Database monitoring



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Overview

This document provides Cloud Service Automation (CSA) deployment, monitoring, and maintenance guidelines for database administrators. In addition, the document includes best practices, database configuration for optimal performance, and database monitoring based on expected workloads.

You might experience different results than those described here because:

- These guidelines are based on test environments and tests conducted in R&D Performance labs.
- Recommended best practices for database optimizations suggested by vendors (such as VM optimizations recommended by Hypervisor vendors) might not have been followed.
- Tests were conducted with a database installed on a VM.
- SQLserver2012,Oracle 12c, and Postgres 9.1.4 have been tested in the CSA Performance Testing Lab

Workload profiles

Note: See the CSA sizing guide for more information on workload profiles.

Database configuration specifications

The following table lists application server and database server configuration settings that provide optimal performance when paired with specified workload conditions (see the CSA Sizing Guide for additional details on workload profiles used).

MSSQL database configuration parameter	Profile A [*]	Profile B**	Profile C***
TempDB	4 GB	8 GB	8 GB
SQLServer Memory	12 GB	28 GB	28 GB
Disable parallelism	Yes	Yes	Yes
AWE memory manager (SQLserver 2008)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Snapshot Isolation	OFF	OFF	OFF
optimizer_mode	ALL_ROWS	ALL_ROWS	ALL_ROWS
Optimize for Adhoc Workload	Yes	Yes	Yes
Database transaction log file size	50 % of Database File size (50 GB)	50 % of Database File size (100 GB)	50 % of Database File size (100 GB)

Configuration settings for MSSQL

*Profile A represents workload with the smaller-load profile of the two profiles outlined in the sizing guide.

**Profile B represents workload with the larger-load profile of the two profiles outlined in the sizing guide.

****Profile C represents workload exercising only Topology designs as outlined in the sizing guide.

Configuration settings for Oracle

Oracle database configuration parameter	Profile A [*]	Profile B ^{**}	Profile C***
cursor_sharing	EXACT	EXACT	EXACT
db_block_size	8192	8192	8192
memory_target	4 GB	6GB	6 GB
open_cursors	300	300	300
optimizer_mode	ALL_ROWS	ALL_ROWS	ALL_ROWS
Processes	300	600	600

Configuration settings for Postgress

Postgres database configuration parameter	Profile A [*]
cursor_sharing	EXACT
db_block_size	8192
memory_target	4 GB
open_cursors	300
optimizer_mode	ALL_ROWS
Processes	300

Database maintenance best practices

- Using this paper's recommendations as a basis, follow these best practices to deploy CSA:
- Allocate additional capacity for operating-system demands while sizing system resources for CSA database servers.
- Install the database server on a separate server, not the server where CSA is installed.
- Maintain database disk I/O wait times at low values (< 200 ms).
- Run scheduled database jobs on the CSA database schema to ensure optimal performance as the data volume grows. Increases in data volume can negatively impact the SQL execution path.
- Run gather_stats jobs regularly to keep database statistics current.
- Periodically rebuild indexes for tables with high data growth.
- Use the CSA database Purge Tool periodically to physically delete unused auditing subscriptions (and associated data) from the database. Purging will prevent indefinite data growth and save database storage space.
- Actively monitor CPU usage, database memory usage, and database IO latencies.

CSA Purge Tool

This tool is used to delete cancelled, expired, or failed subscriptions and their associated data (requests; request actions; approval processes and notifications; subscription actions; service instances and component actions; resource binding actions; resource subscriptions and actions) from the database.

To run the purge tool, see the section Deleting Service Subscriptions and Audit Data in the CSA Configuration Guide.

Database sizing – data growth projection

This section provides high-level, database-server guidelines for CSA data-growth projections. For OO data-growth projections, see OO sizing guidelines.

Two driving factors of disk usage in a CSA database are subscription data volume and complexity of service designs used (number of service components with properties and number of options).

CSA 3.2 sizing templates were reused in this guide for data-growth projections because differences in table data growth between CSA 3.2 and CSA 4.50 (or later versions) were negligible. These sizing templates are available on HPE connections and give detailed projections based on the complexity of service designs and volume of subscription data.

