master server.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the backup managers.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the subcomponents of the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the media managers connected to the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -schedule

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the backup schedules of the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the backup jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -success

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the success jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -failure

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the failed jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -job -partial

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the partially success jobs configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -mediapool

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the backup media pools configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -media

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the available backup media for the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -policy

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the backup policies configured on the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -backupmanager <ID> -client

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the backup clients associated with the backup manager.

You can find the identifier for the backup manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager -all command.

appiqshow -backup -mediamanager <ID>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the media manager.

You can find the identifier for the media manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager command.

appiqshow -backup -mediamanager <ID> -tapelibrary

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the tape libraries connected to the media manager.

You can find the identifier for the media manager through the appiqlist -backup - backupmanager <ID> -mediamanager command.

appiqshow -backup -mom -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the master of master servers.

appiqshow -backup -mom <ID>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified master of master server.

Configuration

Use the following CLI commands to configure the management server:

- <u>"appiqadd -configuration -discovery -name <Schedule Name> -description <text> -nextrun</u> <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration> -discoverygroup <ids> [-infrastructure -backup refresh -enable]" (on page 45)
- <u>"appiqconfig -logout" (on page 45)</u>
- "appiqconfig -default [-server <IPAddress/DNS name>]" (on page 45)
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -discovery <id> -name <Schedule Name> -description <text> -nextrun date@time -interval <frequency@duration> -discoverygroup <ids> [-enable]" (on page 46)</u>
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -performance -dataaging <id> -nextrun<date@time> -interval</u> <frequency@duration> [-enable]" (on page 46)
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -performance -datacollection <id> -nextrun date@time -interval</u> <frequency@duration> -enable" (on page 46)
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -producthealth -diskspace -nextrun date@time -interval</u> <frequency@duration> [-enable]" (on page 46)
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -producthealth -logfile -nextrun <date@time> -interval</u> <frequency@duration> [-enable]" (on page 46)
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -producthealth -rmanbackup -nextrun date@time -interval</u> <frequency@duration> [-enable]" (on page 46)
- <u>"appiqedit -configuration -reports -cache -nextrun <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration></u> -enable" (on page 46)
- "appiqlist -configuration -discovery" (on page 47)
- <u>"appiqlist -configuration -discovery <id>" (on page 47)</u>
- "appiqlist -configuration -performance -dataaging" (on page 47)
- <u>"appiqlist -configuration -performance -dataaging <id>" (on page 47)</u>
- "appiqlist -configuration -performance -datacollection" (on page 47)
- "appiqlist -configuration -performance -datacollection <id>" (on page 48)
- "appiqlist -configuration -producthealth -diskspace" (on page 48)
- "appiqlist -configuration -producthealth -logfile" (on page 48)
- "appiqlist -configuration -producthealth -rmanbackup" (on page 48)
- <u>"appiqlist -configuration -reports -cache" (on page 48)</u>

- <u>"appiqlist -configuration -server -address" (on page 48)</u>
- "appiqrun -configuration -performance -datacollection <ids>" (on page 48)
- "appiqrun -configuration -reports -cache" (on page 48)
- <u>"appiqshow -configuration -discovery" (on page 48)</u>
- <u>"appiqshow -configuration -discovery <id>" (on page 48)</u>
- "appiqshow -configuration -performance -dataaging" (on page 49)
- <u>"appiqshow -configuration -performance -dataaging <id>" (on page 49)</u>
- "appiqshow -configuration -performance -datacollection" (on page 49)
- "appiqshow -configuration -producthealth -diskspace" (on page 49)
- "appiqshow -configuration -producthealth -logfile " (on page 49)
- "appiqshow -configuration -producthealth -rmanbackup" (on page 49)
- "appiqshow -configuration -reports -cache" (on page 49)
- "appiqshow -configuration -server -address" (on page 49)
- "appiqstop -configuration -performance -datacollection <ids>" (on page 49)

appiqadd -configuration -discovery -name <Schedule Name> description

<text> -nextrun <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration> discoverygroup

<ids> [-infrastructure -backup -refresh -enable]

Description: Adds a new schedule for discovery.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqconfig -logout

Description: Ends the CLI session with management server.

appiqconfig -default [-server <IPAddress/DNS name>]

Description: Sets the default configuration in the cli.cfg file, and connects to the management server with the default configuration.

The -server identifier is optional. If the -server identifier is not listed, the CLI uses "localhost" as the server name. The default values for admin and password are "admin" and "password."

appiqedit -configuration -backup -imagecollection <id> -nextrun <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration> -enable

Description: Edits the Backup Image Collection schedule.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -discovery <id> -name <Schedule Name> - description

<text> -nextrun date@time -interval <frequency@duration> discoverygroup <ids> [-enable]

Description: Edits the discovery schedule.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -performance -dataaging <id> -nextrun <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration> [-enable]

Description: Edits the performance data aging schedule.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -performance -datacollection <id> -nextrun date@time -interval <frequency@duration> -enable

Description: Edits the performance data collection schedule.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -producthealth -diskspace -nextrun date@time -interval <frequency@duration> [-enable]

Description: Edits the product health disk space schedule.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -producthealth -logfile -nextrun <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration> [-enable]

Description: Edits the product health log file schedule.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -producthealth -rmanbackup -nextrun date@time -interval <frequency@duration> [-enable]

Description: Edits the product health manbackup schedule.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -configuration -reports -cache -nextrun <date@time> -interval <frequency@duration> -enable

Description: Resets report cache schedule parameters.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

Note: -disable option is not available for this command.

appiqedit -domaindiscovery -application -databaseinfo -address <IP/DNS

Name> -managementaddress <IP/DNS Name> -server <name> -port <number> -type <oracle/sybase/cache/sqlserver/db2/informix> username

<name> [-serviceprincipalname <name>]

Description: Edits database information. If you are using SQL Server in Windows authentication mode, use the optional -serviceprincipalname tag to specify the service principal name.

In this instance:

-password, -description, and -serviceprincipalname are editable tags.

appiqlist -configuration -backup -imagecollection

Description: Lists all image collection schedules.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

appiqlist -configuration -backup -imagecollection <id>

Description: Lists the specified image collection schedule.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

appiqlist -configuration -discovery

Description: Lists all discovery schedules. This command works in the same way as the Discovery tab on the Configuration tab on the main page of the management server's user interface.

appiqlist -configuration -discovery <id>

Description: Lists the specified discovery schedule. This command works in the same way as the Discovery tab on the Configuration tab on the main page of the management server's user interface.

appiqlist -configuration -performance -dataaging

Description: Lists performance data aging schedules. This command works the same was as the Data Aging tab on the Performance tab in the management server's user interface.

appiqlist -configuration -performance -dataaging <id>

Description: Lists the specified performance data aging schedule. This command works the same was as the Data Aging tab on the Performance tab in the management server's user interface.

appiqlist -configuration -performance -datacollection

Description: Lists performance data collection for all schedules. This command works in the same way as the Data Collection tab on the Performance tab in the management server's user interface.

appiqlist -configuration -performance -datacollection <id>

Description: Lists the specified data collection schedules. This command works in the same way as the Data Collection tab on the Performance tab in the management server's user interface.

appiqlist -configuration -producthealth -diskspace

Description: Lists all product health disk space schedules.

appiqlist -configuration -producthealth -logfile

Description: Lists the product health log file schedule.

appiqlist -configuration -producthealth -rmanbackup

Description: Lists the product health rmanbackup schedule.

appiqlist -configuration -reports -cache

Description: Lists report cache schedule basic details.

appiqlist -configuration -server -address

Description: Displays the IP address of the management server connected to the CLI.

appiqrun -configuration -backup -imagecollection <ids>

Description: Runs the Backup Image Collection schedule.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

appiqrun -configuration -performance -datacollection <ids>

Description: Runs performance data collection schedules. The Schedule ID may be one or many.

appiqrun -configuration -reports -cache

Description: Refreshes the report cache.

appiqshow -configuration -backup -imagecollection

Description: Shows details of all image collection schedules.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

appiqshow -configuration -backup -imagecollection <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified image collection schedule.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

appiqshow -configuration -discovery

Description: Shows details of all discovery schedules. This command works in the same way as the Discovery tab on the Configuration tab on the main page of the management server's user interface.

appiqshow -configuration -discovery <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified discovery schedule.

appiqshow -configuration -performance -dataaging

Description: Shows details of all performance data aging schedules The same information is provided as resides on the Data Collection tab in the user interface.

appiqshow -configuration -performance -dataaging <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified performance data aging schedule.

appiqshow -configuration -performance -datacollection

Description: Shows details of performance datacollection for all schedules. This command works in the same way as the Data Collection tab on the Performance tab in the management server's user interface.

appiqshow -configuration -performance -datacollection <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified data collection schedule.

appiqshow -configuration -producthealth -diskspace

Description: Shows details of product health disk space schedules.

appiqshow -configuration -producthealth -logfile

Description: Shows details of the product health log file schedule.

appiqshow -configuration -producthealth -rmanbackup

Description: Shows details of the product health rmanbackup schedule.

appiqshow -configuration -reports -cache

Description: Shows details of the report cache schedule.

appiqshow -configuration -server -address

Description: Displays the IP address and user name of the management server connected to the CLI.

appiqstop -configuration -backup -imagecollection <ids>

Description: Stops the Backup Image Collection schedule.

Image collection is not applicable to EMC NetWorker and to IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM).

appiqstop -configuration -performance -datacollection <ids>

Description: Stops running performance data collection schedules. The schedule ID may be one or many.

Discovery

HP Storage Essentials provides CLI commands for discovery. For additional information about discovery, refer to "Discovering NAS Devices, Tape Libraries, Switches and Storage Systems" and "Discovering Applications, BackupServers and Hosts" in the *User Guide*.

Some of the commands have an optional -sync flag. If you specify the –sync flag, the command will be in synchronous mode, meaning the management server will not accept new commands until it is done with discovery.

For a complete list of discovery commands, see the table of contents.

appiqadd -domaindiscovery -address <IP/DNS Name> -username <name>

-password <pwd> -Comment <text>

Description: Adds the address of an element in the same way as the **Add Address** button does in discovery Step 1 of the management server's user interface

appiqadd -domaindiscovery -iprange -fromaddress <IP/DNS Name> -toaddress <IP/DNS Name> -username <name> -password <pwd> comment <text>

Description: Adds the IP address range to the domain discovery address list.

appiqadd -configuration -discovery <discovery schedule id> discoverygroup <ids>

Description: Adds to the given list of discovery groups to the given discovery schedule.

In this instance:

- <discovery schedule id> is the discovery schedule identifier. The discovery schedule identifier can be obtained from the appiqlist -configuration -discovery command.
- <ids> is the comma separated list of discovery group identifiers. The discovery group identifier can be obtained from the appiqlist -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup -all command.

appiqremove -configuration -discovery <discovery schedule id> discoverygroup <ids>

Description: Removes the given list of discovery groups from the given discovery schedule.

In this instance:

- <discovery schedule id> is the discovery schedule identifier. The ciscovery schedule identifier can be obtained from the appiqlist -configuration -discovery command.
- <ids> is the comma separated list of discovery group identifiers. The discovery group identifier can be obtained from the appiqlist -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup -all command.

appiqcreate -domaindiscovery -application -databaseinfo -address <IP/DNS Name> -managementaddress <IP/DNS Name> -server <name> -port <number> -type <oracle/sybase/cache/sglserver/db2/informix> -username <name> -

databasename <db name> -db2path <path name>

Description: Creates a new entry for database information.

