Mercury IT Governance Center™ Getting Started

Version: 6.0



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Mercury

379 North Whisman Road Mountain View, CA 94043

Tel: (650) 603-5200

Toll Free: (800) TEST-911

Customer Support: (877) TEST-HLP

Fax: (650) 603-5300

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If you have any comments or suggestions regarding this document, please send email to documentation@mercury.com.

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Chapter 1 Introduction

In This Chapter:

- About This Document
- Who Should Read This Document
- Related Documents
- Overview of the Standard Interface
 - Dashboard Pages
 - Accessing Mercury IT Governance Center
 - Portlets
 - Using Mercury IT Governance Center
- After This Document

About This Document

Welcome to Mercury IT Governance CenterTM!

This document provides the basic details you need to navigate Mercury IT Governance Center. The document also describes how to make changes to the standard interface, perform common tasks, and personalize the standard interface to make it work best for you. The document also introduces you to the Mercury IT Governance Workbench. For the most part, only advanced users, configurators, and application administrators use the Workbench. Some common tasks, such as those involving projects and packages, require using the Workbench.

Most IT Governance Center users work in the standard interface. The standard interface opens in a Web browser and offers you a customized view into Mercury IT Governance Center. From the standard interface, you can run reports, create requests, and search for packages, among other things. Most importantly, you view and use the Mercury IT Governance DashboardTM. The Dashboard is a real-time view into your Mercury IT Governance Center system. Using portlets, you can view almost anything, from the status of requests assigned to you, to comparisons between current projects and staffing profiles. *Figure 1-1* shows an example of the standard interface.

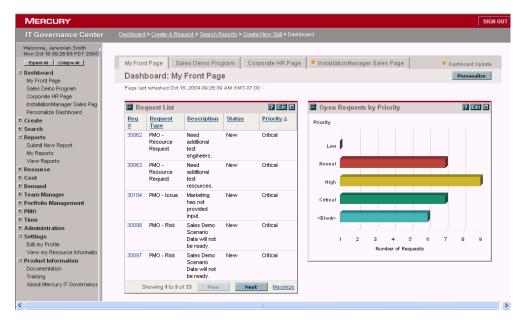


Figure 1-1. Mercury IT Governance Center standard interface

In addition to the standard interface, some users need to use the Mercury IT Governance Workbench to accomplish certain tasks. Unlike the standard

interface, which opens in a Web browser, the Workbench opens in its own window. Designed for more advanced users, the Workbench is where much of the Mercury IT Governance Center is configured. Configurators can use the Workbench to define workflows, create request types, set up automatic notifications, and a host of other tasks and procedures. *Figure 1-2* shows an example of the Workbench.

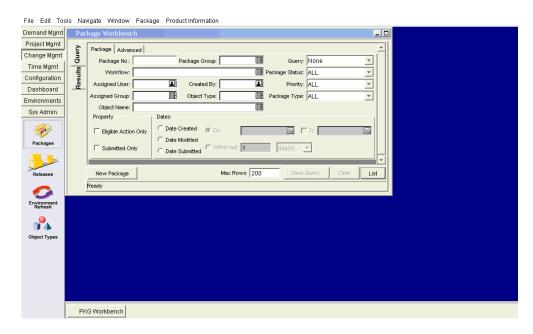


Figure 1-2. Mercury IT Governance Workbench

The following chapters describe the standard interface and the Workbench in greater detail. Each chapter title is followed by a brief summary of the information covered.

• Chapter 1, *Introduction*, on page 11

This chapter, which contains information about this document and related documents, as well as an overview of the standard interface and the Workbench.

• Chapter 2, *Using the Standard Interface*, on page 31

Describes how to run reports, create requests, search for packages, and accomplish other tasks. Also explains how to personalize the Dashboard and portlets. Whether you are an administrative assistant, engineer, manager, accountant, or programmer, you can personalize the Dashboard to suit your needs.

• Chapter 3, *Using the Workbench*, on page 71

Unlike the standard interface, which opens in a Web browser, the Workbench opens in its own window. Some users access Workbench windows by performing specific tasks in the standard interface. These tasks include such things as creating packages or projects. More advanced users access the Workbench through the **Administration** menu in the standard interface. This chapter is for both types of users.

Who Should Read This Document

Anyone new to Mercury IT Governance Center should read this document. The document provides information for end users, configurators, and system administrators.



Installation and system administration issues are covered in the *System Administration Guide and Reference*.

Related Documents

Here are some related documents you should know about:

- For information about Mercury IT Governance Center documents and how to access them, see the *Guide to Documentation*.
- For information about terms and concepts, see the *Key Concepts* document.
- For information about reports, see the *Reports Guide and Reference*.

Overview of the Standard Interface

The Mercury IT Governance Center standard interface opens in a Web browser and offers you a customized view into Mercury IT Governance Center. From the standard interface, you can run reports, create requests, search for packages, and accomplish many other tasks. *Figure 1-3* shows the standard interface.

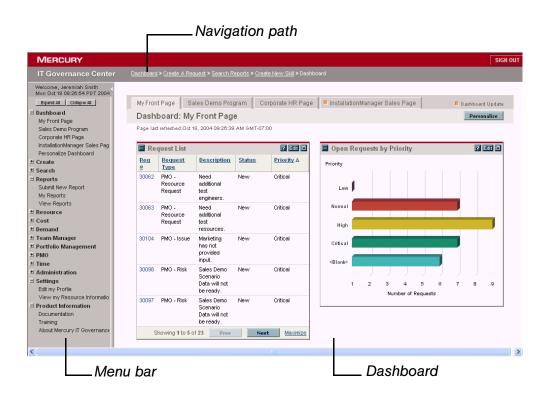


Figure 1-3. Mercury IT Governance Center standard interface

The Mercury IT Governance Center has the following components (see *Figure 1-3*):

• Dashboard. The Dashboard is at the heart of the standard interface. Using the Dashboard, you can obtain accurate, up-to-the-minute status on your projects and deliverables. With the Mercury IT Governance Dashboard, project teams always know exactly where they stand. Managers gain real-time insight into progress and problems in projects under their purview. Executives can view all initiatives from an IT value perspective at a high level, ensuring alignment with the company's overall strategic direction.

- Navigation path. Above the Dashboard is the navigation path. The navigation path lists the pages opened during the current Dashboard session. Users can access previously visited pages by selecting entries on the navigation path.
- Menu bar. The menu bar presents a hierarchical organization of menus, submenus, and menu items. Menus and submenus organize the menu items. Menu items are links to task-oriented pages, such as reports and searches. Some links, like Create > Package and Create > Project, open windows in the Workbench.

Dashboard Pages

Dashboard pages are a way of organizing application data. One Dashboard page can be devoted to project information while another can be reserved for a Mercury IT Governance Center product, such as Mercury Demand ManagementTM or Mercury Portfolio ManagementTM. How you organize your data is entirely up to you.

At the top of each Dashboard page is a tab. The tab is used to identify and access a Dashboard page. *Figure 1-4* shows a Dashboard with several Dashboard pages.

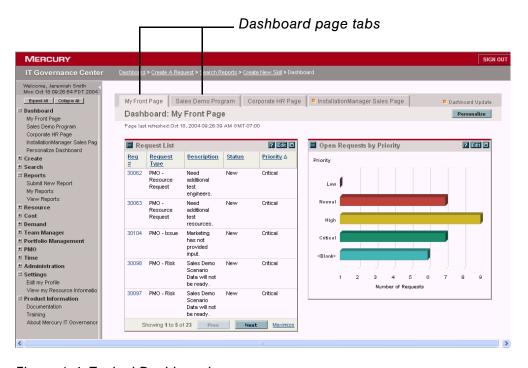


Figure 1-4. Typical Dashboard page

Dashboard pages can come from several different sources. Most of the time, you can pick and choose the Dashboard page and its content, but not always. The following is a list of the different Dashboard pages.

- **Default Dashboard page.** The default Dashboard page is configured by your application administrator and distributed to every Dashboard. It is the first Dashboard page you see when you log on to Mercury IT Governance Center. There is only one default Dashboard page.
- Published Dashboard pages. Published Dashboard pages are configured by your application administrator and published to one or many users. You cannot edit a published Dashboard page. Only the application administrator can remove or replace a published Dashboard page. Published Dashboard pages include the word Publication on the page. When a published Dashboard page is added or updated to your Dashboard, the Page Update icon appears on the tab.
- Distributed Dashboard pages. Distributed Dashboard pages are
 configured by your application administrator and distributed to one or
 many users. You can edit a distributed Dashboard page, or even remove the
 page. Once the application administrator gives you a distributed Dashboard
 page, it's yours. Your application administrator can't edit or remove the
 page. When a distributed Dashboard page is added to your Dashboard, the
 Page Update icon appears on the tab.
- Pre-configured Dashboard pages. Pre-configured Dashboard pages are
 Dashboard pages you choose to add to your Dashboard. Pre-configured
 Dashboard pages are either provided by Mercury or configured by your
 application administrator. Once you add a pre-configured Dashboard page
 to your Dashboard, you can edit the page to met your specific
 requirements.
- Blank pages. Blank pages are Dashboard pages without portlets. Once you
 add a blank Dashboard page to your Dashboard, you can configure the
 Dashboard page to your specifications.

Portlets

Portlets reside on Dashboard pages and display real-time data you want to see. Portlets are very configurable, allowing you to filter through all the data in the system, finding just what you need. There are two basic types of portlets:

- **List portlets.** List portlets present data in tabular form using rows and columns. *Figure 1-5* shows the Request List portlet.
- **Chart portlets.** Chart portlets present data in a graphical form, such as bar charts, pie charts, and bubble charts. *Figure 1-5* shows the Open Request By Priority chart portlet.