High-count tables

The following CSA database tables have high row, read, and write counts:

- CSA_VALUE, CSA_PROPERTY, CSA_ACTION_PROPERTY, CSA_PROCESS_INSTANCE_PROPERTY, CSA_ACTION_INSTANCE_PROPERTY, CS A_PRICING
- CSA_INITIAL_PRICING, CSA_OPTION_PRICING, CSA_RECURRENT_PRICING, CSA_OPTION, CSA_PROPERTY_BI NDING, CSA_ACTION, CSA_ARTIFACT
- TOKENSTOREOBJECT (IDM Database)

Use vendor-recommended best practices, including these, for large-data tables:

- Gather table statistics
- Gather index statistics
- Rebuild Indexes with % fragmentation > 30 % to avoid fragmentation

The following table shows estimated required storage for database servers for the workload profiles listed in the sizing guide:

Estimated Data Growth	Profile A [*]	Profile B ^{**}	Profile C***
Oracle	100 GB (csadb)	240 GB (csadb)	200 GB (csadb)
	1 GB (csa IDMDB)	2 GB (csa IDMDB)	2 GB (csa IDMDB)
MSSQL	100 GB (csadb)	240 GB (csadb)	200 GB (csadb)
	1 GB (csa IDMDB)	2 GB (csa IDMDB)	2 GB (csa IDMDB)
Postgres	100 GB (csadb)	-	_
	1 GB (csa IDMDB)		

Database monitoring

This section discusses the top critical database server metrics that should be monitored. You can use further monitoring and other metrics to delve further into database issues.

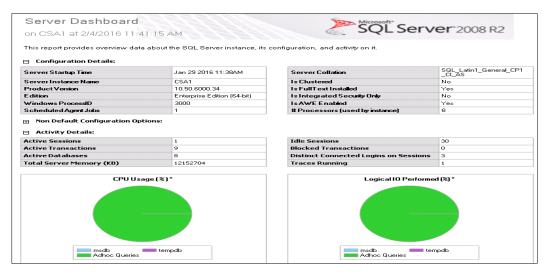
MSSQL

CPU Usage

SQL server Performance Dashboard

e Dashboard			Report Time: 1/29/2016 2:18:59 PM
Enterprise Edition (64-bit))		
stem CPU Utiliz	ation	There are currently no user rec	uests waiting for a resource.
24621 - 12452 - 12552 - 12552	●other ■SQL +22582 +22582		
		Historical Information	
User Requests	User Sessions	Waits	IO Statistics
1	4		
0	403	Expensive Queries	
	156 (38.71%)		By Duration
0 (NaN)			By Physical Reads
	81.14%	By Logical Writes	By CLR Time
formation			
	1		
	End Time	■SQL =SQL =SQL	There are currently no user red Solution Sol

Reports -> Standard Reports -> Server Dashboard

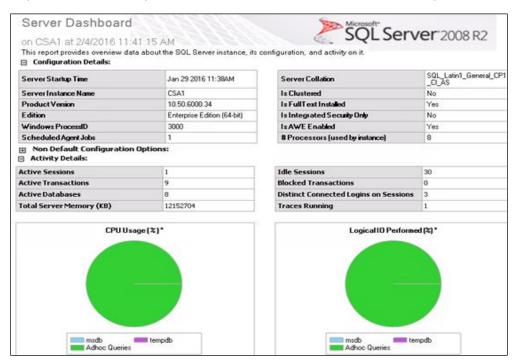


Activity Monitor

/10.10.10.32 - Activity Monitor delabase_over:36 AM - CSA1 Server Dahbo2:25 PM - CSA1 Menory Consu:34 AM - CSA1 SQLQuery4.sqldata (sa (54))* SQLQuery3.sqldata (sa (54))*	₹×
Overview	۲
% Processor Time (0%) Mailing Tasks (0) Database I/O (0 MB/sec) Batch Requestalsec (55) 100 60 60 6 6 6 60	
Processes	\odot
Resource Waits	\odot
Data File //O	۲
Recent Expensive Queries	۲

SQL Server Memory usage

Reports > Standard Reports > Server Dashboard > Total Server Memory



Disk Latencies

SQLserver performance dashboard -> IO Statistics Report

Database Name 💲	% Reads	Reads 💲	Read Wait Time (ms)	Avg Read Wait (ms)	% Writes		Write Wait Time (ms)	Avg Write Wait (ms)	% Total IO
	94.64%	55515	6199087	111.7	99.66%	1146294	40193498	35.1	99.41
∃ idmdb	0.83%	489	6724	13.8	0.14%	1610	42035	26.1	0.17
master	0.10%	61	454	7.4	0.00%	30	2	0.1	0.01
⊞ model	0.11%	65	146	2.2	0.00%	10	309	30.9	0.01
Ξ msdb	0.42%	249	2254	9.1	0.01%	114	1349	11.8	0.03
ReportServer	0.13%	75	586	7.8	0.00%	6	30	5.0	0.01
ReportServerTempDB	0.05%	31	130	4.2	0.00%	7	8	1.1	0.00
Ξ tempdb	3.70%	2173	9783	4.5	0.19%	2180	28464	13.1	0.36
Grand Total	100%	58658	6219164	106.0	100%	1150251	40265695	35.0	100
This table shows the top 20 objects within each database responsible under memory pressure. g csadb_data	e for the most physi	cal IO during the recent p	ast. The DMV from whic	h this data is collected ma	ay age out entries				
idmdb ∎ master									
T model									
nodel nsdb									
T model									