Add -db2path <path name> to the end of the command only if you are using DB2.

If you are using SQL Server in Windows authentication mode, use the optional – serviceprincipalname tag to specify the service principle name.

appiqcreate -domaindiscovery -application -domaincontrollerinfo domain <Name>

-domaincontroller <name> -username <name> -password <pwd> [primary]

Description: Creates a new entry for the exchange domain controller. The -primary tag is required if the domain controller is primary.

appiqcreate -domaindiscovery -application -tnslistenerport <port number>

Description: Creates a new entry for the Oracle TNS Listener Port.

appiqcreate -domaindiscovery -application -usercredentials username <name> -password <password> -description <text> -type <oracle/sybase/cache/ sqlserver/db2/informix> [-authentication <mixed/windows> [domaincontroller <name>]]

Description: Creates user credentials. If the database type is SQL Server, use the optional – authentication tag to specify mixed mode or Windows mode. If you specify Windows mode, use the optional –domaincontroller tag to specify the domain controller.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -accesspoint <ids>

Description: Removes the specified access points from the discovery Step 2 and Step 3 list.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -accesspoint -all

Description: Removes all access points from the discovery Step 2 and Step 3 list.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -address <ids>

Description: Removes the specified discovery addresses from the discovery Step 1 list.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -address -all

Description: Removes all discovery addresses from the discovery Step 1 list.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -application -databaseinfo -address <IP/DNS name> -server <Instance_name/database_name> -port <port number> -type db2

Description: Removes database information. All of the parameters are mandatory.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -application -domaincontrollerinfo <id>

Description: Removes the specified domain controller from the list.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -application -tnslistenerport <port number>

Description: Removes the specified port number from from the TNS Listener Port list.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -application -usercredentials username <id>

-type <oracle/sybase/cache/sqlserver/db2/informix>

Description: Deletes user credentials for managed databases.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -credential -username

Description: Removes credentials from the default list. Credentials are identified by user name.

appiqdelete -domaindiscovery -credential -all

Description: Removes all credentials.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -address <ids> [-sync]

Description: Performs discovery Step 1 for the specified discovery addresses. To find the ID of an address, you must have previously discovered the device either through the discovery Step 1 window or through the following CLI command:

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -address -all [-sync]

See "appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -address -all [-sync]" (on page 52) for more information.

To find the ID for a device previously discovered, run the following command:

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -address -all

See "appiqlist -domaindiscovery -address -all" (on page 54) for more information.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -address -all [-sync]

Description: Performs discovery Step 1 for all discovery addresses.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -details -all -infrastructure -backup

Description: Collects infrastructure and backup data during Get Details.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -details -backup

Description: Collects only backup data during Get Details.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -details -infrastructure

Description: Collects only infrastructure data during Get Details.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -details -discoverygroup <ids> [-infrastructure -backup -refresh -sync]

Description: Collects element details for the specified discovery groups. The -infrastructure tag collects infrastructure details, and the -backup tag collects backup details. One of these options must be used. The -refresh tag forces the device manager to refresh.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -details -stop

Description: Stops the collection of infrastructure and backup data during Get Details.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -refresh -fabric <fabric id>

Description: Refreshes details of all the elements in a fabric. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -refresh -host <host id>

Description: Collects infrastructure data during Get Details for a specified host, but does not delete components that no longer exist. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -refresh -storagesystem <storage system id>

Description: Collects infrastructure data during Get Details for a specified storage system, but does not delete components that no longer exist. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -refresh -switch <switch id>

Description: Collects infrastructure data during Get Details for a specified switch, but does not delete components that no longer exist. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -test -address <id> [-sync]

Description: Works like the discovery Step 1 test button in the management server's user interface.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -topology [-sync]

Description: Obtains the topology. This command assumes you already performed a discovery.

appiqdiscover -domaindiscovery -topology -discoverygroup <ids> [sync]

Description: Obtains topology information for the specified discovery groups.

appiqedit -domaindiscovery -application -usercredentials -username <id> -password <password> -description <text> -type <oracle/sybase/cache/sqlserver/db2/ informix/db2/informix> [-authentication <mixed/windows> [domaincontroller <name>]]

Description: Edits user credentials. If the database type is SQL Server, use the optional – authentication tag to specify mixed mode or Windows mode. If you specify Windows mode, use the optional –domainconotroller tag to specify the domain controller.

In this instance, -password, -description, and -domaincontroller are editable tags.

appiqfetch -domaindiscovery -file <file name> [-password <password>]

Description: Imports discovery settings from file. Only the file name is required if the file is in the same directory. Otherwise, the full path of the file must be entered. The password is optional if the password is blank.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -accesspoint <id>

Description: Lists the specified access points listed in discovery Step 2 and Step 3.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -accesspoint -all

Description: Lists all of the access points listed in discovery Step 2 and Step 3.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -address <id>

Description: Lists the specified addresses listed in discovery Step 1.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -address -all

Description: Lists all of the addresses listed in discovery Step 1.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -application -all

Description: Lists the TNS Listener ports, Microsoft Exchange domain controllers, database information, and user credentials for managed databases.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -application -databaseinfo

Description: Lists details of database information.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -application -DomainControllerinfo

Description: Lists all of the Exchange server domain controller information.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -application -tnslistenerport

Description: Lists all of the Oracle TNS Listener ports.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -application -usercredentials

Description: Lists all of the user credentials information for managed database applications.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -credentials

Description: Lists all default user names.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup <id>

Description: Lists basic details of the specified discovery group.

appiqlist -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup -all

Description: Lists all discovery groups.

appiqmove -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup <id> -accesspoint <id>

Description: Moves the access point in a discovery group.

appiqsave -domaindiscovery -password <password>[-path <directory path name>]

Description: Saves discovery settings to file. The password is required and the path must follow file system rules. If the path is not specified, the settings are saved to the <code>env<CLI_DIR>/DiscoverySetting.xml</code> file.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -address <id> -username <name> password <pwd> -Comment <text>

Description: Resets the username, password, and comment for the specific address.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -credential -username <name> - password <password>

Description: Sets the default credentials in the same way that the Set Default User Name and Password link does on discovery Step 1 of the management server's user interface. If the credential name exists, the password is reset for the specified user name. The user name and password must be separated by "/".

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -accesspoint <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified access point listed in discovery Step 2 and Step 3.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -accesspoint -all

Description: Show details of all access points listed in discovery Step 2 and Step 3.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -address <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified address listed in discovery Step 1.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -address -all

Description: Shows details of all of the addresses listed in discovery Step 1.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -application -all

Description: Shows details of TNS Listener ports, exchange controllers, database information. and user credentials for managed databases.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -application -databaseinfo

Description: Shows details of database information.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -application -DomainControllerinfo

Description: Shows details of exchange domain controllers.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -application -tnslistnerport

Description: Shows details of TNS Listener ports.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -application -usercredentials

Description: Shows details of user credentials for managed databases.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -credentials

Description: Shows details of credentials (default UserName and password).

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup <id>

Description: Shows details of the specified discovery group.

appiqshow -domaindiscovery -discoverygroup -all

Description: Shows details of all discovery groups, such as id, name, and accesspoints.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -quarantine -all

Description: Sets the quarantine flag on all elements discovered in Step 3. This CLI works on Windows, Linux and Solaris.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -quarantine <id>

Description: Sets the quarantine flag on the specified access point. This CLI works on Windows, Linux and Solaris.

The substitute for <id> can be either the access point ID or the string shown in the IP Address / DNS Name column of the **Discovery** > **Details** page in Storage Essentials. It can be a single string or a comma delimited list of either of the two types of identifiers.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -quarantine <id1,id2,id3..>

Description: Sets the quarantine flag on the specified access points. This CLI works on Windows, Linux and Solaris.

The substitute for <id> can be either the access point ID or the string shown in the IP Address / DNS Name column of the **Discovery** > **Details** page in Storage Essentials. It can be a single string or a comma delimited list of either of the two types of identifiers.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -unquarantine -all

Description: Clears the quarantine flags on all elements. This command works on Windows, Linux and Solaris.

appiqset -domaindiscovery -unquarantine <id>

Description: Clears the quarantine flag on the specified access points. This command works on Windows, Linux and Solaris.

The substitute for <id> can be either the access point ID or the string shown in the IP Address / DNS Name column of the **Discovery** > **Details** page in HP Storage Essentials can be a single string or a comma delimited list of either of the two types of identifiers.

appiqstatus -managementserver

Description: Displays the status of management server.

The following statuses are possible:

- Discovering If the management server is running Step 1.
- Getting Topology If the management server is running Step 2.
- Getting Details If the management server is running Step 3.
- Normal If the management server is idle.

Domains

Use the following CLI commands to manage domains:

- "appiqlist -domain -path" (on page 57)
- <u>"appiqshow -domain -path" (on page 57)</u>

appiqlist -domain -path

Description: Lists the domains detected by the management server and its paths.

appiqshow -domain -path

Description: Provides a detailed description of the domains detected by management server and their paths.

Events

Use the following CLI commands to manage and obtain information about events:

- "appiqlist -event -all" (on page 59)
- <u>"appiqlist -event <event id> " (on page 59)</u>
- <u>"appiqlist -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyymm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 59)</u>
- "appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 59)
- "appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 60)
- <u>"appiqlist -event -all -type <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime</u>
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- <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 61)
- <u>"appiqlist -event -all -elementtype <element type>" (on page 62)</u>
- <u>"appiqlist -event -all -elementtype <element type> -severity <severity>" (on page 62)</u>
- <u>"appiqlist -event -all -elementtype <element type> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime<hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 62)
- <u>"appiqlist -event -elementid <element id>" (on page 63)</u>
- "appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity>" (on page 63)
- "appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime
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- <u>"appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now" (on page 63)
- <u>"appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 64)
- "appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -type <eventtype> -startdate
 <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime
 <hh:mm|now>" (on page 64)
- <u>"appiqshow -event <event id> " (on page 64)</u>
- "appiqshow -event -all -elementtype <element type>" (on page 64)
- <u>"appiqshow -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 65)</u>
- <u>"appiqshow -event -all -elementtype <element type> -severity <severity>" (on page 65)</u>
- "appiqshow -event -all -elementtype <element type> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 65)
- "appiqshow -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 65)
- "appiqshow -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime
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- <u>"appiqshow -event -all -severity <severity> -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 66)
- "appiqshow -event -elementid <element id>" (on page 67)
- "appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> " (on page 67)
- "appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime
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- "appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 67)
- <u>"appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 68)
- <u>"appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -</u> starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 68)
- "appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -type <eventtype> -startdate
 <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime
 <hh:mm|now>" (on page 68)
- <u>"appiqclear -event <event id>" (on page 68)</u>
- "appiqclear -event -all " (on page 68)
- <u>"appiqclear -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 69)</u>

- <u>"appiqclear -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 69)</u>
- "appiqclear -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime
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- "appiqdelete -event <event id>" (on page 69)
- <u>"appiqdelete -event -all" (on page 69)</u>
- <u>"appiqdelete -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 69)</u>
- <u>"appiqdelete -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 70)</u>
- <u>"appiqdelete -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime</u>
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- "appiqdelete -event -elementid <element id>" (on page 70)
- "appiqdelete -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity>" (on page 70)
- <u>"appiqdelete -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 70)
 </u>

appiqlist -event -all

Description: Provides a short description of the events.

appiqlist -event <event id>

Description: Lists events specified by <event id> along with a short description of each event. You can obtain <event id> from the appiqlist -event -all command.

appiqlist -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the time specified

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.

appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>

Description: Lists the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the severity specified. In this instance, <severity> is the severity of the event. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

To specify the severity, enter the appropriate number from the following table. If you do not include the severity flag, all severities are included. The definition for each severity level varies according to the type of element.

