AssetCenter Introduction



AssetCenter

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This edition applies to version 4.0.0 of the licensed program

AssetCenter





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Preface

PREFACE

This guide's objective is to familiarize you with AssetCenter. It details the elementary operations that you will perform during your use of the application.

This guide also highlights the application's GUI and how to use it. It thus address first-time users. If you have already used previous versions of AssetCenter, we recommend that you skip this chapter and go directly to the chapters describing the enhancements and additions made to the current version of the application.

Welcome to AssetCenter

AssetCenter is a complete IT management system, composed of several modules that are totally integrated and based on a common center of reference. AssetCenter enables you to manage your portfolio, as well as all the events that are associated to the life cycle of each of your portfolio items: acquisition of assets, management of costs (taxes, TCO, maintenance contracts, work orders, etc.).

Because of its "integrated" aspect, AssetCenter enables you to access all its functions from the same interface and to work on a unique database, so you don't have to duplicate information. It's "functional" aspect enables you to adapt its interface to your own needs by only selecting the functions that you wish to access. The interface is thus much simpler to use.



Important: The list of functions to which you have access depends on the rights accorded by the license you acquired from Peregrine Systems, Inc.

This guide is an introduction to the software and to certain essential concepts that will enable you to familiarize yourself rapidly and efficiently with AssetCenter's GUI.

Conventions used in this guide

What follows is a list of the conventions that we use in this guide

Convention	Description		
Java Script Code	Example of the code or command		
Fixed-width characters	DOS command, function parameter or data		
	format		
	Portion of omitted code or command.		
Note: Extra information	Informative note		
Important: Be careful	Important information for the user		
Tip: User tip	Tip to help you use the application		
Warning: Exercise caution	Extremely important information for the user		
Object	AssetCenter interface object: a menu, a menu entry, a tab or a button.		

The following conventions are also used:

- The steps that we ask you to follow are listed in a defined ordered (in a numbered list). For example
 - 1 First step
 - 2 Second step

- 3 Third and last step
- All the figures and the tables are numbered according to the chapter in which they are found, and the order in which the appear in the chapter. For example, the title of the fourth table in chapter two will be prefixed by **Table 2-4**.

Online help

Online help displays help messages on screen while you are using AssetCenter.

Several systems of online help are available to you in your search for information.

General online help

General online help contains approximately the same information as in the printed manuals.

To display it, simply press F1 from any point in AssetCenter.



Note:

When you are using a Basic script editing window (Basic script is a simple program enabling you to customize and/or systemize the behavior of certain parts of the software), press F1 on the keyboard to display the AssetCenter programming reference. This online help is contextual. For example, if you forget the exact syntax of a Basic function while you are creating a script, you just need to select the name of the function in your script and press F1. The programming reference will open to the part dedicated to that function.

Context-sensitive help for fields and links

Context-sensitive help for a field or a link displays:

The SQL name of the field or link.

- Its type and data-entry format.
- A description of the field or link contents.
- Examples, such as sample data.
- Important information: data entry precautions, automatic mechanisms, etc.
- System itemized-list values.
- · Linked tables.

There are two ways to access context-sensitive help:

- Move to the field or link, then simultaneously press the "SHIFT" and "F1" keys.
- Move to the field or link. Right-click, and select the Help on this field shortcut menu item.

The contents of context-sensitive help for fields and links is not included in the printed manuals.

Tip of the day

This online help displays tips at each startup that will help you better use AssetCenter. You can disable this functionality by unselecting the **Show at startup** box in the Tip of the day window. Click **Next** to display another tip.

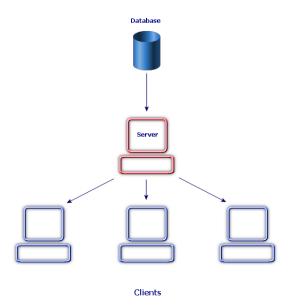
You can display tips at any moment via the **Help/Tip of the day** menu item.

Introduction to the database

Using AssetCenter means that you will be using a database. The AssetCenter workspace, and its consultation functionalities in particular, were designed to hide the complexity of the database behind the interface as much as possible. However, an elementary knowledge of databases will help you understand some basic concepts that are often used in the AssetCenter user guides.

Definition of a database

A database is an entity that stores data in a structural manner and with as little redundancy as possible. This data is used by programs (in our case, AssetCenter) and by its users (you). The concept of a database is frequently associated with the concept of a network, which units the various data contained a database (information is stored on remote computers and is accessible via the network to a group of defined users). This is opposite of a local database (which is installed on one machine and accessible only from that machine). One of the main advantages of a distributed database is that it enables simultaneous access to the information stored within to several users.



Database Management System

To manage the data and the users that access that data, we use a Database Management System (DBMS), which enables you to:

· Access data.

- Manage the access of the users to this data.
- Perform elementary operations on this data.
 - 1 Add (insert) data.
 - 2 Destroy (delete) data.
 - 3 Modify data.

Classically, we break down the applied layers of a DBMS into three systems:

- 1 A file management system that manages how the information is stored on its physical media (usually hard drives).
- 2 An information classification system.
- 3 A user interface system.

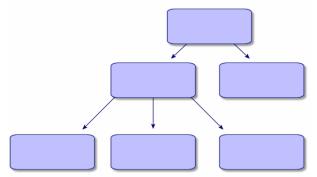
AssetCenter substitutes this last system by proposing an interface dedicated to the management of your infrastructures. The first two applied layers adhere to a classic DBMS; AssetCenter is thus compatible with the main DBMSs used.

Database models

Two main database models are frequently used to represent the organization of information.

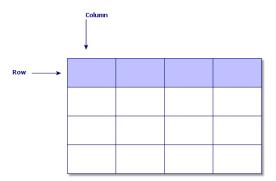
Hierarchical model

In this model, data is organized hierarchically according to an arborescent order of information, as shown below:



Relational model

In this model, data is organized in two-dimensional tables (rows and columns), as shown below:

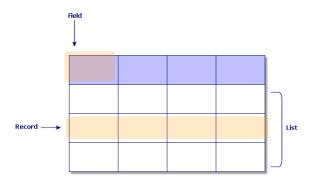


Using the relational model, we thus also define:

- A record as a set of data contained in one of the rows of a table.
- A field as the title of one of the columns in a table.
- The value of a field as the value of one of the cells in the table.

AssetCenter introduces two other concepts:

- A list is composed of a set of records from a table.
- A detail regroups the information from a given record and categorizes them in a logical fashion.



Try to remember as you best you can these concepts, since you will come across them many times in AssetCenter.

2 First steps with AssetCenter

CHAPTER

This chapter's objective is to familiarize you with the AssetCenter workspace. In particular, we will detail the elementary actions that you will perform the first time that you launch this application.

You will thus learn how to:

- Launch AssetCenter.
- · Connect to a database.
- Discover the AssetCenter workspace.
- Use, then configure, the different modes of viewing data (list, detail, etc.) that are proposed to you.
- Enter new data in the database and handle the records.

Launching AssetCenter

There are two ways to launch AssetCenter:

- From your operating system's **Start** menu.
- From the command prompt.

Launching from the command prompt

To launch AssetCenter from a DOS command prompt.

- 1 Open a DOS command prompt, by selecting **Start/Accessories/Command prompt**, for example.
- 2 Go to the **bin** folder of the AssetCenter installation folder. For example, if you choose to install AssetCenter in the folder proposed by default, enter the following command:

```
cd Program Files\Peregrine\AssetCenter\bin
```

3 Enter the desired command line and validate it by pressing Enter on your keyboard.

Here is the syntax for launching the AssetCenter client:

```
am [-?|h|H] [-cnx:<cnx>] [-login:<login>]
[-password:<password>] [-view:<view>]
[-config:<config>]
```

Parameters:

- -?, h or H: Displays the help message.
- -cnx: database connection name (Name field in the Connection tab
 of the connection detail, which is displayed using the File/ Manage
 connections menu item.)
- -login: login of the employee connecting to the database (Login (SQL name: UserLogin) field in the Profile tab of the employee detail, which is displayed using the Repository/ Departments and employees menu item.)
- -password: password corresponding to the login (Password (SQL name: LoginPassword) field in the Profile tab of the employee detail, which is displayed using the Repository/ Departments and employees menu item.)
- -view: View displayed at startup (views available in the Tools/ Views menu item.)
- -config: modules to activate:
 - · itam: Portfolio
 - procurement: Procurement

• lease: Contracts

• finance: Financials

cable: Cable and Circuitadmin: Administration

To activate several functions, separate them by commas.

Example:

```
am -cnx:Base -login:util -password:MotDePasse
-view:BiensPentium -config:itam,procurement
```



Warning: Parameter values do not accept spaces.

Launching multiple sessions

It is possible to launch several sessions of AssetCenter on the same machine.

You just need to repeat the launching procedure after opening each new session.

In this case, the active sessions share the same .ini files.

Exiting AssetCenter

You can use the **File/ Exit** menu item any time during your session to exit AssetCenter.

This has the following effects:

- Closes all open windows and saves their position.
- Offers to back up records being modified.
- Offers (administration accounts only) to save any modifications made to the database.
- Closes the database and frees the connection with the database engine.
- Frees the connection slot of the person who was connected.

• Exits the application.

Connecting to a database

There are two ways to connect to a database: with or without integrated Windows NT security.

Connecting without using integrated Windows NT security

To connect without using integrated Windows NT security:

- 1 Select File/ Connect to database.
- 2 A window opens in which you need to select an already defined connection from among the choices in the **Connection** field's drop-down list.
- 3 Enter your **Login** name (SQL name: UserLogin) that was defined by the administrator in the **Employees** table (SQL name: amEmplDept). You can also connect to the database of your choice by using the **File/ Manage connections** menu. Simply select the connection and click **Open**.
 - If you want to connect as an administrator, enter **Admin** in the Login field.
- 4 Enter your password in the **Password** field.

 The first time that you open a database, you need to use the password assigned to you by your administrator. Once the database is open, you can change your password via the **Tools/Change password menu**.
- 5 Click Open.

Connecting using integrated Windows NT security

This operational mode:

- Requires preparation on the part of the AssetCenter administrator.
- Is accessible to Windows NT, 2000 and XP client workstations.