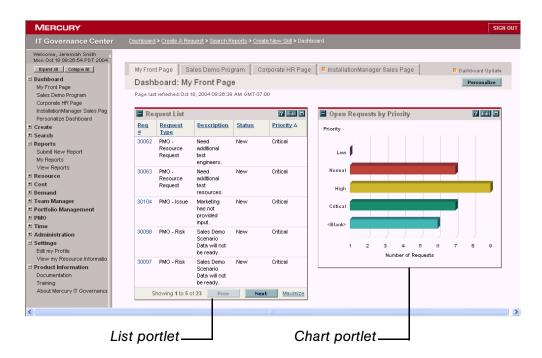


Figure 1-5. Typical portlets

A portlet's edit page is where a portlet is personalized to meet your specific needs. Every portlet edit page has a Preferences section. The Preferences section is where you configure the filters for displaying data you want to see. If your portlet is a list portlet, you also have a Choose Display Columns section. The Choose Display Columns section lets you decide which columns will appear in the portlet.

Accessing Mercury IT Governance Center

Businesses often need to control access to certain information and business processes. This can be done to protect sensitive information, such as employee salaries, or to simplify business processes by hiding data that is irrelevant to the user. Mercury IT Governance Center includes a set of features to help control data and process security on the following levels:

- Limiting who can access certain windows or pages
- Limiting who can view or edit certain fields
- Limiting the data displayed in sensitive fields or screens
- Limiting which users can view, create, edit or process Mercury IT Governance Center entities, such as requests, packages, projects, portfolios, and programs
- Limiting which users can view, create or edit Mercury IT Governance Center configuration entities, such as workflows, request types, object types, and security groups
- Limiting which users can alter the security settings

The following features control the data and process security in Mercury IT Governance Center. These features can be combined in a number of ways to provide a secure system:

- Licenses. Each user is assigned a license that provides the user with the
 potential to access to a set of Mercury IT Governance Center
 product-related screens and functions. Licenses dictate available behavior
 but need to be used in conjunction with access grants to enable specific
 fields and functions.
- Access grants. Linked to users through security groups, access grants
 define which windows and functions users can view, edit, or perform
 actions in. Access grants also provide varying levels of control over certain
 entities and fields.
- Entity-level restrictions. Settings on the entity that specify who can create, edit, process, and delete Mercury IT Governance Center entities, such as requests, packages, and projects. You can also control which request types and object types can be used with certain workflows. These restrictions are often configured in the configuration entities, such as workflows, request types, and object types.

- **Field-level restrictions.** For each custom field that you define in Mercury IT Governance Center, you can configure when it is visible or editable. For some fields, you can additionally specify which users can view or edit the field.
- Configuration-level restrictions. You can specify, using ownership
 groups settings, which users can modify configuration entities in the
 system. For example, you can control who is allowed to edit an existing
 workflow. This allows you to guarantee that only appropriate users are
 altering your processes controlled by Mercury IT Governance Center.

Using Mercury IT Governance Center

The following scenarios provide examples of how different individuals in an organization might use Mercury IT Governance Center. Each scenario consists of a person in a particular job role going about his or her daily duties and using the Mercury IT Governance Center to accomplish tasks.

Executive Scenario: Managing Your Portfolio of Projects

Linda is the CIO of an IT organization. As the CIO, she is responsible for all of the hardware and software used by the company. She attends executive, program, and project meetings. The following scenario describes how she might use Mercury IT Governance Center:

Preparing for a Meeting to Discuss Project Status

Linda is preparing for an executive meeting to discuss the current status of all the projects. She wants to see the current status of all projects. She is not currently logged on to Mercury IT Governance Center.

- Linda logs on to Mercury IT Governance Center. (See the section *Logging On and Off Mercury IT Governance Center.*)
- Her front page has been personalized to include the Program Project portlet
 for every program. The Program Project List portlet displays all the projects
 within a program, their summary condition, and the project manager. Her
 front page also includes the Project List portlet. The Project List portlet has
 been personalized to display all projects not associated with a program.
 (See the section *Personalizing Portlets*.)

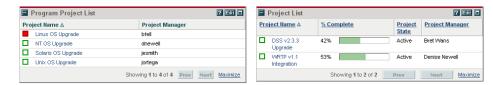


Figure 1-6. Executive scenario

- From the Program Project List portlet, Linda selects the project and opens the Project Overview page. On the Project Overview page, she sees one task is late. There is no reason why the task is late. (See the *Mercury Project Management User's Guide.*)
- From the Project Overview page, Linda selects the program. The Manage Program page for the program opens. On the Manage Program page, three issues are shown in the Details section. One of the issues is critical. Linda opens the critical issue. From the issue's detail page, she discovers two important developers have been reassigned to a corporate mission-critical project. (See the *Mercury Program Management User's Guide*.)
- Linda checks the resource pool to see if replacement developers can be assigned to the late task. (See the *Mercury Resource Management User's Guide.*)

Management Scenario: Scheduling Tasks and Resources

Hans is the manager of an application support group within an IT organization. As manager, he is responsible for several mission-critical software applications being used by the company. As an IT manager, he attends project meetings and is a voting member of the IT Release Team. The following scenario describes how he might use Mercury IT Governance Center:

Verifying a Package

Hans receives an automatically generated email stating that a package is ready for release. The email includes a link to the package. He clicks on the link to open the package. As he is not currently logged on to Mercury IT Governance Center, he must log on before he can see the package. (See the section *Logging On and Off Mercury IT Governance Center*.)

• The package opens in the Package window of the Workbench. Attached as references are the test plans and test results. He opens and reads the test plans and test results and determines the package is ready for release. In the Package window, he approves the release of the package. (See the *Mercury Change Management User's Guide.*)

• He closes the Workbench but leaves the standard interface open. (See the section *Opening and Closing the Workbench*.)

Assigning a Resource

In the standard interface, Hans checks his Request List portlet to see if there are any new requests assigned to him. His Request List portlet has been personalized to show only new requests assigned to him. Three new requests are listed in the portlet. (See the section *Personalizing Portlets*.)



Figure 1-7. Management scenario

- Each request listed in the Request List portlet is linked to its request detail page. Hans clicks the link to open the request's detail page, where he evaluates each request. Two of the requests are valid. The third request is not valid and he rejects the request. (See the *Mercury Demand Management User's Guide*.)
- For each of the valid requests, he uses the resource finder to determine which resource in his resource pool is available and has the right skills. The most qualified resources are assigned to each request. (See the *Mercury Resource Management User's Guide.*)

Watching a Project

In the standard interface, Hans checks on the projects. He opens the Project Overview page for each project to view the current status of several ongoing tasks. (See the *Mercury Project Management User's Guide.*)

Adding a Portlet

On one project, several tasks are running later than anticipated. He decides to keep a closer watch on these tasks. To keep a closer watch, he adds the Project Gantt portlet to one of his Dashboard pages. He then personalizes the portlet to show the project and all in-progress tasks. (See the sections *Adding Portlets to Dashboard Pages* and *Personalizing Portlets*.)

User Scenario: Completing Tasks and Requests

Jane is an application coder in the application support group managed by Hans. She is responsible for implementing changes to a mission-critical software application being used by the company. She attends some project meetings. The following scenario describes how she might use Mercury IT Governance Center:

Keeping Requests Current

Jane needs to know if any new jobs have come her way. Jane logs on to Mercury IT Governance Center. In the standard interface, Jane checks her My Requests portlet to see if there are any new requests assigned to her. There are a total of six requests listed in My Requests portlet. Five of the requests are **Pending** or **In Progress**. One of the requests is **Open**.

• Each request listed in the My Requests portlet is linked to its request detail page. For the **Open** request, Jane clicks the link to open the request's detail page, where she evaluates the request. She adds an estimated start date to the request. She also adds a note to the request, asking a specific question concerning the request. (See the *Mercury Demand Management User's Guide.*)

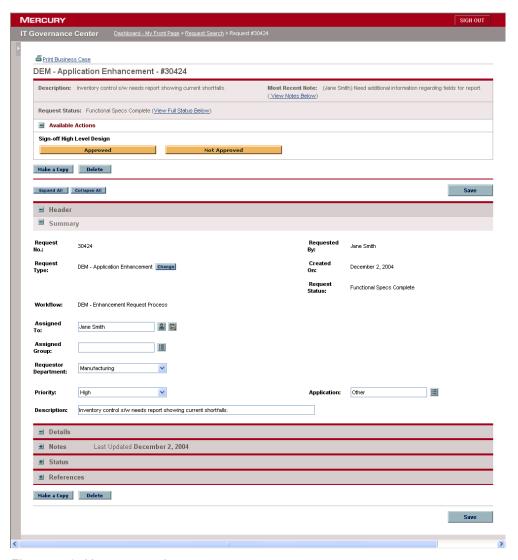


Figure 1-8. User scenario

• Jane sends an email to the originator of the request, asking that person to review the request's detail page and add specific information to the Notes section.

Keeping Tasks Current

Jane completes a task that is part of a project. Jane logs on to Mercury IT Governance Center. On a Dashboard page is the My Tasks portlets. For the task completed, she sets the Task State to **Completed**.



Figure 1-9. User scenario

After This Document

Once you've read this document, you'll be able to get around the Mercury IT Governance Center standard interface and the Workbench.

But then what?

You'll be ready to learn to use Mercury IT Governance Center in greater detail, according to the role you play in your organization. *Table 1-1* lists possible roles and some of the tasks associated with the Mercury IT Governance Center, and where the task is documented.

For complete information concerning Mercury IT Governance Center documents and how to access them, see the *Guide to Documentation*. For information about Mercury IT Governance Center terms and concepts, see the *Key Concepts* document.