Severity Definitions

Severity	Definition
1	unknown severity, minimum severity
2	information notices
4	warning – For example, for a Brocade switch, one or more new physical fabric objects (device port, switch, or fabric) have appeared
8	minor severity – For example, for a Brocade switch, a physical fabric object (switch port or fabric) has changed state
16	major severity – For example, for a Brocade switch, one or more physical fabric objects (device port, switch, or fabric) have disappeared
32	critical severity – For example, for a Brocade switch, a device connected to the switch has gone off line
64	clear

appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the time and severity specified.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqlist -event -all -type <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime

<hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the time and event type specified.

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <eventType> is the event type. Events of all types are shown if you do not specify the event type.

appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today>

-starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the severity, event type, and time specified.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- eventType> is the event type. See the following table for a listing of available event types.
- <severity> is the severity of the event.

Enter one of the following for the event type.

Event Types

Severity	Event Type	An Event Regarding the Following
1	unknown	An unknown event
2	cimevent	СІМОМ
3	cimalert	CIMOM alert
4	cimprocess	A process with the CIMOM
5	appiqalert	An alert from the management server
6	appiqevent	An event from the management server
7	policy	Policies
8	provisioning	Provisioning
9	discovery	Discovery
10	synchronizer	Get Details
11	monitoring	Performance Manager
12	reporting	Report Optimizer
13	asset	Chargeback Manager
14	policymanager	Policy Manager
15	appiqagent	CIM extensions
16	api	The management server API
17	enterprisereporting	Global Reporter

Severity	Event Type	An Event Regarding the Following
19	reportviewrefresh	An event regarding a refresh with the report views
20	dbalertlogscan	An alert regarding a database log scan

appiqlist -event -all -elementtype <element type>

Description: Lists the events for the specified element type.

In this instance, <element type> is the identifier for an element type. The following table lists the various element types. Events from all element types are displayed if you do not specify the – elementtype tag.

Fle	emei	nt T	Īvn	es
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Element Type	Lists Only Events from the Following		
application	Applications		
host	Hosts		
switch	Switches		
storagesystem	Storage systems		
tapelibrary	Tape libraries		
fabric	Fabrics		
other	Elements that do not fit the previous categories		
storageessential	The management server		
All	All elements		

appiqlist -event -all -elementtype <element type> -severity <severity>

Description: Lists the events for the specified element type and severity.

- <element type> is the identifier for an element type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -elementtype</u> <<u>element type>" (on page 62)</u> for information about the various element types. Events from all element types are displayed if you do not specify the -elementtype tag.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqlist -event -all -elementtype <element type> -startdate <yyyymm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the element type specified within the specified time.

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.

• <element type> is the identifier for an element type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -elementtype</u> <element type>" (on page 62) for information about the various element types. Events from all element types are displayed if you do not specify the -elementtype tag.

appiqlist -event -elementid <element id>

Description: Lists the events from the element specified.

In this instance, <element id> is the identifier for the element. The element identifier can be obtained using several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity>

Description: Lists the events from a specified element and with a specified severity value.

In this instance:

- <element id> is the identifier for the element. The element identifier can be obtained using several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime

<hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the time specified.

In this instance:

- <element id> is the identifier for the element. The element identifier can be obtained using several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event.

appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now

Description: Lists the events for the specified element, severity, and time interval.

In this instance:

• <element id> is the identifier for the element. The element identifier can be obtained using several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered, for example, 10:45.

appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today>

-starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the element specified with the specified event type and within the specified interval.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <eventtype> is the event type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type</u>
 <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd
 today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 61). Events of all types are shown if you do not specify the event type.

appiqlist -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Lists the events from the element specified with the specified event type and within the specified interval.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <eventtype> is the event type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type</u>
 <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd
 today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 61). Events of all types are shown if you do not specify the event type.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event <event id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the event specified by <event id>. You can obtain <event id> from the appiqlist -event -all command.

appiqshow -event -all -elementtype <element type>

Description: Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified <element type>.

In this instance, <element type> is the identifier for an element type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -</u> <u>elementtype <element type>" (on page 62)</u> for information about the various element types. Events from all element types are displayed if you do not specify the -elementtype tag.

appiqshow -event -all -severity <severity>

In this instance, <severity> is the severity of the event. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

Description: Provides a description of the events from the elements monitored by the management server that fall within the severity specified. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag. The definition for each severity level varies according to the type of element. <u>"appiqlist</u>-event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 59) for more information.

appiqshow -event -all -elementtype <element type> -severity <severity>

Description: Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified <element type> that are of the specified severity.

In this instance:

- <element type> is the identifier for an element type.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -all -elementtype <element type> -startdate <yyyymm-dd|today>

-starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description : Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified <element type> and time interval.

In this instance:

- <element type> is the identifier for an element type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -elementtype</u> <element type>" (on page 62) for information about the various element types. Events from all element types are displayed if you do not specify the -elementtype tag.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered, for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate

<yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Provides detailed information about all the events between the specified time intervals.

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime

<hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Provides detailed information about all the events with the specified severity and time interval.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd | today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -all -type <eventtype> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Provides detailed information about all the events with the specified event type and time interval.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm | now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <eventtype> is the event type. "appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type <eventType> startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd today> endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 61). Events of all types are shown if you do not specify the event type.

appiqshow -event -all -severity <severity> -type <eventtype> startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Provides detailed information about all the events with the specified severity, event type, and time interval.

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.

 <severity> is the severity of the event. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -elementid <element id>

Description : Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified element.

appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity>

Description: Provides a detailed description of events from the specified element and with the specified severity value.

In this instance:

- <element id> is the identifier for the element. The element identifier can be obtained using several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page</u> <u>59)</u> for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description : Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified element and within the specified time interval.

In this instance:

- <element id> is the identifier for an element.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm | now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.

appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> startdate

<yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mmdd|today>

-endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description : Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified element, severity, and specified time interval.

- <element id> is the identifier for an element.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm | now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 59)</u> for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -type <eventtype> startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description : Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified element, event type, and time interval.

In this instance:

- <element id> is the identifier for an element.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <eventtype> is the event type. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type</u>
 <eventType> -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd
 today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 61). Events of all types are shown if you do not specify the event type.

appiqshow -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> -type <eventtype> -startdate

<yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -endtime

<hh:mm|now>

Description : Provides detailed information about all the events for a specified element, severity, event type, and interval.

In this instance:

- <element id> is the identifier for an element.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.
- <eventtype> is the event type. "appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity> -type <eventType> startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd today> endtime <hh:mm|now>" (on page 61). Events of all types are shown if you do not specify the event type.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page</u> 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqclear -event <event id>

Description: Clears the event specified by <event id>.

In this instance, <event id> is the identifier for the event.

appiqclear -event -all

Description: Clears all events.

appiqclear -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Clears all the events generated between the specified times.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd | today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.

appiqclear -event -all -severity <severity>

Description: Clears all the events with the specified severity.

In this instance, <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity</u> <u><severity>" (on page 59)</u> for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqclear -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Clears events with the specified severity and between the specified times.

In this instance:

- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered; for example, 2011-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered; for example, 10:45.

appiqdelete -event <event id>

Description: Deletes the event specified by <event id>. This command can only delete events that are associated with an element.

appiqdelete -event -all

Description: Deletes all the events. This command can only delete events that are associated with an element.

appiqdelete -event -all -severity <severity>

Description: Deletes all events with the specified severity value.

In this instance, <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity</u> <<u>severity>" (on page 59)</u> for more information. This command can only delete events that are associated with an element.

appiqdelete -event -all -startdate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now>

-enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Deletes all the events that are associated with an element between specified times. This command can only delete events that are associated with an element.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered, for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered, for example, 10:45.

appiqdelete -event -all -severity <severity> -startdate <yyyy-mmdd|today> -starttime

<hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mm-dd|today> -endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Deletes all the events that are associated with an element with the specified severity and time interval. This command can only delete events that are associated with an element.

In this instance:

- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered, for example, 2005-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered, for example, 10:45.
- <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on</u> page 59) for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqdelete -event -elementid <element id>

Description: Deletes all the events that are from the element specified by <element id>.

appiqdelete -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity>

Description: Delete all the events that are from the element specified by <element id> and with the specified severity value.

In this instance, <severity> is the severity of the event. See <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity</u> <u><severity>" (on page 59)</u> for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

appiqdelete -event -elementid <element id> -severity <severity> - startdate

<yyyy-mm-dd|today> -starttime <hh:mm|now> -enddate <yyyy-mmdd|today>

-endtime <hh:mm|now>

Description: Delete all the events for a specified element, severity, and time interval.

- <element id> is the identifier for an element.
- <yyyy-mm-dd|today> is the date, or today can be entered, for example, 2010-05-23.
- <hh:mm|now> is the time (24-hour clock), or now can be entered, for example, 10:45.

• <severity> is the severity of the event. <u>"appiqlist -event -all -severity <severity>" (on page 59)</u> for more information. All severities are included if you do not include the severity flag.

Export to Visio

Use the following commands to export the topology to an XML file that can be viewed in Microsoft Visio:

appiqexport -topologylayout -path <c:/xmls> -system

Description: Exports the SAN topology as an XML file.

appiqexport -topologylayout -path <c:/xmls> -backup

Description: Exports the backup topology as an XML file.

Fabrics

Use the following types of CLI commands to obtain information about fabrics:

- **appiqlist** Lists fabrics or elements, such as applications, hosts, switches, storage systems, zone sets, zones, and paths within the fabrics or a specified fabric.
- appigshow Provides detailed information about fabrics or elements within a fabric.

To obtain information about the command, type -help at the end of the command, as shown in the following example:

```
appiqlist -fabric -all -help
```

appiqlist -fabric -all

Description: Lists fabrics.

appiqlist -fabric -all -device

Description: Lists the devices in all discovered fabrics, such as hosts, switches, storage systems, and tape libraries.

appiqlist -fabric -all -application

Description: Lists the applications in fabrics.

Example:

```
C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric -all -application
Fabric:1080:100008008840242B
Fabric:1089:1000080088A0D07E
Fabric:1096:1000006069500b84
Application:1064:straker1
Application:1125:Archer1
Fabric:1166:10000060695011e9
Application:1064:straker1
```

Application:1125:Archer1 Fabric:1179:1000080088A06414 Fabric:1215:100000606930260d

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the world wide name (WWN) of the fabric or the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric -all -host

Description: Lists the hosts in fabrics.

Example:

```
C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric -all -host
Fabric:1080:100008008840242B
Fabric:1089:1000080088A0D07E
Fabric:1096:1000006069500b84
Host:1004:ufo
Host:1003:challenger
Fabric:1166:10000060695011e9
Host:1003:challenger
Fabric:1179:1000080088A06414
Fabric:1215:100000606930260d
```

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the world wide name (WWN) of the fabric or the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric -all -port

Description: Lists the Fibre Channel ports in the fabrics.

appiqlist -fabric -all -switch

Description: Lists the switches in fabrics.