- Is not accessible to Windows 95, 98 and ME client workstations.
- Assumes that you are connected to the AssetCenter database with the same login as your Windows connection.

To connect using the Integrated Windows NT security:

- 1 Select File/ Connect to database.
- 2 A window opens in which you need to select an already defined connection from among the choices in the **Connection** field's drop-down list.
- 3 Select **Use integrated NT security** option.
- 4 Click Open.



Tip:

Using this operational mode, you do not have to enter values into the Login and Password fields; AssetCenter automatically uses your Windows login and password.

Disconnecting from a database

Select the **File/ Disconnect from database** menu at any time during your session.

If necessary, AssetCenter will ask you if you want to save the current modifications.

AssetCenter workspace

This section presents the AssetCenter workspace. It is always displayed and contains all the other windows.

You will find information on the following topics:

- Menus
- Toolbar
- · Status bar
- Functions and favorites panel

- ToolTips
- System information, installed and recognized components

Menus

The menu bar

All the AssetCenter commands are accessible from the menu bar running across the top of the workspace. Menu items are grouped by function (File, Edit, Repository, Finance, etc.). Each function has its own entry (menu item) in the menus, which can be accessed by clicking on it. You can then select the menu item or the sub-menu that you want.

AssetCenter also features a specific menu for each active window. These menus change when you change from one active window to another, and they either enable you to apply a filter to its main list or they propose specific functions. The specific menus always appear to the right of the **Edit** menu.

Shortcut menu

A shortcut menu enables you to access a menu in which each item applies to the part of the program in which you are working. To obtain such a menu, right-click the area in which you are working and select the desired menu item.

Toolbar

You can access the functions on the toolbar by clicking on any of its icons. Each icon corresponds to an AssetCenter function, and clicking directly on it avoids having to go through the menu bar.

To configure the toolbar, you can use the **Tools/Customize toolbar** menu item, or you can use the shortcut menu available when you click anywhere in the toolbar zone, except where there are buttons.

Status bar

A status bar at the bottom of the workspace displays the following information from left to right:

- A description of the selected zone (active fields, highlighted menu items, etc.).
- The name of the open database and the login used.
- The current operating mode (browse, create, modify).
- The time of day.

Functions and favorites pane

The pane displayed by default on the left-hand side of the workspace is useful for two reasons:

- The **Functions** tab classifies the functionalities available in AssetCenter by functional domain. The essential functionalities accessible via the menu bar are also listed in this panel. All items in AssetCenter for which you can select a functional domain (actions, views, etc.) are displayed in this pane. The contents of the pane are updated according to the context.
- The **Favorites** tab enables you to save favorites. You can thus directly access screens, views and other items that you regularly use via this tab. To create a favorite:
 - 1 In the **Functions** tab, select the link that interests you,
 - 2 Right click.
 - 3 Select **Add to favorites** from the contextual menu that is displayed.
 - 4 The link is now included in the **Favorites** tab.

ToolTips

When the mouse pointer comes to rest over certain areas, in particular over icons on the toolbar, a ToolTip appears to indicate that tool's function.

Use the **Tools/ Options** menu item to enable or disable ToolTips.

Example

In the lists, if you cannot see the entirety of the information in a column because the column is too small, a ToolTip appears showing the text in full.

System information, installed and recognized components

The **About Peregrine AssetCenter** box contains all the system information concerning AssetCenter.

The Help/ About AssetCenter menu displays this box.

If an Internet browser is installed on your workstation, you can visit the Peregrine Systems Web site by clicking the http://www.peregrine.com [http://www.peregrine.com] hypertext link.

When you click **More**, a window appears in which you can see the packages installed and recognized by AssetCenter.

This window includes:

- Information on the installed software (version number, description, software name, etc.), grouped under **Software**.
- Information on the client workstation, grouped under **System** information.
- Information on the open database.
- Information on DLLs or executables required by the database engines compatible with AssetCenter:
 - If a dynamic link library is installed, AssetCenter automatically detects it and displays its full path name in the second column. Additional information on the library appears in the third column of the screen displaying installed and recognized components.
 - If no dynamic link library is found, AssetCenter displays **File not found** in the second column.

 If a dynamic link library is found but no additional information is available, AssetCenter displays Information not available in the second column.

Click **Copy** to copy this information to the Clipboard. Click **Close** to close the window displaying installed and recognized packages.

Record lists

You will find information on the following topics:

- How lists work.
- · Using lists.
- Moving within lists.
- Action buttons concerning record lists.
- · Hierarchical organization.
- List display parameters.
- Viewing statistics
- Main list layout.
- Drop-down list layout.
- Searching for a record in a list.
- Manipulating records in a list.
- Exporting a list

How lists work

The AssetCenter database includes a large amount of information. This data is grouped into "tables" (Assets, Contracts, etc.). Each table contains "records" for each item in the table (an asset, a product, a contract, etc.).

To access these records, the program uses "lists" which let you quickly display the records contained in the "tables". You can access specific information concerning a given record by using "lists".

Using lists

A list is a window that displays all the records of a given type. It enables you to search for records, modify them and display detailed information about one of them in the detail window.

To display a list, use the button on the toolbar or the menu item corresponding to the type of records you want to use.



Note:

Administrators can also display a list in AssetCenter using the Tools/ List of screens menu item.

Moving within lists

There are several methods for moving within a list. They apply to both main lists (list of assets for example) and detail lists (contracts concerning an asset, for example).

You have four ways to move within a list:

Using the Edit Menu

Beginning of the list: Edit/ First record

Previous record: Edit/ Previous record

Next record: Edit/ Next record

· End of the list: Edit/ Last record

Using function keys

Start of list: CTRL+F11

• Next record: F12

Previous record: F11

• End of list: CTRL+F12

Using the keyboard

• Beginning of the list: HOME

• Previous record: UP ARROW

Up one page: PAGE UP

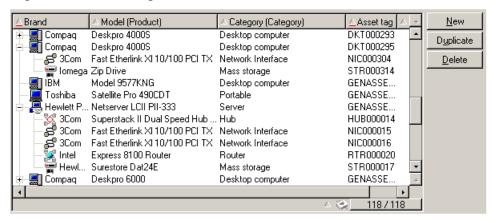
Down one page: PAGE DOWN Next record: DOWN ARROW

End of the list: END

Using scroll bars

Below the list, a horizontal scroll bar enables you to view the fields (arranged in columns for each record in the list) that are not displayed. To the right of the lists, a vertical scroll bar appears. Click and drag it up or down to move the list without changing the selected record.

Figure 2.1. List navigation tools





Note:

If you use a wheel mouse (such as the Microsoft IntelliMouse), you can use the wheel to scroll within record lists.

The Loading button

AssetCenter enables you to specify the maximum number of records to be automatically displayed in a list. To do this, select the **Do not load** more than option, accessible via the Tools/ Options menu.

When you click the \blacksquare button at the top of the screen, it displays the previous records; the \blacksquare button at the bottom of the screen displays the next records. The display of these records always respects the maximum number of records to be shown that you specified in the Options screen. To load all the preceding or following records, hold the Shift key down and click the \blacksquare button.

The loading indicator

This button, which looks like this 20/?, indicates the number of records loaded compared to the total number of records in the database after filtering.

If a "?" appears in place of the right hand number, click the button to display the total.

Action buttons concerning record lists

New: Displays an empty detail window to describe a new record. The record is not created until you click the **Create** button.

Duplicate: Copies information from the selected record to a new detail window. The record is not created until you click the **Create** button.

Delete: Deletes the selected record.

Detail: Displays the details of the selected record.

Select: If you click the button to the right of a linked field, you will be able to populate that field by selecting a record in another table.

AssetCenter displays a "Selection window", which contains a list of records. Select the record to you want to link and click Select to confirm your choice, otherwise press the Delete button to cancel your choice. The button is only displayed if the Selection windows field in the navigation options of the Tools/ Options menu has been correctly configured.

■ Enables you to calculate the sums of the numeric values for each column in the main list.

Close: Closes the window.

Hierarchical organization

Certain tables in AssetCenter are organized hierarchically: Each record can have a sub-record. The records in these tables are thus organized accordingly and without limits on the number of levels that can exist in the such tree structures.

Examples:

- In the Locations table, a given location A may be a **sub-location** of a given location B.
- In the Assets table, an asset may be a **component** of another asset.
- In the Departments and Employees table, the "Sales head office" department has a sub-department called "Sales". "Sales head office" is the "parent" or "parent department" of "Sales". This creates a hierarchy as shown below:

Figure 2.2. Tree structure



View type

The records of tables that are structured hierarchically (Assets, Locations, Categories, Departments and Employees, etc.) can be viewed either in "table view" or in "tree view".

The view type is selected as follows:

- Using the Window/ Tree view and Window/ Table view menu items for main lists.
- Using the shortcut menu (right-click in the list) to select either Tree view and Table view for main lists or tab lists.

When you are in "tree view", you can expand a level by using the ⊕ button in the tree, or contract a level with the ⊕ button.

In "tree view", you access the **Unfold** option by right-clicking in the list. This option lets you define how many hierarchical levels you want to see displayed in the tree structure: one, two, three or all. If you close the window, you will loose this configuration.

Below is a list of keys and shortcuts available from the keyboard that control views:

- List view: ☐ CTRL+L
- Tree view: E CTRL+T



Important: In order to access the tree-view of a table, the user must have the rights to read the Full name (SQL name: FullName) and Hierarchic level (SQL name: sLvl) fields.

Modifying the hierarchical organization of a table

- 1 Open a hierarchical table.
- 2 Display the list in tree view using the **Window/ Tree view** menu item.
- 3 You can display the table as a simple list using the Window/ List only menu item if this makes it easier to read.
- 4 Unfold the tree to your desired level:
 - Either by clicking a node in the hierarchy.
 - Or by using the **Unfold** command in the shortcut menu.
- 5 Click the record at the base of the branch to be moved and hold down the mouse key.
- 6 Then drag the branch with the record to the base of the destination branch.
- 7 All the sub-items that you moved keep their hierarchical order.