Table 1-1. Roles, processes, and documents

Roles	Processes	Documents
All Users	Logging on and logging off Mercury IT Governance Center	Getting Started
All Users	Adding and personalizing portlets	Getting Started
All Users	Adding and personalizing Dashboard pages	Getting Started
All Users	Running reports	Getting Started
All Users	Running searches	Getting Started
All Users	Creating requests	Mercury Demand Management User's Guide
All Users	Finding and modifying requests	Mercury Demand Management User's Guide
All Users	Creating Time Sheets	Mercury Time Management User's Guide
Application Developers	Creating packages	Mercury Change Management User's Guide
Application Developers and Managers	Processing packages	Mercury Change Management User's Guide
Application Developers and Managers	Migrating packages	System Administration Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Managers	Releasing packages	Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
System/Instance/ Database Administrators	Installing Mercury IT Governance Center	System Administration Guide and Reference
System/Instance/ Database Administrators	Upgrading Mercury IT Governance Center	System Administration Guide and Reference
System/Instance/ Database Administrators	Backing up Mercury IT Governance Center	System Administration Guide and Reference
System/Instance/ Database Administrators	Monitoring Mercury IT Governance Center	System Administration Guide and Reference

Table 1-1. Roles, processes, and documents [continued]

Roles	Processes	Documents
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating workflows	Mercury Demand Management: Configuring a Request Resolution System Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating request types	Mercury Demand Management: Configuring a Request Resolution System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating object types	Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating environments	Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating environment groups	Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating user data	Mercury Demand Management: Configuring a Request Resolution System Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating notification templates	Mercury Demand Management: Configuring a Request Resolution System Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating contacts	Mercury Demand Management: Configuring a Request Resolution System
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating and using validations	Commands, Tokens, and Validations Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating and using special commands	Commands, Tokens, and Validations Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating and using tokens	Commands, Tokens, and Validations Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating users	Security Model Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Configurators	Creating security groups	Security Model Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Configurators	Assigning access grants	Security Model Guide and Reference
Application Developers and Configurators	Migrating Mercury IT Governance Center	System Administration Guide and Reference

Table 1-1. Roles, processes, and documents [continued]

Roles	Processes	Documents
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring time policies	Mercury Time Management Configuration Guide
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring delegations	Mercury Time Management Configuration Guide
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring time sheet reviewers	Mercury Time Management Configuration Guide
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring Program Management	Mercury Program Management Configuration Guide
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring Demand Management	Mercury Demand Management: Configuring a Request Resolution System
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring Change Management	Mercury Change Management: Configuring a Deployment System
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring IT demand	Configuring IT Demand Tracking and Management
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring Portfolio Management	Mercury Portfolio Management Configuration Guide
Application Developers and Configurators	Configuring Time Management	Mercury Time Management Configuration Guide
IT Managers	Creating portfolio scenarios	Mercury Portfolio Management User's Guide
IT Managers	Managing and analyzing IT demand	Guide to Tracking and Managing IT Demand
IT Managers	Creating projects	Mercury Project Management User's Guide
IT Managers	Grouping and assigning users	Mercury Resource Management User's Guide
IT Managers	Creating budgets	Mercury Financial Management User's Guide
IT Managers	Creating work allocations	Mercury Time Management User's Guide
Managers	Creating projects	Mercury Project Management User's Guide
Managers	Grouping and assigning users	Mercury Resource Management User's Guide
Managers	Creating budgets	Mercury Financial Management User's Guide
Managers	Reviewing time sheets	Mercury Time Management User's Guide
Managers	Creating work allocations	Mercury Time Management User's Guide
Project and Program Managers	Creating projects	Mercury Project Management User's Guide

Table 1-1. Roles, processes, and documents [continued]

Roles	Processes	Documents
Project and Program Managers	Creating programs	Mercury Program Management User's Guide
Project and Program Managers	Grouping and assigning users	Mercury Resource Management User's Guide
Project and Program Managers	Creating budgets	Mercury Financial Management User's Guide
Project and Program Managers	Reviewing time sheets	Mercury Time Management User's Guide
Project and Program Managers	Creating work allocations	Mercury Time Management User's Guide

Chapter 2 Using the Standard Interface

In This Chapter:

- Logging On and Off Mercury IT Governance Center
 - Logging On to Mercury IT Governance Center
 - Logging Off Mercury IT Governance Center
- Expanding and Collapsing Menus
- Hiding and Displaying the Menu Bar
- Creating Requests, Packages, and Other Entities
- Searching for Requests, Packages, and Other Entities
 - Running New Searches
 - Running Saved Searches
 - Creating Saved Searches
 - Managing Saved Searches
 - Managing Saved Search Categories
- Running Reports
 - Running New Reports
 - Opening Existing Reports
- Changing Your Settings
 - Changing Your Password
 - Setting Maximized Views for Portlets
 - Setting Cost Displays
- Viewing Product Information and Online Documentation
 - Accessing Documentation
 - Viewing Version and User Access Information
- Using the Dashboard
 - Opening Dashboard Pages
 - Setting Portlet Views

- Arranging Data in List Portlets
- Drilling Down from Portlets
- Exporting Data to Excel Spreadsheets
- Personalizing Dashboards
 - Adding Dashboard Pages
 - Moving and Deleting Dashboard Pages
 - Renaming Dashboard Pages
 - Setting Refresh Rates for Dashboard Pages
 - Adding Portlets to Dashboard Pages
 - Copying and Moving Portlets on Dashboard Pages
- Personalizing Portlets
 - Deleting Portlets
 - Changing the Size of Portlets
 - Configuring Portlets

Logging On and Off Mercury IT Governance Center

The standard interface is accessed through a Web browser over a network. Before logging on to the standard interface, you must have the following:

- Mercury IT Governance Center Web address (URL)
- A username
- A password
- At least one Mercury IT Governance Center product license

Logging On to Mercury IT Governance Center

To log on to the Mercury IT Governance Center:

1. From the Web browser, enter the Mercury IT Governance Center Web address.

The Mercury IT Governance Center Logon page appears.

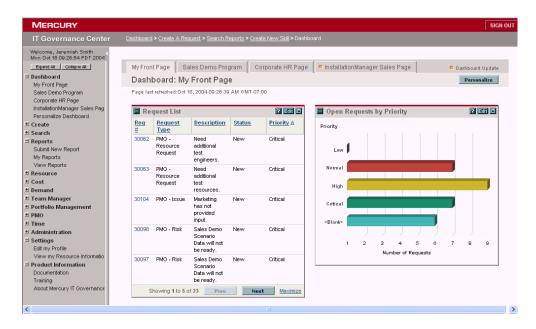


2. Enter the username and password in the appropriate fields.

To have the server retain a password, select the **Remember my logon** checkbox. Once this checkbox is selected, you don't have to enter a password each time you log on.

3. On the Mercury IT Governance Center Logon page, click Submit.

The standard interface opens. First-time users might be prompted for a new password.



Logging Off Mercury IT Governance Center

To log off Mercury IT Governance Center, in the upper-right corner of the standard interface, click **Sign Out** (see *Figure 2-1*).

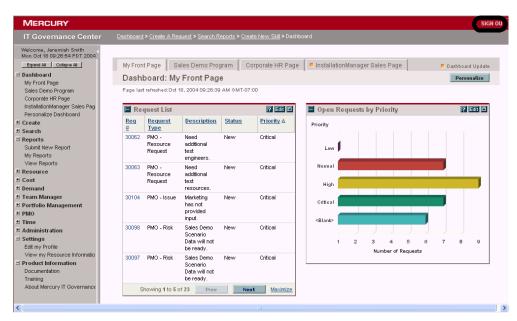


Figure 2-1. Logging off the standard interface

Expanding and Collapsing Menus

The menu bar presents a hierarchical organization of menus, submenus and menu items. Menus and submenus organize the menu items. Menu items are links to task-oriented pages, such as reports and searches. Some links, like **Create > Package** and **Create > Project**, open windows in the Workbench.

You can expand all of the menus to view every menu, submenu, and menu item. You can also collapse all of the menus, leaving only the menus visible.

- To expand all of the menus to view every menu, submenu, and menu item, click the **Expand All** button at the top of the menu bar.
- To collapse all of the menus, leaving only the menus visible, click the
 Collapse All button at the top of the menu bar.

Figure 2-2 shows the location of the Expand All and Collapse All buttons.

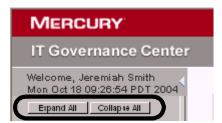


Figure 2-2. Expand All and Collapse All buttons

Hiding and Displaying the Menu Bar

You can hide or display the menu bar, depending upon your preference.

• To hide the menu bar, click the **Hide Menu Bar** icon at the top of the menu bar (see *Figure 2-3*).

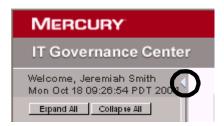


Figure 2-3. Hiding the menu bar

• Once the menu bar is hidden, you can display the menu bar by clicking the **Display Menu Bar** icon at the below the Mercury logo (see *Figure 2-4*).



Figure 2-4. Displaying the menu bar

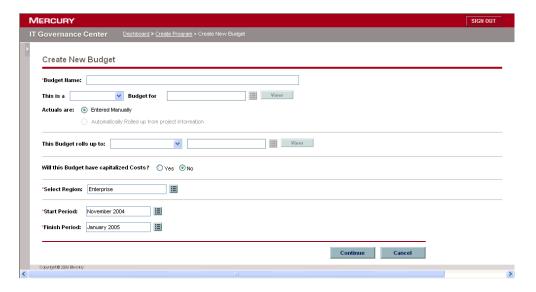
Creating Requests, Packages, and Other Entities

Entities are the requests and packages and projects and other objects you work with when using Mercury IT Governance Center. The entities you can create depend upon the access grants you have been given by the application administrator.