Example:

```
C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric -all -switch
Fabric:1080:100008008840242B
Switch:1012:AppIQ_ED-1032
Fabric:1089:1000080088A0D07E
Switch:1010:AppIQ_ES-3016
Fabric:1096:1000006069500b84
Switch:1013:QBrocade3
```

Switch:1014:QBrocade4 Fabric:1166:10000060695011e9 Switch:1007:QBrocade2 Switch:1008:QBrocade5 Fabric:1179:1000080088A06414 Switch:1011:AppIQ_ED-6064 Fabric:1215:100000606930260d Switch:1005:QBrocade1

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the world wide name (WWN) of the fabric or the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric -all -storagesystem

Description: Lists the storage systems in fabrics.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric -all -storagesystem
Fabric:1080:100008008840242B
Fabric:1096:100006069500b84
StorageSystem:1006:LSI2400
StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236
StorageSystem:1001:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)
Fabric:1166:1000060695011e9
StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236
StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236
StorageSystem:1001:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)
Fabric:1179:1000080088A06414
StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236
Fabric:1215:10000606930260d
StorageSystem:1001:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the world wide name (WWN) of the fabric or the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric -all -tapelibrary

Description: Lists the tape libraries in fabrics.

appiqlist -fabric -all -zoneset

Description: Lists the zone sets in fabrics.

appiqlist -fabric -all -zone

Description: Lists the zones in fabrics.

appiqlist -fabric -all -zonealias

Description: Lists the zone aliases in fabrics.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id>

Description: Displays the world wide name of the specified fabric and its fabric identifier.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -device

Description: Lists the hosts, switches, storage systems and tape libraries in the fabric specified by <fabric id>. Applications are not displayed.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric 1096 -device Host:1004:ufo Host:1003:challenger Switch:1013:QBrocade3 Switch:1014:QBrocade4 StorageSystem:1006:LSI2400 StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236 StorageSystem:1001:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the world wide name (WWN) of the fabric or the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -application

Description: Lists the applications in the fabric specified by <fabric id>. In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

Example:

```
C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric 1096 -application
Application:1064:straker1
Application:1125:Archer1
```

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -host

Description: Lists the hosts in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric 1096 -host Host:1004:ufo Host:1003:challenger

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -port

Description: Lists the Fibre Channel ports in the specified fabric.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -switch

Description: Lists the switches in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric 1096 -switch

Switch:1013:QBrocade3

Switch:1014:QBrocade4

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -storagesystem

Description: Lists the storage systems in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

Example:

```
C:\cli>appiqlist -fabric 1096 -storagesystem
StorageSystem:1006:LSI2400
StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236
StorageSystem:1001:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)
```

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element in the fabric.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -tapelibrary

Description: Provides tape library in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset

Description: Lists the zone sets in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone

Description: Lists the zones in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zonealias

Description: Lists the zone aliases in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqset -fabric <fabric id> -customname <new name>

Description: Sets the custom name of the fabric.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -device

Description: Provides a detailed description of the elements, such as hosts, switches, storage systems and tape libraries, in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -application

Description: Provides a detailed description of the applications in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -host

Description: Provides a detailed description of the hosts in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -port

Description: Provides a detailed description of the Fibre Channel ports in the fabrics managed by the management server. Inter Switch Link (ISL) trunking information is also provided, if accessible, for supported switches.

appiqshow -fabric -all -switch

Description: Provides a detailed description of the switches in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -storagesystem

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage systems in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -tapelibrary

Description: Provides a detailed description of the tape libraries in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -zoneset

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone sets in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -zone

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zones in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric -all -zonealias

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone aliases in the fabrics managed by the management server.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -device

Description: Provides a detailed description of the hosts, switches, storage systems, zone sets, zones, paths, and tape libraries in the fabric specified by <fabric id>. Applications are not displayed.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -application

Description: Provides a detailed description of the applications in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -host

Description: Provides a detailed description of the hosts in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -port

Description: Provides a detailed description of the Fibre Channel ports in the fabric specified by <fabric id>. Inter Switch Link (ISL) trunking information is also provided, if accessible, for supported switches.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -switch

Description: Provides a detailed description of the switches in the fabric specified by <fabric id>. Inter Switch Link (ISL) trunking information is also provided, if accessible, for supported switches.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -storagesystem

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage systems in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -tapelibrary

Description: Provides a detailed description of the tape libraries in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone sets in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -zone

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zones in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

appiqshow -fabric <fabric id> -zonealias

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone aliases in the fabric specified by <fabric id>.

In this instance, <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.

Hierarchical Groups

Use the following CLI commands to manage and obtain information about hierarchical groups:

appiqcreate -hg -path <parent path> -name <name> -description <description> -cp1 [prop1] -cp2 [prop2] -cp3 [prop3] -cp4 [prop4] cp5 [prop5]

Description: Creates the hierarchical group and sets the properties attached to it if the given path is valid.

In this instance:

- <parent path> is the parent group under which the new group will be created. This parameter is not required for the creation of top level groups. But it must be required while creating sub-groups at any level under the top level groups.
- <name> is the name of the group; which cannot be empty or null.
- <cp1> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp2> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp3> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp4> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp5> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.

appiqedit -hg -id <group id> -name <name> -description <description> -cp1 [prop1] -cp2 [prop2] -cp3 [prop3] -cp4 [prop4] cp5[prop5]

Description: Edits the group and updates all the properties including its name, if the given group identifier is valid.

In this instance:

- <group id> is the group identifier and is a required field. Group identifier can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands
- <name> is the name of the group which cannot be empty or null.
- <cp1> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp2> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp3> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.

- <cp4> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.
- <cp5> is the custom property attached with the group and is optional.

appiqdelete -hg <group name with path (or) group id>

Description: Deletes the group, if the given group path or id is valid.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path and is a required field. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands

appiqlist -hg -all

Description: Lists the top level group details.

appiqlist -hg <group name with path (or) group id>

Description: Lists the group details of the given group path or id.

In this instance, the <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqlist -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -all

Description: Lists the details of all the subgroups of the given group path or id.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqshow -hg -all

Description: Show the top-level group details.

appiqshow -hg <group name with path (or) group id>

Description: Shows the group details of the given group path or id.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist - hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqshow -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -all

Description: Shows the details of all the subgroups of the given group path or id.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqexport -hg -file <file name with path>

Description: Exports the group hierarchy to the specified file.

In this instance, <file name with path> is the file to which the group hierarchy need to be saved.

appiqfetch -hg -file <file name with path>

Description: Imports the group hierarchy from the specified XML format file.

In this instance, <file name with path> is the file to which the group hierarchy need to be imported.

appiqlist -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -members

Description: Lists the member details of the given group path or id. This command does not list the members of the subgroups.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqlist -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -members -all

Description: Lists the member details of the given group path or id and its subgroups.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqshow -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -members

Description: Shows the member details of the given group path or id. This command does not include the members of its subgroups.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqshow -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -members -all

Description: Shows the member details of the given group path or id and its subgroups.

In this instance, <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.

appiqadd -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -ids <element IDs>

Description: Adds members to the given group path or id.

In this instance:

- <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.
- <element IDs> is the comma separated list of element identifiers to be added to group. The element identifier can be obtained from several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained from the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqremove -hg <group name with path (or) group id> -ids <element IDs>

Description: Removes members from the given group path or id.

In this instance:

- <group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path. Group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.
- <element IDs> is the comma separated list of element identifiers to be removed from the group. The element identifier can be obtained from several methods. For example, the element identifier for a storage system can be obtained from the appiqlist -device storagesystem -all command.

appiqmove -hg -source <source group name with path (or) group id> -target <target parent group name with path (or) group id> -name <group name>

Description: Moves the source group from its current parent to target group.

In this instance:

- <source group name with path (or) group id> is the group identifier or path to be moved. The group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.
- <target parent group name with path (or) group id> is the target group identifier or path under which the source group to be moved. If no target is specified then the group will be moved to the top level. The group identifier or path can be obtained from the appiqlist -hg -all (or) appiqlist -hg <group path or id> commands.

Hosts

Use the following CLI commands to obtain information about hosts:

- **appiqlist** Lists hosts or components belonging to the hosts or a specified host, such as ports and disk drives.
- **appiqshow** Provides detailed information about the components belonging to the hosts or a specified host.
- appigstats Provides statistics about a host or its components, such as a logical drive.

appiqdelete -device -host <id> [-accesspoint]

Description: Deletes the specified host. The optional -accesspoint tag deletes the element entry from the access point list.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host -all

Description: Lists the hosts detected by the management server.

Example:

C:\cli>AppiqList -device -host -all Host:1002:viking Host:1003:challenger Host:1004:ufo Host:1058:YAMATO Host:1069:QASERVER02 Host:1083:GROMMIT

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the host.

appiqlist -device -host <id>

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

Description: Provides the DNS name of the host specified.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -host 1004

Host:1004:comet

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the host.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -all

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

Description: Lists the components of the host specified.

Example:

```
C:\cli>appiqlist -device -host 1004 -all
Port:1044:Adapter 0 Port 0
Port:1060:Adapter 1 Port 0
```

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element.

On execution of this command for EMC Celerra host, the output displays only the Disk Drives and Logical Disks for the host.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -port

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

Description: Lists the specified host's Fibre Channel ports.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -host 1004 -port Port:1044:Adapter 0 Port 0 Port:1060:Adapter 1 Port 0

The numbers 1044 and 1060 are the identifiers for the ports.

This command is not supported for EMC Celerra host.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -application

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

Description: Lists the applications on the host specified.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -host 1004 -application

Application:1064:straker1

The number 1064 is the identifier for the application, and straker1 is the name of the instance for the application. In this instance, straker1 is an Oracle instance.

This command is not supported for EMC Celerra host.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -hba

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

Description: Lists the host bus adapters connected to the host specified.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -host 1004 -hba

HBACard:1025:Adapter 0

HBACard:1027:Adapter 1

The numbers 1025 and 1027 are the identifiers for the HBA cards.

This command is not supported for EMC Celerra host.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -targetmapping

Description: Lists the target mappings of the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -diskdrive

Description: Lists the disk drives connected to the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -logicaldisk

Description: Lists the logical drives of the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -volume

Description: Lists the volume manager volumes of the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -partition

Description: Lists the partitions of the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -multipathdevice

Description: Lists the multipath devices connected to the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqlist -device -host <id> -processor

Description: Lists the processors connected to the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

This command is not supported for EMC Celerra host.

appiqset -device -host <id> -customname <new name>

Description: Sets the custom name of the specified host.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the components on the hosts detected by the management server.

appiqshow -device -host <id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified host's components.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -port

Description: Provides a detailed description of the Fibre Channel ports connected to the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -application

Description: Provides a detailed description of the applications on the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -hba

Description: Provides a detailed description of the host bus adapters connected to the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -targetmapping

Description: Provides a detailed description of the target mappings of the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -diskdrive

Description: Provides a detailed description of the disk drives connected to the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -logicaldisk

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified host's logical disks.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -volume

Description: Provides a detailed description of the volume manager volumes on the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -partition

Description: Provides a detailed description of the partitions on the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -multipathdevice

Description: Provides a detailed description of the multi-path devices on the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqshow -device -host <id> -processor

Description: Provides a detailed description of the processors on the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqstats -device -host -all

Description: Provides statistics about the hosts the management server discovers.

appiqstats -device -host <id>

Description: Provides statistics about the host specified.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

appiqstats -device -host <id> -logicaldisk

Description: Provides statistics about the logical disks on the specified host.