Or:

- 1 Display the hierarchic list in "List and details" mode (Window/ List and detail menu item.)
- 2 Select all the records with the same parent.
- 3 Modify the field corresponding to the parent record: Select the new parent.
- 4 Click Modify.

List display parameters

AssetCenter has numerous parameters that govern the way in which record lists are displayed:

- View type: "Tree view" or "List view"
- Display mode: "Details only", "List only" or "List and details"
- List sorts using the column header buttons.
- List configuration (shortcut menu item **Configure list**):
 - Selection of fields to display by column
 - Sorts
 - Filters
- Application of filters
- · Window size

A window's parameters are memorized each time you close it. If you want to revert back to a list's default settings, you need to press SHIFT when you display a list via the **Repository/ Assets** or the corresponding icon on the tool bar.

Viewing statistics

AssetCenter offers you the possibility to graphically view a column's or a field's statistics.

To do this:

- 1 Move your cursor to the column or field for which you want to view the statistics.
- 2 Right-click.
- 3 Select the **Statistics on this column**, **Statistics on this field**, or **Statistics on this link** shortcut menu that appears according to the part in which you are working.
- 4 AssetCenter displays the statistics in a new window.
- 5 If you double-click on one of the columns in the graphical statistics representation, AssetCenter will open a new window enabling you to filter the corresponding records.



Note:

The statistics are limited to the first ten values found by AssetCenter. All other values are grouped in the Other values category.

Choosing the statistics display

You can modify the appearance of the graphic that appears. To modify the graphic's appearance, right-click on the graphic and choose:

- Among the proposed graphics:
 - Vertical bars
 - Horizontal bars
 - Lines
 - · Pie chart
- Among the proposed views:
 - 3D view
 - · Stacked view

You can also display the graphic's key, which corresponds to the colors in the pie chart view.

Main list layout

You can configure the main lists of the same table in a different manner. Using the **Assets** tab of a contract, click \blacksquare , then click \blacksquare in the window that appears enabling you to add an asset to a contract.

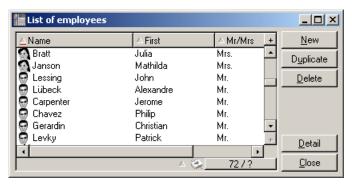


The list of assets displayed in the **Assets** tab of a contract detail can have different display parameters from the same list that is displayed by the **Repository/ Assets** menu item.

Rapidly sorting a list

There is a button at the top of each column in the main list that bears the name of a field. This button enables you to alphabetically sort the values of this field for each record in the corresponding table.

Figure 2.3. List sort tools



Click in order to sort a column's values in ascending order. If you double-click, it will sort the column's values in descending order (inverse). If you simultaneously press Shift while doing this, the values will be directly sorted in descending order.

Click this button to switch between ascending and descending sorts (\blacksquare and \blacksquare).

The red bar indicates that the field is indexed and therefore will sort more rapidly.

Quickly adding a column to a list

You can add a column to a list from a detail screen. Right-click the object (field or link) whose values you want displayed as a column and select **Add this column to the list** from the shortcut menu.

Adjusting the size of columns in main lists

Press F9 to obtain maximum column size when the list is active.

Pressing CTRL+F9 will optimize the size of these same columns so that their values appear in their entirely. If you double-click the top-right border of a column, AssetCenter automatically adjusts the column size for this column only.

Using the Configure list shortcut menu item

The Columns and sort tab allows you to define multiple sort keys.

List of columns selected Complete dictionary of the database Check the boxes correpsonding to the field that will These buttons enable you to become the sorting key. Be sure to check them in their order of priority for the sort. transfer columns between the right-side and left-side lists. 🕵 Query on table 'Employees (amEmplDept)' Columns and soit 🤝 Filer (WHERE clause) Fields and links

+ adf (Links)
+ 37 (Keys)
+ 39 (Features)
+ 58 (Calculated fields) 4 -fix) [Calculated fields

-fix) [Calculated fields

-fix) Administration rights (bAdminFlight)

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-fix) Bar code (BaCode) Lansavo a call (bHDS aveCalRight)
Created on the fit, (bCreatedOnTheFly)
Creation of estimates from unapproved requests (bEsti
Licetion of orders from unapproved requests (b="Urder
Department (50 coartment)
EMail (EMail) 3 ort by index (no index) Funce indexes These buttons enable you to modify how the columns are displayed: The highest column in the right-hand table is located the furtherest to the left in the list Check this box of records. To use the indexed sorts, which are faster than all others, select one of the table's indexes. This will modify the table above by adding the columns that are missing and by checking the "Sort" box.

Figure 2.4. Configuring a list

List on the left

The Columns and sort tab contains an arborescent list of all the elements in the current table that you can display or sort in the main list. The following icons are used to identify the different items:

- designates a field.
- designates an indexed field.
- designates a monetary value.

- ■ and designate a link.
- f(s) designates a calculated field.
- • designates a key.
- designates a link to a comment.
- designates a link to an image.

You can also double-click on an element in the left-hand window to transfer it to the right-hand window. The corresponding columns will be added to the main list once you click **OK**. To remove an element, go through this process starting from the right-hand window and moving an element to the left.

In addition, the field above the list enables you to enter an element from the database dictionary by typing its SQL name. AssetCenter automatically types ahead for you.

List on the right

This list contains the items selected for sorting or display.

Sort column

Clicking on a column header activates the sort of the values contained in that column. Click once and the triangle points upward, meaning that the sort is ascending; click twice and the triangle points downward, meaning that the sort is descending. A third click disables the sort.

If the selection of sort keys corresponds to an index (**Sort by index** field), AssetCenter automatically displays the name of that index.



Note:

Sorts can be applied directly from the list by clicking the column header. You can hold down the SHIFT key while clicking the column header to select a descending sort directly.

Visibility column

Selecting the checkbox corresponding to the options on the left determines whether or not the column should appear in the list.

For example, you can perform a sort on the asset tag without having it displayed on screen or printed.

Title column

This column allows you to replace the default description of the column headers.

Color column

This column allows you to select the calculated field, which defines the color used to display lines of text in the list.

Several types of fields can be used: A field in the table, a calculated field, a feature, etc.

The colors are expressed in RGB format. If you do not know the RGB values of the colors, you can use the AmRgbColor() Basic function, which returns the correct value for the color you want to use.

For example:

You want to display the contracts coming to end of term within the next 3 months.

To do this:

1 Create a calculated field (**Tools/ Administration/ Calculated fields** menu item) with the following parameters:

Table 2.1. Color column

Field	Value			
Table (SQL name:	Contracts (SQL name: amContract)			
TableName)				
Field type (SQL name:	Basic script			
seType)				
Result type (SQL name:	Numerical			
seDataType)				
Calculation script (SQL	<pre>If amDateDiff([dEnd],amDate()) < 7776000. Then</pre>			
name: memScript)	RetVal =			
_	AmRgbColor("RED") Else RetVal = AmRgbColor(
	"BLACK")End If			

- 2 Use the **Finance/ Contracts** menu item to display the list of contracts.
- 3 Configure the list using the **Configure list** command from the shortcut menu.
- 4 Add the calculated field that you have just created in the list of columns displayed.
- 5 Check the **Color** column for this field.
- 6 Confirm this configuration by clicking **OK**.
- 7 Test this configuration by comparing a contract whose **End** field (SQL name: dEnd) has a value falling within the 3 months following the current date, with another beyond the 3 month limit.

Type column

This column is only used for informational purposes and indicates the type of the field: text, number, date, etc.

Sort by index column

The **Sort by index** field allows you to select an index as a sort key rather than selecting sort keys by checking the boxes in **Sort** column of the list above.

If you select an index for the sort, the necessary columns are added and the index replaces any sort keys selected in the table. Certain indexes concern several columns.

Sorting on an index makes sorts faster.

Drop-down list layout

Drop-down lists (combo boxes) can be displayed by clicking ∃in a detail screen to the right of a field.

The drop-down list of a hierarchical list can appear in tree form if you select Yes in the Trees in drop-down lists navigation option, accessible via the **Tools/ Options** menu.

- When it is displayed as a list, the sort order depends on what has been specified for the table to which the drop-down list points. This is configured via the **String** field in AssetCenter Database Administrator.
- When it is displayed in tree form, the records are sorted alphabetically according to Full name.

Searching for a record in a list

If you sort by the field containing the value you want to find, and you click on the corresponding column, you can then search for any record having that value:

- 1 Right-click anywhere in the list area: A shortcut menu is displayed.
- 2 Click the **Go to** command and type the first few letters of the value to find. AssetCenter automatically completes the rest of the information, displaying the closest existing value in the database.
- 3 When the correct value is displayed click the **Go to** button. AssetCenter positions the cursor on the item in the list whose value is greater than or equal to the value entered via the keyboard.



Note:

The keyboard shortcut equivalent to the Go to command is Ctrl+G.

Other ways to search records

- Filters: These allow you to display a subset of a list according to the criteria you define.
- Views: These combine filters with parameters for presenting a list.

Manipulating records in a list

Selecting one or more records in a list

Selected records are displayed as being highlighted in the list. The first record is selected by default. You can select another record by moving the cursor with the arrow keys or clicking the item itself. You can select several items by using the CTRL or SHIFT key with the mouse.

Selecting all the records in a list

Once the list is open, use the **Edit/ Select all** menu item to select all the records in the list.

Moving a record in a tree view list

In a tree list you can move a record from one point in the tree to another by simply "dragging and dropping" it with the mouse. Click the item and, while still pressing on the mouse button, move the cursor to the new position and release the mouse button. This has the same effect as modifying the **Sub-location** (SQL name: SubLocations) field of a location or **Component of** (SQL name: Parent) field of an asset for example.

Adding objects to a floor plan

When you define a floor plan (**Repository/Floor plans**) you can add records (assets, employees, etc.) from other lists directly onto the floor plan by dragging and dropping the records.

You can drag any element directly onto the floor plan, or you can drag its corresponding icon, if there is any, which appears in the detail screen. AssetCenter adds the object to the floor plan with its icon and text. Move the records around the floor plan using the mouse.

For more information on creating a floor plan, refer to the "Floor plans" chapter of the "Database tables" guide.