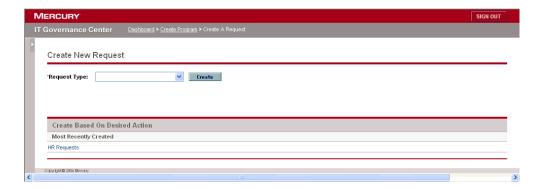
To create an entity:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select **Create** > **<Entity**>, where **<Entity**> is the entity type you want to create, such as a **Request** or **Project**.

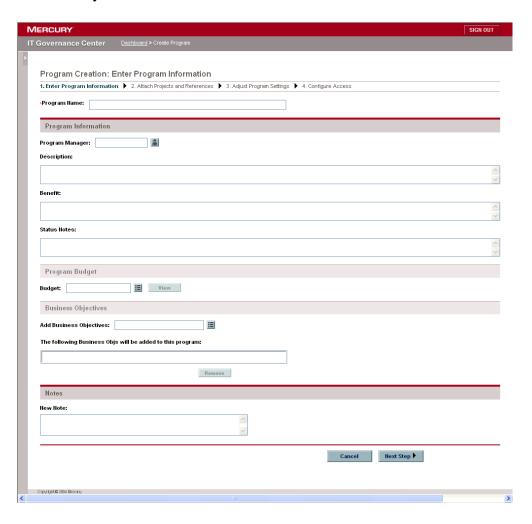
The create page appears. The create page includes the fields associated with the entity type. Not all entities are alike. Some entities have a single entity type, such as budgets and skills.



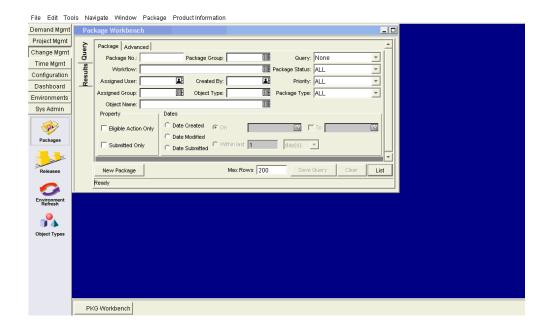
Some entities have multiple entity types, such as requests. For those entities, you must select the entity type before the create page appears.



Some entities, such as programs, require you to follow a process to create an entity. For those entities, you must complete the entire process to create the entity.



Finally, some entities, such as packages, require the Workbench to create the entity. For those entities, you must complete all of the required Workbench Detail windows to create the entity. You must also have the access grants required to open the Workbench. For more information on how to create packages, see the *Mercury Change Management User's Guide*.



Searching for Requests, Packages, and Other Entities

Searches are used to find existing entities within Mercury IT Governance Center. Searching for entities does not use the Mercury IT Governance Center document management capabilities.

Running New Searches

To run a new search:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select **Search** > *Entity*>, where *Entity*> is the entity type you want to find, such as a **Request** or **Project**.

The search page appears. The search page includes the fields associated with the search type.

3. On the search page, fill in all the required parameters and any optional parameters and click **Search**.

The Search Results page appears in a separate page.

Running Saved Searches

To run a saved search:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. On the menu bar, under **Searches > Saved Searches**, click on a saved search.

The saved search is run. The Search Results page appears in a separate page.

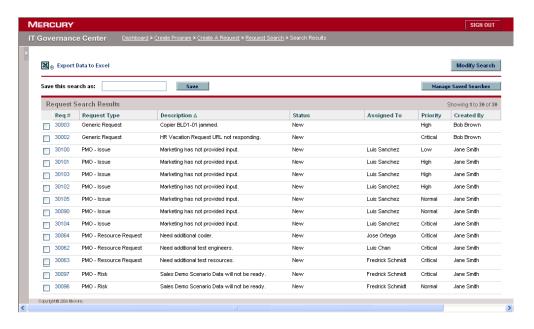
Creating Saved Searches

You can save and re-run commonly run searches.

To save a search:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. Run a search.

For instruction on how to run a search, see the section *Running New Searches*. The Search Results page appears in a separate page.



3. In the Save this search as field, enter a name for the search and click Save.

A dialog window opens, displaying the results of the save.

- Click Manage Saved Searches to go to the Manage Saved Searches page.
- Click **Return to Search Results** to return to the search results.

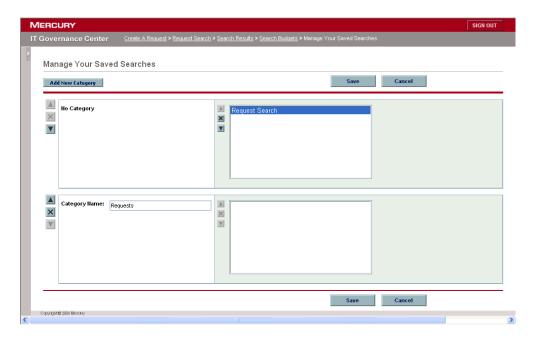
Managing Saved Searches

You can move between saved search categories and delete saved searches.

To manage a saved search:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Searches > Manage Saved Searches.

The Manage Your Saved Searches page appears.



- 3. Move or delete a saved search.
 - To move a saved search:
 - a. Select a saved search.

The Move Arrow and Delete icons for the selected saved search are enabled.

b. Click an enabled **Move Arrow** icon to move the saved search.

The selected saved search can move up or down in the category and move between categories.

c. On the Manage Your Saved Searches page, click Save.

The changes to the Manage Your Saved Searches page are saved and the menu bar is updated.

- To delete a saved search:
- a. Select a saved search.

The **Move Arrow** and **Delete** icons for the selected saved search are enabled.

b. Click the enabled **Delete** icon to delete the saved search.

The selected saved search is deleted.

c. On the Manage Your Saved Searches page, click Save.

The changes to the Manage Your Saved Searches page are saved and the menu bar is updated.

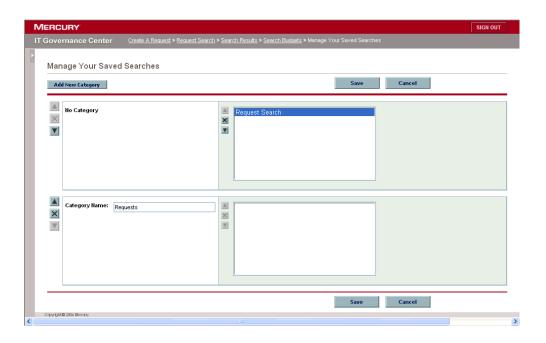
Managing Saved Search Categories

You can create, move, or delete saved search categories.

To manage a saved search category:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Searches > Manage Saved Searches.

The Manage Your Saved Searches page appears.



- 3. Create, move, or delete a saved search category.
 - To create a saved search category:
 - a. On the Manage Your Saved Searches page, click Add New Category.

A new category section opens.

b. In the Category Name field of the new category section, enter the name of the new category and click **Save**.

The new category is created and saved. When the category includes a saved search, the category will appear in the menu bar.

- To move a saved search category:
- a. In a Category section to move, click a **Move Arrow** icon to move the category.

The **Move Arrow** icons available to a category are always enabled.

b. On the Manage Your Saved Searches page, click Save.

The changes to the Manage Your Saved Searches page are saved and the menu bar is updated.

- To delete a saved search category:
- a. In a Category section to delete, click the **Delete** icon to delete the category.

When a **Delete** icon is enabled, the category can be deleted. If the **Delete** icon is not enabled, you cannot delete the category.

b. On the Manage Your Saved Searches page, click Save.

The changes to the Manage Your Saved Searches page are saved and the menu bar is updated.

Running Reports

Mercury IT Governance Center comes with a number of ready-to-run reports. Many of these reports can also be customized to meet your specific requirements.

For More Information

For information about specific reports, see the *Reports Guide and Reference*.

Running New Reports

To run a new report:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Reports > Submit New Report.

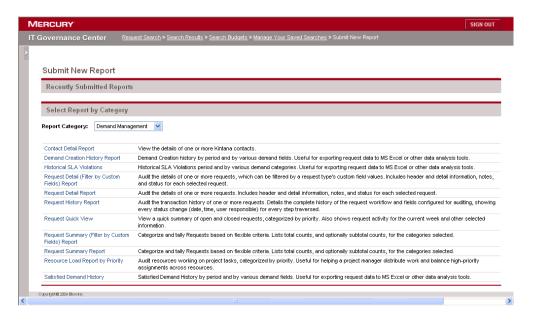
The Submit New Report page appears.

3. Select a report.

The following lists the ways in which to select a report:

• In the Recently Submitted Reports section, select a report. The report's submission page appears.

• In the Report Category field, select a report category. The Submit New Report page is refreshed with the available reports. Select a report. The report's submission page appears.



4. On the report's submission page, fill in all the required filter fields, any optional filter fields, and click **Submit**.

The Report Submitted page appears prior to the report.

Opening Existing Reports

Once a report is run, Mercury IT Governance Center saves that report, allowing you or others to view the report at a later date.

To open an existing report:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Reports > View Reports.

The Search Reports page appears. The Search Reports page includes the fields associated with searching for an existing report. To view your saved reports, select **Reports > My Reports**.

3. On the Search Reports page, fill in all the required filter fields and any optional filter fields, and click **Search**.

The Report Search Results page appears. All existing reports meeting the report search criteria are listed.

4. On the Report Search Results page, select the report.

The previously run report is opened.