In this instance, <id> is the host identifier. The host identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host -all command.

Host Security Groups

Use the following CLI commands to manage host security groups:

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id>

Description: Provides the name of the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -all

Description: Lists all the subcomponents belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -port

Description: Lists all the ports belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -volume

Description: Lists volumes in the host security group specified. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -initiator

Description: Lists initiator ports associated with the host security group specified. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist – device –storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -lun

Description: Lists all the LUNs belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -hid

Description: Lists all the hardware IDs belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist – device –storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -subordinate

Description: Lists all the subordinate host security groups belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqlist -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> - maskingcapabilities

Description: Lists all the masking capabilities belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist – device –storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -all

Description: Provides detailed information about all the subcomponents belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> - hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -port

Description: Provides detailed information about all the ports belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods,

such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup
command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -volume

Description: Provides detailed information about all volumes in the host security group specified. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -initiator

Description: Provides detailed information about all the initiators in the host security group specified. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -lun

Description: Provides detailed information about all the LUNs belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -hid

Description: Provides detailed information about all the hardware IDs belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> - hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -subordinate

Description: Provides detailed information about all the subordinate host security group belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> - hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> - maskingcapabilities

Description: Provides detailed information about all the masking capabilities belonging to the specified host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> - hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqset -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -name <hostsecuritygroup name>

Description: Sets or changes the name of the host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqset -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -hostmode <StorageClientSetting id>

Description: Sets the host mode data.

In this instance:

- <hostsecuritygroup id> is the identifier for the host security group.
- <StorageClientSetting id> is the identifier for the storage client setting.

The identifiers for the host security group and storage client setting can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> - hostsecuritygroup and appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> - storageclientsettings commands.

appiqset -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -hostmode2 <String representing HostMode2 value>

Description: Sets data for the second host mode.

In this instance:

- <hostsecuritygroup id> is the identifier for the host security group.
- <String representing HostMode2 value> is the string for the second host mode.

appiqdelete -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id>

Description: Deletes the host security group specified. In this instance, the <hostsecuritygroup id> is the identifier for the host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqadd -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -volume <list of volume ids>

-deviceaccess <list of device access ids>

Description: Adds specified volumes to the host security group specified. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

In this instance, <List of access types> is a list of volume access rights for each volume specified by <list of volume ids>. For each volume specified, you must provide one of the following numbers to indicate the access type:

- 0: Unknown access
- 2: Read-write
- 3: Read-only
- 4: No access

appiqadd -hostsecuritygroup <host security group id> - initiator <list of hba port ids>

Description: Adds specified initiator WWNs to the host security group specified.

In this instance:

• <host security group id> is the identifier for the host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -

device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.

appiqremove -hostsecuritygroup <host security group id> -volume <list of volume ids>

Description: Removes specified volumes from the protocol controller specified.

In this instance:

- <host security group id> is the identifier for the host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.
- <list of volume ids> is a list of storage system volume IDs. The list of volume IDs can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqshow -hostsecuritygroup <hostsecuritygroup id> -volume command.

appiqremove -hostsecuritygroup <host security group id> - initiator <list of hba port ids>

Description: Removes specified initiator WWNs from the protocol controller specified.

In this instance:

- <host security group id> is the identifier for the host security group. The identifier for the host security group can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup command.
- <list of host port ids> is the HBA port ID or initiator for the host. The HBA port ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -host <host id> -port command.

appiqcreate -hostsecuritygroup <storage system id> -port <list of storage system port ids> -initiator <list of host port wwns | list of host port lds> [-name <name>]

Description: Creates a host security group with the specified list of initiators (host ports) and with the given name.

In this instance:

- <storage system id> can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.
- <list of storagesystem ports IDs> is a list of storage system port IDs.
- <Name> (optional) is the name you specify for the host security group.

appiqcreate -hostsecuritygroup <storage system id> -port <list of storage system port ids> -initiator <list of host port wwns | list of host port lds> [-name <name>]

Description: Creates a host security group with the given name that is associated with the specified lists of initiators (host ports) and storage system ports.

In this instance:

- <storage system id> can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.
- <List of storagesystem ports IDs> is a list of storage system port IDs.
- <list of volume ids> is a list of storage system volume IDs.
- <Name> (optional) is the name you specify for the host security group.

appiqcreate -hostsecuritygroup <storage system id> -port <list of storage system ports>

-initiator <list of host port wwns | list of host port lds> -volume <list of volume ids>

-deviceaccess <list of deviceaccess values> [-name <name>]

Description: Creates a host security group with a given name that is associated with the specified lists of initiators (host ports), storage system ports, and volumes. Device access specifies access level to each of the specified storage volume.

In this instance:

- <storage system id> can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.
- <List of storagesystem ports IDs> is a list of storage system port IDs.
- <list of volume ids> is a list of storage system volume IDs.
- <list of deviceaccess values> is a list of volume access rights for each volume specified by <list of volume ids>. For each volume specified, you must provide one of the following numbers to indicate the access type:
 - 0: Unknown access
 - 2: Read-write

- 3: Read-only
- 4: No access
- (Optional): <Name> is the name for the host security group.

Adding a list of initiator, volumes or storagesystem ports to a host security group (HSG) is specific to the storage system. Some storage system might not support adding more than one volume or initiator to the same HSG. Some storage systems might not support adding same volume to more than one HSG. You can obtain information about HSGs from the following command:

```
Appiqshow -device -storagesystem <storagesystem id> -
maskingcapabilities
```

NetApp NAS Devices

Use the following CLI commands to show details for NetApp NAS devices:

appiqlist -device -nashost -all

Description: Lists all NAS hosts.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id>

Description: Lists all NAS hosts with matching ID.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -all

Description: Lists all NAS host elements.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -volume

Description: Lists all the volumes of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -quota

Description: Lists all quotas for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -snapshot

Description: Lists all snapshots for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -share

Description: Lists all shares for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -qtree

Description: Lists all gtrees for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -diskdrive

Description: Lists all disk drives of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -aggregate

Description: Lists all aggregates of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -plex

Description: Lists all plexes of a NAS host.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -raid

Description: Lists all RAID groups of a NAS host.

appiqlist -fabric <id> -nashost

Description: Lists all NAS hosts of a fabric.

appiqlist -fabric -all -nashost

Description: Lists all NAS hosts of all fabrics.

appiqshow -device -nashost -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all NAS hosts.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of NAS host elements.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of a NAS host with a specified id.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -volume

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the volumes of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -quota

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the quotas for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -snapshot

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the snapshots for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -share

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the shares for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -qtree

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the qtrees for a volume of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -diskdrive

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the disk drives of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -aggregate

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the aggregates of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -plex

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the plexes of a NAS host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -raid

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the raid groups of a NAS host.

appiqshow -fabric <id> -nashost

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the NAS hosts of a fabric.

appiqshow -fabric -all -nashost

Description: Provides a detailed description of all NAS hosts of all fabrics.

EMC Celerra

Use the following CLI commands to show details for EMC Celerra devices:

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -volume <id> -checkpoint

Description: Lists all checkpoints for a volume of a Celerra device.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -metavolume

Description: Lists all meta volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -slicevolume

Description: Lists all slice volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqlist - device -nashost <id> -poolvolume

Description: Lists all pool volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -stripevolume

Description: Lists all stripe volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -storagepool

Description: Lists all storage pools of a Celerra device

appiqlist -device -nashost <id> -datamover

Description: Lists all data movers of a Celerra device.

appiqshow -device -nashost -<id> -volume <id> -checkpoint

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the Checkpoints for a volume of a Celerra device.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -metavolume

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the meta volumes of a Celerra host.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -poolvolume

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the pool volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -stripevolume

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the stripe volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -slicevolume

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the slice volumes of a Celerra device.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -storagepool

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the storage pools of a Celerra device.

appiqshow -device -nashost <id> -datamover

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the data movers of a Celerra device.

Remote CIM Extensions Management

Use the following CLI commands to install, upgrade, and manage CIM extensions.

You must copy the CIM extensions to the management server before you can remotely manage CIM extensions. Refer to the "Deploying and Managing CIM Extensions" chapter of the *Installation Guide* for more details.

appiqinstall -agent -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Performs an initial installation of the CIM extension configuration for the specified remote host.

appiqinstall -ssh -username <username of host> -password <password of host> -hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Installs OpenSSH on the specified remote Windows host. This command works only from a Windows management server, and can deploy OpenSSH only to a Windows server.

appiqstart -agent -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Tries to start the CIM extension on the indicated remote host.

appiqstop -agent -cime <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Attempts to use the CIM extension interface to stop the CIM extension on the indicated remote host.

appiqstop -agent -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Attempts to use SSH to stop the CIM extension on the indicated remote host.

appiqstatus -agent -cime <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Attempts to use the CIM extension interface to contact the CIM extension on the indicated remote host. If successful, the version number of the agent is returned.

appiqstatus -agent -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Attempts to use SSH to contact the CIM extension on the indicated remote host. If successful, the version number of the agent is returned.

appiqfetch -gather -cime <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Retrieves the output of the CIM extension gather script from the indicated host through the CIM extension interface. The credentials for the CIM extension are retrieved from the management server database. The host must have been discovered by the management server.

The files are saved to the following directory:

<Install Directory>\logs\download\<HOSTNAME>\tools\

appiqfetch -logs -cime <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Retrieves the CIM extension log files from the indicated host through the CIM extension interface. The credentials for the CIM extension are retrieved from the management server database. The host must have been discovered by the management server.

appiqfetch -logs -username <username of host> -password <password of host> bostname <IP address or DNS name of bost>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Retrieves the CIM extension log files from the indicated host through SSH. The files are zipped and the resulting zip file stored in the indicated directory on the management server.

appiqupdate -agent -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Updates the CIM extension on the indicated host.

appiqfetch -config -username <username of host> -password <password of host> -hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Retrieves the CIM extension configuration files from the indicated remote host. If successful, the configuration files are copied to the indicated directory on the management server.

appiqupdate -config -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Updates the CIM extension configuration files for the indicated remote host.

For the appiqupdate -config command, the following arguments are all optional. If they are not specified, they will be left out of the configuration.

- -port is the port to start the agent on.
- -ip is the IP address to start the agent on (useful for multihomed systems).
- -autoip specifies that the same IP address used to communicate with the machine via SSH is used to start the agent.
- -agentUsername is the username to which the agent responds.
- -agentPassword is the password for the username to which the agent responds.

appiquninstall -agent -username <username of host> -password <password of host>

-hostname <IP address or DNS name of host>

Description: Uninstalls the CIM extension from the indicated host.