Exporting a list

AssetCenter exports the list that you have selected, after any possible filters, exactly as it appears on the screen.

Make sure that you select the main list or tab list that you want to export. If, for example, you want to export those assets covered by a given contract, but you are positioned in the basic information of the contract detail or in the list of contracts ("List and detail" view), you will export the list of contracts.

To export a main list or a list in a detail, you can also use the **File/ Export list** menu item.

- 1 Enter the name, extension and path of the text file where the exported data is stored into the **File** field of the dialog box.
 - Select the **Export name of the table** option so that the table's name will appear at the head of the exported text file.
 - We advise against exporting the name of the table if the export file is intended for use in Microsoft Access.
- 2 Select the **Export column headers** option so that the column names will appear at the head of the exported text file.
- 3 Select the **Export the identification numbers** option to export the Id numbers along with the records. In other words, you will be exporting the table's "Id" field (for example, the "lAstId" in the Assets table).
- 4 Among the "." "," ";" "Tab" characters of the drop-down list **Separator**, choose the one that should separate each field in the exported main list.
- 5 Click Export.



Warning: Before you go on, we highly recommend that you save the database before importing the data. Finally, to export the data,

all AssetCenter users can use the File/ Export list menu item, which allows the active list to be exported. Only AssetCenter administrators, however, can use the AssetCenter Export option, since it enables you to perform very complex export procedures. Refer to the administration manual for more information on this subject.

Record details

This section explains how to access record details in AssetCenter and view the information contained there.

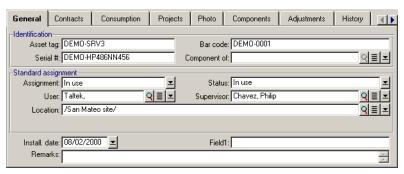
You will find information on the following topics:

- · Accessing a record detail.
- · Combined list and detail view.
- Resizing windows.
- · Buttons in a record detail.
- Tabs.
- User-defined fields.

Accessing a record detail

Once you have displayed a record list, select the item you want, then double-click it or click the **Detail** button to display all information concerning this record. This information is divided into tabs organized by subject matter.

Figure 2.5. Detail of an asset record



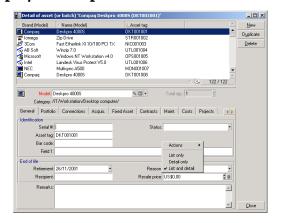
Information is displayed within each tab as fields or lists. You can add as many items as you want to a list. This is the case with the asset features for example.

Combined list and detail view

AssetCenter lets you display a list only, a detail only, or both a list and the detail of the selected element together.

Use the Window/ List only, Window/ Detail only or Window/ List and detail menu items to select the display mode.

Figure 2.6. Display made up of the list of assets and of a detail



The following keyboard shortcuts are assigned to these modes:

List only: "F6"

Detail only: "F7"

• List+Detail: "F8"



Note:

In "List+Detail" mode, you can display the list in horizontal mode (the list is displayed above the detail screen) or vertical mode (the list is displayed to the left of the detail screen). To switch between these two modes, right-click the empty part of the detail screen (below the New, Duplicate, Delete buttons) and select Switch to horizontal mode or Switch to vertical mode as needed.

Resizing windows

AssetCenter enables you to adjust the windows to a non-maximal size. Move the mouse pointer to the border or corner of a window until the cursor changes shape. Then click and drag the selected border or corner.

To change the size of the list and detail areas, move the cursor to the line separating the list area from the detail area until the pointer changes shape. Then click the mouse and, while holding down the mouse button, move the pointer to the desired position. Then release the mouse button.

Buttons in a record detail

Modify: Saves modifications made to the detail window.

Create: Saves the information in the detail window as a new record.

Ereate S: Saves the information in the detail window as a new record and initializes fields in order to create a new record based on certain current data items. The new record is not effectively created until you click the button again. You can click the Create button to terminate this process. This button is useful when you are creating a series of records with similar information.

Cancel: Cancels any modifications made to the detail window, or cancels the creation of a new record if you have not yet pressed the **Cancel** button.

- Is Displays the details of the selected item.
- Displays a window that enables you to select a linked record. You can control the display of this button in the **Selection of windows** navigation option, accessible via the **Tools/ Options** menu. The list displayed is the standard list of linked records. The title of this list depends on its context. For example, if you select the user of an asset 'bbb', the list of departments and employees is displayed but the window is labeled "User of asset 'bbb", and not "List of employees".
- ■: Displays a drop-down list proposing values from which you can select one. The type of value proposed in the list depends on the field in which you are working. Although the choices proposed are actually records linked to another table, this drop-down list only offers you choices in a simple column form. This is contrary to the list displayed by the button, which is the standard, principle list.
- : Displays the tab list to the left.
- ■: Displays the tab list to the right.
- Adds a record to a detail list. For example, this may be the list of contracts concerning an asset, which appears in the **Contracts** tab of the asset details.)
- ■: Deletes a record from a details list.
- **3**: Adds an alarm to the field to the left of the button.

Tabs

AssetCenter displays database record information in a "detail" zone. The pages that appear by selecting specific "tabs" group the information by theme (usually corresponding to tables).

A detail thus includes several tabs that sometimes contain sub-tabs. The name of the sub-tab is defined by the fields of the corresponding page.

To add, duplicate or remove a sub-tab, right-click within the tab that contains it in order to display the shortcut menu and select **Add linked** record, Duplicate linked record or Delete link.

User-defined fields

AssetCenter includes user-defined fields to let you add information specific to your organization. These fields are found in details, and their default name is "Field x" where x is a number.

The administrator may modify their names and properties using the database customization functions, such as Configure object.



Me recommend that you configure the all the fields in the tab so that each one corresponds to the same logic.

Operations on records

This section explains how to create and modify records in AssetCenter. You will find information on the following topics:

- Creating a record.
- Modifying a record.
- Modifying a selection of records.
- Refreshing multi-user operations.
- Duplicating a record.
- Deleting records

Creating a record

To create a new record, first display the list in which you want to add a record.

AssetCenter lets you create a record from an empty window by clicking the **New** button, or by copying the item selected in the list by clicking the **Duplicate** button.

Fill in the information concerning the item being created.

- When you enter the first letters of a value recorded in a drop-down list, AssetCenter automatically fills in the rest. If the value that you are entering does not yet exist, AssetCenter proposes that you create a new record in the linked table. You then have two choices:
 - Create on the fly: AssetCenter creates a new record in the linked table, but does not display its detail. You can fill in the rest of the information later.
 - Detailed creation: AssetCenter displays a detail window for this new record. You can enter the information concerning this new record immediately.
- When first creating a record, AssetCenter assigns default values to certain fields. These default values may be modified. If the default value refers to other fields (category, brand and model for an asset, for example) in the detail of the item being created, the program waits until those fields have been populated before displaying the corresponding part of the default value. The formulas that define these fields are only applied when the record is first created; they are not used when you modify a record.



Note:

The AssetCenter window displays several fields. You are not required to fill in all the fields. Only the mandatory fields in red must be filled in. Other fields are optional. The administrator can easily define which fields are mandatory, via the Configure object shortcut menu item or via AssetCenter Database Administrator.

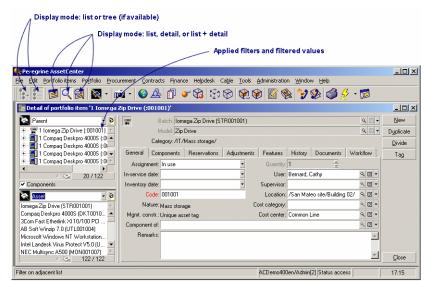


Figure 2.7. Creating a record

Modifying a record

You can modify information concerning a database record using its detail. (The information cannot be modified directly in the list.) The detail contains two types of information:

- Direct information, which can be modified by simply typing in the field.
- Linked information, which can be modified:
 - By selecting another value in the list either using the ∃ icon (for a drop-down menu) or using a icon (selection window) to the right of the field.
 - By typing another value in the field.
 - By using the \(\overline{1}\) button to the right of the field to display the details of the linked item. This lets you modify information concerning the linked item (for example, changing a supplier's telephone number).

Much of the information appearing in a record detail comes from other tables. The program creates links between records in different tables

on the basis of this information, and the records are accordingly "linked". When you modify information in a record, all the records linked to that record are also modified. A database that operates on this principle is called "relational". This method offers the advantage of storing a minimum of duplicated information in the database, which saves time if the information is modified and also saves memory.

When you modify a value in a field, the new value appears in another color. AssetCenter displays a Modify button to confirm the new values and a Cancel button to cancel these modifications.

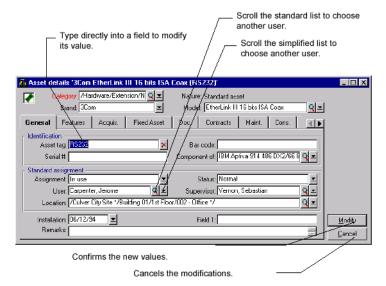


Figure 2.8. Modification of an asset detail

Modifying a selection of records

It is possible to modify a selection of records simultaneously. Display the list in "List and Detail" mode and simultaneously select the records to modify in the list. AssetCenter then displays the detail:

This function is only available if you are modifying an ensemble of values which will be the same for all fields.

Display the list in "List and details" mode and simultaneously select the records to be modified in the list.

AssetCenter then displays in the details window:

- The fields that contain the same values: white background.
- The fields that contain different values: gray background.

The detail enables you to modify the fields on a white background.



Note:

The other solution, more complex but more powerful, involves exporting the records to modify them outside of AssetCenter, then importing them again once the information has been modified. Refer to the "Exporting lists" chapter in the "Record lists" section for more information.

Refreshing multi-user modifications

Because AssetCenter allows several users to access a database at the same time, it is important to understand what happens when two users edit and modify the same record at the same time.

While one user of AssetCenter is working, other users may have modified detail information, added new records, or deleted records. The modifications appear automatically when you open the screen.

But if you open a list or a detail window that has been modified by someone else, these modifications will only appear in your version after having pressed F5, or by selecting the **Window/ Update** menu item.