Changing Your Settings

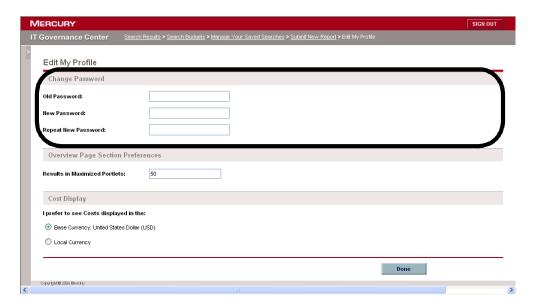
Using the **Settings** menu, you can adjust several interface settings to fit your own preferences. You can also change your password.

Changing Your Password

To change your password:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, click Settings > Edit my Profile.

Change your password in the Change Password section.



3. In the Change Password section, complete the fields and click **Done**.

The new password is accepted.

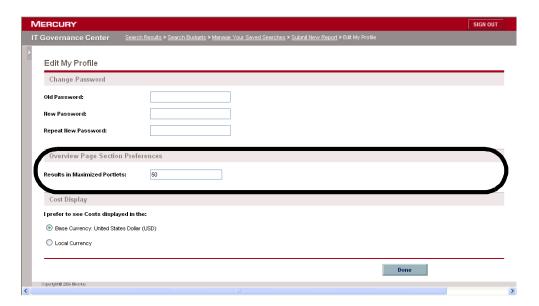
Setting Maximized Views for Portlets

A portlet's maximized view displays more of the data gathered from the system than in the normal view. The number of rows displayed in the maximized view can be configured to be greater than in the normal view.

To change your portlet's maximized view setting:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, click **Settings** > **Edit my Profile**.

Change your portlet maximized view setting in the Overview Page Section Preferences section.



3. In the Results in Maximized Portlets field, enter the number of entries you want to see in a maximized view and click **Done**.

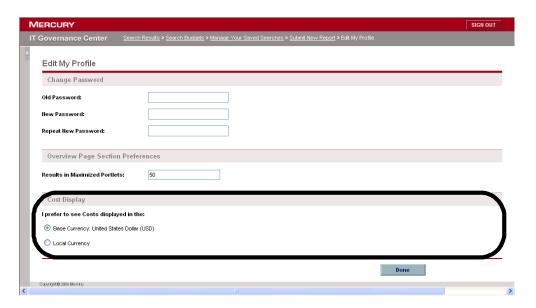
The new portlet maximized view setting is accepted.

Setting Cost Displays

To change your cost display setting:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, click Settings > Edit my Profile.

Change your cost display setting in the Cost Display section.



3. In the Cost Display section, select how you want to view costs.

Selecting one option deselects the other option. Choose one of the following:

- Base Currency: United States Dollar (USD)
- Local Currency
- 4. At the lower-right corner of the Edit My Profile page, click **Done.**

The new cost display setting is accepted.

Viewing Product Information and Online Documentation

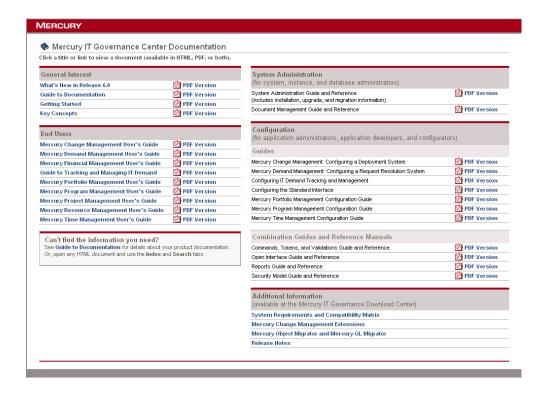
At the bottom of the menu bar is the **Product Information** menu. The **Product Information** menu provides you with access to the Documentation page, Training page, and About Mercury IT Governance Center page.

Accessing Documentation

To find the available documentation:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select **Product Information > Documentation**.

The Documentation home page appears.



For More Information

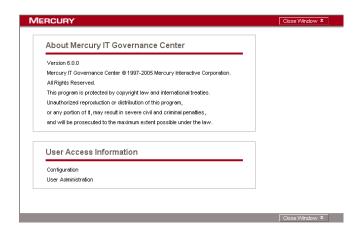
For more information about Mercury IT Governance Center documentation, see the *Guide to Documentation*.

Viewing Version and User Access Information

To view the current version of the Mercury IT Governance Center, and to see the user access information:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Product Information > About Mercury IT Governance Center.

The About Mercury IT Governance Center page appears.



Using the Dashboard

The Dashboard collects data from the Mercury IT Governance Center and displays the data in real time. System data is organized using Dashboard pages and portlets. Every Dashboard has at least one Dashboard page.

Opening Dashboard Pages

Every Dashboard can have one or more Dashboard pages. Every Dashboard page includes a tab at the top of the Dashboard page. To move from one Dashboard page to another, select the Dashboard page tab (see *Figure 2-5*).



Figure 2-5. Dashboard page tab

Setting Portlet Views

Portlets can be set to one of the following views:

- **Minimize view.** Only the portlet's title bar is visible. A portlet retains a minimized view between standard interface sessions. To minimize a portlet, in the portlet's normal view, click the **Minimize** icon (see *Figure 2-6*).
- **Normal view.** The default view of the portlet. For list portlets, the default rows and columns are visible in the portlet. For chart portlets, the chart or graph is visible. A portlet retains a normal view between standard interface sessions. To return a minimized portlet to the normal view, in the portlet's minimized view, click the **Normal** icon (see *Figure 2-6*).

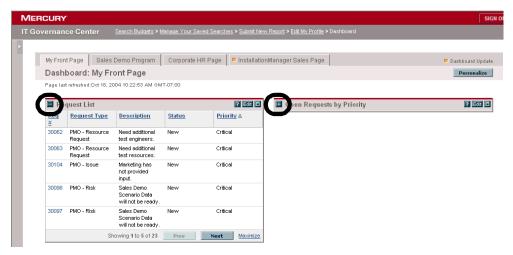


Figure 2-6. Normal and minimized views of portlets

• **Maximize view.** A maximized view of a portlet appears in a new page. A maximized view of a portlet contains more rows and columns than a portlet in a normal view. Maximized views of portlets are not retained between standard interface sessions. To see a portlet's maximized view, in the portlet's normal view, click the **Maximize** icon (see *Figure 2-7*). To return a maximized view portlet to the normal view, in the portlet's maximized view, click **Back** (see *Figure 2-8*).

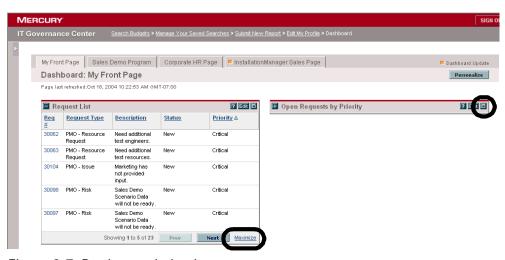


Figure 2-7. Portlet maximize icons

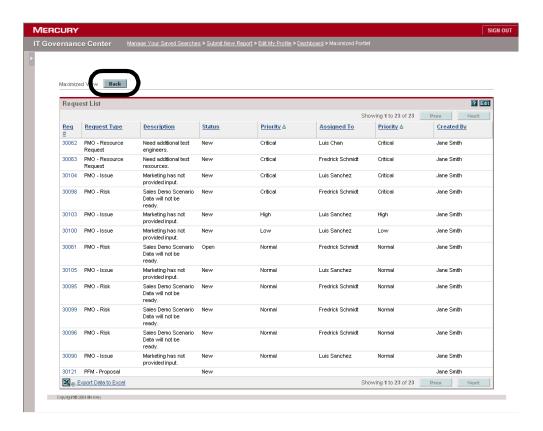


Figure 2-8. Portlet maximized view

Arranging Data in List Portlets

For list portlets, you can personalize the data gathered and the way the data is presented, using the portlet's edit page. However, you can temporarily change the way the data is presented using the portlet's **Sort** icon (see *Figure 2-9*).

• To move the **Sort** icon from column to column, click on a column's heading. The **Sort** icon will move to that column. The data displayed in the portlet will then be sorted by that column.

Once you have selected the sort column, you can then select the order of the sort. When the **Sort** icon points up, the data is sorted in alphanumeric order from lowest (0 or A) at the top to highest (9 or Z) on the bottom. When the **Sort** icon points down, the data is sorted in alphanumeric order from highest (9 or Z) at the top to lowest (0 or A) on the bottom.

 To change the order of the sort, click a column heading containing the Sort icon. The Sort icon toggles from pointing up to pointing down, or from pointing down to pointing up.



Using the portlet's **Sort** icon to change the presentation of the data is valid only during the current Mercury IT Governance Center session.

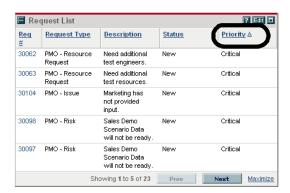


Figure 2-9. Sort icon

Drilling Down from Portlets

Drill-down pages contain additional, detailed or background information concerning a linked entry. Some drill-down pages contain portlets, which have their own linked entries and their own drill-down pages.

• To drill down from a list portlet, click on a linked entry.

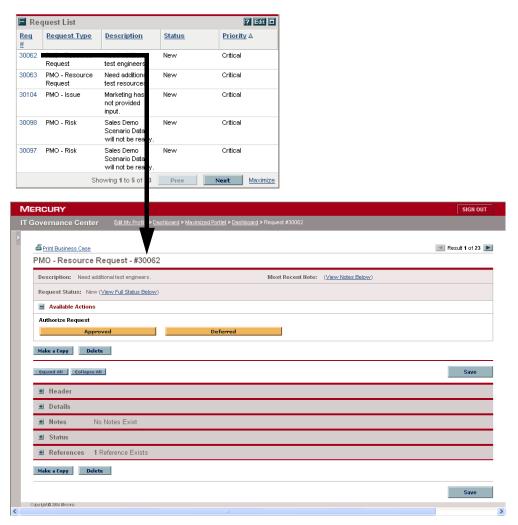


Figure 2-10. Drilling down from a list portlet

• To drill down from a chart portlet, click on a segment of the graph or legend.