Security

Use the following CLI commands to view information about users, groups, organizations, and roles.

appiqadd -organization <id> -host <ids> -switch <ids> storagesystem <ids> -application <ids> -tapelibrary <ids> -childorganization <ids> volume <ids>

Description: Adds top-level elements to an organization.

appiqcreate -organization -name <orgName> -description <text> host <ids>

-switch <ids> -storagesystem <ids> -tapelibrary <ids> -application <ids>

-childorganization <ids> -volume <ids>

Description: Creates a new organization and adds top-level and sub-elements in the organization.

appiqdelete -organization <id>

Description: Deletes the specified organization.

appiqlist -user -all

Description: Lists users authorized to access the management server.

appiqlist -user <user id>

Description: Provides information about the specified user. You can obtain the identifier for the user from the appiqlist -user -all command.

appiqlist -user <user id> -role

Description: Provides information about the specified user's role. You can obtain the identifier for the user from the appiqlist -user -all command.

appiqlist -user <user id> -organization

Description: Provides information about the specified user's organizations. You can obtain the identifier for the user from the appiqlist -user -all command.

appiqlist -role -all

Description: Lists all the available roles in the server.

appiqlist -role <role id>

Description: Provides information about the role specified. You can obtain the identifier for the role from the appiqlist -role -all command.

appiqlist -organization -all

Description: Lists the organizations available in the management server.

appiqlist -organization <org id>

Description: Provides information about the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist -organization -all command.

appiqlist -organization <org id> -element

Description: Lists elements available in the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist -organization -all command.

appiqlist -organization <org id> -user

Description: Lists users in the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist -organization -all command.

appiqlist -organization <org id> -childorganization

Description: Lists child organizations in the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist -organization -all command.

appiqremove -organization <id> -host <ids> -switch <ids> storagesystem <ids> -application <ids> -tapelibrary <ids> -childorganization <ids> volume <ids>

Description: Removes top level elements in a organization.

appiqset -organization <id> -name <orgName> -description <text> -host <ids> -switch <ids> -storagesystem <ids> -application <ids> tapelibrary <ids> -childorganization <ids> -volume <ids>

Description: Sets the organization name and description, and also replaces the top-level and subelements in the organization.

appiqlist -adorganization -all

Description: Lists all the AD/LDAP organization units available in the management server.

appiqlist -adorganization <adorganization id>

Description: Provides information of the specified AD/LDAP organization unit. You can obtain the identifier for the AD/LDAP organization unit from the appiqlist -adorganization -all command.

appiqlist -adorganization <adorganization id> -role

Description: Provides information of the specified AD/LDAP organization unit's role. You can obtain the identifier for the AD/LDAP organization unit from the appiqlist -adorganization -all command.

appiqlist -adorganization <adorganization id> organization

Description: Provides information of the specified AD/LDAP organization unit's organizations. You can obtain the identifier for the AD/LDAP organization from the appiqlist -adorganization -all command.

appiqshow -user -all

Description: Provides a detailed description about the users authorized to access the management server.

appiqshow -user <user id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified user. You can obtain the identifier for the user from the appiqlist -user -all command.

appiqshow -user <user id> -role

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified user's role. You can obtain the identifier for the user from the appiqlist -user -all command.

appiqshow -user <user id> -organization

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified user's organizations. You can obtain the identifier for the user from the appiqlist -user -all command.

appiqshow -role -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the available roles on the server.

appiqshow -role <role id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the role specified. You can obtain the identifier for the role from the appiqlist -role -all command.

appiqshow -organization - all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the organizations available in the management server.

appiqshow -organization <org id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist -organization -all command.

appiqshow -organization <org id> -element

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the elements available in the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist – organization –all command.

appiqshow -organization <org id> -user

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the users in the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist -organization -all command.

appiqshow -organization <org id> -childorganization

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the child organizations in the organization specified. You can obtain the identifier for the organization from the appiqlist – organization –all command.

appiqshow -adorganization -all

Description: Provides detailed description of all the AD/LDAP organization units available in the management server.

appiqshow -adorganization <adorganization id>

Description: Provides detailed information of the specified AD/LDAP organization unit. You can obtain the identifier for the AD/LDAP organization unit from the appiqlist -adorganization -all command.

appiqshow -adorganization <adorganization id> -role

Description: Provides detailed information of the specified AD/LDAP organization unit's role. You can obtain the identifier for the AD/LDAP organization unit from the appiqlist – adorganization –all command.

appiqlist -adorganization <adorganization id> organization

Description: Provides detailed information of the specified AD/LDAP organization unit's organizations. You can obtain the identifier for the AD/LDAP organization from the appiqlist - adorganization -all command.

Storage Pools

Use the following CLI commands to manage storage pools.

appiqlist -pool <pool id>

Description: Provides the name of a specific storage pool. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqlist -pool <pool id> -volume

Description: Lists volumes on the storage pool specified. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqlist -pool <pool id> -storageextent

Description: Lists storage extents on the storage pool specified. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqlist -pool <pool id> -storagesetting

Description: Lists storage settings for the pool specified.

For a parent pool (unconfigured pool), the storage settings provided from this command are used in the creation of a pool.

For a nonparent pool, the storage settings provided from this command are used in volume creation.

The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqshow -pool <pool id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the pool specified. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

If you want even more detailed information, refer to Provisioning Manager for pool information.

appiqshow -pool <pool id> -storagesetting

Description: Provides a detailed list of storage settings for this pool.

For a parent pool (unconfigured pool), these settings are used in the creation of a pool.

For a non-parent pool, these settings are used in volume creation.

The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqshow -pool <pool id> -storageextent

Description: Provides a detailed description of storage extents on the pool specified. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqshow -pool <pool id> -volume

Description: Provides a detailed description of volumes on the pool specified. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

appiqcreate -pool <pool id 1>...<pool id n> -storagesetting <storage settings id> -size <size in MB>

Description: Creates a storage pool with the specified unconfigured pools, storage setting and size. Not all storage systems support assigning the name at creation time.

In this instance:

- <pool id> is an unconfigured pool ID. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.
- <storage setting id> is the storage setting ID for the new pool. You can obtain the storage setting ID from one of the following commands:
 - appiqshow -device -storage system <storagesystem id> -pool
 - appiqlist -pool <id> -storagesetting
 - appiqshow -pool <id> -storagesetting (This command also shows supported sizes for each storage setting.)
- <size in MB> is the size of the pool in megabytes.

appiqcreate -pool <pool id 1>...<pool id n> -extents <extent id 1>...<extend id n>

-storagesetting <storage settings id> -size <size in MB>

Description: Creates a storage pool with the specified unconfigured pools, storage setting, size, and storage pool name. The parameters must be entered in the specified order.

In this instance:

- <pool id> is an unconfigured pool ID. The pool ID can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.
- <extent id 1> is the extent identifier. This command currently supports only one extent identifier.
- <storage setting id> is the storage setting ID for the new pool. You can obtain the storage setting ID from one of the following commands:
 - appiqshow -device -storage system <storagesystem id> -pool
 - appiqlist -pool <id> -storagesetting
 - appiqshow -pool <id> -storagesetting This command also shows supported sizes for each storage setting.
- <size in MB> is the size of the pool in megabytes.

appiqdelete -pool <pool id>

Description: Deletes a storage pool. In this instance, <pool id> is the identifier for the storage system pool. The identifier for the storage system pool can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -pool command.

Sorting the Information Displayed

This software provides several commands that enable you to sort the information displayed. Before you can use the commands for sorting information on Windows, you must install Cygwin, which is accessible from http://www.cygwin.com/. Cygwin is a program that simulates a Linux environment. Cygwin is required because the following commands include the grep command, which is not recognized by Windows but it is recognized by Linux. If you have the CLI installed on

Windows, the commands named in this section must be typed in the Cygwin interface. Refer to the Cygwin Web site for technical questions and issues.

If you have not already done so, connect to the management server. See <u>"Before Using the CLI"</u> (on page 28) or type "AppiqConfig -help" in the CLI.

Sorting Hosts by Number of HBAs

To sort hosts by the number of host bus adapters, enter the following at the command prompt:

```
# appiqlist -fabric -all -host | grep "^Host:" | sort | uniq -c | sort
-rn
```

The software displays the following:

- 2 Host:3563:Host 3563
- 2 Host:1622:ufo
- 2 Host:1620:challenger
- 2 Host:1608:YAMATO
- 2 Host:1607:TIRPITZ
- 1 Host:3597:Host 3597
- 1 Host:3594:Host 3594
- 1 Host:3591:Host 3591
- 1 Host:3588:Host 3588

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the host.

Sort Storage Systems by Number of Fabrics Connected

To sort the storage systems by the number of fabrics connected, enter the following at the command prompt:

```
# appiqlist -fabric -all -storagesystem | grep "^StorageSystem:" |
sort | uniq -c | sort -rn
```

The software displays the following:

- 6 StorageSystem:1616:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)
- 4 StorageSystem: 3536: HITACHI DISK-SUBSYSTEM 0118
- 2 StorageSystem: 3527: DGC LUNZ 0099
- 2 StorageSystem:1618:LSI2400
- 2 StorageSystem:1019:LSI4600

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the storage system.

Search Fabrics for Zone Sets with the Same Name

To obtain a list of fabrics with zone sets with the same name, enter the following at the command prompt:

```
# appiqlist -fabric -all -zoneset | grep "^ZoneSet:" | cut -d':' -f3 |
sort | uniq -c | sort -rn
```

The software displays the following:

- 3 QAConfig01
- 3 DevConfig01
- 2 QAConfig03
- 2 QAConfig02
- 2 DevConfig03
- 1 test98798798
- 1 test650
- 1 test

The first item is the number of zone sets with the same name. The second item is the name of the zone set.

Sort All Zones in All Fabrics by Zone Name

To sort all zones in all fabrics by zone name, enter the following at the command prompt:

```
# appiqlist -fabric -all -zone | grep "^Zone:" | cut -d':' -f3 | sort
```

The software displays the following:

```
BobsLP8000_FA13B
BobsLP8000_FA13B
Challenger_FA13A
Challenger FA16A
```

The names of the zones are displayed.

Display Model Numbers of All Switches

To display the model numbers of all switches, enter the following at the command prompt:

```
# appiqshow -fabric -all -switch | grep "^Model:" | cut -d':' -f2 |
sort | uniq -c | sort -rn
```

The software displays the following:

- 5 SilkWorm 2800
- 2 SilkWorm 3800
- 2 SilkWorm 2400

1 5000.001

The first item is the number of switches of that type. The second item is the model name.

Storage Systems

Use the following types of CLI commands to obtain information about storage systems:

- appiqlist Lists information about the components of the storage system.
- **appiqshow** Provides a detailed description of the components in the storage system.
- appigstats Provides statistics about a storage system or its components, such as a storage pool.

appiqdelete -device -storagesystem <storage system id> [accesspoint]

Description: Deletes the specified storage system. The optional -accesspoint tag deletes the storage system entry from the access point list.

In this instance, <storage system id> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all

Description: Lists the storage systems the management server detects.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all

StorageSystem:1000:HDS9910@192.168.1.236

StorageSystem:1001:000183500570 (Symm48:3830)

StorageSystem:1006:LSI2400

StorageSystem:1009:LSI4600

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id>

Description: Provides the name of the storage system specified.

In this instance, <storage system id> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem -all command.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -storagesystem 1006

StorageSystem:1006:LSI2400

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <storage system id> -all

Description: Lists the subcomponents of the specified storage system.