By applying a filter or a sort, or by going from one type of view to another (tree or list), you will automatically update the information in your window. Displaying a detail from another record also performs the same function.

AssetCenter applies the following rules:

• Several users can edit the same record with no restrictions and without receiving a message.

- When a user clicks the Modify button, the program looks at each field individually and compares the value on the screen to the value stored in the database.
 - If the value in the database is the same as the value on the screen, nothing happens.
 - If the value on the screen is different from the value in the database, then the value on the screen is saved in the database.
- If two users modify the same field on the same record, a warning message is given to the user who is last to confirm the modification. The last one to click **Modify** wins out.
- Technically, here is what happens when you click **Modify**: The record is locked for a fraction of a second to give the program time to write the information in the database. While the record is locked, no other user can write to the record. Other users may read the record, however.
- If a user edits a record and the record is deleted by another user in the meantime, the user who is editing the record receives an error message when they click the **Modify** button.
- For counters: Counters are incremented each time a user presses the **New** button. If they cancel without confirming the creation and no one else has used the **New** button, the counter returns to its original position. If a user has pressed the **New** button in the meantime, the counter is not decremented when the creation of the record is aborted (there will therefore be discontinuities). If two users click **Create** at the same time, AssetCenter issues two successive numbers.

For certain tables, updating is processed specifically.

There are options that enable you to define the caches that will be refreshed either when another connection to the database is made or when you select the **Tools/ Refresh** menu item (CTRL+F5 shortcut key). These caches are different from the connection caches of the connection edit screen.

Duplicating a record

There are two ways to duplicate a record:

Using the Duplicate button

To duplicate a record:

- 1 Select it from the list.
- 2 Click the **Duplicate** button: AssetCenter creates a new record and copies some of the information.
- 3 Now you can modify and complete the details of the duplicated record before confirming the creation with the **Create** or _______ button. Clicking the _____ button is equivalent to successively clicking the **Create** button followed by the **Duplicate** button.

Using Edit/ Duplicate

To duplicate a record:

- 1 Select it from the list.
- 2 Select Edit/ Duplicate.
- 3 In the window that appears, set the number of copies you want to create.
- 4 Click the **Duplicate** button to add the copy of these records into the database.

Using Edit/ Duplicate is equivalent to clicking the Duplicate button then the **Create** button for each copy you require.



Important: Before selecting the Edit/ Duplicate menu item, you need to define the default values for the mandatory fields and the unique default values for the "non-duplicable" indexes. AssetCenter informs you if it cannot duplicate a record in which certain values must be unique. It is important to reapply the default value of a field when you use it as a counter.

The Reapply default value in case of duplication property is defined with AssetCenter Database Administrator in the Script tab.

- If not selected: Copy the source value.
- If selected: Apply the default value (RetVal="default value") in the Default zone.

Deleting records

Once you have selected the records to be deleted, click the **Delete** button to remove them from the list. If these records are not linked to records in other lists, the system displays an error message. If not, AssetCenter will delete them.



Warning: Before deleting a record, you should consider the ramifications of this deletion, since it is not reversible. Does the record concern an erroneous creation in the database? Does it represent an item that has disappeared from the repository? Etc.? Sometimes it is wiser to change the status of an item or move it to another location in the database rather than deleting it.

Populating fields with values

You will find information on the following topics:

- Assigning values by default
- Cut
- Copy
- Paste
- · Deleting text
- Date- Data-entry rules
- Durations- Data-entry rules
- Time- Data-entry rules

- Date + time fields- Data-entry rules
- Images

Assigning values by default

AssetCenter enables you to assign certain fields default values, but only when creating a record.

Your AssetCenter administrator selects the fields to which this applies:

- Either by using AssetCenter Database Administrator.
- Or by moving to the field to be configured and using the **Configure object** menu item in the shortcut menu. In this case, modifications are stored in the database:
 - Either when a positive reply is given to the confirmation message that appears when disconnecting from the database.
 - Or by selecting the **Tools/ Administration/ Save database** configuration menu item.

The default value can then be created from a formula using fields, variables, constants, etc.

Special case of calculated fields

Calculated fields can be used in the calculation of the default value of a standard field only if they are **Calculated string** and **Basic script** type calculated fields.

Special case of links to the Comments table

It is not possible to assign default values to links that point to the **Comments** table (Nom SQL : amComment).

Special case of linked records

When you create a new record in a table, you often need to select records in linked tables to populate certain fields in the new record.



Important: If you modify the values of fields in the linked record after creating the new record, the values of fields in the new record are not modified.

The administrator can assign default values, calculated using information from linked records, to fields that are directly in the table. These default values are automatically calculated as soon as you populate and leave the linked field used in a formula.



Note:

Many tasks are carried out automatically by AssetCenter Server. These tasks often have priority over the default values of fields. They are described in the manual entitled "Reference Guide: Administration and advanced use", chapter ".Ini files".

Cut

AssetCenter allows the user to:

- Cut text.
- Cut records in lists inside details.

Cutting text

To cut text and place it in the Clipboard, select the text to be cut and use the **Edit/ Cut** command. The text can be recovered from the Clipboard using the Edit/ Paste command.



Note:

The CTRL+X keyboard shortcut is assigned to this command.

Cutting in detail lists

A detail list is one that appears in certain tabs of a detail (for example: the list of assets in a contract, the list of assets at a location, etc.)

To cut records in a detail list and place them in the Clipboard:

- 1 Select the records to be cut.
- 2 Use the **Edit/ Cut** command.
- 3 Click **Modify** to record the operation.



Warning: Sometimes, only the link to a distant record is deleted, whereas the distant record is left intact. (Example: The contracts appearing in the Contracts tab of asset details.) Sometimes, the record itself is deleted. (Example: Expense lines in the Costs tab of asset details.)

The records can be recovered from the Clipboard using the **Edit/ Paste** command.



Note:

The Edit/ Cut command does not apply to records in a main list or to images.

Copy

AssetCenter allows the user to:

- Copy text.
- Copy records in lists inside details.

Copying text

To copy text to the Clipboard, select the text then use the Edit/ Copy command.



Note:

The CTRL+C keyboard shortcut is assigned to this command.

Copying records in a list

To copy records from a main list or a detail list, select the records then use the Edit/ Copy command.

The order of the columns is respected when copied.



Note:

The Edit/ Copy command does not apply to images.

Paste

AssetCenter allows the user to:

- · Paste text.
- Paste records in lists inside details.



Note:

The Edit/ Cut command does not apply to records in a main list or to images.

Pasting text

To paste text from the Clipboard, use the **Edit/ Paste** command. The text is pasted where indicated by the cursor.



Note:

The CTRL+V keyboard shortcut is assigned to this command.

Pasting in detail lists

A detail list is one that appears in certain tabs of a detail (for example: the list of assets in a contract, the list of assets at a location, etc.)

To paste the contents of the Clipboard in a detail list, use the **Edit/ Paste** command then click **Modify** to record the operation.

Precautions before pasting in a detail list

- The user cannot choose the associations between the fields to be pasted and the columns in the detail list. You therefore must prepare the data to be pasted so that it corresponds to the structure of the columns in the detail. For example, if you place your cursor in the first column of the detail list, the data belonging to the first column to be pasted will be pasted in the first column of the detail list; the data from the second column to be pasted will be pasted in the second column of the detail list, and so on.
- It is important to place your cursor in the column of the detail list from which you want to paste data. You must also verify that the number of columns to be pasted is identical to the number of columns to the right of column A (column A included).
- If records are selected in the detail list, the records pasted replace the selected records. Don't forget to unselect the record in the detail list, which is selected by default, if you don't want it to be deleted from the detail list when the data is pasted. (This is done by clicking it while holding down the CTRL key.)
- You can paste data in a detail list if there is a direct link between the table of the main list and each field of the table of the detail list. On

the other hand, you cannot paste data in a detail list if there is no direct link between the table of the detail list and the main table. For example, you can paste data in the **Documents** detail of an asset, since the table of assets and documents are linked. However, you cannot paste data in the **Assets** detail of a contract. In effect, there is an intermediate table between the table of contracts and the table of assets, i.e. the table of assets under contract.

Deleting text

To delete text without having to cut it to the Clipboard, use the usual keyboard strokes, or select the text and then use the **Edit/Cut** command.



Note:

The Edit/ Cut command does not apply to records in a list or to images.

Date: Data-entry rules

- 1 Use the Windows Control Panel to define the order format for entering and displaying the day, month and year. Use this order when entering dates.
- 2 You must always enter all three items: day, month and year.
- 3 To separate the days, months and years, use one of the following characters: /,-;: or a space.
- 4 You do not have to enter a "0" before single-digit years, days or months.
- 5 You may enter the year in 2 or 4 digits (for example, "1996" or "96"). Numbers from 00 to 49 return 2000 to 2049. Numbers from 50 to 99 return 1950 to 1999.
- 6 To enter today's date, press "CTRL" + ";".

Durations: Data-entry rules

Use the abbreviations recognized by AssetCenter:

- Seconds: second|seconds|s|sec|secs
- Minutes: minute|minutes|mn|min|mins
- Hours: hour|hours|h
- Days: day|days|d
- Months: month|months|mon|mo
- Years: y|yrs|year|years

You are not required to leave a space between the unit and the value.

You are not required to enter a unit. In this case, a default unit is applied. For example, the default unit used for work orders is the hour (duration fields in the **Scheduling** sub-tab in the **Tracking** tab of the detail of a work order).

The authorized units depend on the context. If you enter a value with a unit that is not authorized, it is converted to a unit that is authorized. For example, duration fields in the **Scheduling** sub-tab of the **Tracking** tab of a work-order detail only display hours or minutes. If you enter "1 month", AssetCenter replaces "1 month" with "720 hours".



Note:

All "Duration" type fields are stored in seconds.

Time: Data-entry rules

Hours, minutes and seconds are authorized. Separate the units with a colon (":").

Date + time fields- Data-entry rules

These fields are processed differently from "Date" fields.

The entry format for a "Date+Time" field is:

Date[<Sep>[Hour]]

Sep is a separator: ./;,:-

Date is a string representing the date. Its syntax is as follows:

xx<Sep>yy<Sep>zz

where xx, yy and zz are strings representing integers.