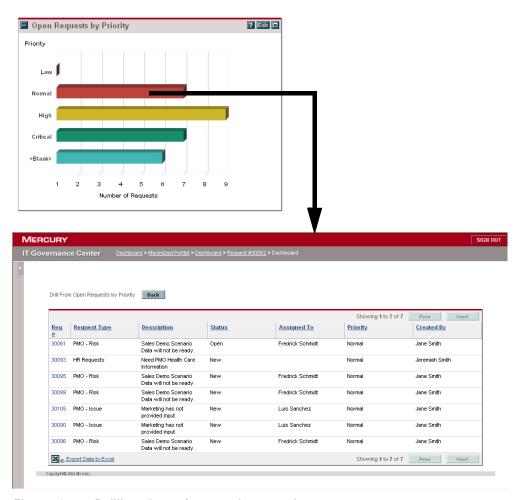


Figure 2-11. Drilling down from a chart portlet

Exporting Data to Excel Spreadsheets

Data on a list portlet's maximized page can be exported to an Excel spreadsheet, if Microsoft Excel is installed on your system.

To export data to an Excel spreadsheet, click the Export Data to Excel icon.
 A browser page is opened and the data is displayed in a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet. Once the data is imported into Microsoft Excel, all the standard Excel functions are available, including saving the file.

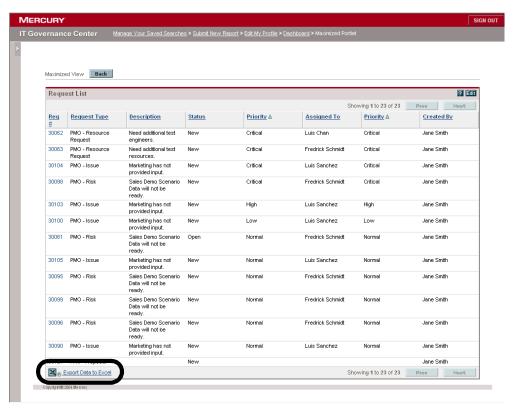


Figure 2-12. Exporting data to Excel

About Excel Exports

Data from a list portlet's maximized page is exported as-is. Excel translates the data into the various formats with a few exceptions. The following is a list of those exceptions:

- Red, yellow, and green indicators translate into a shaded cell with a white **R**, **Y**, or **G** letter.
- Task exception indicators translate into a red exclamation mark.
- Milestone indicators translate into a black diamond character.
- Status bars export with the percentage number plus a percent (%) character.
- Currency values export with the currency sign, commas, and periods.
- Links to URLs export but are altered to open in a new Web browser page (instead of the current Web browser page).

Personalizing Dashboards

Personalizing a Dashboard refers to making changes to your Dashboard and Dashboard pages. To personalize a Dashboard, you can do the following:

- Add Dashboard pages
- Move and delete Dashboard pages
- Rename Dashboard pages
- Set the refresh rate for Dashboard pages
- Add portlets to Dashboard pages
- Copy and move portlets on Dashboard pages

Adding Dashboard Pages

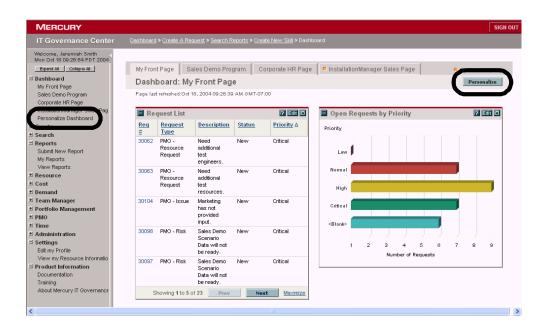
When adding Dashboard pages, you can add:

- Blank Dashboard pages
- Pre-configured Dashboard pages

To add a Dashboard page:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.

You can also click the **Personalize** button on a Dashboard page. The Personalize Dashboard page displays.



3. Add a Dashboard page.

- To add a blank Dashboard page, on the Personalize Dashboard page, click Add Blank Page. A blank Dashboard page is added to your Dashboard.
- To add a pre-configured Dashboard page:
- a. On the Personalize Dashboard page, click Add Pre-configured Pages.

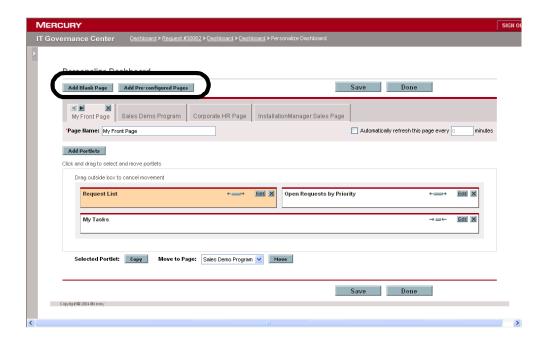
A list of available pre-configured Dashboard pages is displayed.

b. Select a pre-configured Dashboard page.

The page is added to your Dashboard.

4. On the Personalize Dashboard page, click **Done**.

The changes to your Dashboard are saved.



Moving and Deleting Dashboard Pages

To move or delete a Dashboard page:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.

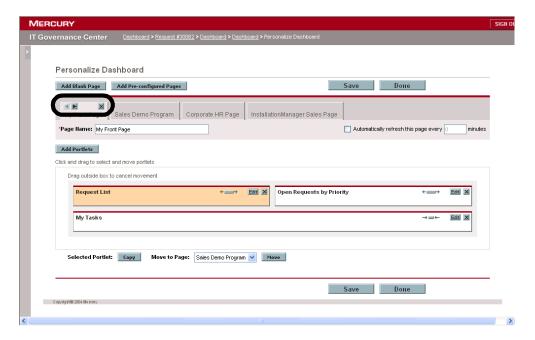
You can also click the **Personalize** button on a Dashboard page. The Personalize Dashboard page displays.

3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to move or delete.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page. The **Delete** icon and the available **Move Arrow** icons are enabled for the Dashboard page.

- 4. Delete or move the Dashboard page.
 - To delete the Dashboard page, click the **Delete** icon. The Dashboard page is removed.
 - To move the Dashboard page, click one of the enabled **Move Arrow** icons. The Dashboard page is moved.

The changes to your Dashboard are saved.



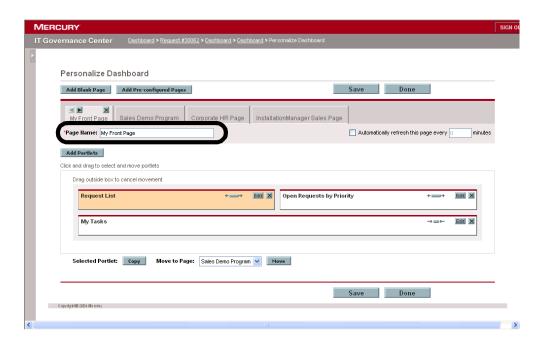
Renaming Dashboard Pages

To rename a Dashboard page:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.
- 3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to rename.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page.

4. In the Personalize Dashboard page, in the Page Name field, enter the new name of the Dashboard page.



The changes to your Dashboard are saved.

Setting Refresh Rates for Dashboard Pages

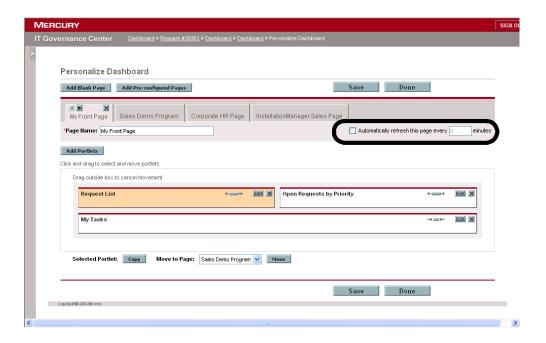
To set the refresh rate for a Dashboard page:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.
- 3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to configure.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page.

4. In the Automatically refresh this page every minutes field, select the checkbox and enter the number of minutes.

The number entered in the field must be a whole number.



The changes to your Dashboard are saved.

Adding Portlets to Dashboard Pages

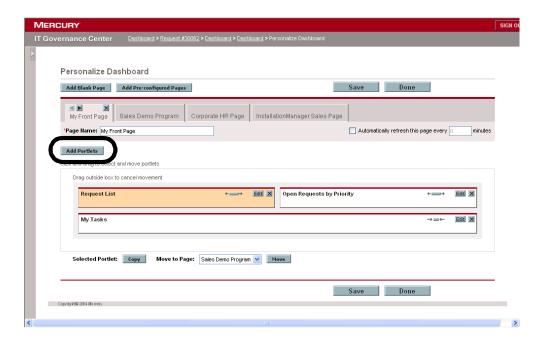
To add portlets:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.
- 3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to configure.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page.

4. On the Personalize Dashboard page, click Add Portlets.

The Add Portlets to Dashboard Page opens.



- 5. Search for the portlets to add.
 - To list all of the portlets, click Find Portlets. The Select Portlets to Add section is added to Add Portlets to Dashboard Page. The Select Portlets to Add section lists all of the portlets.
 - To list specific portlets:
 - a. In Portlet Name, enter all or part of the portlet's name.
 - b. In Category, select the portlet's category from the drop-down list.
 - c. Click Find Portlets.

The Select Portlets to Add section is added to Add Portlets to Dashboard Page. The Select Portlets to Add section lists all of the portlets matching the search criteria.

6. In the Select Portlets to Add section, select one or more portlets and click Add.

The selected portlets are added to the Dashboard page.

7. On the Personalize Dashboard page, click Done.

The changes to the Dashboard are saved.