In this instance, <storage system id> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -port

Description: Lists the ports for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -lun

Description: Lists the LUNs for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -pool

Description: Lists the storage pools for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -volume

Description: Lists the volumes for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command. To view volume information for HiCommand storage systems, use the AppIQList device -storagesystem <ssid> -unmappedvolume and AppIQList -device storagesystem <ssid> -mappedvolume commands.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -storagecapability

Description: Lists the storage capabilities for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -drive

Description: Lists the drives for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -extent

Description: Lists the extents for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup

Description: Provides the host security group for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -maskingcapabilities

Description: Lists the masking capabilities for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -unmappedvolume

In this instance, <ssid> is the identifier for a storage system. The storage system identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

Description: Lists the unmapped volumes for the storage system specified.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -mappedvolume

Description: Lists the mapped volumes for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the identifier for a storage system. The storage system identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -storageclientsettings

Description: Lists the storage client settings for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqset -device -storagesystem <ssid> -customname <new name>

Description: Sets the custom name of the specified storage system.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage systems detected by the management server.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the specified storage system, such as the controller port identifiers for the storage system specified, not the actual ports.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command. To view volume information for HiCommand storage systems, use the AppIQShow device -storagesystem <ssid> -unmappedvolume and AppIQShow -device storagesystem <ssid> -mappedvolume commands.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the components of the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -port

Description: Provides a detailed description of the ports for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -lun

Description: Provides a detailed description of the LUNs for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -pool

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage pools for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -volume

Description: Provides a detailed description of the volumes for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all

command. To view volume information for HiCommand storage systems, use the AppIQShow device -storagesystem <ssid> -unmappedvolume and AppIQShow -device storagesystem <ssid> -mappedvolume commands.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -unmappedvolume

Description: Provides a detailed description of the unmapped volumes for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the identifier for a storage system. The storage system identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -mappedvolume

Description: Provides a detailed description of the mapped volumes for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the identifier for a storage system. The storage system identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -storagecapability

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage pool capability for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -drive

Description: Provides a detailed description of the drives for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -extent

Description: Provides a detailed description of the extents for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -hostsecuritygroup

Description: Provides a detailed description of the host security group for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -maskingcapabilities

Description: Provides a detailed description of the masking capabilities for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -storageclientsettings

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage client settings for the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqstats -device -storagesystem -all

Description: Provides statistics about the storage systems the management server discovers.

appiqstats -device -storagesystem <ssid>

Description: Provides statistics about the storage system specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqstats -device -storagesystem <ssid> -pool

Description: Provides statistics about the storage pools on the specified storage systems.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

EMC Centera

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -poolcapability

DescriptionLists the storage pool capabilities for Centera devices.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as with the appiqlist -device -storagesystem - all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -profiles

Description:Lists the profiles for the Centera devices.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as with the appiqlist - device -storagesystem - all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -node

Description: Lists the nodes for the Centera devices specified.

In this instance <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as appiqlist - device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqlist -device -storagesystem <ssid> -node -disk

Description: Lists the disks for the Centera device node specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as with the appiqlist - device -storagesystem - all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -profiles

Description: Provides a detailed description of the profiles for the Centera device specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -node

Description: Provides a detailed description of the nodes for the Centera device specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqshow -device -storagesystem <ssid> -node -disk

Description: Provides a detailed description of the disks for the Centera device node specified.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqstats -device -storagesystem <ssid> -node

Description: Provides statistics about the nodes on the specified Centera devices.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

appiqstats -device -storagesystem<ssid> -node -disk

Description: Provides statistics about the disks on the specified Centera device node.

In this instance, <ssid> is the storage system identifier. The storage system identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -storagesystem -all command.

Switches

Use the following types of CLI commands to obtain information about switches:

- appiqlist Lists information about the components of the switch
- **appiqshow** Provides a detailed description of the components in the switch

appiqdelete -device -switch <switch id> [-accesspoint]

Description: Deletes the specified switch. The optional -accesspoint tag deletes the access point managing the switch. Other elements that are managed by the same access point are also deleted if they are not managed by any other access points.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqlist -device -switch -all

Description: Lists the switches the management server detects.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -switch -all

Switch:1005:QBrocade2

Switch:1007:QBrocade5

Switch:1008:AppIQ ED-6064

Switch:1011:AppIQ ES-3016

Switch:1012:QBrocade3

Switch:1013:QBrocade4

Switch:1014:QBrocade1

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element.

appiqlist -device -switch <switch id>

Description: Provides the name of the switch specified by the switch identifier.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

Example:

C:\cli>appiqlist -device -switch 1007

Switch:1007:QBrocade5

The number after the first colon is the identifier for the element. The item after the second colon is the name of the element.

appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -all

Description: Lists the elements associated with the specified switch, such as ports, zones, zone aliases and zone sets.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -port

Description: Provides information about the ports on the specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -zonealias

Description: Provides information about zone aliases on the specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -zone

Description: Provides information about zones on the specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -zoneset

Description: Provides information about zone sets on the specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqset -device -switch <switch id> -customname <new name>

Description: Sets the custom name of the specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqshow -device -switch -all

Description: Provides detailed information about the switches detected by the management server. Inter Switch Link (ISL) trunking information is also provided, if accessible, for supported switches.

appiqshow -device -switch <switch id>

Description: Provides detailed information about the specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqshow -device -switch <switch id> -all

Description: Provides detailed information about the specified switch and the subelements of the switch, such as ports, zones, zone aliases, and zone sets.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqshow -device -switch <switch id> -port

Description: Provides detailed information about the ports on the specified switch. Inter Switch Link (ISL) trunking information is also provided, if accessible, for supported switches.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqshow -device -switch <switch id> -zone

Description: Provides detailed information about zones in the switch fabric.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqshow -device -switch <switch id> -zoneset

Description: Provides detailed information about zone sets in the switch fabric.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqshow -device -switch <switch id> -zonealias

Description: Provides detailed information about zone aliases in the switch fabric.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

appiqstats -device -switch -all

Description: Provides statistical information about all switches

appiqstats -device -switch <switch id>

Description: Provides statistical information about a specified switch.

In this instance, <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switch identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.

Tape Libraries

Use the following types of CLI commands to obtain information about tape libraries:

- appiqlist Lists information about the components of the tape libraries
- appigshow Provides a detailed description of the components in the tape libraries

appiqdelete -device -tapelibrary <library ID> [-accesspoint]

Description: Deletes the specified element. The optional -accesspoint tag deletes the tape library entry from the access point list.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary -all

Description: Lists all the tape libraries that the management server detects.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary <library ID>

Description: Provides the name of the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -all

Description: Lists all the subcomponents (port, media access device, controller cards, and changer devices) that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -port

Description: Lists all Fibre Channel ports that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -mediaaccessdevice

Description: Lists all media-access devices that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -controller

Description: Lists all front-end controller cards that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqlist -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -changerdevice

Description: Lists all changer devices that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqset -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -customname <new name>

Description: Sets the custom name of the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all the tape libraries that the management server detects.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary <library ID>

Description: Provides a detailed description of a specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of all subcomponents (for example, port, mediaaccess device, controller, and changer device) that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -port

Description: Provides a detailed description of all Fibre Channel ports that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -mediaaccessdevice

Description: Provides a detailed description of all media-access devices that belong to the specified tape library

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -controller

Description: Provides a detailed description of all front-end controller cards that belongs to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

appiqshow -device -tapelibrary <library ID> -changerdevice

Description: Provides a detailed description of all changer devices that belong to the specified tape library.

In this instance, <library id> is the identifier for the tape library. The identifier for the tape library can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device - tapelibrary -all command.

Volumes

Use the following types of CLI commands to create and delete volumes:

- appiqcreate Creates a volume.
- appiqdelete Deletes a volume.

appiqdelete -volume <list of volume id>

Description: Deletes the volume specified. In this instance, <volume id> is the identifier of a volume. The <volume id> can be obtained through several methods, such as the appiqlist - device -storagesystem <id> -volume command.

appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -storagesetting <storage setting id | [-default]> -size <size in MB>

Description: Creates a storage volume with the specified storage pool and the storage setting ID.

In this instance:

- <stor sys pool id> is the identifier for a storage system pool. The storage system pool identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device storagesystem <ssid> -pool command.
- <storage setting id | -default> is the identifier for the storage setting. The storage setting identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqshow -device storagesystem <id> -pool command.
- <size in MB> is the size of the volume in megabytes.

To create a storage volume on an LSI storage system, use the appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -lsi -storagesetting <storage setting id | [-default]> - size<size in MB> -cacheahead <ca> -segmentsize <ssize> -name <name> command.

appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -storagesetting <storage setting id | [-default]> -size <size in MB> -name <name>

Description: Creates a storage volume on the specified storage pool with the storage settings ID and name.

In this instance:

- <stor sys pool id> is the identifier for a storage system pool. The storage system pool identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device storagesystem <ssid> -pool command.
- <storage setting id | -default> is the identifier for the storage setting. The storage setting identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appigshow -device storagesystem <id> -pool command.
- <size in MB> is the size of the volume in megabytes.
- <name> is the name of the storage volume you want to create.

To create a storage volume on an LSI storage system, use the appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -lsi -storagesetting <storage setting id | [-default]> - size<size in MB> -cacheahead <ca> -segmentsize <ssize> -name <name> command.

Note: Not all storage systems support assigning a name at creation time.

appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -lsi -storagesetting <storage setting id | [-default]> -size<size in MB> -cacheahead <ca> -segmentsize <ssize> -name <name>

Description: Creates a storage volume on an LSI storage system.

In this instance:

- <stor sys pool id> is the identifier for a storage system pool. The storage system pool identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appiqlist -device storagesystem <ssid> -pool command.
- <storage setting id | -default> is the identifier for the storage setting. The storage setting identifier can be found through several methods, such as the appigshow -device storagesystem <id> -pool command.
- <size in MB> is the size of the volume in megabytes.
- <ca> is the cache read-ahead multiplier (0 to 65535 bytes). A cache read-ahead multiplier copies additional data blocks into the cache while it is reading and copying host-requested data blocks from disk to cache. Select the multiplier that maximizes performance for the way the volume will be utilized.
- <ss> is the segment size of the volume.
- <name> is the name of the storage volume you want to create.

To create a storage volume on a storage system other than LSI, see:

- "appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -storagesetting <storage setting id | [-default]> -size
 <size in MB>" (on page 118)
- "appiqcreate -volume <stor sys pool id> -storagesetting <storage setting id |[-default]> -size
 <size in MB> -name <name>" (on page 119)

Zones

Use the following types of CLI commands to manage and obtain information about zones:

- **appiqlist** Lists the ports and zone aliases in a specified zone.
- **appiqshow** Provides detailed information about ports and zone aliases within a specified zone.
- appiqcreate Creates a zone.
- appiqdelete Deletes a zone.
- **appiqadd** Enables you add a specified zone to a zone set. You can also use this command to add zone aliases or ports to a zone.
- **appiqremove** Removes a specified zone from a zone set.

Naming Conventions for Zones

Naming conventions for brocade switches:

- The name must contain 1 to 64 characters.
- The name must begin with a letter. Any character other than the first character can be a letter, a numeral (0 to 9), or an underscore (_).
- The name is case sensitive. For example, "Zone1" and "zone1" are different zones.
- You cannot create a zone with the same name as an existing zone, zone alias, or zone set. For example, if you create a zone named "new", you cannot give a zone, zone alias, or zone set the same name.
- The following characters are invalid for Brocade switches: caret (^), dash (-), and dollar sign (\$).