Time is a string representing the time. Its syntax is as follows:

```
hour[<Sep>[minute[<Sep>[second[<Sep>[millisecond[<Sep>]]]]]]]]
```

where **hour**, **minute**, **second**, **millisecond** are strings representing integers.

The following rules are applied:

- Define the order for entering the month, day and the year via the Windows Control Panel. Use this order when entering dates.
- You must systematically enter a day, a month and a year.
- You are not required to enter leading "0"s before the years, months, or days in a date.
- You can enter the year using 2 or 4 digits (e.g.: "1995" or "95"). Numbers from 00 to 49 return 2000 to 2049. Numbers from 50 to 99 return 1950 to 1999.
- Use the CTRL+ SEMI COLON (;) keyboard shortcut to display the current date and time.

Images

AssetCenter lets you attach three types of images:

- Bitmap files (with the **.bmp** extension) in 16 or 256 colors. Their advantage is that they can be displayed rapidly.
- Windows metafiles. These are vector-based images that are slower to display but that may be re-sized without loss of quality (files with .mtf extension name).
- Icon (files with .ico extension name).

Recommendations

- In the Photo tabs, you can use any of these three formats.
- The small images that serve to illustrate records (the small square in the top left of record detail windows) are limited to a size of 16*16 pixels. For these images, we recommend using the .bmp format.

• To save disk space, we recommend using 16-color images.

Associating an image to a record

The field in the top-left corner of record details is intended to hold images. To attach an image:

- Either double-click the area where it is to be inserted. AssetCenter displays a window that permits you to select the graphic file containing the image.
- Or right-click and select **Select image** from the shortcut menu.

To detach an image, place the pointer on the image right-click to display the shortcut menu. Select **Delete image**.

Storing images

Images are stored in the **Images** table (SQL name: amImage) table of the AssetCenter database.

They are converted to a custom AssetCenter format then compressed in the form of a binary object.



Note:

You don't need to keep the external image file on the disk unless you want to modify it at a later stage.

3 Customizing a client workstation

CHAPTER

This chapter's objective is to teach you how to customize your workspace.

You will learn how to:

- Only select the functionalities that are useful to you.
- Customize the organization of information in your screens.
- Define the options that will best adapt the interface to your personal needs.

All users can customize AssetCenter at the workstation level. These modifications only concern the workstation of the user who made them. Other workstations are not affected.

If you want to return to the default configuration for the screens (the windows describing tables), cancel your customization options for the duration of your session by selecting the **Tools/Reinitialize screens** menu item.

Activating the modules

AssetCenter allows you to adapt the user interface to your needs by only selecting those functions that you need to access. This also simplifies the interface.

Use the **File/ Activate** modules menu item to activate modules individually at the level of each client machine.

Customizing the toolbar

This section explains how to customize the AssetCenter toolbar.

Adding a button to the toolbar

1 Use the **Tools/ Customize toolbar** menu item to configure the toolbar.



- 2 Select the tool category containing the button you want to add. AssetCenter displays in the **Tools** frame the button corresponding to the selected category. The **Description** frame provides the description of the selected button.
- 3 In the **Tools** zone, select the button of your choice and drag it to the desired position on the toolbar.
 - AssetCenter integrates the button into the toolbar and resizes it as appropriate.

Removing a button from the toolbar

Select the button and drag it outside the toolbar. AssetCenter modifies and resizes the toolbar as appropriate.

Repositioning a button in the toolbar

Select the button and drag it to another position in the toolbar. AssetCenter modifies and resizes the button as necessary.

Adding a separator in the toolbar

Select the button to the right of (or below) the area where you want to add a separator. Then, drag it to its own right half (lower half if the toolbar is in the vertical position). AssetCenter adds a separator in front of the button and resizes the toolbar if necessary.



Note:

It is not possible to have two separators together; only between two buttons.

Removing a separator from the toolbar

Select the button immediately preceding the separator and drag it over the separator. AssetCenter deletes the separator and resizes the toolbar if necessary.

Restoring the default toolbar

AssetCenter is delivered with a standard toolbar that you can restore by selecting the **Standard toolbar** checkbox.

If you restore the standard toolbar, any customizations are lost.

Modifying the position of the toolbar

The position of the toolbar in the workspace can be modified using the **Position** tab in the toolbar customization window.



Click the button corresponding to the position in which you want to find your toolbar. Or, you can move the toolbar anywhere you like on the workspace by choosing **Floating** toolbar.

Customizing tabs

Each user can select the tabs to be displayed in a detail window and the order in which they are displayed. Other workstations are not affected by these modifications.

Use the **Tools/ Configure** shortcut menu when your cursor is in the tab zone to make these modifications.

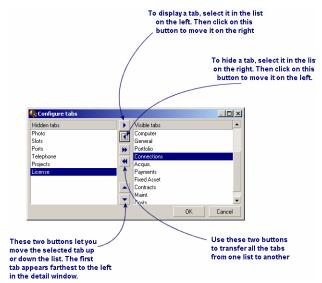


Figure 3.1. Configuring tabs in a detail

- To show a hidden tab, you can double-click on its name in the list on the left.
- To hide a visible tab, double-click on its name in the list on the right.
- You can change the order of items in the right-hand list. Click on the desired item and use the up and down arrows to the right of the list to move it to a new position. The tab at the top of the list appears on the left-most side of the detail window.

4 Searching for items in a list

CHAPTER

This chapter's objective is to teach you how to search for records with AssetCenter using filters.

You will learn how to:

- Distinguish the different types of filters available to you.
- Use the most popular filters.
- Apply several filters in cascade to narrow your search.

Overview of search filters

When you display a list of records (employees, for example), AssetCenter can display all the records in the list or just selected records. You use a filter to make this selection.

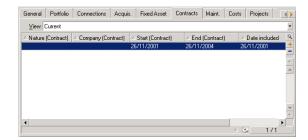
You can use several filters together whether the list is arborescent or not.

Types of filters available

There are several types of filters:

- Standard filter: This is a filter that AssetCenter has already prepared for you. For example, for the list of employees and departments, AssetCenter presents a filter that lets you display employees only, departments only, or both.
- Simple filter: This filter only uses one selection criterion. This criterion only involves information contained in the table, or from a linked record. (In the list of employees, for example, the criterion could include the person's first name but not the name of their location.)
- Query filter: This filter executes a query that you write yourself. The query allows you to combine several selection criteria, concerning information in the list or in linked tables.
- Specific filter: Some tabs in detail windows display a list of records (features or expense lines, for example). In some cases, AssetCenter proposes a drop-down list with filters specific to this list, which is integrated to the detail. The filter criteria enables the display of a selection of records from this list.

Figure 4.1. Specific filter on the valid contracts of an asset



Superimposing filters

Several different filters can be simultaneously applied to a list for a variety of reasons:

- Filters automatically applied according to the context: A combination of values taken from the fields in a detail define the display context. This automatically restricts the values proposed in the drop-down list of a linked field, for example. The user doesn't see explicitly that such a filter is being applied.
- Filters applied according to user-profile "Access restrictions": These criteria mean that a specific user will only see the record that corresponds to criteria defined by the query in their user profile. The user doesn't see directly that such a filter has been applied.
- Filters applied in the foreground on lists: simple filters, query, standard, specific. Defined elsewhere, these filters are accessed via the menu specific to the list displayed. The user clearly sees that such a filter is being applied.
- Filters applied in the background on lists: These filters are those which you can define in the Filter (WHERE clause) tab, accessible via the Configure list shortcut menu item. The user sees that such a filter is being applied since the wicon at the bottom right-hand corner of the list icon is colored in. (Clicking directly on this icon also takes you directly to the Filter tab.)

Rules for the operation of filters

- A filter's main task is to reduce the lines of a list, and not its columns.
- An arborescence of components and sub-components represent records in hierarchic tables. The records that satisfy filter criteria appear clearly while the others are grayed-out.
- The only way to save a filter applied to a main list is to save it as a view (using the **Tools** menu) that you can call on later.
- In certain cases, to apply a filter (or filters), you need to click one of the icons that appear in the filter zones. If no such icon appears, the filter is applied automatically. If the icon appears in gray, it means that the filter is already applied. The icon appears normal again if you modify or add a filter condition.

- To update the filtering and take into account changes in the database, press F5 or use the **Window/ Update** command.
- When you apply several filters simultaneously, AssetCenter applies an "AND" condition (not "OR"). If a record is to be displayed while a filter is applied, it must satisfy all the conditions defined by the filters.
- In order to establish the logical conditions that define any filter, you have been provided with comparison operators.

Table 4.1. Comparison Operators

Operator	Description
All	No restriction on the condition (this operator is only available
	is certain cases where it is necessary).
=	Equals
>	Strictly greater than
<	Strictly less than
>=	Greater than or equal to
<= <>	Less than or equal to
<>	Different from
LIKE	Works like the = operator and allows you also to use wildcard
NOT LIKE	characters ("%" for any character string, "_" for unique
1,01 2112	characters). For example, to obtain all the sub-locations of the
	"Ariane Building" from the table of locations, use LIKE '/Ariane
	Building/%'.



Note:

SQL Anywhere is not able to process "LIKE X" clauses when X contains more than 128 characters, such as in the case of Full name (SQL name: FullName) fields and comments. If X is larger than 128 characters, the filter application displays an ODBC error message.

Using filters

You have two possibilities when filtering records:

- You can apply one or more filters in the foreground of a main list. The definition of these filters is visible to the left of the window containing the list.
- Or you can apply a query filter in the background to any list. The definition of this filter does not appear in the window displaying the list, but the ⋈ icon indicates the presence of the filter.



Note:

These two methods are not mutually exclusive: You can apply to the same list one or more filters in the foreground and a filter in the background.

Here are the filter-removal methods:

- To remove all applied filters on a list, use the **No filter** option in the shortcut menu or specific menu of the list being displayed.
- To disable one or more filters:
 - 1 Place the mouse on the filter-definition zone that you want to disable.
 - 2 Right-click to display the shortcut menu.
 - 3 Select **Remove this filter**.
- To remove a query filter applied in the background, display the shortcut menu (right-click with the mouse) and select Configure list, Filter (WHERE clause) tab. Click the button.