Copying and Moving Portlets on Dashboard Pages

To copy and move portlets:

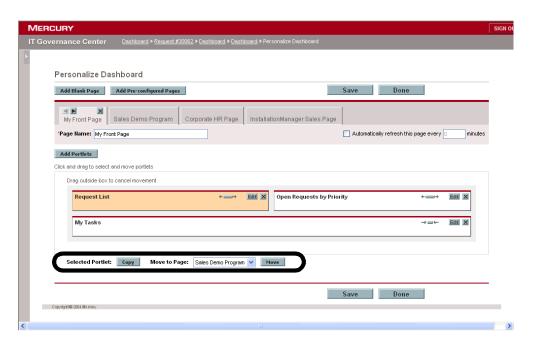
- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.
- 3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to configure.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page.

4. Select the portlet you want to copy or move.

The portlet is highlighted.

- 5. Copy or move the portlet.
 - To move the portlet around on the same Dashboard page, hold the cursor down on the portlet and move the portlet to its new location (drag and drop).
 - To move the portlet to another Dashboard page, in Move to Page, select the name of the destination Dashboard page and click **Move**.
 - To copy the portlet, click **Copy**.



The changes to your Dashboard are saved.

Personalizing Portlets

Personalizing portlets refers to making changes to your portlets. This includes the following:

- Deleting portlets
- Changing the size of portlets
- Setting the content and display of portlets

Deleting Portlets

To delete portlets:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.
- 3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to configure.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page.

4. On the portlet you want to delete, click the **Delete** icon.

The portlet is deleted.



5. On the Personalize Dashboard page, click **Done**.

The changes to the Dashboard are saved.

Changing the Size of Portlets

Portlets come in two sizes:

- Wide. One portlet per row.
- Narrow. Two portlets per row.

To change the width of portlets:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Dashboard > Personalize Dashboard.
- 3. Select the tab of the Dashboard page you want to configure.

The selected Dashboard page is displayed in the Personalize Dashboard page.

- 4. Change the size of the portlet.
 - On narrow portlets, click the Portlet Wide icon.



• On wide portlets, click the **Portlet Narrow** icon.



5. On the Personalize Dashboard page, click **Done.**

The changes to the Dashboard are saved.

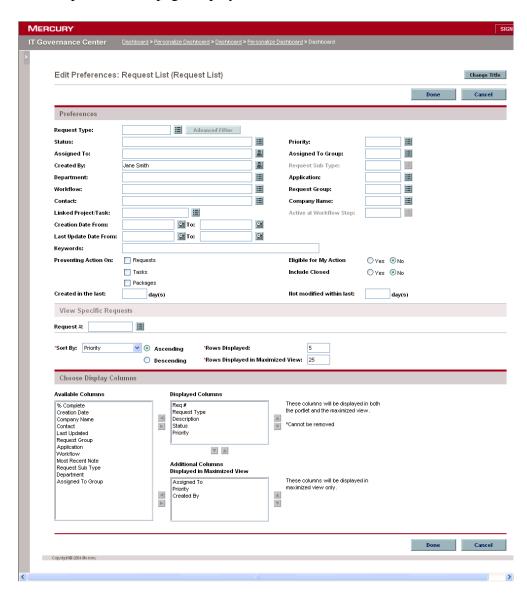
Configuring Portlets

You can configure your portlets, both in terms of data content and in terms of the display of the data. Use a portlet's edit page to personalize a portlet to best fit your business needs.

To configure a portlet:

- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. On the portlet, click the **Edit** icon.

The portlet's edit page displays.



3. Personalize your portlet.

Each portlet is unique. All portlets have a portlet edit page but not all portlets have all of the listed sections. For example, chart portlets do not have a Choose Display Columns section. The following lists the different ways you can personalize your portlet:

- **Title.** You can change the name of the portlet. Click **Change Title** to open the Change Title page.
- Preferences. You can configure the filters that are used to capture and display the data you want. Select the filters that best fit your business need.
- Choose display columns. You can configure how to display the data in the portlet. The Available Columns field lists all of the columns available to be displayed but not chosen. The Displayed Columns field lists all columns the will be displayed in the portlet's normal view. The Additional Columns Displayed in Maximize View field lists the additional columns that will be displayed in the portlet's maximized view. To move entries between fields, select an entry and click one of the enabled Move Arrow icons.
- **Display options.** You can configure how to display the data. Select the options that best suit your business need.
- **Arrange data.** You can configure how to display the data. Select the options that best suit your business need.
- 4. In the portlet edit page, click **Done**.

The changes to the portlet are saved.

Chapter 3 Using the Workbench

In This Chapter:

- Overview of the Workbench
- Opening and Closing the Workbench
- Searching for Entities
 - Saved Queries
 - Case Sensitivity and Using Wildcards
 - Advanced Queries
 - Opening, Deleting, and Copying Entities
 - Selecting Configuration Entities
 - Creating New Entities
- Navigating Inside Workbenches

Overview of the Workbench

For most Mercury IT Governance Center users, tasks are started and completed in the standard interface; some users, however, need to use the Mercury IT Governance Workbench for their work. The Workbench is designed to help application administrators, advanced users, and configurators configure Mercury IT Governance Center. The Workbench is also used to create a few entities, such as packages and projects. *Figure 3-1* shows the Workbench.

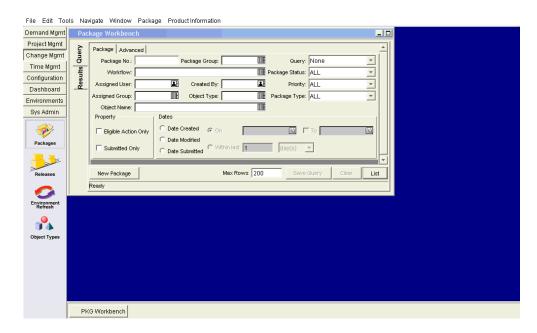


Figure 3-1. Mercury IT Governance Workbench

The Workbench opens in its own window, not in a Web browser window. You can open the Workbench through the standard interface's **Administration** > **Open Workbench** menu item, or you might reach the Workbench by creating packages or creating and updating projects.

The Mercury IT Governance Workbench has the following components (see *Figure 3-2*):

• Workbench. Workbench is used to find and act on configuration entities, such as request types, object types, and workflows. Each configuration entity has its own unique Workbench. You can reach a configuration entity Workbench using the shortcut bar.

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- **Shortcut bar.** The shortcut bar is used to organize the configuration entity Workbenches. Each configuration entity Workbench belongs to a screen group, such as Demand Mgmt, Project Mgmt, or Configuration. When a screen group is selected, the associated Workbenches are displayed as icons in the shortcut bar (see *Figure 3-2*).
- Workbench menu. The Workbench menu provides configuration functionality to the Workbench. This includes such things as user profile settings and regional settings. In addition, some Workbenches, such as packages and projects, add an extra menu when that Workbench is selected.

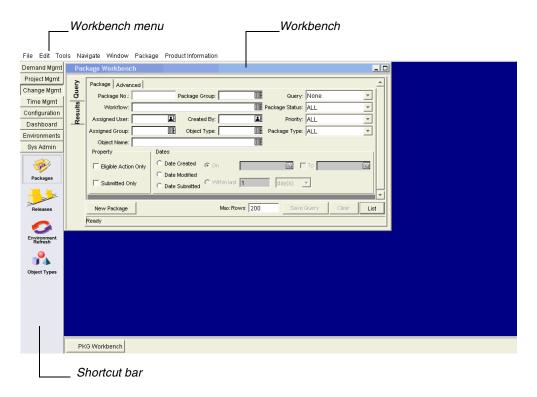


Figure 3-2. Mercury IT Governance Workbench

Opening and Closing the Workbench

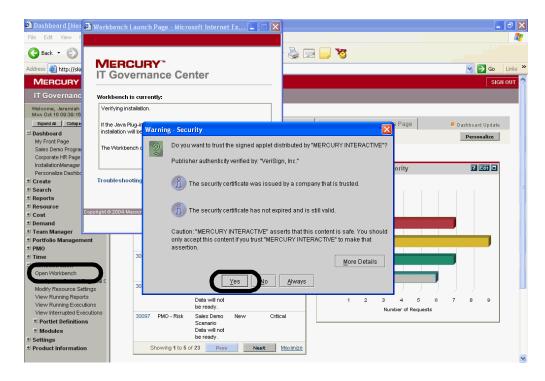
The Workbench is accessed through the standard interface.

To open the Workbench:

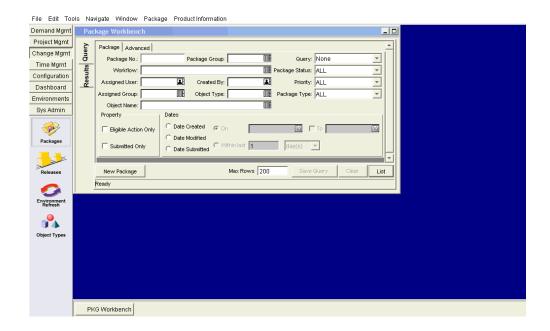
- 1. Log on to Mercury IT Governance Center.
- 2. From the menu bar, select Administration > Open Workbench.

A Workbench status window opens. A few minutes later, the Warning-Security window opens.

3. In the Warning Security window, select Yes.



The Workbench opens.



To close the Workbench:

1. From the Workbench menu, select File > Exit.

The Workbench closes.

Searching for Entities

The Workbench opens the default configuration entity Workbench (typically, the Package Workbench). A configuration entity Workbench gives you an interface to search for a specific entity, such as the Enhancement request type. To search for an entity, enter criteria in any combination of the fields in the **Query** tab and click **List**. All entities matching the search criteria will be listed in the **Results** tab. You can choose to ignore the filter fields and simply click **List**, which returns all of the entities in the Workbench.