Naming Conventions for McDATA Switches:

- The name can have a maximum of 64 characters.
- The first character of a zone name must be a letter (A-Z, AZ).
- A zone name cannot contain spaces.
- Valid characters are a-a, AA, 0-9, caret (^), dash (-), underscore (_), and dollar sign (\$).
- All names must be unique and cannot differ by case. For example, myzone and MyZone are considered to be the same zone.

Naming Conventions for Zones

Naming conventions for brocade switches:

- The name must contain 1 to 64 characters.
- The name must begin with a letter. Any character other than the first character can be a letter, numeral (0 to 9), or underscore (_).
- The name is case sensitive. For example, "Zone1" and "zone1" are different.
- You cannot create a zone with the same name as an existing zone, zone alias, or zone set. For example, if you create a zone named "new," you cannot give a zone, zone alias, or zone set the same name.
- The following characters are invalid for Brocade switches: caret (^), dash (-), and dollar sign (\$).

Naming Conventions for McDATA Switches:

- The name can have a maximum of 64 characters.
- The first character of a zone name must be a letter (A-Z, AZ).
- A zone name cannot contain spaces.
- Valid characters are a-a, AA, 0-9, caret (^), dash (-), underscore (_), and dollar sign (\$).
- All names must be unique and may not differ by case. For example, myzone and MyZone are considered to be the same zone.

appiqlist -zone <zone id> -all

Description: Lists the ports, zone aliases, hosts, and storage systems contained in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqlist -zone <zone id> -host

Description: Lists the hosts in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqlist -zone <zone id> -storagesystem

Description: Lists the storage systems in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqlist -zone <zone id> -port

Description: Lists the ports in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqlist -zone <zone id> -zonealias

Description: Lists the zone aliases in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqshow -zone <zone id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqshow -zone <zone id> -all

Description: Provides a detailed description of the ports and zone aliases contained in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqshow -zone <zone id> -host

Description: Provides a detailed description of the hosts contained in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqshow -zone <zone id> -storagesystem

Description: Provides a detailed description of the storage systems contained in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqshow -zone <zone id> -port

Description: Provides a detailed description of the ports in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqshow -zone <zone id> -zonealias

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone aliases in the zone specified.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqcreate -zone <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zone> -fabric <fabric id> port <port id>

Description: Creates a zone alias in the virtual storage area network (VSAN) you specify. This command is only for switches that use VSANs. Use the appiqcreate -zone <zone name> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id> command for switches that do not use VSANs.

In this instance:

- <VSAN1> is the name of the virtual SAN in which you want to create the zone alias.
- <switch1> is the name of the switch on which you want to create the zone alias.

- <zone> is the name of the zone you want to create.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host, switch, or storage system. The port identifier for a host can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> -port command, and the port identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device storagesystem <storage system id> -port command. The port identifier for a switch can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -all command.

appiqcreate -zone <zone name> -fabric <fabric id> -switch <switch id> -port <port id>

Description: Creates a zone within the specified fabric. If you used the port identifier of a host when you created the zone, use the appiqadd -zone <zone id> -port <port id> command to add the port identifier for the storage system. Likewise, if you used the port identifier of a storage system when you created the zone, use the appiqadd -zone <zone id> -port <port id> command to add the port identifier for the host. This command is for switches that do not use virtual storage area networks (VSANs). Use the appiqcreate -zone <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zone> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id> command for switches that do use virtual storage area networks.

In this instance:

- <zone name> is the name of the zone. To make sure you do not have a zone with the same name, enter the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <switch id> is the switch identifier. The switched identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -device -switch -all command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host or storage system. The port identifier for a host can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> -port command and the port identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device storagesystem <storage system id> -port command.

appiqcreate –zone <zonename> -fabric <fabric id> -zonealias <zonealias id>

Description: Creates a zone within the specified fabric and containing the specified zone alias. Use the appiqadd -zone <zone id> -port <port id>command to add the port identifier for a storage system or host. Spaces and dashes are not supported within the zone name for McDATA and Brocade switches. This command is for switches that do not use virtual storage area networks (VSANs). Use the appiqcreate -zone <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zone> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id>command for switches that do use virtual storage area networks.

In this instance:

• <zone name> is the name of the zone. Make sure you do not have a zone with the same name by entering the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -zone <zone id> -zonealias command.

appiqdelete -zone <zone id>

Description: Deletes the specified zone.

In this instance, <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqcreate –zone <zonename> -fabric <fabric id> -zonealias <zonealias id> port <port id>

Description: Creates a zone within the specified fabric and containing the specified zone alias. If you used the port identifier of a host when you created the zone, use the appiqadd -zone <zone id> -port <port id> command to add the port identifier for the storage system. Likewise, if you used the port identifier of a storage system when you created the zone, use the appiqadd -zone <zone id> -port <port id> command to add the port identifier for the host. This command is for switches that do not use virtuals storage area networks (VSANs). Use the appiqcreate -zone <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zone> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id> command for switches that do use virtual storage area networks.

In this instance:

- <zone name> is the name of the zone. Make sure you do not have a zone with the same name by entering the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -zone <zone id> -zonealias command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host or a storage system. The port identifier for a host can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> -port command and the port identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device storagesystem <storage system id> -port command.

appiqadd -zone <zone id> -port <port id>

Description: Adds a specified port to a zone.

In this instance:

- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host or a storage system. The port identifier for a host can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> -port command and the port identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device storagesystem <storage system id> -port command.

appiqadd -zone <zone id> -zonealias <zonealias id>

Description: Adds a zone alias to a zone.

In this instance:

- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.
- <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -zone <zone id> -zonealias command.

appiqremove -zone <zone id> -port <port id>

Description: Removes a port from a zone.

In this instance:

- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.
- <port id> is the port identifier. The port identifier can be obtained using the appiqlist -zone <zoneid> -port command.

appiqremove -zone <zone id> -zonealias <zonealias id>

Description: Removes a zone alias from a zone.

In this instance:

- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.
- <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -zone <zone id> -zonealias command.

Zone Aliases

Use the following types of CLI commands to manage and obtain information zone aliases:

- appigshow Obtains a detailed description about the zone alias.
- appiqcreate Creates a zone alias.
- appiqdelete Deletes a zone alias.
- appiqadd Adds a zone alias.
- appigremove Removes a zone alias.

appiqshow -zonealias <zonealias id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone alias specified.

In this instance, <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqshow -fabric -all -zonealias command.

appiqcreate -zonealias <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zonealias> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id>

Description: Creates a zone alias in the virtual storage area network (VSAN) you specify. This command is only for switches that use VSANs. Use the appiqcreate -zonealias <zone

alias name> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id> command for switches that do not use VSANs.

In this instance:

- <VSAN1> is the name of the virtual SAN in which you want to create the zone alias.
- <switch1> is the name of the switch on which you want to create the zone alias.
- <zonealias> is the name of the zone alias you want to create.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host, switch, or storage system. The port identifier for a host can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> -port command, and the port identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device storagesystem <storage system id> -port command. The port identifier for a switch can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -all command.

appiqcreate -zonealias <zone alias name> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id>

Description: Creates a zone alias assigned to a port in a specified fabric. This command is for switches that do not use virtual storage area networks (VSANs). Use the appiqureate - zonealias <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zonealias> -fabric <fabric id> -port <port id> for switches that use VSANs.

In this instance:

- <zone alias name> is the name for the zone alias that will be created.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host, switch, or storage system. The port identifier for a host can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> -port command, and the port identifier for a storage system can be obtained using the appiqlist -device storagesystem <storage system id> -port command. The port identifier for a switch can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -all command.

appiqdelete -zonealias <zonealias id>

Description: Deletes a zone alias.

In this instance, <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the <code>appiqshow -fabric -all -zonealias</code> command.

appiqadd -zonealias <zonealias id> -port <port id>

Description: Adds a port to a zone alias.

In this instance:

- <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqshow -fabric -all -zonealias command.
- <port id> is the port identifier for a host, switch, or storage system.

The port identifier for a *host* can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -host <id> - port command.

The port identifier for a *storage system* can be obtained using the appiqlist -device - storage system <storage system id> -port command.

The port identifier for a *switch* can be obtained using the appiqlist -device -switch <switch id> -all command.

appiqremove -zonealias <zonealias id> -port <port id>

Description: Removes the association with a zone alias and a specified port.

In this instance:

- <zonealias id> is the zone alias identifier. The zone alias identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqshow -fabric -all -zonealias command.
- <port id> is the port identifier. The port identifier can be obtained using the appiqshow zonealias <zonealias id> -port command.

Zone Sets

Use the following types of CLI commands to manage and obtain information about zone sets:

- **appiqlist** Lists information about the members of the zone set specified.
- appiqshow Obtains a detailed description about the members of the zone set specified.
- appiqcreate Creates a zone set.
- appiqactivate Activates a zone set.
- appiqdelete Deletes a zone set.
- appiqadd Adds a specified zone to a zone set.
- appigremove Removes a zone set.

appiqlist -zoneset <zoneset id>

Description: Lists the elements that are contained within the zone set specified.

In this instance, <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.

appiqlist -zoneset <zoneset id> -zone

Description: Lists the zones that are contained within the zone set specified.

In this instance, <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.

appiqshow -zoneset <zoneset id>

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zone set specified.

In this instance, <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.

appiqshow -zoneset <zoneset id> -zone

Description: Provides a detailed description of the zones that are contained within the zone set specified.

In this instance, <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.

appiqcreate -zoneset <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zoneset> -fabric <fabric id> -zone <zone id>

Description: Creates a zone set in the virtual storage area network (VSAN) you specify. This command is only for switches that use VSANs. Use the appiqcreate -zoneset <zoneset name> -fabric <fabric id> -zone <zone id> command for switches that do not use VSANs.

In this instance:

- <VSAN1> is the name of the virtual SAN in which you want to create the zone set.
- <switch1> is the name of the switch on which you want to create the zone set.
- <zoneset> is the name of the zone set you want to create.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <zone id> is the zone in which you want to create the zone set.

appiqcreate -zoneset <zoneset name> -fabric <fabric id> -zone <zone id>

Description: Creates a zone set with the name specified by <zoneset name> in the fabric specified by <fabric id>. The zone set contains the zone identified by <zone id>. This command is for switches that do not use virtual storage area networks (VSANs). Use the appiqcreate -zoneset <VSAN1>:<switch1>:<zoneset> -fabric <fabric id> - zone <zone id> command for switches that use VSANs.

In this instance:

- <zoneset name> is the name of the zone set. To verify you have a unique name for the zone set in the fabric, enter the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.
- <fabric id> is the fabric identifier. The fabric identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric -all command.
- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqdelete -zoneset <zoneset id>

Description: Deletes the zone set specified by <zoneset id>.

In this instance, <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.

appiqactivate -zoneset <zoneset id>

Description: Activates the zone set specified by <zoneset id>. The zone set that was previously active is automatically deactivated.

In this instance, <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.

appiqadd -zoneset <zoneset id> -zone <zone id>

Description: Adds the zone to the zone set specified by <zoneset id>.

In this instance:

- <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.
- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zone command.

appiqremove -zoneset <zoneset id> -zone <zone id>

Description: Removes the zone from the specified zone set.

In this instance:

- <zoneset id> is the zone set identifier. The zone set identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -fabric <fabric id> -zoneset command.
- <zone id> is the zone identifier. The zone identifier can be obtained using several methods, such as the appiqlist -zoneset <zoneset id> -zone command.