Note:

AssetCenter displays the results of your queries as quickly as possible: If it can optimize this process, then the results will appear almost immediately, even if the database is extremely large. Otherwise, the time it takes to return results depends on the database engine used, the occupation of the network (local or client-server) and the size of the database.

Applying one or many simple filters

Simple filters apply only to main lists, which is to say in the foreground.

- 1 Display the list of records to filter.
- 2 Select the **Simple filter** command from the specific menu of the list (situated to the right of the **Edit** menu).

A definition zone appears in the upper left-hand corner of the list.



Note:

Right-click on the field or link used to filter records. A shortcut menu appears. Select Filter on this field or Filter on this link. Then click to display the corresponding records in the list.

- 3 Select the object in the table with the filter using the drop-down list to the right of ■.
- 4 Select a comparison operator from the drop-down list.
- 5 Enter a value with which to compare the object chosen from the drop-down list.
 - If the linked table is hierarchical, then the **Trees in drop-down lists** option from the **Navigation** section comes into play. It displays a checkbox on the bottom of the list zone that, if selected, also filters the sub-components of the selected object.
- 6 Click to display the filtered records.
- 7 Repeat step 2 to apply another filter.

Applying query filters

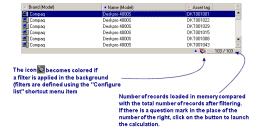
- 1 Display and select a list.
- 2 Use the **Query filter** command in the specific menu or the shortcut menu to call up the filter-definition zone.

- 3 In the zone that appears, the first field presents a drop-down list of pre-existing queries from which you can select one.
 - To define your filter criteria, enter directly the AQL expression of your query in the text zone.
 - If you want AssetCenter to help you write your query, right-click in the list and select **Configure list** from the shortcut menu that appears. Or, for main lists, click the \square button in the filter-definition zone.

Figure 4.2. Query composition screen



- Define your filter criteria in the **Filter** tab using Field 1 and Field 2 and their associated values, which define the selection criteria. An operator defines the logical comparison between these two fields.
 - Use the red arrow to insert the criteria into the query. You can delete the query using . Click **OK** to validate your query.
- 2 The list of assets with a filter can have this aspect:



4 Finally, click to launch the filtering function.

5 Using views

This chapter explains how to use views with AssetCenter.
Use the **Tools/ Views** menu item to access the list of views.

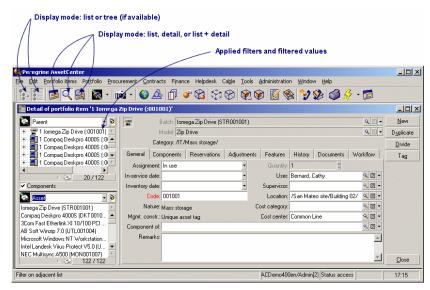


Figure 5.1. Items stored in a view

Definition of a view

A view lets you save the display parameters of a main list:

- The display mode: Table view or Tree view.
- Display mode: Details only, List only, or List + Details.
- Sort conditions.
- Filter applied, and the filter values.
- List of visible columns and their width.
- Dimensions of the window.

Views provide an easy way to create reports that must be produced regularly. Once you have displayed the view you can easily print it with the same presentation each time.

Example

Examples of views:

• List of unassigned assets worth over \$2,000, presented in a tree view.

List of all offices with a fax machine, displaying the office number, the fax model and the user name.

To create a view

- 1 To create a view, display the list in the conditions you want to memorize.
- 2 Save this view via the **Tools/Views/Create** menu from the current window.

Any AssetCenter user with access to the table of views can create a view. The view's author decides whether the view should be accessible to other users. An AssetCenter administrator may display, modify and delete views made by all users, including the ones users decide not to make public.

To display a view

Select the view among the names of views displayed in the **Tools/Views** menu.

The views available are those you have created and those made public by the administrator, as long as the **Visible in the menus** option (SQL) name: bVisible) has been checked.

The view is displayed using all the saved parameters.

AssetCenter displays a new window, even if a list with the same information is already displayed. The window title displays the name of the view.



Note:

You can also use the button in the toolbar to display the list of views. This button displays the icon of the view that was last called.

To delete a view

- 1st method:
 - 1 Display the view.
 - 2 Then delete it using the **Tools/ View/ Drop current view** menu item.
- 2nd method:
 - 1 Select the **Tools/ Views/ Edit** menu item to display the table of views.
 - 2 Select the view you want to drop.
 - 3 Click Delete.

To modify a view

- 1 Display the view on screen.
- 2 Modify your display parameters.
- 3 Save your modifications using the **Tools/ View/ Modify current view** menu item.

Editing views (administrator function)

Using the Tools/ Views/ Edit menu item, the administrator can access the list of all existing views:



The administrator must assign a value to each one of the fields in the detail of the selected view.

- Name: name the view
- SQL name: name the view according to the SQL conventions.
- Table: name the table to which the view applies.
- Domain: associate a functional domain to the view, chosen from among the Functional domains table, since its a link.
- Author: designate the author of the view, taken from the Employees table (this is therefore a link).
- Not shared: If this option is selected, the view is only available for the person who created it.
- Visible in menus: If this option is selected, the view is accessible via the view names in the **Tools/Views** menu and via the button.

6 Printing data

This chapter explains how to print data with AssetCenter.

Using the **File/ Print** menu item or the "Ctrl+P" keyboard shortcut, you can print any main list or some of its selected records, filtered or not, keeping the column configuration that you have chosen.

AssetCenter enables you to choose from two printing formats:

- Internal forms: The list and detail templates for these forms are located in the Forms table.
 - Access this table via the **File/Forms** menu in order to create, modify or delete forms (see the chapter on forms in the Administration and advanced use guide).
- Crystal Reports reports: The list, detail, graph or example templates are located in the Reports table.
 - You can access this table via the **File/ Reports** menu to consult the available forms. If you want to add new forms, however, you need to have the Crystal Reports application installed, which offers more configuration possibilities than do the internal forms. (See the chapter on reports in the Administration and advanced use guide.)

Printing information from a list

- 1 Display the main list.
 - Even if you select several records from among the list using the Shift or Ctrl keys, you can only print one at a time.
- 2 Launch the **File/ Print** menu item or use the keyboard shortcut: CTRL+P.
- 3 Choose the type of form you want to use from among the four values appearing in the drop-down list **Type**:
 - Detail forms (internal): prints, according to a detail template, information from the main list or from selected records in the list.
 - In the **Form** field of the Forms table, AssetCenter proposes detail-type forms relating to the main list from where you printed. These forms define the contents and the look of the printed copy.
 - List forms (internal): prints, according to a list template, information from the main list or from selected records in the list.
 - In the **Form** field of the Forms table, AssetCenter proposes list-type forms relating to the main list from where you printed. These forms define the contents and the look of the printed copy.
 - Detail reports (Crystal): prints, according to a detail template, a record from the main list.
 - To print the detail of several records, you must repeat the printing steps for each record. In the Printing window that appears for this step, AssetCenter offers you a choice of reports to choose from in the **Form** field; all these reports bear a reference table. This being the case, a report will not appear in this field unless you have already populated the **Table** of that report's detail (in the Reports table). Having done so, you will see the reports concerned by the main list from where you launched the printing function. These reports define the contents and form of the print.
 - Non-contextual reports (Crystal): enables you to choose from among all the report templates the one which you want to print.

The printing process has nothing to do with the context defined by the main list, if one has indeed been selected. In the Printing window, AssetCenter offers you a choice of reports to choose from in the **Form** field; contrary to the Detail reports, none of these reports bear a reference table. This being the case, the **Table** of that report's detail (in the Reports table) must be empty. If it is not empty, then you will not see the reports concerned by the main list from where you launched the printing function. These reports define the contents and form of the print.

- 4 Choose a form from the drop-down list in the **Form** field.
- 5 Click Print

Printing the detail of records

Before printing record details, (the **Type** field (SQL name: Type) is set to **Detail form (internal)**), AssetCenter asks you to select options from the lower part of the Printing window:



- Page break between records: prints the detail of each record on a new page.
- Continuous printing: prints record details one after another; no page breaks.
- Labels: prints record details as labels spread out over the page, according to the following parameters:
 - Number of labels in height
 - Vertical separation: spacing, in millimeters, between two lines of labels.

- · Number of labels in width
- Horizontal separation: spacing, in millimeters, between two columns of labels.



Note:

If you only select one record, these ordering parameters will not be available, since they will obviously not be necessary.

6. Print preview

For a print preview, click Preview.

The print preview window enables you to:

- Change the target printer (Configure button).
- Change the margins and zoom factor of your form (**Page setup** button).
- Print your data (Print button).
- Display the other pages of the form (**Previous** and **Next** buttons).

Reference information

CHAPTER

Connections

To create a connection to a database

- 1 Select the **File/ Manage connections** menu.
- 2 Click New.
- 3 Populate the **Connection** tab:
 - 1 Enter the connection **Name** that appears in the **Connect to a** database dialog box.
 - This name is also used to launch AssetCenter and execute an export script from an MS-DOS command prompt.
 - 2 You can use the **Description** field to briefly describe the connection.
 - 3 Select the database engine from the drop-down list in the **Engine** field.

The values are IBM Database Universal Server, Microsoft SQL Server, Oracle, Sybase SQL Anywhere, Sybase SQL Server.

- 4 Enter the information according to the engine that you selected.
 - ODBC Data source, which enables you to access a database (IBM Database Universal Server, Microsoft SQL Server or Sybase SQL Anywhere).
 - Oracle or Sybase SQL Server Server name, on which the database is stored.
 - **Database** is the name of the ODBC connection (IBM Database Universal Server or Microsoft SQL Server) or the name of the database (Sybase SQL Server).
 - **User** is the name of the Login that identifies you when you access the database (IBM Database Universal Server, Microsoft SQL Server or Sybase SQL Anywhere).
 - Oracle account name, used for the connection; it serves as a login.
 - **Sybase account** name (Sybase SQL Server), used for the connection; it serves as a login.
 - Password
 - Owner of the database. Prefixes the SQL commands sent to the database.