Blocking Transactions

Reports -> Standard Reports -> All Blocking Transactions Report



Log File usage

SQLserver Performance Dashboard -> Databases report

Allocate sufficient initial Log file size to adequately limit the log-file dynamic growth.

Database ID	Database Name 💲	Compat 👙 Level	Param Level	Auto Create Stats	Auto Update Stats	Recovery Model	Data File 🛟 Size (MB)	Log File 🛟 Size (MB)	% ‡ Log Used
1	master	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	SIMPLE	4	0.99	4
2	tempdb	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	SIMPLE	8,192	4,395.13	
3	model	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	FULL	2	0.49	8
4	msdb	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	SIMPLE	47	46.49	
5	ReportServer	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	FULL	4	6.74	1
6	ReportServerTempDB	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	SIMPLE	2	0.74	5
7	idmdb	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	SIMPLE	2,000	3,999.99	
8	csadb_data	100	SIMPLE	Enabled	Enabled	SIMPLE	235,795	124,999.99	

Oracle

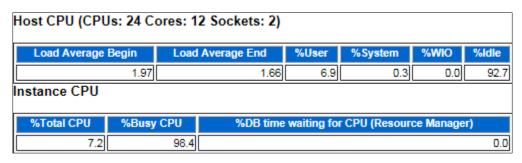
Use the Oracle AWR report to analyze the critical monitoring metrics in this section, and Oracle Enterprise manager to display live graphical monitoring of the Oracle database.

Run the following command from the sqlplus prompt to execute the Oracle-supplied script and generate the AWR report:

@\$ORACLE HOME\rdbms\admin\awrrpt.sql

CPU Use

AWR report -> Instance CPU usage



Database Memory usage (SGA)

AWR -> Memory Statistics -> SGA usage

Memory Statistics		
	Begin	End
Host Mem (MB):	64,454.9	64,454.9
SGA use (MB):	7,872.0	7,872.0
PGA use (MB):	261.8	251.9
% Host Mem used for SGA+PGA:	12.62	12.60

AWR > SGA Target Advisory for the optimal SGA recommended by Oracle based on the workload. Choose a SGA target size from the following table that results in minimum Estimated Physical Reads:

SGA Target Advisory							
SGA Target Size (M)	SGA Size Factor	Est DB Time (s)	Est Physical Reads				
1,968	0.25	221,614,120	617,509,289,159				
2,952	0.38	80,003,131	202,693,019,102				
3,936	0.50	19,326,019	24,950,049,652				
4,920	0.63	11,224,423	1,217,900,031				
5,904	0.75	11,107,941	877,735,645				
6,888	0.88	11,097,956	863,236,835				
7,872	1.00	11,093,519	857,917,745				
8,856	1.13	11,091,300	853,971,323				
9,840	1.25	11,089,082	848,738,025				
10,824	1.38	11,086,863	844,191,061				
11,808	1.50	11,085,754	838,786,179				
12,792	1.63	11,081,316	826,003,205				
13,776	1.75	11,080,207	826,003,205				
14,760	1.88	11,079,097	826,003,205				
15,744	2.00	11,079,097	826,003,205				

Disk Latencies (IO bottlenecks)

AWR -> Top Timed Foreground events -> Look for Database File type waits

Top 5 Timed Foreground Events								
Event	Waits	Time(s)	Avg wait (ms)	% DB time	Wait Class			
DB CPU		22,660		63.38				
direct path read	122,403	32	0	0.09	User I/O			
SQL*Net message to client	30,711,443	31	0	0.09	Network			
db file sequential read	13,285	27	2	0.08	User I/O			
SQL*Net more data from client	366,665	6	0	0.02	Network			

Postgres

Use the open source tool pgstatspack available from http://pgfoundry.org/projects/pgstatspack to monitor Postgres. This tool gives an overview of the top SQL-related statistics (CPU, memory, disk usage, and other statistics that are also reported in the Oracle AWR report).

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