Saved Queries

Queries that are run frequently can be saved and re-run using the saved query functionality. When saving a query, the saved query is only available to the configuration entity Workbench where you created the saved query. For example, a saved query in the Request Type Workbench is not available in the Packages Workbench.

Creating Saved Queries

To create a saved query:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.

The configuration entity Workbench opens with the Query tab.

3. In the Query tab, enter the search criteria and click Save Query.

The Save Query window opens.

4. In the Save Query window, in Query Name, enter a unique query name for the query and click **Save**.

The query is saved.

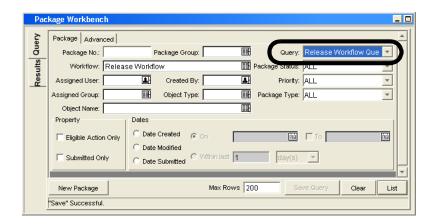
Using Saved Queries

To use a saved query:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.

The configuration entity Workbench opens with the Query tab.

3. In the **Query** tab, from the Query field drop-down list, select a saved query name and click **List**.



The query is run with the parameters of the saved search query.

Deleting Saved Queries

To delete a saved query:

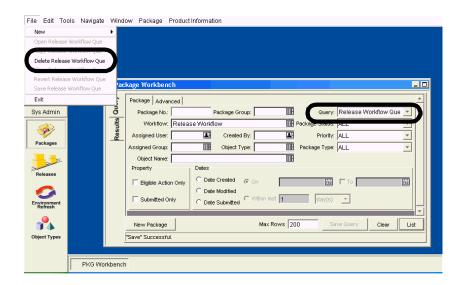
- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.

The configuration entity Workbench opens with the **Query** tab.

3. In the **Query** tab, from the Query field drop-down list, select a saved query name.

The selected saved query is highlighted.

4. From the Workbench menu, select **File > Delete < Query>** where **< Query>** is the name of the query to delete.



A Question Dialog opens.

5. In the Question Dialog, click Yes.

The saved query is deleted.

Case Sensitivity and Using Wildcards

Filter fields are case insensitive. For example, entering the word **test** in a filter field would return test, TEST, and Test. Filter fields also return partial matches. For example, entering the word **test** in a filter field could return Test Project and Testing Project.

Filter fields also accept the wildcard character %, which matches against any character. For example, entering **%ample** in a filter field could return Example and Sample. However, simply entering **ample** in a filter field would not return Example and Sample.

Advanced Queries

The Package Workbench **Query** tab includes the **Advanced** tab, where you can enter complex search criteria for packages (see *Figure 3-3*).

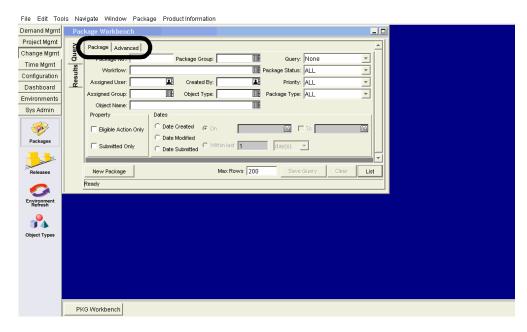


Figure 3-3. Package Workbench

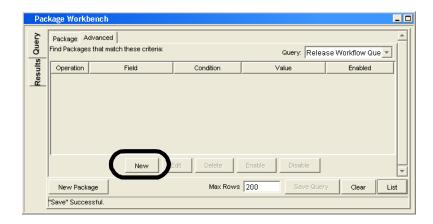
To enter advanced query criteria:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the Package Workbench.

The Package Workbench opens with the **Query** tab. The **Package** tab of the **Query** tab is displayed.

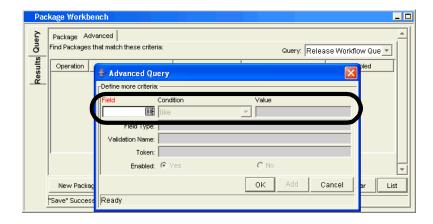
3. In the **Package** tab, complete the search criteria and click the **Advanced** tab.

The **Advanced** tab opens.



4. In the Advanced tab, click New.

The Advanced Query window opens.

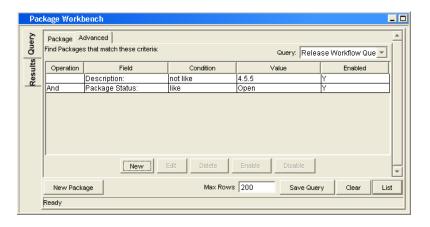


5. In the Advanced Query window, complete the filter fields and click Add.

See *Table 3-1* for the list of conditions. The advanced query logic is added to the query.

Table 3-1. Boolean operators

Condition	Description
Like	Looks for close matches of the value to the contents of the selected field.
Not like	Looks for contents in the selected field which are not close matches to the value field.
Equal to	Looks for an exact match of the value to the contents of the selected field.
Not equal to	Returns all results which are not an exact match of the value to the contents of the selected field.
Is null	Returns all instances in which the selected field is blank.
Is not null	Returns all instances in which the selected field is not blank.
Greater than	Looks for a numerical value in excess of the value entered in the Value field.
Less than	Looks for a numerical value below the value entered in the Value field.
Greater than equal to	Looks for a numerical value in excess or the same as the value entered in the Value field.
Less than equal to	Looks for a numerical value below or the same as the value entered in the Value field.



6. In the Advanced tab, click List.

The search begins. When performing the search, Mercury IT Governance Center uses the search criteria specified on the **Package** tab. All matches are then filtered using the search criteria specified on the **Advanced** tab. Only packages matching all of the filter fields are displayed in the **Results** tab. If no matches are returned, you could be less restrictive by disabling or removing some of the search criteria.

Selecting Configuration Entities

The **Results** tab displays all of the configuration entities matching the search criteria. The results can be sorted on any of the fields by clicking the column header. In the **Results** tab, select any of the returned configuration entities (or a range of configuration entities) for viewing, copying, or modifying (see *Figure 3-4*).

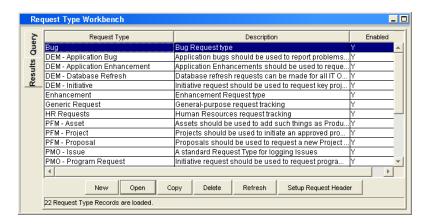


Figure 3-4. Results tab

To select a contiguous group of configuration entities:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.
- 3. In the Query tab, enter the search criteria and click List.

The results are displayed in the **Results** tab.

4. In the **Results** tab, select one entity.

The entity is highlighted.

5. Hold down the **Shift** key and select another entity.

All of the entities between the two select entities are highlighted.

6. Click Open or Delete.

All of the highlighted entities are opened or deleted.

To select several separated entities:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.
- 3. In the Query tab, enter the search criteria and click List.

The results are displayed in the **Results** tab.

4. In the **Results** tab, select one entity.

The entity is highlighted.

5. Hold down the **Ctrl** key and select another entity.

Both of the selected entities are highlighted.

6. Click Open or Delete.

Both of the highlighted entities are opened or deleted.

The **Results** tab also provides buttons for executing other common tasks. From the **Results** tab, users can create **New** entities, **Open**, **Copy**, or **Delete** existing entities, or re-run the query by clicking **Refresh**.

Opening, Deleting, and Copying Entities

To open, delete, or copy an entity:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.
- 3. In the Query tab, enter the search criteria and click List.

The results are displayed in the **Results** tab.

4. In the **Results** tab, select an entity.

The entity is highlighted.

- 5. Open, delete, or copy the entity.
 - To open the entity, in the **Results** tab, click **Open**.
 - To delete the entity, in the **Results** tab, click **Delete**. A question dialog opens, asking if you want to delete the entity.
 - To copy the entity, in the **Results** tab, click **Copy**. A copy dialog window opens, asking for a name for the new (copied) entity.

Creating New Entities

To create a new entity:

- 1. Open the Workbench.
- 2. Select the configuration entity Workbench.
- 3. In the Query tab, click New < Entity_Type>, where < Entity_Type> is the type of entity, such as New Package.

The entity's detail window opens.

4. In the detail window, complete the fields as required and click **OK**.

The entity is created.

Navigating Inside Workbenches

In a Workbench, the shortcut bar is typically used to navigate to a configuration entity Workbench. You can also navigate the Workbench using the Navigate menu on the Workbench menu.

Every Workbench has a **Query** tab, which is used to search Mercury IT Governance Center for entities associated to the Workbench. The results of a **Query** tab search are listed in the Workbench's **Results** tab. Toggle between the **Query** tab and **Results** tab using the tabs in the upper-left corner of the Workbench (see *Figure 3-5*).

When multiple detail windows are open, an individual detail window can be accessed using the buttons at the bottom of the Workbench, as shown in *Figure 3-5*. If you minimize a detail window, or even the Workbench window, you can view the window by clicking the appropriate button at the bottom of the Workbench.

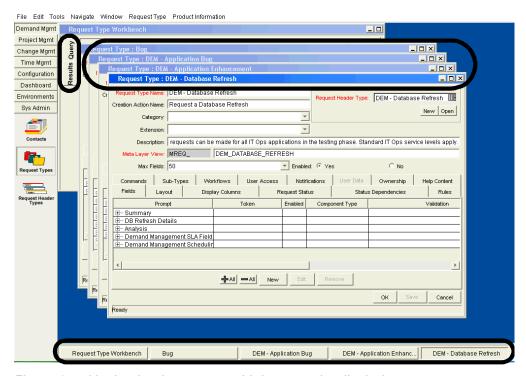


Figure 3-5. Navigating between multiple open detail windows

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