5 Click Create.

You can create several connections to the same database if you assign each one a different name. The **New** or **Duplicate** buttons enable you to create these connections.

You can use the **Test** button to:

- Test the connection to the database.
- Check that the database is compatible with the current AssetCenter version.
- Create a database from an empty shell (built with a DBMS).

Press the **Open** button to connect to the selected database. It is equivalent to selecting the **File/ Connect to database** menu.

Comments

• The **Owner** field allows you to authorize database logins (the **User** field) not belonging to the tables. In this case, all SQL statements sent to the database are prefixed. For example, if the database owner is "Joe", the SQL statement "select a from b" becomes:

SELECT Joe.a FROM Joe.b



Note:

The File/ Manage connections menu item does not allow you to create a database. You must use AssetCenter Database Administrator.

To delete a connection to a database

This action does NOT destroy the database.

- 1 Select the File/ Manage connections menu.
- 2 Select the connection to be deleted.
- 3 Click Delete.

AssetCenter performances

If you use AssetCenter on a low-speed network, some elements (images in particular) might take awhile to be displayed.

To improve program performance, you can make a local copy of these large objects on the client workstation's local drive. This copy is called a "cache."

How it works

- Creating a cache amounts to creating a set of files in a local folder (directory).
- The software copies items as and when you call on them.
- Each time a large item is displayed (images, forms, database structure, etc.) the software looks to see if the element has been modified. If it hasn't, the software displays the item from the cache.

If it has, the software updates the cache and displays the correct value.

To create a cache

- 1 Use the **File/ Manage connections** menu to display the list of connections.
- 2 Select an existing connection, or create a new one.
- 3 In the **Cache** tab, select the **Enable disk cache** check box.
- 4 Use the for cache button to select the **Local folder for cache**.



Warning: The cache size must be between 1 MB and 20 MB. When your cache reaches the defined maximum size, AssetCenter erases the oldest items in the cache in order to add new ones, as required.

Actions

An action is an operation that calls on an external program from within AssetCenter.

You can define actions at any time using the **Tools/ Actions/ Edit** menu item.

Type of action

There are several types of actions:

- Executable
- DDE
- Messaging
- Script (modifies an object in the database)
- Wizard
- Printing

Wizard-type actions

Wizards contain a succession of pages, each one of them displaying information or requiring a user to enter data or make a selection.

Navigating between the different pages of a wizard is simple:

- Once the page is populated appropriately, you can continue to the following page (determined by a transition) by clicking the button. This button does not appear on the final page.
- You can always go back to make any corrections by clicking the Lerevious button.
- You can execute the final action of the wizard at any given moment by clicking the **Finish** button. If the wizard does not have sufficient information in order to perform its designated task, the appropriate page is displayed.

You can cancel the execution of a wizard completely (and as a consequence, its associated action) by clicking the **Cancel** button.

Executing an action

You may execute an action in one of several ways:

- Clicking the button on the toolbar:

 The drop-down list displays the names of the available actions that you can choose from. Clicking launches the same action again. If this action still exists, the icon associated with it replaces the button on the toolbar.
- Using the **Tools/ Actions** menu item.
- From the preview of an action:
 - 1 Select the **Tools/Actions/Edit** menu to view the list of actions.

2 For an action whose **Context** field (SQL name: ContextTable) indicates a table of reference, click **Preview**.



- 3 In the window that appears, choose the application **Context** of this action from among the records in this table proposed by the drop-down list.
- 4 Click Execute.
- From the shortcut menu (accessible by right-clicking with mouse): If at least one action is available for the open table, the **Actions** entry is shown in the shortcut menu.

Only certain information zones offer this menu entry in their shortcut menu. We suggest that you memorize these zones during your utilization of AssetCenter. They are usually associated to certain fields of certain details.



Tip:

You may select several records in a list and apply an action to them.

Example

In this way, you can select several assets and send the same message to their users.

Messages

The different users of AssetCenter can exchange messages with each other.

You can access messages addressed to you in the list of messages accessible via the **Tools/ Messages** menu.

The **Referenced object** button enables you to directly access the record concerned by the message. For example, if the message indicates that a new purchase request has been submitted to you for validation, clicking the button enables you to directly access the request detail.

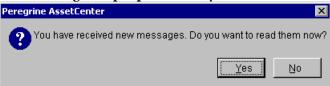
Test for new messages

You are informed of any new messages at each test period, defined in the **Messages** option of the **Tools/Options** menu item.

Upon connection to the database, if there are any unread messages, such as those received before your connection, this dialog box proposes that you read them:



If, during the course of your session, you receive new messages after a test period, this dialog box proposes that you read them:



History

Modifications to certain fields and links in AssetCenter can be tracked and recorded.

The administrator must indicate that "history" is kept for these fields and links either using the **Configure object** shortcut menu item, or using AssetCenter Database Administrator.

As unorthodox as this method may be, it is also possible to add history lines manually by using the \blacksquare button.

Use the

and

buttons to delete, view or modify history lines.

Alarms

Alarms can be programmed for fields that have the alarm icon displayed to their right. Alarms launch actions in AssetCenter's table of actions.

Alarms are triggered when key dates approach. AssetCenter lets you use alarms for numerous operations.

In general, the actions triggered by alarms consist of sending messages to AssetCenter users that warn them of approaching deadlines (the end of a contract for example).

AssetCenter users can create alarms at 1 or 2 levels. Each alarm level defines a deadline and an action, which is triggered at this moment.

In the case of two-level alarms, triggering the second level depends on the first-level action.

- If the first-level alarm triggers an action other than the sending of a message via AssetCenter's internal messaging system (such as sending a message via a third-party messaging system), the second-level alarm will always be triggered at the defined moment.
- If the first-level alarm sends a message to a group of AssetCenter users via the internal messaging system, the action defined at the second level will not be triggered if one or more of the recipients has read the message.

Keyboard shortcuts

Executing certain functions can be facilitated by the use of keyboard shortcuts.

Here is a summary:

Table 7.1. Using keyboard shortcuts

Shortcut	Equivalent menu command	Context	Result		
Navigating in lists					
F12 or Down arrow	Edit/ Next record	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Next record (taking any filters and sorts into account).		
F11 or Up arrow	Edit/ Previous record	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Shifts the selection to the previous record (taking any filters and sorts into account).		
Ctrl + F11 or Home	Edit/ First record	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	First record(taking any filters and sorts into account).		
Ctrl + F12 or End	Edit/ Last record	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Last record (taking any filters and sorts into account).		
Previous page		Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Moves up one page in the list (taking any filters and sorts into account).		
Next page		Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Moves down one page in the list (taking any filters and sorts into account).		
Ctrl + G	Go to shortcut menu command (right-click)	Cursor placed in a list window, list sorted on the column in which you are searching for a value.	Searches the first record (taking any filters and sorts into account) starting with the letters entered in the search box.		
Displaying	list and record details				
F6	Window/ List only	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Displays the list only.		
F7	Window/ Detail only	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Displays the detail only.		
F8	Window/ List and detail	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Displays both the list and detail.		
F4	Q	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Displays the detail of the linked record.		

Shortcut	Equivalent menu command	Context	Result
F9		Cursor placed in a list window.	Modifies the width of columns in order to fill the exact width of the window. The space taken up by each individual column remains in proportion with the other columns.
Ctrl + F9		Cursor placed in a list window.	Adjusts the width of columns according to the width of the largest item of text contained in the column (for those records loaded in memory).
Ctrl + Page		In a detail screen.	Places the focus on the previous tab.
Ctrl + Page down		In a detail screen.	Places the focus on the next tab.
Alt + Enter	Configure object	On a field or link in a detail screen.	Displays the object configuration screen.
Insert		Cursor placed in a list window.	Creates a new record.
Delete		Cursor placed in a main list window.	Deletes the selected record(s)
+ and -		In a tree-view list.	Unfolds or folds the current branch of the tree.
/ and *		In a tree-view list.	Unfolds or folds all the branches of the tree.
Escape key			
ESC		Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Closes the window if no modifications have been made. Otherwise offers to save modifications before closing.
ESC	×	Cursor placed on a field or a link.	When you modify a field, cancels the change and recovers the previous value.
Help			

Shortcut	Equivalent menu command	Context	Result
F1	Help/ Index	All contexts, except in a script builder window.	Displays the main on-line help of AssetCenter.
F1		In a script builder window.	Displays the AssetCenter Programmer's Reference.
Shift + F1	Help/ Help on this field	Cursor placed on a field, link or a detail list.	Displays the extended help on a field or a link.
Printing			
Ctrl + P	File/ Print	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Displays the print dialog box.
Exiting			
Alt + F4	File/ Exit	All contexts.	Closes AssetCenter.
Editing			
Ctrl + A	Edit/ Select all	Cursor placed in a list or detail window.	Selects all records (taking any filters and sorts into account).
Ctrl + X	Edit/ Cut	Text selected in a field or records selected in a detail list.	Cuts the text and places it in the Windows Clipboard.
Ctrl + C	Edit/ Copy	Text selected in a field or records selected in a detail list.	Copies the text or records and places them in the Windows Clipboard.
Ctrl + V	Edit/ Paste	Text selected in a field or records selected in a detail list.	Pastes text or records from the Windows Clipboard.
Ctrl + T	Window/ Tree view	Cursor placed in a list or detail window (if the list is also displayed).	Displays the list in tree view.
Ctrl + L	Window/ Table view	Cursor placed in a list or detail window (if the list is also displayed).	Displays the list in table view (list view).
Ctrl +;		Cursor placed in a "date" or "date+time" type field.	Inserts the current date and time of the machine.
Data			

Shortcut	Equivalent menu command	Context	Result
F5	Window/ Update	Cursor placed in a list	Updates the detail
		or detail window.	and/or list.
Ctrl + F5	Tools/ Refresh caches	All contexts.	Refreshes the caches.
Wizards			
Shift + F9		All contexts.	Launches the wizard
			debugger.

Error messages

When an operation cannot be performed or when a problem occurs, AssetCenter displays an error message. Messages should be sufficiently clear for you to understand what caused the problem. For this reason they are not documented here.

The error message window contains a **Save** button, which allows you to save the error message as a file.

You can also copy the error message to the Clipboard by clicking Copy.

